

The Second Edition, Enlarged and Improved.

A
TOPOGRAPHICAL
DICTIONARY
OF
YORKSHIRE,

CONTAINING THE NAMES OF ALL THE
TOWNS, VILLAGES,
Hamlets, Gentlemen's Seats, &c.

In the County of York,

Alphabetically arranged under the Heads of the
NORTH, EAST, AND WEST RIDINGS,

ALSO IN WHAT

Parish, Township, Wapentake, Division, and Liberty

THEY ARE SITUATED,

With their respective **DISTANCES** from two, three, or more

MARKET OR POST TOWNS;

Stating which Churches are Rectories, Vicarages, Curacies, or Chapelries; Patrons of Livings with their Value in the King's Books; also the Value of all Livings under £50l. per annum, as returned to Parliament in 1810, and following Years:

A Brief History of Places most Remarkable for Antiquities;

BIOGRAPHICAL NOTICES OF EMINENT PERSONS, &c.

Illustrated with a New Map;

Likewise the Names of the Lord Lieutenants of the three Ridings, Acting Magistrates, Deputy Lieutenants, &c.—The Population of each Township according to the Census taken in May 1821—Markets and Fairs—Principal Inns—A Table of Distances of all the Market-Towns in the County, &c. &c.

By **THOMAS LANGDALE.**

Northallerton:

PRINTED AND SOLD BY J. LANGDALE, FOR T. LANGDALE, RIPON;
SOLD ALSO BY LONGMAN, HURST, AND CO.; G. AND W. H. WHITTAKER,
AVE-MARIA-LAKE; JOHN RICHARDSON, 91 ROYAL EXCHANGE; RIVINGTONS,
WATERLOO-PLACE, LONDON; H. MOZLEY, DERRY; W. LANGDALE, KNARES-
BROUGH; AND THE PRINCIPAL BOOKSELLERS IN THE COUNTY OF YORK.

1822.



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CONTAINING THE NAMES OF ALL THE
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HAMLETS, GENTLEMEN'S SEATS, &c.

In the County of York,

ALPHABETICALLY ARRANGED UNDER THE HEADS OF THE
NORTH, EAST, AND WEST RIDINGS ;

ALSO IN WHAT
PARISH, TOWNSHIP, WAPENTAKE, DIVISION AND LIBERTY,
THEY ARE SITUATED,

With their respective Distances from two, three, or more

MARKET, OR POST-TOWNS;

Stating which Churches are Rectories, Vicarages, Curacies, or Chapelries; Patrons of Livings, with their value in the King's Books; also the value of all Livings under 150*l.* per annum, as returned to Parliament in 1810, and following years;

A Brief History of Places most remarkable for Antiquities;

BIOGRAPHICAL NOTICES OF EMINENT PERSONS, &c.

Illustrated with a New Map;

ALSO THE

MARKETS AND FAIRS, PRINCIPAL INNS, BANKERS,
The Population of every Township, according to the Census taken in 1821;

THE NAMES OF THE

ACTING MAGISTRATES, DEPUTY LIEUTENANTS,

And the several Officers of the County.

SECOND EDITION.

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ALSO BY MESSRS. LONGMAN, HURST, REES, ORME, AND BROWN; G. AND W. B. WHITTAKER, 13, AVE-MARIA-LANE; JOHN RICHARDSON, ROYAL EXCHANGE; F. C. AND J. RIVINGTON, WATERLOO-PLACE, LONDON; AND THE PRINCIPAL BOOKSELLERS IN THE COUNTY OF YORK.

1822.



EXPLANATORY PREFACE.

IN presenting a new edition of this Work to the Public, in consequence of additional matter, it becomes necessary for the Editor to give some introductory explanation of the present plan, and of the abbreviations made use of in the work, and of the additional information to be expected by the reader.

The whole of the work has been re-written and carefully examined, and the greatest part of the County visited by the editor.—After the names of the places, are the following abbreviations, viz. :—*ham.* for hamlet, *s. h.* for single house, *f. h.* for farm house, *scatt. hs.* for scattered houses, *p. h.* for public house, *cotts.* for cottages, pointing out at once what the place is; and where *the seat &c.* follows the name of the place, it implies only a single house. Wherever a Gentleman's Seat is adjoining to, or within a town or village, it is given after the wapentake: all places not having any of the above abbreviations following, are to be considered as towns or villages.—Some few places are denominated *townships* or *parishes*, as Abbotside, High and Low, and Ellerburn, there being no villages of the names, but only certain districts so called.

IN giving the township, in which each hamlet or single house, &c. is situated, it may be proper to observe that they are given according as they pay Poor's Rates, with some few exceptions.—This part, which may be considered the most valuable, as additional matter, and what has never been attempted before, will be found of the greatest utility in all public offices.

In the next part we have to notice the abbreviations, &c. respecting the value of church livings, which are as follow, viz.:—the value in the King's books, is marked (‡) when discharged from the payment of first fruits;—*p. r.* is for parliamentary return;—the marks before the values returned to parliament, will be seen in note below.—All livings, except such as are stated to the contrary, are within the diocese of York.—The Patrons of the livings have been corrected by a correspondence with the resident clergy. The value in the King's books, whether Rectories or Vicarages, &c. is taken from *Bacon's Thesaurus*; but wherever a difference was found in the return made to parliament, by the incumbent of that time, the latter has been taken, conceiving such return most likely to be correct at the present time.

With respect to the authorities for historical and biographical notices, introduced by way of relieving the work from the dull, dry, tedium of detail, we have nothing to add, having made a point of giving the authorities at the end of each article, not solely for showing the source of information, but, that the reader, who might want a more enlarged account, may know where to refer to without much consultation,—such authorities only, as may be relied on, have invariably been selected with some trifling exceptions.

The informations relative to public hospitals, &c. without authorities, have been furnished us by residents, comparing the same with the returns of such institutions made to parliament, in 1786.

This (*) before the value, denotes that the statement is taken from the account of the names of the livings not exceeding the value of £150 per annum, certified to the Governors of Queen Anne's Bounty, by the Archbishops and Bishops, and ordered to be printed by the House of Lords, 7th June, 1810.

This (†) before the value, denotes that the living has increased in value since the year 1810, which appears in comparison of the value returned in 1810, to the Governors of Queen Anne's Bounty, with that returned by the Bishops in 1815, to the Privy Council.

This (‡) before the value, denotes that the living has decreased in value since 1810, although it has received augmentation since that time. The authority for this is the same as in the preceding case.

Certain liberties, for the sake of abbreviations, having been omitted in the text of this work, which appeared in the last edition ; it becomes necessary to inform the reader, that such liberties omitted, are Lang-barugh, Pickering-Lyth, Whitby-Strand, and Albionshire, which are co-extensive with their respective wapentakes. The liberty of Richmonshire extends over the five wapentakes of Hang-East and West, Gilling-East and West, and Hallikeld, except where St. Peter, or any other similar liberty interlores, which is invariably noted.

The Ainsty, which was, in the last Edition, separated from the three Ridings, is in this, embodied with the West-Riding, having the word (Ainsty) inserted after the name of each place, thereby rendering the references less.

Having briefly explained the several abbreviations, &c. in the work, it now only remains for the Editor to return his most grateful thanks to the resident Clergy of the County, and other Gentlemen, for their communications, and to the Chief Constables and other public Officers, by whose assistance and information, this work has been rendered much more correct than it otherwise would have been. The voluntary contributions to this laborious work being few, the Editor cannot so far suffer himself to be guilty of ingratitude, as to pass them by unnoticed ; therefore to the author of a letter, signed "*Clericus*," from the East-Riding, and to another, signed "*An Antiquary*," from Brampton, his best thanks are due, not alone for the matter, but also for the manner in which each was conveyed. And, to the very Rev. the Dean of Ripon he has to express his obligations, for the use of several papers belonging to his archdeaconry ; as well as for his readiness, at all times, in furnishing him with information, which might in the least tend to improve or render the work correct.

He now consigns the Book to its fate, assuring the reader that neither time nor expense has been spared, in rendering the work as accurate as the nature of the subject will admit of.

RIPON, NOV. 1, 1822.

YORKSHIRE.

YORKSHIRE*, in the time of the Ancient Britons, was inhabited by the Brigantes, whose territories included our present Counties of Cumberland, Durham, Lancashire, Westmorland, and Yorkshire.

When the Emperor Constantine divided Britain into three parts, viz. *Britannia Prima*, *Britannia Secunda*, and *Maxima Cesariensis*, this County was included in the last, and York was the Capital City of it.

The Romans, in the construction of their Roads, evinced peculiar grandeur of design, patient labour, and persevering industry; but at what time they were first formed is now impossible to ascertain. Dr. Stukeley supposes that Hermen-Street was the first, which he attributes to the time of Nero; but Horsley, with far more probability, conjectures, that most of their roads were laid out by Agricola. A strong marked feature in the arrangement of all of them, is their continuance in a straight line, from which they seldom deviated, unless, as in some cases, they were formed on part of a British Track-way, or some local impediment was found in the way, such as a morass, or a deep ravine, &c. Their principal roads were of great breadth, and paved with large stones; but where these could not readily be procured, gravel, lime, and other materials were substituted, and raised high above the soil, in some places to the height of eight or ten feet, and their durability greatly assisted by good drains.

Camden, on the authority of *Ulpian* and *Frontinus*, says that the Romans gave the great Roads the names of *Vie Consulares*, *Prætoriae*, *Militares*, *Publicæ*, *Cursus Publici*. They were unquestionably the public roads of those times, and distinguished from the common roads by being covered with better and more durable materials. They had, besides, minor or vicinal roads, leading from one station to another, which intersected the country in almost every direction. The four great military roads were distinguished from others at an early period, as the laws of Edward the Confessor comprehend regulations relative to the four great Highways, called *Walling-Strete*, *Foss*, *Ikenield-Strete*, and *Ermine-Strete*. From Tacitus we learn, that Agricola, anxious to communicate Roman customs to the Britons, instructed and assisted them “in building of houses, temples, courts, and market-places; and by praising the industrious, and reproaching the indolent, he excited such an emulation among the Britons, that after they had constructed all those necessary edifices in their towns, they proceeded to build others merely for ornament and pleasure; as Porticos, Galleries, Baths, Banqueting-Houses, &c.”†

* Called EoFORWICSIRE by the Saxons.

† Vita Agric.

Many of the roads, after so many centuries have passed away, still, in numerous places, preserve their primeval form, though they have suffered much from the slow consuming hand of time, and the cupidity, not to say worse, of owners of lands, through which these roads passed.

When the Saxons had settled themselves in this part of the Island, and divided it amongst their leaders into seven Kingdoms, Yorkshire was part of the Kingdom of Northumberland; which being divided into two parts, *Deira*, and *Bernicia*, this county was under the government of the King of *Deira*, who, after a succession of six Kings of *Bernicia*, in the space of 27 years, became master of the whole; and continued until the West Saxons subdued the other six Kingdoms of the Saxons, and made the whole a Monarchy.

Yorkshire is by far the largest county in the Kingdom, containing about 3,638,380 acres of land, with a population of 1,173,187 persons.

It is 130 miles long, from east to west, and 90 broad, from north to south, and 460 in circumference. It is bounded on the east by the German Ocean, on the south by Derby, Nottingham, and Lincolnshires; on the west by Lancashire, and a small part of Cheshire; and on the north by the counties of Durham and Westmorland.

The North-Riding is bounded by the river Tees on the north, which separates it from the county of Durham; the German Ocean on the east; the East-Riding on the south-east; and by the Ainsty, and the West-Riding on the south; and the county of Westmorland on the west. It is divided into 12 wapentakes, containing 5 boroughs, viz. Richmond, Scarborough, Northallerton, Malton, and Thirsk.

The East-Riding is bounded on the east by the German Ocean; on the south by the Humber; on the west by the rivers Ouse and Derwent; and on the north by the latter and the little river Hertford. It is divided into six wapentakes, and Hullshire, containing three boroughs, viz. Beverley, Hedon, and Hull.

The West-Riding is bounded on the east by the Ainsty and the river Ouse, which separates it from the East-Riding; on the south by parts of Nottinghamshire and Derbyshire; on the west by parts of Cheshire, Lancashire, and Westmorland; and on the north by the North-Riding. It is divided into nine wapentakes, containing five boroughs, viz. Ripon, Pontefract, Boroughbridge, Aldborough, and Knaresbrough. The whole county contains thirteen boroughs and one city, which sends twenty-eight Members to Parliament, and two Knights of the Shire.

The Ainsty*, accounted a twentieth part of the county at large, is a district on the west-side of York, under the jurisdiction of the Lord-Mayor, Aldermen, and Sheriffs of the city, to which it was annexed the 27th of Henry VI. though before it was a wapentake of the West-Riding, and has ever since been called the county of the city of York. The whole district was anciently a forest, but dis-forested by Charters of King Richard the 1st, and King John.

* Ainsty, from Ancientcy, to denote its Antiquity; or more probably from the German word, *Autossen*, implying a bound, or limit.—CAMDEN.



SH OTHER.

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A

TOPOGRAPHICAL DICTIONARY

OF

YORKSHIRE.

NORTH-RIDING.

ABBOTSIDE, HIGH and LOW, two townships on the north-side of the river Ure, in the parish of Ayscough wapentake of Hang-

POPULATIONS OMITTED.

NORTH RIDING.

Acklam	..	Population	105
Cliffe	.. ..	ditto	53
Edstone Little, 2 f. h.		ditto	16
La-kill Pasture	..	ditto	91
Bransdale West-side		ditto	286
(Independent of Skiplam)			

EAST RIDING.

Burstwick	..	ditto	436
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----- **AGGLETHORPE**, in the township of Coverham with Agglethorpe, and parish of Coverham, wapentake of Hang-West, (*Agglethorpe-Hall, the seat of Matthew William Chaytor, Esq.*) 3 miles from Middleham, 4 from Leyburn.—Population included in Coverham.

AIKBER or AKEBAR, in the parish of Fingall, wapentake of Hang-West; 4 miles from Leyburn, 5 from Middleham, 6 from Richmond.—Population 43.

AINDERBY-MYERS, in the parish of Hornby, wapentake of Hang-East; 3 miles from Catterick, 4 from Bedale, 8 from Richmond.—Population 79.

AINDERBY-QUERNHOW, in the parish of Pickhill, wapentake of Hallikeld; 6 miles from Thirsk, 8 from Ripon and Bedale.—Population 99

AINDERBY-STEEPLE, a parish town, in the wapentake of Gilling-East; 3 miles from Northallerton, 5 from Bedale, 33 from York.—Pop. 266. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Helen, in the deanry of Richmond, diocese of Chester, value \pounds 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* p. r. *142*l.* 16*s.* 8*d.* Patron, the King.

SH OTHER.

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NORTH-RIDING.

ABBOTSDIE. **HIGH** and **LOW**, two townships on the north-side of the river Ure, in the parish of Aysgarth, wapentake of Hang-West, the former running from Askrigg, westward, to Hell-gill; the latter from thence to Cam's-House.—Population, High, 641—Low, 181.

ACKLAM, a parish town, in the west-division of Langbarugh; (*Acklam-Hall, the seat of Thomas Hustler, Esq.*) 3 miles from Stockton, (*Durham*) 7 from Yarm and Stokesley, 10 from Guisborough, 50 from York.—Pop. The Church is a perpetual curacy, in the deanry of Cleveland, value, p. r. †120/. Patron, the Archbishop of York.

ACRE-INGS, *f. h.* in the township of Newton-Mulgrave and parish of Lythe; 8 miles from Whitby, 14 from Stokesley.

ADDLEBOROUGH-HILL, *f. h.* in the township of Bainbridge, and parish of Aysgarth; 2 miles from Askrigg, 9 from Leyburn.

AGGLETHORPE, in the township of Coverham with Agglethorpe, and parish of Coverham, wapentake of Hang-West, (*Agglethorpe-Hall, the seat of Matthew William Chaytor, Esq.*) 3 miles from Middleham, 4 from Leyburn.—Population included in Coverham.

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AINTHORPE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Danby, east-division of Langbarough; 9 miles from Guisbrough.

AIRSHOLME, *ham.* in the township of Linthorpe and parish of Acklam; 4 miles from Stockton, (*Dur.*) 8 from Yarm.

AIRYHOLME, *f. h.* in the parish of Hovingham, wapentake of Rydale; 8 miles from Malton and Helmsley, $8\frac{1}{2}$ from Kirbymoorside.—Population, including Howthorpe and Baxter-How, 2 *f. h.* 33, which being united form a township.

AISENBY, in the parish of Topcliffe, wapentake of Hallikeld; $5\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Boroughbridge and Ripon, 6 from Thirsk.—Pop. 230.

AISKEW, in the parish of Bedale, wapentake of Hang-East; $\frac{1}{4}$ of a mile from Bedale, $7\frac{1}{4}$ from Northallerton.—Population 620.

AISLABY, in the parish of Middleton, wapentake of Pickering Lythe, (*the seat of Mrs Hayes.*) $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Pickering, $6\frac{1}{2}$ from Kirbymoorside, $10\frac{1}{2}$ from Malton.—Population 147.

AISLABY, in the parish of Whitby, east-division of Langbarough; (*the seats of Mark Noble and John Benson, Esqrs.*) 3 miles from Whitby.—Pop. 253. The Church is a perpetual curacy, value, *p. r.* 45*l.* Patron. John Boulby, Esq.

ALDBY-PARK, (*the seat of Henry Darley, Esq.*) in the township of Buttercrambe and parish of Bossall, 10 miles from Malton and York, 15 from Easingwold.

Aldby which signifies in Saxon, *an old habitation*, is unquestionably the Roman *Derventio* mentioned by Ptolemy. It is situated on the banks of the Derwent where many remains of antiquities are frequently found;—and upon the top of the hill, towards the river, appears the rubbish of an old castle.—CAMDEN. It was at this castle, at that time converted into a royal palace by the Northumbrians, that Edwin, earl of Northumberland nearly lost his life by an assassin. In the time of the Saxons, it was a royal village, now a single house. *Drake*, with some degree of probability, places this station at Stamford-bridge.—And, *Young*, in his History of Whitby, with some ingenuity attempts to fix it at Malton.

ALDBOROUGH, in the parish of St. John Stanwick, wapentake of Gilling-West; 7 miles from Richmond and Darlington, (*Durham*)—Population 544.

This village is situated about half a mile from the *Ermine-Street*, now Leeming-Lane. “It has been,” says *Cude*, “a large Roman city, but by what name distinguished has never been ascertained.” The vestiges still remaining very plainly indicate its great antiquity.—He again adds, “*Aldburgh* may date its decline from the new military way or road, being directed *ad Tisam vinorium*, and the *valium*; on which account we hear of no altars, inscriptions, or other memorials of any kind found there, to assist us in our inquiries.”—*ARCÆOL.*

ALDBURGH, *ham.* in the township of Burton-upon-Ure and parish of Masham; (*the seat of James Henry D’Arcy Hutton, Esq.*) 2 miles from Masham, 6 from Bedale, 9 from Ripon.

ALDWARK, in the parish of Ahe, wapentake of Bulmer, a part in the liberty of St. Peter; 5 miles from Boroughbridge, 6 from Easingwold, 13 from York.—Population 163.

This place carries evident marks of antiquity in its name; and through it, by the ferry, the Roman road from *Iserium* to *Eboracum* passed; then went through the Forest of Galtres to Beningbrough, and entered the city of York at Bootham-Bar. *Drake*.

ALLERSTONE, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Pickering-Lythe; $4\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Pickering, 11 from Malton, $13\frac{1}{2}$ from Scar-

borough, 29 from York.—Pop. 401. The Church, peculiar, is a vicarage, in the deanry of Rydale. Patron, the Dean of York.

ALLERTHORPE, in the township of Swainby-with-Allerthorpe, and parish of Burneston, wapentake of Hallikeld; 5 miles from Bedale, 8 from Thirsk and Northallerton, 12 from Ripon.—Pop. included in Swainby.

Allerthorpe-Hall, now occupied as a farm-house, was for some time the residence of the celebrated *Mrs Eliz. Montague*, whose letters, many of which are dated from this place, have been most favourably received by the literary world. Her father was Matthew Robinson, Esq. of West-Layton, and nearly allied to Dr. Robinson, who founded the Schools and Alms-house at Burneston.

ALLERTONSHIRE, a wapentake, of which the Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of Durham is Lord and Chief-Bailiff.—The wapentake and liberty are co-extensive. It is situated about 25 miles north from York, from which point it extends over a narrow tract of country to the confines of the county of Durham, and forms a part of the rich vale of Mowbray. It contains one market-town; 33 townships, 11 of which are parishes, 1,783 inhabited houses, and 8,759 inhabitants. Two of the townships are situated on the borders of the West-Riding, near Ripon; a third five miles south of Thirsk; and three others on the banks of the Tees.

ALNE, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Bulmer, a part in the liberty of St. Peter; (*Alne-House*, the residence of *Stamp Brooksbank*, Esq.) 1 miles from Easingwold, 6 from Boroughbridge, 11 from York.—Pop. 386. The Church, peculiar, is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Bulmer, value $\pm 10\text{£}$. Patron, William John Bethell, Esq.

AMOTHERBY, in the parish of Appleton-le-Street, wapentake of Rydale; 3 miles from Malton, 11 from Kirbymoorside, 15 from Helmsley.—Pop. 213. A Chapel of Ease to Appleton-le-Street.

AMPLEFORTH, a parish-town, in the parishes of Ampleforth and Oswaldkirk, wapentakes of Birdforth and Rydale, a part in the liberty of St. Peter; 4 miles from Helmsley, 9 from Kirbymoorside, 15 from Malton, 22 from York.—Pop. 192.—St. Peter, 214, total, 406. The Church, peculiar, is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Peter, in the deanry of Rydale, value, $\pm 4\text{£}$. 6s. 5½d. Patron, the Prebendary of Ampleforth.

AMPLEFORTH-OUT-HOUSES, a few houses between Ampleforth and Oswaldkirk, two, (*one of which is the Roman Catholic College*) in the township of Ampleforth, and parish of Oswaldkirk, and the rest in the township and parish of Ampleforth, wapentake of Rydale; 3½ miles from Helmsley.

Here is a College for Roman Catholics, established in 1802, by the members of the Catholic College of *Dieulouard*, near Pout-a-Mousson, in Lorraine, their property there being confiscated by the fatal Revolution in France.

In March 24, 1808, the Rev. Robert Nixon, B. D. F. A. S. presented a drawing of an Urn, to the Antiquarian Society, found in a barrow here, formed by a circle of large stones, about ten feet in diameter; the Urn was at the depth of between three and four feet, near the centre of the barrow.—*ARCHÆOL.*

ANGRAM, *ham.* in the township of Muker, and parish of Grinton; 6 miles from Askrigg, 12 from Reeth.

ANGRAM-COTE, *f. h.* in the township of East-Witton-without; 5 miles from Middleham and Masham.

ANGRAM-GRANGE, a township, in the parish of Coxwold, wapentake of Birdforth, liberty of Ripon; 5 miles from Easingwold, 8 from Thirsk.—Containing 4 houses and 29 inhabitants.

ANGROVE-HALL, *s. h.* in the township and parish of Great-Ayton; 2 miles from Stokesley.

APPERSET, *ham.* in the township of Bainbridge, and parish of Hawes; 2 miles from Hawes.

APPLEGARTH, 3 *f. h.* two in the township and parish of Richmond, and one in the township and parish of Marske; 4 miles from Richmond, 7 from Reeth.

APPLETONS, EAST and WEST, a township, in the parish of Catterick, wapentake of Hang-East; 2 miles from Catterick, 5 from Bedale.—Pop. 87.

Here died in 1673, that facetious and eccentric genius, *Drunken Barnaby*, or Barnaby Harrington, but whose real name appears to have been Richard Braithwaite, a native of Burneshead, in the county of Westmorland, leaving behind him, says Wood, the character of a “well bred gentleman and a good neighbour.” He was author of many popular pieces, as well as of the *Journal*.—The following monumental inscription to his memory appears in Catterick Church.

Juxta sitæ sunt
Richardi Braithwaite
De Burneshead, in comitatu
Westmorelandiæ armigeri, et
Mariæ, ejus conjugis, Reliquiæ;
Ille quarto die Maii, anno 1673,
Denatus est; hæc undecimo Aprilis 1681.
Supremum diem obiit. Horum filius
Unicus, Strafford Braithwaite, Eques
Auratus, adversus Mauros, Christiani
Nominis hostes infestissimos, fortiter
Dimicans occubuit. Cujus Cineres
Tingi, in Mauritania Tingitana,
Humantur.

Requiescant in Pace.

APPLETON-LE-MOOR, in the parish of Lastingham, wapentake of Rydale; 4 miles from Kirbymoorside, 10 from Helmsley, 14 from Malton.—Pop. 276.

APPLETON-LE-STREET, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Rydale; 4 miles from Malton, 9 from Kirbymoorside, 14 from Helmsley, 18 from York.—Pop. 173. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Rydale, value, 7*l.* 8*s.* 6½*d.* Patron, the Rev. Dr. J. J. Cleaver.

APPLETON-WISKE, in the parish of Great-Smeaton, west-division of Langbarugh; 7 miles from Yarm, 8 from Northallerton.—Pop. 492. Appleton is a Chapelry under Smeaton, in the deanry of Cleveland.

ARDEN with ARDENSIDE, a township, in the parish of Hawnby, wapentake of Birdforth; (*Arden-Hall, the seat of D'Arcy Tancred, Esq.*) 7½ miles from Thirsk, 10 from Helmsley, 11 from Northallerton.—Pop. 139.

Here Peter de Hoton founded a Priory, about the year 1150, for Nuns of the Benedictine Order.—*Dugdale*. Not a vestige of it now remains.—*Ed.*

ARKLESIDE, *ham.* in the township of Carlton-high-dale and parish of Coverham, wapentake of Hang-West: 8 miles from Middleham.

ARKENGARTHDALE, a parish, in the wapentake of Gilling-West; 3 miles from Reeth, 9 from Barnardecastle, (*Durham*) 11 from Leyburn, 13 from Richmond and Askrigg, 18 from Brough, (*Westm.*) 56 from York.—Population 1,512.—The Church is a perpetual curacy, in the deanry of Richmond, diocese of Chester, value, p. r. 62*l*. Patron, John Lowther, Esq.

The present Church was erected through the benefaction of the late George Brown, Esq. the foundation stone of which was laid September 24, 1817, and an inscription to that effect is upon the Church. This parish, of small extent, is co-extensive with the township, and inhabited chiefly by miners. The lead mines here, appear to have been worked as early as the reign of King John. The annual produce of the mines, carried on under the firm of the Arkengarthdale and Darwent Mining Company, was some few years ago, estimated at 2000 tons. It is a narrow dale on the north-side of Swaledale.

ARKLE-TOWN, *ham.* in the township and parish of Arkengarthdale: 3 miles from Reeth.

ARNCLIFFE, or **INGLEBY-ARNCLIFFE**, a parish in the west-division of Langbarough; 8 miles from Northallerton and Stokesley, 13 from Thirsk, 36 from York.—Population 331. The Church is a perpetual curacy, in the deanry of Cleveland, value †39*l*. Patron, Brian Abbs, Esq. Near the Church is

ARNCLIFFE-HALL, *the seat of Mrs Mauleverer.*

ARNGILL, *f. h.* in the township of Lamedale and parish of Romalldkirk; 5 miles from Barnardecastle, (*Dur.*) 8 from Gretabridge.

ARRATHORNE, or **ARROWTHORNE**, in the parishes of Hornby and Patrick-Brompton, wapentake of Hang-West; 5 miles from Richmond, 5½ from Leyburn, 7 from Middleham.—Population 64.

ARUNDEL-GRANGE, *f. h.* in the township of Carlton-high-dale, parish of Coverham: 7 miles from Middleham.

ASHGILL, *f. h.* in the township of Coverham with Agglethorpe, and parish of Coverham: 2 miles from Middleham.

ASKE, a township, in the parish of Easby, wapentake of Gilling-West; (*Aske-Hall, the seat of the Right Hon. Lord Dundas*) 2 miles from Richmond, 5 from Catterick.—Population 109.

The family of Dundas is descended from *Gospatrick*, Earl of Northumberland, who, 1066, went into Scotland with *King Malcolm Canmore*, rather than submit to the Conqueror. King Malcolm gave him lands of Dunbar, and many other possessions in Scotland. Sir Lawrence Dundas, father of the late Lord, was created a baronet in 1762, and the late lord was elevated to the barony of Aske in 1794, who was succeeded by the present lord in 1821.—*DEBRET'S PEERAGE*. Sir Lawrence Dundas purchased the Manor of Aske of the last Earl of Holderness, in 1760, or 1762, in which family it has ever since remained.—*WHITTAKER*.

ASKEW, **HIGH** and **LOW**, 2 *f. h.* the former in the township of Lastingham, the latter in that of Spaunton, and both in the parish of Lastingham; 4 miles from Kirbymoorside.

ASKRIGG, in the parish of Aysearth, wapentake of Hang-West; 5 miles from Hawes, 11 from Reeth, 12 from Leyburn, 18 from Richmond, 22 from Sedbergh, 49 from York, 246 from London. *Market, Thursday.—Fairs, May 11, and first Thursday in June,*

for woollen cloth, &c. October 28 and 29, for horned cattle, sheep, &c.—*Principal Inn*, King's Arms.—Population 765. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Oswald, in the deanry of Catterick, diocese of Chester, value, p. r. †80*l*. Patron, the Vicar of Aysgarth.

Askrigg is a small market-town, situated high on the hill, on the north-side of the river Ure, and adjoining the Moors. It has been a place of great antiquity, though now fallen into decay. In the neighbourhood are the water-falls of Mill-Gill, Whitfield-Gill, Hardraw-Scar, and Aysgarth-Force.

ATLEY-HILL, *f. h.* in the township of South-Cowton and parish of Gilling; 8 miles from Richmond, 9 from Northallerton.

AYSDALE-GATE, *f. h.* in the township of Moorsholme and parish of Skelton; 3 miles from Guisbrough.

AYSGARTH, a parish-town in the wapentake of Hang-West; 4 miles from Askrigg, 9 from Hawes, 7 from Leyburn, 9 from Middleham, 52 from York.—Population 293. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Andrew, in the deanry of Catterick, diocese of Chester, value ‡19*l*. 6*s*. 8*d*. p. r. 122*l*. 11*s*. Patron, Trinity-college, Cambridge.

Aysgarth is remarkable, as having near the church the finest water-fall in the county, called Aysgarth-Force. In this village was born about 1710, James Tunstall, a learned and amiable divine. He was educated at St. John's College, Cambridge, of which he became fellow and principal tutor. In 1741, he was elected public orator of the University, afterwards chaplain to Archbishop Potter, created D. D. in 1744, and lastly, vicar of Rochdale. He died in 1772.—*BIOGRAPHICAL DICTIONARY*.

AYTON, GREAT, a parish-town in the west-division of Langbarugh; 2½ miles from Stokesley, 5½ from Guisbrough, 10 from Stockton, (*Dur.*) 45 from York.—Pop. 1,023. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Cleveland, value, p. r. 70*l*. 10*s*. 10*d*. Patron, the Rev. Geo. Marwood.

Here is a School-house, which, from an inscription over the door, appears to have been first built by the late *Michael Postgate*, yeoman, in the year 1704, and rebuilt in 1785, with a small endowment for the instruction of eight poor children within the township. Ayton is famous in story, by the *Register-Office*, written by the late *Joseph Reed*, of facetious memory; and in this humble village seminary, the immortal *Captain Cook* received his school education.

AYTON, LITTLE, in the parish of Great-Ayton, west-division of Langbarugh; 3 miles from Stokesley, 6 from Guisbrough, 12 from Yarm.—Population 68.

AYTON, EAST, in the parish of Seamer, wapentake of Pickering-Lythe; 5 miles from Scarborough, 13 from Pickering, 16 from Malton.—Pop. 333. A small bridge across the Derwent separates it from West-Ayton.

AYTON, WEST, in the parish of Hutton-Bushell, wapentake of Pickering-Lythe—Population 229.

Here are the remains of an ancient Castle, which belonged to the *Evers*, and which was afterwards vested in the Clifford's Family.—*HINDERWELL*.

B

BAGBY, in the parish of Kirby-knowle, wapentake of Birdforth; 4 miles from Thirsk, 8 from Easingwold.—Pop. including Fawdington, 242. Here is a Chapel of ease to Kirby-knowle.

BALDEBSBY, in the parish of Topcliffe, wapentake of Hallikeld; $5\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Thirsk, $5\frac{1}{4}$ from Ripon, 9 from Bedale,—Pop. 241.

BALKE, in the parish of Kirby-knowle, wapentake of Birdforth; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Thirsk. 8 from Easingwold.—Population 125.

BAINBRIDGE, in the parish of Aysgarth, wapentake of Hang-West; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Askrigg, 4 from Hawes, $11\frac{1}{2}$ from Leyburn.—Population 872.

This was formerly a Roman station called the *Bracchium*; the fortifications of which are visible upon a hill, called *Borough-Hill*, at the junction of the Bain, a small stream that flows from Semmerwater and the Ure, close by the village.—A part of the 6th Legion was stationed here. Every night at 10 o'clock, from Holyrood, Sept. 27, to Shrovetide, a horn is blown, called the forest horn, of which tradition affirms, that it was intended as a signal to the benighted travelers, to direct his footsteps to the nearest points which could afford him shelter and accommodations.—WHITAKER. This is a part of the old forest laws.—*For an account of the Free School, see Yores-bridge.*

BAINWOOD-HEAD, *f. h.* in the township of Spaunton and parish of Lastingham; 4 miles from Kirbymoorside.

BARDEN, in the parish of West-Hawkswell, wapentake of Hang-West; 3 miles from Leyburn, 5 from Richmond and Middleham. Population 106. in the same township and parish is

BARDEN-DYKES, *three farm houses*, and

BARDEN LANE, *Public-House.*

BARFORTH, in the parish of Gilling, wapentake of Gilling-West; 7 miles from Greta-bridge, 8 from Darlington, (*Dur.*) 10 from Richmond.—Population 141.

“Here,” says *Cade*, “was formerly a Roman station, near an ancient seat of the *Pudsays*, of which family, I find *Ambrose Pudsay*, Sheriff of Yorkshire, anno 1762.” There is a large station above 61 acres. After giving a description of its form, &c. he further adds, “the common name, ascribed to the station, we are treating of at Barford, has long been called *Old Richmond*, for no other reason, I suppose, than its magnitude.” Again, “if any altars or inscriptions were found at the station near Barford, it is presumed they have been applied towards erecting an old church or chapel, dedicated to St. Lawrence, still remaining close by the place, but long disused, and the family seat of the *Pudsays*, which is of great antiquity, no doubt, partook of the spoils.—ARCHÆOL. Of the chapel alluded to, some remains are still extant.—ED.

BARMER-LODGE, *f. h.* in the township of Hutton-le-Hole and parish of Lastingham; 4 miles from Kirbymoorside.

BARNABY-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Guisbrough; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Guisbrough.

BARNBY, *f. h.* in the township of Buttercrambe and parish of Bos-sall; 9 miles from Malton, 11 from York.

BARNBY, EAST, in the parish of Lythe, east-division of Lang-barugh; 6 miles from Whitby, 16 from Guisbrough.—Pop. 270.

BARNBY, WEST, in the township of East-Barnby and parish of Lythe; $6\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Whitby, $15\frac{1}{2}$ from Guisbrough.

BARNINGHAM, a parish-town in the wapentake of Gilling-West, (*a seat of Mark Milbank, Esq.*) 2 miles from Greta-bridge, 6 from Barnard-Castle, (*Durham*) 10 from Richmond, 53 from York.—Pop. 383. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Michael, in the deanry of Richmond, diocese of Chester, value 19l. 17s. 1d. Patron, the King.—Here is an endowed School, founded by Acklam Milbank, Esq. date not known.

BARTON, in the parishes of St. John Stanwick, and Gilling, wapentake of Gilling-East; 7 miles from Richmond and Durlington, (*Dir.*) Pop. 436. In this village are two Chapels, that of Stanwick, dedicated to St. Cuthbert, value, p. r. $\text{†}46\text{.}$ and that of Gilling to St. Mary, value, p. r. $\text{†}65\text{.}$ the Vicars of each parish being Patrons.—The boundaries of these chapelries are very intricate, and not ascertained.

BARTON-LE-STREET, a parish-town in the wapentake of Rydale, (*the seat of Henry Cockerill Leatham, Esq.*) $5\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Malton, 9 from Kirbymoorside, 12 from Helmsley, 19 from York.—Population 176. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Michael, in the deanry of Rydale, value 14*l.* 8*s.* 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ *d.* Patroness, the Marchioness of Hertford.

BARTON-LE-WILLOWS, in the parish of Crambe, wapentake of Bulmer; 8 miles from Malton, 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ from York.—Pop. 188.

BARUGH, GREAT, in the parish of Kirby-misperton, wapentake of Pickering-Lyth; 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Pickering, 7 from Malton and Kirbymoorside.—Population, including Little-Barugh, 211.

BARUGH, LITTLE, in the parish of Kirby-misperton, and being united with Great-Barugh, form the township of Barughs-Ambo; 5 miles from Pickering, 7 from Malton and Kirbymoorside.

BARUGH, ROOK, *see Rook-Barugh.*

BATTERSBY, in the parish of Ingleby-Greenhow, west-division of Langbarugh; 5 miles from Stokesley, 8 from Guisbrough, 13 from Yarm.—Population 87.

BAXBY, in the township of Thornton-on-the-Hill with Baxby, parish of Coxwold, wapentake of Birdforth; 6 miles from Easingwold.—Population included in Thornton, (*a Mill and f. h.*)

BAXTER-HOWE, *f. h.* in the township of Airyholme, Howthorpe, and Baxter-Howe, and parish of Hovingham; 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Kirbymoorside, 8 from Malton.—Population included in Airyholme.

BAYSDALE, in the township of Westerdale and parish of Stokesley, west-division of Langbarugh; 7 miles from Guisbrough, 8 from Stokesley.

Guilo de Bouineourt founded a Priory here for Nuns of the Cistercian Order, to which *William de Percy* and others were benefactors, valued at the dissolution at 20*l.* 1*s.* 4*d.* **DREDALE**.—24*l.* 19*s.* 10*d.* **SPEND.** The site of the priory, together with the several lands, was granted 36 Henry VIII. to Ralph Budner and John Thyn, to be held of the King *in capite*. After divers grants and alienations, it became the property of the Fotherleys of Castleton; and about the year 1729, was purchased by Ann, daughter of William Peirson, Esq. of the middle temple, London; but the said Ann dying unmarried and intestate, her brother, Bradshaw Peirson, Esq. succeeded to her estates. The buildings of the priory retaining little of their monastic appearance, are now converted into Farm-houses.

BURTON—GRAVES.

BEADLAM, in the parish of Helmsley, wapentake of Rydale; 3 miles from Kirbymoorside and Helmsley.—Population 143.

BEALE-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Thornton-le-street; 4 miles from Thirsk, 6 from Northallerton.

BEARE-PARK, *f. h.* in the township of Carperby and parish of Aysgarth; 4 miles from Askrigg, 7 from Leyburn.

This ancient house was long the residence of the oldest line of the Metcalfs

(commonly styled *Metcalfs of Nappa*) where they had a park, but which had long been destroyed.—WHITTAKER.

BEDALE, a Market and parish town, in the wapentake of Hang-East (*the seat of Henry Peirse, Esq.*) 6 miles from Masham, 7 from Catterick, 8 from Northallerton, 14 from Thirsk, 13 from Ripon, 10 from Middleham, 12 from Leyburn and Richmond, 17 from Boroughbridge, 31 from York, 222 from London.—*Market*, Tuesday.—*Fairs*, Easter and Whit-Tuesdays, for horned cattle and sheep; July 6 and 7, October 11 and 12, for horned cattle, sheep, and leather; Monday se'night before Christmas-day, for horned cattle, sheep, and pigs.—*Principal Inns*, Black Swan, and Royal-Oak.—*Population* 1,137. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Gregory, in the deanry of Catterick, diocese of Chester, value 89*l.* 4*s.* 9½*d.* Patrons, Henry Peirse and Thomas Stapylton, Esqrs.

The Castle of Bedale, the residence and most probably the workmanship of *Brian Fitzalan*, stood a little to the south-west of the Church-Steeple, from which it appears to have been detached only by a street. The foundations have been traced to a considerable extent from the gardens of Henry Peirse, Esq. the present owner of the site, into a field north-west from the church, but no vestiges now remain above the surface. Here is an hospital founded by *Dr. Sawneys*, in 1718, and an ancient grammar school; but neither the time nor the person by whom it was founded can be now ascertained. It is supposed to have existed before the dissolution, as a stipend of 7*l.* 11*s.* 4*d.* is paid annually, at the audit holden at Richmond, out of the land-revenues of the crown.

BELLMAN-BANK, in the township and parish of Guisbrough.

It is remarkable for being the place where *Atum* was first produced in Britain, about 1595.—The works were wrought for 15 years and upwards, when they were transferred to another spot, where it was continued for 15 years or more, after which it was totally abandoned. *YOUNG'S WHITBY.*

BELLERBY, in the parish of Spennythorne, wapentake of Hang-West; 2 miles from Leyburn, 5 from Middleham, 6½ from Richmond.—*Population* 407. The Church is a perpetual curacy, value, p. r. 80*l.* Patron, the Rector of Spennythorne.

BENINGBROUGH, in the parish of Newton-upon-Ouse, wapentake of Bulmer; 7 miles from York and Easingwold, 11 from Boroughbridge.—*Population* 99. about ½ a mile out of the village is

BENINGBROUGH-HALL, *the seat of Mrs Earle.*

BENKIL-GRANGE, (*the seat of the Rev. John J. Monson*), in the township and parish of Bedale; ¼ of a mile from Bedale.

BERWICK or INGLEBY-BERWICK, in the parish of Stainton, west-division of Langbarough; 3 miles from Yarm, 6½ from Stokesley.—*Population* 175.

BICKLY, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Ebberston; 9 miles from Scarborough.

BILSDALE-MIDCABLE, or **EAST-SIDE**, a township, in the parish of Helmsley, wapentake of Rydale; 8 miles from Helmsley and Stokesley, 14 from Thirsk.—*Population* 780.

BILSDALE-KIRKHAM, another Township in the same parish and wapentake; 10 miles from Helmsley.—*Population* included in Bilsdale-Midcable. The Church is a perpetual curacy, value, p. r. 60*l.* 15*s.* 0*d.* Patron, the Vicar of Helmsley.

BILSDALE, WEST-SIDE, a township, in the parish of **Hawnby**, wapentake of Birdforth; 8 miles from Helmsley and Stokesley, 14 from Thirsk.—Population 127.

The above three townships form what is called Bilsdale, a long narrow dale.

BINSOE, in the township and parish of West-Tanfield, wapentake of Hallikeld; 3 miles from Masham, 6 from Bedale, 7 from Ripon.

BIRCH, *f. h.* in the parish of Stonegrave; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Helmsley, $7\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Kirbymoorside.

BIRDFORTH, in the parish of Coxwold, wapentake of Birdforth; 5 miles from Thirsk and Easingwold. The Church is a perpetual curacy, in the deanry of Bulmer, value, p. r. †84*l.* Patron, the Archbishop of York.—Pop. 42.

BIRDFORTH, a wapentake, nearly in centre of this Riding, the southernmost part being about 15 miles north from York, and extends through the vale of Mowbray to near Yarm. It contains 44 Townships, of which 17 are parish-towns, and one Market town, containing 2,430 Inhabited Houses and 12,304 Inhabitants.

BIRKBY, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Allertonshire; 6 miles from Northallerton, 11 from Darlington, (*Dur.*) 38 from York. Pop. 90. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Peter, in the deanry of Cleveland, value †6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* Patron, the Bishop of Durham.

BIRKDALE, *ham.* in the township of Muker and parish of Grinton; 16 miles from Reeth.

BIRK-RIGGS, *f. h.* in the township of High-Abbotside and parish of Aysgarth; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Hawes, 7 from Askrigg.

BIRKS, *f. h.* in the township of East-Witton-without, and parish of East-Witton; 5 miles from Middleham and Masham.

BISHOPDALE, a township, in the parish of Aysgarth, wapentake of Hang-West; 5 miles from Askrigg, 8 from Hawes, 9 from Leyburn.—Population 95.

BLADES, 2 or 3 *h.* in the township of Melbecks and parish of Grinton; 4 miles from Reeth.

BLAKEHOW-HOUSE, *p. h.* in the township of Farndale-East-side, and parish of Lastingham; 8 miles from Kirbymoorside, 15 from Stokesley.

BLANSBY-PARK, *ham.* in the township and parish of Pickering; 2 miles from Pickering.

BLEAN, HIGH and LOW, (2 *f. h.* in Raydale) in the township of Bainbridge and parish of Aysgarth; 4 miles from Askrigg.

BLUE-ANCHOR, *p. h.* in the township and parish of Middleton-Tyas; 4 miles from Richmond, $4\frac{1}{2}$ from Catterick.

BOLBY-HALL, *f. h.* in the township of Low-Abbotside and parish of Aysgarth; 1 mile from Askrigg, 4 from Hawes.

BOLDRON, in the parish of Startforth, wapentake of Gilling-West; 3 miles from Greta-bridge and Barnardcastle, (*Dur.*) Pop. 168.

BOLTBY, in the parish of Feliskirk, wapentake of Birdforth; 5 miles from Thirsk, 8 from Helmsley. Here is a Chapel of Ease to

Feliskirk, dedicated to the Holy-Trinity, rebuilt in 1801.—Population 403.

BOLTON or **CASTLE-BOLTON**, in the parish of Wensley, wapentake of Hang-West; 5 miles from Leyburn, 7 from Middleham, 11 from Hawes.—Population 278. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Oswald, value, p. r. £68/. Patron, the Rector of Wensley.

Here on the brow of a hill, and on the north-side of Wensleydale, stands frowning the remains of a Castle, which was built by *Richard-le-Scrope*, chancellor of England, in the time of Richard II. This Prince granted his license to Richard-le-Scrope, chevalier, to found a chantry of 6 chaplains in this Castle, and endowed it with the yearly rent of 106*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* In this Castle the beautiful, but unfortunate, *Mary Queen of Scots* was confined in 1568. Her name, inscribed by herself, appeared, till lately, on a pane of glass in the window of the room of her confinement. Although Lord Scrope, her gaoler, had given no reason to dispute his vigilance or fidelity, yet *Queen Elizabeth* caused her to be removed to *Tutbury-Castle*, and committed her to the keeping of the Earl of Shrewsbury. Perhaps, as Lord Scrope was brother-in-law to the Duke of Norfolk, who formed a design of mounting the throne, by marrying Mary, might be the reason why Elizabeth changed her confinement. During the civil wars this Castle was long defended for the King, by Lord Scrope, and a party of the Richmondshire Militia, against the Parliamentary forces, but surrendered on honourable terms, November 5, 1645. Emanuel, Lord Scrope, who died without male issue, in the reign of Charles I. was the last of the family who inhabited this Castle. The building of this stately fabric, occupied eighteen years, and cost 12,000*l.* It is the property of *Lord Bolton*, (from whence the title is derived) having descended to that family by the marriage of one of his ancestors with a daughter of Emanuel Lord Scrope, Earl of Sunderland. It is much demolished with age, and the ruins of time, serving as a receptacle for bats, owls, and jackdaws. The situation commands an extensive prospect, interesting and picturesque, and forms a scene, which sets description at defiance.—CAMDEN—DUGDALE—GROSE.

BOLTON, EAST and WEST, the former comprises 2 *f. h.* and the latter, one, both in the township of Bolton and parish of Wensley; 5½ miles from Leyburn.

BOLTON-HALL, (*the seat of the Hon. Thomas Orde Powlett.*) in the township of Preston and parish of Wensley; 2½ miles from Leyburn.

This mansion of the noble family of the Powletts, was built by the *Marquis of Winchester*, first Duke of Bolton, in 1678.—GROSE. It stands in nearly the centre Wensleydale.

BOLTON-UPON-SWALE, in the parish of Catterick, wapentake of Gilling-East; 3 miles from Catterick, 6 from Richmond, 10 from Northallerton.—Population 109. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Richmond, diocese of Chester, value, p. r. 58*l.* 12*s.* 10*d.* Patron, the Vicar of Catterick.

Here is a handsome pyramid which marks the grave of *Henry Jenkins*, the oldest Englishman upon record.—*For further account of him see Ellerton.*

BOOZ, ham. in the township and parish of Arkengarthdale; 3 miles from Reeth, 18 from Brough, (*Westm.*)

BORKESGILL, *f. h.* in the township of Carlton-high-dale and parish of Coverham; 7½ miles from Middleham.

BORROWBY, in the parish of Lythe, east-division of Langbarough; 9 miles from Whitby, 12 from Guisborough.—Population 64.

BORROWBY, in the parish of Leak, wapentake of Allertonshire;

5 miles from Northallerton and Thirsk.—Pop. 267. A part of this village is in the wapentake of Birdforth, and forms a township of itself, under the name of Geldable, (*ad Geldam*)—Pop. 128.

BORWINS, 3*f. h.* in the township of Bainbridge and parish of Aysgarth; 2 miles from Hawes.

BOSSALL, *ham.* and parish in the township of Buttercrambe with Bossall, wapentake of Bulmer: 10 miles from York, 8 from Malton, 13 from Easingwold.—Population 31. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Botolph, in the deanry of Bulmer, value 12*l.* Patron, the Dean and Chapter of Durham.

BOULBY, in the township and parish of Easington, east division of Langbarugh; 11 miles from Whitby and Guisbrough.

A branch of the ancient family of the *Congers* resided here for many generations, whose mansion is now converted into a farm-house; over the door of which, on a square stone, is an escutcheon bearing the arms of that family.

BOW-BANK, 3 or 4 *h.* in the township of Lunedale and parish of Romalldkirk; 9 miles from Barnardcastle, (*Dur.*)

BOWES, a parish town in the wapentake of Gilling-West; 4 miles from Barnardcastle, (*Dur.*) 6 from Greta-bridge, 13 from Brough, (*Westm.*) 16 from Richmond, 60 from York.—Pop. 1,095. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Giles, in the deanry of Richmond, diocese of Chester, value, p. r. †10*sl.* 4*s.* 10*d.* Patron, Thos. Harrison, Esq.

At the west-end of the church, lie the remains of *Roger Wrightson* and *Martha Railton*, both of Bowes. The mutual attachment of this humble pair, "who died for the love of each other," gave rise to the ballad of some celebrity, called "*Bowes Tragedy*;" or, a *Pattern of True Love*;" and *Mallet's* beautiful and pathetic poem of *Edwin and Emma* is founded on this story. Here is a free Grammar-school founded and endowed by the late *William Hutchinson, Esq.* of Delro, Hertfordshire, about the year 1693. The endowment, according to *Carlisle*, is worth 339*l.* 13*s.* per annum. There are six scholarships at Pembroke-Hall, Cambridge, for superannuated scholars from Merchant Taylor's school; and for one scholar, educated at the free-school at Bowes, each 40*l.* per annum, and may be held seven years. *Bowes* is of great antiquity, being once a Roman station. At the N. W. angle of which stands the remains of a Castle, built out of the ruins of the Roman fortress, by *Alan Niger*, the first Earl of that title, who placed therein William his relation, with 500 archers to defend it against some insurgents in Cumberland and Westmorland, confederated with the Scots. It is situated on the brink of a hill declining swiftly to the southward, at whose foot runs the river *Greta*. It is built in the form of a square. This castle appears to have belonged to *John de Dreux*, Earl of Richmond, in the reign of Edward III. who granted it to *Mary St. Paul*, the Countess of Pembroke, in the 5th of the same reign; from her it passed to *John Duke of Bedford*, third son of Henry IV. who died possessed of it; it afterwards devolved on Henry VI. It is now as well as the toll for cattle passing through the manor of Bowes, the property of *Henry Percy Pulleine, Esq.* The town of Bowes is situated on the Roman military way, called by *Antoninus, Iarutrac*. This station, occupying the field called the "*Baile*," and the church-yard, is an exact square consisting of four acres: the south vallum is very perfect. Coins of *Hadrian*, *Vespasian*, *Constantine*, *Nero*, *Faustina*, *Severus*, &c. as well as Roman altars, remains of baths and aqueducts have been found here:—An old stone was used some time ago, in the church, as a communion table, with an inscription in honour of Hadrian. —CAMDEN—HORSLEY—GROSE. Bowes-Hall, the ancient seat of the family of *Brunskell*, is now the property of Thos. Harrison, Esq. as patron of the church.

BOWFORTH, *f. h.* in the township of Welburn and parish of Kirbymoorside 2½ miles from Kirbymoorside, 6 from Helmsley.

BRACKENBROUGH, *f. h.* in the township of Brough and parish of Catterick; 1 mile from Catterick, 5 from Richmond.

BRACKENBY, *f. h.* in the township of Barton and parish of Gilling; 7 miles from Darlington, (*Dur.*) $7\frac{1}{2}$ from Richmond.

BRADLEY, *ham.* in the township of Carlton-high-dale and parish of Coverham, wapentake of Hang-West; 9 miles from Middleham.

BRAFFERTON, a parish-town in the wapentake of Bulmer; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Boroughbridge, 6 from Easingwold, 9 from Ripon, 16 from York.—Population 178. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Peter, in the deanry of Bulmer, value, $\pounds 9l.$ 15s. 6d. p. r. $\pounds 79l.$ 10s. Patron, the King.

On the outside of the chancel (south) are the arms of the Nevilles and other quarterings, carved on stone, and underneath, running round in Saxon Monastic Characters: "*orate pro animo Radulphi Neville fundatoris hujus Ecclesie*"—" *soli deo honor et gloria*!" and on the largest bell is also inscribed "*Radulphus Neville Armiger, f. H. S. 1598.*"

BRANDSBY, a parish, in the township of Brandsby-cum-Stearby, wapentake of Bulmer: (*Brandsby-Hall, the seat of Francis Cholmley, Esq.*) 6 miles from Easingwold, 14 from Malton and York.—Pop. including Stearby, 277. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Bulmer, value $9l.$ 8s. $11\frac{1}{2}d.$ Patron, Francis Cholmley, Esq.

BRANSDALE, EAST and WEST-SIDE, a dale, in the wapentake of Rydale: the East-side of which is in the township of Farndale, High-Quarter, and parish of Kirbymoorside; and the West-side, a township of itself, in the parish of Kirkdale; 8 miles from Helmsley and Kirbymoorside.—Pop. West-side, included in Skiplam.

BRAITHWAITE-HALL, *f. h.* in the township of East Witton-within, and parish of East-Witton; 2 miles from Middleham.

BRAMPTON or **BRANTON**, *f. h.* in the township of Langthorpe, and parish of Kirby-on-the-Moor; 2 miles from Boroughbridge.

This place was for several generations the residence of the ancient family of the *Tancred*s.

BRAWITH-HALL, (*the seat of Warcop Consell, Esq.*) in the township of Knayton-cum-Brawith, and parish of Leak; 4 miles from Thirsk, 5 from Northallerton.

BRAWARTH *f. h.* in the township of Skutterskelfe, and parish of Stokesley; 2 miles from Stokesley.

BRAWBY, in the parish of Salton, wapentake of Rydale, liberty of St. Peter; 7 miles from Kirbymoorside, $7\frac{1}{2}$ from Malton, 8 from Helmsley.—Population 188.

BRAWBY-GRANGE, *f. h.* in the township of Brawby, and parish of Salton; 7 miles from Pickering and Kirbymoorside.

BRECKENBROUGH, in the township of Newsham-cum-Breckenbrough and parish of Kirby-Wiske, wapentake of Birdforth, (*the seat of John Lineage Armitage, Esq.*) $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Thirsk, $7\frac{1}{2}$ from Northallerton, $9\frac{1}{2}$ from Ripon. Pop. included in Newsham.

This place, consisting of four farms, formerly belonged to the ancient family of the *Lascelles*, "where," as *Belund* says, "*Master Lascelles hath builded a very praty house.*" Sir Thomas Lascelles died here May, 1619.

BRIGNALL, a parish-town in the wapentake of Gilling-West; $\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Greta-bridge, 4 from Barnardcastle, (*Durham*) 13 from Richmond, 55 from York.—Population 216. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Richmond, diocese of Chester, value 8*l.* 12*s.* 6*d.* Patron, the King.

BRISCOE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Lythe; 6 miles from Whitby.

BRISCOE, EAST, in the township of Cotherstone, and parish of Romalldkirk; 6 miles from Barnardcastle, (*Durham*.)

BRISCOE, WEST, in the same township and parish; $7\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Barnardcastle, (*Dur.*) 13 from Greta-bridge.

BROAKES-GILL, *f. h.* in the township of Hipswell, and parish of Catterick; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Richmond.

BROATES, 2 *h.* in the township and parish of Pickering; 2 miles from Pickering, 9 from Kirbymoorside.

BROATES-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Salton.

BROCKEN-GILL, *f. h.* in the township of Coverham, with Agglethorpe, and parish of Coverham; $2\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Middleham.

BROMAKIN-GRANGE, *f. h.* in the township of Exilby, Newton, and Leeming, and parish of Burneston; 2 miles from Bedale.

BROMPTON, a parish-town in the wapentake of Pickering-Lythe; (*the seat of Sir George Caley, Bart.*) 8 miles from Scarborough, 10 from Pickering, 14 from Malton, 32 from York.—Pop. 516. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Rydale, value, $\pm 12*l.* p. r. 31*l.*$ Patron, ¶ Sir Geo. Caley, Bart.

Of this place the celebrated Monkish historian, *John of Brompton* was a native. He was a Cistercian Monk and Abbot of *Jerveaux-Abley* in Richmondshire. The "Chronicon that goes under his name begins at the year 558, when *Augustin*, the monk came into England, and is carried on to the death of Richard the II. anno domini 1198." But *Seldon* says, "that this chronicle does not belong to the person whose name it goes under, and that John of Brompton, the Abbot, did only procure it for his monastery of Jerveaux." This historian has borrowed pretty freely from *Roger Hoveden*. His chronicle is printed in the "*Decem Script. Hist. Ang.*" The family of the *Cayleys*, formerly from Norfolk, but who have resided here upwards of two centuries, is very ancient. William Cayley received the honour of knighthood, March 2, 1641; and for his services to King Charles I. and II. was created a baronet, April 20, 1661. The present Sir George is the sixth baronet.

¶ It would seem as if the Rev. J. Cayley, the present incumbent, was intitled, to some share in the right of presentation, being possessed of a third part of the Glebe-land, charged with the payment of a third part of the repairs of the Church, an annual payment to his Grace the Archbishop of York, and a part of the annual stipend to the Vicar.

BROMPTON, in the parish of Northallerton, wapentake of Allertonshire; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Northallerton, $13\frac{1}{2}$ from Yarm, $14\frac{1}{2}$ from Stokesley.—Pop. 1,223. The Church is a perpetual curacy, Patron, the Vicar of Northallerton.

BROMPTON-GRANGES, 3 *f. h.* in the township of Brompton, and parish of Northallerton; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Northallerton.

BROMPTON, EAST, in the township of Patrick-Brompton, and parish of Bedale. It is separated from Patrick-Brompton by a small brook.

BROMPTON, PATRICK, *see Patrick-Brompton*.

BROMPTON-UPON-SWALE, in the parish of Easby, wapentake of Gilling East; 2 miles from Catterick, 3 from Richmond.—Pop. 388.

BROOMFIELD, *f. h.* in the township of Romanby, and parish of Northallerton; 1 mile from Northallerton.

BROTON, in the parish of Skelton, east division of Langbarugh; 6 miles from Guisbrough, 15 from Whitby. It is an ancient Chapelry dependant on the church of Skelton, enjoying parochial rights.—Pop. 332.

BROUGH, a township, in the parish of Catterick, wapentake of Hang-East, (*Brough Hall, the seat of Sir Henry Mair Lawson, Bart.*) 5 miles from Richmond, 7 from Bedale.—Pop. 90.

Brough-Hall formerly belonged to the ancient family of *Brough*, from whom it had its name, and from them came into the present family by marriage. It has been built above 200 years, but considerably improved and altered to its present state, by the last *Sir John Lawson*, who added the wings. The family from whom this is descended, were for many generations seated at Burwell, in Northumberland.—*Sir John*, the first baronet, created July 6, 1665, was captain of horse in the army of Charles I. in whose service his elder brother Henry was slain.—*Sir Henry*, the present and 6th baronet succeeded his brother John, June 27, 1811.

BROUGHTON, in the parish of Appleton-le-Street, wapentake of Rydale; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Malton, $12\frac{1}{2}$ from Kirbymoorside.—Population 94.

BROUGHTON, GREAT, in the parish of Kirkby, west-division of Langbarugh; 3 miles from Stokesley, 9 from Guisbrough, 10 from Yarm.—Pop. 517.

BROUGHTON, LITTLE, *f. h.* in the township of Great-Broughton; 2 miles from Stokesley.

BROXA, in the parish of Hackness, wapentake of Whitby-Strand; 7 miles from Scarborough, $15\frac{1}{2}$ from Whitby, 18 from Pickering. Population 1,702.

BULLAMOOR-HOUSES, 3 or 4 *h.* in the township and parish of Northallerton; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Northallerton, 9 from Thirsk.

BULMER, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Bulmer; 6 miles from Malton, 13 from Easingwold, 14 from York.—Pop. 339. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Martin, in the deanry of Bulmer, value 11*l.* Patron, Earl Fitzwilliam.

Bulmer was formerly the seat of the ancient family of the *Idels*.

BULMER, a wapentake, the most southerly in the Riding; extends to the very walls of York, and is bounded on the east by the East-Riding, and on the west by the West-Riding. It comprises 65 townships, of which 33 are parish-towns, and one market-town, containing 2,800 inhabited houses, and 15,535 inhabitants.

BUMPER-CASTLE, (*a Shooting-Box*) in the township of Bilsdale, West-side, and parish of Hawnby; 8 miles from Helmsley.

BURNESTON, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Hallikeld; $3\frac{1}{2}$ from Bedale, 9 from Masham, $9\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Ripon, 30 from York.—Pop. 288. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Lambert, in the deanry of Catterick, diocese of Chester, value 37*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* Patron, Gregory Elsiey, Esq.

Here is an Hospital or Alms-house, and a Free-school, founded and endowed in 1681, by the late *Rev. Dr. Robinson*, vicar of Burneston.

BURNISTON, in the parish of Scalby, wapentake of Pickering-Lythe; 4 miles from Scarborough, 17 from Whitby. Pop. 345.

BURRELL, in the parish of Bedale, wapentake of Hang-East; 2 miles from Bedale, 7 from Masham.—Pop. 113.

BURTERSET, *ham.* in the township of Hawes, and parish of Aysgarth; 1 mile from Hawes, 4 from Askrigg.

BURTON, in the township of Burton-with-Walden, and parish of Aysgarth, wapentake of Hang-West, (*the seat of William Purchas, Esq.*) 5½ miles from Askrigg, 8½ from Leyburn.—Pop. including Walden, 478.

BURTON-CONSTABLE, in the parish of Fingall, wapentake of Hang-West; (*Burton-Hall, the seat of the Rev. Christopher Wyville.*) 5 miles from Leyburn and Middleham, 5½ from Richmond.—Pop. 204.

Burton-Constable is surrounded by one of the largest parks in Richmondsire, abounding with wood, and the house which is a modern magnificent fabric, with a portico to two fronts, to make room for which, a house, designed by *Inigo Jones*, is said to have been demolished by the presumption of an architect, in the owner's absence, and contrary to his instructions. WHITTAKER.

BURTON, HIGH, and **BURTON, LOW, HALL**, § 2 *f. h.* in the township of Burton-upon-Ure, and parish of Masham; the former 1 mile, and the latter ½ a mile from Masham.

BURTON-HOUSE, and **MILL**, in the township of Burton-upon-Ure, and parish of Masham; ½ mile from Masham.

BURTON, HUM, *see Humberton.*

BURTON-UPON-URE, a township, in the parish of Masham, wapentake of Hang-East; 2 miles from Masham, 5½ from Bedale.—Pop. 170.

BUSBY, GREAT, in the parish of Stokesley, west-division of Langbarugh; 3 miles from Stokesley, 10 from Yarm, 14 from Northallerton.—Pop. 117.

BUSBY, LITTLE, in the township of Great-Busby, and parish of Stokesley, west-division of Langbarugh; (*Busby-Hall, the seat of the Rev. George Marwood*) 3½ miles from Stokesley, 10 from Yarm, 13 from Northallerton.

The family of the *Marwoods* appear to have resided here since 1600, though originally from Nunthorpe.—Graves. In 1745, Busby-Hall was in the possession of *Mrs Turner*, widow of Cholmley Turner, Esq. who bequeathed it to the late William Marwood, Esq.

BUSBY-STOOP, *p. h.* in the township of Sandhutton, and parish of Thirsk; 3 miles from Thirsk, 8 from Ripon, 9 from Northallerton, 10 from Boroughbridge.

Busby-Stoop, so called from a per on of that name, being gibbeted here for the murder of *Daniel Axtie*, about 1702, whose daughter Busby had married.

BUTCHER-HOUSES, *ham.* in the townships of Kirklington and Ainderby-Quernhow, and parishes of Kirklington and Pickhill; 7 miles from Ripon, 7½ from Thirsk, 8 from Bedale.

BUTTERCRAMBE, in the parish of Bossall, wapentake of Bulmer; 10 miles from York and Malton, 15 from Easingwold. — Pop. 235.

BUTTERWICK, in the parish of Barton-le-Street, wapentake of

Rydale; 7 miles from Kirbymoorside, 8 from Malton, 10 from Helmsley.—Pop. including Newsam. 50.

BYLAND, in the parish of Coxwold, wapentake of Birdforth; 6 miles from Helmsley, 7 from Easingwold, 10 from Thirsk.—Population of Byland and its Members, 372.

Here are the remains of the magnificent *Abbey of Byland*, situated in a rich valley, separated from *Rivaulx*, by the hilly ridge of Hambleton. According to *Dugdale*, this Abbey was founded in 1134, by *Roger de Mowbray*, and valued at the dissolution at 238*l.* 9*s.* 4*d.* It had a noble cathedral and monastery, and was dedicated to the blessed Virgin, and continued to the general dissolution. It was surrendered in 1540, by John Leeds, the last Abbot, and twenty-four Monks. The site was granted to Sir Wm. Pickering, Knight.—*Willis*. It would seem from *Speed*, that Roger de Mowbray originally founded this monastery at *Hude*, (Hood-Grange) in 1134, and at the instance of his mother, in 1143, removed it to a part of her jointure near the river Rye, at Byland, opposite to the Abbey of *Rivaulx*, since called *Old Byland*, which place being thought inconvenient for Religious, four years afterwards they removed to *Stoking*, near Coxwold; and at last fixed a little more easterly, near Whitaker, where it continued in a flourishing state till the general dissolution. It is now the property of *Martin Stapylton, Esq.* of Myton-Hall.

BYLAND-MEMBRIS, a township, comprehending Byland, Wass, and Oldstead.

BYLAND, OLD, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Birdforth; 4 miles from Helmsley, 9 from Thirsk, 25 from York.—Pop. 133. The Church is a perpetual curacy, in the deanry of Rydale, value, p. r. £44*l.* Patron, Sir George Wombwell, Bart.

C

CALDBERGH, in the parish of Coverham, wapentake of Hang Gilling-
West; 4 miles from Middleham, and Leybarn, 11 from Masham.—Pop. 103.

CALDWELL, in the parish of St. John Stanwick, wapentake of Gilling-West; 7 miles from Barnardcastle, (*Durham*) 9 from Richmond.—Pop. 188.

This has been a very considerable place and of great antiquity, near the *Ermine-street*, leading to Greta-bridge and Lavatæ, between which stations another road branched off in a direct line, and crossed the *Tees* at *Thorngate*, a street so called in *Barnardcastle*.—*Archæol.* "There appere," says *Leland*, "ruines of buildinges at Cawdewelle village;" again, "Cawdewell is so cauldid from a little font or spring, by the ruines of the olde place, and so remuith into a beke halfe a quarter of a mile of."

CALVERT-HOUSES, *ham.* in the township of Muker, and parish of Grinton, wapentake of Gilling-West, (*the seat of Major Metcalfe*); 8 miles from Reeth.

CAMP-HILL (*the seat of William Rooks Leeds Serjeantson, Esq.*) in the township of Carthorpe, and parish of Burneston; 5 miles from Bedale, 7 from Masham, 7½ from Ripon, 13 from Borough-bridge.

CAMS-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township of Low-Abbotside, and parish of Aysgarth; 2½ miles from Hawes and Askrigg.

CARKIN, in the parish of Gilling, wapentake of Gilling-West; 7 miles from Richmond, 8 from Darlington, (*Dur.*)—Pop. 24.

CARLTON, *ham.* in the township and parish of Stockton-on-the Forest, wapentake of Bulmer; 4 miles from York.

CARLTON, (*in Coverdale*) in the parish of Coverham, wapentake of Hang-West; 5 miles from Middleham, 6 from Leyburn.—Population 280.

In this Dale was born, in 1487, *Miles Coverdale*, the learned *Bishop of Exeter*, to which See he was collated in 1551, on account of his extraordinary knowledge in Divinity, and unblemished character. On the accession of Queen Mary he was ejected from his see, and thrown into prison, out of which he was released at the earnest request of the King of Denmark, after two years confinement, and only banished the realm. At the accession of Elizabeth, he returned to England, but refused the Bishopric, and lived privately to the age of 81 years. He died in 1568, and was buried in Bartholomew's, behind the Exchange. He was the next translator of the Bible after Wickliffe, which appeared in 1535.—It was dedicated to King Henry VIII. and was the first English Bible allowed by Royal Authority; and the first translation of the whole Bible printed in our language.—CHALMERS.

CARLTON, a parish-town, in the west-division of Langbarugh; (*the seat of Joshua Reeves, Esq.*) 3 miles from Stokesley, 10 from Yarm, 13½ from Northallerton, 40 from York.—Population 260. The Church is a perpetual curacy, in the deanry of Cleveland, value, p. r. 52l. 15s. Patron, Joshua Reeves, Esq.

CARLTON, in the township and parish of Helmsley; 2 miles from Helmsley, 7 from Kirbymoorside.

CARLTON and **CARLTON-HALL**, (*the seat of Samuel Barrett Moulton Barrett, Esq.*) in the townships of Stanwick and Aldbrough, and parish of St. John Stanwick, wapentake of Gilling-West; 7 miles from Darlington, (*Dur.*) 8 from Richmond.

CARLTON-HIGH-DALE, a township, in the parish of Coverham, wapentake of Hang-West; 7 miles from Middleham.—Pop. 397.

CARLTON-HUSTHWAITE, (*the seat of Valentine Kitchingman, Esq.*) in the parish of Husthwaite, wapentake of Birdforth; 6 miles from Easingwold, 7 from Thirsk.—Pop. 153. Here is a Chapel of ease to Husthwaite.

CARLTON-MINIOTT, in the parish of Thirsk, wapentake of Birdforth, liberty of St. Peter; 2 miles from Thirsk, 9 from Ripon.—Pop. 221.—St. Peter's, 169, total, 390. Carlton-Miniott with Sandhutton, is a perpetual curacy, in the deanry of Bulmer, Patron, the Archbishop of York.

CARPERBY, in the parish of Aysgarth, wapentake of Hang-West; 4 miles from Askrigg, 7 from Leyburn.—Pop. 283.

CARPLEY-GREEN, *f. h.* in the township of Bainbridge, and parish of Aysgarth; 5 miles from Hawes.

CARR-BRIDGE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of West-Rounton, wapentake of Allertonshire; 7 miles from Yarm, 8 from Northallerton.

CARR-END, (*the seat of William Fothergill, Esq.*) in the township of Bainbridge, and parish of Aysgarth; 3½ miles from Askrigg.

Here, in 1712, was born *Dr. John Fothergill*, son of John and Margaret Fothergill, Quakers.—He received his education under the care of his grandfather, Thomas Hough, in Cheshire, and at Sedburgh, in this county. After his apprenticeship, he removed to London, in 1736, where he studied two years, and

then went to Edinburgh: he afterwards visited Leyden, France, and Germany, and in 1740, settled in London. Dr. Fothergill was a man of amiable manners, a skilful Physician, a great encourager of learning, and an excellent Botanist. His works consisting chiefly of medical pieces, have been printed in 3 vols. 8vo. with his Life prefixed. He formed a Botanical Garden at Upton, in Essex, and liberally endowed the seminary for young Quakers at Aekworth. The fortune which he acquired, was computed at 80,000*l*. He died at his house in Harpur Street, Dec. 26, 1780.—*Larson's Libr.*, &c.

CARR-HALL, (*the seat of Mrs Holt*) in the township of Ruswarp, and parish of Whitby: 3 miles from Whitby.

CARTHORPE, in the parish of Burneston, wapentake of Hallikeld; 4½ miles from Bedale, 7 from Masham, 8½ from Ripon.—Pop. 301.

CASTLE-BANK, *f. h.* in the township of Bolton, and parish of Wensley: 5½ miles from Leyburn.

CASTLE-HOWARD, (*the seat of the Earl of Carlisle*) extraparochial, in the township of Hinderskelfe, and wapentake of Bulmer; 6 miles from Malton, 12 from Helmsley, 15 from York and Easingwold.

Here was an old Castle called *Hinderskelf Castle*, built in the reign of Edward III. which was burnt down; and on the place where it stood, the *Right Hon. Charles Howard, Earl of Carlisle*, built the present noble and magnificent Seat, from a design of *Sir John Vanbrugh*, in the same style as *Blenheim-House*, and is esteemed one of the finest mansions in the county. It has a longer line of front than *Blenheim-house*, its exterior is magnificently grand, and the state apartments are particularly distinguished for their princely appearance. The fine collection of Paintings, Statues, Antique Busts, &c. with which this noble mansion is enriched, must afford the highest gratification to the admirers of the fine arts; whilst the liberality of the noble proprietor entitles him to the praise and gratitude of the public, for allowing them to view this elegant repository of taste and refinement. The walls are adorned with numerous and excellent paintings, a detail of which would be too extensive for our insertion. The paintings of the three *Maries* by *Annibale Carracci*, has always been considered as the great Treasure of *Castle-Howard*, which for colouring, composition, expression, and pathos, and for every quality that constitutes excellence in the art, cannot be surpassed. In the park is a stately obelisk, upwards of 100 feet high, in the centre of four fine avenues, on which is the following inscription:—

Virtuti et fortunæ
Johannis Marlburie ducis,
Patriæ Europæque defensoris,
hæc Saxum,
Admiratori ac Luncæ Sacrum
Carolus comes Carliol. posuit
Anno Domini, M.DCC.XIV.

Near the north front of the house is an extensive sheet of water, which richly merits the more dignified appellation of a lake; broad and beautiful, it spreads over an expanse of many acres; and not far from it is an elegant monument, erected by the proprietor of this noble mansion, to commemorate the victories of our immortal Nelson: on three sides of it are inscribed in letters of gold, the names of *ABOTKER*, *COPENHAGEN*, and *TRAFALGAR*. The mausoleum, situated in the Park, is a circular edifice crowned with a dome, and surrounded by a handsome colonade of doric pillars. Over the vault is an elegant circular chapel, 34 feet in diameter. The noble family of the Howards have often filled, since the time of Henry VI. the highest offices of the State, and always made an honourable figure in English History. The present head of this illustrious family, *Frederick Howard, Earl of Carlisle*, Viscount Daeræ, and Knight of the Garter, was born May 28, 1748. Heir apparent—George Viscount Morpeth, eldest son of the present Earl, and M. P. for Cumberland.

CASTLETON, *ham.* in the township and parish of Danby, east-

division of Langbarough; 9 miles from Guisbrough, 12 from Stokesley, 14 from Whithy.

Castleton appears to have been so called, from an ancient castle which stood here; and of which there are still some evident remains; but at what period this fortification, which seems to have been of a circular form, was erected, our accounts are silent.—GRAVES. It is now the principal place in *Danby-Dale*.

CATGILL-HALL, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Danby-Wiske; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Northallerton.

CATTERICK, a post and parish-town, in the wapentake of Hang-East; 5 miles from Richmond, 7 from Bedale, 13 from Northallerton, 15 from Darlington, (*Dur.*) and Grethbridge, 17 from Yarm, 21 from Bishop-auckland, (*Dur.*) 39 from York.—Pop. 561. The Church is a vicarage, in the deanry of Catterick, diocese of Chester, dedicated to St. Anne, value, 25*l.* 2*s.* 1*d.* Patron, the King.

It is a place of great antiquity, and was unquestionably a Roman city. Here the Roman road, the great *Ermine Street* (which in Saxon signifies a military way) crossed the river. The first cohort of the *Thracians* was garrisoned here when *Virus Lupus* was Proprietor of Britain. Catterick is called *Cattaractonum* and *Cateracton* by *Ptolemy*, and *Cataracta* by *Bede*: the former of which confers no small honor on it, in his second book of geography, from thence taking an observation of the posture of the heavens, describing the 24th parallel through this place, and making it distant from the equator fifty-seven degrees. *Cade* supposes this place to have been honoured with an academy for the study of the sciences, and that, he thinks, the high mountain mentioned by *Camden* and other authors, was the place set apart for astronomical observations.—*ARCHÆOL.* He considers *Burgh* to have been the quarter including the Mint; Thornbrough the station; and the limits of the city from the village to the bridge. But whatever the Roman city was, it has now, as *Camden* observes, nothing great but the memory of what it once was, having been totally destroyed by the Danes; and the modern Catterick is now only a village. "Keterick," says *Leland*, "is now a very poor town." Here is an hospital for 6 poor widows, and teaching poor children, founded and endowed in 1658, by the Rev. *Snydale*—present value, 4*8l.* per annum.

CATTERICK-BRIDGE and INN, in the township of Brough, and parish of Catterick; 1 mile north from Catterick.

Of this place *Dr. Whitaker* observes, "that whereas *Camden* understands by the *vicus juxta Cataractum*, a village near the Cataract, I should conceive that he means the village near the *Roman Cataractonum*, which was certainly by the present bridge; and that the village meant by *Bede* is the modern town of Catterick, which, from the *site* of the church, I conceive to have been the Saxon town." Upon the south-end of this bridge was formerly a Chapel or Oratory, where, as tradition tells us, Mass was said every day at eleven o'clock for the benefit of Travellers. By whom or at what time it was founded is not said or known. At present it is used as a coal magazine for the adjacent Inn.—*GROSE*.

CATTO, *f. h.* in the township of Landmoth, and parish of Leak; 4 miles from Northallerton, $6\frac{1}{2}$ from Thirsk.

CATTON, in the parish of Topcliffe, wapentake of Birdforth; 5 miles from Thirsk, 8 from Ripon.—Pop. 99.

CAWTHORNE, 2 *f. h.* in the township of Cropton-with-Cawthorne, parish of Middleton, wapentake of Pickering-Lythe; 4 miles from Pickering.

CAWTON, in the parish of Gilling, wapentake of Rydale; 6 miles from Helmsley, 9 from Kirbymoorside.—Pop. 105.

CAYTON, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Pickering-Lythe; 4 miles from Scarborough, 19 from Pickering.—Pop. including

Killerby and Deepdale 447. Here is a Chapel dedicated to St. Leonard.

CHAPEL-HILL. *f. h.* in the township of East-Tanfield, and parish of Kirklington: 6 miles from Ripon. 7 from Bedale.

From the name of this house, and a field adjoining, called to this day *Chapel-garth*, and the foundations of a building, we are led to suppose there has, at some distant period, been a Chapel of ease here.

CITTADILLA. *p. h.* in the township of Brompton-upon-Swale, and parish of Easby; 2 miles from Catterick, 3 from Richmond, 11 from Northallerton.

CLAXTON. in the parish of Bossall. wapentake of Bulmer; 8 miles from York, 11 from Malton, 13 from Easingwold.—Pop. 135.

CLEASBY, a parish-town. in the wapentake of Gilling-East; 5 miles from Darlington, (*Dur*) 11 from Richmond, 47 from York.—Pop. 147. The Church is a perpetual curacy, in the deanry of Richmond, diocese of Chester. Patron, the Dean and Chapter of Ripon.

In this obscure village was born in 1650, *Dr. John Robinson*, a distinguished prelate and statesman. He was educated at Oriel College, Oxford—In 1710 he was preferred to the bishopric of Bristol, and while in that situation plenipotentiary at the treaty of Utrecht; in 1714 translated to the see of London, which he held till April 1723, when he died at Fulham. At this place of his nativity, he built the Chapel, Parsonage house, and added a school. The latter is endowed with 16 acres of land, valued at 20 or 22*l.* per annum, for teaching 6 boys.

CLEAVES. *f. h.* in the township of Sutton-under-Whitestonecliff, and parish of Feliskirk: 3½ miles from Thirsk.

CLEVELAND-PORT. formerly **CARGOFLEET**, in the township and parish of Ormesby, west-division of Langbarugh; 8½ miles from Guisbrough, 9 from Stokesley and Stockton.

From this small port, which is situated upon the River Tees, about two thirds of the produce of Cleveland are shipped and sent coastwise to London, Newcastle, and other markets. The trade carried on here averages nearly 1000*l.* per day throughout the year.—GRAVES.

CLIFFE. in the parish of Manfield, wapentake of Gilling-West; (*the seat of Henry Witham, Esq.*) 5 miles from Darlington, (*Dur.*) 10 from Richmond, 11 from Barnardcastle. (*Dur.*)

CLIFTON, in the parishes of St. Michael-le-Belfrey and St. Olave, York, wapentake of Bulmer. liberty of St. Peter, adjoins the north side of York.—Pop. 269.—St. Peter's, 200, total, 469.

CLIFTON. a township. in the parish of Thornton-Watlas, wapentake of Hang-East.—Pop. 50. In this township and parish is

CLIFTON-CASTLE. (*the seat of Timothy Hutton, Esq.*) 2½ miles from Masham, 4½ from Bedale.

In the reign of Edward II. *Geoffrey-le-Scrope*, who had large possessions in these parts, obtained license to make a castle of his house at Clifton-upon-Ure, and also for free warren in all his demesne lands at Clifton, &c.—DUGD. BARON. This castle has long since ceased to exist, and the last remains were removed by the present proprietor in 1802, to make room for the present elegant modern mansion.

CLIFTON-LODGE. (*the seat of John Clerveaux Chaytor, Esq.*)

CLINTS, (*the seat of Thomas Errington, Esq.*) in the township and parish of Marske; 5 miles from Richmond and Reeth.

The time when this mansion was built we are not acquainted with, but from its appearance it is doubtless of great antiquity. It formerly belonged to the family of Willans, from whom it passed to the Bathursts, and from them to the late Sir Charles Turner, who sold it to Miles Stapleton, Esq. of whom the present proprietor purchased it.—ANGUS' VIEWS.

CLOUGHTON, in the parish of Scalby, wapentake of Pickering-Lyth; 5 miles from Scarborough, 16 from Whitby.—Pop. 366.

CLOUGHTON-NEULANDS, a few *f. h.* in the township of Cloughton.

CLOWBECK, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Manfield; 6 miles from Darlington, (*Dur.*)

COAT-BANK-LODGE, (*the seat of D'Oyley Saunders, Esq.*) in the township and parish of Egton; miles from Whitby.

COATHAM, EAST, in the township and parish of Kirkcatham, east-division of Langbarugh; $\frac{1}{2}$ a mile from Redcar, 6 miles from Guisbrough, 14 from Stokesley and Stockton, (*Dur.*) 24 from Whitby. It consists of one row of houses or half street, facing the sea, about a quarter of a mile long, and was formerly a small Fishing-Town. Few people now resort to it for the purpose of bathing, in consequence of its being a greater distance from the sea than Redcar. It has, however, one Inn for the reception of Company, some Lodging-houses, and two Bathing-machines.

COATHAM, WEST, similarly situated as East-Coatham, only nearer the Tees. It is a small hamlet, consisting of a few farms.

COBSHAW, *f. h.* in the township of Langthorne, and parish of Bedale; 2 miles from Bedale.

COCK-BUSH, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Arncliffe; 8 miles from Northallerton and Stokesley.

COCK-MILL, *f. h.* and Mill, in the township of Hausker-with-Stainsacre, and parish of Whitby; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Whitby.

COCKAN, comprising a few houses, in the township of Bransdale west-side, parish of Kirbymoorside, wapentake of Rydale; 10 miles from Kirbymoorside. Here is a Chapel of ease.

COGDEN-HALL, (*the seat of Matthew Whitelock, Esq.*) in the township of Grinton-with-Whiteside, and parish of Grinton, $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Reeth, 7 from Leyburn.

COLBURN, in the parish of Catterick, wapentake of Hang-East; 3 miles from Richmond and Catterick.—Pop. 133.

COLD-CAM, 2 *f. h.* in the township of Byland-Membris, and parish of Low-Kilburn; 6 miles from Helmsley, 8 from Thirsk.

COLD-KIRKBY, *see Kirkby-Cold.*

COLEBY, *ham.* in the township of Helmington, and parish of Stainton, west-division of Langbarugh; 6 miles from Stokesley.

COLDWELL, *see Caldwell.*

COLTON or COULTON, in the parish of Hovingham, wapentake of Rydale; 7 miles from Helmsley, 9 from Kirbymoorside, 12 from Malton.—Pop. 112.

COMBOOTS, *ham.* in the township and parish of Scalby; 5 miles from Scarborough, 15 from Pickering and Whitby.

COMMONDALE, a township, in the parish of Guisbrough, east-

division of Langbarugh; 5 miles from Guisbrough, 9 from Stokesley, 16 from Whitby.—Pop. 86.

This is a narrow secluded Vale, forming the southern boundary of the parish; at which place there was formerly an hermitage or cell to the priory of Guisbrough.—GRAVES.

CONEYSTHORPE, in the parish of Barton, wapentake of Bulmer; 5 miles from Malton, 14 from Easingwold, 16 from York.—Pop. 160.

CORNBROUGH, a township, in the parish of Sheriff-Hutton, wapentake of Bulmer; 7 miles from Easingwold, 9½ from York, 13 from Malton.—Pop. 63.

CORN-PARK, in the township of Cotherston, and parish of Romalldkirk; 6½ miles from Barnardcastle, (*Dur.*) 9½ from Richmond.

COTCLIFFE, *f. h.* and Wood, (extraparochial,) in the township of Landmoth, wapentake and liberty of Allertonshire; 4½ miles from Northallerton, 6 from Thirsk.

COTESCUE, (*the seat of Mrs Smith,*) in the townships of Coverham and Agglethorpe, and parish of Coverham; 1½ mile from Middleham, 3 from Leyburn.

COTHERSTON, in the parish of Romalldkirk, wapentake of Gilling-West, liberty of Richmondshire; 3 miles from Barnardcastle, (*Dur.*) 6 from Greta-bridge, 18 from Richmond.—Pop. 706.

COTTERDALE, *ham.* in the township of High Abbotside, and parish of Aysgarth; 4 miles from Hawes, 9 from Askrigg.

COUNTERSIDE, *ham.* in the township of Bainbridge, and parish of Aysgarth, wapentake of Hang-West, liberty of Richmondshire; 3 miles from Askrigg, and Hawes, 15 from Leyburn.

COVERBRIDGE, *f. h.* and Public-House, a bridge over the cover, in the township of East-Witton, within, and parish of East-Witton; 2 miles from Middleham.

COVERHEAD, *f. h.* in the township of Carlton-high-dale, and parish of Coverham; 11 miles from Middleham.

COVERHAM, a parish in the wapentake of Hang-West, liberty of Richmondshire; 2 miles from Middleham, 3 from Leyburn, 45 from York.—Pop. including Agglethorpe, 131, which being united, form a township. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to the Holy Trinity, in the deanry of Catterick, diocese of Chester, value, *p. r.* †80/. Patron, Sir James Graham, Bart. At a short distance from the church are the small remains of

COVERHAM-ABBEY, which stands on the north-side of the rapid brook of Cover, which gives name to the dale.

This Abbey was built by Radulphus, son of Robert Fitz Ralph, for white Canons of the Premonstrantensian order, about the year 1213, who endowed it with several lands and tenements. He died in 1251, and was buried here. The house is stiled a Priory, by Leland, but Tanner says it was an Abbey. By an inscription in latin which is now placed over the door of Mrs Lister's house, which leads into the garden, it appears that this Monastery was either thoroughly repaired or rebuilt about the latter end of the reign of King Henry VII. It bears the date of 1501, and states the Abbot "finished this house." In building some out-houses, were dug up, some years since, two statues larger than life, habited in the armour of Knights-templars, in a enubent posture, ornamented with foliage and animals, but in a very rude style.—LELAND—DUGDALE—CALE—TANNER. These

statues, in 1812, were placed on each side of the door leading into the garden of Mrs Lister, and which are said to be the figures of the founder of the abbey, and Robert Fitzrandolph, founder of Middleham-Castle. Its revenues at the time of the dissolution, 1538, amounted to 160*l.* 18*s.* 3*d.* clear. It was sold in 1557, to Humphry Orne, for 419*l.* 15*s.*

COWFOLD-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the townships of Exelby, Leeming, and Newton, and parish of Burneston; 2½ miles from Bedale.

COWLING, in the township of Burrell, and parish of Bedale, wapentake of Hang-East; liberty of Richmondshire; 2 miles from Bedale; 5 from Masham, 10 from Richmond.

COWSBY, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Birdforth; 7 miles from Thirsk, 9 from Northallerton, 30 from York.—Pop. 91. The Church, peculiar, is a rectory, dedicated to St. Michael, in the deanry of Cleveland, value, $\pm 5*l.*$ 11*s.* 0½*d.* p. r. 65*l.* Patron, Thomas Alston, Esq. Here is an Hospital for decayed Tennants, vested in the Alston family, but when or by whom founded is uncertain. Lord Crew is the supposed founder.

COWTON, EAST, or LONG, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Gilling-East; 8 miles from Northallerton and Richmond, 9 from Darlington, (*Dur.*) 40 from York.—Pop. 338. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Richmond, diocese of Chester, value, $\pm 4*l.*$ 6*s.* 10½*d.* Patrons, the Trustees of St. John's Hospital, Kirkby-Ravensworth.

COWTON-GRANGE, *f. h.* in the township of Moulton, and parish of Middleton-Tyas; 8 miles from Northallerton, 9 from Darlington. (*Dur.*)

COWTON, NORTH, in the parish of Gilling, wapentake of Gilling-East, liberty of Richmondshire; 8 miles from Richmond, S½ from Northallerton, 10 from Darlington, (*Dur.*)—Pop. 270.

COWTON, SOUTH, in the parish of Gilling, wapentake of Gilling-East; 8 miles from Northallerton and Richmond, 11 from Darlington, (*Dur.*)—Pop. 148. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Mary, under Gilling, value, p. r. $\pm 33*l.*$

These three villages are nearly half a mile from each other.

COXWOLD, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Birdforth; 5 miles from Easingwold, 8 from Helmsley, 9 from Thirsk, 18 from York.—Population 348. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Michael, in the deanry of Bulmer. Patron, T. E. W. Belasyse, Esq. and Lady Charlotte his Wife.

It is a small handsome light gothic building, with an octagonal tower, the inside of which is decorated with several handsome marble monuments, particularly of the Fauconberg family. Near to the church is a Free-Grammar School, founded in 1603, by Sir John Harte, Knight, Citizen and Alderman of London. Here is also a neat Hospital founded in 1696 by Thomas, Earl of Fauconberg, for ten poor *men*; who are provided with blue coats every two years, with an annual stipend, and 5*l.* a year laid out in coals for their use; also another Hospital for eight poor *women*, who each receive 40*s.* and eight bushels of coals annually, and five yards of cloth every two years. This was also founded by one of the Fauconberg family, but at what time is unknown. In 1760, the facetious Laurence Sterne was presented to this curacy by Lord Fauconberg.

CRACKPOT, 2 or 3 *hs.* in the township, and parish of Grinton, wapentake of Hang-West; 5 miles from Reeth.

"At Crackpot were dug up, in the year 1809, several pieces of iron armour, together with several battle axes (I presume) of the same metal; and about a mile from this place is a valley, called the bloody vale, the scene unquestionably of a sanguinary combat at some remote period."—WHITAKER. Crackpot is about 3 miles westward of the encampment, called Maiden-Castle. *IBID.*

CRAGG, *f. h.* in the township of Lartington, and parish of Romalldkirk; 5 miles from Barnardcastle, (*Dur.*) 6 from Greta-bridge.

CRAKE, (*a part of the Bishopric of Durham*) a parish-town, in the wapentake of Bulmer; $2\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Easingwold, 12 from Helmsley and York.—Pop. 538. It is a rectory within the archdeaconry and peculiar jurisdiction of the Dean and Chapter of Durham, value, 10*l.* dedicated to St. Cuthbert, Patron, the Bishop of Durham, who is also Lord of the Manor.

In 685, *King Egfridus* and *Theodore Archbishop of Canterbury*, gave to *St. Cuthbert* this village and several lands about it, that he might, going and returning from York, have a place to rest at; who here built a monastery, not a vestige of which is now to be seen. Here are also the remains of an ancient castle, but by whom built we have not the least information, although *Drake* supposes it to have been a *Castrum exploratorium* of the Romans, and certainly no place could have been better chosen for that purpose. The little that remains of this ancient structure is now used as a farm-house and out-offices. It was given by King Egbricht to the 5th *Cuthbert*.—SIMEON DUNELM.—DRAKE.

CRAKEHALL, *ham.* in the township of Elmyre with Crakehall, and parish of Topcliffe, wapentake of Birdforth; 6 miles from Thirsk, 8 from Ripon.—Pop. included in Elmyre.

CRAKEHALL, in the parish of Bedale, wapentake of Hang-East; (*the seat of Henry Percy Puleine, Esq.*) 2 miles from Bedale, 10 from Richmond.—Pop. 550.

CRAKEHALL, LITTLE, in the township of Crakehall, and only separated from it by a small rivulet.

CRAMBE, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Bulmer; $6\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Malton, $11\frac{1}{2}$ from York, 15 from Easingwold.—Pop. 152. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Michael, in the deanry of Bulmer, value, $\pm 9*l.* 1*s.* 8*d.* p. r. *127*l.* 12*s.* 4*d.*$ Patron, the Archbishop of York.

CRATHORNE, a parish-town, in the west-division of Langbarough; 4 miles from Yarm, 6 from Stokesley, 12 from Northallerton, 38 from York.—Pop. 330. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to All-Saint's, value, 10*l.* 11*s.* 10½*d.* in the deanry of Cleveland, Patron, the Hon. Mrs Cockayne. Here is a Roman Catholic Chapel.

It is the *seat of George Crathorne, Esq.* lineally descended from a family that have been resident here ever since the conquest, and bore as a crest, a *Crake* or *Crow*.—GRAVES.

CRAVEN-HOLME, *f. h.* in the township of Bainbridge, and parish of Aysgarth; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Askrigg, $4\frac{1}{2}$ from Hawes.

CROFT, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Gilling-East; (*a seat of William Chaytor, Esq.*) 4 miles from Darlington, (*Dur.*) 10 from Richmond, 12 from Northallerton, 44 from York.—Pop. 368. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Peter, value, 21*l.* 8*s.* 4*d.*

in the deanry of Richmond, diocese of Chester, Patron, the King.

In the church is an altar-tomb to one of the Milbanks, of Halnaby, and another to the Clavereux, ancestors of the Chaytors. Croft is situated upon the River Tees, over which it has a handsome bridge into the County of Durham. About half a mile west of the village is a mineral spring, to which, during the summer months, many people resort. Here is a good Inn and several new lodging-houses built for the accommodation of visitors. A Treatise on these waters was published by Dr. Cayley a few years ago. In this village was born about the year 1635, *Dr. Thomas Burnett*, a most ingenious and learned writer, the author of the "Theory of the Earth," &c. His early education he received at the Free Grammar-School of Northallerton, from whence he was removed in 1651, to Clare-hall, Cambridge, where he had Dr. Tillotson for his tutor, but afterwards removed to Christ's College, where he was chosen Fellow, and took his degree of M.A. in 1658. In 1685 he was appointed Master of the Charter House; in which situation he opposed the attempt of James II. to place a Papist on the Foundation of that House. After the revolution he was made Chaplain to the King and Clerk of the Closet. He died in 1715.—CHALMERS.

CRONKLEY, *f. h.* in the township of Lamedale, and parish of Romaldkirk; 13 miles from Barnardcastle, (*Dur.*)

CROPTON, in the township of Crompton-with-Cawthorne, and parish of Middleton, wapentake of Pickering-Lythe; 4 miles from Pickering, 5 from Kirbymoorside, 13 from Malton.—Pop. including Cawthorne. 343. Here is a Chapel of ease to Middleton.

"Within about 200 yards of this chapel," says Young in his History of Whitby, "is a round Fort, on a projecting point of the heights where the chapel and chapel-yard are situated. It looks like a very large *tumulus*, and measures 150 feet over, including the height of its sloping sides, and the depth of a trench that encircles its base. Its height may exceed 30 feet. The approaches towards it from the chapel, have been altered, an old Hall, the ruins of which are still discernible, having stood in that direction; from which the fort is called *Hall-garth-hill*; but in the opposite direction, towards the valley, we find a double ditch of great strength, sweeping round the point of the hill, and another ditch round the foot of the hill, defending the approach from the plain. These camps or forts are decidedly British." This Hall or *Castle*, as Drake calls it, is within a quarter of a mile of several Roman camps, one of which is situated upon the Roman road running from Camulodunum to Dunsley, a road which he appears to have taken some pains to discover.

CROSBY, a township, in the parish of Leak, wapentake of Allertonshire; 3 miles from Northallerton, $6\frac{1}{2}$ from Thirsk.—Pop. 39.

CROSBY-COTE, 2 *f. h.* in the township of Thornton-le-beans, and parish of Northallerton; 3 miles from Northallerton.

CROSBY-HALL, (*the seat of the Rev. William Dent*) in the township of Thornton-le-beans, and parish of North-Otterington; $2\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Northallerton, $7\frac{1}{2}$ from Thirsk.

CROSSETT, 2 or 3 *f. h.* in the township of Bilsdale-Midcable, and parish of Helmsley; 8 miles from Helmsley, 12 from Stokesley.

CROSS-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township of Burton-with-Walden, and parish of Aysgarth; $10\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Leyburn.

CROSS-BUTTS, *f. h.* in the township of Ruswarp, and parish of Whitby; 2 miles from Whitby.

CROSTHWAITE, *f. h.* in the township of Holwick, and parish of Romaldkirk; 11 miles from Barnardcastle, (*Dur.*)

CUNDALL, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Hallikeld; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Boroughbridge, 7 from Thirsk, 8 from Ripon, 18 from

York.—Pop. including Leekby, 170. The Church, a mean edifice, situated about $\frac{1}{4}$ of a mile north of the village, is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Mary and All-Saints, in the deanry of Boroughbridge, diocese of Chester, value, p. r. 30*l*. Patron, Mrs Prest. In Bacon, it is styled a vicarage in charge, valued at 3*l*. 6*s*. 8*d*.

D

DALBY, a parish, in the wapentake of Bulmer; 9 miles from Easingwold, 13 from Malton, 15 from York.—Pop. including Skewsby, 169. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Bulmer, value, \pounds 5*l*. 1*s*. 0 $\frac{1}{2}$ *d*. Patron, Mrs Leybourne.

DALBY, 3*f. h.* in the township and parish of Thornton, wapentake of Pickering-Lyth; 5 miles from Pickering.

DALE-END, *ham.* in the township and parish of Danby, wapentake of Langbarugh; 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Guisbrough, 12 $\frac{1}{2}$ from Whitby.

DALE-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township of Borrowby, and parish of Lyth; 13 miles from Whitby and Guisbrough,

DALE-HOUSE MILL, in the township and parish of Hinderwell; 11 miles from Whitby, 13 from Guisbrough.

DALE-TOWN, in the parish of Hawnby, wapentake of Birdforth; 6 miles from Helmsley, 9 from Thirsk.—Pop. 68.

DALTON, in the parish of Topcliffe, wapentake of Birdforth; 5 miles from Thirsk, 7 from Ripon.—Pop. 235.

DALTON, in the parish of Kirkby-Ravensworth, wapentake of Gilling-West; 6 miles from Richmond, and Greta-bridge, 9 from Barnardcastle, (*Dir.*)—Pop. 265.

DALTON-UPON-FEES, in the parish of Croft, wapentake of Gilling-East, liberty of St. Peter; 5 miles from Darlington, (*Dir.*) 10 from Richmond, 11 from Northallerton.—Pop. 167.

DANBY, a parish, in the east-division of Langbarugh; 9 miles from Guisbrough, 12 from Whitby, 14 from Stokesley, 42 from York.—Pop. 1,373. The Church, a modern edifice, is a perpetual curacy, in the deanry of Cleveland, value, p. r. \pounds 90*l*. Patron, Lord Viscount Downe.

North of the Church, on the brow of a naked hill, of no great elevation, stands the remains of Danby Castle, supposed to have been built soon after the conquest, by Robert de Brus; or more probably by William de Latimer, soon after the reign of Edward II. when Danby came to the Latimers by marriage with the daughter of Robert de Thweng, as the arms of Latimer appear in the armorial bearings on the North Wall. From the ruins, we are led to conjecture, that the building has been extensive; but can form no just idea of its strength and ancient grandeur. A farm-house and its offices now occupy a great part of it.—GRAVES.

—CANDEN.

DANBY-BEACON, in the township and parish of Danby; 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Guisbrough and Whitby.

DANBY-HALL, (*the seat of Simon Thomas Scroope, Esq.*) in the township and parish of Thornton-Steward; 2 miles from Middleham, 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ from Leyburn.

The Scropes of Danby have survived every other branch of that illustrious name.—WHITAKER.

DANBY-HILL, (*the seat of the Rev. William Cust*) in the township and parish of Danby-Wiske; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Northallerton, $8\frac{1}{2}$ from Bedale, $13\frac{1}{2}$ from Richmond.

DANBY, LITTLE, *f. h.* in the township of Yafforth, and parish of Danby-Wiske; 3 miles from Northallerton.

DANBY-LODGE, (*the seat of Lord Downe*) in the township and parish of Danby, east-division of Langbarugh; 9 miles Guisbrough. This is a modern built house, and intended merely as a Shooting-Box.

DANBY-WISKE, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Gilling-East; 4 miles from Northallerton, 9 from Bedale, $13\frac{1}{2}$ from Richmond, 36 from York.—Pop. 348. The Church is a rectory, in the deanry of Richmond, diocese of Chester, value, 9*l.* 3*s.* 11½*d.* Patron, the Rev. William Cust, the present rector.

DANOTTA-HALL, *f. h.* in the township and parish Kirby-Wiske; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Thirsk.

DEEPDALE, *f. h.* in the township of West-Harlsey, and parish of Osmotherley.

DEEPDALE, *f. h.* and *cot.* in the township of Suffield-cum-Everley, and parish of Hackness; 6 miles from Scarborough.

DEEPDALE, 2 *f. h.* in the township and parish of Cayton, $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Scarborough.

DEEPDALE-MILL, in the township of Lartington, and parish of Romalldkirk; 1 mile from Barnardcastle, (*Dur.*)

DEIGHTON, in the parish of Northallerton, wapentake of Allertonshire; 5 miles from Northallerton, 10 from Yarm, $11\frac{1}{2}$ from Darlington, (*Dur.*)—Pop. 134. Here is a Chapel of ease.

DIDDERSLEY-GRANGE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Melsonby; 5 miles from Richmond, 7 from Darlington, (*Dur.*)

Didderston or *Didderstey-hill*, by Bede called *Wilfurns Dun*, is memorable for the dispersion of King Oswin's army, and the melancholy catastrophe that succeeded it at *Ingethingrum* or *Gathly*. Opposite is another mount of a conical form, called Clack-hill. King Oswin's life atoned for his in-auspicious temerity, by ostensibly appearing to combat Oswin's army, so exceedingly superior to his own.—*ARCHÆOL.* vol. x. p. 55.—*CAD.*

DINSDALE, OVER, in the parish of Sockburn, (*Dur.*) wapentake of Allertonshire; 6 miles from Darlington, (*Dur.*) 7 from Yarm, 9 from Northallerton.—Pop. 66.

DISHFORTH, in the parish of Topcliffe, wapentake of Hallikeld; 4 miles from Boroughbridge, 5 from Ripon, 7 from Thirsk.—Pop. 340. The Church is a perpetual curacy, value, p. r. †43*l.* Patron, the Vicar of Topcliffe.

DOE-PARK-HALL, or **LEDGARD-HALL**, (*the seat of William Hutchinson, Esq.*) in the township of Hunderthwaite, and parish of Romalldkirk; 4 miles from Barnardcastle, (*Dur.*)

DOWNHOLME, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Hang-West; 4 miles from Reeth, $4\frac{1}{2}$ from Leyburn, 6 from Richmond.—Pop. including Walburn, 251. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Michael, in the deanry of Catterick, diocese of Chester, value, 5*l.* 15*s.* 10*d.* p. r. †88*l.* Patron, T. Hutton, Esq.

DOWTHWAITE-DALE, or HALL, (*the seat of William Shepherd, Esq.*) in the township of Hutton-le-hole, and parish of Lastingham; 3 miles from Kirbymoorside, 9 from Helmsley.

DROMANBY, GREAT, ham. in the township and parish of Kirkby, west-division of Langbarough; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Stokesley, 10 from Guisbrough.

DROMANBY, LITTLE, f. h. in the same township and parish; 3 miles from Stokesley.

DRUID'S TEMPLE, in the township of Ilton-with-Pott, and parish of Masham; 4 miles from Masham.

This place consists of a collection of singularly rude stones, erected at the expence of William Danby, Esq. of Swinton, upon whose moors it is situated.

DUNBOGS, f. h. in the township and parish of Lythe; 6 miles from Whitby.

DUNCOMBE-PARK, (*the seat of Charles Duncombe, Esq.*) in the township of Rievax, and parish of Helmsley; $\frac{1}{2}$ a mile from Helmsley.

This noble seat of the Duncombe family was built from a design of Sir John Vanburgh. "The character of the building is Doric, the east front is rather heavy, but the west presents a good specimen of that order. Here is a noble terrace, terminated by two handsome circular temples, from which is a most beautiful prospect. Embosomed in trees appears the noble tower of Helmsley castle, and near it, occasionally, peeps forth part of the town; and deep beneath is seen a beautiful valley, with the river Rye winding among hanging woods. On entering the hall the spectator is struck with the general air of greatness it conveys; here is a fine piece of sculpture called the *Dog of Alcibiades*, said to be the work of Myron;" DALLAWAY in his description of statuary and sculpture, says "it was discovered at *Monte Cagnuolo*, and procured by Henry Constantine Jennings, Esq. who brought it to England, and from whom it was transferred to Mr Duncombe for a 1000 guineas. It ranks among the five famous dogs of antiquity." Here is also the famous statue called *Discobolus*, which, says *Gilpin*, "is esteemed the first statue in England. It exhibits on every side the justest proportions, and the most pleasing attitudes." "Notwithstanding the prejudice and illiberal language often used against the fame of Sir John Vanburgh as a builder, he certainly contrived to give an air of grandeur to his structures, rarely to be met with. The saloon here (now library) may be adduced among others in proof of the assertion, it possessing an uncommon air of magnificence." It is 87 feet long, and 20 broad, thrown into three divisions by ionic columns, and adorned with four antique statues of Apollo, Bacchus, Mars, and Mercury, also two good busts of Cicero and Horace. The paintings, which are by the first masters, and in the highest estimation, are very numerous—they have been collected with great judgment, and the easy access to the seeing of them, says DAVES, is an honourable testimony of the liberal spirit of their present owner. In this splendid collection of paintings are the scourging of Christ, painted by old Palmer, in successful competition with Titian; the head of St. Paul by Leonardo de Vinci, esteemed the finest work of that great painter; a magnificent Land-storm, by Nicholas Poussin; and a Candle-light Scene (old woman and girl) by Rubens, purchased, it is said, for 1500 guineas. The lovers of poetry will, we presume, feel no small gratification from the perusal of the following poetical description, (never before printed) by the late Rev. Dr. Drake, addressed to Thomas Duncombe, Esq.

*Vos sapere, et solos aio bene vivere, quorum
Conspicitur nitidis, fundata pecunia, villis.*—HORAT.

Attend my muse, inspire the artless strains,
And leave awhile those favor'd southern plains:

'ndulge no more the Poet's rapt'rous theme,
 Where Thames meandering, rolls his silver stream;
 Twickenham's cool grot, or Chiswick's shady bowers,
 Or where fam'd Windsor rears his royal towers;
 Aid me to sing, in these more northern climes,
 Groves yet unknown, and scenes untold in rhymes;
 O! lend me Denham's pleasing fire, and skill,
 Helmsley shall shine in song like Cooper's Hill;
 Here art, and nature, join their friendly aid,
 Rise in Rotund, or stretch in sylvan shade.
 On stately columns see the fabric rise,
 And Babel-like insult th' impending skies;
 Tho' strong, yet light, tho' massive, yet not coarse,
 With all Palladio's ease, and Vanburgh's force;
 Within whose walls immortal Shakespeare shines,
 In Garrick's* action, and in Hogarth's lines;
 Th' expressive features speak the tortur'd breast,
 And all the savage tyrant stands confest:
 Where Saturn's statue bids the iron shade
 Point the swift minutes, as they rise and fade:
 View the long terrace stretch'd on either hand,
 At whose extremes the Roman Temples stand;
 Here various objects in perspective rise,
 Burst on the sight, and strike the wond'ring eyes:
 Extensive groves, that rising by degrees,
 Form a grand Circus 'midst the sloping trees;
 Whilst through the vale the serpentizing flood
 Falls in cascades, and murmurs through the wood:
 Scenes such as these, not Poussin could design,
 Nor Wotton's genius form with rule, or line;
 Nature's chief master-piece! whose every grace
 No muse could fancy, nor no pencil trace;
 Such as in fabled tempe's fertile plains,
 Still shine in song, and live in classic strains.
 Mark where in ruins lies the east retreat
 Of motley Villiers†—once the rich, and great:
 He who'erst liv'd in Charles' careless Court,
 In hours of pleasure, and in scenes of sport;
 Who from his Monarch stole each power to please,
 Lull'd in the softness of that age of ease;
 With ev'ry vice, and virtue in excess,
 Still in extremes, in plenty, or distress:
 Here sunk in sorrow, and depriv'd of all,
 They saw him greatly live, and meanly fall.
 View from you summit nobler scenes arise,
 Romantic scenes, that steal upon the eyes:
 Nature's wild efforts!—where each ruder part
 Must charm beyond the rigid rules of art:
 Projecting rocks that o'er the vale suspend,
 Along whose sides the waving woods extend;
 Gloomy recess! when in that darkling time,
 The monkish muse first halted into rhyme;
 Here suckling Clio chose her silent seat,
 And dawning science fix'd her rude retreat:
 Now low in ruins lies the learned pile,‡
 Whose gothic seats ill-omen'd birds defile.

* The celebrated picture of Garrick in Richard III.

† George Villiers, Duke of Buckingham.

‡ Rievaulx Abbey.

The murmur'ing Rye that rolls his streams along,
 Here seems to mourn in sympathy of song ;
 While the brown ivy curls its wreaths around,
 And hollow echo dies in solemn sound.
 Hail gen'rous youth ! on whom kind heav'n bestows
 These seats of solitude, and calm repose ;
 You, who have all Romania's villas known,
 Yet seen no spot more noble than your own.
 Long may the scenes thus wild, without a waste,
 Amuse your leisure, and employ your taste ;
 Bid art with nature dignify the place,
 To Gothic rudeness, join each attic grace :
 See at your word the new Creation spring,
 Which some more able Bard in distant times shall sing.

Womersley, Yorkshire, 1749.

DUNSLEY, in the township of Newholme-with-Dunsley, and parish of Whitby; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Whitby, 19 from Guisbrough.—Pop. in Newholme.

This is a small village situated on the bay of *Dunum Sinus*, of Ptolemy, and at the northern termination of a Roman road, now called by the country people Wade's Causey, which crossed the moors from York, and where it appears probable there was a Roman station, which Young, in his history of Whitby, supposes "has stood on the eminence in the middle of the village, where Dunsley chapel was afterwards erected." This chapel was destroyed at the dissolution.

E

EARBY, or **IRBY**, *f. h.* in the township and parish of West-Rounton; $6\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Northallerton.

EARBY-LODGE. (*the seat of William Hutchinson, Esq.*) in the township of Newsham, and parish of Kirkby-Ravensworth; 8 miles from Richmond.

EARSWICK, in the parishes of Strensall and Huntington, wapentake of Bulmer, a part in the liberty of St. Peter; 4 miles from York, 12 from Easingwold, 14 from Malton.—Pop. St. Peter's, 113.

EASBY, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Gilling-West; (*the seat of Robert Jaques, Esq.*) 1 mile from Richmond, 4 from Catterick.—Pop. 105. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Agatha, in the deanry of Richmond, diocese of Chester, value, 2*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* p. r. †78*l.* 8*s.* 2*d.* Patron, the King.

Here is an hospital for four poor women, founded in 1732, by William Smith, then rector of Melsnby. A very singular discovery was made in this church about 1790, of an epitaph "pon the death of Richard Swale, gentleman," who died in 1538. It is written in four different languages, Hebrew, Greek, Latin, and English: "The circumstances attending the discovery are not less curious than the thing itself." Full particulars of which, and the inscriptions, may be met with in the Gent's. Magazine for April 1790—History of Richmond, 4*to.*—and Whitaker's Yorkshire. Near to the parish church are the venerable remains of the Abbey of St. Agatha, commonly called Easby-Abbey, situated on the northern banks of the Swale. It was founded about the year 1152, for Premonstratensian Canons by Roaldus, constable of Richmond castle, and dedicated to St. Agatha, to which Roger de Mowbray, Alan Bygot, and others were bene-

factors. Richard le Scrope, of Bolton, in the time of Richard II. gave the Abbot and Convent 150*l.* per annum for the maintenance of ten Canons, over and above the number in the monastery, and two secular chaplains; but Whitaker says he only meditated a donation, for which he obtained a licence that year. It was valued at the dissolution at 111*l.* 17*s.* 11*d.*—DUGDALE. The last Abbot was Robert Bampton, who surrendered it in 1535. The site with the possession of the monastery, was granted for 30 years to Lord Scrope, of Bolton, at an annual rent of 283*l.* 13*s.* 11*d.*; in 1557, it was sold by Philip and Mary to Ralph Gower, of of Richmond, for 660*l.* 3*s.* 4*d.* the tenure in chief for Knight's service; he dying, bequeathed the same to his son John, who being attainted of high treason, had all his estates confiscated to the Crown. In the reign of Elizabeth and James I. it was again in possession of the Scropes, of Bolton, and at length was purchased by Robert Jaques, Esq. for 45,000*l.*

EASBY, in the parish of Stokesley, west-division of Langbarugh; (*Easby-Hall, the seat of Robert Champion, Esq.*) 3½ miles from Stokesley, 7 from Guisbrough.—Pop. 124.

EAST-HOLME-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township of Thoraldby, and parish of Aysgarth; 10 miles from Leyburn.

EAST-FIELD, *f. h.* in the township of Mickleton, and parish of Romaldkirk; 7 miles from Barnardcastle, (*Dur.*)

EASINGTON, a parish-town, in the east-division of Langbarugh; 10 miles from Guisbrough, 12 from Whitby, 18 from Stokesley, 60 from York.—Pop. 507. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Cleveland, value, 14*l.* 8*s.* 6*d.* Patron, the King.

EASINGWOLD, a market and parish-town, in the wapentake of Bulmer; 10 miles from Thirsk, 11 from Boroughbridge, 13 from York and Helmsley, 15 from Ripon, 20 from Malton, 212 from London.—*Market, Friday.*—*Fairs, July 6, September 26, for cattle and sheep.*—*Principal Inns, Rose and Crown, and New-Inn.*—Pop. 1,912. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Bulmer, value, ‡12. 11*s.* 0½*d.* Patron, the Bishop of Chester.

EASTERSIDE, *f. h.* in the township of Bilsdale West-side, and parish of Hawnby, wapentake of Birdforth; 7 miles from Helmsley.

EAST-MOOR, *ham.* in the township and parish of Helmsley; 4 miles from Helmsley, 8 from Kirbymoorside.

EAST-RAW, in the township of Newholme-with-Dunsley, and parish of Whitby, wapentake of Whitby-Strand; 2½ miles from Whitby.

EAST-THORPE, 3 *h.* in the township and parish of Appleton-le-Street, wapentake of Rydale; (*East-Thorpe-House, the residence of the Rev. — Gatchiffe*) 3 miles from Malton.

EASTWOOD, *s. h.* in the township and parish of Barningham; 1 mile from Greta-bridge, 4 from Barnardcastle, (*Dur.*)

EBBERTSON, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Pickering-Lythe; 6 miles from Pickering, 10¼ from Scarborough, 13 from Malton, 31 from York.—Pop. 505. The Church, peculiar, is a vicarage, in the deanry of Rydale, value, ‡5*l.* 17*s.* 3½*d.* p. r. †80*l.* Patron, the Dean of York.

Here is a handsome rural seat of the Hotham family, constructed on the plan of a Roman villa. On the hill, north-east of the house, beyond the plantations, are some vestiges of a cave, called by the country people, *Elfwine's* or *Elfrid's Hole*, now almost filled up, over which was once placed, (as some old people now living can recollect) a stone, and afterwards a board, with an inscription to the following purport:—"Alfrid, King of Northumberland, was wounded in a bloody battle nigh this place, and was hid in a cave; and from thence he was removed to Little Driffield, where he died." The battle, it is said, was fought on the west side of the village, now called the *Bloody Field*.—*YOUNG*.

EDGLEY, *f. h.* in the township of Burton-with-Walden, and parish of Aysgarth; 7 miles from Leyburn.

EDSTONE, GREAT, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Rydale; 2 miles from Kirbymoorside, 8 from Pickering, 12 from Malton, 26 from York.—Pop. 156. The Church is a vicarage, in the deanry of Rydale, value, $\pm 7l.$ 10s. p. r. $\pm 140l.$ Patron, George Dowker, Esq.

Over the south door of the Church is a Saxon Dial with an inscription, similar to that at Kirkdale, but not so perfect.—*YOUNG*.

EDSTONE, LITTLE. *f. h.* a township, in the parish of Sinnington, wapentake of Rydale; 3 miles from Kirbymoorside, 7 from Pickering, 8 from Helmsley, 10 from Malton.

EGGLESTONE-ABBEY, in the township and parish of Rokeby, wapentake of Gilling-West; 2 miles from Greta-bridge and Barnardcastle, (*Dur.*)

This Abbey, (which Dugdale and Leland by mistake call a Priory) is situated upon the high cliff of the Tees, almost opposite to Barnardcastle, was founded by Ralph de Multon, in the latter end of the reign of Henry II. or beginning of that of Richard I. for white Canons, and dedicated to St. Mary and St. John Baptist. It had revenues to the yearly value of $65l.$ 5s. 6d. in the whole, and $37l.$ 7s. 2d. clear, **TANNER**— $31l.$ 8s. 3d. **DUGDALE**; and was granted 2nd Edward VI. to Robert Shelley. The ruins of the Church are in the form of a Cross, and are considerable; a part of the house is entire, and now occupied as a farm-house:—It is now destitute of monuments, but in the time of *Leland*, stood "too fair tumbs of gray marble, in the greater was buried, as I learned, one Syre Raſa Boyes; and in the lesser, one of the Rokebys."—**BURTON**—**TANNER**—**GROSE**.

EGTON, a parish-town, in the east-division of Langbarough; 6 miles from Whitby, 14 from Pickering, 15 from Guisbrough, 54 from York.—*Market*, Tuesday before Palm-Sunday, and every Tuesday after May-day Fair, till Tuesday before old Midsummer-day, and another Market on Tuesday before old Michaelmas-day, for horses, cattle, sheep, &c.—*Fairs*, September 4, Tuesday before November 23, Tuesday before February 11, and Tuesday before May 13, for horned cattle, &c. a hiring for Servants, November 5.—Pop. 1,037. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Hilda, in the deanry of Cleveland, value, p. r. 30*l.* Patron, the Archbishop of York.

It originally belonged to the Church of Lythe, from which it appears to have been severed previous to the year 1349, when the present one was consecrated by the Bishop of Damascus at Egton. The market, for which charter was granted, 12th of the reign of William III. has now nearly fallen into disuse.

EGTON-BANKS, 4 *f. h.* in the township and parish of Egton, 7 miles from Whitby.

EGTON-BRIDGE, *ham.* in the township and parish of Egton, east-

division of Langbarugh; (*the seat of Richard Smith, Esq.*) 7 miles from Whitby.

EGTON-GRANGE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Egton; 8 miles from Whitby.

ELAM-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Kirklington; 8 miles from Ripon.

ELLERBECK, in the parish of Osmotherley, wapentake of Allertonshire; 6 miles from Northallerton, 9 from Thirsk, 11 from Yarm and Stokesley.—Pop. 81.

ELLERBURN, a parish, in the wapentake of Pickering-Lythe; 2 miles from Pickering, 9 from Malton, 19 from Whitby, 27 from York.—The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Hilda, value, $\text{†}7\text{l. } 4\text{s. } 9\frac{1}{2}\text{d. p. r. } \text{†}145\text{l.}$ Patron, the Dean of York.

In this parish are two townships, viz. Wilton and Farmanby, nearly one mile from the parish Church, there being no *village* of the name of Ellerburn.

ELLERBY, in the parish of Lythe, east-division of the wapentake of Langbarugh; 7 miles from Whitby, 15 from Guisbrough, 23 from Stokesley.—Pop. 80.

ELLERTON, or **ELLERTON-ABBEY**, in the township of Ellerton-with-Stainton, and parish of Downholme, wapentake of Hang-West; 3 miles from Reeth, 8 from Richmond.

Here was a small Priory of Cistercian Nuns, founded, it is supposed, by Warnerus, Chief Steward to the Earl of Richmond, in the time of Henry II. It was surrendered, 26th Henry VIII. by Johanna the last prioress, and was valued at 15*l.* 10*s.* 6*d.* clear.—**BURTON.** It was situated on the south banks of the Swale, a little below the Priory of Marrick, very little of which now remains. The Shell of the Church is entire.

ELLERTON-UPON-SWALE, in the parish of Catterick, wapentake of Gilling-East; 1 mile from Catterick, 6 from Richmond, 10 from Northallerton.—Pop. 140.

Ellerton is famous for being the birth-place of Henry Jenkins, who was born in 1500, and died in 1670, being then 169 years old. He remembered the battle of Flodden Field, being at that time 12 years of age, when he was sent to Northallerton with arrows for the army. In the church-yard of Bolton is a plain stone pillar, on which is the following inscription on one side of the pedestal.

This monument was

Erected by CONTRIBUTION

In ye year 1743, to ye memory of

HENRY JENKINS.

On the other,

HENRY JENKINS,

aged 169;

and in the Church is a Monument to his memory, with an inscription written by Dr. Thomas Chapman.

ELLINGSTRING, in the parish of Masham, wapentake of Hang-East, liberty of St. Peter; 4 miles from Masham, 6 $\frac{1}{4}$ from Middleham, 9 from Richmond.—Pop. 201.

ELLINGTON, HIGH, in the parish of Masham, wapentake of Hang-East; 5 miles from Masham, 9 from Richmond.—Pop. 152.

ELLINGTON, LOW, in the township of High-Ellington, and parish of Masham, wapentake of Hang-East, a part in the liberty of St. Peter; 4 miles from Masham, 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ from Middleham.

ELLINGTHORPE, 2 *f. h.* in the parish of Aldborough, (W. R.)

wapentake of Bulmer; 3 miles from Boronghbridge, 7 from Ripon, 10 from Easingwold. Adjoining the principal house is a Presbyterian-Chapel, liberally endowed by the family or ancestors of Lord Grantley.

ELMYRE, in the township of Elmyre-cum-Crakehall, in the parish of Topcliffe, wapentake of Birdforth; 5 miles from Thirsk, 7 from Ripon.—Pop. including Crakehall, 78.

ELM-HOUSE, (*the seat of Thomas Other, Esq.*) in the township of Redmire, and parish of Wensley; 1 mile from Leyburn.

ENTERCOMMON, HIGH, *p. h.* and *toll-bar*, in the township and parish of Great-Smeaton, wapentake of Gilling-East; 8 miles from Northallerton, Darlington, and Yarm.

ENTERCOMMON, LOW, *f. h.* in the same township and parish.

EPPLEBY, in the parish of Gilling, wapentake of Gilling-West; 8 miles from Richmond and Darlington.—Pop. 157.

ESKDALESIDE, a township, in the parish of Whitby, wapentake of Whitby-Strand; 5 miles from Whitby, 17 from Pickering.—Pop. 395.

Here was formerly a Hermitage, but when or by whom it was founded, or at what time it ceased to be used as such, is not known: it would seem from Young's Whitby, that it had been converted into an Ordinary Chapel previous to 1226. The chapel which was called St. John's, is now in ruins, and in which state it appears to have been in 1774, when Grose took the view which he has inserted in his *Antiquities*, (vol. vi.) and where may be found a full account of the murder of the Monk at Whitby, which he tells us, gave rise to the building of this chapel.—*YOUNG.*

ESKEYLITH, *s. h.* in the township and parish of Arkengarthdale; 4 miles from Reeth.

ESKLITTS, *s. h.* in the township of Westerdale, and parish of Stokesley; 11 miles from Guisbrough, 12 from Stokesley.

ESTON, in the parish of Ormesby, east-division of Langbarugh; 4 miles from Guisbrough, 8 from Stokesley, $8\frac{1}{2}$ from Stockton, (*Dur.*)—Pop. 272. The Chapel which is ancient, and situated a little distance from the village, is a perpetual curacy, value, *p. r.* 20*l.* Patron, the Dean of York.

Above the village is the promontory called Eston-Nab, where a Beacon was erected during the late wars, commanding a prospect both of sea and land, which for variety and extent, can be rarely equalled.—“On the summit of this promontary,” says Graves in his *History of Cleveland*, “there is an ancient encampment, conjectured to be of Saxon origin, consisting of a double circle of rough loose stones; the inner rampart or entrenchment being 150 paces in circumference, the whole still perfect, except on the north, where a small portion of the circle is cut off by the abruptness of the rock, which on that side is nearly perpendicular.”

EVERLEY, *ham.* in the township of Sulfield-with-Everley, and parish of Hackness, wapentake of Whitby-Strand, $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Scarborough, 18 from Whitby.—Pop. included in Sulfield.

EW or **WETHER-COTE**, *f. h.* in the township of Skiplam, and parish of Kirkdale; 4 miles from Kirbymoorside.

EXELBY, in the township of Exelby, Leeming, and Newton, and parish of Burneston, wapentake of Hallikeld; 2 miles from Bedale, 8 from Masham, 9 from Northallerton.—Pop. including Leeming and Newton, 562.

EXELBY-GRANGE, *f. h.* in the same township and parish; 2½ miles from Bedale.

EYREHOLME, in the parish of Gilling, wapentake of Gilling-East; 4½ miles from Darlington, (*Dur.*) 11 from Richmond, 12 from Northallerton.—Pop. 177. The Church is a perpetual curacy, under Gilling, dedicated to St. Mary, value, p. r. 63*l.* 10*s.* 4*d.*

F

FACEBY, a parish-town, in the west-division of Langbarugh; (*Faceby-Lodge, the residence of James Favell, Esq.*) 4 miles from Stokesley, 9 from Yarm, 12 from Northallerton, 39 from York.—Pop. 178. The Church, which was formerly a donative benefice, is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Mary Magdalen, in the deanry of Cleveland, value, p. r. 36*l.* 16*s.* Patrons, Trustees of the late George Sutton, Esq. The principal part of the township is within the parish of Whorlton.

FADMOOR, in the parish of Kirbymoorside, wapentake of Rydale; 2 miles from Kirbymoorside, 7 from Helmsley, 16 from Malton.—Pop. 162.

FAGGER-GILL, 3 or 4 *h.* in the township and parish of Arken-garthdale; 6 miles from Reeth.

FALLING-FOSS, *s. h.* in the township and parish of Sneaton; 7 miles from Whitby.

FALSGRAVE, in the parish and borough of Scarborough, wapentake of Pickering-Lythe; 1 mile from Scarborough.—Pop. 345.

A fine stream of water is conveyed from this village in channels of hollowed stones, to the town of Scarborough.—HINDERWELL.

FAREHOLME, 2 *f. h.* in the township of Morton-upon-Swale, and parish of Ainderby-Steeple; 5 miles from Northallerton.

FARLINGTON, a parish-town in the wapentake of Bulmer; 6 miles from Easingwold, 10 from York, 13 from Malton.—Pop. 170, The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Leonard, in the deanry of Bulmer, value, †133*l.* 12*s.* Patron, the Archbishop of York.

FARMANBY, in the parishes of Ellerburn and Thornton, wapentake of Pickering-Lythe; 2½ miles from Pickering, 9 from Malton, 12 from Whitby.—Pop. 403.

For an account of the hospital, see Thornton which adjoins this place.

FARNDALÉ, EAST-SIDE, or HIGH-QUARTER, a township, in the parish of Lastingham, wapentake of Rydale; 4 miles from Kirbymoorside, 10 from Helmsley and Pickering.—Pop. 455.

FARNDALÉ, WEST-SIDE, or LOW-QUARTER, a township, in the parish of Kirbymoorside, wapentake of Rydale; 4 miles from Kirbymoorside, 10 from Helmsley and Pickering.—Pop. 213.

FAWCETTS, *f. h.* in the township of Mickleby, and parish of Lythe; 7½ miles from Whitby.

FAWDINGTON, in the parish of Cundall, wapentake of Birdforth; 5 miles from Boroughbridge, 6 from Easingwold.—Pop. included in Bagby. Fawdington is in the constabulary of Bagby, but a township of itself.

FEARBY, in the parish of Masham, wapentake of Hang-East; 2 miles from Masham, 8 from Richmond and Bedale.—Pop. 214.

FEETHAM, *ham.* in the township of Melbecks, and parish of Grinton; 3 miles from Reeth.

FEETHAM-HOLME, *ham.* in the township of Grinton-with-Whitaside, and parish of Grinton; 3 miles from Reeth.

FELDOM, 4 *f. h.* in the township and parish of Marske; 4 miles from Richmond, 8 from Reeth.

FELISKIRK, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Birdforth; 3 miles from Thirsk, 14 from Helmsley, 13 from Easingwold, 26 from York.—Pop. 113. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Felix, in the deanry of Bulmer, value, 10*l.* Patron the Archbishop of York.

FENCOTE, GREAT, in the township and parish of Kirkby-Fleetham, wapentake of Hang-East; 4 miles from Bedale, 10 from Richmond.

FENCOTE, LITTLE, in the same township and parish.

FIELDS, LOW, 5 *f. h.* in the township and parish of Kirkby-Fleetham, wapentake of Hang-East; 3 miles from Catterick, 6 from Bedale, 9 from Richmond.

FIELD-HOUSE, (*the seat of Christopher Richardson, Esq.*) in the township of Ruswarp, and parish of Whitby; 2 miles from Whitby.

FILEY, a parish-town and township, in the wapentakes of Pickering-Lythe and Dickering (E. R.); 8 miles from Scarborough, 9 from Bridlington, 18 from Driffield, 39 from York. The Church, (which with a *f. h.* are the only parts in the North-Riding) is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Oswald, in the deanry of Dickering, value, p. r. 120*l.* Patron, Humphrey Osbaldeston, Esq.

Filey is a small fishing town, south-east of Scarborough. It is particularly celebrated for its excellent fish and lobsters. The sands, which sweep round a beautifully curved bay of four or five miles in extent, are bounded on the north by a remarkable ridge of rocks, projecting nearly half a mile into the sea, and distinguished by the name of *Filey-Bridge*, and thought to resemble the celebrated Mole of Tangier in Africa. Their southern limit is a stupendous range of chalk-cliffs, running onward to Flamborough Head.

FINGALL, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Hang-West; 5 miles from Leyburn and Middleham 7 from Bedale.—Pop. 126. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Andrew, in the deanry of Catterick, diocese of Chester, value, 18*l.* 18*s.* 4*d.* Patron, the Rev. Christopher Wyville.

FIRBY, in the parish of Bedale, wapentake of Hang-East; 1 mile from Bedale, 6 from Masham, 9 from Northallerton.—Pop. 76.

FIRBY-GRANGE, *ham.* in the township of Firby, and parish of Bedale, wapentake of Hang-East; 1 mile from Bedale.

FISHER'S-LODGE, *s. h.* in the township and parish of Tanfield; 7 miles from Ripon, 5 from Masham.

FLASK-INN, in the township and parish of Fylingdale; 9 miles from Whitby, 11 from Scarborough.

FLAWITH, in the parish of Alne, wapentake of Bulmer, liberty of St. Peter; 5 miles from Easingwold and Boroughbridge, 12 from York.—Pop. 94.

FLAXTON, in the parishes of Bossall and Foeton, wapentake of Bulmer, a part in the liberty of St. Peter; 9 miles from York, $9\frac{1}{2}$ from Malton, 11 from Easingwold.—Pop. 299. Here is a Chapel to Bossall.

FLEETHAM, in the parish of Kirkby-Fleetham, in the wapentake of Hang-East; 5 miles from Bedale, 9 from Richmond.—Pop. 566.

FLEETHAM, KIRKBY, a parish, in the wapentake of Hang-East; (*Kirkby-Hall, the seat of Mrs Lawrence*) 5 miles from Bedale, 8 from Richmond. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Catterick, diocese of Chester, value, 9*l.* 18*s.* 2*d.* p. r. *147*l.* 17*s.* 6*d.* Patron, the King.

FLEENSOP, *ham.* in the township of Carlton-high-dale, and parish of Coverham, wapentake of Hang-West; 7 miles from Middleham.

FLUL'S HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of East-Witton-within, 3 miles from Middleham.

FOOLRICE, *ham.* in the townships and parishes of Bransby and Whenby, wapentake of Bulmer; 7 miles from Easingwold, 12 from Malton, 14 from York.

FORCETT, in the parish of Gilling, wapentake of Gilling-West; (*Foreett-Hall, late the seat of Charles Mitchell, Esq.*) 7 miles from Richmond, 8 from Darlington, (*Dur.*) 10 from Barnardcastle, (*Dur.*)—Pop. 86. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Cuthbert, value, p. r. †38*l.* Patron, the Vicar of Gilling.

FOSSDALE *f. h.* in the township of High-Abbotside, and parish of Aysgarth; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Hawes.

FOSTON, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Bulmer; $7\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Malton, 11 from York, 13 from Easingwold.—Pop. 91. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Bulmer, value, 14*l.* Patron, the King.

FOXERRY, *f. h.* in the township of Caldwell, and parish of St. John Stanwick; 7 miles from Richmond.

FOXHALL, *p. h.* in the township of Ravensworth, and parish of Kirkby-Ravensworth; 6 miles from Richmond, 7 from Catterick.

FOXTON, *ham.* in the township of Thimbleby, and parish of Sigston, wapentake of Allertonshire; 5 miles from Northallerton.

FOXTON, *ham.* in the township and parish of Crathorne, wapentake of Langbarugh; 4 miles from Yarm.

FREEBURGH-HILL, in the township of Moorsholme, and parish of Skelton; 4 miles from Skelton.

Conjectured by some to have been a Druidical work. It is a detached mountain of a conical form, having a natural rock on its top now worked as a quarry.—**GRAVES.**

FREMLINGTON, in the township of Reeth, and parish of Grinton, wapentake of Gilling-West; (*A. D. Hall, the residence of G. Leigh Heck, Esq.*) 1 mile from Reeth, 9 from Richmond.

Here is a School founded in 1643, by Mr Alderman James Hutchinson of York, and endowed by him with a salary of about 70*l.* per annum, arising from lands at Gate-Fulford and Fremington; to be kept in repair by the master of the said School.

- FRITH**, 2 *h.* in the township of Muker, and parish of Grinton; 7 miles from Askrigg, 14 from Reeth.
- FRYOP, GREAT and LITTLE**, 2 *dales*, in the township and parish of Danby, east-division of Langbarugh; 11 miles from Guisbrough, 15 from Stokesley.
- FRYTON**, in the parish of Hovingham, wapentake of Rydale; 7½ miles from Malton, 9 from Helmsley and Kirbymoorside.—Pop. 62.
- FYLINGDALE**, a *dale*, and parish, in the wapentake of Whitby-Strand; 7 miles from Whitby, 14 from Scarborough, 16 from Pickering, 43 from York.—Pop. 61. The Church of Fyling is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Stephen, in the deanry of Cleveland, value, p. r. †106*l.* Patron, the Archbishop of York.
- FYLING-HALL**, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Fylingdale; 7 miles from Whitby.

This was formerly the seat of Sir Hugh Cholmley, which he sold to his kinsman, Sir John Hotham, in 1634, and in which family it now remains.

G

- GAILES**, in the parish of Kirkby-Ravensworth, wapentake of Gilling-West; 5 miles from Richmond, 7 from Greta-bridge, 10 from Barnardcastle, (*Dur.*)—Pop. 218.
- GALLOW-GREEN**, *s. h.* in the township and parish of Sneaton; 2 miles from Whitby.
- GALLOW-HEADS**, *f. h.* in the township of Marton, and parish of Sinnington; 3 miles from Pickering.
- GAMMERSGILL**, *ham.* in the township of Carlton-high-dale, and parish of Coverham, wapentake of Hang-West; 6½ miles from Middleham, 7½ from Leyburn, 9 from Kettlewell.
- GANTHORPE**, in the parish of Terrington, wapentake of Bulmer; (*the seat of Mrs Forth*) 6 miles from Malton, 10 from Easingwold, 15 from York.—Pop. 106.
- GARRISTON**, in the parish of West-Hawkswell, wapentake of Hang-West; 3 miles from Leyburn, 5 from Middleham, 6 from Richmond.—Pop. 52.
- GATHERLEY, HIGH and LOW**, 2 *f. h.* in the township of Moulton, and parish of Middleton-Tyas; 5 miles from Richmond, 6 from Catterick.
- GATENBY**, in the parish of Burneston, wapentake of Hallikeld; 4½ miles from Bedale, 9 from Northallerton, 13 from Ripon.—Pop. 88.
- GAYLE**, *ham.* in the township of Hawes, and parish of Aysgarth, wapentake of Hang-West; ½ a mile from Hawes, 5½ from Askrigg.
- About 200 yards east of this place are to be seen the vestiges of a Roman encampment, supposed to have been an out-post to the Roman station on Borough-Hill, near Bainbridge.
- GAYLE-BANK**, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Wensley; 3 miles from Leyburn and Middleham.
- GEDDYKE**, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Well; 1 mile from Masham, 5 from Bedale.

GERSHAM, *f. h.* in the township of Lunedale, and parish of Romalldkirk; 16 miles from Barnardcastle, (*Dur.*) 20 from Greta-bridge.

GERRICK, *ham.* in the township of Great-Moorsholme, and parish of Skelton, east-division of Langbarugh.

GILES-ALLEY, *f. h.* in the township of Coverham-with-Agglethorpe, and parish of Coverham; 2 miles from Middleham.

GILES, ST. *f. h.* in the township of Brough, and parish of Catterick; 3 miles from Catterick and Richmond.

On the south side of the Swale, opposite to Brompton, "was the ancient Hospital of St. Giles, founded, it is supposed, by Henry Fitz Randolph, of Ravensworth, in the beginning of the reign of Henry III. the master of which held two bovates of land in Brompton. The annual payment of 8*l.* which constituted the principal part of its revenues, at the reformation, was then confiscated to the Crown, and becoming afterwards a rent-charge upon the estate of Sir John Lawson, of Brough-Hall, it was purchased by him some years ago from the Crown. The hospital was for a long time after its dissolution, made use of as a farm-house, but wanting many repairs, it was pulled down, and every appearance of it is now obliterated. The site, and the estate belonging to it, is now the property of Sir Henry Maire Lawson, Bart."

GILLAMOOR, in the parish of Kirbymoorside, wapentake of Rydale; 2 miles from Kirbymoorside, 8 from Helmsley, 16 from Malton.—Pop. 195. It is a Chapel of Ease to Kirbymoorside.

GILLING, a parish-town in the wapentake of Gilling-West; (*the seat of the Rev. William Wharton.*) 3 miles from Richmond, 5 from Catterick, 8½ from Greta-bridge, 47 from York.—Pop. 921. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Agatha, in the deanry of Richmond, diocese of Chester, value, 23*l.* 11*s.* 5½*d.* Patron, John Wharton, Esq.

It was here that Oswyn, King of Deira, was murdered by Oswin of Bernicia, A. D. 651. To atone for this foul murder, Eanfleda, wife of Oswin, who was also related to Oswyn, founded the monastery of Ingethlingum, so called by Bede, not a vestige of which is now to be seen. Gilling is remarkable also as having been the residence of the Saxon Edwin and his progenitors. The Castle, the seat of the Saxon Earls was situated upon a hill, nearly a mile to the south of the village, the vestiges of which were removed some time since.

GILLING, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Rydale; (*Gilling-Castle, the seat of Charles Gregory Fairfax, Esq.*) 5 miles from Helmsley, 8½ from Easingwold, 10 from Kirbymoorside, 18 from York.—Pop. 168. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to the Holy-Cross, in the deanry of Rydale. value, 13*l.* 10*s.* Patrons, the Master, Fellows, and Scholars of Trinity College, Cambridge.

The Castle here, which stands upon an eminence on the west side of the village, formerly belonged to the family of the Mowbrays, has now been long in the possession of the ancient family of the Fairfax's.—CAMDEN. The most ancient part is the east end which is circular, and commands the vale below. Thos. Fairfax came into possession of Gilling-Castle and Estate, 7th of Henry VII. in consequence of his marriage with Elizabeth Etton.—DRAKE. In this Castle, "a singular record is extant of the gentry in this county in the beginning of the reign of Queen Elizabeth. In the upper part of the pannels of the wainscot of the great dining-room, are painted armorial trees, bearing the arms of each family in every wapentake in this county at that period, one wapentake occupying each pannel, all of which, together with the beautiful finishing, wainscotting, and carving of the whole room, are still in perfect preservation."—STRICKLAND.

GILLING-EAST, a wapentake, situate on the west-side of Allertonshire, being separated from that wapentake by the River-Wiske, and from the county of Durham, on the north, by the Tees. It is a low, warm, and fertile tract, without one Market-Town; and contains 32 townships, 10 of which are parish-towns, 1,453 inhabited houses, and 7,200 inhabitants.

GILLING-WEST, the western part of the ancient wapentake of Gilling, which contains a large part of that district called *Richmondshire*, its southern boundary is the Swale, and the northern the Tees, whilst it has Westmorland on the west. It is a mountainous district, and has only two Market-Towns, Richmond and Reeth. It contains 49 townships, 16 of which are parishes, 3,392 inhabited houses, and 17,785 inhabitants. Gilling-East, and West have unquestionably at some early period been one wapentake, but at what time separated does not appear to be known.

GILMONBY, in the parish of Bowes, wapentake of Gilling-West; 4 miles from Barnardcastle, (*Dur.*) 7 from Gretnabridge, 17 from Richmond.—Pop. 175.

GIRLINGTON, *f. h.* in the township of Thorpe, and parish of Wychille; 6 miles from Barnardcastle, (*Dur.*) 9 from Richmond.

GIRSBY, in the parish of Sockburn, (*Dur.*) wapentake of Allertonshire; 6 miles from Yarm, 7 from Darlington, (*Dur.*) 10 from Northallerton.—Pop. 85.

GLASEDALE, a township, in the parish of Danby, east-division of Langbarugh; 9 miles from Whitby, 15 from Guisbrough, 19 from Stokesley.—Pop. 1,043. The Chapel here is a perpetual curacy, value, $\frac{1}{2}$ 38*l.* 16*s.* 10*d.* Patron, the Archbishop of York. Glasedale is a fertile valley, watered by the Esk.

GODELAND or **GOADLAND**, a township, in the parish of Pickering, wapentake of Pickering-Lythe; 10 miles from Whitby, 11 from Pickering.—Pop. 335. Here is a Chapel of ease to Pickering.

Here was a Hermitage granted by Henry I. 1117, to Osmund, a Priest, and a few Brethren, who took up their habitation there, but soon after transferred to the Abbey of Whithy. It was dedicated to St. Mary, and probably stood above a mile north-east of the present Godeland Chapel, at a place called *Abbot's House*.—BUTON.—YOUNG.

GOLDSBROUGH, in the township and parish of Lythe; east-division of Langbarugh; 6 miles from Whitby, 16 from Guisbrough.

GOLDSBROUGH-FIELD-HOUSE, *s. h.* in the township and parish of Lythe; 6 miles from Whitby.

GOULTON, *ham.* in the township of Potto, and parish of Whorlton, west-division of Langbarugh; 4 miles from Stokesley.

GOWNLEYFOOT, *ham.* in the township of Healey-with-Sutton, and parish of Masham; 4 miles from Masham.

GRANGE, *ham.* in the township of Low-Abbotside, and parish of Aysgarth; 1 mile from Askrigg, 4 from Hawes.

In 1807, Christopher Alderson, Esq. of Homerton, Middlesex, a native of Askrigg, founded and endowed here an Alms-House, for 6 poor widows, with 10*l.* per annum each. Not far from this place, "and close to Meerbeck," Dr. Whitaker informs us, "is the original site of Jervaulx-Abbey, since its aban-

donment, long known by the name of Dale-Grange, and now by that of the Grange alone. The Abbey of Fors, or de Caritate, stood almost on the brink of the Meerbeek, about 100 yards south from the road leading from Askrigg to Bainbridge. Some recent alterations having been made in a barn which occupies the spot, I discovered one round-headed light, a genuine remnant of the original building; and there still remains in the wall a single trefoil window, from which I infer that the Monks of Jervaulx, out of reverence to the place of their origin, maintained a small cell upon the site long after, and perhaps to the dissolution."

GRANGE, 3 *f. h.* in the township and parish of Oswaldkirk; 2½ miles from Helmsley.

GRASING-NOOK, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Fingall; 6 miles from Leyburn.

GRAYSTONES, *f. h.* in the township of Caldwell, and parish of St. John Stanwick; 5 miles from Darlington, (*Durham.*)

GREENGATES, *f. h.* in the township of Lunedale, and parish of Romaldkirk; 10 miles from Barnardcastle, (*Durham.*)

GREENHOWE, in the parish of Ingleby-Greenhowe, west-division of Langbarugh; 5 miles from Stokesley, 11 from Guisbrough, 13 from Yarm.—Pop. 102.

GREENS, 2 *f. h.* in the township of Muker, and parish of Grinton; 10 miles from Reeth.

GRENDALE.—*See Handale.*

GRETABRIDGE, *two Inns*, the George Inn, (Post-Office) on the north side of the river; and the Moritt's Arms on the south, both Posting-houses, in the township and parish of Brignall, wapentake of Gilling-West; 3 miles from Barnardcastle, (*Dur.*) 12 from Richmond, 13 from Reeth, (*moor road*) 14 from Catterick-Bridge, 19 from Brough, (*Westm.*)

Near to this place are vestiges of a Roman Camp, and old Coins are frequently found here. Not long since a Roman Altar was discovered, having a Roman Inscription upon it.—CAMDEN. The encampment here alluded to, is immediately behind the George Inn.

GRIMESCAR, *a Mill* and *f. h.* in the township and parish of Scruton; 3 miles from Bedale, 6 from Northallerton.

GRIMSTONE, in the parish of Gilling, wapentake of Rydale; 6 miles from Helmsley, 10 from Kirbymoorside, 14 from Malton. Pop. 56.

GRINKLE-PARK, (*the seat of Robert Wharton Myddleton, Esq.*) in the township and parish of Easington; 11 miles from Guisbrough, 14 from Whitby.

GRINTON, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Hang-West; 1 mile from Reeth, 7 from Leyburn, 10 from Richmond, 49 from York. Pop. 689. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Andrew, in the deanry of Catterick, diocese of Chester, value, £12*l.* 5*s.* 7*d.* p. r. 140*l.* Patron the King. This parish is situated at the head of Swaledale.

GRINTON-CASTLE, (*a shooting residence of the Rev. William Carr Fenton, now occupied by Col. Hillyard*) in the township of Grinton, and parish of Grinton; 1½ mile from Reeth.

GRISTHORPE, in the parish of Filey, wapentake of Pickering-Lyth; 6 miles from Scarborough, 12 from Bridlington, 18 from Pickering.—Pop. 212.

GRISTHWAITE, 3 *f. h.* in the township and parish of Topcliffe. wapentake of Birdforth; 2½ miles from Thirsk, 9 from Ripon.

GROWMOND-ABBEY, in the township and parish of Egton, east-division of Langbarugh; 8 miles from Whitby, 19 from Guisbrough, 21 from Stokesley.

This was a Cell to the Abbey of Gramont, in France, given by Joan, wife of Robert de Turnham, and confirmed by King John, in the 15th year of his reign. At the general dissolution it was valued, according to Dugdale, at 12*l.* 2*s.* 8*d.* and according to Speed, at 14*l.* 2*s.* 8*d.* The site, 35 Henry VIII. was granted to Edward Wright, Esq. for the sum of 184*l.* 13*s.* 2*d.* subject to a yearly payment of 18*s.* 10*d.* The next year it came into the possession of Sir Richard Chohnley, Knight, and continued till 1668, and now belongs to Richard and Matthew Agar, and Mr John Linskill. From the ruins of the convent a spacious farm-house with out-offices, has been long ago erected, at the west-end of the Priory Church.

BURTON.—GRAVES. It was situated on the northern banks of the River Esk.

GROWMOND-BRIDGE, in the township and parish of Egton; 8 miles from Whitby.

Near this place are the remains of an ancient Forge, where Iron has been manufactured, occupying a space about 100 feet square.—*YOUNG.*

GUISBROUGH, a market and parish-town, in the east-division of Langbarugh; 8 miles from Stokesley and Redcar, 12 from Stockton, (*Dur.*) 14 from Yarm, 21 from Whitby, 24 from Kirbymoorside, 51 from York, 248 from London.—*Market*, Tuesday.—*Fairs*, the last Tuesdays in March and April; Tuesday before Whitsuntide; third Tuesdays in August and Sept.; second Tuesday in Nov. for horned cattle, horses, &c. last Tuesday in June for long wool, and last Tuesday in July for short wool.—*Principal Inn*, the Cock.—*Pop.* 1,912. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Nicholas, in the deanry of Cleveland, value, p. r. ±100*l.* Patron, the Archbishop of York.

Robert Chaloner, Esq. obtained the King's Letters Patent for these Fairs and Market in 1814.

The town is of considerable antiquity, and is supposed by Baxter to be the Urbs Caluvium of the Romans, although it does not appear that any Roman remains have been found here. In Doomsday-Book it is called Ghigesburg, and at that time contained three manors, one of which was an ancient demesne of the Crown: at an early period after the Conquest, these manors became united under the fee of Robert de Brus, Lord of Skelton, who, at the instance of Pope Calixtus II. and Thurstin Archbishop of York, in 1129, [Camden states the date to be 1119, making a difference of 10 years, and as Pope Calixtus II. by whose advice the Priory was built, died in 1124, it is more than probable that he is correct] founded here a rich and magnificent Priory for Canons regular of the order of St. Austin, and dedicated it to the Virgin Mary.—*CHRONIC. JOHANNIS BUOMPON.* Few monastic ruins can boast of the stately grandeur of this Priory. The large east window, which forms a part of its venerable remains, is a complete model of the finest gothic architecture, which makes one lament that more of this beautiful structure has not been preserved.

“but all things have their end;

“Churches and cities (which have diseases like to men),

“Must have like death that we have.”

The founder died in 1141, and was buried in this monastery, as were many of his successors; it was also the common burial place of most of the nobility of these parts. The yearly revenues of these Monks were estimated at 628*l.* 3*s.* 4*d.* DUGDALE—and 612*l.* 6*s.* 6*d.* SPEED. It was surrendered by Robert Porsglove alias Silvester, in 1540, who had a pension of 166*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* assigned him out of the revenues. The site was granted, 4th Edward VI. to Sir Thomas Chaloner, and is at present the property of his descendant, Robert Chaloner, Esq. In the

Cottonian Library there is a curious letter, from which it appears that “the Prior of Guisbrough kept a pompous house, in so much that the towne consytinge of 500 householders had no lande, but lyved all on the abbey” and that “a Steward of theirs was turned out of office, because he had aforehand but *only four hundred quarters of grayne* to serve their house.” Except the great east window, little remains of this once magnificent edifice, but a small gateway towards the west. The famous Walter Hemingford, a chronicler of much celebrity, whose work extends from 1066 to 1303, was an ecclesiastic in this priory. In those days every abbey had at least one person, whose office it was to instruct youth; and the historians of this country are chiefly beholden to the Monks for their knowledge of former national events. In these houses the arts of painting, architecture, and printing, were likewise cultivated. Here were formerly the first Alum-works in England. The art was first brought by that learned naturalist, Sir Thomas Chaloner, from the Pope’s Alum-works at Rome, for which his holiness fulminated an anathema against him, as well as against those he had seduced. Here is a Grammar-School and Hospital, situated on the north side of the Church-yard, founded by Letters patent of Queen Elizabeth, dated 19th of June, 1561, granted to Robert Pursglove, clerk, the last Prior of Guisbrough, who endowed the same with his lands, &c. at Bolam, in the parish of Gainforth, and with 68*s.* 0*d.* 26*d.* in the parish of Smeaton, in this county. By a late division of the common fields at Bolam and some additional grants to this charity, its revenues have been greatly increased,—the lands being now 361 acres, and its present rental 375*l.* 15*s.* 7½*d.* per annum. The School-house adjoins the Hospital on the east—The master’s salary 50*l.*—Ten boys on the foundation.—There are six old men and women in the hospital, who have clothing and 5*s.* per week, with a small dwelling, and 1*l.* 8*s.* per annum for coals.—*Carlisle’s Hist. of Gram. Schools.* Mr G. Venables, an old inhabitant of the tower, London, died Aug. 1814, was made the honoured instrument of founding a noble edifice here, called *Providence School*, in which are constantly educated *ninety poor children*. To accomplish this great and important work, he travelled upwards of 20,000 miles at his own expence.—*Gent. Magaz. Sept.* 1814.

GUELDALE, properly **GELDABLE**.—See *Borrowby in Allertonshire, of which this is a part.*

Its name implies that it paid Geldage or Dancgeld. Geldum, Gildum, and Geldage are frequently mentioned in Domesday. It was an annual tax of 2*s.* imposed in the reign of King Ethelred, on every hide of arable land in the kingdom.

GUNNERSIDE or **GUNNERSETT**, in the township of Melbecks, and parish of Grinton, wapentake of Gilling-West; 6 miles from Reeth, 8 from Askrigg.

H

HABTON, GREAT, in the parish of Kirbymisperton, wapentake of Pickering-Lythe; 4 miles from Malton, 6 from Pickering, 9 from Kirbymoorside.—Pop. 136.

HABTON, LITTLE, in the parish of Kirbymisperton, wapentake of Pickering-Lythe; 4 miles from Malton, 6 from Pickering, 9 from Kirbymoorside.—Pop. 50.

HACKFORTH, in the parish of Hornby, wapentake of Hang-East, liberties of St. Peter and Richmondshire; 3 miles from Catterick, 4 from Bedale, 8 from Richmond.—Pop. 131.

Here was born about 1474, the celebrated Bishop Tunstall. He was a natural son of a Mr Tunstall, by a daughter of the Conyers family. He studied at Oxford, Cambridge, and at Padua, where he took the degree of Doctor of Laws, and was accounted the best Mathematician of his time. He was consecrated Bishop of London in 1522; and the year following made keeper of the Privy Seal. In 1527 he attended Cardinal Wolsey in his pompous embassy into France; and in 1530 was translated to the bishopric of Durham, of which he was deprived in

the reign of Elizabeth, for denying her supremacy; having previously been sent to the tower in 1551, where he continued a prisoner till 1553. He died in the Palace at Lambeth, Nov. 18, 1559, when in the custody of Parker, Archbishop of Canterbury. He wrote "*De Arte Supputandi*" Lond. 1522, 4to. and 6 other works—*Gen. Biog. Diet.*—*Nichols' Lit. Anecdotes.*

HACKNESS, a parish-town in the wapentake of Whitby-Strand. (*the seat of Sir Richard Bempde Johnstone, Bart.*) 4 miles from Scarborough, 14 from Pickering, 17 from Whitby, 40 from York. Pop. 143. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Peter, in the deanry of Dickering, value, p. r. †88*l.* Patron, Sir Richard Bempde Johnstone, Bart.

In 1088, Serlo, Prior of Whitby, built a cell for Monks, subordinate to Whitby, and King William Rufus granted them six caracutes of land in Hackness and North Field—*Burrox*. There had previously been a cell here, built by Lady Hilda, Abbess of Whitby, in 680, for eight Nuns.

HAGG, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Kirbymoorside; 2½ miles from Kirbymoorside.

HAGG-COTTAGE, in the township and parish of Grinton; 2 miles from Reeth.

HAGWORTH-HILL, *f. h.* in the township of Coiherstone, and parish of Romalddkirk; 8 miles from Barnardcastle. (*Dur.*)

HALFPENNY-HOUSE, *s. h.* in the township of Barden, and parish of West-Hawxwell; 3½ miles from Leyburn.

HALIKELD, *f. h.* in the township of Winton, and parish of Sigston; 2½ miles from Northallerton.

HALLIKELD, a wapentake in Richmondshire, a narrow but rich tract of land, stretching from Leemingbeck south to Boroughbridge, having the Swale all the way for its eastern boundary. The Ermine-Street, now called Leeming-Lane, runs through the centre of this wapentake, which has not one market-town in it; but contains 29 townships, 8 of which are parishes, and 1,218 inhabited houses, 5,958 inhabitants.

HALL-GATE, *ham.* in the township of New-Forest, and parish of Kirkby-Ravenworth; 5 miles from Richmond.

HALL-GATE-HOW, *similarly situated.*

HALLWITH-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Spennithorne; 2 miles from Middleham, 3 from Leyburn.

HALNABY-HALL, (*the seat of John Peniston Milbank, Esq.*) in the township and parish of Croft, wapentake of Gilling-East; 6 miles from Darlington. (*Dur.*) 7 from Catterick, 7½ from Richmond.

HAMBLETON-HOUSE, in the township and parish of Cold-Kirby; 7 miles from Thirsk and Helmsley, 14 from Northallerton; celebrated as a training-ground for Race-Horses.

HAMERS, *s. h.* in the township of Hartoft, and parish of Middleton; 9 miles from Kirbymoorside, 10 from Pickering.

HAMLEY-HAGG, *f. h.* } in the township of Appleton-le-

HAMLEY-HOUSES, 2 *f. h.* } Moors, and parish of Lastingham;
4½ miles from Kirbymoorside.

HAMMER, *f. h.* in the township of East-Witton-without, and parish of East-Witton; 4 miles from Middleham, 6 from Leyburn.

HANDALE, or GRENDALE, in the township and parizh of Loftus, east-division of Langbarugh, (*Handale-Abbey, the seat of Edward Turton, Esq.*) 9 miles from Guisbrough, 12 from Whitby.

A Benedictine Priory was founded here in 1133, dedicated to the Virgin Mary, by William de Percy, grandson of the first W. de Percy, who endowed it with lands in Grendale, Dunsley, and Staxton. At the dissolution there were eight Nuns, when the revenue was only 13*l.* 19*s.* DUGDALE, 20*l.* 7*s.* 8*d.* SPEED. The site of this Priory was granted, 35 Henry VIII. to Ambrose Beekwith, in whose descendants it continued for several generations. It is now the property of Thos. Stevenson, Esq.—TANNER.—BURTON. Little of this monastic building now remains, except the west-end of the chapel, and some of the walls which are observable in the farm-house erected on the site.—GRAVES.

HANG-BANK, in the township and parish of Melsonby; 5 miles from Darlington, (*Dur.*) 6 from Richmond, 7 from Catterick.

It is a small public-house, and well known as a repository for coals.

HANG-EAST and WEST, two wapentakes in Richmondshire.

They are bounded on the south by the West-Riding, on the west by a part of Westmorland, on the north by Gilling-West, and on the east by the river Wiske and the wapentake of Hallikeld. The major-part of Hang-East is a low, warm, and fertile district. It contains two market-towns, Bedale and Masham; 34 townships, 10 of which are parishes, 2,050 inhabited houses, and 10,050 inhabitants. Hang-West is a mountainous district, particularly to the westward; the Ure winds its way through that part of it called Wensleydale. In Hang-West are three market-towns, Hawes, Leyburn, and Middleham; and it contains 50 townships, 12 of which are parishes, 3,606 inhabited houses, and 18,317 inhabitants. These two wapentakes, like the Gillings, have originally been but one.

HARAM, in the parish of Helmsley, wapentake of Rydale; 3 miles from Helmsley, 4½ from Kirbymoorside, 15½ from Malton.—Pop. 190. Here is a Chapel of ease to Helmsley.

HARAM-GRANGE, *f. h.* in the township of Aisenby, and parish of Topcliffe; 5 miles from Ripon.

HARDRAW, in the township of High-Abbotside, and parish of Aysgarth, wapentake of Hang-West; 1½ mile from Hawes, 5½ from Askrigg.—The Church is a perpetual curacy, in the deanry of Catterick, diocese of Chester, value, †65*l.* Patron, James Archibald Stuart Wortley, Esq.

Here is a Water-Fall, called *Hardraw-Force*, of a very striking character; the water falling in one vast sheet, from a ledge of rocks ninety-nine feet in perpendicular height. The ravine, or chasm, which extends below the fall, is bounded on each side by huge masses of rock, and is about 300 yards in length. Behind the fall is a deep recess, or cavern, whence a good view of it may be obtained with safety. During the hard frost in the year 1741, a prodigious icicle is recorded to have been found here, of the whole height of the fall, and nearly equal in circumference.—DAYES.

HARDY-FLATS, *s. h.* extraparochial, in the wapentake of Rydale; 1½ mile from Kirbymoorside.

HARKERSIDE, in the township and parish of Grinton; 2½ miles from Reeth. Houses scattered on the mountain side.

HARLSEY, EAST, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Birdforth ; (*the seat of John Charles Maynard, Esq.*) 6½ miles from Northallerton, 10 from Stokesley, 12 from Thirsk, 35 from York.—Pop. 420. The Church is a perpetual curacy, in the deanry of Cleveland, value, p. r. 75*l*. Patron, John Charles Maynard, Esq.

HARLSEY, WEST, a township, in the parish of Osmotherley, wapentake of Allertonshire ; 5 miles from Northallerton, 11 from Thirsk, 11½ from Stokesley.—Pop. 51.

Here, says Leland, "Strangwaise the judge builded a praty castelle." The keep of this castle on the estate of the Earl of Harewood, having received considerable injury from lightning, was, a few years since, taken down.

HARMBY, in the parish of Spennithorne, wapentake of Hang-West ; 2 miles Leyburn, 4 from Middleham.—Pop. 194.

HARTFORTH, in the township and parish of Gilling, wapentake of Gilling-West ; (*the seat of Sheldon Craddock, Esq.*) 4 miles from Richmond, 8 from Catterick, and Greta-bridge.

Here is a school, founded in 1670, by Sir Thomas Wharton of Edlington, K. B. and endowed with a small estate in Cleveland, for the instruction of a certain number of poor scholars. At this school the Rev. W. Beloe, received the ground work of his classical education, under the Rev. Matthew Raine, father of the late Dr. Raine of the Charter-House, and Jonathan Raine. Esq. an eminent Barrister.—NICHOLS' LIT. ANEC.

HARTOFT, or **HARTOFT-DALE**, in the parish of Middleton, wapentake of Pickering-Lythe ; 8 miles from Pickering, 9 from Kirbymoorside, 15 from Whitby.—Pop. 134.

HARTCAKES, 3 *h.* in the township of Muker, and parish of Reeth ; 10 miles from Reeth.

HARTON, in the parish of Bossall, wapentake of Bulmer ; 9 miles from York, 9½ from Malton, 13 from Easingwold.—Pop. 190.

HAREWOOD-DALE, in the parish of Hackness, wapentake of Whitby-Strand ; 7 miles from Scarborough, 14 from Whitby.—Pop. 235. Here is a Chapel of ease to Hackness.

Querns and stone instruments have been dug up in this neighbourhood, for an account of which, see Young's Whitby, p. 764.

HARRIOT-AIR, *f. h.* in the township of Rievalx, and parish of Helmsley ; 2½ miles from Helmsley.

HAWCLIFFE-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Spennithorne ; 3 miles from Middleham.

HAWES, a small market-town, in the parish of Aysgarth, wapentake of Hang-West ; 5 miles from Askrigg, 14½ from Sedbergh, 17 from Kettlewell, Ingleton, and Leyburn, 18 from Middleham, 22 from Settle, 61 from York, 250 from London.—*Market*, Tuesday.—*Fairs*, Whit-Tuesday, for woollen goods, &c. September 28, for horned cattle, horses, sheep; woollen-cloth, &c.—*Principal Inn*, White-Hart.—Pop. 1,408. The Church is a perpetual curacy, value, p. r. *86*l*. 19*s*. Patrons, the Land Owners of the township.

Hawes is situated in Wensleydale, on the south banks of the River Ure. Here is a Grammar School, founded by the Inhabitants, and endowed by them with a salary of 10*l*. per annum.

HAWKNEST, *f. h.* in the township and parish of East-Harlsey ; 2 miles from Tontine-Inn, 6 from Northallerton.

HAWXWELL, EAST, in the parish of West-Hawxwell, wapentake of Hang-West; (*the seat of Mrs Gale, and residence of Foster Lecomere Coore, Esq.*) $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Leyburn, 5 from Richmond, 6 from Middleham.

HAWXWELL, WEST, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Hang-West; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Leyburn, 5 from Richmond, 6 from Middleton, 40 from York.—Pop. including East Hawxwell, 176. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Oswald, in the deanry of Catterick, diocese of Chester, value, 20*l.* 14*s.* 4*½d.* Patroness, Mrs Gale.

HAWKHILL-FARM, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Easingwold; 1 mile from Easingwold.

HAWNBY, a parish-town in the wapentake of Birdforth; 6 miles from Helmsley, 10 from Thirsk, 14 from Northallerton, 29 from York.—Pop. 286. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Cleveland, value, $\pounds 7*l.*$ 18*s.* 6*½d.* p. r. 147*l.* Patron, Lord George Augustus Henry Cavendish.

HAWKER, *f. h.* in the township of Killerby, and parish of Catterick; 3 miles from Catterick, 6 from Bedale.

HAWSKER, a township in the parish of Whitby, wapentake of Whitby-Strand: 3 miles from Whitby, 18 from Scarborough.—Pop. including Stainsacre, 634, which united form a township.

Here was formerly a Chapel to Whitby, dedicated to All-Saints; an ancient cross $6\frac{1}{2}$ feet high, neatly carved on all sides, is almost the only thing remaining to point out the site.—YOUNG'S WHITBY.

HAXBY, in the parish of Strensall, wapentake of Balmer, liberty of St. Peter; 4 miles from York, 10 from Easingwold, 15 from Malton.—Pop. 417.

HAZLEHEAD, a few houses, in the township and parish of Egton; 10 miles from Whitby, 11 from Pickering. A Roman-Road runs in front of this place.

HEALAUGH, or **HELAGH**, in the townships of Melbecks and Reeth, and parish of Grinton, wapentake of Gilling-West; 1 mile from Reeth.

On a very lofty site, on the great projection of Hertay, on the south side of the Swale, opposite to the village of Healaugh, and commanding a very extensive view of Swaledale, is an encampment called *Maiden Castle*. It is as nearly circular as the nature of the ground will admit, and the ditches still continue deep and wide. On the east-side is an avenue, about 120 yards long, leading towards it, and formed by stones gathered from the adjoining common. Near the east-end of the avenue, but towards the north, is a large barrow of stones and gravel, which has been imperfectly opened, and of which tradition reports, that it yet contains an iron chest filled with money. About 300 yards south-west from the encampment is another oblong barrow, about 6 yards high, and further west are the remains of several cairns.—WHITAKER.

HEALEY, in the parish of Masham, wapentake of Hang-East: 3 miles from Masham, 9 from Middleham.—Pop. including Sutton, 413, which being united, form a township.

HEALEY-COPE, *f. h.* in the township of Healey-with-Sutton, and parish of Masham; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Masham.

HEANING-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township of Thoraby, and parish of Aysgarth; $5\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Askrigg, 9 from Leyburn.

HEATHWATTE, *ham.* in the township and parish of Whorlton; 6 miles from Stokesley, 11 from Northallerton.

HEDGEHOLM, *f. h.* in the township of Barforth; 10 miles from Richmond.

HELBECK-LUNDS or **HELGILL-BECK**, a brook that divides Yorkshire from Westmorland.—*See Lunds.*

HELMING, *f. h.* in the township of Rookwith, and parish of Thornton-Wallas; 4 miles from Bedale.

HELMSLEY, a market and parish-town, in the wapentake of Rydale: 6 miles from Kirbymoorside, 13 from Easingwold, 14 from Thirsk, 16 from Stokesley and Malton, 20 from Northallerton, 23 from York, 221 from London.—*Market*, Saturday.—*Fairs*, May 19, July 16, Oct. 1 and 2, Nov. 5 and 6, for horned cattle, sheep, linen and woollen cloth, &c. : if the fairs for horned cattle fall on a Monday, the sheep fairs will be held on the Saturday preceding.—*Principal Inn*, Black Swan.—*Pop.* 1,520. The Church is a vicarage; dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Rydale, value $\pounds 11l.$ 8s. 6½*d.* Patron, Charles Duncombe, Esq.

Helmsley, called by Bede Ulmetum, is a small town situated on the east-side of Hambleton-Hills, or Hambleton-Blackmoor, and is frequently called *Helmsley-Blackeymoor*. It had formerly the protection of a Castle on the west, which, according to Camden, was built by Robert de Ros, and called *Castle Pierstun*. It was besieged in 1644, by Sir Thomas Fairfax, and surrendered to the arms of parliament Nov. 21, and by their order soon afterwards dismantled. The ruins, yet remaining, consist of a lofty Tower and some other small detached parts, with a Gateway from the south, situated on an eminence surrounded with a double moat. The old Tower and Helmsley Church are very conspicuous objects from the Terrace at Duncombe-Park. Helmsley formerly belonged to the Duke of Buckingham, which he obtained by marriage of the heiress of the Duke of Rutland. After his death it came into the possession of his son, the well-known George Villiers, Duke of Buckingham, who sold it, along with the whole of his estates in the parishes of Helmsley and Kirkdale, to Sir Charles Duncombe, ancestor of the present Charles Duncombe, Esq. of Duncombe-Park.

HELMSLEY, GATE, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Bulmer, liberty of St. Peter: 6 miles from York, 13 from Easingwold, 14 from Malton.—*Pop.* 229. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Bulmer, value, $\pounds 2l.$ p. r. $\pounds 103l.$ Patron, the Prebendary of Oshaldwick, York.

HELMSLEY, OVER, or **UPPER**, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Bulmer; 7 miles from York, 12 from Malton, 14 from Easingwold.—*Pop.* 63. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Peter, in the deanry of Bulmer, value, $\pounds 4l.$ 19s. 2*d.* p. r. $\pounds 105l.$ 13s. 2*d.* Patron, the King.

HELPERBY, in the parish of Brafferton, wapentake of Bulmer, liberty of St. Peter; 5 miles from Boroughbridge, 6 from Easingwold, 9 from Ripon, 16 from York.—*Pop.* 611.

HEMLINGTON, in the parish of Stainton, west-division of Langbarough; 6 miles from Stokesley, 7 from Yarm, 9 from Guisbrough. *Pop.* 72.

HELWITTH, in the township of New-Forest, and parish of Kirkby-Ravensworth; 6 miles from Richmond.

HESSELTONE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Fingall; 6 miles from Leyburn.

HEWORTH, in the parishes of St. Cuthbert, St. Saviour, and St. Giles, York, wapentake of Bulmer; 1 mile from York, 14 from Easingwold, 17 from Malton.—Pop. 116.

HIGH-CLOSE-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of St. John Stanwick; 6 miles from Richmond, 7 from Darlington, (*Dur.*)

HIGHTHORN, (*the seat of William Hotham, Esq.*) in the township and parish of Husthwaite; 4 miles from Easingwold.

HILDENLEY, (*the seat of George Strickland, Esq.*) a township in the parish of Appleton-le-Street, wapentake of Bulmer; 2 miles from Malton, 17 from York, 18 from Easingwold.—Pop. 23.

HILDERWELL, or **HINDERWELL**, a parish-town, in the east-division of Langbarough; 8 miles from Whitby, 14 from Guisbrough, 21½ from Stokesley, 56 from York.—Pop. 1,483. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Hilda, in the deanry of Cleveland, value, 15*l.* Patron, the Rev. William Smith, the present incumbent.

HILLER-GREEN, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Hackness; 7 miles from Scarborough.

HILTON, a parish-town, in the west-division of Langbarough; 4 miles from Yarm, 5 from Stokesley, 42 from York.—Pop. 135. The Church is a perpetual curacy, in the deanry of Cleveland, value, p. r. †47*l.* Patron, Lord George Augustus Henry Caven-
dish.

It was anciently a Chapel of Ease to Rudby; but on being augmented by the bounty of Queen Anne, it was made parochial. It still contributes to the repairs of the Mother Church.—GRAVES.

HINDERSKELFE, (extraparochial) a township, in the wapentake of Bulmer; 6 miles from Malton.—Pop. 159. It is a donative, but no church or chapel.

Here was an old Castle, called Hinderskelfe-Castle.—*See Castle-Howard.*

HINDERSKELFE-MOOR-HOUSES, *ham.* in the township of Hinderskelfe, and parish of Bulmer; 6 miles from Malton.

HINDLEYTHWAITE, 2 *f. h.* in the township of Carlton-high-dale, and parish of Coverham; 6 miles from Middleham.

HIPSWELL, in the parish of Catterick, wapentake of Hang-East; 3 miles from Richmond, 8 from Leyburn.—Pop. including St. Martin's Abbey, 296. The Church is a perpetual curacy, value, p. r. †55*l.* Patron, the vicar of Catterick.

HIPSWELL-LODGE, (*the seat of Thomas Hutchinson, Esq.*) in the township of Hipswell, and parish of Catterick; 2½ miles from Richmond.

HOLE OF HERCUM, a *few f. h.* in the townships of Levisham and Lockton, and parish of Levisham, wapentake of Pickering-Lyth; 8 miles from Pickering, 13 from Whitby.

HOLLIN-HILL, *f. h.* in the township of Yearsley, and parish of Coxwold; 3 miles from Easingwold.

HOLLY-HILL, (*the seat of Richard P. Strangways, Esq.*) in the township and parish of Well; 3½ from Masham, 4 miles from Bedale.

HOLME, or **CRAVEN-HOLME**, *f. h.* in the township of Bainbridge, and parish of Aysgarth; 1½ mile from Askrigg.

HOLME, in the parish of Pickbill, wapentake of Allertonshire; 6 miles from Bedale, 8 from Northallerton, 9 from Ripon.—Pop. 102.

HOLME, NORTH and SOUTH, *see North and South-Holme*.

HOLTBY, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Bulmer; 5 miles from York, 15½ from Malton.—Pop. 170. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to the Holy-Trinity, in the deanry of Bulmer, value, 8*l*. Patroness, Mrs C. Nelson.

HOLTBY, GREAT or HIGH, in the township of Ainderby-Myers-with-Holtby, and parish of Hornby; (*Holtby-House, the seat of Thomas Robinson, Esq.*) 3½ miles from Bedale, 4 from Catterick.—Pop. included in Ainderby-Myers.

HOLTBY, LITTLE or LOW, *s. h.* in the township of Ainderby-Myers-with-Holtby, and parish of Hornby; 4 miles from Bedale.

HOLWICK, in the parish of Ronaldkirk, wapentake of Gilling-West; 11 miles from Barnardcastle, (*Dur.*) 13 from Greta-bridge.—Pop. 201.

HOOD-GRANGE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Low-Kilbarn, wapentake of Birdforth, liberty of Ripon; 7 miles from Thirsk, 9 from Helmsley.

Here was an Hermitage to Whitby, where Robert de Alnetto, a Monk of Whitby lived; but in 1138, through the influence of Roger de Mowbray and Gundred his mother, was converted into an Abbey for Monks of the Cistercian order, which was removed to old Byland in 1143, and finally to Byland near Coxwold in 1147.—**BURTON, SPEED, DUGDALE.** It is now merely a farm-house, the thick walls of which, with its antique windows, and a stone coffin placed in the wall of the west buildings, prove its antiquity.

HOPE, a township, in the parish of Barningham, wapentake of Gilling-West; 3 miles from Greta-bridge, 4 from Barnardcastle, (*Dur.*)—Pop. 44.

HORNBY, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Hang-East, a part in the liberty of St. Peter; 5 miles from Bedale, 7 from Richmond, 39 from York.—Pop. 102. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Mary, a peculiar under the church of Ripon, in the deanry of Catterick, diocese of Chester; value, $\pounds 6*l*. 15*s*. 6*d*. p. r. 85*l*. Patron, the Dean and Chapter of York. Nearly adjoining the village, is$

HORNBY-CASTLE, (*the seat of his Grace the Duke of Leeds*)

Leland says "Horneby Castle a iii miles from Swale and a ii from Keterick." This noble mansion was the ancient seat of the St. Quintins, which afterwards belonged to the Coniers. It came into the possession of Richard Lord Lumley, by his marriage with Anne, one of the daughters of Sir John Coniers.—**CAMDEN.**—**MAGNA BRITAN.** A large portion of this Castle is as early as the Conquest; but the modern parts were built by Robert, the last Earl of Holderness, from whom it passed into the present family, by marriage of Francis, the fifth Duke, with Amelia D'Arey, only surviving daughter and sole heiress of the said Robert, Earl of Holderness. It is a spacious structure, some parts of which are of Gothic Architecture, and others finished in the modern stile. The paintings are numerous, and many of them by the first masters.

HORNBY, in the parish of Great-Smeaton, wapentake of Allertonshire; 8 miles from Northallerton and Yarm, 10 from Darlington, (*Dur.*)—Pop. 238. In this township is

HORNBY-GRANGE, (*the seat of Henry Hewgill, Esq.*) 7 miles from Northallerton.

HORSEHOUSE, *ham.* in the township of Carlton-high-dale, and parish of Coverham, wapentake of Hang-West; 7½ miles from

Middleham, 8 from Leyburn and Kettlewell. The Church is a perpetual curacy, under Coverham, value, p. r. $\pm 70l$.

HOWLANDS or **EWELANDS**, *f. h.* in the township of Hurst, and parish of Marrick : 3 miles from Reeth, 7 from Richmond.

HOVINGHAM, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Rydale ; (*the seat of Edward Worsley, Esq.*) 7 miles from Helmsley, 8 from Kirbymoorside, 9 from Malton, 19 from York.—Pop. 649. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Rydale : value, p. r. $\pm 57l$. Patron, the Earl of Carlisle.

Young, in his six months tour, thus describes Mr Worsley's house. "The approach is through a very large stone gateway, upon which is the following inscription ;

Virtus in actione consistit.

and as the building looks pretty much like the gable end of a large house, I mistook it at first (with that inscription) for an hospital : The entrance is directly out of the street for coaches, through a narrow passage into a large riding-house, then through the anti-space of two stables, and so up to the house door. In the hall is an antique basso relievo of a Bacchanalian group : Two bronzes—*Hercules squeezing Antaeus* ; and a *Hercules* and a *Stag* ; likewise a very good portrait of *Bishop Wiliams*. The chimney-piece is of white *Sienna Marble*, with doric pillars, an instance of the bad effect of pillars without bases even of that order. The pannels of the room are painted in fresco, *Sacrifice to Diana, &c.*" In the library, drawing, and dining-rooms, are several busts and small statues, drawings, and pictures.

HOWE, in the parish of Pickhill, wapentake of Hallikeld ; 5 miles from Thirsk, 7 from Ripon and Boroughbridge.—Pop. 32.

HOWE, and **HOWBRIDGE**, 3 *h.* in the township and parish of Old-Malton ; 2 miles from Malton, 7 from Pickering.

HOWGRAVE, in the parish of Kirklington, wapentake of Hallikeld ; 6 miles from Ripon, $7\frac{1}{2}$ from Bedale.—Pop. included in Sutton.

The singular situation of this place is as follows, it consists of only three farms, one in the township of Sutton, in the parish of Kirklington ; a second in that of Holm, in the parish of Pickhill ; and a third in that of Nunwick, in the parish of Ripon.—The house in Nunwick has of late been converted into cottages.

HOW-HILL, in the township of Newby, and parish of Seamer ; 3 miles from Stokesley.

This is a remarkable tumulus, and on the side of the hill towards the south are evident marks of an intrenchment, probably Saxon, and in the plain below, it is reported that armour, swords, and human bones have frequently been found.

HOWLSIKE, in the townships of Danby and Glandale, and parish of Danby, east-division of Langbarugh ; 10 miles from Guisbrough and Whitby.

HOWTHORPE, *f. h.* in the township of Airyholme, Howthorpe, and Baxter-Howe, and parish of Hovingham, wapentake of Rydale ; 7 miles from Malton, $8\frac{1}{2}$ from Kirbymoorside and Helmsley.—Pop. included in Airyholme. Airyholme, Howthorpe, and Baxter-Howe, 3 farms, have a Constable and an Overseer of the Poor appointed annually.

HUBY, in the parish of Sutton-on-the-Forest, wapentake of Bulmer ; 4 miles from Easingwold, 9 from York.—Pop. 497.

HUDSWELL, in the parish of Catterick, wapentake of Hang-West ; 2 miles from Richmond, 9 from Leyburn.—Pop. 305.

The Church is a perpetual curacy, value, p. r. †66*l*. Patron, the Vicar of Catterick.

HUM-BURTON, or **HUMBERTON**, a township, in the parishes of Kirby-on-the-Moor and Aldborough, wapentake of Hallikeld; 3 miles from Boroughbridge, 7 from Ripon, 9 from Thirsk.—Pop. including a part of Milby, 120.

HUMERSTY, *s. h.* in the township and parish of Loftus; 10 miles from Guisbrough.

HUNDERTHWAITE, in the parish of Romaldkirk, wapentake of Gilling-West; 6 miles from Barnardcastle, (*Dur.*) 9 from Gretna-bridge, 21 from Richmond.—Pop. 313.

HUNTERS-HALL, *f. h.* in the township of Carlton-high-dale, and parish of Coverham; 10 miles from Middleham.

HUNT-HOUSE, *s. h.* in the township of Goadland, and parish of Pickering; 10 miles from Pickering, 13 from Whitby.

HUNTINGTON, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Bulmer; a part in the liberty of St. Peter; 3 miles from York, 13 from Easingwold, 16 from Malton.—Pop. 346. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Bulmer, value, †5*l*. p. r. †130*l*. Patrons, the Sub-chanters and Vicars-Choral, York.

HUNTON, in the parishes of Patrick-Brompton and Hornby, wapentake of Haug-West, a part in the liberty of St. Peter; 6 miles from Leyburn, Middleham, and Richmond.—Pop. 496. The Church is a perpetual curacy, (rebuilt in 1791) dedicated to St. John, value, p. r. †63*l*. and annexed to Patrick-Brompton.

HURST, in the parish of Marriek, wapentake of Gilling-West; 3 miles from Reeth, 7 from Richmond.

HURY, *f. h.* in the township of Hunderthwaite, and parish of Romaldkirk; 7 miles from Barnardcastle, (*Dur.*)

HUSTHWAITE, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Birdforth, liberty of St. Peter; 4 miles from Easingwold, 5 from Thirsk, 17 from York.—Pop. 324. The Church is a perpetual curacy, in the deanry of Bulmer, value, p. r. 91*l*. 4*s*. Patron, Thomas Edward Wynn Belasyse, Esq. and Lady Charlotte his wife.

HUTTON, or **HUTTON** juxta **RUDBY**, in the parish of Rudby, west-division of Langbarugh; 4½ miles from Stokesley, 6 from Yarm, 12 from Northallerton.—Pop. 919.

HUTTON, or **HUTTON** juxta **SESSAY**, in the parish of Sessay, wapentake of Allertonshire; 5 miles from Easingwold, 6 from Thirsk. Pop. 129.

HUTTON-BONVILLE, a township, in the parish of Birkby, wapentake of Allertonshire; (*Hutton-Hall, the seat of Wm. Battie Wrightson, Esq.*) 5 miles from Northallerton, 11½ from Darlington, (*Dur.*)—Pop. 107. The Church, peculiar, is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Laurence, value, p. r. †40*l*. Patron, Henry Peirse, Esq.

The mansion and estate of Hutton-Bonville, recently purchased by Henry Peirse, Esq. and adjoins his other estates at Lazenby, &c. all once the property and residence of the ancient family of Congers. The last Baronet of that family (Sir Thomas) died a few years ago in Chester-le-Street.

HUTTON-BUSHELL, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Picker-

ing-Lythe; (*the seat of George Osbaldeston, Esq.*) 6 miles from Scarborough, 12 from Pickering, 15 from Malton, 34 from York. Pop. 419. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Matthew, in the deanry of Rydale, value, 14*l.* 17*s.* 6*d.* Patron, Earl Fitzwilliam.

In the Church is a marble monument to the memory of Dr. Richard Osbaldeston, Bishop of London, who died in 1764. A great part of the manor-house was burnt to the ground, Jan. 4, 1809.

HUTTON-CONYERS, a township, (but extraparochial) in the wapentake of Allertonshire; 1½ mile from Ripon, 6 from Borough-bridge.—Pop. 127.

This place was anciently the residence of a branch of that ancient family, the *Conyers*, of Sockburn, whose Hall appears to have been on the North side of the village in a field, now called the *Hall Garth*, the foundations of which shew themselves in every direction—it appears to have been moated round—The Mallories of Studley, having, by marriage, afterwards come into possession of this estate, it is now the property of Mrs. Lawrence.

The following singular custom of holding the courts here, is extracted from "Blount's Ancient Tenures." "The lord holds his court the first day in the year, and to entitle the several townships of Hutton Conyers, Melmerby, Baldersby, Rainton, Dishforth, and Hewick, to right of estray for their sheep to certain limited boundaries on the common or moor of Hutton Conyers, the shepherd of each township attends the court, and does fealty by bringing to the court a large apple-pye, and a twopenny sweet-cake, except the shepherd of Hewick, who compounds by paying sixteen pence for ale, (which is drunk as after mentioned) and a wooden spoon; each pye is cut in two, and divided by the bailiff, one half between the steward, bailiff, and the tenant of the coney-warren, (upon the Moor,) and the other half into six parts, and divided amongst the six shepherds of the before-mentioned six townships. In the pye, brought by the shepherd of Rainton, an inner one is made filled with prunes. The cakes are divided in the same manner. The bailiff of the manor provides firmety, and mustard, and delivers to each shepherd a slice of cheese and a penny roll. The firmety, well mixed with mustard, is put into an earthen pot and placed in a hole in the ground, in a garth belonging to the bailiff's house, to which place the steward of the court, with the bailiff, tenant of the warren, and six shepherds, adjourn, with their respective wooden spoons. The bailiff provides spoons for the steward, the tenant of the warren, and himself. The steward first pays respect to the firmety, by taking a large spoonful; the bailiff has the next honour, the tenant of the warren next, then the shepherd of Hutton-Conyers, and afterwards the other shepherds, by regular turns; then each person is served with a glass of ale (paid for by the sixteen-pence brought by the Hewick shepherd) and the health of the lord of the manor is drunk; then they adjourn back to the bailiff's house, and the further businesses of the court is proceeded in". He further adds "each pye contains about a peck of flour, is about sixteen or eighteen inches diameter, and as large as will go into the mouth of an ordinary oven; that the bailiff of the manor measures them with a rule, and takes the diameter, and if they are not of a sufficient capacity, he threatens to return them, and line the town. If they are large enough, he divides them with a rule and compasses into four equal parts, of which the steward claims one, the warrener another, and the remainder is divided amongst the shepherds." The Moor having now been inclosed some years the custom is abolished.

HUTTON-HALL, in the township of Hutton-Conyers; 2 miles from Ripon.

HUTTON-HANG, HIGH, *f. h.* in the township of Fingall, and parish of Bedale, wapentake of Hang-West; 5 miles from Bedale, 6 from Leyburn.—Pop. 25.

HUTTON-HANG, LOW, 4 cottages, similarly situated.

HUTTON-LE-HOLE, in the parish of Lastingham, wapentake of Rydale; 3 miles from Kirbymoorside, 7 from Pickering.—Pop. 304.

HUTTON, HIGH and LOW, which being united, form the parish of Huttons-Ambo, wapentake of Bulmer; (*Hutton-Lodge, the residence of General M^rLeod*) 3½ miles from Malton, 15 from York, 18 from Easingwold.—Pop. 445. The Church, situated in High-Hutton, is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Magaret, in the deanry of Bulmer, value, p. r. †106*l*. Patron, the Archbishop of York.

HUTTON-LONGVILLIERS, or MAGNA, in the parish of Gilling, wapentake of Gilling-West; 3 miles from Greta-bridge, 9½ from Richmond.—Pop. 248. The Church is a perpetual curacy, value, p. r. †36*l*. Patron, the Vicar of Gilling.

HUTTON, LITTLE, *ham.* in the township of Barforth, and parish of Gilling; 3 miles from Greta-bridge.

HUTTON-LOWCROSS, or LOCRASS, a township, in the parish of Guisbrough, east-division of Langbarugh; 2 miles from Guisbrough, 8½ from Stokesley.—Pop. 56.

Here was a house or hospital, for lepers dedicated to St. Leonard, which was given to the Priory of Guisbrough, by William de Bernaldby; and the donation was confirmed by Peter, son of Peter de Brus.—**TANNER.**—**BURTON.** Some mutilated arches of doors and windows in one of the farm-houses point out the situation of this house.

HUTTON-MULGRAVE, in the parish of Lythe, east-division of Langbarugh; 6 miles from Whitby, 16 from Guisbrough, 22 from Stokesley.—Pop. 90.

HUTTON, SAND, *see Sandhutton, in the parish of Thirsk.*

HUTTON, SAND, *see Sandhutton, in the parish of Bossall.*

HUTTON, SHERIFF, *see Sheriffhutton.*

I

IBORN-DALE, *s. h.* in the township of Ugglebarnby, and parish of Whitby; 4 miles from Whitby.

ILTON, or HILTON, in the parish of Masham, wapentake of Hang-East; 4 miles from Masham, 10 from Ripon, 13 from Richmond.—Pop. 266.

ING-HEAD, *f. h.* in the township of Hurst, and parish of Marrick; 7 miles from Richmond, 8 from Leyburn.

INGLEBY, in the township and parish of Arnccliffe, west-division of Langbarugh; 8 miles from Northallerton, Yarm, and Stokesley.

INGLEBY-CROSS, *ham.* in the township and parish of Arnccliffe.

INGLEBY, or INGLEBY juxta GREENHOW, a parish-town, in the west-division of Langbarugh; 4½ miles from Stokesley, 8 from Guisbrough, 44 from York.—Pop. 158. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Andrew, in the deanry of Cleveland, value, p. r. 68*l*. 19*s*. 4*d*. Patron, Sir William Foulis, Bart. At a short distance from the village is

INGLEBY-MANOR, (*the seat of Sir William Foulis, Bart.*)

A descendant of Sir David Foulis, Bart. who came into England with James I. was made a Knight in 1603, and created Bart. in 1619. "He

was a native of North Britain, and employed by James VI. of Scotland, in several commissions to Queen Elizabeth. He received the honour of Knighthood in 1603, and attending his royal master to Oxford. In 1609 he purchased of Ralph, Lord Eure, Lord President of the Council in Wales, the Manors of Ingleby and Battersby, the Manor-houses, the Parks, with the Rectory and Church of Ingleby, and lands in Ingleby, Battersby, and Greenhow.—*For further account, see Graves' Cleveland.* In this house was born that eminent historian and divine, Henry Foulis, the second son of Sir Henry Foulis, he was sent to Queen's College, Oxford, and was soon after elected Fellow of Lincoln College, in 1659. He wrote "the History of Wicked Conspiracies," and "a History of the Romish Treasons and Usurpations." He died Dec. 24, 1669, aged 33 or thereabouts, and was buried in the chancel of St. Michael's Church, Oxon.—*ibid.*—Wood in his *Athenæ Oxon.* says "the products of his writings shew him to have been a true son of the Church of England."

IRTON, or URION, in the parish of Seamer, wapentake of Pickering-Lyth; 4 miles from Scarborough, 15 from Pickering, 19 from Malton.—Pop. 105.

ISLEBECK, in the township of Carlton-Miniott, and parish of Kirkby-Knowle, wapentake of Birdforth; 4 miles from Thirsk.

IVELETT, *ham.* in the township of Muker, and parish of Grinton; 5 miles from Askrigg, 7 from Reeth.

JEATOR-HOUSES, *ham.* in the township of Thimbleby, and parish of Sigston; 5 miles from Northallerton. 7½ from Thirsk.

JERVEAUX-ABBEY, (*a seat of the Earl of Ailesbury*) in the township of East-Witton-without, and parish of East-Witton, wapentake of Hang-West; 5 miles from Masham and Middleham, 7 from Leyburn and Bedale.

"Gervaux Abbey," says Leland, "of white Monkes, ripa eiteriori a ii miles beneth Middleham." Akarius Fitz Bardolph, in the time of King Stephen, gave to Peter de Quinciano, a Monk, and to other Monks of Savigny, certain lands at Fors and Worton, in Wensleydale, being part of his possessions; where in 1145, they began to lay foundations of a Monastery of their order, Cisterrians, which was successively called the Abbey of Fors, Wensleydale, and Charity. The donations that had been made by Akarius and others, appear to have been confirmed by Alan, Earl of Richmond.—Serlo, then Abbot of Savigny, disapproved of the foundation, as made without his knowledge and consent; neither did he choose, though repeatedly solicited by Peter, to supply it with Monks from his Convent, on account of the great difficulties experienced by those he had before sent into England. He therefore, in a general chapter, proposed that it should be transferred to the Abbey of Belland (Byland) which from its vicinity would be better able to lend the necessary assistance required in its yet infant state.—This being agreed to, twelve Monks, with Joker de Kingston for their Abbot, were sent them from that house.—After undergoing great hardships from the smallness of their endowment and sterility of their lands for some time, (during which they had received occasional relief from the Abbot of Byland) Conan, son to Alan, Earl of Richmond, greatly increased their revenues; and, in 1156, removed their Monastery to a pleasant and healthy valley in East-Witton, the present situation. This was done with the consent of Harveus, the son of Akarius, the founder; who took care to reserve to himself the patronage of the Abbey, as well as the prayers of the Monks, usually offered up for the founder and his relations; and that the bones of his father and mother should be removed to an honourable place in the new Monastery. In this place the Monks erected a magnificent Church and Monastery, which, like most of the Cistercian order, was dedicated to St. Mary.—At the dissolution it was valued at 455*l.* 10*s.* 5*d.* SPEED; 234*l.* 18*s.* 5*d.* DUGDALE. The site in the 35th of Henry VIII. was granted to Matthew, Earl of Lenox, and Lady Margaret his wife. What little remains of this ancient structure, had become nearly overgrown with rough wood and briars, and scarcely any trace of it, as a building, remained, except some few arches, nearly level with the ground; when in 1805, the late Earl of Ailesbury, visited this place; and among a great variety of improvements projected upon his estate, was much

pleased with an experiment that had been made by his steward in digging down to the bottom of one of the arches, which proved to be the door of the Abbey Church, and led to a beautiful floor of tessellated pavement. His Lordship caused the whole of this ruin to be explored and cleared out; which was done in 1806 and 1807, at a very considerable expense, as the base of the building was buried several feet below the surface; when the Abbey-church and choir, with the cross aisles,—the high altar, and several tombs,—the chapter-house, with marble-pillars, formerly supporting the roof, were discovered; also the Abbot's house, the garden, kitchen, refectory, cloisters, and dormitory. The restoration was under the skilful superintendence and direction of John Claridge, Esq. who resides near the spot, that this object was so successfully accomplished. In order to preserve this ancient site, it has been enclosed by a sunk fence, in part, or by a wall; and over the entrance is the following inscription, viz.

YOKEVALE-ABBNEY,

Founded Anno Domini 1141,

Demolished Anno Domini 1537.

These ancient Ruins were traced out and cleared by order of

The Right Hon. Thomas, Earl of Ailesbury,

Anno Domini 1807.

JOHN, ST. STANWICK, *see Stanwick.*

JOLBY, *f. h.* and *Mill.* in the township and parish of Croft; 2 miles from Croft, 3 from Darlington. (*Dur.*)

JULY-PARK-HOUSES, a *few h.* in the township and parish of Egton; 8 miles from Whitby, 15 from Pickering.

"Here are the traces of an ancient large building, which had been moated round."—Burton. It was the seat of Lord Mauley; a church or chapel stood near it, and the field is still called *Kirkfield*. About 40 yards west, may be traced the remains of an ancient Roman Military Road, called *Wade's Causeway*.—GRAVES.

K

KEARTON, in the township of Melbecks, and parish of Grinton, wapentake of Gilling-West; 3 miles from Reeth, 7 from Askrigg.

KELD, *ham.* in the township of Muker, and parish of Grinton; 9 miles from Askrigg, 13 from Reeth.

On the site of the ancient Chapel, said to have been demolished in a riot of the inhabitants, previous to 1580, and which Bacon states to be in ruins, is now a dissenting Chapel of the independent connection.

KELDHOLME, in the township and parish of Kirbymoorside; 1 mile from Kirbymoorside.

In the time of King Henry I. a nunnery, for Monks of the cistercian order, was founded here by Robert de Stuteville, and dedicated to the Virgin. At the dissolution here was a Prioress and eight Nuns, who had a yearly revenue of 29*l.* 6*s.* 1*d.* The site was granted to Ralph Earl of Westmorland.—Burton. Not a vestige of this house is now remaining; and on the site is erected an oil and flax mill.—In 1813, when part of the foundations was cleared away, several tombstones and stone coffins were discovered.

KELTON, *f. h.* in the township of Mickleton, and parish of Romaldkirk; 10 miles from Barnardcastle, (*Dur.*)

KEMPSWIDDEN, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Kildale; 7 miles from Guisbrough.

KEPWICK, in the parishes of Leak, Cowsby, and Over-Silton, wapentake of Birdforth; 8 miles from Northallerton, 9 from Thirsk, 11 from Helmsley.—Pop. 107.

KETTLENESS, in the township and parish of Lythe; east-division of Langbarugh; 7 miles from Whithy, 15 from Guisbrough.

Here is an extensive Alum Work, begun about 1728. It has been the property of Lord Mulgrave, ever since 1767, and produces annually about 455 tons.

KIDSTONES, *f. hs.* in the township of Bishopdale, and parish of Aysgarth; 5 miles from Askrigg, 12½ from Leyburn.

KILBURN, HIGH in the township and parish of Low-Kilburn, wapentake of Birdforth, liberty of Ripon; 6 miles from Thirsk, 7 from Easingwold, 8 from Helmsley.

KILBURN, LOW, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Birdforth, liberty of Ripon; 6 miles from Thirsk, 7 from Easingwold, 8 from Helmsley, 20 from York.—Pop. 530. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Bulmer, value, p. r. †65/. Patron, the Archbishop of York.

KILDALE, a parish-town, in the west-division of Langbarugh; (*the seat of Robert Bell Livesey, Esq.*) 6 miles from Stokesley and Guisbrough, 14 from Yarm, 49 from York.—Pop. 209. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Cuthbert, in the deanry of Cleveland, value, †10l. 3s. 4d. p. r. 150l. Patron, Robert Bell Livesey, Esq.

Here was formerly a Castle, which belonged to the Earls of Northumberland.—CAMDEN. In the Park of Sir Arnold de Percy, within this parish, about the year 1312, the Friars of the Holy Cross began to build an oratory and other offices for their settlement here; but the place was interdicted by Archbishop Grenfield, till it should be made appear that this sort of mendicants was allowed by the Pope.—TANNER. No traces of the foundations appear at present.

KILGRAM-BRIDGE, *f. h.* in the township of East-Witton-without, and parish of East-Witton; 4 miles from Masham.

KILLERBY, a township, in the parish of Catterick, wapentake of Hang-East; (*the seat of John Booth, Esq.*) 1½ mile from Catterick, 6 from Bedale, 6½ from Richmond.—Pop. 48.

In the 19th Edward I. Brian Fitz-Alan of Bedale, obtained license to make a Castle of his house at *Kilwardeby*.—DUGDALE. The Castle which stood here, was in ruins in Leland's time, who says "Killarby Castil Ruine in Ripa citer Swalay, about a ii mile south from Keterick."

KILLERBY-HALL, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Cayton; 4 miles from Scarborough.

KILLERBY-GRANGE, *f. h.* in the same township and parish.

KILMONT-WOOD, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Bowes; 3 miles from Greta-bridge, 4 from Barnardcastle, (*Dur.*)

KILTON, in the parish of Skelton, east-division of Langbarugh; 7 miles from Guisbrough, 15 from Stokesley.—Pop. 100.

Formerly there was a Castle here which belonged to the ancient family of the Thwengs.—CAMDEN. This edifice is now in so ruinous a state, as to render it impossible to form any idea of its former strength and magnificence.—GRAVES. It is now the property of John Wharton, Esq. of Skelton-Castle.

KILTON-THORP, *f. h.* in the township of Kilton, and parish of Skelton; 6 miles from Guisbrough.

In this farm are two ancient Manors, which at the general survey were held by *Torchil*, under the names of *Chiltone* and *Torp*.

KILVINGTON, NORTH, in the parish of Thornton-le-street, wapentake of Allertonshire; 2½ miles from Thirsk, 6½ from North-allerton.—Pop. 68.

KILVINGTON, SOUTH, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Birdforth; $1\frac{1}{4}$ mile from Thirsk, 8 from Northallerton, $24\frac{1}{4}$ from York.—Pop. 260. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Wilfrid, in the deanry of Bulmer, value, 17*l.* 10*s.* 10*d.* Patron, Sidney-College, Cambridge.

In this Church is a Baptismal Font, made about the time of Edward IV. on which is engraved the arms of the Scropes of Bolton and Upsal. The constant tradition of the neighbourhood has been, that it was removed to its present situation from the chapel of Upsal Castle, in this parish.—*For particulars of this Font, see Archaeologia, vol. XL.*

KINGTHORPE, in the parish of Pickering, wapentake of Pickering-Lythe: (*the seat of John Fothergill, Esq.*) 3 miles from Pickering, 12 from Malton, 18 from Whitby.—Pop. 52.

KIPLIN, a township, in the parish of Catterick, wapentake of Gilling-East: (*Kiplin-Hall, the seat of the Right Hon. Earl Tyrconnel*) 5 miles from Catterick, $7\frac{1}{2}$ from Northallerton, $8\frac{1}{2}$ from Richmond.—Pop. 100.

The title of Earl Tyrconnel. George Carpenter, the first Lord, was created Baron Carpenter of Killaghy, in 1719; and George Carpenter the third Lord, and first Earl, advanced to the dignities of Viscount Carlingford, and Earl Tyrconnel, in 1761.—**DEPART.** John De-la-val Carpenter, the fourth and present Earl, born Dec. 16, 1790, married the only daughter and heiress of the late Robert Crowe, Esq. of Kiplin.

Here in 1582, was born George Calvert, the first Lord Baltimore. He was educated at Trinity-College, Oxford, after which he went abroad, and at his return entered into the service of Robert Cecil, Secretary of State to James I. In 1605 he was created M. A. in 1617 he received the honour of Knighthood; and in 1619 he was appointed to be one of the principal Secretaries of State: In 1625 he was created (by the name of Sir George Calvert, of Danby-wiske, in Yorkshire, Knight) Baron of Baltimore, in the county of Longford, in Ireland. He wrote “*Carmen funebre in D. Hen. Untonum, and many other pieces.*” There are some of his letters in the Harleian M. S. collection, and some in Hearne’s collection, 4to.—**MACNA BRIT.**

KIRKBRIDGE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of St. John Stanwick; 8 miles from Richmond.

KIRKBY, COLD, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Birdforth; 5 miles from Helmsley, 8 from Thirsk, 23 from York.—Pop. 185. The Church is a perpetual curacy, and peculiar, in the deanry of Rydale; value, p. r. +53*l.* 5*s.* Patron, Thomas Dancombe, Esq.

KIRKBY-ON-THE-MOOR, or **KIRKBY-HILL**, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Hallikeld; 1 mile from Boroughbridge, 5 from Ripon, 18 from York.—Pop. 190. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Boroughbridge, diocese of Chester, value, 27*l.* 13*s.* 6½*d.* Patron, the King.

KIRKBY-FLEETHAM, *see Fleetham, Kirkby.*

KIRKBY-HALL, (*the seat of Mrs. Lawrence*) in the township of Fleetham, and parish of Kirkby-Fleetham; 5 miles from Bedale, 8 from Richmond.

KIRBY-KNOWLE, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Birdforth; 6 miles from Thirsk, 9 from Northallerton, 29 from York.—Pop. 138. The Church is a rectory, in the deanry of Bulmer, value, 8*l.* 2*s.* 1*d.* Patron, Sir Thomas Frankland, Bart.

KIRBY-MILLS, in the township and parish of Kirbymoorside, wapentake of Rydale; 1 mile from Kirbymoorside.

KIRKBY-MISPERTON, or KIRKBY-OVERCARR, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Pickering-Lythe; (*the seat of the Rev. F. W. Blomberg*) 1 mile from Pickering, 6 from Malton, 8 from Kirbymoorside, 24 from York.—Pop. 170. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Lawrence, in the deanry of Rydale, value, 25*l.* 1*s.* 10½*d.* Patron, Charles Duncombe, Esq.

Here was born, in 1703, the Rev. John Clarke, M. A. whose life has been given to the public by the late Dr. Zouch, under the title of “the Good School-master exemplified, in the character of the Rev. John Clarke, M. A.” He was the son of an honest and industrious mechanic, whose extreme anxiety to give him a liberal education deserves every eulogium. The Rector of the parish, (Mr Peter Dubordieu, M. A.) quick to discern and willing to encourage merit, placed him in the school at Thornton, a village in the neighbourhood, whence he subsequently obtained a small exhibition to assist him at the University. He died at Scarborough, in the house of his brother Mr Francis Clarke. He was buried at the Church of Kirkby-Misperton, Feb. 11, 1761, where an elegant Monument has been erected to his memory, at the expense of not less than 148 of the sons of the principal gentry in the county of York, as well as those of other counties, all his pupils. A plain marble tablet is also placed in each of the schools over which he presided, with inscriptions by Dr. Zouch.

KIRBYMOORSIDE, a parish and market-town, in the wapentake of Rydale; 6 miles from Helmsley, 8 from Pickering, 14 from Malton, 24 from Guisbrough, 26 from York, 228 from London.—*Market*, Wednesday.—*Fairs*, Wednesday in Whitsun-week, and September 18, for horned cattle, sheep and linen.—*Principal Inn*, White Horse.—Pop. 1,878. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Rydale, value, £14*l.* 0*s.* 10*d.* Patron, the King.

The church is an ancient edifice, in which “is a curious marble monument, with a brass plate, gilt, on which are carved figures of a Lady Brooke and her six sons and five daughters, all kneeling.”—*History of Whitty*. Here died on the 15th of April, 1687, in a miserable house in the market-place, in extreme want and misery, the gay, the witty, and profligate George Villiers, second Duke of Buckingham, of that name. The house has since undergone considerable repairs, and is now in the possession of Mr Atkinson. His extensive possessions at Helmsley and Kirbymoorside passed into the Duncombe family. In the following description Pope seems to have taken a poetical license, or been misinformed, as there is no tradition of the house ever having been an *Inn*, and the floor of the room is of old deal, and shewn to the curious.

In the worst inn's worst room, with mat half-hung,
The floors of plaister and the walls of dung,
On once a flock bed, but repair'd with straw,
With tape-ty'd curtains, never meant to draw,
The George and Garter dangling from that bed,
Where tawdry yellow strove with dirty red,
Great Villiers lies—alas! how chang'd from him,
That life of pleasure and that soul of whim!
Gallant and gay, in Cliefden's proud alcove,
The bow'r of wanton Shrewsbury and love;
Or just as gay, at Council, in a ring
Of mimic'd Statesmen, and their merry King.
No Wit to flatter, left of all his store!
No fool to laugh at, which he valu'd more;
There, Victor of his health, of fortune, friends,
And fame, this lord of useless thousands ends.—POPE.

From a letter to his intimate friend, Doctor Barrow, which the Duke wrote a few days before his death, it seems that he died in the utmost possible penitence,

"afflicted," as he says "with poverty, haunted with remorse, despised by my country, and, I fear, forsaken by my God." The parish register simply records his burial in the following manner:—"1687—April 17th, Gorges Vilas Lord, dooke of bookingham."

KIRBY-WISKE, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Gilling-East; 4 miles from Thirsk, 7 from Northallerton, 12 from Borough-bridge, 10 from Ripon, 27 from York.—Pop. 197. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. John Baptist, in the deanry of Richmond, diocese of Chester, value, 27*l.* 16*s.* 5½*d.* Patron, the Duke of Northumberland.

Near this village are traces of an ancient encampment and a tumulus in which human bones have been found. It is famous for being the birth-place of the celebrated Roger Ascham, third son of John Ascham, steward to the ancient family of Scrope, born 1515, and died in 1568. He was Greek Professor of St. John's College, Cambridge; instructor in Latin and Greek to Prince Edward and Princess Elizabeth; Latin Secretary to Queen Mary, and afterwards Latin Secretary and private Tutor to Queen Elizabeth, in the Greek tongue.—His principal works are *Toxophilus*, published in 1544, and the *Schoolmaster*, composed in 1563, and published after his death by his widow.—His works were published in 1 vol. 4to. 1761, by Bennett, with a Life and remarks upon him by Dr. Johnson.—*Biog. Dict.*—Life by Johnson.

It also gave birth to Dr. Palliser, Archbishop of Cashill, and Dr. Hickes, Dean of Worcester, both men of eminent abilities.—**NICHOLS.** Dr. Hickes was born at a farm-house, called *Moorhouse*, in the village of Newsham, in this parish, June 20, 1640, and educated under Mr Thomas Smelt, in the Free Grammar-School at Northallerton. He was admitted Servitor of St. John's College, Oxford, thence removed to Magdalen College, and afterwards to Magdalen Hall; and in 1664, was chosen Fellow of Lincoln College. He was made Chaplain to the Duke of Lauderdale, in 1676; who took him next year into Scotland, where he received the degree of D. D. from Sharpe, Archbishop of St. Andrews. He took the same degree at Oxford, and was promoted to a Prebend of Worcester, in March 1679-80; made Chaplain to the King in 1681; and Dean of Worcester in August 1683. At the Revolution, refusing with others to take the oaths, was deprived of his deanry in February following.—He continued in possession, however, till May; when reading in the Gazette that his deanry was granted to Mr William Talbot, (afterwards Bishop of Durham) he immediately drew up in his own hand-writing, a claim of right to it, directed to all the members of that Church, and in 1691 affixed it over the entrance into the choir. From this time he was under the necessity of absconding, till May 18, 1699, when Lord Somers, out of respect to his literary character, obtained an order in Council directing the Attorney-General to enter a Writ of *Noli prosequi*, to all proceedings against him. He was a man of universal learning, deeply read in the primitive Fathers of the Church, and particularly skilful in the old northern languages and antiquities. His chief works are, *Linguarum veterum Septentrionalium Thesaurus*, folio; and *Grammatica Anglo-Saxonica*, 4to. He died in 1715—See Nichols' *Literary Anecdotes*—*Biog. Dict.*—Zouch's *Sketches of Biogr.*—*Mag. Brit.*

John Hickes, Dr. Hickes' brother, was also born here, but of different principles. He became a presbyterian, and was deprived of the living of Stoke, in Devonshire, in 1662, for non-conformity. In 1685, he joined the Duke of Monmouth's army, for which he was executed.—**CALAMY.**—**PALMER.**

KIRKBY, a parish-town, in the west-division of Langbarough; 2¼ miles from Stokesley, 10 from Guisbrough and Yarm, 41 from York.—Pop. 168. The Church, devoid of taste, and rebuilt in 1816, is a rectory, dedicated to St. Augustine, in the deanry of Cleveland, value, 21*l.* 8*s.* 6½*d.* Patron, the Archbishop of York. According to *Torr*, it consisted both of a rectory and a vicarage; the patronage of the latter belongs to the Rector, and is valued at 75*l.* 6*s.* 3*d.*

Not far from the Church, there is a Free-School, with a house and garden for the use of the master, built in 1683, by Henry Edmunds, Esq. who endowed the same with lands here, that produce an annual income of about 40*l*.—GRAVES.

KIRKBY-BRIDGE, *ham.* in the township of Crakehall, and parish of Bedale, wapentake of Hang-East; 2 miles from Bedale, 5 from Catterick, 9 from Leyburn.

KIRKBY-RAVENSWORTH, or **KIRKBY-ON-THE-HILL**, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Gilling-West; 4½ miles from Richmond, 7 from Catterick, 8 from Greta-bridge, 48 from York.—Pop. 161. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Peter and St. Felix, in the deanry of Richmond, diocese of Chester. It was formerly a rectory, valued at 25*l*. 5*s*. 2½*d*. belonged to the Monastery of St. Mary's, at York, and was one of the rectories annexed to the see of Chester, in 1541, the 33rd. Henry VIII.

The present Church was built in 1397.—Near the church-yard is the Hospital or Alms-house, of St. John the Baptist, and School, founded by John Dakyn, L. L. D. (last Rector of the Church and Archdeacon of the East-Riding, and who had been concerned as Commissioner in the reign of Henry VIII. to take an account of the religious houses in Richmondshire) by a license granted to him for that purpose, dated Oct. 26th, in second and third of Philip and Mary, 1566. The original foundation of the Hospital or Alms-house consisted of two guardians, one preceptor, and four poor persons.—The revenue arises from certain lands and tenements near Richmond, and others in the parish of East-Cowton. It is now estimated, says Dr. Whitaker, at 1300*l*. per annum.

KIRKDALE, a parish, in the wapentake of Rydale; 2 miles from Kirbymoorside, 4½ from Helmsley, 27½ from York.

The Church is a perpetual curacy, in the deanry of Rydale, value, p. r. †97*l*. Patron, the University of Oxford.

The parish is very extensive, but there is no village bearing its name, yet it contains one of those curiosities rarely to be met with in this country, a *Saxon inscription*, at once recording the name of the founder, and the date of its erection, prior to the Norman Conquest, over an original Saxon Arch, within the porch of its Church, although no other part of the original is in existence. The Church is situated in a sequestered but beautiful spot, enveloped with woods, but there is nothing in the building worth notice, except the inscription, which is engraved on one entire free-stone, 7 feet 5 inches long, and 1 foot 10 inches high. The inscription was first discovered in 1771, by the Rev. William Dade, of Barmston, and in a letter from J. C. Brooke, Esq. to Mr Gaugh, read before the Society of Antiquaries in 1777, full particulars of which, with a view of the Church, and a fac simile of the inscription may be found in the 5th vol. of the *Archæologia*. the fac simile is also given in Young's History of Whitby.

Kirkdale is not more remarkable for its Saxon inscription than for a Cave recently discovered, in which were some of those wonderful phenomena not easily accounted for, viz.:—a large collection of bones of animals hitherto unknown in this country, among which were several teeth, particularly of the Elephant and Hyena.

KIRKLEATHAM, a parish-town, in the east-division of Lang-barough: (*the seat of Henry Vansittart, Esq.*) 2½ miles from Redcar, 4½ miles from Guisbrough, 12 from Yarm and Stockton, (*Dur.*) 12½ from Stokesley, 56 from York.—Pop. 686. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Cuthbert, in the deanry of Cleveland, value, †13*l*. 6*s*. 8*d*. p. r. †50*l*. Patron, Henry Vansittart, Esq.

There are few situations in the north which arrest more forcibly the attention of the traveller than Kirkleatham, where all the beauty, and elegance, in every branch of building are happily combined, and give it such an air of princely grandeur rarely to be equalled.

The Church is a very handsome stone building, supported by Tuscan columns, and at the west end is a well-toned organ. Adjoining the east window of the Church is a mausoleum, erected by Cholmley Turner, Esq. in 1740, underneath which is the family-vault. Here is a very superb Hospital, and which reminds one of the expression used by King William on his visiting Greenwirth, "There are in England, Cottages for Princes, and Palaces for Peasants." It is a large and commodious building, inclosing three sides of a square, the fourth ornamented with large iron gates. This benevolent charity was founded in 1676, by Sir William Turner, Knight, Lord Mayor of London in 1669, who, at his own particular desire, was buried among the poor of his hospital, and in the chancel of the Church is a monument to his memory. He endowed it with lands, said to be worth 1500*l.* per annum, for the support of a master and mistress, ten boys and ten girls, ten old men and ten old women, &c. The latter are admitted at the age of 63, and have each a salary of 8*l.* per annum, a good dinner provided for them every day, by the master and mistress of the hospital, and are well clothed.

In the front of the building is a neat chapel, built in a style of superior elegance. From the centre of it is suspended a large chandelier, richly gilt with gold and burnished; and above the altar is a beautiful window of painted glass, much superior to any similar work in the kingdom. In the centre of it is represented the offerings of the *Magi* at the birth of our Saviour; on one side a full length figure of Sir William Turner, the founder, in his robes as Lord Mayor of London; and on the other, John Turner, Esq. Serjeant at Law.

THE LIBRARY occupies a spacious room within the hospital, in which there is a choice collection of scarce and valuable books, and in it are numerous natural and artificial curiosities.—One singularly curious is a representation of St. George and the Dragon, cut out of a piece of box and finely carved.

Sir William Turner, also by his will bequeathed 5,000*l.* for founding a Free Grammar-School here, which was erected in 1709 by Cholmley Turner, Esq. his nephew: it is a large and handsome quadrangular building near the hospital. The master's salary is 100*l.* and that of the usher, 50*l.*; but the school has been discontinued many years. The building contained apartments for the master and usher, as well as the school-room. The Lord or Lady of the manor of Kirkstatham, who is sole Governor or Governess of the hospital, is sole trustee of the school.

At the entrance to the Hospital, a stately oak points out the spot where stood the cottage that gave birth to *Tom Brown*, the hero of *Dettengen*, which took place about 1715. He was born of obscure but honest parents, and served his time as an apprentice to a shoemaker in Yarm. Early in life he served as a private in brigadier Bland's regiment of dragoons. This regiment being ordered for foreign service, Brown took his departure with the rest for Germany, and at the battle of *Dittengen*, so honourable to the allies, he signalled himself by such uncommon intrepidity and personal bravery so as to merit the applause and approbation, not only of his comrades and officers, but of the whole army. In the early part of the engagement he had two horses killed under him, and two fingers from his right hand were severed by a sabre; notwithstanding which, upon the loss of their standard, Brown rushed into the thickest of the fight, determined to regain it, which he effected by shooting the *Gens d'armes*, who were in possession of it, and made his way back through the ranks of the enemy. In the performance of this daring exploit, he received eight cuts in his face, head, and neck, and two balls in his back, and in this mangled condition he rejoined his regiment with the standard he had retaken, and was hailed on his safe arrival with repeated buzzes from the whole of his troop, and the rest of the army who were spectators of this gallant exploit. This rung through the whole kingdom; his health was drank in public-houses;—his head elevated on high-poles,—and there was scarcely a village but had the walls of its cottages decorated with a portrait of Tom Brown. After his recovery he served some time in the horse-guards, and his intrepid heroism would have been rewarded by a commission, but the want of education, and a habit of drinking which he had contracted, prevented his advancement. Being at length unfit for service, he retired to the town of Yarm, and pension of 30*l.* per annum, which he did not long enjoy, but died

and was buried there, January 19, 1746; and to perpetuate the remembrance of his undaunted courage, a sign was erected in that town, which remains to this day, representing our hero covered with wounds, and bearing the standard he had taken from the enemy.

KIRKLEVINGTON, a parish-town, in the west-division of Langbarugh; 2 miles from Yarm, 6 from Stokesley, and Tontine-Inn, 10 from Northallerton, 40 from York.—Pop. 282. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Martin, in the deanry of Cleveland, value, p. r. 30*l*. Patron the Archbishop of York.

KIRKLINGTON, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Hallikeld; 6 miles from Thirsk and Bedale, 7 from Ripon, 7½ from Masham, 27 from York.—Pop. 337. The Church is a rectory, in the deanry of Catterick, diocese of Chester, value, 25*l*. 7*s*. 3½*d*. Patroness, Lady Ormond.

The old Hall here of the ancient family of the Wandesfords is still in existence, and used as a farm-house.

KNAYTON, in the parish of Leak, wapentake of Allertonshire; 3½ miles from Thirsk, 6 from Northallerton, 17 from Stokesley.—Pop. including Brawith, 377.

KNEETON-HALL, and } 2 *f. h.* in the township and parish of Mid-
KNEETON, UNDER, } dleton-Tyas; 5 miles from Richmond,
7 from Darlington, (*Dur.*)

Kneeton Hall, now reduced to a single *f. h.* appears to have been at some time of much more importance, and had a Chapel. *vide* WHITAKER'S YORKS.

L

LACKENBY, *ham.* in the township and parish of Wilton, east-division of Langbarugh; 4½ miles from Guisbrough.

LAISTHORPE, *f. h.* in the township of East-Newton, and parish of Stonegrave, 3 miles from Helmsley, 7 from Kirbymoorside.

LAITHKIRK, *f. h.* in the township of Lunedale, and parish of Romalldkirk; 9 miles from Barnardcastle, (*Dur.*) 13 from Greta-bridge. Here is a Chapel to Romalldkirk, valued at p. r. 22*l*.

This chapel, according to Dr. WHITAKER, appears to have originally been at *Thorngarth*, which had probably been delapidated, when the family of the Fitzhughs gave a barn or laith for public worship, which denominates the present chapel Laithkirk.—The rector of Romalldkirk allows a stipend of 20*£* per annum to the curate.—BACON.

LAMB-HILL, *f. h.* in the township of Burton-upon-Ure, and parish of Masham; 2 miles from Masham, 6 from Bedale.

LAMB-HILL, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Bowes; 4 miles from Greta-bridge, and Barnardcastle, (*Dur.*)

LANDMOTH, a township, in the parish of Leak, wapentake of Allertonshire; 4 miles from Northallerton, 6½ from Thirsk.—Pop. including Catto, 59.

LANE-HEAD, in the township of Hutton-Longvilliers, and parish of Gilling, wapentake of Gilling-West; 3 miles from Greta-bridge, 9 from Richmond.

LANE-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township of East-Witton-without, and parish of East-Witton; 6 miles from Middleham.

LANGBARUGH, 2 *f. h.* (which gives name to the wapentake) in

the township and parish of Great-Ayton; 3 miles from Stokesley, 5 from Guisbrough.

LANGBARUGH, a wapentake, which comprehends the whole of that district called *Cleveland*, bounded on the east and north-east by the German Ocean, on the west by Allertonshire, and on the north-west by the River Tees. The Rev. George Marwood is Lord and Chief Bailiff. The wapentake and liberty are co-extensive. It contains three market-towns, Guisbrough, Stokesley, and Yarm, 83 townships, 31 of which are parishes, 6,298 inhabited houses, occupied by 29,753 inhabitants.

LANGTHORNE, in the parish of Bedale, wapentake of Hallikeld; 3 miles from Bedale, 9 from Masham.—Pop. 135.

LANGTHORPE, in the parish of Kirkby-on-the-Moor, wapentake of Hallikeld: $\frac{1}{2}$ a mile from Boroughbridge, $5\frac{1}{2}$ from Ripon, $7\frac{1}{2}$ from Knaresbrough.—Pop. 113.

LANGTON, GREAT, or **LANGTON-UPON-SWALE**, a parish, in the wapentake of Gilling-East; 6 miles from Northallerton, 9 from Richmond, 38 from York.—Pop. 116. The Church is a rectory, in the deanry of Richmond, diocese of Chester, value, $\pounds 6l. 10s. 10d.$ Patron, the Duke of Leeds.

The few houses here that give name to the parish are situated so near the brink of the river Swale, that they are frequently in danger of being swept away. The church stands about a quarter of a mile from the village.

LANGTON, LITTLE, a township, in the parish of Great-Langton, wapentake of Gilling-East: 5 miles from Northallerton, 10 from Richmond.—Pop. 86. In this township is

LANGTON-LODGE, (*the seat of Francis Redfearn, Esq.*)

LANGWITH, *f. h.* in the township of Snape, and parish of Well; 3 miles from Bedale, 5 from Masham.

LARPOOL-HALL, (*the seat of Edmund Tarton, Esq.*) in the township of Hawsker-with-Stainsacre, and parish of Whitby; 1 mile from Whitby.

LARTINGTON, in the parish of Romaldkirk, wapentake of Gilling-West; (*the seat of Mrs Silvertop Maire*) 2 miles from Barnardcastle, (*Dur.*) 6 from Greta-bridge.—Pop. 243.

At Lartington was formerly a chantry of our Lady, probably founded by the Fitz-hughes from whom the Maire family can trace their descent, although this manor appears, from Whitaker's Yorkshire, to have come to them by purchase. The chantry was valued (37, Henry VIII.) at $5l. 6s. 8d.$ per annum.

LASKILL, or **LASKILL-PASTURE**, in the township of Rivalx, and parish of Helmsley, wapentake of Rydale; 6 miles from Helmsley, 12 from Kirbymoorside. (*scattered farms*)

LASTINGHAM, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Rydale; 4 miles from Kirbymoorside, 6 from Pickering, 10 from Helmsley, 30 from York.—Pop. 225. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Rydale, value, $\pounds 17l. 7. 6d.$ Patron, the King.

In 648, Edilwald, son of Oswald, King of Northumbria, gave to Cedde, bishop of the East-Saxons, a piece of ground, called *Leslingay*, for building a monastery. He instituted here the same discipline as at Lindisfarne, where he had been educated. In this monastery he died about the year 664.—**DUGDALE**. This monas-

tery was destroyed in 870, restored in 1078, and in 1088 the fraternity removed to York. Underneath the choir of the present church, and of the same dimensions, is a vaulted *crypt*, 13 paces by 8, the massy cylindrical columns of which, with their variously sculptured columns and arches, are all in great preservation, and exhibit excellent specimens of Saxon architecture. The entrance is through a trap-door from the west-end of the choir, and consists of a centre and two side ailes, lighted by a small window at the east-end of each aile, and being situated on the brow of a steep hill, admit light. The east-end is circular, resembling the crypt or bone-house at Ripon minster, which was built about the same time.

LAYTON, EAST, in the parishes of Melsonby and St. John Stanwick, wapentake of Gilling-West; (*the seat of Thomas Barker, Esq.*) 6 miles from Richmond, 7 from Gretnabridge, 8 from Catterick.—Pop. 137.

LAYTON, WEST, in the parish of Gilling, wapentake of Gilling-West; (*the seat of Lord Rokeby*) 6 miles from Richmond and Gretnabridge.—Pop. 69.

Morris Robinson, the present Baron Rokeby, of Armagh, and an English baronet, is descended from a long line of an illustrious family, the Robinsons of Rokeby and West-Layton, who have, at different times, filled various important offices in the state. They appear to have come into possession of the Layton estate in 1644, by marriage with a daughter of the Laytons.—Richard Layton, a younger son of the Laytons, of West-Layton, was dean of York in Henry the 8th's time, and was one of the persons whose authority that monarch principally made use of in dissolving the monasteries. The first Lord Rokeby was Richard Robinson, created a baron in 1777, Sir Leonard Robinson being knighted by King William III.—His presumptive, Matthew Montague, Esq. his Lordship's brother.—DEBRET.

LAZENBY, ham. in the township and parish of Wilton, east-division of Langbarough; 5 miles from Guisbrough, 10 from Stokesley.

LAZENBY-HALL, f. h. in the township and parish of Northallerton; 4 miles from Northallerton.

LEAK, a parish and township, in the wapentake of Allertonshire; 5 miles from Northallerton, 6 from Thirsk, 29 from York.—Pop. 11. The Church, peculiar, is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Cleveland, value, 15*l.* Patron, the Bishop of Durham.

LEALHOLME, ham. in the township of Glaisdale, and parish of Danby, east-division of Langbarough; 9 miles from Whitby, 13 from Guisbrough, 18 from Stokesley.

LEALHOLME-HALL, f. h. in the township of Glaisdale, and parish of Danby; 8½ miles from Whitby.

LEASE-CAR, f. h. in the township of Brompton, and parish of Northallerton; 3 miles from Northallerton.

LEASES, (the seat of Mrs Arden) in the township of Aiskew, and parish of Bedale; 2½ miles from Bedale, 4½ from Catterick, 6½ from Northallerton.

LEASEHEAD, f. h. in the township of Ugglebarnby, and parish of Whitby; 7 miles from Whitby.

LEBBERSTON, in the parish of Filey, wapentake of Pickering-Lythe; 4 miles from Hummanby, 5 from Scarborough.—Pop. 143.

LECKBY, 3 f. h. in the township and parish of Cundall, wapentake of Hallikeld; 5 miles from Boroughbridge, 8 from Thirsk.

LEEMING, in the township of Exilby, Leeming, and Newton, and parish of Burneston, wapentake of Hallikeld; 2 miles from

Bedale, 6½ from Catterick, 7 from Northallerton.—Pop. included in Eilby. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. John, value, p. r. 43*l.* 6*s.* 2*d.* Patron, the Vicar of Burneston.

Leeming-Lane, hence the name of this village, is a Roman road, called the *Ermine-Street*. It is called Leeming-Lane from its stony composure, *the* signifying a way, and *Mein*, in British, a stone. *Stukeley's Itiner. Curios.*

LEEMING, LITTLE, *f. h.* in the township of Aiskew, and parish of Bedale: 2 miles from Bedale.

LEIGHTON, 2 *f. h.* in the township of Healey-with-Sutton, and parish of Masham: 5 miles from Masham, 10 from Middleham.

LEVEN-BRIDGE, *ham.* in the townships of Ingleby-Berwick, and Hilton, and parishes of Stainton and Hilton, west-division of Langbarough: 1 miles from Stockton. (*Dur.*)

LEVEN-GROVE, (*the seat of the Dowager Lady Amherst*) in the township of Skutterskeife, and parish of Rudby: 2 miles from Stokesely, 6 from Yarm.

LEVEN, HIGH, or **NEW-TOWN**, *see New-Town*.

LEVINGTON, CASTLE, a township, in the parish of Kirklevington, west-division of Langbarough: 3½ miles from Yarm, 5 from Stokesley.—Pop. 11.

Here is a large steep hill, called the *Castle-Hill*, from which Castle-Levington probably derives its name. It is situated on the banks of the Leven, is of a circular form, characteristic of a Danish fortification, but no vestiges of any building have ever been discovered.—*Graves*.

LEVINGTON, KIRK, *see Kirklevington*.

LEVISHAM, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Pickering-Lythe: 6 miles from Pickering, 15 from Malton, 16 from Whitby, 33 from York.—Pop. 152. The Church is a rectory, in the deanry of Rydale, value, 7*l.* 8*s.* 1½*d.* p. r. †110*l.* Patron, the Rev. Robert Skelton.

LEYBURN, a market-town, in the parish of Wensley, wapentake of Haug-West: 2 miles from Middleham, 8 from Reeth, and Richmond, 10 from Masham, 12 from Askrigg and Bedale, 45 from York, 235 from London.—*Market*, Friday.—*Fairs*, second Fridays in February, May, October, and December, for horned cattle, sheep, &c.—*Bankers*, Wensleydale-Bank, Messrs Hutton, Other, & Simpson, draw on Messrs Sir Peter Pole, Thornton, & Co. 1, Bartholomew-Lane.—*Principal Inns*, Bolton's Arms, and King's Arms.—Pop. 819.

LILLING, EAST and WEST, which being united, form the township of Lillings-Ambo, in the parish of Sheriff-Hutton, wapentake of Bulmer: 9 miles from York, 10 from Easingwold, and Malton.—Pop. 208.

LILLY-JOCKS, *see Plantation*.

LIMBER-HILL, 2 *h.* in the township and parish of Egton: 8 miles from Whitby, 15 from Guisborough.

LIMEKILN-HOUSE, *s. h.* in the township of Arden, and parish of Hawby: 9 miles from Northallerton, 10 from Thirsk.

LINGYMOOR, *f. ks.* in the township of Moulton, and parish of Middleton-Tyas: 5 miles from Catterick and Richmond.

LINGYMOOR, 2 *f. h.* in the township of Spaunton, and parish of Lastingham; 3 miles from Kirbymoorside.

LINTHORPE, or **LEVENTHORPE**, in the parish of Acklam, west-division of Langbarugh; 4 miles from Stockton, (*Dur.*) 7 from Stokesley.—Pop. 196.

LINTON, in the parish of Newton-upon-Ouse, wapentake of Bulmer; 6 miles from Easingwold, 8 from Boroughbridge, 10 from York.—Pop. 268.

LITHERSKEW, in the township of High-Abbotside, and parish of Aysgarth; 1 mile from Hawes, 1 from Askrigg.

LITTLE-ASHES, *f. h.* in the township of Appleton-le-moor, and parish of Lastingham; 3½ miles from Kirbymoorside.

LITTLE-BECK, *ham.* in the townships of Ugglebarnby and Eskdaleside, and parish of Whitby; 7 miles from Whitby.

LITTLE-BURN-HOUSE, (*a residence of Lord Rokby*) in the township of Thoraldby, and parish of Aysgarth; 10 miles from Leyburn.

LITTLE-MOOR-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Spennorthorne; 3 miles from Middleham.

LIVERTON, in the parish of Easington, east-division of Langbarugh; 9 miles from Guisbrough, 15 from Stokesley, 16 from Whitby.—Pop. 251.

It is an ancient chapelry dependent on the church of Easington. The chapel has parochial rights, but the inhabitants pay no acknowledgment to Easington.—**GRAVES.**

LOBSTER-HOUSE, *an Inn*, in the township of Claxton, and parish of Bossall; 7½ miles from York, 10½ from Malton, 12 from Easingwold. Here the Magistrates for the wapentake of Bulmer hold their Meetings.

LOCKTON, in the parish of Middleton, wapentake of Pickering-Lythe; 6 miles from Pickering, 15 from Malton and Whitby.—Pop. 324. Here is a Chapel of ease to Middleton.

LODGE-GREEN, *ham.* in the township of Melbecks, and parish of Grinton, wapentake of Gilling-West; 6 miles from Reeth.

LOFTHOUSE, a parish-town, in the east-division of Langbarugh; (*the seat of Sir Robert Lawrence Dandas, Bart.*) 8 miles from Guisbrough, 14 from Whitby, 16 from Stokesley, 59 from York.—Pop. 1,178. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Leonard, in the deanry of Cleveland, value, 10*l.* 11*s.* 0½*d.* Patron, the King.

It was given by William de Sancey, to the prior and convent of Guisbrough, and continued a rectory under their patronage till the dissolution of that monastery, when it came to the crown.

Lofthouse was, in the last century, the seat of the well known Zachary Harnage Moore, Esq. who having expended, with unbounded liberality, a very princely fortune, was reduced to the necessity of accepting an ensigncy at Gib'raltar, in the 47th year of his age. In *Crazy Tales* we have the following monumental inscription to his memory.

Z. M. Esq.

A living Monument

Of the friendship and generosity of the great;

After an intimacy of thirty years,

With most of the great personages of these Kingdoms,
 Who did him the honour to assist him,
 In the laborious work,
 Of getting to the far end of a great fortune,
 These his noble friends,
 From gratitude, for the many happy days and nights,
 Enjoy'd by his means,
 Exalted him, through their influence,
 In the 47th year of his age,
 To an insigny;
 Which he actually enjoys at present
 In GUERLAIN.

- LONDONDERRY**, in the township of Exelby, Leeming, and Newton, and parish of Burneston, wapentake of Hallikeld; (*the seat of the Rev. John Raper Hutton*) 3 miles from Bedale, 8 from Northallerton, 12½ from Ripon.
- LONG-HULL**, (*the seat of Robert Chaloner, Esq.*) in the township and parish of Guisbrough; ½ mile from Guisbrough.
- LONGTHWAITE**, in the township and parish of Arkengarthdale, wapentake of Gilling-West; 3 miles from Reeth, 10 from Richmond.
- LONTON**, *f. h.* in the township of Holwick, and parish of Romaldkirk: 8 miles from Barnardcastle, (*Dur.*) 11 from Gretnabridge.
- LOUPS**, *f. h.* in the township of Lartington, and parish of Romaldkirk: 4 miles from Barnardcastle, (*Dur.*) 7 from Gretnabridge.
- LOUSEY-CROSS**, *p. h.* in the parish of St. John Stanwick; 7 miles from Richmond and Darlington, (*Dur.*)
- LOVESOME-HULL**, *ham*, in the township of Hutton-Bonville, and parish of Birkby, 3½ miles from Northallerton, 12½ from Darlington, (*Dur.*)
- LOW-FIELD**, *see Field, Low.*
- LOW-FIELDS**, 3 *f. h.* in the township and parish of Bowes, 4 miles from Gretnabridge, 5 from Barnard castle, (*Dur.*)
- LOW-MOOR**, 1 *f. h.* in the township of West-Harley, and parish of Osmotherley; 3½ miles from Northallerton.
- LOW-MOORS**, *see Lund Forest.*
- LOW-NESS** and **HIGH-NESS**, 2 *f. h.* in the township and parish of Pickhill; 5½ miles from Bedale, 8 from Thirsk.
- LOW-ROW**, 3 *h.* in the township of Melbecks, and parish of Grinton, wapentake of Gilling-West; (*the seat of Ralph Parke, Esq.*) 5 miles from Reeth, 6 from Askrigg.
- LUNDS**, in the township of High-Abbotside, and parish of Aysgarth, wapentake of Hang-West; 6 miles from Hawes, 10½ from Askrigg. The Church is a perpetual curacy, value, *p. r.* †72*l.* 7*s.* 6*d.* Patron, the Vicar of Aysgarth.
- LUND-HOUSE**, *f. h.* in the township of Spaunton, and parish of Lastingham; 3½ miles from Kirbymoorside.
- LUND-FOREST**, or **LOW-MOORS**, 1 *f. h.* in the township of Ryton, and parish of Kirkby-Misperton; 1 miles from Malton, 5 from Pickering, 12 from Kirbymoorside.
- LUNE-DALE**, a township, in the parish of Romaldkirk, wapentake of Gilling-West; 7 miles from Barnardcastle, (*Dur.*) 10 from Gretnabridge.—Pop. 265.

LYTHE, a parish-town, in the east-division of Langbarough: 4 miles from Whitby, 17 from Guisbrough, 52 from York.—Pop. 1,131. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Oswald, in the deanry of Cleveland, value, $\pm 10l. 12s. 6d.$ p. r. $\pm 85l.$ Patron, the Archbishop of York.

M

MAINS, HIGH and LOW, 2 *f. h.* in the township and parish of Masham; the former 2 miles and the latter 1 mile from Masham.

MALTBY, in the parish of Stainton, west-division of Langbarough; 4 miles from Yarm, 6 from Stokesley, 11 from Guisbrough.—Pop. 168.

MALTON, NEW, a market-town, in the parishes of St. Leonard and St. Michael, wapentake of Rydale, a part in the liberty of St. Peter; 9 miles from Pickering and Yeddingham, 12 from Sledmere and Snainton New-Inn, 14 from Kirbymoorside, 16 from Helmsley, 18 from York and Bainton, 20 from Easingwold, 22 from Scarborough, 27 from Thirsk, 28 from Beverley 30 from Bridlington, 217 from London.—*Market*, Saturday.—*Fairs*, Saturday before Palm-Sunday, for horned cattle, and that day, and the week preceding for horses; Saturday before Whit-Sunday, & July 15, and Saturday before Nov. 11, for cattle, sheep, &c.—*Bankers*, Messrs. Bower, Brown, Dewsbury, and Thompson, draw on Messrs. Curries, Raikes, & Co. 29, Cornhill; North-Riding Bank, Messrs. Hagne, Strickland, & Allen, draw on Messrs. Barclay, Tritton, & Co. 51, Lombard-Street.—*Principal Inns*, New-Talbot, and White-Horse.—Pop. St. Leonard, 2,339—St. Michael, 1,666—Total, 4,005. The Churches are perpetual curacies, in the deanry of Rydale, value, together with St. Mary, at old Malton, p. r. 117*l.* Patron, the Archbishop of York.

The entrance to Malton from Scarborough, is over a spacious stone bridge crossing the river in three directions, on the right-hand of which are some remains of the once large castle, for thus Leland describes it, “The castel of Malton hath been larg, as it epperith by the ruine. There is at this tyme no habitation yn it, but a mene house for a farmer.” This castle and manor, soon after the conquest, was given to Gilbert Tyson, from whose son, William, the Vescies descended, and in whose hands it continued till William de Vesci (slain in the battle of Striveling) left no heirs. John de Mowbray was constituted governor by Edward II. In the reign of Stephen, Thurston, Archbishop of York, took possession of this castle, and burnt the town. In the same reign, Eustace Fitz-John, father of William de Vesci, was taken into favour again, and rebuilt the tower; from this period it was called *New-Malton*.

Malton has long been considered the *canalodunum* of Ptolemy; where vast quantities of roman coins of various emperors, some as old as Trajan and Hadrian have been found—and a sepulchral inscription was found in the Pye-Pits, opposite to the castle, in 1753, viz. :—

D. M.
AUR. MA
CRINUS EX
EQ SING AUG.

Dis Manibus
Aurelius Ma-
crinus ex
equitibus singularibus Augusti.

Gough's Camden.

Mr Young, in his history of Whitby, labours with great ingenuity to prove that Malton is the Roman *Derwentio*, against the opinions of Camden who places it at Aldby, Borsleyat Kexby, and Drake at Stamford-Bridge.

Malton made two returns of members to Parliament, the 23rd and 26th Edw. I. and was restored to send members again to Parliament in 1640. The last contest was in 1807, when Lord Headley was returned, but on a petition being presented by Brian Cooke, Esq. against such return, the house declared the latter duly elected.—*OLD MALTON.*

John Topham, a learned antiquary, was a native of this place; and in a humble situation under the late Philip Carteret Webb, Esq. solicitor to the treasury, acquired such a knowledge of ancient hands and monuments, as raised him to a place in the State Paper-office. His publications in the *Archæologia* are numerous. He was elected F. S. A. in 1767, and treasurer in 1785, also F. R. S. in 1779. He died at Cheltenham, Aug. 19, 1803.—*Gent. Biog. Dict.*—*Nichols's Lit. Anecdotes vol. II.*

MALTON, OLD, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Rydale, a part in the liberty of St. Peter, about a mile distant from New-Malton. Pop. 1,061. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Rydale. Patron, Earl Fitzwilliam.

In Celand's time, it appears to have been the mother-church to St. Michael and St. Leonard, at New-Malton; and has been built where stood the priory, founded by Eustachius, or Eustace Fitz-John, for canons of the order of St. Gilbert. In 1200, William Laseles, Knight, granted them two bovates of land in Old-Malton, in lieu of certain tithes,—valued at the dissolution at 197*l.* 19*s.* 2*d.*—*Dugdale.*

In 1546, Robert Holgate, D. D. Archbishop of York, founded a free grammar-school here, and endowed it with lands and tenements, of the value of 20*l.* per annum. "The master is appointed by the Archbishop of York.—Anciently, it appears, there were *lands* belonging to this school; but now instead of them, there are certain money payments amounting to about 100*l.* per annum, with a good house and garden attached to it."—*Carlisle's Gram. Schools.*

MANFIELD, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Gilling-East; 5 miles from Darlington, (*Dur.*) 9 from Richmond, 47 from York. Pop. 410. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Richmond, diocese of Chester, value, 6*l.* 1*s.* 3*d.* Patron, the King.

"Manfield," says Cade, "is now an insignificant village, but anciently a very considerable place of great extent, on an elevated situation, and probably once a British Oppidum, being every where strewed with small hillocks, resembling tumuli, and the neighbouring fields lined with the foundations of buildings and other vestigia; but nothing can be gleaned of its origine or downfall."—*ARCHÆOLOGIA.*

MARDERBY, 2 *f. h.* in the township and parish of Feliskirk, liberty of Ripon: 3 miles from Thirsk.

MARISHES, EAST, a few *f. h.* in the township and parish of Thornton, wapentake of Pickering-Lyth; 4 miles from Pickering.

MARISHES, WEST, a township, in the parish of Pickering, wapentake of Pickering-Lyth; 1 miles from Pickering, 5 from Malton.—Pop. 210.

MARRICK, or MARWICK, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Gilling-West: 3 miles from Reeth, 8 from Richmond, 52 from York.—Pop. 621. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Andrew, in the deanry of Richmond, diocese of Chester, value, p. r. 41*l.* 15*s.* Patron, Josiah Morley, Esq.

Marrick is situated on the northern banks of the Swale, below which is the church, being the nave of the chapel that belonged a Nunnery of Benedictine Nuns, founded here in the latter end of the reign to king Stephen, by Roger de Ask. It was, according to Dugdale, dedicated to the Virgin Mary, but according to MSS in the Bodleian Library, to St. Andrew. This house had the king's license to continue after the dissolution of lesser houses. It was surrendered by Christabella Cowper, the Prioress and sixteen Nuns, November

17th, 1540, the 31st. Henry VIII. The site was granted to John Uvedale. The yearly revenues were rated by Speed at £64 8s. 9d. The Hospital on Stanemore belonged to these Nuns. — BURTON, BURNETT.

MARRICK-ABBEY, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Marrick; 3 miles from Reeth.

MARRICK-PARKS, (*the seat of Josiah Morley, Esq.*) in the township and parish of Marrick, 4 miles from Reeth, 9 from Richmond.

MARRIFIRTH, *s. h.* in the township and parish of Thornton-Steward; 5 miles from Bedale, Masham, and Middleham.

MARSETT, *ham.* in the township of Bainbridge, and parish of Aysgarth, wapentake of Hang-West; 4 miles from Hawes, 4½ from Askrigg, 15 from Leyburn.

MARSK E, a parish-town, in the east-division of Langbarough; (*Marske-Hall, the seat of the Right Hon. Lord Dundas*) 3 miles from Redcar, 6 miles from Guisbrough, 14 from Stokesley, 20 from Whitby, 57 from York.—Pop. 576. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Germain, in the deanry of Cleveland, value, $\frac{4}{5}$ 10*l.* 11*s.* 10½*d.* p. r. 72*l.* Patron, Lord Dundas.

The Church, which is very ancient, stands at a little distance from the village, and within a few yards of the cliff washed by the sea; the spire of which affords a conspicuous land-mark to mariners that frequent the coast.

MARSK E, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Gilling-West; (*the seat of John Hutton, Esq.*) 5 miles from Richmond, Reeth, and Leyburn, 49 from York.—Pop. 290. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Cuthbert, in the deanry of Richmond, diocese of Chester, value, 12*l.* 6*s.* 5½*d.* Patron, John Hutton, Esq.

The patronage of this church has been in the family of Hutton ever since 1598, when Matthew Hutton, archbishop of York, purchased this estate.—In the grounds of J. Hutton, esq. is an obelisk, which covers the body of Matthew Hutton, formerly a captain in the army, who dying in the year 1813 at Macclesfield, requested his executors to bury him in this place, where, when a boy, he had often sat, enchanted with the beauties of this mountainous Country.

At Marske, was born, January 5, 1692—3, Dr. Matthew Hutton, archbishop of Canterbury.—He went to school at Kirkby-Hill, near Richmond, in 1702, under the care of the Rev. Mr. Lloyd, (of Jesus College, Cambridge,) whom he accompanied to Ripon, on his being appointed Master there in 1704, and remained under his tuition 6 years.—He was admitted at Jesus College, Cambridge, in 1710, took his degree of B. A. at that College, 1713, and in the same year was made chaplain to the Duke of Somerset. At a proper age he was ordained Deacon, by Bishop Fleetwood; and elected Fellow of Christ's College, in 1717, and in the same year M. A.—In 1726 he was rector of Trowbridge in Wiltshire.—In 1729 became rector of Spofforth in this County. He was made Prebendary of York, by archbishop Blackburn, was appointed one of the chaplains to George II. and went with his Majesty to Hanover, in 1736.—He obtained a Canoury of Windsor in 1737; exchanged May 18, 1739 for a Prebend of Westminster: which he resigned in 1745, when he became Bishop of Bangor.—In December 1745, he was translated to the archbishoprick of York; and April 1757 to that of Canterbury; He died at Duke Street, Westminster in 1758, aged 65, and lies buried at Lambeth, near the communion Table.

“The Family of Hutton of Marske is the only one in this kingdom who can be said to have yielded to the church two English archbishops, who both appear to have been great and good Prelates,” and that within a century of each other—Matthew archbishop of York dying in 1735, and Matthew of Canterbury was translated to the same see in 1745.—NICHOLS.

Matthew of York left a Son, Sir Timothy, who was High Sheriff in 1607.—DRAKE.

MARTIN'S, ST. ABBEY, in the township of Hipswell, and parish of Catterick, wapentake of Hang-East; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Richmond, 5 from Catterick.—Pop. included in Hipswell.

Here was a Priory of Benedictine Monks, founded about the year 1100 by Whyomar, lord of Aske, chief steward to Allan, earl of Richmond. It was valued at the dissolution in 1528, clear rental, at 43*l.* 16*s.* 8*d.* and surrendered by John Matthew, the last Prior, and nine Monks. The site was granted in the 4th of Edward VI. to Edward, Lord Clinton, lord high admiral of England, who sold it the same year to William Pepper, of St. Martin's, Esq., and to Cuthbert and William Walker, of Richmond. The walls of the chapel, a tower, and some other fragments are all that remain of this Priory, and are fast mouldering away.—*BURTON.*

MARTON, in the parish of Simmington, wapentake of Pickering; Lythe, a part in the liberty of St. Peter; 4 miles from Pickering, 5 from Kirbymoorside.—Pop. 255.

MARTON, a parish-town, in the west-division of Langbarough; (*Marton-Lodge, the seat of Bartholomew Rudl, Esq.*) 5 miles from Stockton. (*Dir.*) 7 from Guisbrough and Stokesley, 8 from Yarm, 50 from York.—Pop. 397. The village is small, and divided into East and West-Martons: in the latter stands the Church, a vicarage, dedicated to St. Cuthbert, in the deanry of Cleveland, value, 4*l.* 18*s.* 9*d.* p. r. 120*l.* Patron, the Archbishop of York.

Here was born November 3, 1728, that celebrated navigator, Captain James Cook. His parents being labourers, he received the rudiments of his education from a school mistress of the village. His father being afterwards in the service of Thomas Scottowe, Esq., young Cook, at eight years of age was sent to a day school at Ayton, where he was educated at Mr. Scottowe's expence. At the age of thirteen, he was bound apprentice to Mr. Sanderson, a shopkeeper at Staithes; but from some disagreement with his master, the contract was dissolved, and he bound himself apprentice for seven years to Messrs. Walker, of Whitby, owners of ships in the coal trade. After serving his apprenticeship faithfully, he, in 1755, volunteered on board the *Eagle*, a sixty gun ship, commanded by Sir Hugh Palliser, who soon marked him as an able and diligent seaman. In 1759, he obtained a warrant as master of the *Mercury*, in which ship he was at the taking of Quebec. It was here, on the recommendation of Sir Hugh Palliser, that he was employed in the difficult and dangerous service of taking soundings in the river St. Lawrence, which he did in the night in front of the French fortified camp. After making innumerable discoveries in almost every part of the globe, and having enlarged the bounds of human knowledge in various ways, he fell by the hands of the savage people of Owhyhee, one of the Sandwich islands, February 14, 1779. Actuated by that ardent zeal, which knows no difficulty, and that dauntless spirit which fears no danger, he went on shore for the purpose of rescuing some of his crew from the danger of an unfortunate quarrel with the Indians, when he was shockingly murdered by some of the barbarians. Captain Cook left a widow and family: on the former a pension of 200*l.* a year was settled by the king, and 25*l.* on each of the children.

MARTON, a parish, in the wapentake of Bulmer, liberty of Ripon; 5 miles from Easingwold, 11 from York, 11 from Malton.—Pop. including Moxby, 161. The Church is a perpetual curacy, in the deanry of Bulmer, value, p. r. 152*l.* Patron, the Archbishop of York.

Bertram de Bulmer, in the time of King Stephen, founded here a Monastery dedicated to St. Mary, for men and women of the order of St. Austin; but the Nuns not long after, were removed to Molesby. It was valued at 151*l.* 5*s.* 4*d.* *Dugdale, 183*l.* 2*s.* 4*d.* Speed.*

The little that remains of this house is only to be found in and near to a farm house, bearing the name of Marton-Abbey. In 34 Henry VIII. 1543, the site was granted to the Archbishop of York, in exchange for other lands.—*BURTON.*

MARTON-LE-MOOR, in the parishes of Topcliffe and Kirkby-on-the-Moor, wapentake of Hallikeld; 3 miles from Boroughbridge, 4 from Ripon.—Pop. 201. The Church is a perpetual curacy, value, p. r. 58*l.* 17*s.* 4*d.* Patron, the Vicar of Topcliffe.

MARTON-LORDSHIP, *f. h.* in the township of Marton-cum-Moxby; 5 miles from Easingwold, 12 from York.

MASHAM, a market and parish-town, in the wapentake of Hang-East, a part in the liberty of St. Peter; 6 miles from Bedale, 10 from Ripon, Middleham, and Leyburn, 14 from Thirsk, 15 from Pateleybridge, 18 from Richmond, 33 from York, 222 from London.—*Market*, Wednesday.—*Fairs*, September 17, 18, and 19, for horned cattle, sheep, pedlary-ware. &c.—*Principal Inn*, King's Head.—Pop. 1,171. The Church, peculiar, is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Catterick, diocese of Chester, value, 30*l.* in the patronage of Trinity College, Cambridge, under which Lord Grantly, as lessee, holds the impropriate rectory. William Danby, of Swinton, Esq. is lord of the manor of Mashamshire, which comprises the whole parish, except the township of Burton-upon-Ure.

Masham formerly belonged to the family of the Scropes, who had a seat here; to distinguish them from another family of the Scropes of Bolton, from whom they descended, they were styled in writing Scropes of Masham. Of this family was Jefferey, lord Scrope, twice chief justice of the King's Bench; he procured a charter of free warren for all his demesne lands in this town, 2 Edward III., also, for the present weekly market and fairs. He died possessed of this manor 15 of Richard II. leaving Stephen his son and heir. This manor and estates continued in this family till 7 of Henry VII., when Thomas, lord Scrope, dying without male issue, they were carried into the family of Scropes of Bolton, by marriage of his daughter Alice with Henry, lord Scrope; but afterwards came to the Danbys; Sir Christopher Danby marrying Mary, the sister of Thomas, lord Scrope.—*MAG. BRIT. ARCHÆOL.*

MAUNBY, in the parish of Kirby-Wiske, wapentake of Gilling-East; (*the seat of Thomas Stubbs Walker, Esq.*) 6 miles from North-allerton and Thirsk.—Pop. 206.

MAULEY-CROSS, in the township of Pickering, and parish of Middleton.

This is one of those ancient stone pillars in the form of a cross, the superstitious use of which is of a very early date. It is situated upon the high moors, and most probably erected by the family whose name it bears, who formerly resided at Mulgrave, near Whitby.

MELBECKS, a township, in the parish of Grinton, wapentake of Gilling-West.—Pop. 1,726. It is a mountainous district, on the north-side of the Swale, near to Reeth.

MELMERBY, in the parish of Wath, wapentake of Hallikeld; 4½ miles from Ripon, 7 from Thirsk, 7½ from Bedale.—Pop. 258.

MELMERBY, in the parish of Coverham, wapentake of Hang-West; 4 miles from Middleham, 5 from Leyburn.—Pop. 112.

MELSONBY, a parish town, in the wapentake of Gilling-West; 6 miles from Richmond, 6 from Greta-bridge, 44 from York.—Pop. 440. The Church is a rectory dedicated to St. James, in the deanry of Richmond, diocese of Chester, value 10*l.* 2*s.* 11*d.* in the patronage of University College, Oxford,

MELWATERS, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Bowes; $6\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Barnardcastle, (*Dur.*) 7 from Greta-bridge.

MICKLEBY, in the parish of Lythe, east-division of Langbarugh; 7 miles from Whitby, 15 from Guisbrough, 21 from Stokesley.—Pop. 147.

MICKLETON, in the parish of Romalldkirk, wapentake of Gilling-West; 7 miles from Barnardcastle, (*Dur.*) 11 from Greta-bridge, 22 from Richmond.—Pop. 356.

MIDDLEHAM, a parish town in the wapentake of Hang-West; 3 miles from Leyburn, 10 from Masham, Bedale, Reeth, and Richmond, 18 from Hawes, 15 from Kettlewell, 43 from York, and 232 from London.—*Market*, Monday.—*Fairs*, Nov. 5 and 6 for horn cattle and sheep.—*Principal Inn*, White Swan.—Pop. 880. The Church is a rectory dedicated to St. Mary, value 15*l.* 9*s.* 4*d.* Patron, the King. It is a deanry and royal peculiar.

It is a small market town, situated about half a mile from the river Ure, in a rich, fertile country, irregular and ill built, though Leland says it is a "praty market towne, and standeth on a rocky hill."

Robert Fitz-Ralph had all Wensleydale bestowed upon him, by Conatus, earl of Britayne and Richmond, and built here a very strong castle. It was long afterwards the seat of the earl of Salisbury, son of Ralph Nevile, earl of Westmorland, and father of the great earl of Warwick. It came to the Neviles by Mary, daughter of Ralph Fitz Randolph, who was married to Ralph de Nevile, one of the ancestors of the earl of Salisbury. "This castel," says Leland, "is the fairest castel in Richmonntshire, next Bolton." King Edward the IV. licensed his brother, Richard, duke of Gloucester, to erect a college here of a dean, six chaplains, four clerks, and six choiristers, to celebrate divine service in the church, and to be incorporated by the name of dean and chaplains of the college of Richard, duke of Gloucester, of Middleham; yet before any buildings were erected, or provisions made for the support of the chaplains or choir, Richard left the work imperfect, being prevented by the troubles in which he was involved, or by death. In 1467 Edward the IV. was committed prisoner to this castle by the earl of Warwick, from whence he had the good fortune to escape. Having been committed to the charge of archbishop Neville, and being indulged with the privilege of hunting, and having probably bribed his keepers, he escaped on a fleet horse to York, thence to Lancaster, where he resumed the government. Richard the III. frequently resided here, and in this fortress, his only legitimate son, Edward, was born: and here the father, "green in years, but old in craft and cruelty," says Dr. Whitaker, "amid the sports of the field, or the appearances of devotion, probably meditated some of these tragedies, which he afterwards performed."

The Bastard Fauconbridge, according to Stow, was beheaded in this castle in 1741.—CAMDEN.—DUGDALE.

The Dacres, earls of Holderness, have long held the constablership of the castle from the crown, and in consequence that office is vested in the duke of Leeds.—As it is, majestic in decay, Middleham castle is, says Dr. Whitaker, as an object, the noblest work of man in the county of Richmond. The views up and down Wensleydale, from the windows of this castle are delightful and picturesque.

The rectory of this church was converted into a college by Richard, duke of Gloucester, afterwards Richard III. but after his death, the design was given up, but the incumbent still retains the stile of dean, the probate of wills and certain ecclesiastical jurisdiction, &c.

MIDDLESBURGH, in the parish of Acklam, west-division of Langbarugh, part in the liberty of St. Peter; 5 miles from Stockton, (*Dur.*) 10 from Stokesley, and 12 from Guisbrough.—

Pop. 40. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Hilda, value p. r. $\text{£}75\text{ l. } 6\text{ s. } 0\text{ d.}$ Patron, —Hustler, Esq.

The chapel has long been in ruins; the site of which, together with the chapel-yard inclosed, is occasionally used as a burial-ground.

Here was a cell subordinate to the abbey of Whitby. In 1120, Robert de Brus gave the church of St. Hilda, at Middlesburgh, with 2 curacies, and 2 oxgangs of land at Newham, to the monks of St. Peter and St. Hilda, at Whitby. By the valuation taken 26, Henry VIII. its revenues amounted to 211. 3s. 8d. per annum; and its site was granted 1546 to Thomas Reeve, Esq.—DUGDALE. —BURTON—TANNER.

If the *Dimum Aestuarium* of Ptolemy, be the estuary of the Tees, Middlesburgh, on the Yorkshire coast, says Cade, may have been the Roman town.

MIDDLETON-UPON-LEVEN, in the parish of Rudby, west-division of Langbarough; 4 miles from Yarm, 5 from Stokesley.—Pop. 111. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Cuthbert, value p. r. 12l. 13s. 6d. Patroness, Dowager Lady Amherst,

MIDDLETON, a parish town, in the wapentake of Pickering-Lythe; 1 mile from Pickering, 10 from Malton, 28 from York.—Pop. 247. The Church is a vicarage, in the deanry of Rydale, value $\text{£}10\text{ l. } 11\text{ s. } 8\text{ d.}$ p. r. $\text{£}90\text{ l.}$ Patrons, Rev. Arthur Clayley, Rev. Francis Wragham, and T. Smith, Esq.

MIDDLETON-QUERNHOW, in the parish of Wath, wapentake of Hallikeld, 5 miles from Ripon, 7 from Bedale, $7\frac{1}{2}$ from Thirsk and Boroughbridge.—Pop. 102.

MIDDLETON-TYAS, a parish town, in the Wapentake of Gilling-East, $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Catterick, 6 from Richmond, 9 from Darlington, (*Dar.*) 10 from Greta-bridge, 12 from York.—Pop. 569. The Church is a vicarage, in the deanry of Richmond, diocese of Chester, value 15l. 10s. 0d. Patron, the King.

Middleton was once famous for its copper-mines, but they have not now been worked for nearly half a century.

In the same township and parish is

MIDDLETON-LODGE, (*the seat of George Hatley, Esq.*)

MILBY, in the township of Humberton, and parishes of Kirkby-on-the-Moor and Aldborough, wapentake of Hallikeld; 1 mile from Boroughbridge, 7 from Ripon. The Roman military way passes through this village from Aldborough to Catterick.

MITTON-HILL, *s. h.* in the township of Hawsker-with-Stainsacre; 4 miles from Whitby.

MOOR-COTE, *f. h.* in the township of East-Witton-without, and parish of East-Witton; 5 miles from Masham, 6 from Middleham.

MOOR-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Brignall; 2 miles from Greta-bridge.

MOOR-HOUSE, or CRANSWICK-MOOR-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township of Snape, and parish of Well; 2 miles from Masham.

MOOR-HOUSES, in the township of Hinderskelf; 6 miles from Malton.

MOOR-HOUSE, LITTLE, *see Little Moor-House.*

MOOR-RROW, *f. h.* in the township and parish of St. John, Stanwick; 9 miles from Richmond.

MOORSOME, or MOORSOME GREAT, in the parish of Skelton,

east-division of Langbarough; 5 miles from Guisbrough, 12 from Stokesley, 17 from Whitby.—Pop. 444.

MOORSOME, LITTLE, f. h. in the township of Great-Moorsome; 4½ miles from Guisbrough.

MORTHAM-TOWER, in the township and parish of Rokeby; 1 mile from Greta-bridge, 3 from Barnardcastle. (*Dur.*)

It is an embattled house, probably built about the reign of Henry VII.; a true border-mansion, with all the peculiar features of that era; a thorough lobby, kitchen, butteries, a hall on the right up to the roof, and an handsome tower beyond the hall. At one end is a barnkyn inclosure for the nightly protection of the cattle from depredators, strongly walled about. To a field near it has been removed, the immense tomb-stone of Greta or Tees-marble, mentioned by Leland, and removed within memory from Eggleston-Abbey.—*WHITAKER.*

This place and Rokeby were, in very distant ages, in the possession of the Rokebies; Robert de Rokeby lived in the time of the conqueror. By the arms and date on Mortham Tower, it appears that it was built in 1165 by the Rokebies.—*Hutchinson's Tower.*

MORTON, a township in the parish of Ormesby, east-division of Langbarough; 3½ miles from Guisbrough, 1 from Stokesley. It contains only 3 farm houses, and 26 inhabitants.

MORTON, a few *f. h.* (extraparochial.) in the township of Newbrough-cum-Morton; 5½ miles from Helmsley, 8½ from Thirsk.

MORTON-UPON-SWALE, in the parish of Ainderby-Steeple, wapentake of Gilling-East; 4 miles from Northallerton and Bedale, 8 from Catterick.—Pop. 210.

MOSS-DALE, 2 or 3 *f. h.* in the township of Hawes, and parish of Aysgarth; 4 miles from Hawes.

MOULTON, in the parish of Middleton-Tyas, wapentake of Gilling-East; 3 miles from Catterick, 6 from Richmond, 10 from Darlington. (*Dur.*)—Pop. 236.

In this village was born, in 1743, Mr George Cniff, an ingenious artist, and a worthy man. At an early period he shewed a strong inclination for drawing, and some of his early pieces having attracted the notice of the late Sir Lawrence Dundas, who knew how to reward merit, he became his patron and benefactor, and sent him to Italy in 1769, for improvement. In 1775, he returned to England, and was employed by many of the nobility and gentlemen in this county. Five of his best paintings are in possession of Samuel Crompton, Esq. of Woodend. He died at Richmond Feb. 3, 1818, much lamented.

MOUNT-GRAVE, in the township and parish of East-Harley, wapentake of Birdforth; 7 miles from Northallerton, 9 from Stokesley, 11 from Thirsk.

The remains of a priory, founded by Thomas Holland, duke of Surrey, for monks of the Carthusian order, dedicated to the Virgin Mary, about the year 1396, who not only endowed it with his own manor of Bordelby, but obtained of king Richard II, the lands of three alien priories for it; but dying soon after, the work was at a stand, and the right of the monks to their possessions questioned, till Henry VI. confirmed in parliament the duke's grants to them. After this the buildings were soon completed, and the monastery flourished till the general dissolution. The revenues were valued at 382*l.* 5*s.* 11*d.* per annum, *Speed*; and at 323*l.* 2*s.* 10*d.* *Dugdale*. The site was granted to James Stangwaies, knight.—*TANNER.*

From the Stangwaies, it descended to the Lascelles, and was sold by the late Rev. Robert Lascelles, to the Manteverers, the present proprietors.

The Church was in the form of a cross, the walls of which are standing; the roof is gone, the tower is perfect and beautiful. The outer walls inclose about three acres of ground, and are still standing fantastically covered with ivy. On the summit of the woody mountain which shelters this place on the east, are the ruins of a building called the *Lady Chapel*, founded in the year 1515.

MOUNT ST. JOHN, (*the seat of the Rev. Henage Elsley*.) in the township and parish of Feliskirk, wapentake of Birdforth, liberty of Ripon; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Thirsk, 10 from Helmsley.

Here was a preceptory of the knights hospitallers of St. John.—It came to the crown at the dissolution, and was exchanged by Henry VIII. for other lands with the archbishop of York, in which see it now continues. It was valued at the suppression at 102*l.* 13*s.* 10*d.*—**SPEED** and **LELAND**.

MOWTHORPE, *f. h.* in the township of Terrington-with-Wiggintorpe, and parish of Terrington; 8 miles from Malton.

MOXBY, *f. h.* in the township of Marton-with-Moxby, and parish of Marton, liberty of Ripon; 5 miles from Easingwold.

MUKER, in the parish of Grinton, wapentake of Gilling West; 6 miles from Askrigg and Hawes, 9 from Reeth.—Pop. 1,425.

MULGRAVE-CASTLE, (*the seat of the Earl of Mulgrave*.) in the township and parish of Lythe, east-division of Langbarugh; 4 miles from Whitby, 17 from Guisbrough.

The late lord Mulgrave, (hon. Constantine John) entered very young into the naval service, under the auspices of his uncle, Augustus John. Soon after he was of age, he came into parliament for Lincoln; and early in life, was an able parliamentary speaker. In his own profession he was justly admired, and may well be classed with our most eminent naval commanders. His “Voyage to the North Pole,” published in 1774, will immortalize his memory. He left behind him a library the most perfect in England, as to all works of naval science, with many unpublished charts and notes of soundings.—*Nichol's Lit. Anec.*

At no great distance from the present elegant mansion, upon a steep hill stand the ruins of an ancient castle, built, according to Camden, 200 years before the conquest.—Leland thus notices it; “Mougrave castel standeth on a craggy hille, and on eche side of it is a hille, far higher than that whereon the castel standeth. The north hille on the topp of it hath certain stones communely cauld Wadde's Grave, whom the people there say to have bene a gigant, and owner of Mougrave.” This castle and barony in the reign of Richard I. belonged to Robt. de Turnham, whose daughter Isabel, was given by king John in marriage to Peter de Mauley, a native of Picton, as a reward for that execrable fact in murdering Arthur, his elder brother's son, to clear his own title to the crown.

Edmund, lord Sheffield, of Butterwick, lord president of the north, who was created earl of Mulgrave, by king Charles I. in 1646, in which family it continued till failing of male issue in 1735.—**MAGNA BRIT.**—**GRAVES**.

MURTON, in the parish of Osbaldwick, wapentake of Bulmer, liberty of St. Peter; (*Murton Hall, the seat of Barnard Smith, Esq.*) 3 miles from York, 15 from Easingwold.—Pop. 131. Here is a chapel of ease to Osbaldwick, dedicated to St. James; but no service performed therein.

MUSCOATES, in the parish of Kirkdale, wapentake of Rydale; 4 miles from Kirbymoorside, 7 from Helmsley, 8 from Malton.—Pop. 65.

MYTON, a parish town in the wapentake of Bulmer; (*Myton-Hall, the seat of Martin Staplyton, Esq.*) 3 miles from Boroughbridge, 7 from Easingwold, 15 from York. Pop. 185 The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Bulmer, value $\pm 6*l.*$ Patron. the Archbishop of York.

The family of Staplyton is of great note and antiquity, having been in the earliest times summoned among the barons to parliament, and been honoured with that most noble order of knighthood, the garter, at and soon after the institution thereof. They take their name from Staplyton upon the Tees; Sir Miles was high sheriff of the county from the 29th to the 33rd of Edward III. They appear to have had residences at Carleton and Ilighill, and settled at Myton in the reign of Charles I.—*Betham's Baronetage*.

In the year 1319, the Scots, under the command of Randolph, earl of Murray, entered England, and wasted all with fire and sword till he came to the very gates of York. He burnt and destroyed the suburbs of the city, when he drew off his men and marched back towards his own country. The archbishop of York, William de Melton, took up arms, and assembled such forces as he could, composed of clergymen, monks, artificers, and tradesmen, in all to the amount of 10,000. These able soldiers had as *experienced commanders*, the archbishop and bishop of Ely, lord chancellor, being the leaders of these warlike troops; much fitter to pray for the success of a battle than to fight it. This formidable army followed the Scotch, and overtook them at Myton. The Scotch finding themselves pursued, drew up on the other side of the river in battallia. A battle ensued, the Yorkists were defeated, and above 2,000 of the English, with Nicholas Heming, the lord mayor, were slain and drowned.—DRAKE.

N

NABY, *f. h.* in the township of Lartington, and parish of Romaldkirk; 3 miles from Barnardcastle, (*Dur.*) 6 from Greta-bridge.

NAPPA-HALL, (*a Shooting-box of the Right Hon. Lord Grantham*) in the township of Askrigg, and parish of Aysgarth; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Askrigg, $6\frac{1}{2}$ from Hawes.

This is an old tower-built house, situated on the brow of a hill, sheltered on the north by a hill yet higher, commanding a fine view of Wensleydale;—it was the chief seat of the Metcalfs, which was counted one of the most numerous families in England. Sir Christopher Metcalf, knight, and chief of the family, being high sheriff in 1555, was attended with 300 horse, all of this family and name, and all in the same habit, to receive the justices of the assize, and conduct them to York.—WHITAKER.

NAPPA-SCAR, *ham.* in the township of Askrigg, and parish of Aysgarth; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Askrigg.

NAWTON, in the parish of Kirkdale, wapentake of Rydale, liberty of St. Peter; (*the seat of Thomas Whytehead, Esq.*) 3 miles from Helmsley and Kirbymoorside, $17\frac{1}{2}$ from Malton.—Pop. 542.

NAWTON-LODGE, (*a Shooting-box of Thomas Duncombe, Esq.*) in the township of Nawton, and parish of Kirkdale; 4 miles from Helmsley.

NESS, EAST, in the parish of Hovingham, wapentake of Rydale; (*the seat of Thomas Kendall, Esq.*) 6 miles from Kirbymoorside, 7 from Helmsley, 10 from Malton.—Pop. 59.

In a ploughed field, near this village, in 1616, was found, the following sepulchral inscription, on a sarcophagus, which contained human bones.

TITIA' PINTA' VIX' ANN' XXXVIII'
ET' VAL' ADIVTORI' VIX' ANN' XX'
ET' VARIOLO' VIX' ANN' XV' VAL'
VINDICIANVS' CONIVGI' ET' FILIIS'

F. C.

NESS, HIGH and LOW, *see Low-Ness.*

NESS, WEST, in the parish of Stonegrave, wapentake of Rydale; 5 miles from Kirbymoorside, 7 from Helmsley.—Pop. 65.

NETTLEPOT, *2 f. h.* in the township of Lunedale, and parish of Romaldkirk; 7 miles from Barnardcastle, (*Dur.*)

NEWBIGGIN, (*in Bishopdale*) in the parish of Aysgarth, wapentake of Hang-West; 5 miles from Askrigg, 6 from Leyburn, 10 from Middleham.—Pop. 128.

NEWBIGGIN, *ham.* in the township of Askrigg, and parish of Aysgarth; 1 mile from Askrigg, 14 from Middleham.

NEWBIGGIN, 2 *f. h.* in the township of Gristhorpe, and parish of Filey. 2½ miles from Hummanby, 8 from Scarborough.

NEWBIGGIN-HALL, (*a seat of Henry Walker Yeoman, Esq.*) in the township and parish of Egton; 5 miles from Whitby.

Newbiggin was an ancient manor belonging to the Manleys, lords of Mulgrave, and with Egton and other possessions descended to the Salvins, by marriage. This ancient seat had long been in ruins; on the site of which, the present more modern mansion has been erected.—GRAVES.

NEWBROUGH, or **NEWBURGH**, in the township of Newbrough-cum-Morton, and parish of Coxwold, wapentake of Birdforth; (*Newbrough-Park, the seat of Thomas Edward Wynn Belasyse Esq.*) 5 miles from Easingwold, 10 from Thirsk, 8 from Helmsley, Pop. including Morton, 162.

In 1145, Roger de Mowbray founded and endowed a priory here for canons regular of the order of St. Austin, valued at the dissolution at £367. 8s. 3d. *Dugdale*; 457l. 13s. 5d. *Speed*. Here that learned and diligent historian, William of Newborough, was educated, and who took his name from this place.—*Dugdale*. After the dissolution it came into the possession of the Belasyses, viscounts, afterwards earls of Fauconberg.

Princess Margaret, daughter of Henry VII. honoured Newburgh with a visit, in 1503, on her road to Scotland, in order to consummate her marriage with James IV. of Scotland, which had been solemnized by proxy.—*DRAKE*.

NEWBY, in the parish of Scalby, wapentake of Pickering-Lythe; 3 miles from Scarborough, 17 from Pickering, 18 from Whitby.—Pop. 40.

NEWBY, in the parishes of Seamer and Stokesley, west-division of Langbarugh; 3 miles from Stokesley, 8 from Yarm.—Pop. 152.

Here is a small school for 10 poor children, born within the townships of Newby and Seamer, founded and endowed, 1649, by Christopher Conlson, citizen and dyer of London, a native of this place.

NEWBY-PARK, (*the residence of John Charles Ramsden, Esq.*) in the township of Rainton, and parish of Topcliffe; 5 miles from Ripon, 5½ from Thirsk, 6 from Boroughbridge.

NEWBY-WISKE, in the parish of Kirby-Wiske, wapentake of Gilling-East; (*Newby-Hall, the property of Colonel Mitford, author of the Hist. of Greece, and residence of William Armitage, Esq.*) 5 miles from Northallerton, 6 from Thirsk, 12½ from Ripon.—Pop. 265.

NEW-BUILDING, (*the seat of the widow of the late Francis Smyth, Esq. F. A. S. a gentleman deeply read in the antiquities of this county*) in the township and parish of Kirby-Knowle; 6 miles from Thirsk, 9 from Northallerton.

NEW-FOREST, a township, in the parish of Arkengarthdale, wapentake of Gilling-West; 4 miles from Reeth, 8 from Richmond.—Pop. 73.

NEWHAM, *ham.* in the township and parish of Marton, west-division of Langbarugh; 5 miles from Stokesley and Stockton. (*Dur.*)

This place with the cell of St. Hilda, at Middlesburgh, was given in the reign of Henry I. by Robert de Brus, to the abbey and convent of Whitby.—GRAVES.

NEW-INN, (*Leeming-Lane*) in the township and parish of Burneston; 6 miles from Bedale, 9 from Thirsk, 10 from Ripon, 10 from Northallerton, 11 from Catterick and Boroughbridge. It is a respectable Inn and Posting-House. The Magistrates for Halli-

keld hold their meetings here, and at York-Gate Inn, alternately.
NEWHOLME, in the township of Newholme-with-Dunsley, and parish of Whitby, wapentake of Whitby-Strand; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Whitby, $18\frac{1}{2}$ from Guisbrough.—Pop. including Dunsley, 259.

NEW-HOUSES, (*the seat of Robert Lodge, Esq.*) in the township of Thoraby, and parish of Aysgarth, wapentake of Hang-West; 7 miles from Askrigg, 12 from Leyburn.

NEWPORT, in the township of Linthorpe, and parish of Acklam, west-division of Langbarugh; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Stockton, (*Dur.*) $8\frac{1}{2}$ from Stokesley.

This is a modern village situated upon the banks of the river Tees, and being an out-port belonging to Stockton, contains a commodious quay and granaries, for the reception of corn and other articles, which are shipped coastwise to London, Newcastle, &c. — *Graves' Cleveland.*

NEWSAM, a few f. h. in the township of Butterwick-cum-Newgam, and parish of Appleton-le-Street, wapentake of Rydale; 4 miles from Malton.—Pop. included in Butterwick.

NEWSHAM, in the parishes of Kirkby-Ravensworth and Barningham, wapentake of Gilling-West; 4 miles from Greta-bridge, 8 from Richmond, 11 from Catterick.—Pop. 511.

NEWSHAM, in the parish of Kirby-Wiske, wapentake of Birdforth; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Thirsk, $6\frac{1}{2}$ from Northallerton, $10\frac{1}{2}$ from Ripon.—Pop. including Breckenbrough, 173.

This place gave birth to Dr. Geo. Hickes, whose great grandfather, was lord of the manor of Naunington. In Thoresby's Leod. p. 136, is a pedigree of the family.—*For further account, see Kirby-Wiske.*

NEWSTEAD, ham, in the township of East-Witton-without, and parish of East-Witton, wapentake of Hang-West; 5 miles from Middleham, 6 from Masham, $6\frac{1}{2}$ from Leyburn.

NEWSTEAD-GRANGE, f. h. in the township and parish of Thornton; 5 miles from Pickering and Malton.

NEWTON, a parish-town, in the west-division of Langbarugh; 4 miles from Stokesley and Guisbrough, 12 from Yarm, 47 from York.—Pop. 119. The Church is a perpetual curacy, in the deanery of Cleveland, value, p. r. + 16*l.* Patron, T. K. Slaveley, Esq.

NEWTON, a township, in the parish of Pickering, wapentake of Pickering-Lythe; 4 miles from Pickering, 13 from Malton, 17 from Whitby.—Pop. 212. It is a dale-town.

NEWTON, or **EAST-NEWTON**, in the township of Newton-with-Laysthorpe, and parish of Stonegrave, wapentake of Rydale, liberty of St. Peter; 4 miles from Helmsley, $6\frac{1}{2}$ from Kirbymoorside, 12 from Malton.—Pop. including Laysthorpe, 72.

Of this place was the Rev. Thomas Comber, eldest son of Thomas Comber, esq. of East-Newton, and grandson of the pious and learned Dr. Comber, dean of Durham. Dr. Comber died at Buckworth, in 1778; and was buried at Stonegrave.—*Nichols' Lit. Anecdotes.*

NEWTON-DALE, the west-side of this dale is in the township of Newton, and parish of Pickering; the east-side, in the township and parish of Leavisham; 7 miles from Pickering, 41 from Whitby.

NEWTON-GRANGE, WEST, *ham.* in the township and parish of Oswaldkirk, wapentake of Rydale; 3 miles from Helmsley.

Here was born, July 24, 1585, that indefatigable collector, and eminent antiquary, Roger Dodsworth, son of Matthew Dodsworth, registrar of York Cathedral, and chancellor to archbishop Matthews. He states himself to have been born in the house of Ralph Sandwith, esq. father of Eleanor, wife of M. Dodsworth, esq. his father. He died in August, 1654; and was buried at Rufford, Lancashire. Anthony Wood says, "he was a man of wonderful industry, but less judgment; always collecting, but never published any thing." And Mr Gough adds, "one cannot approach the borders of this county, without paying respect to the memory of the indefatigable collector of its antiquities, Roger Dodsworth, who undertook and executed a work, which, to the antiquaries of the present day, would have been the stone of Tydides." One hundred and twenty volumes of his own writing, besides original MSS. which he had obtained from several hands, making all together 162 vols. folio, now lodged in the Bodleian library, are lasting memorials what this county owes to him, as the volumes of the Monasticon, (which, though published under his and Dugdale's names conjointly, were both collected and written totally by him) will immortalize that extensive industry which has laid the whole kingdom under obligation. The patronage of general Fairfax preserved this treasure, and bequeathed it to the library where it is now lodged. Fairfax allowed Dodsworth a yearly salary to preserve the inscriptions in churches.—*Gen. Biog. Diet.*—**DRAKE.**

NEWTON-HOUSE, (*a seat of the Earl of Darlington*) in the township of Exelby, Leeming, and Newton, and parish of Burneston; 3 miles from Bedale, 8 from Catterick and Northallerton, 14 from Boroughbridge.

NEWTON-HOUSE, (*the seat of ——— Moss, Esq.*) in the township of Ugglebarnby, and parish of Whitby; 7 miles from Whitby.

This house was built by the late Jonas Brown, esq. On an obelisk near the house is a latin inscription, to commemorate his industry and perseverance, in converting wild moors into pleasure grounds.—*Young's Whitby.*

NEWTON-LE-WILLOWS, in the parish of Patrick-Brompton, wapentake of Hang-East; 3 miles from Bedale, 9½ from Richmond.—Pop. 250.

NEWTON-MURRELL, in the parish of St. John Stanwick, wapentake of Gilling-East; 6 miles from Darlington, (*Dur.*) 9 from Richmond.—Pop. 31.

NEWTON-MULGRAVE, in the parish of Lythe, east-division of Langbarugh; 8 miles from Whitby, 14 from Guisbrough, 21 from Stokesley.—Pop. 134.

NEWTON, or **SCAB-NEWTON**, 2 *f. h.* in the township of Exelby, Leeming, and Newton, and parish of Burneston; 4 miles from Bedale, 8 from Northallerton, 13 from Ripon.—Pop. included in Exelby.

NEWTON-UPON-OUSE, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Bulmer; 6 miles from Easingwold, 9 from York and Boroughbridge. Pop. 495. The Church is a perpetual curacy, in the deanry of Bulmer, value, p. r. †90*l.* Patroness, Mrs Margaret Earle.

NEW-TOWN, or **HIGH-LEVEN**, *ham.* in the townships of Ingleby-Berwick and Hilton, and parish of Stainton; 2¼ miles from Yarm, 5½ from Stokesley.

NICHOLAS, ST. f. h. in the township and parish of Richmond; ½ a mile from Richmond.

In this farm-house are to be seen, (particularly the balcony in front, along the

top of which runs a parapet of open stone fret-work, still very perfect, supported by stone pillars,) the remains of an ancient hospital dedicated to St. Nicholas, in which was only one chaplain in the patronage of the king, by reason of the honour of Richmond. The founder unknown. It having fallen very much into decay, both in buildings and revenues. The king, in 1442, granted it to William Ayseogh, one of the justices of the common pleas, who repaired it and added another chantry chaplain, on which consideration, and that he was become a second founder, that prince, Henry VI. 26th, granting him the patronage. In this state it continued to the general dissolution of colleges and hospitals, when it became vested in the crown, and was valued at 10*l.* per ann.—*DUGDALE*.—*MAGNA BRIT.* It is now the property of the Right Hon. Lord Dundas.

NORMANBY, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Rydale; 4 miles from Kirbymoorside and Pickering, 12 from Malton, 28 from York.—Pop. 191. The Church is a rectory, in the deanry of Rydale, value, $\pm 9*l.* 12*s.* 6*d.*$ Patron, Richard Hill, Esq.

At Normanby is a *sulphur spave*, which affords 60 gallons an hour, winter and summer.—It is very strong of the sulphur and mineral spirit, but weak of the fixed parts. The *Lixivium* of its salt set by to chrysalize, affords about two parts nitre, and a third part common salt.—*Dr. Short on mineral waters.*

NORMANBY, in the parish of Ormesby, east-division of Langbarough, (*the seat of William Ward Jackson, Esq.*) 4½ miles from Guisbrough, 7 from Stokesley.—Pop. 122.

NORMANBY, in the township and parish of Rylingdale, wapentake of Whitby-Strand; 4 miles from Whitby, 17 from Scarborough. It is a straggling place.

NORTHALLERTON, a market and parish-town, in the wapentake of Allertonshire; 8 miles from Bedale, 9 from Thirsk, 13 from Catterick, 16 from Richmond, Darlington, (*Dur.*) Yarm, and Stokesley, 17 from Ripon, 19 from Boroughbridge, 20 from Helmsley, 32 from York, 226 from London, by *Boroughbridge*; 231 by *York*.—*Market*, Wednesday.—*Fairs*, Feb. 14, for horses and horned cattle, &c. and a week preceding, for horses only; May 5 and 6, for horses, horned cattle, sheep, leather, woollen-cloth, &c. Sept. 5 and 6, for horned cattle, sheep, leather, &c. October 3 and 4, for horned cattle, sheep, &c. second Wednesday in October for cheeses.—*Principal Inns*, Golden Lion, and King's Head.—Pop. 2,626. The Church, peculiar, is a vicarage, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Cleveland, value, 17*l.* 10*s.* Patrons, the Dean and Chapter of Durham.

The church is a very ancient and elegant structure, and was built, according to Dr. Stukeley's opinion, by the Northumbrian Apostle Paulinus, about the year 630. The name of this place is in Doomesday book, written Alvertone and Alreton, and probably derives its name from this spot, and the adjacent country, abounding in alders, a tree of which one species is said to affect dry and elevated situations, and the other is a most faithful lover of watery and boggy places.

— *Crassisque paludibus Alni*

Nascuntur.

VIRGIL.

"It appears," says Mr Gale, "to have been a Saxon borough, and like many others to have risen out of the ashes of some old Roman station, whose name we have lost," which he thinks the adjacent hamlet of Romanby, (*Romanorum habitatio*) sufficiently denotes; and this is confirmed, he supposes, by the ancient intrenchments near the town, called the castle-hill. On the west side of the town stood a castle, built by Rufus, bishop of Durham, in the time of Henry I.—but in Leland's time there was not a vestige of the walls remaining.—The bishop of Durham had here a palace, strong of building and well moted, as Leland says,

which stood about 200 yards west of the church, but the late gothic proprietors have not left one stone upon another.

This palace, which had become ruinous in Lambard's time, seems to be the weather-beaten castle described by a singular traveller, Richard Frank, who represents it as demolished by age and ruins of time, and serving as a receptacle for bats, buzzards, owls, and jackdaws.

William de Alverton, in the 11th year of king Edward III. gave the Austin friars 8 acres of ground in this town, to build them a church and habitation thereon.—TANNER.

On the east side of the town stood a house of Carmelites, founded by Thomas Hatfield, bishop of Durham, or according to some, by king Edward III. about the year 1354, dedicated to St. Mary. It was surrendered by Will. Wommesfraye and nine brethren. The site was granted (7th of Edward VI.) to Richard and H. Vavasour.—TANNER. Here was a grammar and singing school, when in 1327, the Prior of Durham presented J. Podesay to be master of it.—The present school to which the dean and chapter of that church nominate a master, is undoubtedly by the same. It appears, however, to be of royal foundation.—GALE.

Near this place, that is about a mile on the road to York, was an hospital, dedicated to St. James, founded by Hugh Pudsey, bishop of Durham, or by Philip Poictou, his successor, in the reign of Richard I.—GALE.

Here is the Register-office for the North-Riding of this county, built in 1736; and the house of correction and court room, built not many years since, &c. where the general quarter sessions of the peace for the North-Riding are held.

NORTH-COTE, *f. h.* in the township of Burton-upon-Ure, and parish of Masham; $\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Masham, 6 from Bedale.

NORTH-FIELDS, *3 f. h.* in the township of Boldron, and parish of Startforth; 2 miles from Barnardcastle, (*Dur.*)

NORTH-HOLME, (extraparochial) in the wapentake of Rydale; 4 miles from Kirbymoorside, $5\frac{1}{2}$ from Helmsley.—Pop. 24.

NORTH-INGS, *2 f. h.* in the township and parish of Sheriff-Hutton; 8 miles from Easingwold, 11 from York.

NORTON-CONYERS, a township, in the parish of Wath, wapentake of Allertonshire; (*the seat of Sir Bellingham Reginald Graham, Bart. occupied by Mr Askwith*) 4 miles from Ripon, 9 from Bedale and Boroughbridge.—Pop. 87.

This place had been the property of the venerable *Richard Norton*, who with three sons, engaged in 1569, in the religious rebellion of the earls of *Northumberland* and *Westmorland*, against Queen Elizabeth. To inspire their followers with fit enthusiasm, they put into the hands of *Norton*, a flag, painted with the five wounds of our Saviour. It seems to have been a second *Pilgrimage of Grace*, like the insurrection under Aske. This was soon suppressed. Mr Norton and his sons were executed among multitudes of others, and his estate granted to a *Masgrave*, who disposed of it to an ancestor of the present owner. From one of the younger *Nortons*, Sir Fletcher is said to derive his descent.—PENNYANT.

The founder of this family was Sir Richard Graham, a borderer of the east Marches, near the banks of the Eske. He was made master of the horse, under the favourite duke of Buckingham. When Charles I., then Prince of Wales, took his romantic journey to visit the Infanta, Sir Richard was one of his slender train. At the battle of Marston-moor he distinguished himself by acts of determined bravery; and closed his life in a faithful attachment to his master. When the day was irretrievably lost, and nothing remained but for every man to seek the best means of security, Sir Richard fled with 26 bleeding wounds upon him to his own house at Norton Conyers, about 15 miles from the field. Here he arrived in the evening, and being spent with loss of blood and fatigue, he was carried into his chamber, where taking a last farewell of his disconsolate lady, he expired.

Cromwell, who had ever expressed a peculiar inveteracy against this gentleman, and thought victory only half obtained, if he escaped, pursued him in person with a troop of horse. When he arrived at Norton, his gallant enemy

was dead; having scarce lived an hour after he was carried into his chamber; and Cromwell found his wretched lady weeping over the mangled corpse of her husband, yet scarce cold. Such a sight, one would have imagined, might have given him—not indeed an emotion of pity, but at least a satiety of revenge; on the contrary, he still felt the vengeance of his soul unsatisfied; and turning around to his troopers, who had stalked after him into the sacred recesses of sorrow, he gave the sign of havoc, and in a few moments the whole house was torn to pieces; not even the bed was spared on which the mangled body was extended, and every thing was destroyed which the hand of rapine could not carry off.

Sir R. B. Graham, the present bart. was born 1789, married in 1810, Henrietta, the third daughter of the late George Hatch, of West-Hatch. — *Hobinson's Anecdotes.*

NORTON-LE-CLAY, in the parish of Cundall, wapentake of Hallikeld; 3 miles from Boroughbridge, 6 from Ripon.—Pop. 142.

NOSTERFIELD, in the township and parish of West-Tanfield, wapentake of Hallikeld; 4 miles from Masham, 6½ from Bedale, 7 from Ripon.

NUN-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township of Thimbleby, and parish of Osmotherley; 8 miles from Northallerton.

NUNNINGTON, a parish-town, in the parishes of Nunnington and Stonegrave, wapentake of Rydale; (*a seat of Sir Bellingham Reginald Graham, Bart. now occupied by a Farmer*) 4½ miles from Helmsley, 5 from Kirbymoorside, 12 from Malton, 20 from York.—Pop. 418. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Rydale, value £13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* Patron, the King.

Sir R. Bellingham Graham, Bart. is lord of the manor, whose ancestors possessed a fine baronial mansion and residence here; the late baronet died here in 1796. It was once the residence of the celebrated lord Preston, who made a distinguished figure in the time of the 2nd Charles and James; and was committed to the tower for plotting the return of the latter prince, in the reign of William III.

In 1678, Reginald Graham founded and endowed a school here for a master and 6 poor persons—here is also an hospital containing 5 tenements, dependant on the bounty of Sir B. Graham, bart.

NUNTHORPE, in the parish of Great Ayton, west-division of Lang-barugh; (*Nunthorpe-Hall, the seat of Thomas Simpson, Esq.*) 3½ miles from Stokesley, 6 from Guisbrough, 10 from Yarm.—Pop. 110. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Mary, value, 36*l.* Patrons, Thomas Simpson and William Richardson, Esqrs.

In this chapel, situated within a few yards of the manor house, there was a chantry founded in the time of King Edward III. It appears to have been originally private, built and endowed by the lord of the manor, for the convenience of his tenants and domestics; the patronage of which is still appendant to the manor. It does not enjoy rights of baptisms, marriages, or burials.—GRAVES.

A small cistercian nunnery was founded here in the latter part of the reign of Henry II. by Ralph de Neville; but afterwards removed to Basedale. After the suppression of the priory, 27th Henry VIII. the premises called Nunhouse Grange, were leased by the king to William Snowball, for 21 years, at the yearly rental of 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* and afterwards granted by king Henry VIII. in *estate tail*, to King's college, Cambridge.—BURTON.

NUTWORTH-COTE, *f. h.* in the township of Burton-upon-Ure, and parish of Masham; 1 mile from Masham.



OAK-TREE-INN, (*Leeming-Lane*) in the township and parish of

Burneston; 5 miles from Bedale, 10 from Thirsk and Northallerton.—Some few years ago a good Posting-House, now only a Public-House.

OLAVE, ST. (*St. Mary's-gate, York*) a parish, in the wapentake of Bulmer; in the suburbs of the north side of York,—Pop. 966. The Church is a perpetual curacy, value p. r. $\pm 50l$. Patron, Lord Grantham.

OLDBROUGH, *see Aldbrough*.

OLDSTEAD, in the township of Byland-Membris, and parish of Low-Kilbarn, wapentake of Birdforth; (*Oldstead-Grange, the seat of Thomas Paul, Esq.*) 6 miles from Helmsley, 7 from Easingwold.

OLLIVER, f. h. in the township of Aske, and parish of Easby; 1 mile from Richmond.

ORAN, (*the seat of Jonathan Walker, Esq.*) in the township and parish of Catterick; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Catterick.

ORGATE, f. h. in the township and parish of Marske; 5 miles from Reeth, 7 from Richmond.

ORMESBY, a parish-town, in the west-division of Langbarugh; (*Ormesby-Hall, the seat of Sir William Pennyman, Bart.*) 6 miles from Guisbrough, 7 from Stokesley and Stockton, (*Dur.*) 50 from York.—Pop. 365. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Cuthbert, in the diocese of York, value, $6l. 18s. 6\frac{1}{2}d$. p. r. $\pm 140l$. Patron, the Archbishop of York.

The family of the Pennymans it is said, came from Saxony, before the conquest, and first settled in Kent. Sir William Pennyman of Mask, was the first baronet, so created by Charles I. but we don't find them settled at Ormesby till the latter part of the reign of queen Elizabeth, when it appears they were in possession of the manors and principal estates here.

James Pennyman, esq. in the time of Charles I. raised a troop of horse in support of the royal cause; and to defray the sum of 700*l.* levied on him for his loyalty by the sequestrators in the civil wars, he was obliged to dispose of a part of his estate at Ormesby, which was sold to Mr. Elwes, for 3,500*l.* It was re-purchased after divers alienations by the late Sir James Pennyman for 47,500*l.*—

GRAVES.

The hall is a modern mansion, built by Mrs Pennyman, daughter of archbishop Wake. It is situated on an eminence, and commands a pleasing prospect of the mouth of the Tees, and the Sea.

OSBALDWICK, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Bulmer, liberty of St. Peter; (*the residence of Mr Hotham*) 2 miles from York, 15 from Easingwold, 18 from Malton.—Pop. 176. The Church; peculiar, is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Thomas, in the deanry of Bulmer, value, $\pm 1l$. Patron, the Prebendary of Strensall.

OSGOODBY, 3 f. h. in the township and parish of Thirkleby, liberty of Ripon; 5 miles from Thirsk, 8 from Easingwold.

OSGODBY, in the parish of Cayton, wapentake of Pickering-Lythe; 3 miles from Scarborough, 15 from Bridlington.—Pop. 72.

OSMOTHERLEY, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Allertonshire; 7 miles from Northallerton, 10 from Stokesley, $11\frac{1}{2}$ from Thirsk, 35 from York. Pop. 755. The Church, peculiar, is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Peter, in the deanry of Cleveland, value, $\pm 8l. 10s$. p. r. $\pm 51l$. Patron, the Bishop of Durham.

The prebendaries of Osmotherly being mentioned on the records in the time

of Edward I. Some have thought this to have been a collegiate church; but it seems rather to have been a rectory, divided into three distinct parts or portions, and it is so rated in the Lincoln taxation. But it was afterwards of three sinecure portions, and a vicar endowed. Yet in the Archbishop's certificate of all hospitals, colleges, &c. anno 37, Henry VIII. there is "the three prebends sinclpters within the parish church of Osmotherley, the yearly value 18*l*." —*FAXNER*.

OSWALDKIRK, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Rydale; (*Oswaldkirk-Hall, the residence of the Rev. Francis Simpson*) 3 $\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Helmsley, 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ from Kirbymoorside, 13 from Malton, 19 $\frac{3}{4}$ from York.—Pop. 212. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Oswald, in the deanry of Rydale, value, 10*l*. 1*s*. 8*d*. Patron, the Rev. Thomas Com'er, the present rector.

OSWALDKIRK-QUARTER, in the township of Ampleforth, and parish of Oswaldkirk, wapentake of Rydale—consists of 9 farm and cottage-houses, and lands intermixed through the township and parish of Ampleforth.

OTTERINGTON, NORTH, a parish and township, in the wapentake of Allertonshire; 3 miles from Northallerton, 8 from Thirsk, 14 from Ripon, 31 from York.—Pop. 41. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Michael, in the deanry of Cleveland, value, $\pm 4*l*. p. r. 10\frac{1}{4}$ in the Patronage of Christ-College, Oxford.

OTTERINGTON, SOUTH, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Birdforth; 5 miles from Northallerton, 6 from Thirsk, 14 from Ripon, 29 from York.—Pop. 201. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Andrew, in the deanry of Bulmer, value, in two medieties of $\pm 7*l*. 14*s*. 4\frac{1}{2}$ each. Patron, the Rev. Joshua Sampson, the present incumbent.

OULSTON, in the parish of Coxwold, wapentake of Birdforth; 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Easingwold, 11 from Thirsk.—Pop. 225.

OVERTON, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Bulmer; 5 miles from York, 8 from Easingwold, 20 from Malton.—Pop. 59. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Cuthbert, in the deanry of Bulmer, value, $\pm 4*l*. 8*s*. 11\frac{1}{2}$ p. r. $\pm 135*l*$. Patroness, Mrs. Earle.

At Overton, the Abbots of York had their chief country residence. The old house, says Drake was standing here of late years, in the parlour of which, in 1661, Dr. Hutton read the following inscription on the wood work, *post tenebras, lucem*, &c. The house called Hall, continued in the crown till the 5th of Elizabeth, when it was sold to one John Herbert. But the site of the house, with the park at Heningbrough, &c. is now part of the possessions of John Bouchier, Esq.—*DRAKE*.

OVINGTON, in the township of Thorpe, and parish of Wycliffe, wapentake of Gilling-West; 4 miles from Greta-bridge, 6 from Barnardcastle, (*Dur.*) 10 from Richmond.—Pop. 166.

OXCLOSE-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of West-Rounton; 6 miles from Yarm, 9 from Northallerton.

OXCLOSES, 2 *f. h.* in the township of Hutton-le-hole, and parish of Lasingham; 3 miles from Kirbymoorside.

OXNUP, HIGH and LOW, 3 *f. h.* each, in the township of Muker, and parish of Grinton, wapentake of Gilling-West; 5 miles from Askrigg, 8 from Reeth.

In 1764 died, in the 125th year of his age, George Kirton, of Oxnap-Hall, near Reeth, Esq. a gentleman more remarkable for fox-hunting than the famous

Draper. He followed the chase till he was upwards of 80, and so great was his desire for the diversion of hunting, that he regularly attended unkennelling the fox, in his single horse chaise, till he was 100 years old. He made *free* with his bottle until within 10 years of his death.—*Annual Register*, 1764.

OXSKEW, or OXGUE, *2 f. h.* in the township and parish of Mar-
rick; 5 miles from Reeth. 7 from Richmond.

P

PARADISE, *ham.* in the township of Melbecks, and parish of Grin-
ton; 4 miles from Reeth, 9 from Askrigg.

PARK-HALL, *f. h.* in the township of Melbecks, and parish of
Grinton; 2 miles from Reeth.

Formerly the residence of the Duke of Wharton; and where that family had
a Park; the Hall was built by Thomas, Marquis of Wharton, in 1700—*Whitaker*.

PARK-HALL, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Guisbrough; 2
miles from Guisbrough, 9 from Stokesley.

PARK-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township of Winton, and parish of
Sigston; 4 miles from Northallerton.

PASTURE-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Thornton-
Wattas; 3 miles from Bedale.

PASTURE-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township of Thornton-le-beans, and
parish of North-Otterington; 5 miles from Northallerton.

PATRICK-BROMPTON, a parish-town, in the wapentake of
Hang-East; (*the seat of Gregory Elsley, Esq.*) 3 miles from Bedale,
9 from Richmond, 37 from York.—Pop. 158. The Church is a
perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Patrick, in the deanry of Cat-
terick, diocese of Chester, value, 34*l.* 13*s.* 1½*d.* p. r. †47*l.*
Patron, the Bishop of Chester.

PEAK, in the township and parish of Seamer, wapentake of Pic-
kering-Lyth; (*the seat of Sunderland Cook, Esq.*) 8 miles from
Whitby, 12 from Scarborough.

Here has been a Roman Fort, where a stone was found in 1774, bearing an
inscription in good preservation, for which see—*Young's Whitby*.

The manufacture of Alum is carried on here to a great extent; the works
of Peak and Stoupe-Brow producing annually about 300 tons. They appear to
have been first worked about 1616-18.—*Ibid.*

PEN-HILL, in the parishes of West-Witton and Coverham; 4
miles from Middleham. It is a hill situated on the south-side of
Wensleydale.

PEEP-O'DAY, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Husthwaite; 1½
mile from Easingwold.

PEPPER-HALL, (*the seat of John Arden, Esq.*) in the township
of South-Cowton, and parish of Gilling; 8 miles from Northallerton,
9 from Richmond, 10 from Darlington. (*Dar.*)

This is a spacious Mansion, consisting of a centre and two wings, and was
built in the early part of the last century. One of its principal ornaments is a
fine Library, comprising a more numerous and valuable collection of books,
prints, &c. than any in the Riding. The books are chiefly large paper copies,
several of them scarce, and many of them highly illustrated.

PICKERING, (which gives name to the wapentake) a market and
parish-town, in the wapentake of Pickering-Lyth; 8 miles from
Kirbymoorside, 9 from Malton, 19 from Scarborough, 21 from

Whitby, 27 from York, 226 from London.—*Market*, Monday, *Fairs*, Monday before February 14, Monday before May 13, September 25, Monday before November 23, for horned cattle, horses, sheep, and pigs.—*Principal Inns*, Black Swan, and White Swan.—*Pop.* 2,746. The Church, peculiar, is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Peter, in the deanry of Rydale, value, $\pm 8\text{l. } 3\text{s. } 9\text{d.}$ p. r. 140*l.* Patron, the Dean of York.

The town of Pickering, which is said by Fabian, to have been built 270 years before Christ, covers a large extent of ground, irregularly built. It sent members to parliament 23rd of Edward I. but was discontinued in the same reign. It belongs to the Duchy of Lancaster, and has a jurisdiction over several adjacent villages. Richard Hill, Esq. of Thornton, is lord of the manor, and also lord of the honour of Pickering-Lythe.

The castle here, which has been of much importance to the town, is situated near the western extremity of it, and is thus described by Leland, "The castelle stondith in an end of the towne not far from the paroch church, on the brow of the hille, under which the broke rennith. In the first court of it, be a 4 toures, of the which one is caullid Rosamonde's tour. In the ynnere court he also 4 toures, whereof the keep is one. The castelle waulles and the toures be meatly welle. The loggings yn the ynnere court that be of tembre be in ruine. In this inner court is a chappelle, and a cantuaire Prest. The castelle hath, of a good continuance with the towne and lordship, longid to the Lancaster bloode; who made the castelle, or who was owner of it afore the Lancasters, I could not lerne there. The castelle waulles now remaining seme to be of no very old building. As I remember I hard say that Richard III. lay sumtyme at this castelle and sumtyme at Scardeburgh castelle."

The form of the castle is irregular; its building extremely ruinous. The keep stood on a mount, surrounded by a deep ditch, which crossed the outer court, over which was a bridge. The chapel was a small mean building; some old pews are still remaining in it.—Part of the ground within the wall of this castle is converted into a garden.—GROSE.

According to Hardyng's Chronicle, King Richard II. was confined in this castle, previous to his removal to Knaresbrough and Pontefract.

By whom this castle was founded is not now known; it appears from Doomesday book, that, in the time of King Edward the Confessor, it belonged, with the manor, to Mœrcar, Earl of Northumberland. To whom it was given after the conquest is uncertain. King Henry III. in the 32nd year of his reign constituted Lord William Dacre, high sheriff of the county, and assigned to him the custody of this castle. Towards the end of his reign, Henry gave it with the lordship to his son Edmund. He was succeeded by his son Thomas, Earl of Lancaster, who was beheaded at Pontefract in 1322, for entering into a conspiracy against Piers Gavestone, the King's favourite, and others. It afterwards passed to the Lady Blanche, wife of John of Gaunt, Duke of Richmond. In the reign of Queen Elizabeth it was in the hands of the crown.—It has now for many years belonged to the family of the present owner, Richard Hill, Esq. In the civil wars, in the reign of Charles I. it stood a siege against the forces of the parliament.—It has a court for actions under 40*s.* arising within the honour of Pickering.—GROSE.—CAMDEN—MAGNA BRIT.

PICKERING-LYTHE, a wapentake, situate north-east of York, of which Richard Hill of Thornton, Esq. is Lord and Chief Bailiff. It is bounded on the east by the Sea; on the south by the River Derwent or East-Riding; on the west by the wapentake of Rydale; and on the north by those of Langbarngh and Whitby-Strand. The wapentake and liberty are co-extensive. It is a mountainous district, and formerly had its Forest, and commonly styled the liberty or *Forest of Pickering-Lythe*; which was given by Henry III. to his son Edmund, Earl of Lancaster. It contains two market-towns, Pickering and Scarborough; 46 townships, 16 of

which are parishes, 4,736 inhabited houses, occupied by 23,763 inhabitants.

PICKHILL, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Hallikeld; 7 miles from Bedale and Thirsk, 8 from Northallerton, 9 from Ripon, 31 from York.—Pop. including Roxby, 334. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Catterick, diocese of Richmond, value, $\pounds 5l.$ 13s. 4d. p. r. 85*l.* in the patronage of Trinity College, Cambridge.

The nursery grounds of Mr Thompson here, which are very extensive, have been cultivated as such for above a century by his ancestors and himself.

PICKHILL, *f. h.* in the township of Carlton-high-dale, and parish of Coverham; $8\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Middleham.

PICKTON, in the parish of Kirklevington, west-division of Langbarugh; 4 miles from Yarm, 8 from Stokesley, 9 from Northallerton.—Pop. 94.

PINCHINGTHORPE, in the parish of Guisbrough, east-division of Langbarugh; (*the seat of James Lee, Esq.*) 3 miles from Guisbrough, 5 from Stokesley.—Pop. 80.

PLAINVILLE-FARM, (*the seat of Charles Smith, Esq.*) in the township and parish of Wigginton; $5\frac{1}{2}$ miles from York.

PLANTATION, or **TOCKETTS**, a township, in the parish of Guisbrough; east-division of Langbarugh; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Guisbrough.—Pop. 46.

This place gave name to a family called *Tocketts*, who resided here for many generations, and only assumed the name of *Plantation* on its coming into the hands of the present family. There was an ancient chapel here, dedicated to St. James, founded by the Tockett's family; not a vestige of which is now to be found.—GRAVES.

PLANTATION, *p. h.* in the township of Dalton, and parish of Croft; 6 miles from Darlington, (*Dur.*) 10 from Northallerton.

PLANTATION, or **LILLY-JOCKS**, *s. h.* in the township and parish of Arkengarthdale; 3 miles from Reeth.

PLUMTREE-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township of Borrowby, and parish of Lythe; 10 miles from Whitby.

POCKLEY, in the parish of Helmsley, wapentake of Rydale; 2 miles from Helmsley, $5\frac{1}{2}$ from Kirbymoorside.—Pop. 227.

POND-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Thornton-Watlas; 4 miles from Bedale, 5 from Masham.

POT-ING, *ham.* in the township of Melbecks, and parish of Grinton, wapentakes of Hang and Gilling-West; 5 miles from Reeth, 6 from Leyburn.

POT and **POT-GRANGE**, 2 *f. h.* in the township of Ilton-with-Pot, and parish of Masham; 6 miles from Masham.

POTTO or **POTTOWE**, in the parish of Whorlton, west-division of Langbarugh; 6 miles from Stokesley, 8 from Yarm, 10 from Northallerton.—Pop. 207.

PRESTON-UNDER-SCAR, in the parish of Wensley, wapentake of Hang-West; 3 miles from Leyburn, $4\frac{1}{2}$ from Middleham, 10 from Richmond.—Pop. 378.

R

RAINTON, in the parish of Topcliffe, wapentake of Hallikeld; $4\frac{1}{2}$

miles from Ripon, 5 from Boroughbridge, 6½ from Thirsk.—Pop. including Newby-Park, 321.

RALPH'S CROSS, or **WESTERDALE-BEACON**, in the township of Westerdale, and parish of Stokesley; 12½ miles from Guisbrough.

RAISDALE-GRAIN, a considerable part of Bilsdale, branching westward.

RAND-GRANGE, *s. h.* in the township of Crakehall, and parish of Bedale: ½ mile from Bedale.

RASH, *2 h.* in the township of Muker, and parish of Grinton; 7 miles from Askrigg, 9 from Reeth.

RASKELF, in the parish of Easingwold, wapentake of Bulmer; 2 miles from Easingwold, 8 from Boroughbridge, 14 from York.—Pop. 410. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Mary. value, p. r. 140*l.* Patron, the Bishop of Chester.

The windows of this church, exhibit in rich painted glass the arms of Nevile, Lord Dacre, Scropes of Masham and Bolton, &c.

RAITHWAITE, (*the seat of Israel Hunter, Esq.*) in the township of Newholme-with-Dunsley, and parish of Whitby; 3 miles from Whitby.

RAVEN'S SEAT, *s. h.* in the township of Muker, and parish of Grinton; 12 miles from Askrigg, 15 from Reeth.

RAVENSWORTH, in the parish of Kirkby-Ravenworth, wapentake of Gilling-West; 5 miles from Richmond, 7 from Greta-bridge.—Pop. 313.

Here are the remains of a castle, which has long been in ruins. Camden says, "it belonged to the Barons called Fitzhugh, (descended from those Saxons who were Lords of this place before the conquest) who flourished till the time of Henry VII." In Leland's time it belonged to Lord Parre; who says "The castle, excepting two or three towers, and a faire stable, with a conduct coming to the haulle side, hath no thing memorable. It is three miles by north-west from Richmond, and thereby is a pratty vilage."

From Whitaker's Yorkshire, it appears that this castle and estate were in the hands of the crown from 1571 to 1629, when by letters patent, they were granted to Edward Ditchfield, and other trustees. In 1677, they were in the possession of Sir Thomas Wharton, by whose daughter they passed to Robt. Byerley, Esq. They were sold a few years since to Mr Humphrey Fletcher, of Minskipp, the present owner.

Here was born about 1738, Cathbert Shaw, a poet of some celebrity. He was educated at the free-school of Scorton, where he became usher. In 1756 he published a poem called "Liberty." On leaving the north he joined a company of Comedians; but he relinquished the stage in 1762, and became a professional writer. In 1766 he published the "Race" a satire, against many living poets; and in 1768, "a monody on the death of his wife," who, with her child, fell into an untimely grave by his debauchery. This wretched man, however, still continued to lampoon his superiors in a satire entitled "Corruption;" and an elegy on the death of Mr Charles York. He died in 1771.—*Europ. Mag.*

RAVENTHORPE-MILL, and *f. h.* in the township of Boltby, and parish of Feliskirk; 4½ miles from Thirsk.

RAW, in the township and parish of Fylingdales, wapentake of Whitby-Strand; 5 miles from Whitby.

RAWCLIFFE, in the parishes of St. Michael-le-Belfrey, and St. Olave, (*Fork*) wapentake of Bulmer, liberty of St. Peter; 2½ miles from York, 11 from Easingwold, 18 from Malton.—Pop. 57.

RAYDALE, *a dale*, comprising several hamlets, in the township of Bainbridge, and parish of Aysgarth, wapentake of Gilling-West; (*Raydale-House, a shooting-box of Henry Peirse, Esq.*) 5 miles from Hawes, 6 from Askrigg.

REDCAR, in the parish of Marske, east-division of Langbarough; 7 miles from Guisbrough, 15 from Stokesley and Stockton, (*Dur.*) 16 from Yarm, 22 from Whitby.—Pop. 673. *Principal Inns*, Red Lion, and Black Swan.

Redcar is a considerable fishing town, which formerly consisted of a few miserable huts, inhabited only by fishermen and their families; but it is now a place of fashionable resort during the summer months, and crowded by persons of the first distinction.

REDDINGS, in the township of Melbecks, and parish of Grinton; 6 miles from Reeth. *A few scattered houses.*

RED-HALL, *f. h.* in the township of Castle Levington, and parish of Kirk Levington; 2 miles from Yarm.

In 1600, this was the residence of George Meryton, D. D. chaplain to Queen Anne, Dean of Peterborough and York. He died in 1624.—GRAVES.

REDHURST, or **HURST**, *see Hurst in the parish of Marrick.*

REDMIRE, in the parish of Wensley, wapentake of Hang-West; 4½ miles from Leyburn, 5½ from Middleham, 10 from Richmond.—Pop. 399. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Mary, value, $\frac{1}{2}$ 32l. 2s. Patron, the Rector of Wensley.

REETH, in the parish of Grinton, wapentake of Gilling-West; 8 miles from Leyburn, 10 from Richmond, 11 from Askrigg, 13 from Greta-bridge 14 from Barnardcastle, (*Dur.*) 17 from Brough, (*Westm.*) 54 from York, by *Richmond*, 245 from London.—*Market*, Friday.—*Fairs* Fridays before Good-Friday, old May-day, old Midsummer-day, St. Bartholomew, old Martinmas-day, St. Thomas' day, for woollen-cloth, pedlary-ware, &c.—*Principal Inn*, Buck.—Pop. 1,460.

A free-school was erected here in 1877, the endowment of which was left by Mr Raw, a quaker, with the proviso that the school should be built in sight of Marrick Abbey, and that part of the Swale where he used to bathe.

RICHMOND, a market and parish-town, in the wapentake of Gilling-West; 5 miles from Catterick, 8 from Leyburn, 10 from Middleham, Croft, and Reeth, 12 from Darlington, (*Dur.*) by *Croft*, 14; 12 from Greta-bridge and Bedale, 15 from Staindrop, (*Dur.*) 16 from Northallerton, 18 from Askrigg, 21 from Yarm, 44 from York, 234 from London.—*Market*, Saturday.—*Fairs*, Saturday before Palm-Sunday, last Saturday in June, (*Rake Fair*) September 26, (*Holyrood Day*) for horned cattle, sheep, horses, woollen-cloth, &c. *Bankers*, Messrs. Stapleton, Robinson, & Kay, draw on Messrs. Barclay & Co. 54, Lombard-Street; Wensleydale-Bank, Messrs. Hutton, Other, & Simpson, draw on Messrs. Sir Peter Pole, Thornton, & Co. 1, Bartholomew-Lane.—*Principal Inn*, King's Head.—Pop. 3,546. Sends two Members to Parliament, a privilege first granted 27th of Elizabeth. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Richmond, diocese of Chester, value, 15l. 5s. 7½d. Patron, the King.

Richmond is a borough-town, and first incorporated in 19th of Elizabeth, and by charter granted in the reign of Charles II. A mayor, 12 aldermen, 24 common-councillmen, a recorder, town clerk, and 2 serjeants at mace, constitute the body corporate.

In the centre of the town is the chapel of the Holy Trinity, formerly belonging to St. Mary's, York, but now in the patronage of the corporation. In the north aisle is held the consistory court, where matters ecclesiastical or spiritual, relating to the archdeaconry of Richmond are transacted.

The castle was built by Alan, Earl of Breтайne, nephew of the conqueror, as a reward for his services at the battle of Hastings. Leland thus describes Richmond; "Richemonte towne is waulled, and the castle on the river side of Swale is as the knot of the cumpace of the waulle. In the waulle be three gates, French-gate on the north parte of the towne, is the most occupied gate of the towne, Finkle-street gate, and Bargate; all these be downe; vestiges yet remain. In the market-place is a large chapel of the Trinitie. The cumpace of the ruynous waulles is not half a mile about it, and gurdens behind them. There is a suburb without French gate almost as bigg as bothe the other suburbs. Finkle-street suburb straite west from the market-place, and Bargate suburb. The French-gate suburb is the parochie churche of all the hole towne. A litle beyonde the end of French-gate street is or was of late a chapel of a woman anchorite. Bargate suburb cummith downe to the bridge end of Swale, the which bridge is sun tyme chaynid. At this side the bridge is no buildinge. In this suburb is a chapel of St. James. All the towne and suburbs be on the farther side of Swale."

The keep, which is nearly entire, appears to have been built in 1146, by Conan, 73 years after the first erection. It is 99 feet high, and 11 thick, and has pinnacles at the four corners, connected by a battlement. The ruins of many parts of the castle yet remain. In one corner is a tower 14 feet deep, which seems to have been used as a dungeon.

On the north part of the town is the lofty tower of the Grey friars, of finest gothic architecture. This house was founded by Ralph Fitz-Randolph, Lord of Middleham, in 1258.—It was surrendered by Robert Sanderson and 14 brethren, in 1539, and the site granted to John Banyster and William Metcalfe. The site, and the premises within the walls, are the property of John Robinson, Esq.

On the west of the friary was a nunnery, but of what order does not appear, nor by whom founded. In the Pipe Roll, 15th Henry II. mention is made of the nuns of Richmond.

The grammar-school at this place has long been in the highest estimation for classical literature and talent of its successive masters. It was founded and endowed by the burgesses, who petitioned Queen Elizabeth for her royal license to erect a grammar-school at Richmond. The letters patent are dated March 14, 1568. The right of nominating the master, and being guardians and governors of the school and its revenues, devolved upon the mayor and aldermen in 1668, who are indisputably the successors of the bailiffs mentioned in the letters patent. What the original endowment was, is not known, but the present amount is full 320*l.* per annum. There are three scholarships at Cambridge, and two exhibitions at Oxford.—The Rev. James Tate is the present master, whose salary is 316*l.* clear.—No house of residence for the master.—*Carlisle's Gram. Schools.*

Here was born in 1705, Archdeacon Francis Blackburne. He received his education at the schools of Hawkeshead and Sedburgh, and was entered of Catherine-Hall, Cambridge, in 1722; and about 1739 obtained the rectory of his native place. He was some time chaplain to Dr. Hutton, Archbishop of York, who gave him the Archdeaconry of Cleveland, and a prebend in the Cathedral. He wrote "The Confessional," and "a short historical view of the controversy concerning the intermediate state, &c." in which he maintained the notion of the souls sleeping in an unconscious state during the interval between death and the resurrection. His works have been collected and printed in 6 vols. 8vo. He died in 1787.

RICHMONDSHIRE, a district, comprehending the present five

wapentakes of Hallikeld, Gilling-East, Hang-East, Gilling-West, and Hang-West; being the north-west corner of Yorkshire, and over which His Grace the Duke of Leeds is Lord and Chief Bailiff. It has the Tees for its northern boundary, the Wiske and Swale chiefly for the east; and the Ure and the wapentakes of Claro and Staincliffe for the southern, and Westmorland for the western boundary.

It derives its name, says Camden, "from a castle built by Alan Earl of Brehaigne, in Armorica," to whom William the conqueror gave this shire, which belonged at that time to Earl Edwin.

RIDDINGS, *ham.* in the township of Reeth, and parish of Grinton; 1 mile from Reeth.

RIGG-HOUSE, in the township of High-Abbotside, and parish of Aysgarth; 2 miles from Hawes.

RIVALLX, or **RIEVALX**, in the parish of Helmsley. wapentake of Rydale; 2 miles from Helmsley, 12 from Thirsk, 19 from Malton.—Pop. 212.

Here was founded in 1131, the first abbey of the Cistercian order in Yorkshire, by Walter D'Espece, and dedicated to the Virgin Mary. It was valued at the dissolution at 378*l.* 10*s.* 2*d.* *Dugdale*, and 351*l.* 14*s.* 6*d.* *Speed*, per annum. The site was granted to Thomas, Earl of Rutland, a descendant of Walter D'Espece. Catharine, daughter of Francis, Earl of Rutland, married George Villiers, Duke of Buckingham; and his son, the second Duke of Buckingham sold it to Sir Charles Duncombe, whose grand nephew, Thomas Duncombe, Esq. in 1758, made one of the finest terraces in England upon the brink of the hill which overlooks the ruins. Ailred, celebrated for his learning and piety, was abbot here, and wrote an historical account of the battle of the standard. **X SCRIPTORES**.—**DUGDALE**.—**TANNER**. At one end of the terrace is a circular Tuscan temple; at the other (that nearest the abbey) a porticoed Ionic one. The latter, both within and without, is marked by a chaste simplicity. It consists of a single room, the ceilings and cornices of which are ornamented with paintings by Borgnis, an Italian artist; some original, and others from the most admired works of Guido, &c.

This abbey owes its foundation to the following circumstance. "Walter D'Espece, equally remarkable as a hero (for he commanded at the battle of the standard,) as founder of religious houses, had a son, who was fond of swift horses and hard riding, and one day rode with such violence that his steed fell down, and broke his riders neck. His father, affected by his death, found no consolation but in religion; and in the extremity of grief had recourse to his uncle, rector of Garton, who recommended to him the foundation of three monasteries, which he accomplished, viz. Kirkham, Rivallx, and Warden. Walter lived thirty years after the foundation of Rivallx, and before his death became a monk of this house, and was buried here in 1153. After the dissolution, the lead and bells were removed, and part of the church, chapter house, and the abbots lodge destroyed." "The ruins afford," says Whitaker, "one of the finest existing subjects in the kingdom for the pencil and the graver."

The elegance and magnificence of this abbey, has seldom been equalled in this county. The principal remains are those of the church and refectory. The former consists of the choir and part of its two side aisles, the transept and the commencement of the tower. The nave is demolished, but its site is visible. The transept and tower form an exact cross in the centre of the building. The chief part of the buildings are in the early pointed style, with lancet windows. The pillars of the choir, with their arches, and a double tier of correspondent finishings above, are in good preservation. The refectory is a spacious building, and it is preceded by a large hall, to which was attached a neat circularly arched entrance, but ribbed, and in the early pointed style.—*Gen. Mag.*

RISEBROUGH, *see Thornton-Risebrough.*

RONBY, or ROAKSBY, in the parish of Pickhill, to which it adjoins and forms part of the township, and is united as such.

ROBIN HOOD'S BAY, in the township and parish of Fylingdale, wapentake of Whitby-Strand; 7 miles from Whitby, 13 from Scarborough.

In the north-west part of this bay is a fishing town of the same name, both of which are so named from being the retreat of the famous outlaw Robin Hood, who flourished in the reign of Richard I. where he and his followers eluded the vigilance of their pursuers, by having the command of small fishing boats, in which they put off to sea in case of danger.—CAMDEN. On the heights above, are some butts for archers, which still go by his name. This place is frequently visited by strangers, attracted by the fine of the alum works in its neighbourhood, and the peculiarity of its grotesque appearance. The quantity of fish which is dried here, as well for home consumption as exportation, is surprising.

ROKEBY, a parish, in the wapentake of Gilling-West; (*Kokeby-Park, the seat of John Bacon Saucy Morrill, Esq.*) 1 mile from Greta-bridge, 3 from Barnardcastle, (*Dur.*) 13 from Richmond, 54 from York.—Pop. including Eggleston-Abbey, 222. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Richmond, diocese of Chester, value, $\pm 4l. 3s. 9d.$ p. r. $\pm 100l.$ Patron, the King.

"Rokeby," says Pennant, "is an elegant house in the Italian style, built by Sir Thomas Robinson, Bart. well known in his day by the name of *Long Tom*, from a design of *H. Wakefield, Esq.* in 1724, diverted me a little from my road. The front extends 96 feet; it has a rustic basement, and in the centre four columns and two pilasters support Corinthian ordonnance. The entrance is through a low vestibule on the ground floor, in which are several low apartments; more suitable to the warmer climate of Italy, than to our chilly vapory regions, when the sun should meet the fullest welcome. In the principal story is a gallery 67 feet long; in this, as well as throughout the house, is a profusion of statues, busts, sculptures, and most elegant sepulchral urns, collected from abroad; and in a room, called the *museum*, are piled in disorder, multitudes of altars, inscriptions, sculptors, &c. found either at the adjoining station and burying ground near Greta-bridge, and at Bowes Castle, or brought here from the castle of Naworth, in Cumberland, and gathered from the neighbouring stations on the wall." *Tour from Alston Moor.*

To these curiosities, may be added some of the finest needle work in the kingdom, in which the paintings of the greatest masters are rivalled; the threads are disposed in such a mode, that at a little distance, even human figures shew all the graces, the tints and beauties of the finest paintings."—HUTCHINSON.

"This little parish," says Dr. Whitaker, "rich in natural scenery, adorned by modern elegance, distinguished by the site of a Roman station, and the remains of a religious house, but still more distinguished by a line of patriots and soldiers in its lords, has in latter days been the retirement and the theme of great poets."—MASON and SCOTT.

ROMALDKIRK, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Gilling-West; 6 miles from Barnardcastle, (*Dur.*) 9 from Greta-bridge, 20 from Richmond, 64 from York.—Pop. 377. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Romald, in the deanry of Richmond, diocese of Chester, value, $58l. 14s. 2d.$ Patron, Lord Strathmore.

In the north transept is the recumbent effigy of a cross legged knight, in liak mail, his right hand on the hilt of his sword. This is supposed to be the tomb of Sir Fitzhugh, who died in 1304, most probably at Cotherston castle.

The saint to which this church is dedicated, from Dr. Whitaker's account, appears to stand alone in this country; nor is it known who this St. Ronald was, although there can be no doubt of his being a popular saint at the time of its erection. This parish extends in one direction at least 30 miles.

High up the Tees in this parish, but not till after the river has become wider, is one of the finest cataracts in the island, whose roar is audible at a great distance. Its character is that of Aysgarth, but more magnificent, the projection deeper, the waters more entire, and equally precipitous.—WHITAKER.

ROMANBY, in the parish of Northallerton, wapentake of Allertonshire; $\frac{1}{2}$ a mile from Northallerton, $7\frac{1}{2}$ from Bedale, $9\frac{1}{2}$ from Thirsk.—Pop. 294.

ROOK, BARUGH, 2 *f. h.* in the township and parish of Normanby, wapentake of Rydale; 4 miles from Kirbymoorside.

BOOKWITH, in the parish of Thorton-Watlas, wapentake of Hang-East; 4 miles from Bedale and Masham.—Pop. 76.

ROOMER, *ham.* in the township of Swinton, and parish of Masham, wapentake of Hang-East; 2 miles from Masham, 8 from Ripon.

ROSEBERRY-TOPPING, (*a Hill*) in the parish of Newton, west-division of Langbarugh; 3 miles from Guisbrough, 5 from Stokesley.—*See Newton.*

ROSEDALE, EAST-SIDE, in the parish of Middleton, wapentake of Pickering-Lytho; 7 miles from Kirbymoorside, 9 from Pickering, 18 from Whitby.—Pop. 339. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Lawrence, value, p. r. $\text{†}56\text{l. } 14\text{s. } 0\text{d.}$ Patrons, the Inhabitants.

This church is part of the ruins of a priory founded in the time of Richard I. 1190, for Benedictines or Cistercians, by Robert De Stuteville, and dedicated to St. Lawrence and St. Mary. The site was granted 30th Henry VIII. to Ralph Nevile, Earl of Westmorland. About the time of the dissolution, a prioress and 8 or 9 religious belonged to this house, whose yearly revenue was 41*l.* 13*s.* 8*d.* Speed, and 37*l.* 12*s.* 3*d.* Dugdale.—Berton.

Of the ruins that remain is the square of the cloister, which is almost entire; the buildings having been converted into dwelling houses, &c. In this square, are some of the tomb stones that have been placed over the nuns, with crosses, &c. carved on them.—*See Young's Whitby.*

ROSEDALE, WEST-SIDE, in the parish of Lastingham, wapentake of Rydale; 6 miles from Kirbymoorside, 9 from Pickering, 12 from Helmsley.—Pop. 179.

ROSKEL-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township of Snape, and parish of Well; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Masham, 4 from Bedale.

ROUNDFIELD-HILL, *f. h.* in the township of Hackforth, and parish of Hornby; 3 miles from Catterick, $4\frac{1}{2}$ from Bedale.

ROUNTON, EAST, in the parish of Rudby, west-division of Langbarugh; (*Rounton-Grange, the seat of John Wailles, Esq.*) 7 miles from Northallerton, 8 from Yarm, 9 from Stokesley.—Pop. 135. The Chapel here is a perpetual curacy under Rudby, value, p. r. 37*l.* 7*s.* 6*d.* Patroness, Dowager Lady Amherst.

ROUNTON, WEST, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Allertonshire; 7 miles from Northallerton, $7\frac{1}{2}$ from Yarm, 9 from Stokesley, 38 from York.—Pop. 217. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. James, in the deanry of Cleveland, value, 6*l.* Patron the King.

ROUSBY, or ROXBY, in the parish of Hinderwell, east-division of Langbarugh; 11 miles from Guisbrough, $11\frac{1}{2}$ from Whitby.—Pop. 236. It is a Chapelry dependant on the Mother-Church.

It was founded and endowed in the reign of Henry the V. by the Boynton

family; in the east window are effigies in painted glass, bearing the arms of Boynton, and probably the founder.—GRAVES.

At Roxby was born July 22, 1600, Sir Hugh Cholmley, Bart. an active and intelligent royalist in the time of Charles I. He had the command of Scarborough castle at the time it surrendered in 1645. He died at Peckham, Nov. 30, 1657.—*Fide Hist. of Whitby and Scarborough, and the memoirs of his life, written by himself.*

ROW, *ham.* in the township of Reeth, and parish of Griaton; 1 mile from Reeth.

ROW, or **RAW**, Fylingdale, *see* **Raw**.

RUDBY, a parish-town. in the west-division of Langbarugh; 4 miles from Stokesley, 6 from Yarm, 11½ from Northallerton, 38 from York.—Pop. 76. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Cleveland, value, 30*l.* p. r. †88*l.* Patroness, Dowager Lady Amberst.

Adjoining the church yard, is a school house, founded and endowed about the year 1740, by Charles Bathurst, Esq. of Skutterskelf, for the purpose of educating the children of the poor of the parish. The master's salary arises out of a rent charge of 10*l.* and the interest of 100*l.* left by the founder.—GRAVES.

RUD-HALL, *f. h.* in the township of East-Appleton, and parish of Catterick; 2 miles from Catterick, 5 from Bedale.

RUNSWICK, in the township and parish of Hinderwell, east-division of Langbarugh; 7 miles from Whitby, 15 from Redcar, 16 from Guisbrough.

A fishing village about a mile east of Staithes, singularly situated on the margin of the sea, which here forms an immense inlet, called Runswick Bay, capable of containing several hundred sail of ships. About 150 years ago Runswick was situated in the front of the bay, facing the sea, when one night as some of the inhabitants were, what is called waking a corps, the ground on which it stood suddenly gave way, which they providentially perceiving, alarmed the rest of the inhabitants, so that few, if any, perished by this catastrophe. The houses were soon after buried under masses of earth, and gradually sunk down to the sea.

RUSTON, *ham.* in the township and parish of Wykeham; 7 miles from Scarborough.

RUSWARP, in the parish of Whitby, wapentake of Whithy-Strand; (*the seat of Miss Pennyman*) 2 miles from Whitby, 18¼ from Pickering, 19 from Guisbrough.—Pop. 1,918.

RUSWICK, *f. h.* in the township of Newton-le-Willows, and parish of Fingall; 5 miles from Leyburn and Bedale.

RYDALE, a wapentake, north-east of York, so called from the River *Rye*, which runs through it, and affords fine diversion for the lovers of trout-fishing. It is bounded on the east by Pickering-Lythe, on the south by the wapentake of Bulmer, on the west by Birdforth, and on the north by Langbarugh. It contains three market-towns, Malton, Helmsley, and Kirbymoorside; 56 townships, 18 of which are parishes, 3,566 inhabited houses, and 17,015 inhabitants. Rydale, like Pickering-Lythe, is mountainous, a large portion of it being moor land.

RYTON, in the parish of Kirby-misperton, wapentake of Pickering-Lythe; 3 miles from Malton, 7 from Pickering, 11 from Kirbymoorside.—Pop. 212.

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SADDLEBOW, in the township of Lunedale, and parish of Romaldkirk; 10 miles from Barnardcastle, (*Dur.*)

SALTBURN, in the township of Brotton, east-division of Langbarugh; 6 miles from Redcar and Guisbrough, 16 from Whitby.

A small village, the inhabitants of which live chiefly by fishing. The romantic walks, picturesque rocks, and enchanting scenery with which this place abounds, render it admirably calculated for a bathing place.

SALTERSGATE-INN, in the township of Lockton, and parish of Middleton; 9 miles from Pickering, 12 from Whitby.

SALTON, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Rydale, liberty of St. Peter, (*the seat of George Woodcock Dowker, Esq.*) 5 miles from Kirbymoorside, 6 from Pickering, 10½ from Malton, 21 from York.—Pop. 148. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. John Beverley, in the deanry of Rydale, value, £4*l.* 10*s.* 11*d.* p. r. +75*l.* Patron, G. W. Dowker, Esq.

SATRON, or **SATTURN**, *ham.* in the township of Muker, and parish of Grinton; 8 miles from Reeth.

SALUTATION, HIGH, *p. h.* in the township and parish of Kirkby Fleetham; 3 miles from Bedale, 4 from Catterick.

SALUTATION, LOW, *p. h.* in the same township and parish; 4 miles from Bedale. This house adjoins Fenccoat.

SALUTATION-INN, in the township of Little-Smeaton, and parish of Birkby; 6 miles from Northallerton.

SANDBECK, *ham.* in the township of Hipswell, and parish of Catterick; 1½ mile from Richmond, 7 from Leyburn.

SANDBURN, *ham.* in the township and parish of Stockton-on-the Forest, wapentake of Bulmer; 4 miles from York.

SANDHOLMES, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Pickhill; 6 miles from Thirsk, 7 from Ripon.

SANDHUTTON, in the parish of Thirsk, wapentake of Birdforth; 3 miles from Thirsk, 8 from Northallerton, 11 from Borough-bridge.—Pop. 273. Here is a chapel dedicated to St. Mary, and united to Carlton-Miniott.

SANDHUTTON, in the parish of Bossall, wapentake of Bulmer; (*the seat of the Rev. Thomas Cutler Rudston Read*,) 7 miles from York, 12 from Malton, 13 from Easingwold.—Pop. 202. The Church is a perpetual curacy under Bossall, value, p. r. 122*l.* 17*s.* 2*d.*

SANDSEND, in the township and parish of Lythe, east-division of Langbarugh; 3 miles from Whitby, 18 from Guisbrough.

Here are very extensive Alum works, the property of Lord Mulgrave; the quantity manufactured annually is about 400 tons.

SAVEY-GREEN, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Lythe; 6 miles from Whitby.

SAWDON, in the parish of Brompton, wapentake of Pickering-Lythe; 10 miles from Scarborough, 12 from Pickering, 16 from Malton.—Pop. 139.

SCACKLETON, in the parish of Hovingham, wapentake of Bulmer; 7 miles from Easingwold, 10 from Malton, 15 from York.—Pop. 171.

SCALBY, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Pickering-Lyth; 3 miles from Scarborough, 18 from Pickering and Whitby, 40 from York.—Pop. 446. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Lawrence, in the deanry of Dickering, value, $\pm 6l.$ 13s. 1d. Patrons, the Dean and Chapter of Norwich.

Here is a small hospital for widows or widowers, containing four rooms or apartments, founded by one Christopher Kelde; but the time is not on record.

SCALBY-MILL, 3 *f. h.* in the township and parish of Scalby; 2 miles from Scarborough.

SCALING, in the parish of Hinderwell, east-division of Langbarough; 10 miles from Guisbrough, 12 from Whitby.

SCALING-DAM, *p. h.* in the township and parish of Easington; $9\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Guisbrough, $11\frac{1}{2}$ from Whitby.

SCALING, LITTLE, or FAR, *ham.* in the township of Easington, and parish of Hinderwell; 12 miles from Whitby.

SCAR-HOUSE, (*Manor-House*) in the township and parish of Arken-garthdale; 3 miles from Reeth.

SCAR-HOUSES, 4 *h.* in the township of Muker, and parish of Grinton; 10 miles from Reeth.

SCARO-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township of Moulton, and parish of Middleton-Tyas; 3 miles from Richmond.

SCARBOROUGH, a parish and market-town, in the wapentake of Pickering-Lyth, liberty of Scarborough; 18 miles from Bridlington, (the Quay 19.) 19 from Pickering, 20 from Whitby and Sledmere, 22 from Malton, 23 from Driffield, 40 from York, 217 from London, by *Lincoln*; by *York*, 239.—*Markets*, Thursday and Saturday.—*Fairs*, Holy-Thurseday, and November 23, for Toys, &c.—*Bankers*, Messrs. Woodall, Tindall, Taylor, & Cook, draw on Messrs. Sir Peter Pole, Thornton, & Co. 1, Bartholomew-Lane.—*Principal Inns*, George, Blacksmiths' Arms, Blue-Bell, New-Inn, Pied-Bull, Talbot, London-Inn.—Pop. 8,188. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Dickering, value, $\pm 13l.$ 6s. 8d. p. r. 60*l.* Patron, Lord Hotham, as lord of the manor of Northstead.

This church was originally a convent for white or carmelite friars, founded by king Edward II. 1320, and suppressed in the reign of Henry V. It is now converted into a parish church. During the siege of the castle, a lodgement was made in this church, by the troops of Sir John Meldrum. The Church was adorned, says Leland, "with three auncient towres for belles. There were in the toun three howsis of freres, gray, black, and white."

Scarborough is a seaport and borough town, governed by two bailiffs, chosen annually, two coroners, four chamberlains, and a common council of thirty-six members, a recorder and town clerk. It was chartered by king Henry II. about the year 1181. It returns two members to parliament, a privilege granted as early as the 23rd of Edward I. the only place, except York and Hull in this county, that constantly returned before the time of Edward VI. since which it has constantly returned. The right of election is in the corporation alone. Number of votes 44—the returning officers, the bailiffs.—**OLDFIELD.**

Scarborough, long celebrated as a sea bathing place and for its mineral waters, is situated on the edge of a beautiful and extensive bay, from which it rises in the form of a crescent, on the slope of a bold and rocky shore.

The castle, (extraparochial) stands upon a rock of stupendous height and magnitude, almost surrounded by the sea. It was built in the reign of king Stephen, by William de Gross, Earl of Albermarle, who commanded the Eng-

lish army at the battle of the standard, in 1138. In this impregnable fortress he governed with princely authority, till Henry II. in order to reduce the exorbitant power of his nobles, commanded all the castles erected during the preceding reign to be demolished.

Edward the II and his favourite Gaveston took refuge in this castle, which was esteemed the strongest in the kingdom. Here the king left Gaveston, as in a place of security; but the castle being besieged by the Earls of Pembroke and Warren, he was compelled to surrender, which he did on condition that he should be conducted to the king, and tried by his peers—This was dishonourably violated.—*RARIN.*

In 1553, Thomas Strafford, son of lord Strafford, with only 32 attendants obtained possession of Scarborough castle, which gave rise to the proverb of "Scarborough warning, a word and a blow, but the blow first." Having disguised his men, he came to Scarborough on a market day, and easily gained admittance into the castle, where he strolled about in a careless manner without exciting the least suspicion. His little troop soon afterwards made their appearance, under the disguise of peasants, who, perceiving a favourable opportunity, secured the sentinels, took possession of the gate, and admitted the remainder of their companions.—*Scarborough Guide.*

In the beginning of the civil wars, Sir Hugh Cholmley gallantly defended this castle against the parliamentary forces for twelve months, but at length surrendered on honourable terms in 1645. It sustained a second siege which commenced, Sept. 1648.—*For particulars of sieges and other interesting matter, see Hinderwell's Hist. of Scarborough.* The stealing hand of time and the injury sustained by various sieges reduced this fortress to a mass of ruins, when government, in the rebellion 1745, gave it a temporary repair, and deposited within its walls a large quantity of military stores. The castle stands on a lofty promontory, more than 300 feet above the level of the sea; and within the area, (19 acres), under an arched vault, is a reservoir of water called the Lady's Well, supposed to have been dedicated to the Virgin Mary.

The spaw, consisting of two distinct wells, the one distinguished by the name of "the Chalybeate," the other, "the Salt-spring," with the spaw house adjoining, is situated on the sea shore. A superintendent resides here during the bathing season, to whom the visitors who drink the waters, pay 7s. 6d. each. The present building was erected in 1739, the former one, or warf on which it was built, being destroyed by a mass of earth from behind sinking in. The medical powers of these waters, according to Dr. Wittie, were first accidentally discovered in 1627, by a Mrs. Farrow, a gentlewoman of Scarborough, for account of which, see *Scarborough Guide*. The following authors have treated on these waters, Drs. Wittie, Simpson, Tunstall, Short, Shaw, and latterly, Dr. Belcombe, by whom the waters have been analyzed.—*See Hinderwell's Hist. of Scarborough, and Scarborough Guide*, which no person who visits, or intends to visit, Scarborough ought to omit reading.

A Life Boat was built here in 1801, which has been the means of preserving the lives of many crews of vessels on this part of the coast.

In 1811, a Sea Bathing Infirmary, supported by subscription, was instituted for the use of the poor.

SCARGILL, 3 f. h. a township, in the parish of Barningham, wapentake of Gilling-West; 2 miles from Greta-bridge, 4 from Barnardcastle. (*Dur.*)—Pop. 136.

SCARTHNECK, in the township of Preston, and parish of Wensley; 3 miles from Leyburn, 9 from Askridge. An eminence, north of Wensleydale, over which the road from Richmond to Lancaster passes.

SCARTHNICK, in the parish of Whorlton, west-division of Langbarugh; 7 miles from Stokesley, 11 from Northallerton.

Here was a religious house founded by Stephen Meinil, sen. tempt. Henry L. and afterwards annexed to Guisbarn, (Guisbrough) and made a cell of Canons of the order of St. Austin, to that monastery. There are no remains nor any traces of the building now left. — *TANNER.*

SCAWTON, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Rydale; 5 miles from Helmsley, 9 from Thirsk, 23 from York.—Pop. 151. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Rydale, value, \pounds 1. 19s. 2d. p. r. *79l. 2s. 7d. Patron, Edward Worsley, Esq. Scawton is situated upon Hambleton.

SCORTON, in the parish of Catterick, wapentake of Gilling-East; 3 miles from Catterick, 7 from Richmond, 9 from Northallerton.—Pop. 496.

Here is a free grammar-school founded by Mr Leonard Robinsen, of Scorton, in 1720, who endowed it with a farm in the same township, now producing upwards of 200*l*. per annum, together with a dwelling-house and gardens. It is open to all free of expense, for the classics; but for the stipend of the usher, repair of buildings, writing, arithmetic, a quarterly charge is made. There are *no* boys on the foundation. The Rev. John Noble, who was educated at Queen's College, Oxford, after quitting the University, became the *first* master of this school, which he opened in June 1736, and had the tuition of several young gentlemen, who testified their regard to him, by placing a handsome monument to his memory in the church of Bolton-upon-Swale, the expense of which was defrayed by Subscription. Mr Noble died in 1767, aged 67.—*Carlisle's Gram. Schools.*—*Nichols' Lit. Anec.*

SCOTCH-CORNER, in the township and parish of Middleton-Tyas; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Richmond, 5 from Catterick, 10 from Greta-bridge. A Public-House, the Three Tuns.

SCOTTON, in the parishes of Catterick and Patrick-Brompton, wapentake of Hang-East; 4 miles from Catterick, 5 from Richmond, 8 from Bedale.—Pop. 128.

SCRAFTON, LITTLE. *ham.* in the township of Caldberg, and parish of Coverham; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Middleham, 6 from Leyburn.

SCRAFTON, WEST, in the parish of Coverham, wapentake of Hang-West; 5 miles from Middleham and Leyburn, 15 from Richmond.—Pop. 146.

SCRUTON, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Hang-East; (*Scruton Hall, the seat of the late Henry Gale, Esq.*) 4 miles from Bedale, $4\frac{1}{2}$ from Northallerton, 6 from Catterick, 35 from York.—Pop. 411. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Radegund, in the deanry of Catterick, diocese of Chester, value, 14*l*. 0*s*. 5*d*. Patron, Foster Lechaere Coore, Esq.

Here that eminent critic and antiquary, Dr. Thomas Gale, dean of York, was born in 1636. He was educated at Westminster school, and being admitted King's scholar there, was elected in 1655 to Trinity-College, Cambridge, and became fellow of that society. Having taken his first degree in arts in 1656, he commenced M. A. in 1662—Regius professor of Greek in 1666—In 1672, he was appointed to the head mastership of St. Paul's school, in London, soon after which, by his Majesty's directions, he drew up those inscriptions which are to be seen upon the monument in memory of the dreadful conflagration in 1666. He took the degree of doctor of divinity in 1676, and in 1697 was promoted to the deanry of York, which dignity he possessed little more than four years and a half; he dying April 8, 1702, in the 67th year of his age. His publications were numerous, a list of which is given in *Nichols' Lit. Anec.* vol. IV. p. 540.—Dr. Gale married Barbara, daughter of Thomas Pepys, Esq. of Trumpington, Cambridgeshire, who died in 1689; by whom he had three sons and a daughter. Mr Drake says, "The loss of this great man would have been irreparable, did not the father's genius still exist in his son," alluding to his eldest son Roger Gale, F. R. S. and A. S. S. equally famous as an antiquary. He was educated under his father at St. Paul's school, admitted at Trinity College, Cambridge, in 1691;

made scholar of that house 1693, and afterwards fellow in 1697. He was the first vice-president to the society of antiquaries, and treasurer to the royal society. He published his father's Comment on Antoninus's Itinerary in 1709, and the "Registrum Honoris de Richmond" in 1722. His "Discourse on the four Roman Roads in Britain" is printed in the 6th vol. of Leland's Itinerary. Other valuable papers of his on antiquities are to be met with in the *Philosophical Transactions*—*Horsley's Britan. Romana*—*Archæologia*—*Gent. Mag.* &c.—He left all his MSS. to Trinity College, Cambridge, and his cabinet of Roman coins to the public library there. He married Henrietta, daughter of Henry Raper, Esq. of Cowling, who died in 1720, by whom he had one son, Roger Henry, who married Catharine, daughter of Christopher Crowe, of Kiplin, Esq. and had issue, Henry, (died May 27, 1821) Samuel, and two daughters. He died at Scruton in 1744, and was buried in the church-yard obscurely, by his own desire. His estates at that place were very considerable, and are now in the possession of F. L. Coore, Esq. who married Harriet, eldest daughter of the above Henry Gale. He represented Northallerton in parliament for several years.

Samuel Gale, the dean's youngest son, born in London, and educated by his father at St. Paul's school, was also eminent for his knowledge of antiquities; he left many valuable collections behind him relating to the antiquities of England, but published nothing in his life-time. He died in 1754, in the 73rd year of his age. His very valuable library and fine collection of prints, were sold by auction in 1754.—NICHOLS.

The family of Gale, was of eminence in the North and East-Ridings, in the 16th century; the earliest of the name that occurs, was James Gale, seated at Thrintoft, in the parish of Ainderby-Steeple.—IBID.

SCUGDALE, a narrow dale, in the township and parish of Whorlton; 6 miles from Stokesley, 11½ from Northallerton.

SEAMER, a parish-town, in the west-division of Langbarough; 2 miles from Stokesley, 8 from Yarm, 45 from York.—Pop. 226. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Martin, in the deanry of Cleveland, value, p. r. †54*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* Patron, Robert Greenhill, Esq.

SEAMER, or **SEAMOR**, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Pickering-Lythe; 4 miles from Scarborough, 15 from Pickering, 18 from Bridlington, 39 from York.—A *Market* entirely for live cattle, on the first Monday in every month.—*Fairs*, July 15, for boots, shoes, pedlary-ware, &c.—Pop. 596. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Martin, in the deanry of Dickering, value 18*l.* 6*s.* 5½*d.* Patron, William James Dennison, Esq.

A new school for boys and girls, with a dwelling-house, was built and liberally endowed by the Lord of the Manor, in 1844.

SEAL-HOUSES, *ham.* in the township and parish of Arkengarthdale; 6 miles from Reeth.

SEATON-HALL, in the township and parish of Hinderwell, 2 miles from Whitby.

SEDBURY-HALL, (*the residence of Colonel Tower*) in the township and parish of Gilling, wapentake of Gilling-West; 4 miles from Richmond, 6 from Catterick, 10 from Greta-bridge.

Within the angle where the Ermine-street and High-street meet, is Sedbury, where, it is supposed, was a palace of King Oswin.—*Archæologia.*

The manor-house, with the estate at Sedbury, was, for many generations, the residence of the Boyntons, and probably built by them, "which from an ordinary tower-built house, has gradually increased to a large and magnificent mansion."

In 1650, James D'Arcy, 6th son of Conyers Lord D'Arcy, of Hornby-Castle, purchased Sedbury, which passed by marriage, in 1738, to Sir Robert Hilyard,

Bart. of Winstead, E. R. father of the late Sir Robert, who died in 1814, without issue, when it came to the present owner, James Hasey D'Arcy Hutton, Esq.

SEDBUSK, *ham.* in the township of High-Abbotside, and parish of Aysgarth; 1 mile from Hawes, 4 from Askrigg, 16 from Leyburn.

SEMERWATER, (*a small beautiful Lake*) which covers about 105 acres of land, in the township of Bainbridge, and parish of Aysgarth; 3 miles from Hawes, near to which is

SEMERDALE-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the same township and parish.

SESSAY, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Allertonshire; (*Sessay-Hall, the seat of the Hon. and Rev. William Henry Downey*) 5 miles from Easingwold, 6 from Thirsk, 18 from York.—Pop. 364. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Cuthbert, in the deanry of Bulmer, value, 17*l.* 0*s.* 2*d.* $\frac{1}{2}$ Patron, Lord Viscount Downe.

Here was born in 1686, John Jackson, an English divine, eldest son of the Rev. John Jackson, (1st rector of this place and vicar of Rossington, W. R.) He was educated at Doncaster school, under the famous Dr. Bland, and at Jesus College, Cambridge. His best work is his *Chronological Antiquities*, 3 vols. 4to. 1752. He died at Leicester in 1763.—*Nichols' Lit. Anecdotes*.—*Bio. Dictionary*.

SEXHOW, 6 *f. h.* a township, in the parish of Rudby, west-division of Langbarough; 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Stokesley, 6 from Yarm.—Pop. 38.

SHAW, 3 or 4 *f. h.* in the township of Hurst, and parish of Marrick; 3 miles from Reeth, 7 from Richmond.

SHAW, and **SHAW-COTE**, 2 *f. h.* in the township of Low-Abbotside, and parish of Aysgarth; 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Hawes, 3 from Askrigg.

SHEPHERDS-HILL, *ham.* in the township and parish of Whorlton; 7 miles from Stokesley, 9 from Northallerton and Yarm.

SHERFITT-HALL, *f. h.* in the township of Reeth, and parish of Grinton; 3 miles from Reeth.

SHERIFF-HUTTON, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Bulmer; 8 miles from Easingwold, 10 from York and Malton.—Pop. 756. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Helen, in the deanry of Bulmer, value, \pm 10*l.* p. r. \pm 140*l.* 18*s.* Patron, the Archbishop of York.

Bertrand de Bulmer, in the reign of king Stephen, built here a neat castle, which was afterwards repaired by Ralph Nevile, first Earl of Westmorland, who died 1389. It continued in the possession of the noble family of the Neviles, until the death of Richard Nevile, Earl of Warwick, who was slain at the battle of Barnett, when his lands being seized by Edward IV. this castle and the manor were given to Richard, Duke of Gloucester, the king's brother. Princess Elizabeth, heiress of the house of York, (afterwards married to king Henry VII.) was kept a prisoner here by Richard III. In the same castle was confined Edward Plantagenet, Earl of Warwick, only son of George, Duke of Clarence, elder brother of Richard III. This Earl of Warwick was publicly executed by Henry VII. 1499.—*CAMDEN, DRAKE, HUMB, &c.* The castle and manor became the property of Henry VII. and seem to have continued in the hands of the crown, until they were granted to Charles, Prince of Wales, afterwards Charles I. The late Lady Irwin, of Temple-Newsham, died seized of the same, and are now in possession of the Marquis of Hertford, in right of his wife, Isabella Anne, daughter of the late Lady Irwin, who took the title and surname of Ingram, in 1807. The venerable ruins of this castle, consisting of seven stately towers, (one of which contains two spacious rooms,) are situated upon an eminence, commanding very extensive prospects. John, the son of

Ralph Nevile, Lord of Raby, obtained a charter in 1377, for a market on Monday, and a fair annually on the eve of the exaltation of the Holy Cross, (September 14, and two following days,) which are now discontinued.

SHERIFF-HUTTON-PARK, (*the seat of George Lowther Thompson, Esq.*) similarly situated.

SHIPTON, in the parish of Overton, wapentake of Bulmer, a part in the liberty of St. Peter; 6 miles from York, 7 from Easingwold, 19 from Malton.—Pop. 377.

A school was here endowed, by Mrs Ann Middleton, of York, with 40*l.* for the education of the children of the freeholders, only.—Her Will bears date, August 24, 1655.

SHIPTON-SMITHY, *s. h.* in the township of Overton-with-Shipton, and parish of Overton, wapentake of Bulmer; 6 miles from York.

SIGSTON, or **KIRKBY-SIGSTON**, a parish and township, in the wapentake of Allertonsshire; 3 miles from Northallerton, 8 from Thirsk, 13 from Yarm, 31 from York.—Pop. 131. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Lawrence, in the deanry of Cleveland, value, 12*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* Patron. Sir Thomas Slingsby, Bart.

Here was formerly a castle, surrounded by a deep moat, but when, or by whom built, we have no account.

SIGSTON-SMITHY, *ham.* in the township and parish of Sigston; 3½ miles from Northallerton.

SILTON, HIGH, or OVER, in the parish of Cowesby, wapentake of Birdforth; 8 miles from Northallerton, 9 from Thirsk.—Pop. 94. The Church is a perpetual curacy, value, p. r. 38*l.* Patron, Sir George Wombwell, Bart. As Lessee of the Tithes under Trinity College Cambridge.

SILTON, LOW, or NETHER, in the parish of Leak, wapentake of Birdforth; 7 miles from Northallerton, 8 from Thirsk, 13 from Stokesley.—Pop. 202. Here is a Chapel of ease to Leak.

SIMONSTONE, in the township of High-Abbotside, and parish of Aysgarth, wapentake of Hang-West; (*the seat of James Archibald Stuart Wortley, Esq.*) 1½ mile from Hawes, 5½ from Askrigg.

SIMON'S, SAINT, CHAPEL or WELL, in the township of Little-Scrafton, and parish of Coverham, wapentake of Hang-West; 4½ miles from Middleham.

SINDERBY, in the parish of Pickhill, wapentake of Hallikeld; 6 miles from Thirsk, 7 from Ripon, 8 from Bedale.—Pop. 86.

SINNINGTON, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Pickering-Lythe; (*Sinnington-Lodge, the seat of Palsay Dawson, Esq.*) 4 miles from Pickering and Kirbymoorside, 10 from Helmsley, 27 from York.—Pop. 343. The Church is a perpetual curacy, in the deanry of Rydale, value, p. r. †80*l.* Patron, Master of Hems-worth School, (W. R.)

Here is a school for the children of Sinnington, for reading, writing, &c. which is a branch of the Thornton grammar-school, and was erected on account of the too great distance from Thornton.

SINNINGTON-GRANGE, 2 *f. h.* in the township and parish of Sinnington; 4 miles from Pickering, 5 from Kirbymoorside.

SION-HILL, (*the seat of Joshua Crompton, Esq.*) in the township and parish of Kirby-Wiske; 4 miles from Thirsk, 7½ from Northallerton.

SKEEBY, in the parish of Easby, wapentake of Gilling-West; 2 miles from Richmond, 4 from Catterick, 10 from Darlington, (*Dur.*)—Pop. 163.

Here St. Osyth had a chantry, and from her is the name of the place derived, though strangely corrupted.—WILTAKER.

SKELGILL, *f. h.* in the township of Low-Abbotside, and parish of Aysgorth; 1½ mile from Askrigg, 4 from Harves.

SKELTON-COTE, *f. h.* in the township of Bellerby, and parish of Spennythorne; 6 miles from Middleham.

SKELDERSKEW-GRANGE, *ham.* in the township of Commondale, and parish of Guisbrough; 5 miles from Guisbrough.

This Grange formerly belonged to the priory of Basildale.

SKELTON, a parish-town, (a part being in the parish of Overton) wapentake of Bulmer, and liberty of St. Peter; (*Skelton-Grange, the seat of Edward Place, Esq. Skelton-Cottage, Mrs. Thompson, and Rose-Cottage, G. V. Drury, Esq.*) 4 miles from York, 9 from Easingwold, 18 from Malton.—Pop. 187.—St. Peter's, 86, total, 273. The Church, peculiar, is a rectory, dedicated to St. Peter, in the deanry of Bulmer, value, £5*l.* p. r. †130*l.* Patron, Joshua Hepworth, Esq.

This Church is of considerable antiquity, and said to have been built with the stones that remained after the south cross of York minster had been finished by the archbishop, Walter Gray. Indeed the south door seems to resemble that of the cathedral; alike adorned with curious marble pillars, though now almost demolished.—GERT.

SKELTON, in the township and parish of Marske, wapentake of Gilling-West; 5 miles from Reeth, 6 from Richmond.

SKELTON, a parish-town, in the east-division of Langbarugh; (*Skelton-Castle, the seat of John Wharton, Esq.*) 3½ miles from Guisbrough, 6 from Redcar, 11½ from Stokesley, 17 from Whitby 16 from Stockton, (*Dur.*) 55 from York.—Pop. 791. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Cleveland, value, p. r. 79*l.* Patron, the Archbishop of York.

Skelton Castle was built by Robert de Brus, a Norman Knight, who came into England with William the conqueror; and who having possessed by conquest, and other titles of various acquisition, the manor and castle of Skelton, soon increased his estates in Yorkshire so much, that before the end of the conqueror's reign, he became owner of no less than 93 Lordships in this county, but the castle of Skelton seems to have been his great baronial residence. From this nobleman the royal line of Scotland, and the Earl of Ailesbury are descended.—*Dugdale's Baronage.* After being in possession of the Fauconbergs, the Nevils, and the Conyers, it at length became the property of Lawson Trotter, Esq. who sold it to Joseph Hall, Esq. of Durham, in 1727; and from him it descended to John Hall Stevenson, Esq. grandfather of the present possessor.

Few traces of the ancient edifice remain, considerable alterations having been made since 1794. The front of the present building is 270 feet in length. It is situated on the brink of a large sheet of water, in many places 50 feet deep, which nearly surrounds the castle, except an opening to the south.

It was till 1785, the seat of John Hall Stevenson, Esq. the Eugenius of Sterne, whose festive board was frequented by many of the literati of the age in which he lived, and enlivened by none more than the celebrated Mr. Sterne. Mr. Hall was an excellent classical scholar, and the vigorous extent and versatility of his genius, shew him in a walk of superior excellence. His poetry exhibits high powers of imagination, and he was well acquainted with the Belles Lettres of Europe. After his death, his works were published in 3 vols. 12mo. He died in 1785.

In the time of Edward I. the Lords of Skelton had the privilege of a market here, which, however singular it may appear, was held weekly on Sunday; when the people, according to the custom of that age, generally assembled in the morning to attend divine worship, and in the afternoon transacted their business, and regaled themselves with *cat-ale*, the homely beverage of our ancestors. This market continued to be thus held, till the 13th Edward II.—GRAVES.

SKELTON-SMITHY, *s. h.* in the township and parish of Skelton; 4 miles from York.

SKEWSBY, in the parish of Dalby, wapentake of Bulmer; 9 miles from Easingwold, 13 from Malton, 15 from York.—Pop. included in Dalby.

SKINNINGGRAVE, in the parish of Skelton, east-division of Langbarugh; (*the seat of John Easterby, Esq.*) 7 miles from Guisbrough, 9 from Redcar, 14 from Whitby.—Pop. 60.

SKIPLAM, in the parish of Kirkdale, wapentake of Rydale; 3 miles from Kirbymoorside, 4 from Helmsley, 17 from Malton.—Pop. including Bransdale, West-side, 170.

SKIPSTER-HAGG, *f. h.* in the township of Appleton-le-moors, and parish of Lasingham; 3 miles from Kirbymoorside.

SKIPTON, and **SKIPTON-BRIDGE**, in the parish of Topcliffe, wapentake of Birdforth; (*the residence of Thomas Barstow, Esq.*) 4 miles from Thirsk, 7 from Ripon.—Pop. 110.

SKUTTERSKELFE, in the parish of Rudby, west-division of Langbarugh; 2 miles from Stokesley, 6 from Yarm.—Pop. 32.

SLEDDALE, in the township and parish of Guisbrough; 3 miles from Guisbrough. A small dale, surrounded by moors.

SLEDSHOW, in the township of Rosedale, West-side, and parish of Lasingham; 7 miles from Kirbymoorside. A public-house on the moors.

SLEETHOLME, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Bowes; 7 miles from Barnardcastle, (*Dur.*) 8 from Greta-bridge.

SLEGILL, *ham.* in the township of Hipswell, and parish of Catterick, wapentake of Hang-East; it is separated from Richmond by the River Swale.

SLEIGHTHOLME-DALE, *ham.* in the township of Fadmoor, and parish of Kirbymoorside; 3 miles from Kirbymoorside.

SLEIGHTS, in the township of Eskdaleside, and parish of Whitby, wapentake of Whitby-Strand; (*Sleights-Hall, the seat of Mrs Bateman, and Esk-Hall, the seat of John Campion Coates, Esq.*) 4 miles from Whitby, 17 from Pickering. The Chapel here (built about 1762) is a perpetual curacy under Whitby, value, p. r. 93*l.* 9*s.* 4*d.*

SLINGSBY, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Rydale; 7 miles from Malton, 9 from Kirbymoorside and Helmsley, 23 from York.—Pop. 548. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Rydale, value, 12*l.* 1*s.* 10½*d.* Patron, the Earl of Carlisle.

The ancient family of the Mowbrays had, for many generations, a castle here, the ruins of which are still visible.—CAMDEN.

SMALLWAYS, 3 *h.* in the township of Newsham, and parish of Kirkby-Ravensthorpe; 2 miles from Greta-bridge.

SMARBER, *ham.* in the township of Melbecks, and parish of Grinton; 5 miles from Reeth, 9 from Askrigg.

SMEARHOLMES, *s. h.* in the township and parish of Burneston; 4 miles from Bedale.

SMEATON, GREAT, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Gilling-East: 7 miles from Northallerton, 9 from Darlington, (*Dur.*) and Yarm, 13 from Richmond, 39 from York.—Pop. 250. The Church is a rectory, in the deanry of Richmond, diocese of Chester, value, 13*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* Patron, Henry Hewgill, Esq.

SMEATON, LITTLE, a township, in the parish of Birkby, wapentake of Allertonshire; 6 miles from Northallerton, 10 from Yarm and Darlington, (*Dur.*)—Pop. 61.

SMELTER, *f. h.* in the township of Bishopdale, and parish of Aysgarth; 5 miles from Askrigg, 12½ from Leyburn.

SNAINTON, in the parishes of Brompton and Ebberston, wapentake of Pickering-Lythe: (*the seat of William Moorsom, Esq.*) 7½ miles from Pickering, 10 from Scarborough, 12 from Malton.—Pop. 603. The Chapel here is a perpetual curacy under Brompton, value, p. r. 33*l.* About a ¼ of a mile west of the village is

SNAINTON NEW-INN, a large Posting-House.

SNAPE, in the parish of Well, wapentake of Hang-East; (*Snape-Hall, the residence of Miss Clarkes*) 3 miles from Masham, 3½ from Bedale.—Pop. 599.

In 1605, Thomas, Earl of Exeter, and Dorothy his wife, founded and endowed a house called Nevile's work house, for the maintenance and education of a master and mistress and eight poor girls of the townships of Well and Snape. In 1788, this house was changed into four free schools, for a boy and a girl out of every house in each township, above the age of five, and under the age of thirteen. The master's salary 30*l.* mistress's, 16*l.* Snape Hall, in Leland's time, was "a goodly castel, in a valley belonging to the Lord Latimer, and i i i or i i i parkes well wodded."

SNAYSHOLME, *ham.* in the township of Hawes, and parish of Aysgarth; 2½ miles from Hawes, 7½ from Askrigg.

SNEATON, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Whitby-Strand; 3 miles from Whitby, 18 from Pickering and Scarborough, 46 from York.—Pop. 257. The Church is a rectory, in the deanry of Cleveland, value, 13*l.* 2*s.* 6*d.* Patron, the King.

SNEATON-CASTLE, (*the seat of James Wilson, Esq.*) in the township of Ruswarp, and parish of Whitby; 1½ mile from Whitby.

SNEATON-THORPE, *a few f. h.* in the township and parish of Sneaton; 4 miles from Whitby.

SNILESWORTH, *a vale*, in the townships of Arden and Bilsdale, West-side, and parish of Hawnby; 10 miles from Helmsley, 11 from Northallerton.

SOBER-GATE, in the township of Newby-Wiske, and parish of Kirby-Wiske; 4 miles from Northallerton.

SOBER-HILL, 2 *f. h.* in the same township and parish; 3½ miles from Northallerton.

SOBER, LOW, *s. h.* and extensive Nursery-Grounds, the property of Mr. Meek, in the township of Warlaby, and parish of Ainderby-Steeple; 4 miles from Northallerton.

SOUR-LEYS, 2 *f. h.* in the township of Rivaulx, and parish of Helmsley; 3½ miles from Helmsley.

SOUTH-FIELD, *f. h.* in the township of Welburn, and parish of Kirbymoorside; 3 miles from Kirbymoorside.

SOUTH-HOLME, a township, in the parish of Hovingham, wapentake of Rydale; 7 miles from Kirbymoorside, 8 from Helmsley, 9 from Malton.—Pop. 66.

SOWERBY, in the parish of Thirsk, wapentake of Birdforth; (*the seats of Robert Bell Livsey, and Cornelius Cayley, Esqrs.*) 1 mile from Thirsk.—Pop. 748. The Church is a perpetual curacy, value, p. r. 126*l.* Patron, the Archbishop of York.

SOWERBY-UNDER-COTCLIFFE, a township, in the parish of Sigston, wapentake of Aflertonsshire; 3 miles from Northallerton, 7 from Thirsk.—Pop. 53.

Here was lately discovered, by some workmen throwing up a new road in Mr. Hirst's estate, part of the old Roman strata, leading from Thornton-le-street to Sockburn.—*En.*

SOWERSETT, *f. h.* in the township of Carlton-high-dale, and parish of Coverham, 7½ miles from Middleham.

SPANHAM, *f. h.* in the township of Scargill, and parish of Barn-ingham; 4 miles from Greta-bridge.

SPARROW-HALL, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Salton; 5 miles from Kirbymoorside.

SPAUNTON, in the parish of Lastingham, wapentake of Rydale; 4 miles from Kirbymoorside, 6 from Pickering, 9½ from Helmsley, 13 from Malton.—Pop. 109.

SPAUNTON-LODGE, (*a Shooting-box of Henry Darley, Esq.*) in the township of Hutton-le-Hole, and parish of Lastingham; 5 miles from Kirbymoorside.

SPENNYTHORNE, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Hang-West; (*the seats of Mrs Chaytor, and Turner Straubenzie, Esq.*) 1 mile from Middleham, 2 from Leyburn, 9 from Richmond, 43 from York.—Pop. 249. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Michael, in the deanry of Catterick, diocese of Chester, value, 20*l.* 10*s.* 5*d.* Patron, Marmaduke Wyville, Esq.

Here was born in 1674, John Hutchinson, Esq. a man of considerable ability and learning. He received a private education which was liberal and excellent. Having great taste for natural history and mineralogy, he made large collections of fossils. In 1724, he published the first part of that curious work, his *Moses's Principia*, in which he ridiculed Dr. Woodward's natural history of the earth, and attempted to explode the doctrine of gravitation, established in Sir Isaac Newton's *Principia*; and maintained in the second part of that work in opposition to the Newtonian system, that a plenum is the principle of the scripture philosophy. Long before his death he published a volume every year; and a correct and elegant edition of his works, including the MSS which he left, were published in 1748, intitled the *Philosophical and Theological works of the late truly learned John Hutchinson, Esq.* On Monday before his death, Dr. Mead urged him to be bled, saying pleasantly, "I will soon send you to Moses," meaning his studies, which Mr. H. understood in the literal sense, answered, "I believe Dr. you will," and he was so much displeased, that he dismissed him for another physician, but he died a few days afterwards, in 1727. After his death, his followers were called Hutchinsonians.

SPITAL, in the township of Romanby, and parish of Northallerton; 1 mile from Northallerton.

For an account of the hospital, see Northallerton.

SPITAL-BRIDGE INN, in the township of Barton-le-Willows, and parish of Crambe; $7\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Malton, $10\frac{1}{4}$ from York, 14 from Easingwold.

SPITAL-HOUSE, in the township and parish of Bowes; $7\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Brough, (*Westm.*) $9\frac{1}{2}$ from Barnardcastle, (*Dur.*) $11\frac{1}{2}$ from Greta-bridge.

This house stands on the Roman military way, behind which Steinmore rises; the hills, and all around, form a scene of barrenness and deformity. Here is a Roman camp, 300 yards square, with an intrenchment, supposed to have been occupied by the 6th Legion, whose station was at York. Two gates on the north side are entire. The turnpike road leading from Bowes to Brough, was the Roman road. Key-cross stands within the camp by the edge of the road, and seems to have been a Roman mile-stone, having a square tumulus fronting it on the opposite side of the way.—*Gen. Roy's Military Antiquities.*

Ralph de Multon founded here, before the year 1171, an hospital, called Rere-Cross Hospital, which was given to the Nunnery of Marrick, and continued parcel of their possessions till the dissolution.—*Burton.*

It was granted 7th Edward VI. to William Buckton and Roger Marshall.—*Mon. Anglia.—Gale's Appen.*

For a great number of years there was but one solitary Inn, Spital-house, to cheer the lonely traveller over the Steinmore's Wintry Waste, but within these last 20 years another Inn has sprung up.

SPITAL-HOUSE. NEW, in the township and parish of Bowes; $8\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Brough, (*Westm.*) 10 from Greta-bridge.

SPRING-END, 2 *h.* in the township of Muker, and parish of Grinton; 6 miles from Reeth and Askrigg.

SPRING-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Raskelf; 2 miles from Easingwold.

SPROXTON, in the parish of Helmsley, wapentake of Rydale; 1 mile from Helmsley, 7 from Kirbymoorside, 16 from Malton.—Pop. 167.

SPROXTON-COTE, *f. h.* in the township of Sproxton, and parish of Helmsley; 2 miles from Helmsley.

STADDELE-BRIDGE HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of East-Harley; 7 miles from Northallerton, 9 from Stokesley.

STAINSACRE, in the township of Hawsker-with-Stainsacre, and parish of Whitby, wapentake of Whitby-Strand; (*the seat of Jonathan Sanders*) 2 miles from Whitby, 19 from Scarborough.—Pop. included in Hawsker.

STAINSBY, 2 or 3 *f. h.* in the township and parish of Stainton; 3 miles from Stockton, (*Dur.*)

STAINTON, a parish-town, in the west-division of Langbarough; (*the residence of the Rev. John Gilpin*) 4 miles from Stokesley and Stockton, (*Dur.*) 5 from Yarm, 47 from York.—Pop. 356. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Peter, in the deanry of Cleveland, value, *5l.* 14*s.* 2*d.* Patron, the Archbishop of York.

STAINTON, *ham.* in the township of Ellerton-with-Stainton, and parish of Downholme, wapentake of Hang-West; 5 miles from Leyburn, 7 from Middleham and Richmond.—Pop. included in Ellerton.

STANTON-DALE, a township, in the parish of Scalby, wapentake of Pickering-Lythe; 8 miles from Scarborough, 13 from Whitby.—Pop. 294.

In this dale was an hospital for knights hospitallers of St. John Baptist of Jerusalem, founded in the reign of King Stephen. Part of the dale, if not the whole, was the gift of one Henry, the son of Ralph. The grant was confirmed by the charter of Richard I. It was dissolved in 1540, and surrendered in 1541. The site of the chantry, where carved stones were lately found, is called *Old Chapel*; and the adjoining farm house, where the hospital has stood, is called *Old Hall*.—*Young's Whitby*.

STANTON-GRANGE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Stainton; 4 miles from Stokesley.

STAITHES, in the township and parish of Hinderwell, east-division of Langbarugh; 10 miles from Redcar, 11 from Whitby, 13 from Guisbrough.

Staithes is a considerable fishing town, surrounded on all sides, except an opening to the sea, with immense hills and cliffs. In high tides, when accompanied with strong northerly winds, the sea set so furiously in here, as to threaten destruction to the lower part of the town; and it has, within a few years, swept away several houses. Fishing is the chief support of a great part of the inhabitants, for which purpose about fourteen five-men boats and fifty cibles are employed, and during the summer months, 150 tons of cod and ling are dried here every year; and in the herring season fifteen five-men boats are fitted out at this place for Yarmouth.

STAKESBY, HIGH, in the township of Ruswarp, and parish of Whitby; (*the seat of John Blackburn, Esq.*) 1 mile from Whitby.

In the same township and parish is

STAKESBY, LOW, (*the seat of Abel Chapman, Esq.*) $\frac{1}{2}$ a mile from Whitby.

STALLING, or **STALLION-BUSK**, *ham.* in the township of Bainbridge, and parish of Aysgarth, wapentake of Hang-West; 4 miles from Hawes, 5 from Askrigg, 18 from Middleham. The Church is a perpetual curacy, value, p. r. 94*l.* Patron, the Vicar of Aysgarth.

STAMFORD-BRIDGE, in the parish of Gate-Helmstey, wapentake of Bulmer.—*See East-Riding for further account.*

STANDARD-HILL, *f. h.* in the township of Brompton, and parish of Northallerton; 3 miles from Northallerton.

Here was fought in 1138, a bloody battle between the Scots, under the command of their king, David, and the English, commanded by Thurstan, Archbishop of York, (who, however, was left sick at Thirsk,) and many powerful northern barons. This has since been called the battle of the standard, from a long pole being erected upon a carriage, having on the top of it a silver crucifix, under which was suspended the banners of St. Peter, and St. Wilfred of Ripon, and above all, in a silver box was the consecrated wafer.—*R. HAGEL, J. HAGEL, X. SCRIPTORS.*

STANGHOW, in the parish of Skelton, east-division of Langbaragh; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Guisbrough, $12\frac{1}{2}$ from Stokesley, 17 from Whitby.—Pop. included in Great-Mearsome.

STANK-HALL, *f. h.* in the township of Winton, and parish of Sigston; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Northallerton.

This was anciently the seat of the Lacelles, ancestors of the present Earl of Harewood. Francis Lacelles died seized of Stank Hall, in 1624. His eldest son William resided here in 1612, and died in his father's life time.

STANWICK, ST. JOHN, a parish and township, in the wapentake of Gilling-West; (*the seat of Lord Prudhoe*) 8 miles from Richmond, 9 from Darlington, (*Dur.*) 48 from York.—Pop. 59. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. John, in the deanry of Richmond, diocese of Chester, value, 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* p. r. *108*l.* 11*s.* 4*d.* Patron, John Wharton, Esq.

There is a singularity attending this church, of which it would be difficult to find a similar instance in England; viz. there is neither glebe nor parsonage, nor site to build one on, even the freehold and right of herbage of the churchyard belongs to Lord Prudhoe, in right of his Kirkbridge estate; and the inhabitants of Stanwick have merely the right of burial. At Stanwick are the remains of some very extensive intrenchments called the *Jack Dike Arches*, the ramparts of which, in the field adjoining the church, cannot be less than five feet high. At no great distance from the parish church, is Stanwick Hall, for many generations the residence of the Smithsons, now of Lord Prudhoe; Sir Hugh Smithson, the last of that name, having married the heiress of the house of Northumberland, by which marriage this estate came into that family.

STAPLETON, in the parishes of St. John Stanwick and Croft, wapentake of Gilling-East: 2½ miles from Darlington, (*Dur.*) 11 from Richmond.—Pop. 113.

STAPE, 2 *f. h.* in the township of Pickering, and parish of Middleton; 8 miles from Pickering.

STARTFORTH, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Gilling-West; (*the seat of T. H. Hill, Esq.*) 1 mile from Barnardcastle, (*Dur.*) 3 from Gretnabridge, 15 from Richmond, 56 from York.—Pop. 460. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to the Holy Trinity, in the deanry of Richmond, diocese of Chester, value, ±1*l.* 0*s.* 10*d.* p. r. *128*l.* 19*s.* 8*d.* Patron, Sir John Ramsden, Bart.

STEARSBY, in the parish of Bransdby, wapentake of Bulmer; 6 miles from Easingwold, 13 from Malton.—Pop. included in Bransdby.

STEPNEY, in the township of Ruswarp, and parish of Whitby; ¾ of a mile from Whitby.

STILLINGTON, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Bulmer, liberty of St. Peter; (*the seat of William Croft, Esq. and Stillington-Hall, the seat of Harry Croft, Esq.*) 4 miles from Easingwold, 10 from York, 12 from Malton.—Pop. 698. The Church, peculiar, is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Nicholas, in the deanry of Bulmer, value, ±1*l.* 15*s.* 5*d.* Patron, the Prebendary of Stillington.

STETTENHAM, in the parish of Sheriff-Hutton, wapentake of Bulmer; 9 miles from Malton and Easingwold, 12 from York.—Population 81.

The knightly family of Gower had anciently a seat here. Sir Allen Gower was sheriff for this county at the conquest, and from whom the present Marquis of Stafford, Earl Gower, Viscount Trentham, Baron Gower of Stettenham, is lineally descended. The present Baron Gower was created a Marquis in 1786. The family of the Gowers has produced many persons of eminence, amongst whom, was the celebrated Sir John Gower, the poet, and cotemporary with Chaucer.

STOCKTON-ON-THE-FOREST, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Bulmer, a part in the liberty of St. Peter; 4 miles from York, 11 from Easingwold, 14 from Malton.—Pop. 357. The Church,

peculiar, is a perpetual curacy, in the deanry of Balmer, value, p. r. +140*l.* Patron, the Prebendary of Dagthorpe.

STOKESLEY, a market and parish-town, in the west-division of Langbarough; (*the seat of the very Rev. the Dean of York, and the Rev. Henry Hilyard.*) 8 miles from Guisbrough, 9 from Tontine-Inn and Yarm, 10 from Stockton, (*Dur.*) 16 from Northallerton and Helmsley, 20 from Thirsk, 43 from York, 242 from London.—*Market*, Saturday.—*Fairs*, Palm-sun-eve, Trinity Saturday, for horses, horned cattle, sheep, linen cloth, &c. first Saturday after Old Lamas-Day, for linen cloth. *Principal Inn*, Black Swan.—*Pop.* 1897. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Peter, in the deanry of Cleveland, value, 30*l.* 6*s.* 10½*d.* Patron, the Archbishop of York.

Stokesley is a small and handsome town, but like Thirsk and Northallerton, the market place is disgraced in the centre, with old and wretched buildings.—**HUTTON.**

STONEGILL-GATE, in the township of Glasedale, and parish of Danby; 8 miles from Whitby. A few scattered houses.

STONEGRAVE, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Rydale; 5 miles from Helmsley, 7½ from Kirbymoorside, 10½ from Malton, 18 from York.—*Pop.* 177. The Church is a rectory, in the deanry of Rydale, value, 23*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* Patron, the King.

In this church are three inscriptions, illustrative of the descendant of that learned divine Thomas Comber, D. D. dean of Durham, whose son Thomas, resided at East Newton, in this parish.—*The particulars may be met with in Nichols' Lit. Anecdotes.*

STONESDALE, EAST, *f. h.* in the township of Muker, and parish of Grinton; 13½ miles from Reeth.

STONESDALE, WEST, *ham.* in the township of Muker, and parish of Grinton; 12 miles from Askrigg, 13 from Reeth.

STONEY-CLOSE-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township of Thirn, and parish of Thornton-Watlas; 3 miles from Masham, 4 from Bedale.

STONEYKELD, *s. h.* in the township and parish of Bowes; 5½ miles from Barnardcastle, (*Dur.*) 6 from Greta-bridge.

STORTHWAITE, 3 *cots.* in the township and parish of Egton; 8 miles from Whitby.

STORTHWAITE-HALL, *ham.* in the township of Reeth, and parish of Grinton, wapentake of Gilling-West; 2 miles from Reeth.

STOUPE-BROW, *ham.* in the township and parish of Fylingdale, 8 miles from Whitby, 12 from Scarborough.

STOUP-BROW-COTTAGE, (*the seat of Sunderland Cook, Esq.*) similarly situated.

STREET-HOUSES, 3 *f. h.* in the township and parish of Loftus; 9 miles from Guisbrough.

STREET-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township of Ainderby-Myers, and parish of Hornby; 3½ miles from Catterick.

STRENSALL, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Bulmer, liberty of St. Peter; 6 miles from York, 9 from Easingwold, 13 from Malton.—*Pop.* 378. The Church, peculiar, is a vicarage dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Bulmer, value, 4*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* Patron, the Prebendary of Strensall.

STUDDOW, *f. h.* in the township of Burton-Constable, and parish of Fingall; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Leyburn.

STURDY-WOOD, *f. h.* in the township of Whaston, and parish of Kirkby-Ravensworth.

SUETT-CARR, *a few f. h.* in the township and parish of Sutton-on-the-Forest; 6 miles from York, 8 from Easingwold.

SUFFIELD, in the township of Suffield-with-Everley, and parish of Hackness, wapentake of Whitby-Strand; 4 miles from Scarborough, 18 from Whitby.—Pop. including Everley, 97.

SUMMER-LODGE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Grinton; $\frac{1}{2}$ a mile from Reeth.

SUNLEY-HILL, *f. h.* in the township of Welburn, and parish of Kirkdale; 3 miles from Kirbymoorside, 6 from Helmsley.

SUTTON, in the parish of Kirklington, wapentake of Hallikeld; $5\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Ripon, 8 from Bedale, Thirsk, and Masham.—Pop. including Howgrave, 122.

SUTTON-ON-THE-FOREST, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Bulmer; (*the seat of Lady Harland.*) 6 miles from Easingwold, $8\frac{1}{2}$ from York, 15 from Malton.—Pop. 443. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Bulmer, value, 17*l.* 3*s.* 4*d.* Patron, the Archbishop of York.

SUTTON-UNDER-WHITESTONECLIFF, in the parish of Feliskirk, wapentake of Birdforth, liberty of Ripon; (*the seat of Capt. Thrush, R. N.*) $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Thirsk, $10\frac{1}{2}$ from Helmsley, $11\frac{1}{2}$ from Ripon.—Pop. 325.

This place appears to have become part of the Sec of York in 1542, when the manors of Beverley, Southwell, &c. were exchanged with the crown for the dissolved priory of Marton-cum-Membris, Kilburn, Sutton, &c.—**DRAMA.**

SUTTON-PEN, 3 *f. h.* in the township of Healey-with-Sutton, and parish of Masham, wapentake of Hang-East; 3 miles from Masham.

SWAINBY, in the township and parish of Whorlton, west-division of Langbarough; 6 miles from Stokesley, 10 from Northallerton and Yarm.

SWAINBY, a township, in the parish of Pickhill, wapentake of Hallikeld; $6\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Bedale, 8 from Northallerton, $10\frac{1}{2}$ from Ripon.—Pop. including Allerthorpe, 33.

Here Helwise, daughter of Ranulph de Glanville, founded, in the reign of Henry II. a religious house for canons of the Premonstatentian order; but she marrying Ralph de Ranulph, Lord of Middleham, it was removed in 1215, to Coverham, near his manor house of Middleham; he died in 1251, and was buried at Coverham.—**DUGDALE.**—**BURTON.** Not a vestige of the building is now to be met with, though the unevenness of the ground points out very clearly its site.

SWALE-HALL, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Grinton; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Reeth.

Here was formerly a seat, for many generations, of the family of Swale; the last of whom was Sir Solomon Swale, Bart. who died 1733. Sir Solomon Swale was created a baronet by Charles II. In 1660, and the year following, he sat in parliament for Aldborough, but was expelled as a popish recusant convict.

SWALE-FIELD, *f. h.* in the township of Morton-upon-Swale, and parish of Ainderby-Steeple; 4 miles from Northallerton and Bedale.

SWINESIDE, *ham.* in the township of Carlton-high-dale, and parish of Coverham; 6 miles from Middleham, $7\frac{1}{2}$ from Leyburn.

SWINETHWAITE, or **SWYINGTHWAITE**, *ham.* in the township and parish of West-Witton, wapentake of Hang-West; (*the seat of Wm. John Anderson, Esq.*) 5 miles from Leyburn, 6 from Middleham.

SWINTON, in the parish of Masham, wapentake of Hang-East; (*the seat of Wm. Danby, Esq.*) 1 mile from Masham, 10 from Ripon.—Pop. 177.

The house at Swinton, which boasts a fine collection of pictures, both by ancient and modern masters, an excellent assortment of ores, minerals, &c. properly classified, has attached to it a beautiful park and pleasure grounds, inferior to none in this part of the country.

With much trouble and expence the worthy proprietor has brought from a distance of several miles, a small stream through his gardens and park, which in some places breaks into very fine lakes; in others, contracts into the size of a little rill, which winds through the woods in a most pleasing manner; here falling into cascades, it enlivens the whole scene; then withdraws from the eye, and hides itself in the dark bosom of tufted groves. The rosy bower, and regular garden adjoining the house, will afford to many visitors the greatest treat, but to those who are fond of the picturesque and romantic Quarry Gill, will be found to possess the most striking beauties, particularly when it is full of water. These grounds are open for public accommodation. Mr Danby has recently made considerable additions to his collection of paintings. The house is undergoing some material alterations, and a gallery is to be erected purposely for the pictures.

SWINTON, in the parish of Appleton-le-Street, wapentake of Rydale; $2\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Malton, $11\frac{1}{4}$ from Kirbymoorside.—Pop. 334.

Here is a Chapel of Ease to Appleton-le-Street.

SYKE-BRIDGE and **HOUSES**, in the township of Newsham-cum-Brackenbrough, and parish of Kirby-Wiske; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Thirsk. A few cottages.

SYLPHO, a township. in the parish of Whitby, wapentake of Whitby-Strand; 5 miles from Scarborough, 16 from Whitby.—Pop. 96. A few scattered farms.

T

TAMETON, *3 f. h.* in the township and parish of Stokesley, west-division of Langbarugh; 3 miles from Stokesley.

TANFIELD, EAST, a township, in the parish of Kirklington, wapentake of Hallikeld; 6 miles from Ripon, 7 from Bedale.—Pop. 32.

TANFIELD, WEST, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Hallikeld; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Masham, $6\frac{1}{2}$ from Ripon and Bedale, $29\frac{1}{2}$ from York.—Pop. 709. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Nicholas, in the deanry of Catterick, diocese of Chester, value, 13*l.* 0*s.* 5*d.* Patron, the Marquis of Ailesbury.

In this church are many curious monuments of its ancient lords; and adjoining to which is the chantry called Maud Marion, founded in the reign of Henry III. in which were a master, warden, and two brothers, who were to pray for the souls of John, lord Marmion, his wife, and their son; and for the health of Avice Grey, lord Marmion, her son and heir, and his wife Elizabeth, and for the souls of their progenitors and successors.

At this place on the banks of the river, are the remains of Tanfield Castle, but by whom built does not appear to be known. At a very early period, this castle and manor, together with the neighbouring estates of large extent, were the property of the family of Fitzhugh, by an heiress of which, (Amice, daughter of Jernegan Fitzhugh) they were carried by marriage, early in the 13th century to Robert, Lord Marmion, (he giving to the king 350 marks and 5 palfreys, for leave to marry the said Amice,) whose grandson John, obtained from Edward I. a license to convert his house, called the *Hermitage*, in Tanfield wood, into a castle. Robert Marmion, the son of that John, and last of his line, gave the castle and manor to his sister Avice, on her marriage with Sir John Grey, of Rotherfield, on condition that their issue should assume the surname of Marmion. Robert, their son, left an only daughter, Elizabeth, who marrying Henry, Lord Fitzhugh of Ravensworth, carried them once more into that family, from which they passed, in the 4th of Henry VIII. by the marriage of an heiress, into that of the Pares. By the attainder of William Parr, Marquis of Northampton, they escheated to the crown, where they remained until the reign of James I. who granted them, with other estates, to his favourite, Edward, Lord Bruce of Kinross, in right of descent, from whom they are now enjoyed, by Charles Bruce Brudenell, Marquis of Ailesbury, who had a mansion in the parish, called *Tanfield-Hall*, but which was pulled down in the year 1816.

Little now remains of Tanfield-Castle, except a lofty gateway, (a faithful drawing of which is given in Grose's Antiquities) divided only by a road, which runs through the village. Of the time of its demolition, little or nothing is known. Grose informs us, that tradition says, "when Tanfield-Castle was destroyed, the materials were purchased by several of the neighbouring gentry, and that the Earl of Exeter's house at Snape, and the seat of Wandisfords at Kirklington, were built with them." On a part of the site a new parsonage house has been erected, by the Rev. William Baines, the present rector.

TELPIT, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Marske; 7 miles from Richmond.

TEMPLE, *f. h.* in the township of South-Cowton, and parish of Gilling; 8 miles from Northallerton, 9 from Richmond.

TEMPLE-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of West-Witton; 6 miles from Leyburn, 7 from Middleham.

TERRINGTON, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Bulmer: 8 miles from Malton and Easingwold, 14 from York.—Pop. including Wigginthorpe, 617. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Bulmer, value, 23*l.* 18*s.* 6½*d.* Patron, the Rev. Robert Darley Waddilove, D. D.

THACKBER-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township of Borrowby, and parish of Lythe; 10 miles from Whitby.

THEAKSTONE, in the parish of Burneston, wapentake of Hallikeld; (*the seat of Edward Carter, Esq.*) 3 miles from Bedale, 8 from Masham, 10 from Ripon.—Pop. 87.

THEAKSTONE-GRANGE, *f. h.* in the township of Theakstone, and parish of Burneston: 3½ miles from Bedale.

THIMBLEBY, in the parish of Osmotherley, wapentake of Allertonshire; 6 miles from Northallerton, 9 from Thirsk, 11 from Stokesley.—Pop. 200. About ½ a mile above is

THIMBLEBY-LODGE, (*the seat of Richard William Christopher Peirse, Esq.*)

THIRKLEBY, HIGH, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Birdforth; (*Thirkleby-Hall, the seat of Sir Thomas Frankland, Bart.*) 4 miles from Thirsk, 7 from Easingwold, 20 from York.—Pop. including Low-Thirkleby, 293, which together, form the town-

ship of Thirklebys-Ambo. The Church, (rebuilt by the late Sir Thomas Frankland, in 1722) is a vicarage, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Bulmer, value, $\text{£}6\text{l. p. r. } *14\text{sl. } 8\text{s. } 3\text{d.}$ Patron, the Archbishop of York.

The family of the Franklands is of great antiquity, and probably came over with the conqueror. Their first settlement appears to have been at *Ickeringill*, in the parish of Skipton. In the early part of the year 1600, we find William Frankland, Esq. settled at Thirkleby. He was the first of the family that was advanced to the dignity of a baronet, in the year 1660. He married Arabella, daughter of Henry Belasyse, Esq. and grand-daughter of Thomas, Viscount Fauconberg. The present Baronet, the 6th, is lineally descended from Oliver Cromwell. He was brought up at Merton College, Oxford, and was High Sheriff of this county in 1792. He married Dorothy, daughter of Sir William Smelt, by whom he had Henry, Robert, (Member of Parliament for Thirsk,) Sarah, Amelia, and Mariane.

THIRKLEBY, LOW, in the parish of High-Thirkleby.

THIRLBY, in the parish of Feliskirk, wapentake of Birdforth; $5\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Thirsk, 10 from Helmsley.—Pop. 167.

THIRN, in the parish of Thornton-Watlas, wapentake of Hang-East; 3 miles from Masham, $4\frac{1}{2}$ from Bedale, 7 from Middleham.—Pop. 126.

THIRSK, a market and parish-town, in the wapentake of Birdforth; 9 miles from Northallerton, 10 from Easingwold, 11 from Borough-bridge & Ripon, 12 from Tontine Inn, 14 from Masham, Bedale, & Helmsley, 20 from Stokesley and Yarm, 23 from York, 222 from London.—*Market*, Monday.—*Fairs*, Sbrove-Monday, April 4 and 5, for horned cattle, sheep, leather, &c. Easter-Monday and Whit-Monday, for woollen cloth, toys, &c. August 4 and 5, Oct. 28 and 29, for sheep, horned cattle, and leather; first Tuesday after Dec. 11, for horned cattle, leather, &c.—*Principal Inns*, Three-Tuns and Fleece.—Pop. 2,533. The Church, a handsome gothic edifice, is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Bulmer, value, $\text{p. r. } \text{†}98\text{l.}$ Patron, the Archbishop of York—It is generally supposed to have been built out of the ruins of the castle here, built by Roger de Mowbray.

Thirsk is a borough by prescription, and sent members to parliament, 23rd Edward I. but made no other return till the last parliament of Edward VI. The last contest, (there being only an account of two on record) was in 1672. The right of election is vested in the Burgage-holders of old Thirsk—number of votes, 50—49 of which are in the hands of Sir Thomas Frankland, Bart. who returns both Members.—The returning officer is the Bailiff. The election took place on St. James's Green, till 1818.

Thirsk, which probably derives its name from the British words *Thir*, a town, and *Isk*, a river or brook, is situated upon a small brook called *Cod-beck*, or rather *Cot-beck*, from the British word *Cotta*, signifying *woody*, which separates the old from the new town. That part called the new town, stands near the site of an old castle, which formerly belonged to the powerful family of the Mowbrays. The moat and ramparts are still to be seen, at the west side of the town, but no vestige of the building remains. It was here that Roger de Mowbray began his rebellion against Henry II. and confederated with the King of Scotland, against his own sovereign; the revolt however was suppressed, and this castle, with many others, was demolished.

In old Thirsk was an ancient chantry, dedicated to St. James, and founded by William de Mowbray, in the reign of Henry I. but no appearance of its site is visible.

THOLTHORPE, in the parish of Alne, wapentake of Bulmer, liberty of St. Peter; 5 miles from Easingwold and Borough-bridge, 13 from York.—Pop. 238.

THORALBY, in the parish of Aysgarth, wapentake of Hang-West; 4½ miles from Askrigg, 7½ from Leyburn, 9 from Middleham.—Pop. 342.

THORALDBY, *f. h.* in the township of Skutterskelle, and parish of Stokesley; 2 miles from Stokesley.

THORESBY, in the township of Carperby, and parish of Aysgarth, wapentake of Hang-West; 5½ miles from Leyburn, 6 from Middleham, 11½ from Richmond.

Here was formerly a seat of the ancient family of Thoresby, and where it is said John Thoresby, Archbishop of York, was born; he was grandson to Sir Hugh Thoresby of Thoresby, Knight, by Isabel, daughter of Sir Thomas le Grose of Suffolk, Knight. John Thoresby received his education chiefly at Oxford. He was made keeper of the great seal, by Edward III. in 1347, in which year he was created Bishop of St. Davids. From thence he was translated to Worcester, and in 1352 was elected to York. He died at Bishopthorpe, in 1373. It was in this Archbishop's time that the nice distinction was invented, of *Primate of England* and *all England*, between the sees of Canterbury and York.—*Drake's Elbor.*

THORMANBY, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Bulmer; 4 miles from Easingwold, 6 from Thirsk, 17 from York.—Pop. 118. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Bulmer, value, \pm 8*l.* 2*s.* 11*d.* Patrons, Lord Viscount Downe and Sir George Cayley, Bart. alternately.

THORNABY, in the parish of Stainton, west-division of Lang-barough; 2 miles from Stockton, (*Dur.*) 4 from Yarm, 7½ from Stokesley, 12 from Guisbrough.—Pop. 197. The Chapel here is a perpetual curacy under Stainton.

THORNBROUGH, in the township and parish of West-Tanfield, wapentake of Hallikeld; 6 miles from Masham and Ripon, 7 from Bedale.

At Thornborough, upon Thornborough Moor, (now enclosed) are three of those circular enclosures, which are attributed to the *Danes* and called *camps*. They lie in a line passing from north-west to south-east, about nine hundred yards distant from each other. The first thing observable is the outermost ring, which consists of a very small ditch; about twenty-four paces from that is a mound of earth, not less than twelve or fourteen feet high, covered with sod, and sloping both outwardly and inwardly. At the foot of this, a terrace, fourteen paces broad, surrounds a very deep ditch, at least sixteen paces broad at top; this encloses a circular area, smooth and even as could be formed, about one hundred and thirty-two yards in diameter. To this are two entrances exactly in the middle, and opposite to each other. These are cut through the dyke, and fill the ditch in that part to the level of the area. One of these circles is very entire, the other has been injured by the plough; the third, mentioned by Pennant, is now only to be discovered from the unevenness of the field in which it has been situated. The perfect one must have been that which Pennant has so accurately described as above, and which was some years ago planted upon by the Earl of Ailesbury, by way of preserving it. It is near Nosterfield. These rings, Pennant calls *Tilting Circles*, and were used for the purpose of tilting or fighting duels in, a custom very prevalent among the northern nations.—*See Pennant's Tour from Alston Moor to Harrogate.*

THORNBROUGH, *f. h.* in the township of Brough, and parish of Catterick; 1½ mile from Catterick.

Many Roman coins have at different times been found here; one of gold, with this inscription, "NERO IMP. CÆSAR," on the reverse, "JUPITER CUSTOS;" and bases of old pillars, and brass pots full of Roman coins, mostly copper, but some of silver, have likewise been discovered here.—CAMDEN.

THORNBROUGH, 3 *f. h.* a township, in the parish of South-Kilvington; 3 miles from Thirsk, 8 from Northallerton.—Pop. 27.

THORNEY-BROW, *ham.* in the township and parish of Fylingdale; 8 miles from Whitby, 12 from Scarborough.

THORN-PARK, *s. h.* in the township of East-Ayton, and parish of Seamer; 5 miles from Scarborough.

THORNS, *ham.* in the township of Muker, and parish of Grinton; 7 miles from Askrigg, 12 from Reeth.

THORNTON, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Pickering-Lythe; (*the seat of Richard Hill, Esq.*) 2½ miles from Pickering, 9 from Malton, 16½ from Scarborough, 27 from York.—Pop. 879. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Rydale, value, 20*l.* Patron. Richard Hill, Esq.

Here is an hospital, founded by Lady Viscount Lumley, in 1657 for 12 poor people, generally widows, each having a neat house of two apartments, with 10*l.* or upwards, yearly. Lady Lumley also founded here at the same time, a Grammar-School, and endowed it with 30*l.* per annum, for a master "in holy orders" to teach in the school, and to read prayers in the *Chapel*. The amount of the endowment is now 60*l.* a year, consisting of 10 acres of land at Thornton, and a stipulated salary of 45*l.* together with a house, garden, and school-house.

THORNTON, *ham.* in the township and parish of Stainton; 4 miles from Stockton, (*Dur.*) 4½ from Yarm.

THORNTON-BRIDGE, a township, in the parish of Brasserton; wapentake of Hallikeld; 6 miles from Easingwold, 8 from Ripon.—Pop. 43.

Here stood, till lately, a very ancient mansion of brick, lofty and spacious, successively the residence of the ancient families of Courtney, Nevile, and Strickland, of whom Sir Thomas Strickland was one of the Privy Council to King James II. whose fortunes he followed into France, and died there.—*Hargrove*. It is now, with some extensive farms adjoining, in the hands of the crown.

About 6 or 7 years ago, a quantity of silver coins was found here, in removing an old wall, chiefly of the reign of William and Mary, in 5*s.* and 2*s.* 6*d.* pieces. Mr Paley, the present tenant, sent them to government—value upwards of 40*l.* as old silver.

Thornton-Bridge came to the Stricklands, by the marriage of Sir Walter Strickland, Knight, with Catharine, daughter of Sir Ralph Nevile, descended from a Sir Ralph, a son of Ralph Lord Raby." "The Stricklands forfeited Thornton-Bridge by being concerned in the rebellion of 1715."—*Tunstal's Remarks*.

THORNTON-LE-BEANS, in the parish of North-Otterington, wapentake of Allertonshire; 3½ miles from Northallerton, 5¾ from Thirsk.—Pop. 247.

THORNTON-LE-MOOR, in the parish of North-Otterington, wapentake of Birdforth; (*the seat of Thomas Beckett, Esq.*) 5 miles from Northallerton and Thirsk, 8½ from Bedale.—Pop. 294.

On the north side of this village are the remains of a chapel, built long before 1652, when the moor-lands were enclosed.

THORNTON-LE-STREET, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Allertonshire; 3 miles from Thirsk, 6 from Northallerton, 26 from York.—Pop. 131. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to

St. Leonard, in the deanry of Cleveland, value, $\pm 4l.$ p. r. 78*l*. Patrons, the Dean and Chapter of Christ's Church, Oxford.

Here the Rycknild street separated from the road leading to Catterick, and stretching in a direct line by Sowerby crossed the Tees at Sockburn.—*Cape.*

THORNTON, *f. h.* in the township of Thornton-with-Baxby, and parish of Coxwold, wapentake of Birdforth; 3 miles from Easingwold, 10 from Thirsk.—Pop. including Baxby, 70.

THORNTON-RISEBROUGH, in the parish of Normanby, wapentake of Rydale; 4 miles from Pickering, 5 from Kirbymoorside.—Pop. 32.

THORNTON-RUST, in the parish of Aysgarth, wapentake of Hang-West; 2 miles from Askrigg, 7 from Hawes, 11 from Middleham.—Pop. 135.

THORNTON-STEWARD, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Hang-West; 6 miles from Leyburn, 7 from Bedale, 36 from York.—Pop. 265. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Oswald, in the deanry of Catterick, diocese of Chester, value, $\pm 6l.$ 13*s.* 11½*d.* Patron, the Bishop of Chester.

In 1815, Mr. George Home, a native of this place, built a school house here, and endowed it with 10*l.* per annum, for ever.

THORNTON-ON-THE-CLAY, in the parish of Foston, wapentake of Bulmer; 8 miles from Malton, 11 from York, 12 from Easingwold.—Pop. 173.

THORNTON-WATLAS, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Hang-East; (*Thornton-Hall, the seat of Sir Edward Smith Dodsworth, Bart.*) 3 miles from Bedale, 3½ from Masham, 37 from York.—Pop. 180. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Catterick, diocese of Chester, value, 6*l.* 10*s.* 10*d.* Patron, Mark Milbank, Esq.

About half way up the church steeple, a door on the right opens into a room with stone floor, four spaces square, in which is a fire-place and other conveniences. For what purpose this room has been used, the records of the church are silent. Probably as a watch tower, it having small windows in the sides.

THORPE, in the township and parish of Fylingdale, wapentake of Whitby-Strand; 6 miles from Whitby, 15 from Scarborough.

THORPE, in the parish of Wycliffe, wapentake of Gilling-West; 2 miles from Greta-bridge, 4 from Barnardcastle, (*Dur.*) 9 from Reeth, 11 from Richmond.

THORPE-FIELD-HOUSES, 2 *f. h.* in the townships and parishes of Topeliffe and Thirsk; 1½ mile from Thirsk, 9½ from Borough-bridge and Ripon.

THORPE-PERROW, or **THORPE-HALL**, (*the seat of Mark Milbank, Esq.*) in the township of Snape, and parish of Well; 2 miles from Bedale, 5 from Masham.

THORPE-UNDER-STONE, in the parish of Catterick; 4 miles from Richmond, 8½ from Leyburn, 10½ from Middleham.

THRINTOFT, in the parish of Ainderby-Steeple, wapentake of Gilling-East; 3 miles from Northallerton, 5½ from Bedale, 14 from Richmond.—Pop. 165.

THROXENBY, or **THROSTENBY**, in the parish of Scalby; wapentake of Pickering-Lythe; 2 miles from Scarborough, 19 from Whitby.—Pop. 66.

THUNDERBUSH, *s. h.* in the township of Comondale, and parish of Kildale; 4 miles from Guisbrough.

THURLSOE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Hackness; 4½ miles from Scarborough.

THWAITE, *ham.* in the township of Muker, and parish of Grinton; 6 miles from Askrigg, 9 from Reeth.

THWAITE-BRIDGE, *f. h.* in the township of High-Abbotside, and parish of Aysgarth; 4 miles from Hawes.

THWAITE'S-HALL, *f. h.* in the township of Hunderthwaite, and parish of Romaldkirk; 6 miles from Barnardcastle, (*Dur.*)

TIERNG-GARTH, *f. h.* in the township of Lunedale, and parish of Romaldkirk; 10 miles from Barnardcastle, (*Dur.*)

TITHE-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Sinnington; 2½ miles from Kirbymoorside.

TOCKETTS, *see Plantation.*

TOLESBY, *ham.* in the township and parish of Marton, west-division of Langbarugh; (*Tolesby-Hall, the seat of the late Thomas Rudd, Esq.*) 6 miles from Stokesley and Yarm.

TOLLERTON, in the parish of Alne, wapentake of Bulmer, liberty of St. Peter; 4 miles from Easingwold, 7 from Boroughbridge, 10 from York.—*No Market.*—*Fair*, August 15, for horned cattle and sheep.—Pop. 481.

TONTINE-INN, in the township and parish of Arnccliffe, west-division of Langbarugh; 7 miles from Northallerton, 8 from Yarm, 9 from Stokesley, 12 from Thirsk.

The foundation of this Inn, which was designed on an extensive and elegant plan, was laid on the 13th day of July, 1804, for the purpose of establishing a daily post between Thirsk, Guisbrough, Yarm, &c. for the accommodation of the inhabitants of Cleveland, and which commenced on the 5th of September following, was raised by subscription in the nature of a *Tontine*, called the Cleveland Tontine-Inn.—*Graves' Cleveland.*

TOPCLIFFE, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Birdforth, a part in the liberty of St. Peter; 4 miles from Thirsk, 7 from Boroughbridge and Ripon, 12 from Northallerton, 24 from York.—*No Market.*—*Fairs*, July 17 and 18, for sheep, horses, horned cattle, &c.—Pop. 659. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Colomb, in the deanry of Bulmer, value, 19*l.* 19*s.* 2*d.* Patrons, the Dean and Chapter of York.

Topcliffe formerly denominated the Jordan of England, because, in the year 620, Agustin and Paul baptized in this river 10,000 men in one day, besides women and children. This took place somewhere between Topcliffe and Helperby. Leland calls Topcliffe "a pretty uplandish town." It is most remarkable for having been, in the olden time, the chief residence of the Percies, Earls of Northumberland. Their house was situated about half a mile south of the town, the ruins of which are yet visible, and called "Maiden-bower." The following events appear to have taken place in this house and at Topcliffe. In 948, the states of Northumberland assembled here and took the oath of allegiance to King Edred, the west Saxon. In 1489, Henry, the 4th Earl of Northumberland, then Lord Lieutenant of the county, was murdered in his mansion here, by the

populace, whose minds were inflamed, in consequence of a heavy tax being levied by the parliament. Thomas Percy, the succeeding Earl, in 1569, took up arms against Queen Elizabeth, and was nearly taken in this house; he was afterwards executed in 1572. In 1646, the Scotch army were quartered here and in the neighbourhood. Charles I. was a prisoner in this house, and a treaty was carried on for the sale of the King, between the Scots commissioners and a committee appointed by parliament, while he was kept a prisoner. It was agreed that the parliament should give 100,000*l.* which should be paid at Topcliffe and the King delivered up, which was performed; thus, it would seem, as if this was the only market in England for the sale of Kings.—HUTTON. The Church was granted in 1206, by one of the Percy family to the See of York.

Here is a free school well endowed, but by whom or when founded is not known. It is free for the parish, and the master's salary upwards of 80*l.* per annum.

TOWTHORPE, in the township of Huntington, and parishes of Strensall and Huntington, wapentake of Bulmer, a part in the liberty of St. Peter; 4 miles from York, 10 from Easingwold.—Pop. 58.

TRENHOLME, *ham.* in the township and parish of Whorlton; 8 miles from Stokesley, 10 from Yarm.

TRINIAN, *ST. s. h.* in the township and parish of Easby; 1 mile from Richmond, 4 from Catterick.

TROUTS-DALE, a township, in the parish of Brompton, wapentake of Pickering-Lythe; 8 miles from Scarborough, 10 from Pickering, 17 from Whitby.—Pop. 45.

TUNSTALL, in the parish of Catterick, wapentake of Hang-East; 2 miles from Catterick, 5 from Richmond, 7 from Bedale.—Pop. 253.

TUNSTALL, *ham.* in the township of Nunthorpe, and parish of Great-Ayton; 3 miles from Stokesley, 8 from Stockton, (*Dur.*)

TUPGILL, *s. h.* in the township of Coverham-with-Agglethorpe, and parish of Coverham; 2 miles from Middleham. Training Ground for Race Horses.

U

UCKERBY, in the parish of Catterick, wapentake of Gilling-East; 4½ miles from Catterick, 6 from Richmond.—Pop. 52.

UGGLEBARNBY, in the parish of Whitby, wapentake of Whitby-Strand; 3½ miles from Whitby, 17½ from Pickering, 18½ from Scarborough.—Pop. 428. The Church is a perpetual curacy; value, p. r. 48*l.* 2*s.* Patron, the Archbishop of York.

UGTHORPE, in the parish of Lythe, east-division of Langbarugh; 7 miles from Whitby, 13 from Guisbrough, 18 from Stokesley.—Pop. 275.

UGTHORPE-RAILS and **LODGE**, 2 *f. h.* in the township of Ugthorpe, and parish of Lythe; 8 miles from Whitby.

ULSHAW-GRANGE and **BRIDGE**, *ham.* in the township and parish of East-Witton-within, wapentake of Hang-West; 2 miles from Middleham, 3 from Leyburn.

UNION-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Pickhill; 7 miles from Ripon and Bedale, 8 from Masham.

UNTHANK, *f. h.* in the township of Holwick, and parish of Romaldkirk; 9 miles from Greta-bridge, 11 from Barnardecastle, (*Dur.*)

UPLEATHAM, a parish-town, in the east-division of Langbarugh; (*Upleatham-Hall, the seat of the Dowager Lady Dundas.*) 3 miles from Guisbrough, 6 from Redcar, 14 from Stockton, 18 from Whitby, 54 from York.—Pop. 239. The Church, which stands at a little distance from the village, is a perpetual curacy, in the deanry of Cleveland, value, p. r. 65*l.* Patron, the Archbishop of York.

It was anciently a chapel under Guisbrough, possessing parochial rights, till its augmentation by Queen Anne's bounty, when it became a perpetual curacy. Robert de Brus gave it to the priory there.

UPSALL, EAST and WEST, 2 *ham.* in the township and parish of Ormesby; 4 miles from Guisbrough, 6 from Stokesley.

UPSALL, and UPSALL-CASTLE, in the parish of South-Killington, wapentake of Birdforth; 4 miles from Thirsk, 8 from Northallerton.—Pop. 118.

The ancient family of Scropes had formerly a castle here; Sir Geoffrey le Scrope, Chief Justice of England in the reigns of Edward II. and Edward III. being Lord thereof. The last male branch of the Scropes who held this manor and castle, was the second Thomas, Lord Scrope, whose sister, Elizabeth, married Sir Ralph Fitzrandolph, and with her went the castle of Upsall.—*Archæol. vol. xvi.* What little remains here, have been converted into a farm house and out-offices. In 1814 some remains of a round tower at the north-west corner were to be seen. It is now the property of Mr. Peters, bequeathed to him by the late Dr. Turton.

UPSALL, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Kirklington; 7 miles from Ripon and Bedale, 8 from Masham.

UPTON, 2 *f. h.* in the township of Easington, and parish of Loftus, east-division of Langbarugh; 8½ miles from Guisbrough.

URE, or YOREHEAD, *the source of the river*, in the parish of Aysgarth; 10 miles from Hawes. See an account of its course under the head rivers and canals.

VIEWLY-HILL, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Thornton-le-street; 4 miles from Thirsk, 5¼ from Northallerton.

IV

WAITWITH, *s. h.* in the township of Hipswell, and parish of Catterick; 2 miles from Richmond.

WALBURN, *f. h.* in the township of Downholme-with-Walburn, and parish of Downholme; 3½ miles from Leyburn, 5½ from Middleham, 6 from Richmond.—Pop. included in Downholme.

WALDEN, in the township of Burton-with-Walden, and parish of Aysgarth, wapentake of Hang-West; 7 miles from Askrigg, 9 from Middleham, 11 from Leyburn.—Pop. included in Burton.

WALSGRAVE or FALSGRAVE.—*See Falsgrave.*

WARNFORD-COTTAGE, in the township of Thoraby, and parish of Aysgarth; 10 miles from Leyburn.

WANLASS, 2 *f. h.* in the township and parish of West-Witton; 3½ miles from Leyburn, 5 from Middleham.

WARDERMARSK, in the township of Swinton, and parish of Masham, wapentake of Hang-East, a part in the liberty of St. Peter; 2 miles from Masham, 4 from Bedale.

WARLABY, in the parish of Ainderby-Steeple, wapentake of Gilling-East; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Northallerton, $6\frac{1}{2}$ from Bedale.—Pop. 97.

WARREN HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township of Ellington, and parish of Masham; 3 miles from Masham.

WARTHILL, a parish town in the wapentake of Bulmer, a part in the liberty of St. Peter, (*the seat of Benjamin Agar, Esq.*) 5 miles from York, 12 from Easingwold, $14\frac{1}{2}$ from Malton.—Pop. 38. St. Peter, 115, total 153. The Church, peculiar, is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Bulmer, value $\pounds 3l. 1s. 8d.$ p. r. $\pounds 120l.$ Patron, the Prebendary of Warthill.

WASHFOLD, *f. h.* in the township of Hurst, and parish of Marrick; 7 miles from Leyburn, 8 from Richmond.

WASS, in the township of Byland-Membris, and parishes of Low-Kilbarn and Coxwold; 6 miles from Helmsley, 10 from Thirsk.

WATH, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Hallikeld; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Ripon, 8 from Thirsk and Boroughbridge, 9 from Masham, 25 from York.—Pop. 186. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Catterick, diocese of Chester, value $17l. 17s. 1d.$ Patron, the Marquis of Ailesbury.

Here is a school founded in 1690, by Peter Samwaise, who endowed it with lands at Bellerby, value 70*l.* per annum. Five pounds per annum is also paid to the master by Trinity College, Cambridge, out of an estate at Middleton-Quernhow; this college also pays a donation of 10*l.* per annum. Here is also an alms house, built 1698, and endowed by the above Peter Samwaise, containing rooms for two poor persons, who receive 2*l.* 14*s.* per annum, the interest of 60*l.*

WATH, a township, in the parish of Hovingham, wapentake of Rydale; 8 miles from Malton and Helmsley, $8\frac{1}{2}$ from Kirbymoorside.—Pop. 22.

WATLAS, *see Thornton-Watlas.*

WAUPLEY, in the township and parish of Loftus; east-division of Langbargh; $10\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Guisbrough, 12 from Whitby.

WAUPLEY NEW-INN, in the township and parish of Loftus; $9\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Guisbrough, $11\frac{1}{2}$ from Whitby.

WAYWORTH, *f. h.* in the township of Commondale, and parish of Kildale; 5 miles from Guisbrough, 8 from Stokesley.

WELBURN, in the parish and wapentake of Bulmer; $5\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Malton, 14 from Easingwold and York.—Pop. 352.

WELBURN, in the parish of Kirkdale, wapentake of Rydale; (*Welburn-Hall, the seat of the late Rev. John Robinson*) $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Kirbymoorside, $4\frac{3}{4}$ from Helmsley.—Pop. 112.

WELBURY, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Birdforth; 7 miles from Northallerton, 9 from Yarm, 39 from York.—Pop. 257. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Leonard, in the deanry of Cleveland, value, $7l. 2s. 11d.$ Patron, the King.

WELDALE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Ebberston; 7 miles from Pickering, 11 from Scarborough, 13 from Malton.

WELL, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Hang-East; (*the seat of Richard Strangways, Esq.*) 3 miles from Masham, 4 from Bedale, 9 from Ripon, 31 from York.—Pop. 370. The Church

is a vicarage, dedicated to St. James, in the deanry of Catterick, diocese of Chester, value, $\pm 8l.$ 13s. 7d. p. r. 63l. 6s. Patron, the Master of Well Hospital, Charles Chaplin, Esq.

Ralph Nevile, Knight, Lord of Middleham, founded here, in 1342, an hospital, and established therein, one master, two priests, and twenty-four poor infirm people.—*DUGDALE.*

WENSLEY, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Hang-West; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Leyburn, 3 from Middleham, 46 from York.—Pop. 317. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to the Holy-Trinity, in the deanry of Catterick, diocese of Chester, value, 49l. 9s. 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. Patron, Lord Bolton.

King Richard II. licensed Richard le Scrope de Bolton, to erect the parish church here into a college, to consist of one master, and as many fellow chaplains and other ministers as he should think fit, and to endow it with 150l. per annum.—*DUGDALE.*

WESTENBY, in the township and parish of Egton.

WEST-FIELD, in the township of Mickleton, and parish of Romaldkirk; 8 miles from Barnardcastle, (*Dur.*)

WEST-LEES, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Whorlton; $5\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Stokesley.

WETRAIN, or **WHEATRIN**, *f. h.* in the township of Snape, and parish of Well; 2 miles from Bedale.

WESTERDALE, in the parish of Stokesley, east-division of Langbarugh; 10 miles from Guisbrough, 11 from Stokesley, 16 from Whitby.—Pop. 281. Here is a Chapel under Stokesley, with parochial rights, and served by a stipendiary curate.

WEST-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Kildale; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Guisbrough, $7\frac{1}{2}$ from Stokesley.

WHASHTON, in the parish of Kirkby-Ravensworth, wapentake of Gilling-West; 4 miles from Richmond, 8 from Greta-bridge, 12 from Barnardcastle. (*Dur.*)—Pop. 140.

WHASHTON-SPRING, *f. h.* in the township of Whashton, and parish of Kirkby-Ravensworth; 3 miles from Richmond.

WHAW, in the township and parish of Arkengarthdale, wapentake of Gilling-West; 5 miles from Reeth.

WHEAT-CROFT, *2 f. h.* in the township and parish of Scarborough; 1 mile from Scarborough.

WHENBY, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Bulmer; 7 miles from Easingwold, 12 from Malton, 13 from York.—Pop. 129. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Martin, in the deanry of Bulmer, value, $\pm 4l.$ 8s. 4d. p. r. $\pm 120l.$ Patron, William Garforth, Esq.

WHITBY, a market and parish-town, in the wapentake of Whitby-Strand; (*Whitby-Abbey*, the seat of *George Cholmley*, Esq.) within $\frac{1}{2}$ a mile of Whitby are the following seats; *Airy-Hill*, *Richard Moorsom*, Esq. *Meadow-Field*, *Henry Simpson*, Esq. *Field-House*, *Christopher Richardson*, Esq. 20 miles from Scarborough, 21 from Pickering and Guisbrough, 22 from Redcar, 28 from Stokesley, 48 from York, 246 from London.—*Market*, Saturday.—*Fairs*, August 25, (St. Hilda's-day) and Martinmas-day, for pedlary-ware, &c.—*Bankers*, Messrs. Simpson, Chapman, & Co. draw on

Messrs. Barclay, Tritton, & Co. 54, Lombard-Street; Messrs. J. & J. Sanders, draw on Messrs. Masterman, Peters, & Co. 2, White-hart Court, Lombard-Street; Messrs. Richardson, Holt, & Co. draw on Messrs. Curtis, Roberts, & Co. 15, Lombard-Street.—*Principal Inns*, Angel, Golden-Lion, and King's-Head.—*Pop.* 3,697. The Church, a specimen of the early Norman architecture, which intervened between the Saxon and Gothic, is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Cleveland, value, p. r. 50*l.* Patron, the Archbishop of York.

The opulent town of Whitby, anciently called *Strenshall*, or *Streanshallo*, owes its origin to a famous abbey, which was begun here in 657, for men and women of the Benedictine order, and endowed by Oswy, King of Northumberland, though the honour is generally given to St. Hilda, the first prioress, and dedicated to St. Peter.

This abbey flourished till 867, when a party of Danes landed at Dunsley-Bay, the *Duxus Sinus* of Ptolemy, plundered the country around; and amongst other depredations, entirely destroyed the monastery, which laid in ruins till after the conquest; when William the Conqueror gave a large tract of land in the county to Hugh, Earl of Chester, who granted all or most of it to William de Percy, who re-edified and restored the priory; in which state it remained till the reign of Henry I. when it was advanced to the dignity of an abbey for Benedictine monks.—*BEDE—GULIELM MALMS—BURTON.*

In the 26th of Henry VIII. the yearly revenues of this house were estimated at 437*l.* 2*s.* 9*d.* *Dugdale*, and 505*l.* 9*s.* 1*d.* *Speed*. The site was granted to John, Earl of Warwick, by whom, in 1551, it was sold to John York, and by him to Sir Richard Cholmley, Knight, ancestor of the present proprietor. The situation is on a high cliff, washed by the ocean, and the remains of this once magnificent abbey show it to have been, when complete, a large and magnificent structure.

The abbey appears, says *Grose*, “to have been built when the pointed arches were first introduced, and before the round ones were entirely left off.”

For an account of the legend of the murder of the Hermit of Eskedaleside, by some gentlemen hunting the wild boar, and the penance enjoined them.—*See History of Whitby.*

The ammonitæ, or snake stones, with many other petrifications have been found here; the most remarkable on record are, a complete skeleton of a man, found by Mr. Berwick, about the year 1743. In 1758, the petrified bones of a crocodile were taken out of the cliff, which were sent to the Royal Society.—*Vide Philos. Transactions*, volume 50, part 2. The petrified bones of a horse at the depth of 30 yards under ground, sent to the University of Aberdeen in 1762.—*Charlton's History of Whitby.*

Whitby, in 1540, according to Charlton's account, contained not more than 200 inhabitants; and during the reign of Queen Elizabeth, there does not appear to have been either ship or vessel belonging to this port, except fishing boats. In a commercial point of view, Whitby now exhibits much importance. In 1811, there were 211 ships belonging to this port, measuring 36,988 tons; and the whole number of vessels built here from 1800 to 1816, appears to have been 331. The success of its whale fishery, in which many large ships are employed, has been of immense benefit not only to the owners, but to the inhabitants at large. In 1753, only two vessels employed in this lucrative trade sailed from this port for Greenland. In some years since that time, from 20 to 25 ships have been fitted out for Greenland and Davis' Straits fisheries; and within the last 14 years, upwards of 1,440 whales have been obtained.—*For more minute account of this place, see Young's Hist. of Whitby.*

WHITBY-STRAND, a wapentake, is bounded on the east by the German-Ocean, on the south and west by Pickering-Lythe, and on the north by Langbarugh and the Sea.—The liberty and wapentake are co-extensive, of which George Cholmley, Esq. of Howsham, is Lord and Chief Bailiff. It contains only one market-town,

Whitby, which gives name to the wapentake, 13 townships, 4 of which are parishes, 2,674 inhabited houses, and 14,916 inhabitants. **WHITASIDE**, in the township and parish of Grinton; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Reeth, 7 from Leyburn. A few scattered houses.

WHITFIELD-GILL, which divides the townships of Low-Abbot-side and Askrigg, wapentake of Hang-West, remarkable for its beautiful Waterfall, called "*Whitfield-Force*."

WHITWELL, in the parish of Catterick, wapentake of Gilling-East; 5 miles from Catterick, 8 from Richmond, 9 from Northallerton.—Pop. 99.

WHITWELL, extraparochial, in the wapentake of Bulmer; (*Whitwell-House, the residence of the Rev. Danson Richardson Currer*) 6 miles from Malton, 12 from York.—Pop. 182.

The inhabitants generally attend Cranbe church, they also marry, bury, and baptize there. In the pleasure grounds near Whitwell house, is a Well of remarkably clear water, from which the town derives its name.

WHITCLIFFE-SCAR, in the township and parish of Richmond.

WHITE-THORN-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Salton.

WHITE-HOUSES, 2 *p. h.* in the township and parish of Easingwold; 1 mile from Easingwold.

WHORLTON, a parish-town, in the west-division of Langbarugh; 5 miles from Stokesley, 11 from Northallerton and Yarm, 37 from York.—Pop. 583. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to the Holy-Cross, in the deanry of Cleveland, value, *p. r.* 52*l.* 9*s.* Patron, the Marquis of Ailesbury.

Here are the ruins of a castle, which formerly belonged to the Barons Meinill; Leland says, "this was the principal house of the Lord Menell; which sence came to master Strangways in particion." Within the church, on the north side of the chancel, in an arch of the wall, is an ancient monument of Sir Nicholas de Meynill.—GRAVES. At what time this castle was rendered untenable is not know; in Camden's time it was old and ruinous. Nicholas de Meynill held the manor of Whorlton, &c. of the Archbishop of Canterbury, by serving the said Archbishop on the day of his consecration, with the cup out of which the Archbishop was to drink that day.—Blount. It appears to have come first into the family of Bruce, ancestors of the Marquis of Ailesbury, in the reign of Charles I.—GRAVES.

WIDDALÉ, or WIDDALÉ-FOOT. *f. h.* in the township of Hawes, and parish of Aysgarth; 2 miles from Hawes, 7 from Askrigg.

WIDDALÉ, (west-part) 2 *f. h.* in the township of Snainton, and parish of Brompton; 10 miles from Pickering and Scarborough.

WIGGINTHORPE, (*the seat of William Garforth, Esq.*) in the township of Terrington-with-Wigginthorpe, and parish of Terrington, wapentake of Bulmer; 8 miles from Easingwold, 9 from Malton, 15 from York.—Pop. included in Terrington.

WIGGINTON, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Bulmer, liberty of St. Peter; (*the residence of the Rev. William Dealtry*.) 4 miles from York, 9 from Easingwold, 18 from Malton.—Pop. 309. The Church, peculiar, is a rectory, in the deanry of Bulmer, value, 14*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* Patron, the King.

The ecclesiastical jurisdiction of this parish is in the peculiar of Alne and Tollerton; the commissary of which institutes to the living.

WILDEN-GRANGE, 3 *f. h.* a township in the parish of Coxwold, wapentake of Birdforth, liberty of Ripon: 7 miles from Thirsk and Easingwold, 8 from Helmsley. Pop. 29.

WILTON, in the parish of Ellerburn, wapentake of Pickering-Lythe; 4 miles from Pickering, 10 from Malton.—Pop. 203.

WILTON, a parish-town, in the east-division of Langbarough; (*Wilton-Castle, the seat of the Hon. John Lowther*) 4 miles from Guisbrough, 10½ from Stokesley and Stockton, (*Dur.*) 54 from York.—Pop. 405. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Cuthbert, in the deanry of Cleveland. Patron, the Hon. John Lowther.

The Church was anciently a chapelry within the parish of Kirkleatham, but the chapel seems not to have been dependant on that church. — GRAVES.

The castle here belonged formerly to the ancient family of the Bulmers, and in which it continued till Sir John Bulmer, Knight, the last possessor of that family, engaging in the northern insurrection, called the *Pilgrimage of Grace*, was attainted for high treason, when this and other estates were forfeited to the crown. Till within these few years, there were some remains of its former grandeur, but the tower being in a very ruinous state, it was taken down, and a new edifice, in the same style of building, erected on its site, by the present proprietor. Near the centre of the village, are the remains of St. Ellen's chapel, founded, according to *Torr*, by Sir William Bulmer, 23rd Henry VIII. for two priests to say mass for the souls of him and his wife, with stipends, one 4*l.* 10*s.* and the other 4*l.* per annum, to be paid by the churchwardens of Kirkleatham, out of lands for that purpose, and also for the support of four poor men and four poor women.—GRAVES.

WINTERINGS, 2 or 3 *f. h.* in the township of Melbecks, and parish of Grinton; 6 miles from Reeth, 8 from Askrigg.

WINTERLOW-HILL, *f. h.* in the township of Colburn, and parish of Catterick; 3 miles from Catterick and Richmond.

WINTON, in the parish of Sigston, wapentake of Allertonshire; 3 miles from Northallerton, 13 from Stokesley.—Pop. 138.

WISE-HILL, 2 *f. h.* in the township of Lunedale, and parish of Romaldkirk; 12 miles from Barnardcastle, (*Dur.*) 15 from Greta-bridge.

WITTON, EAST, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Hang-West; 2 miles from Middleham, 4 from Leyburn, 8 from Masham, 41 from York.—*No Market*.—*Fairs*, May 3, and November 20, (established in 1819) for horned cattle, sheep, and horses, November 23, for pedlary-ware. The Church, a handsome modern structure, built by the Earl of Ailesbury, in 1809, is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Ella, in the deanry of Catterick, diocese of Chester, value, 5*l.* 3*s.* 6½*d.* p. r. 111*l.* Patron, the Marquis of Ailesbury. East-Witton is divided into two townships, called East-Witton parish *within*, and East-Witton parish *without*; population of the former being 444, and the latter, 303.

WITTON, WEST, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Hang-West; 4 miles from Leyburn, 5 from Middleham, 12 from Richmond, 46 from York.—Pop. 519. The Church, peculiar, is a perpetual curacy, in the deanry of Catterick, diocese of Chester, value, p. r. 75*l.* Patron, Lord Bolton.

The Church of West-Witton was early bestowed on the house of Jerveaux, but never appropriated. In an ancient taxation of the archdeaconry of Rich-

mound, S. D. it is classed among the chapels, and subject only to the payment of i i s. for Peter pence. It was, however, dependant on no other church, and though now endowed as a perpetual curacy only, is strictly parochial.—
WHITAKER.

WOODEN-CROFT, (*an Academy*) in the township of Hunderthwaite, and parish of Romaldkirk; 6 miles from Barnardcastle, (*Dur.*) 9 from Greta-bridge.

WOODALE, or **WOOD-DALE**, *ham.* in the township of Carlton-high-dale, and parish of Coverham; 9½ miles from Middleham.

WOODALE-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township of Ugthorpe, and parish of Lythe; 9 miles from Whitby, 12 from Guisbrough.

WOOD-HALL, in the township of Askrigg, and parish of Aysgarth; (*the seat of Christopher Alderson, Esq.*) 1½ mile from Askrigg, 12½ from Middleham.

WOOD-END, (*the seat of Samuel Crompton, Esq.*) in the township and parish of Thornton-le-Street; 4 miles from Thirsk, 6 from Northallerton.

WOOD-END-LODGE, *f. h.* in the township of Bainbridge, and parish of Aysgarth; 3½ miles from Hawes.

WOODLANDS, (*the seat of Henry Walker Yeoman, Esq.*) in the township of Aislaby, and parish of Whitby; 4 miles from Whitby.

WOOL-KNOWLE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Hovingham; 8 miles from Helmsley and Kirbymoorside.

WOMBLETON, in the parish of Kirkdale, wapentake of Rydale, a part in the liberty of St. Peter; 2½ miles from Kirbymoorside, 4 from Helmsley, 14 from Malton.—Pop. 265; St. Peter, 22; total, 287.

WOMMERGILL-HALL, (*a Shooting-box of the Earl of Strathmore*) in the township of Lunedale, and parish of Romaldkirk; 14 miles from Barnardcastle, (*Dur.*) 17 from Greta-bridge.

WORSALL, HIGH, in the parish of Northallerton, wapentake of Allertonshire; 4 miles from Yarm, 12 from Northallerton.—Pop. 154. The Church is a perpetual curacy, value, p. r. +40*l.* Patron, the Vicar of Northallerton.

WORSALL, LOW, or **PEIRSEBURGH**, in the parish of Kirklevington, west-division of Langbarugh; 3 miles from Yarm, 13 from Northallerton.—Pop. 217.

Here was an ancient fishery on the river Tees, which was given by Gilbert Hansard to the abbey of Rivaux; this fishery with a cottage and parcel of ground adjoining, called *Butt Ings*, came afterwards into the possession of Major Norton, who sold the same 33rd Charles II. to George Marwood Esq.—**GRAVES.**

WORTON, *ham.* in the township of Bainbridge, and parish of Aysgarth; 1 mile from Askrigg, 5 from Hawes, 12 from Leyburn.

WRELTON, in the parish of Middleton, wapentake of Pickering-Lythe; 3 miles from Pickering, 5 from Kirbymoorside, 12 from Malton.—Pop. 193.

WYCLIFFE, a parish, in the township of Thorpe, wapentake of Gilling-West; (*Wycliffe-Hall, the seat of Mrs Constable, and the Rectory, the residence of the Rev. John Headlam*) 2½ miles from Greta-bridge, 5 from Barnardcastle, (*Dur.*) 10 from Richmond, 53 from York.—The Church is a rectory, in the deanry of Richmond,

diocese of Chester, value, 14*l.* 12*s.* 1*d.* Patron, Francis Constable, Esq.

Here was born in 1324, that celebrated English divine, John de Wycliffe or Wickliffe, the first champion of protestanism. He bravely withstood the encroachments of the Mendicant orders, at length attacked the tenets of the church of Rome, and had the good fortune to die in peace, in 1384, leaving his bones for his adversaries to wreak their revenge on, twenty-eight years after, by taking them up and burning them to ashes.—PENNANT.

Leland says, that "John Wicliffe, *hereticus*, was borne at Spreswell, a poore village a good myle from Richemont," probably Hipswell, as there is no such place now as Spreswell in the neighbourhood.

In the par-ouage house is a fine portrait of Wickliffe, by Sir Antonio More, given by Dr. Zouch, when rector of this parish, to his successors, the rectors of Wycliffe, who are requested to preserve it as an heir-loom to the rectory house.

WHITAKER.

On the 11th October, 1790, died at Wycliffe Hall, Marmaduke Tunstall, Esq. F. R. and A. S. S. In the privacy of an elegant retirement, he was a most munificent patron of learning, being ever ready to encourage and reward merit. His knowledge was uncommonly extensive. He corresponded with most of the learned men of his country, and with many foreigners of distinguished character in the republic of letters. Great as his literary abilities were, he possessed more valuable accomplishments; a sweet affability of disposition, an engaging urbanity of manners, an enlarged liberality of thought; he was all mildness and benevolence. His deeds of charity were many; he was literally the poor man's friend.

WYCOMB, 3 or 4 *h.* in the township and parish of Old-Malton, wapentake of Rydale; 2½ miles from New Malton.

WYKEHAM, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Pickering-Lythe; 7 miles from Scarborough, 11 from Pickering, 15 from Malton, 33 from York.—Pop. 582. The Church, a donative, is a rectory, (Bacon styles it a curacy, of the certified value of 20*l.*) dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Rydale. Patroness, the Hon. Mrs Langley.

About ½ a mile from Wykeham, and in the same township and parish is

WYKEHAM-ABBEY, (*the seat of the Hon. Mrs Langley*)

Here Pain Fitz-osbert de Wickham, about the year 1153, built and endowed a priory of Cistercian Nuns, to the honour of the Virgin Mary and St. Helen. At the dissolution there were in it nine religious. Valued at 25*l.* 17*s.* 6*d.* per annum.—DUGDALE—SPEED. Nothing remains of this venerable Gothic structure except part of its north-end wall and its chapel.—HINDERWELL.

Near to Wykeham is a fine large sheet of water, containing abundance of fish, over which is an iron bridge, erected by Richard Langley, Esq. in 1862.

WYKEHAM-GRANGE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Wykeham; 8 miles from Scarborough, 11 from Pickering.

Y

YAFFORTH, in the parish of Danby-Wiske, wapentake of Gillings East; 1½ mile from Northallerton, 15 from Richmond.—Pop. 149. Here is a Chapel of ease to Danby.

YARM, a market and parish-town, in the west-division of Langbarugh, (a small part in Allertonshire) (*the Friarage, the seat of Thomas Meynell, Esq.*) 4 miles from Stockton, (*Dur.*) 8 from Tontine-Inn, 9 from Stokesley, 10 from Darlington, (*Dur.*) 14 from

Guisbrough, 16 from Northallerton, 20 from Thirsk, 21 from Richmond, 43 from York, 242 from London.—*Market*, Thursday.—*Fairs*, Thursday before April 6; Holy-Thursday; August 2, October 19 and 20, for horned cattle, horses, sheep, and cheeses.—*Principal Inn*, George and Dragon.—Pop. 1,504. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Mary Magdalen, in the deanry of Cleveland, value, 38*l.* 3*s.* 6*d.* Patron, the Archbishop of York.

The Church is a neat modern structure, rebuilt in 1730; the east window, erected in 1796, is composed of stained glass, executed by the late Mr William Peckett of York; the principal figure in this beautiful window, is a full length representation of *Moses, delivering the Law from Mount-Sinai*.

Here was an hospital dedicated to Saint Nicholas, founded by one of the family of Brus, before the year 1185. It continued till the time of Henry VIII. when it was valued at 5*l.* per annum. Alan de Wilton was a benefactor to this hospital, and granted them lands at Hooton, (Hutton-juxta-Rudby,) and Mydleton, to hold at a yearly rent of two marks.—DUGDALE—TANNER.

Here was also a house of Black Friars, said to have been founded by Peter de Brus, who died in 1240. It was surrendered by Miles Wilcock, the Prior, in December, 1539.—WILLIS.

A Free Grammar-School was founded at this place, by letters patent of Queen Elizabeth, bearing date July 7, 1688; and endowed by Thomas Conyers of Egglecliffe, Durham, Gent. with 9*l.* 4*s.* payable out of his lands and houses at Yarm and Darlington. In addition to the original endowment, the late William Chaloner, a native of this place, left in 1801, to the schoolmaster, for ever, the sum of 400*l.* 3 per cent. consols, for educating, &c. eight poor children of the parish. He also left 30*l.* in trust to the Minister and Churchwardens for the repair of the Grammar School, which was expended in 1802.—*Carlisle's Grammar Schools*.

The old bridge over the Tees at Yarm, having, in 1802 become dangerous to passengers, it was ordered to be taken down, and a new one to be erected upon or near its site, of one iron arch, which formed a segment circle of 180 feet span. The work was let by proposal for 8,000*l.* but in 1805, when nearly completed, the abutments gave way, and it fell with a tremendous crash. Soon afterwards an elegant stone bridge was erected, which will most probably outlive any of the iron bridges in the kingdom.

YEARBY, or YERBY, *ham.* in the township and parish of Kirkleatham, 3 miles from Redcar, 4 from Guisbrough.

YEARSLEY, in the parish of Coxwold, wapentake of Birdforth; 4 miles from Easingwold, 8 from Helmsley, 14 from Thirsk.—Pop. 170.

YEARSLEY-BURTON, *f. h.* in the township of Yearsley, and parish of Coxwold; 5 miles from Easingwold.

YOADWATH, in the township of Hutton-le-Hole, and parish of Lastingham; 2 miles from Kirbymoorside. A Mill and two houses.

YORE-MILL, and YORE'S-BRIDGE, in the township and parish of Aysgarth, wapentake of Hang-West; 4 miles from Askrigg, 7 from Leyburn, 8½ from Middleham.

In 1601, a Free Grammar School was founded and endowed here by Anthony Beeson, with a house situated at York. This school is open indefinitely to the children of the four small villages in its vicinity, free of expence, for the classics only. Yoresbridge school is pleasantly situated upon the banks of the river Ure, nearly in the centre of Wensleydale, so justly celebrated for the beauty of its scenery, the fertility of its soil, and the salubrity of its air.—Boys, 70 or 80, rarely under 50.—*Carlisle's Grammar Schools*.

YORK-GATE INN, in the township of Melmerby, and parish of Wath, wapentake of Hallikeld; 5 miles from Ripon, 6 from Thirsk, 7 from Boroughbridge, 9 from Bedale. The Magistrates for the wapentake hold their meetings here, and at the New-Inn, alternately.

YOROSCOTE, *f. h.* in the township of Low-Abbotside, and parish of Aysgarth; 1 mile from Askrigg, 6 from Hawes.

YOULTON, in the parish of Alne, wapentake of Bulmer; 5 miles from Easingwold, 7 from Boroughbridge, 12 from York.—
Pop. 56.

Lord Lieutenant and Custos Rotularum,
GEORGE WILLIAM FREDERICK, DUKE OF LEEDS,
Vice-Lieutenant,
TURNER STRAUBENZEE, ESQ. SPENNITHORNE.

ACTING MAGISTRATES.

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Hon. and Rev. Thomas Lawrence Dundas, .	Aske Hall, Richmond
Hon. and Rev. Thomas Mounson,	Bedale
Hon. Thomas Dundas,	Marske Hall, Guisbrough
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Duncombe, William, Esq.	Duncombe Park, Helmsley
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Vansittart, Henry, Esq.	Kirkleatham, Guisbrough
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Wharton, James, Esq.	Melbyrn Lodge, Pocklington
Wharton, the Rev. William,	Gilling, Richmond
Williamson, the Rev. Thomas Pym,	Guisbrough
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Wolley, the Rev. Godfrey,	Hutton Bushell, Malton
Woodall, John, Esq.	Scarborough
Wyvill, Marmaduke, Esq.	Leyburn
Wyvill, the Rev. Edward.	Fingall, Leyburn
Yeoman, Henry Walker, Esq.	Woodlands, Whitby

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Right Hon. Thomas P. Weddle, Lord Grantham, Newby Park	Hon. Thomas William Fermor
Right Hon. Earl Tyrconnel, Kiplin Hall	Sir George Cayley, Bart. Brompton
Right Hon. George Earl Pomfret	Sir Thomas Frankland, Bart. Thirkleby
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Coore, Foster L. Esq. Hawxwell	Palmes, George, Esq. Naburn
Carter, Edward, Esq. Theakstone	Preston, Darcey, Esq. Ruswarp
Carler, Edward John Esq. ditto	Rigge, Fletcher, Esq. Northallerton
Duncombe, Charles, Esq. Duncombe Park	Richardson, Christopher, Esq. Whithy
Duncombe, William, Esq. ditto	Redfearn, Francis, Esq. Langton Lodge
Denys, Peter, Esq.	Rigge, Gray, Esq. Broughton Hall, Lancashire
D'Oyly, Edward, Esq.	Robson, Thomas, Esq. Holthy
Dawson, George, Esq. Thirsk.	Rudd, Bartholomew, Esq. Marton
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Flounders, Benjamin, Esq. Yarm	Tindall, James, Esq. ditto
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Hartley, George, Esq. Middleton Tyas	Woodall, John, Esq. Scarborough
Hewgill, Henry, Esq. Hornby Grange	Whitehead, William, Esq. Easingwold
Hutton, Timothy, Esq. Clifton Castle	Yeoman, Henry Walker, Esq. Woodlands
	Yorke, John, Esq. Halton Place

Lords and Chief Bailiffs of Liberties.

His Grace the Duke of Leeds, Hornby-Castle; for Richmondshire.
 The Hon. and Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of Durham; for Allertonshire.
 The Rev. George Marwood, Busby-Hall, Stokesley; for Langbarugh.
 Richard Hill, Esq. Thornton; for Pickering-Lythe.
 George Cholmley, Esq. Howsham; for Whithy-Strand.

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Clerk of the Peace, Lupton Topham, Esq. Middleham.
Deputy Clerk of the Peace, William Wailes, Gent. Northallerton.
Deputy Sheriff, Thomas Paul, Gent. Malton.
Clerk of Indictments, Mr. Thomas Wait, Northallerton.
Crier of the Court, Mr. John Leece, Malton.
Treasurer, Valentine Kitchingman, Esq. Carlton Husthwaite.
Clerk of General Meetings of Lieutenancy, Henry Hirst, Gent. Northallerton.

Governor of the House of Correction, Northallerton, Mr Thomas Shepherd.
Under Gaoler, Mr Thomas Shepherd, Jun.
Surveyor of Bridges, George Atkinson, Gent. Hagg Cottage, Richmond.
Deputy, Mr Matthew Peacock, Rainton, Boroughbridge.

REGISTER-OFFICE, NORTHALLERTON.

Register, Matthew Butterwick, Esq. Thirsk.
Deputy, John Sanders Walton, Gentleman, Northallerton.

CORONERS.

Henry Belcher, Whitby.
 George Brigham, Rudby.
 Samuel Cowling, York.

William Dinsdale, Aiskew.
 Thomas Harrison, Kirbymoorside

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Allertonshire, James Langdale, Northallerton; Christ. Hudson, Crosby.
Birdforth, Thomas Scott, Oulston; James Barker, Sowerby.
Bulmer, John Plowman, Haxby; William Ware, Skirpenbeck.
Gilling-East, George Readman, Langton; Thomas Meek, Crabtree House.
Gilling-West, Thomas Lax, Ravensworth; Samuel Spedding, Gilling.
Hang-East, George Dryden, Aiskew; John Plews, Colburn.
Hang-West, Thomas Place, Spennithorne; Ralph Lodge, New Houses.
Hallikeld, Tristram Walker, Melmerby; William Fall, Wath.
Langbarugh, George Brigham, Rudby; Joseph Hickson, Guisbrough.
Pickering-Lythe, Peter Marshall, Wykeham; Thomas Bointon, Pickering.
Rydale, George Carter, Oswaldkirk; John Reed, Stonegrave.
Whitby-Strand, Thomas G. Dale, Whitby.

SUBDIVISION CLERKS.

Allertonshire, James Langdale, Northallerton.
Birdforth, Charles B. Walker, Thirsk.
Bulmer, John Plowman, Haxby.
Gilling-East, William Price, Scorton.
Gilling-West, Thomas Bowman, Richmond.
Hang-East, William Dinsdale, Aiskew, Bedale.
Hang-West, George Emerson, Leyburn.
Hallikeld, Joseph Wright, Burneston, Boroughbridge.
Langbarugh-East, Henry Clarke, Guisbrough.
Langbarugh-West, William Powell, Stokesley.
Pickering-Lythe East, John Stephenson, Scarborough.
Pickering-Lythe West, Thomas Seavers, Pickering.
Rydale, George Carter, Oswaldkirk, Helmsley.
Whitby-Strand, Thomas Watson and Thomas Stephenson, Whitby.

The General Quarter Sessions

Are held at Northallerton, on Tuesdays in the first whole week after Epiphany;—Easter;—St. Thomas the Martyr;—and on the first Tuesday after the eleventh of October.

Chairmen.—The Right Hon. Lawrence, Lord Dundas, at the Midsummer and Michaelmas Session; and the Rev. John Headlam, M.A. at the Epiphany and Easter Sessions.

EAST-RIDING.

ACKLAM, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Buckrose, liberty of St. Peter; $6\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Malton, 9 from Pocklington, 13 from York.—Pop. 389. The Church, peculiar, is a vicarage, dedicated to St. John the Baptist, in the deanry of Buckrose, value, 5*l.* p. r. \pm 130*l.* Patron, the Chancellor of York Cathedral.

ADDLETHORPE, *see Eddlethorpe.*

AIKE, *see Ayke.*

ALDBROUGH, a parish-town, in the middle-division of Holderness; 7 miles from Hornsea, 8 from Hedon, 12 from Hull, 52 from York.—Pop. including Carlton and Fosham, 802, which being united, form a township. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Bartholomew, in the deanry of Holderness, value, \pm 13*l.* 15*s.* Patron, the King.

At Aldborough, is a Saxon inscription engraved on a circular stone, 15 $\frac{1}{2}$ inches in diameter, fixed over a pillar on the south side of the nave, which runs round the margin of the stone. It commemorates the time of its erection; and may be read in English, "Ulf commanded this church to be erected for the souls of Hanum and Gunthard." See particular account of this inscription in the *Archæologia*, vol. 6, in a letter from J. C. Brooke, Esq. to the Society of Antiquaries, on the authority of the Rev. Mr Dade of Barnston. The church, from repairs at various periods, has now a modern appearance. Mr Pegge, in vol. 7, of the same work, assigns very plausible reasons for its not being of Saxon erection; he supposes, "that Ulf built a church, which in a few years, and by some means now unknown, was destroyed, and lay in ruins in 1080; and when the present fabric was erected, the old stone, with its inscription, which had happily been preserved, was put up in the new structure and in the place it now occupies."

Of the old castle which, with the Lordship, belonged to William le Gros, Earl of Albermarle, who was at the battle of the standard, in 1138, not a vestige is to be seen. Tradition says, it stood northward of the church, but an enclosure which took place some years ago, has quite levelled the foundations; and the Well, which was within the castle and supplied it with water, is now near the high road. The Roman road from the Prætorium to the Gabrantovicorum Sinus Portuensis vel Salutaris of Ptolemy, runs through Aldborough.—*Archæol.* vol. 6.

ALLERTHORPE, in the parish of Thornton, Wilton-Beacon division of Harthill, liberty of St. Peter; (*the seat of Barnard Smyth, Esq.*) 2 miles from Pocklington, $7\frac{1}{2}$ from Market-Weigh-ton, 12 from York.—Pop. 132. Here is a Chapel of ease to Thornton, value, p. r. 76*l.* 6*s.* 3*d.*

ANLABY, in the parishes of Kirk-Ella and Hessele, in Hullshire; (*the seat of William Vouse, Esq.*) $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Hull, $8\frac{1}{2}$ from South-Cave, 10 from Beverley.—Pop. 271.

Anlabby formerly belonged to an ancient family of that name; the heiress of that house carried it by marriage into the family of the Legards, in the year 1199.

ARGAM, *see Ergham.*

ARGLAM, 2 *h.* in the township and parish of Holme-on-Spalding-Moor, Holme-Beacon division of Harthill; 7 miles from Market-Weighton.

ARNOLD, in the parishes of Long-Riston and Swine, north-division of Holderness; 7 miles from Beverley, 10½ from Hull, 14½ from Great-Driffeld.—Pop. including Routon and North-Skir-laugh, 260, which being united form a township.

ARRAM, *ham.* in the township and parish of Leckonfield, Hunsley-Beacon division of Harthill; 4¼ miles from Beverley, 13 from Great-Driffeld.

ARRAM HALL, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Atwicke, 3 miles from Hornsea.

ARRAS, *s. h.* in the township and parish of Market-Weighton; 2½ miles from Market-Weighton, 7 from Beverley.

ASSELBY, in the parish of Howden, wapentake of Howdenshire; 2 miles from Howden, 8 from Selby.—Pop. 254.

Here Nigel Fossard had two extensive fisheries, which yielded on an average, 2,400 eels annually.

ATWICKE, a parish-town, in the north-division of Holderness; 2½ miles from Hornsea, 13 from Driffeld, 13¾ from Bridlington, 14 from Beverley, 42 from York.—Pop. 326. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Lawrence, in the deanry of Holderness, value, £4*l.* 7*s.* 11*d.* p. r. †80*l.* Patron, the King.

AUBURN, *f. h.* in the township of Fraisthorpe, and parish of Carnaby; 3½ miles from Bridlington, 12 from Hornsea.

AUGHTON, a parish-town, in Holme-Beacon division of Harthill; 6 miles from Howden, 7½ from Selby, 13 from York.—Pop. 269. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Harthill, value, £4*l.* p. r. *85*l.* 18*s.* 3*d.* Patron, — Fliteroft, Esq.

This was the residence of Robert Aske, who headed the insurrection called the "Pilgrimage of Grace" in the reign of Henry VIII. There are no remains of the ancient mansion or castle; but the site is marked by ditches or moats, one within another, with the interior vallum raised to a great height, which shews it to have been a place of considerable strength.

AUGHTON-RUDDINGS, 2 *f. h.* in the township and parish of Aughton; 8 miles from Howden and Pocklington.

AYKE, in the parishes of Lockington and St. John, Beverley, Bainton-Beacon division of Harthill; 6 miles from Beverley, 8 from Driffeld.—Pop. 98.

B

BABTHORPE, *f. h.* in the township of Brackenholme-with-Woodhall, and parish of Hemmingbrough; 5 miles from Selby.

Here the ancient family of the Babthorpes flourished for many centuries, and intermarried with the best families in this county. By Kirkby's inquest, here was one caracute of land held by Ralph Babthorpe, of the Bishop of Durham, by Knight's service; where 12 caracutes made a Knight's fee. Sir Wm. Babthorpe, in the reign of James I. sold this estate to Richard Bowes, Esq.—*Burton's Monast.* A father and a son, both of this family, were slain in the battle of St. Albans, fighting for Henry VI. and lie buried there with this epitaph:—

Cum patre Radulpho Babthorpe jacet ecce Radulphus
 Filius, hoc duro marmore pressus humo :
 Henrici terti dapifer, pater armiger ejus ;
 Mors satis id docuit, fidus uterque fuit.

The two Ralph Babthorps, father and his son,
 Together lie interr'd beneath this stone.
 One 'Squire, one Sew'r, to our Sixth Henry was ;
 Both died P' th' field, both in their master's cause.

CAMDEN.

BAFFAM, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Kirby-Underdale, 8 miles from Pocklington.

BAINTON, (which gives name to the division) a parish-town, in Bainton-Beacon division of Harthill; 6 miles from Great-Driffield, 8 from Sledmere, 10 from Beverley and Pocklington, 18 from Malton, 23 from York.—Pop. 300. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Andrew, in the deanry of Harthill, value, 35*l.* 14*s.* 9½*d.* Patrons, the President and Scholars of St. John's College, Oxford.

In the 2nd of Edward II. Peter de Mauley was found to be seized of the manor of Bainton, and the advowson of the church by the service of finding two Knights and four Esquires, in the King's army for forty days, in time of war, and to provide a steward to do suit for him at the King's Court at York, from six weeks to six weeks. In the church is a monument of Peter de Mauley, a Knight Templar, temp. Henry III. The Vicar has 602 acres of land, nearly a sixth of the parish, in lieu of tithes and money payments of every description, except surplice fees and mortuaries.—*Blount's Ancient Tenures*.

BALKHOLME, in the parish of Howden, wapentake of Howdenshire; 2½ miles from Howden, 12 from South-Cave, 12¼ from Selby.—Pop. 105.

BARLBY, in the parish of Hemingbrough, wapentake of Ouse and Derwent, liberty of Howdenshire: 2 miles from Selby, 8 from Howden, 13 from York.—Pop. 349. The Church is a perpetual curacy under Hemingbrough, value, p. r. †78*l.*

BARMBY-ON-THE-MARSH, or **DERWENT**, in the parish of Howden, wapentake of Howdenshire; 3½ miles from Howden, 7 from Selby.—Pop. 525.—The Church is a perpetual curacy under Howden, value, p. r. 36*l.* 10*s.*

BARMBY-ON-THE-MOOR, a parish-town, in Wilton-Beacon division of Harthill, liberty of St. Peter; 2 miles from Pocklington, 8 from Market-Weighton, 12 from York.—Pop. 400 The Church, peculiar, is dedicated to St. Catherine, in the deanry of Harthill, value, p. r. 55*l.* 4*s.* 6*d.* Patrons, the Dean and Chapter of York. One vicar is ordained in this chapel and that of Fangfoss, each reckoned a separate parish, yet make but one vicarage, valued according to Bacon, at 5*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*

BARMBY-MOOR INN, (*Posting-House*) in the township and parish of Barmby-on-the-Moor; 2½ miles from Pocklington, 8 from Market-Weighton, 11 from York.

BARMSTON, a parish-town, in the north-division of Holderness; 6½ miles from Bridlington, 11 from Great-Driffield, 17 from Beverley, 40 from York.—Pop. 205. The Church is a rectory,

dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Holderness, value, 13*l.* 11*s.* 10½*d.* Patron, Sir Francis Boynton, Bart.

In 1726, Sir Griffith Boynton founded an Alms-house here, for four old men, and endowed it with a small annual stipend for each.—The repairs and stipend were charged by Sir Griffith upon the manor of Haisthorpe. The old Hall, anciently the residence of the Boynton family, is now occupied as a Farm-house. It is moated round.

BARNHILL-HALL, *f. h.* in the township of Knedlington, and parish of Howden; 1 mile from Howden.

BARROW, or **BARF-HILL**, *ham.* in the township and parish of Lockington; 8 miles from Beverley, 9 from Great-Driffield.

BARTHORPE-BOTTOMS, 2 or 3 *f. h.* in the township and parish of Acklam, wapentake of Buckrose, liberty of St. Peter; 8 miles from Malton, 10 from Pocklington.

BARTON-DALE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Hunmanby; 3 miles from Hunmanby, 5 from Bridlington. Here was formerly a chapel to Hunmanby, when it was called Barkerdale.

BASWICK, **HIGH** and **LOW**, 2 *f. h.* in the township and parish of Leven; 6 miles from Great-Driffield, 9 from Beverley.

BASWICK-STEER, a coal and lime-wharf, on the river Hull, in the township and parish of Brandsburton; 10 miles from Great-Driffield and Beverley.

BATTLEBURN, *ham.* in the township of Eastburn, and parish of Kirkburn; 3½ miles from Great-Driffield, 11 from Beverley.

BEEFORD, a parish-town, in the north-division of Holderness; 8 miles from Great-Driffield, 10 from Bridlington, 13 from Beverley, 37 from York.—Pop. 620. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Leonard, in the deanry of Holderness, value, 22*l.* Patron, the Archbishop of York. At the time the enclosure of the lands within this township took place, a field containing 11 acres, was laid out, in lieu of certain *balks*, for the repairs of the church, its value then 3*l.* 10*s.* now 19*l.*

BEEFORD, or **MOOR-GRANGE** (*the seat of Sir George Wood, Knt.*) in the township and parish of Beeford; 10 miles from Great Driffield, 11 from Bridlington

BEER-HOUSES, *see Dunswell.*

BELBY, in the parish of Hayton, Holme-Beacon division of Harthill, liberty of St. Peter; 3½ miles from Pocklington, 5 from Market-Weighton, 15 from York.—Pop. 239. Here is a Chapel to Hayton, dedicated to St. Giles.

BELBY, in the parish of Howden, wapentake of Howdenshire; 1½ mile from Howden, 10½ from South-Cave.—Pop. 49.

BELLASIZE, in the parish of Eastrington, wapentake of Howdenshire; 5 miles from Howden, 7 from South-Cave.—Pop. 197.

BELL-HALL, (*the seat of Hewby John Buines, Esq.*) in the township of Naburn, and parish of St. Dennis, York, wapentake of Ouse and Derwent; 5 miles from York.

BELTHORPE, in the township and parish of Bishop-Wilton, Wilton-Beacon division of Harthill, liberty of St. Peter; 4 miles from Pocklington, 12 from York, 13 from Malton.—Pop. included in Bishop-Wilton.

BEMPTON, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Dickering; 3 miles from Bridlington, 7 from Hummanby, 45 from York.—Pop. 231. The Church, a donative, is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Michael, in the deanry of Dickering, value, p. r. 46*l*. Patron, Henry Broadley, Esq.

BENNETLAND, *ham.* in the township of Bellasize, and parish of Eastrington: 5½ miles from Howden. 7 from South-Cave.

BENNINGHOLME, in the parish of Swine, middle-division of Holderness; 8 miles from Beverley, 9 from Hull and Hedon.—Pop. 97.

BENNINGHOLME-GRANGE, *f. h.* in the township of Benningholme and parish of Swine, 7 miles from Beverley, 9 from Hull.

BENTLEY, in the parish of Rowley, Hunsley Beacon division of Harthill; 2½ miles from Beverley, 7 from South-Cave, 8 from Hull. Pop.

BESSONBY, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Dickering, (*Bessonby-House the seat of Harrington Hudson, Esq.*) 1½ mile from Bridlington, 10 from Great-Driffeld.—Pop. 83. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Magnus, in the deanry of Dickering, value, p. r. 43*l*. Patron, Harrington Hudson, Esq.

BESWICK, in the parish of Kilnwick, Bainton-Beacon division of Harthill; 6½ miles from Beverley, and Great-Driffeld.—Pop. 192. The Church is a perpetual curacy, in the deanry of Harthill. Patron, John Denison, Esq.

Beswick was formerly the residence of that celebrated Foxhunter William Draper, Esq.

BEVERLEY, a market-town, in the several parishes of St. John, St. Mary, St. Nicholas, and St. Martin. Hunsley-Beacon division of Harthill, and liberty of Beverley; 9 miles from Hull, 9½ from South-Cave. 10 from Market-Weighton. 13 from Great-Driffeld; 14 from Hornsea, 24 from Bridlington, 28 from Malton, 29 from York, from London *by Lincoln* 183, *by York* 227.—*Market*, Saturday.—*Fairs*, Thursday before Old Valentine-day, Holy Thursday, July 5, Wednesday before Sept. 25, November 5 for horned cattle, sheep, horses, &c. every other Wednesday for horned cattle and sheep.—*Bankers*, East-Riding Bank, Messrs. Bower and Co. draw on Messrs. Curries, Raikes and Co. 29, Corn-hill; Beverley Bank, Messrs. Machell and Co. draw on Messrs. Sir R. Carr Glynn and Co. 12, Birchin-Lane.—*Principal Inns*, the Tiger and Beverley Arms.—Pop. St. Mary, 2918—St. Nicholas, 478—St. Martins, 2639—Total, 5035. The Church of St. John with St. Martin, peculiar, is a perpetual curacy. Patron, the Corporation of Beverley. St. Mary, a vicarage, value, 14*l*. 2*s*. 8½*d*.—Patron, the King. St. Nicholas, (united with St. Mary) a rectory, value, 5*l*. 0*s*. 10*d*. The church of St. Nicholas has long been destroyed.

Beverley was sometime called *Deir Wold*, or the *Wood* of the *Deirans*; and subsequently *Beverlac*, the place or lake of Beavers, an animal then abounding in the neighbourhood. It owes its rise to the piety of early times, for we find that St. John, Archbishop of York, a man of extraordinary acquirements and great sanctity, converted the parish church in this place, into a monastery for

Benedictine Monks. In the year 860, it was destroyed by the Danes, and lay in ruins three years before it was repaired. King Athelstan, after he had overcome the Scots, on his return came to Beverley, and built a new college of Secular Canons; granted and confirmed to the church many great privileges and liberties; also a sanctuary, the limits of which were marked by four crosses. Edward the Confessor and William the Conqueror were both benefactors to it. Valued at the dissolution, at 109*l.* 8*s.* 8*d.*—DUOCCALE. In 1710, the church being in a ruinous state, subscriptions were raised at the instigation of John Moyser, Esq. of this place, for the purpose of repairing and beautifying the same. In it are several handsome monuments of the Percies, Whartons, Hothams, &c. In 1664, the grave of St. John of Beverley, Archbishop of York, was discovered, with his bones and many relics. This church of St. John, usually styled the *Minster*, is now converted into a parish church to which that of St. Martin's is annexed; and is, as Dr. Stukely justly observes, "an extraordinary beauty, nothing inferior to York Minster, but somewhat less." The north gable end was, about the year 1739, raised to its perpendicular, from which it had slipped three feet, by Mr. Thornton of York. The admirable machine for this purpose, was engraved in the same year and printed by Mr. Fourdrinier. Besides the Minster there is another church, dedicated to Saint Mary, first built in 1325, to which, in 1667 was annexed St. Nicholas, a large and handsome structure.

Here is an hospital for six poor persons, founded and endowed by William Temperou, in 1723; and another founded in 1636 by Fox Thwaites, for four poor widows, besides other charities. A grammar school of ancient date, but by whom or when founded is not known, with two fellowships, six scholarships, and three exhibitions to St. John's College, Cambridge. The school is open to the sons of burgesses, on the payment of 2*l.* per annum, for their instruction in the classics, and 2*l.* 2*s.* for writing and arithmetic. The master's salary is 100*l.* per annum, with a dwelling house at a trifling quit-rent.

Beverley sent Members to all the Parliaments of King Edward the 1. but from that time not till the fifth of Queen Elizabeth, who in 1573, incorporated the town. The right of election is vested in the freemen of the town, who acquire this right by birth, servitude of seven years, or purchase. Number of voters, about 1400. Returning officer, the Mayor.

The town is governed by a Mayor, 12 Aldermen, and 13 capital Burgesses, chosen annually on the Monday before Michaelmas day, assisted by a Recorder and a Town Clerk. The barbarous custom of baiting a bull on the day the Mayor is sworn into office, is still retained, and takes place in October. Here is the Register Office for this Riding, and the House of Correction and Court Room where the Quarter Sessions of the Peace are held.

"The towne of Beverly," says Leland, "is large, and welle buildid of wood." It is situated at no great distance from the foot of the Wolds, about a mile from the river Hull, and connected with it by a navigable canal made in 1727. The town is more than a mile in length, its principal street is spacious, and the houses remarkably cleanly in their appearance. The market-place contains about four acres, and is adorned with a beautiful cross, supported by freestone columns, each of an entire stone, erected at the expense of the late Hon. Sir Charles Hotham Bart. and Sir Michael Warton, Knight, then Members of Parliament for the town. The following eminent men have been born here.

John Fisher, Bishop of Rochester, and a martyr to the religion he professed was born here, in 1459, and received his education in the grammar school of this place. He took his degree of B. A. at Cambridge, 1488, and 1491 that of M. A. He became confessor to Margaret, Countess of Richmond, mother to Henry VII. who, by his advice, founded St. John's and Christ's Colleges, Cambridge. He was afterwards chosen Chancellor of the University; and in 1504 was made Bishop of Rochester, from which he would never remove to a better See. He was a zealous opponent of the reformation, and of the King's divorce from Queen Catharine. He refused to acknowledge the King's supremacy, was therefore sent to the tower, where he continued till his trial and execution which took place, June 22, 1535. His head, along with that of Sir Thomas More, not many days afterwards, was fixed on a pole upon London bridge. During his confinement, the Pope made him a cardinal, on which account Henry exclaimed,

"Paul may send him a hat, but I will take care that he have never a head to wear it on." He was a man of considerable learning, strict integrity, and fervent piety. He wrote a commentary on the penitential psalms; a defence of the King's book against Luther, a funeral sermon for the lady Margaret, &c.—*Biog. Dict.*—*Zouch*.

John Alcock, an English Prelate, also received his education in the grammar school of this place of his nativity. He was afterwards educated at Cambridge; became Dean of Westminster, and Master of the Rolls, and in 1471, was preferred to the See of Rochester, from whence he was translated to Worcester, and finally to Ely. He endowed a school at Kingston-upon-Hull, built the hall at the palace in Ely, and founded Jesus College, Cambridge. He died October 1, 1500, and was buried in the chapel at Hull, which he built.—*Biog. Dict.*

John Green, Bishop of Lincoln, born in 1706; after receiving the rudiments of his education at the grammar School here, he took his degree of Arts at St. John's College, Cambridge, with great credit as a classical scholar; he engaged himself as usher to a school at Lichfield, before Dr. Johnson and Mr. Garrick had left that city. After obtaining several church preferments, he was raised to the See of Lincoln; and died at Bath in 1779. This elegant scholar was one of the writers of the celebrated "Athenian Letters," published by the Earl of Hardwicke, in 1798, 2 vols. 4to.—*Biog. Dict.*

Thus we find Beverley has yielded to the world three Bishops, two of Rochester, and one of Lincoln, and all educated at this school.—*Magna Brit. Drake*.

Robert Ingram, a worthy English divine, a native of this place, was born in 1726–7, and educated at the grammar school here, from which he removed to Corpus Christi College, Cambridge. He was author of "A View of the Great Events of the Seventh Plague," and other pieces. He died in 1804.—*Monthly Mag.*

Hugh Goes is said, by Herbert, to have printed at this place, so early as 1509, a broadside, being the picture of a man on horseback. "Emprynted at Beverley, in the High-gate, by me Hewe Goes"

BEVERLEY-PARKS, 2 or 3 *f. h.* in the township of Woodmansea, and parish of St. John. Beverley; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Beverley, $7\frac{1}{2}$ from Hull.

BEWHOLME, in the township of Bewholme-with-Nunkeeling, and parish of Nunkeeling; $5\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Hornsea, 10 from Great-Driffeld.—Pop. including Nunkeeling, 243.

BEWICK, in the township of East-Newton with Bewick, and parish of Aldbrough, middle-division of Holderness; 7 miles from Hornsea, $8\frac{1}{2}$ from Hedon, 13 from Hull.

BILLINGS-HILL, (*the seat of James Hopkinson, Esq.*) in the township of Bewholme with Nunkeeling, and parish of Nunkeeling; 7 miles from Hornsea, 10 from Beverley.

BILTON, in the parish of Swine, middle-division of Holderness; 4 miles from Hedon, $4\frac{1}{2}$ from Hull, 13 from Beverley.—Pop. 91. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Peter, value, p. r. 105*l.* 13*s.* Patron, The Hon. and Rev. William Henry Dawnay.

BINNINGTON, in the parish of Willerby, wapentake of Dickering; 6 miles from Hunmanby, 9 from Scarborough.—Pop. 50.

BIRDSALL a parish-town, in the wapentake of Buckrose; (*Birdsall-Hall, the seat of the Hon. Lord Middleton,*) 4 miles from Malton, 8 from Sledmere, 16 from York.—Pop. 240. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Buckrose, value, p. r. 49*l.* Patron, the Marquis of Hertford.

This Church was appropriated by Walter de Espee, to his priory at Kirkham.

Here was born Henry Burton, a puritan divine, in 1579, and educated at St. John's College, Cambridge; but took his degree of B. D. at Oxford. He was afterwards clerk of the closet to Prince Henry, and to Prince Charles; but was turned out for a libel against the bishops. After this he obtained the rectory of St. Matthew, Friday-street; but got into trouble by his seditious sermons, was sentenced to pay a fine of 5000*l.* to be pilloried, and then imprisoned for life in Lancaster gaol. The place of his confinement was afterwards altered to the castle of Guernsey; where he remained till 1640, when the parliament recalled him. He was also restored to his living; and died in 1648. He wrote many pamphlets, chiefly controversial, and very abusive.—*Biog. Dict.*

BISHOP-WILTON, (which gives name to the division) is a parish-town, in Wilton-Beacon division of Harthill, liberty of St. Peter; 4 miles from Pocklington, 13 from York, 14 from Malton.—Pop. including Belthorpe, 570. The Church, peculiar, is a perpetual curacy, (Bacon styles it a vicarage discharged, dedicated to St. Edith, valued at 7*l.* 3*s.* 6½*d.*) dedicated to St. Michael, in the deanry of Harthill, value, p. r. 114*l.* 10*s.* Patron, Sir Mark Masterman Sykes, Bart.

"Bishop Neville formerly resided in this parish, which gave rise to the name of Bishop-Wilton. Here is a field moated round, where his palace stood, to this day, and the Neville's Arms are, on painted glass, in one of the windows of the church.

BLACKTOFT, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Howdenshire; 8 miles from Howder, 9 from South-Cave, 28 from York.—Pop. 278. The Church, peculiar, is a perpetual curacy, in the deanry of Harthill, value, 38*l.* Patrons, the Dean and Chapter of Durham. Blacktoft is sometimes distinguished by east and west.

A proposal was made at the latter end of the reign of Charles II. by the then Duke of Bolton, to the city of York, to get an Act of Parliament at his own charge for cutting a new river or canal from this place, on the Humber, in a direct line for York. An actual survey was taken, the charge of the ground the cut was to be made through, computed, &c. This treaty unfortunately broke off, otherwise, such a flow of tide must necessarily have come up, that we should now have had the pleasure of seeing ships of two or three hundred tons burthen lying at Ousbridge.—*Drake's Ebor.*

BLANCH, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Warter; 7 miles from Pocklington.

BOLTON, in the parish of Bishop-Wilton, Wilton-Beacon division of Harthill, liberty of St. Peter; (*Bolton-Hall, the seat of John Preston, Esq.*) 3¼ miles from Pocklington, 10 from Market-Weighton and York.—Pop. 112.

BONWICK, in the parish of Skipsea, north-division of Holderness; 4 miles from Hornsea, 9 from Great-Driffield, 12 from Bridlington, 14 from Beverley.—Pop. 30.

BOOTH, or **BOOTH-FERRY**, *ham.* in the township of Knedlington, and parish of Howden, wapentake of Howdenshire; 2 miles from Howden, 8 from Snaith, 10 from Selby, 12 from Thorne, 14 from Market-Weighton. A ferry across the Humber.

BOREAS-HILL, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Paul, south-division of Holderness; 2 miles from Hedon, 10 from Hull.

BORSEA, *ham.* in the township and parish of Holme-on-Spalding-Moor; 7 miles from Market-Weighton, 8 from Howden.

BOWTHORPE, 2 *f. h.* in the township of Menthorpe-with-Bowthorpe, and parish of Hemmingbrough, wapentake of Ouse and Derwent, and liberty of Howdenshire; 5 miles from Selby, 6 from Howden.—Pop. included in Menthorpe.

BOYNTON, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Dickering; (*Boynton-Hall, the seat of Sir William Strickland, Bart.*) 3 miles from Bridlington, 14 from Sledmere, 17 from Driffield, 23 from York.—Pop. 123. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Andrew, in the deanry of Dickering, value, $\frac{1}{4}$ *l.* 14*s.* 2*d.* p. r. $\frac{1}{4}$ 140*l.* Patron Sir William Strickland, Bart.

At Boynton is a small collection of marble statues, by the late Sir George Strickland, among which are a Juno, 4 feet 10 inches high, carrying a Fawn under her left arm, which is encircled in a wreath of fruit and flowers suspended from the right shoulder; in the right hand a bunch of flowers: it is in great preservation, and the drapery excellent.—This fine statue was found in 1777 at the Torre tre teste, four miles from Rome, on the Praenestian-way, laid on a tessellated pavement, probably the temple to which it belonged. A Head of M. Junius Brutus, large as life, and of perfect and excellent sculpture.—*Dr. LAWAY.*

In the family of the Stricklands there have been several persons of considerable eminence; and although the ancient family seat appears to have been at Strickland-Hall, Westmorland, they have now resided at Boynton for upwards of 200 years.—The first Baronet was Sir Wm. Strickland, July 30, 1641, the son and heir of Walter Strickland, Esq. of Boynton. The second Bart. Sir Thomas Strickland, was a considerable person in Oliver Cromwell's time. His son and successor, the 3rd Bart. died in 1724. The 4th Bart. Sir William, was elected Member in the first Parliament of Geo. 1. for the city of Carlisle; he died at Boynton in 1735; and was succeeded by his son, Sir George Strickland, the 5th Bart.—he was High-Sheriff for the county in 1768: he died 1808; and was succeeded by his son, the present Sir Wm. Strickland, the 6th Bart.—*Betham's Baronet.*

At Boynton is preserved, the thigh-bone of the famous out-law, Little John, measuring 38 inches, taken out of his grave at Hathersage, Derbyshire, about 40 years ago.—*Neale's Gents. Seats,—Article, Cannon-Hall.*

BOYTHORPE, *ham.* in the township and parish of Foxholes; 10 miles from Bridlington, 12 from Scarborough.

BRACKENDALE, *f. h.* in the township of Fraisthorpe, and parish of Carnaby; 4½ miles from Bridlington, 11½ from Hornsea.

BRACKEN-HILL, *f. h.* in the township of Garton, and parishes of Garton and Roos, 9 miles from Hedon.

BRACKEN, 3 *f. h.* and a township, in the parish of Kilnwick-juxta Watton, in Bainton-Beacon division; 7½ miles from Driffield, 8 from Beverley.—Pop. 30.

BRACKENHOLME, in the township of Backenholme-with-Woodhall, and parish of Hemmingbrough, liberty of Howdenshire, wapentake of Ouse and Derwent; 5 miles from Selby, 6 from Howden, 14 from York.—Pop. including Woodhall, 90.

BRAFFORDS, (*the seat of Robert Osborne, Esq.*) in the township of Swanland, and parish of North-Ferriby; 7½ miles from Hull.

BRANDBURTON, a parish-town, in the north-division of Holderness: 6 miles from Hornsea, 8 from Beverley, 11 from Driffield, 15 from Bridlington, 37 from York.—*No Market.—Fairs,* May 11, for horses, horned cattle and sheep; every other Wednesday, for horned cattle and sheep.—Pop. 562. The Church is

a rectory, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Holderness, value, 24*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* Patron, St. John's College, Cambridge.

BRANTINGHAM, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Howdenshire; 2 miles from South-Cave, 9 from Beverley, 12 from Hull, 29 from York.—Pop. 128. The Church, peculiar, is a vicarage, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Harthill, value, \pm 12*l.* 9*s.* 2*d.* Patrons, the Dean and Chapter of Durham.—It was appropriated, in 1458, by the Prior of Durham, to them for sustenance of eight Monks in their Monastery.

BREIGHTON, in the parish of Bubwith, Holme-Beacon division of Harthill; 5 miles from Howden, 7 from Selby, 14½ from York.—Pop. including Gunby, 179, which being united, form a township.

BRIDLINGTON, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Dickering; 9½ miles from Hunmanby, 12 from Great-Driffild, 16 from Hornsea, 17 from Sledmere, 18 from Scarborough, 23 from Beverley, 30 from Hull, 41 from York, from London *by Lincoln* 208, *by York* 238¾.—*Market*, Saturday.—*Fairs*, Monday before Whitsuntide, Oct, 21, for horned cattle, linen, &c.—*Bankers*, Messrs. Harding and Holtby, draw on Messrs. Sir John Lubbock and Co. Mansion-house-street.—*Principal Inns*, Green Dragon and Black Lion.—Pop. including the Quay, 4275. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Dickering, value, p. r. \pm 83*l.* 10*s.* Patrons, Sir Francis Wood, Knight, and the Rev. A. Cooke.

Bridlington, situated within a mile of the sea, gives name to a commodious and beautiful Bay, which consists chiefly of one long street, upon the side of a small elevation; its situation is both pleasant and salubrious. The chief feature in Bridlington, is the grand remains of its once magnificent Priory, of which the church is almost its only vestige. This Priory, Walter de Gant, early in the reign of Henry I. founded for black Canons, of the order of St. Austin, and dedicated it to the Virgin Mary; and gave them all his estate in this town, and confirmed to them all other lands, which his tenants who held of him, had given them,—valued at the dissolution at 547*l.* 6*s.* 11*d.* per ann. *Dugdale*, and 682*l.* 13*s.* 9*d.* *Speed*. Wm. Wode or Wolde, the last Prior, was hanged at London in 1537, for high-treason, and the estates belonging to this priory confiscated.

"This Priory," says Burton, "was pleasantly situated, being defended on the north and north-west by the walls, having a pleasant prospect towards the sea, on the east and south-east side; but although the Canons reaped many advantages from such a situation, they, nevertheless, some times suffered from the ships of the enemy, that entered this harbour; wherefore, on a representation thereof, King Richard II. in 1388, granted them his licence to inclose this Priory with walls, and houses built of stone and lime, the same to fortify for the time to come."

No traces of the walls or fortifications are now visible, except an arched gateway. The lower part contains some dark rooms or dungeons, used as places of confinement for petty delinquents. Above the arch is a large room employed as a Town's-hall, and adjoining it a National-school for boys.

The Church of the Priory appears by its venerable remains, to have been a magnificent fabric. It had two towers at the west-end, long since made level with the nave. The east-end and the transept are gone, and what remains are only fragments of the ancient building. The west-end, which seems to have escaped the wanton rapacity of the commissioners of Henry VIII. yet displays much magnificence, and its architecture is of far more florid style than any other part. The date 1106, preserved on a stone placed very conspicuously over the entrance, is supposed to mark the year of its foundation. In 1813, a stone coffin was discovered, containing the bones, it is supposed, from an inscription on

the margin of the stone, of Robert Brystwyk, the 25th Prior.—BOUTON.—HINDERWELL.

The Register-book of this Priory is in the hands of Sir William Ingilby, of Ripley, Bart.

In 1643, Henrietta Maria, Queen of Charles I. landed at Burlington, from on board the *Princess Royal of Great Britain*, under convoy of Admiral Von Trump, from Helvoetsluys. The Queen had a narrow escape from the shot of Vice-Admiral Batter, who had drawn up his ships during the night opposite to where the Queen lay, and discharged upwards of 100 great shot, &c. some of which entered the very house where she slept, and obliged her to get up and seek shelter in a ditch.—DRAKE.

Of the men of eminent abilities, who were either natives or have resided in the Monastery, we find the following, John de Bridlington, a native of this place. He was twice elected Prior, and established so great a character for piety, that he was reputed a saint. He died in 1379, aged 60.

William, of Newburgh, the famous monkish historian, was also a native of Bridlington, though he took his name from the former place, where he was Canon regular. He lived in the reign of King John.

Robert the Scribe, the fourth prebect of the Canons regular, of this house. He took his name from his great dexterity in writing, an art of great importance before the invention of Printing. He was not merely a transcriber from other works, but he left many of his own writings to posterity. He flourished about the year 1180. Sir George Ripley was also a Canon of this Monastery. He was a great alchymist, to the study of which he devoted all his time. He died in 1492. Some of his works were published by the late Elias Ashmole, Esq. in his *Theatrum Chymicum Britannicum*.

The longevity of Parr and Jenkins, is known to all; but, the extreme old age of Thomas Newman, has escaped the attention of historians:—A tablet to his memory, is in the church-yard, at Bridlington, with this short inscription:

“ 1542

THOMAS NEWMAN, aged 153.”

The stone was refaced in 1771, to preserve the recollection of this remarkable prolongation of human life.—HAROROVE.

BRIDLINGTON-QUAY, in the township and parish of Bridlington; 1 mile from Bridlington.—*Principal Inns, Britannia, & Ship.*

Bridlington Quay, is a pleasant healthful place, to which great numbers of genteel people resort during the summer, for the purpose of sea-bathing. The streets being spacious, and houses modern and well built, give an air of cheerfulness to it, which is not to be seen in the parent town. It has two Piers stretching a considerable way into the sea, for the defence of the harbour, the north one having a convenient platform, furnishes a pleasant promenade, and in summer evenings is much frequented by the company for the sake of the prospect and sea-air; it commands a delightful view of Flamborough Head and the Bay; and the number of coasting vessels, that are often detained here by contrary winds, gives at such times a pleasing animation to the scene. The Beach, a fine hard sand, affords at low water, many fine and valuable specimens of minerals and fossils. The gentle declivity of the surface is peculiarly favourable to sea-bathing, for which several machines are provided. Warm and cold sea-water baths, for the accommodation of valetudinarians are provided in rooms, which are replete with every convenience. The Chalybeate spring, which has its votaries, issues from a small garden near the Subscription Mills, a short distance from the Quay; “it is a brisk Chalybeate water, and resembles those of Scarborough and Cheltenham, though less purgative.”

The port, though small, is well sheltered on all sides, and capable of containing upwards of 100 ships, but in stormy weather it is rather difficult for ships to run in, on account of the narrowness of the channel. The bay is well sheltered by Flamborough Head, and is by far the safest anchoring place on this coast.

BRIGHAM, in the parish of Foster, wapentake of Dickering; 5 miles from Driffield, 12 from Bridlington.—Pop. 103.

BRIND, in the township of Newsham-with-Brind, and parish of Wressle, Holme-Beacon division of Harthill; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Howden, 9 from Selby, 12 from Market-Weighton.—Pop. included in Wressle.

BRIND-LEYS, extraparochial, in Holme-Beacon division of Harthill; $3\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Howden, 9 from Selby.—Pop. 7.

BRINK, NORTH, (*the seat of Alexander Mather, Esq.*) in the township and parish of Elvington; 6 miles from York.

BROMFLEET, in the parish of South-Cave, Hunsley-Beacon division, and liberty of St. Peter; 3 miles from South-Cave, 10 from Market-Weighton, 12 from Beverley.—Pop. 142.

BROMPTON, POTTER, in the township of Ganton, with Potter-Brompton, and parish of Ganton, wapentake of Dickering; 8 miles from Hunmanby, 9 from Scarborough.—Pop. included in Ganton.

BROUGH, or SKIPSEA-BROUGH, in the township of Drinkhee, Upton, and Brough, and parish of Skipsea, north-division of Holderness; 5 miles from Hornsea, 10 from Driffield, 11 from Bridlington, 15 from Beverley.—Pop. included in Drinkhoe.

BROUGH, or BROUGH-FERRY, in the township and parish of Elloughton, Hunsley-Beacon division; 3 miles from South-Cave, 11 from Beverley and Hull.

At this place is a Ferry across the Humber to Wintringham, Lincolnshire. Here the Roman road runs from Lincoln to York. This place by Horsley and others, is supposed to have been the *Petvasia* of Ptolemy.—Drake differs from them, but states, “that it seems to bid fair for being a Roman fortress, &c.

BUBWITH, a parish-town, in Holme-Beacon division, a part in the liberty of St. Peter; 6 miles from Howden, 7 from Selby, 11 from Market-Weighton, 13 from York.—Pop. 540. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to All Saints, in the deanry of Harthill, value, $\pounds 7l. 2s. 6d.$ and $\pounds 8l. 0s. 5d.$ in two medieties, p. r. *112*l.* 17*s.* 11*d.* Patrons, the King and the Dean and Chapter of York.

The church has two medieties, one given by Guarin de Bubwith to the Dean and Chapter of York, who are patrons of the vicarage. The other by John de Mowbray, Lord of Axholme, to the Abbey of Byland, the crown being patron thereof.

This was the birth-place of Nicholas de Bubwith, Bishop of Bath and Wells; one of the English prelates that attended the Council of Constance, where John Huss and Jerome Rague were condemned to the flames in 1415.

BUCKROSE, a wapentake, north-east of York, is bounded on the east by the wapentake of Dickering, on the south by the division of Wilton-Beacon, and the west and north, by the North-Riding. It contains 48 townships, 28 of which are parishes, but no market-town, containing 1,988 inhabited houses, and 11,186 inhabitants.

BUCKTON, in the parish of Bridlington, wapentake of Dickering; $3\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Bridlington, $6\frac{1}{2}$ from Hunmanby.—Pop. 147.

BUCKTON-HALL, *f. h.* in the township of Buckton, and parish of Bridlington; 3 miles from Bridlington.

BUGTHORPE, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Buckrose, and liberty of St. Peter; $6\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Pocklington, 12 from York.—Pop. 281. The Church, peculiar, is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Andrew, in the deanry of Buckrose, value, $\pounds 20*l.*$ p. r. 95*l.* Patron, the Prebendary of Bugthorpe.

BURDALE, *f. h.* in the township of Thixendale, and parish of Wharram-Percy; 4 miles from Sledmere, 10 from Malton.

BURLAND, *s. h.* in the township of Portington-with-Cavil, and parish of Eastrington; 2 miles from Howden, 10½ from Market-Weighton, 12 from South-Cave.

BURNBUTTS, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Watton; 6 miles from Driffield, 9 from Beverley.

BURNBY, a parish-town, in Wilton-Beacon division; 3 miles from Pocklington, 5 from Market-Weighton, 16 from York.—Pop. 95. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Giles, in the deanry of Harthill, value, $\text{£}7\text{l. } 15\text{s. } p. r. 98\text{l. } 19\text{s. } 6\text{d.}$ Patron, the Duke of Devonshire.—A part of Burnby is in the parish of Hayton.

BURSALL or **BURSHILL**, in the township and parish of Brandsburton; 9 miles from Beverley, 10 from Driffield.

BURSTWICK, in the township and parish of Skeckling-cum-Burstwick, south division of Holderness; 4 miles from Hedon, 8 from Patrington, 11 from Hull.—Pop. included in Skeckling.

BURTON or **HORNSEA BURTON**, 3 or 4 *f. h.* in the township and parish of Hornsea; 1½ mile from Hornsea.

BURTON-AGNES, a parish town in the wapentake of Dickering; (*the seat of Sir Francis Boynton, Bart.*) 6 miles from Bridlington and Driffield, 35 from York.—Pop. 321. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Martin, in the deanry of Dickering, value $20\text{l. } 6\text{s. } 3\text{d.}$ Patron, Rev. ——— Mills.

The family of the Boyntons is of very great antiquity; Bartholomew de Boynton, the first mentioned in the pedigree, died seized of the manor of Boynton, from whence the family were denominated; He lived in 1067. They appear to have come into possession of the manor of Barmston, their ancient seat in this Riding, by the marriage of Henry Boynton, Esq. tempt. Henry VII. The first Baronet was Sir Matthew Boynton, created in May, 1618. He served in parliament for the Borough of Hedon, in the reign of Charles I. and married Frances, the daughter of Sir Henry Griffith, of Burton-Agnes, Knight and Baronet; by that marriage the manor and estates of Burton came into the Boynton family, Sir Griffith Boynton, the third Baronet being resident there in 1725; the present Baronet being the sixth, was created in 1801. The house of Burton-Agnes was designed by Inigo Jones.

Here was born the Rev. William Dade, F. A. S. Rector of Barmston about the year 1740, where his father was then vicar. He had made a large and valuable collection of materials for the history and antiquities of Holderness, proposals for publishing of which, he had printed in 1783. Ill health, and variety of other perplexing engagements delayed the progress of the work; and he died at Barmston, after a short illness, August 2, 1790. See a father account of this respectable divine and antiquary, in—*Nichols' Literary Anecdotes*.

BURTON, BISHOP, a parish town in Hamsley-Beacon division of Harthill; (*Bishop-Barton Hall, the seat of Richard Watt, Esq. and nearly adjoining, is the seat of Francis Watt, Esq.*) 2¼ miles from Beverley, 6½ from South Cave, 7½ from Market Weighton, 26¾ from York.—Pop. 534. The Church is a vicarage dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Harthill, value $\text{£}5\text{l. } 6\text{s. } 8\text{d. } p. r. \text{£}90\text{l.}$ Patrons, the Dean and Chapter of York.

Christopher Wandesforde, Viscount Castlecomer, an upright statesman, was born here, in 1592, and died in 1640. His works were printed in 1777 and 1778, under the care of his great great grandson, Thomas Comber, L. L. D.

BURTON, CHERRY, a parish town in Hunsley-Beacon division, (*the seat of David Foulis, Esq.*) 2 $\frac{3}{4}$ miles from Beverley, 7 from Market Weighton, 11 from Driffeld, 27 from York.—Pop. 417. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Michael, in the deanry of Harthill, value 23*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* Patron, the Rev. Mr. Ramsden.

BURTON, CONSTABLE, (*the seat of Sir Thomas Constable, Bart.*) in the township of West Newton, and parish of Swine; 5 miles from Hedon, 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ from Hull, 14 from Beverley.

Constable Burton, or Burton Constable is so named," says Camden, "from the Lords of it, who by marriages are allied to very honourable families, and flourish in great splendour at this day. Robert of this family, as we find it in the book of Meaux Abbey, was one of the Knights of the Earl of Albermarle, who, being old and full of days, took upon him the cross, and went with King Richard to the Holy Land."—*Brit.*

The family had for several generations the title of Lords of Dunbar. The mansion is an ancient and magnificent fabric; the gallery, 113 feet long, is furnished with numerous family paintings, and a variety of mathematical instruments. Here is also an extensive library, and a good collection of natural curiosities.

BURTON-FLEMING or **NORTH-BURTON**, a parish town in the wapentake of Dickering; 3 miles from Hunmanby, 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ from Bridlington, 36 from York.—Pop. 300. The Church, by *Bacon* is styled a vicarage, discharged value 10*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* It is now a perpetual curacy, value \pm 70*l.* 18*s.* Patron, Humphrey B. Osbaldeston, Esq.

BURTON-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township of Stamford Bridge, East, and parish of Low Catton: 5 miles from Pocklington.

BURTON-PIDSEA, a parish town, in the middle-division of Holderness, liberty of St. Peter; 4 miles from Hedon, 8 from Patterington, 11 from Hull, 49 from York.—Pop. 378. The Church, peculiar, is a vicarage dedicated to St. Peter, in the deanry of Holderness, value \pm 6*l.* p. r. \pm 38*l.* 2*s.* Patrons, the Dean and Chapter of York.

BURYTHORPE, a parish town in the wapentake of Backrose; 4 miles from Malton, 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ from Sledmere, 14 from York.—Pop. 216. The Church is a rectory dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Buckrose, value \pm 16*l.* 16*s.* 3*d.* Patron, the King.

BUTTERWICK, in the parish of Foxholes, wapentake of Dickering; 5 miles from Sledmere, 9 from Driffeld, 10 from Bridlington, 12 from Scarborough.—Pop. 93. The Church is a perpetual curacy under Foxholes, in the deanry of Dickering, value p. r. \pm 60*l.* Patron, the Rev. Richard Sykes.

C

CAMERTON, in the parish of Paul, south division of Holderness; (*the seat of Edward Omblor, Esq.*) 3 miles from Hedon, 7 from Patterington, 11 from Hull.—Pop.

CARLTON, in the township of Aldborough, Carlton, and Fasham, and parish of Aldborough, middle division of Holderness; 7 miles from Hornsea, 8 from Hedon, 13 from Hull.—Pop. included in Aldborough.

- CARNABY**, a parish town, in the wapentake of Dickering; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Bridlington, $9\frac{1}{2}$ from Driffield, 41 from York.—Pop. 130. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. John the Baptist, in the deanry of Dickering, value $\pm 7l.$ 8s. $11\frac{1}{2}d.$ p. r. 40l. Patron, Sir William Strickland, Bart.
- CARR HOUSE**, *f. h.* in the township of Metham, and parish of Howden; 5 miles from Howden.
- CASTLE HILL**, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Sutton; 4 miles from Hull.
- CASTLEHOLMES**, *ham.* in the township and parish of Lawthorpe; 5 miles from Driffield.
- CATFOSS**, in the parish of Sigglethorne, north division of Holderness; $9\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Beverley, $12\frac{1}{4}$ from Driffield, 15 from Bridlington, $15\frac{1}{2}$ from Hull.—Pop. 49.
- CATTON, HIGH**, in the parish of Low Catton, Wilton-Beacon division of Harthill; 7 miles from Pocklington and York, 14 from Malton.—Pop. 198.
- CATTON, LOW**, a parish town, in Wilton-Beacon division of Harthill; 7 miles from Pocklington, $7\frac{1}{2}$ from York, 15 from Malton.—Pop. 177. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Harthill, value 21l. 12s. $8\frac{1}{2}d.$ Patron, the Earl of Egremont.
- CATWICK**, a parish town, in the north division of Holderness; (*the seat of Godfrey Park, Esq.*) $7\frac{3}{4}$ miles from Beverley, $12\frac{1}{2}$ from Driffield, 14 from Hull, 37 from York.—Pop. 190. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Michael, in the deanry of Holderness, value 10l. 5s. Patron, the King.
- CAVE, NORTH**, a parish town, in Hunsley-Beacon division of Harthill, a part in the liberty of St. Peter; (*Low Hall, the seat of the Rev. John Petch.*) 2 miles from South-Cave, 7 from Market-Weighton, 10 from Beverley, $11\frac{1}{2}$ from Howden, 14 from Hull, 25 from York.—Pop. 783. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Harthill, value $\pm 10l.$ 7s. 6d. Patron, Robert Christie Burton, Esq.
- CAVE, SOUTH**, a market and parish town, in Hunsley-Beacon division of Harthill, a part in the liberty of St. Peter; 8 miles from Market-Weighton, $9\frac{1}{2}$ from Beverley, $11\frac{1}{2}$ from Howden, 12 from Hull, $27\frac{1}{4}$ from York, from London *by Lincoln*, 186, *by York*, 226.—*Market*, Monday.—*Fairs*, Trinity-Monday, for horses, horned cattle and sheep.—*Principal Inn*, the Fox.—Pop. 885. The Church, erected in 1601, peculiar, is a vicarage, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Harthill, value $\pm 8l.$ p. r. 140l. Patron, Henry Gee Barnard, Esq. and in the same township and parish, is Cave Castle, the seat of that gentleman.

Cave South, is a small market and post-town, situated in a very pleasant tract of country. "There are in South Cave, a bailiwick, and two manors, viz. South Cave East-Hall, otherwise Faxfleet, and South Cave West-Hall, which were formerly divided, and held by the Harrisons, Danbys, Vavasours, Girlingtones, Washingtons, Idles, and Loyds. These manors, with their several estates, are now united, and belong to Henry Gee Barnard, Esq.

Cave Castle, situated in a small but pleasant park, with very large gardens

and extensive pleasure-grounds, &c. It is a large and noble structure, ornamented with a number of turrets, battlements, buttresses, &c. which give it an air of magnificence. It contains a valuable collection of pictures by the best masters. Among these is a portrait of general George Washington, the American Hero, whose great-grandfather, John Washington, lived here, and possessed part of the estate, but emigrated hence to America about the year 1657.—
BIGLAND.

CAVILE, in the parish of Easttrington, wapentake of Howdenshire; 2 miles from Howden, 12 from Selby and South Cave.—Pop. including Portington, 48, which being united form a township.

CAWKILL, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Watton; $6\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Driffield, $8\frac{1}{2}$ from Beverley, 13 from Pocklington.

CAYTHORPE, HIGH and LOW, 2 *f. h.* in the townships and parishes of Rudston and Boynton; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Bridlington.

CHEAPSIDES, extraparochial, in the wapentake of Howdenshire; $5\frac{1}{2}$ miles from South Cave, $6\frac{1}{2}$ from Howden.—Pop. 50.

CLEMENTHORPE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Blacktoft; 6 miles from Howden.

CLIFFE LONG, in the parish of Hemingborough, wapentake of Ouse and Derwent, liberty of Howdenshire; 3 miles from Selby, $7\frac{1}{2}$ from Howden, 14 from York, 16 from Pocklington.—Pop. 501.

CLIFFE, NORTH, in the parish of Sancton. Hunsley-Beacon division of Harthill; 3 miles from Market-Weighton, 5 from South Cave, 10 from Beverley.—Pop. 89.

CLIFFE, SOUTH, in the parish of North Cave, Hunsley-Beacon division of Harthill; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Market-Weighton, 5 from South Cave, 10 from Beverley.—Pop. 126. A Chapel of Ease to North Cave, .

CONSTABLE, BURTON.—*See Burton-Constable.*

CONISTON, in the parish of Swine, middle division of Holderness; 6 miles from Hedon and Hull, 9 from Beverley.—Pop. 137.

CORPS-LANDING, *ham.* in the township and parish of Hutton Cranswick; 6 miles from Driffield, 12 from Beverley.

COTHAM or COTTAM, in the parish of Langtoft, wapentake of Dickering, liberty of St. Peter; 5 miles from Driffield, 11 from Bridlington.—Pop. 16. A Chapelry to Langtoft.

COTTINGHAM, a parish town, in Hunsley-Bacon division of Harthill (*Cottingham Castle, the seats of Thomas Thompson, Esq. and William Watson Wilkinson, Esq.*) 5 miles from Hull, 6 from Beverley, 9 from South Cave, 35 from York.—Pop. 2,479. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Harthill, value p, r. †102*l.* Patron the Bishop of Chester.

Thomas Lord Wake of Lyddel, in 1322, founded a Monastery here, for black Canons, but not being able to procure a perpetual title, the monastery was removed in 1324 to Newton, since called *Alta Prima*, or *Haltemprice*, a hamlet, about a mile further to the south. Not the smallest vestige of it is to be seen; the site is occupied by a farmer, and is the property of the family of the Ellerkeres of Rishy.—*BURTON.*

Cottingham was formerly the seat and lordship of Robert de Stuteville, or Estoteville, who was descended from Robert Grundeboefe, a Norman Baron. William de Stuteville, his heir, being High Sheriff of the county in 1202, entertained King John at his house here, and about the same time obtained a licence from the same King to fortify it. The estates came by marriage to the Lords de Wake, and afterwards by a daughter of John de Wake, to Edmund, Earl of Kent,

from whom descended Joan, wife to Edward, the warlike Prince of Wales, who defeated the French in so many engagements. Thomas de Wake, in the 12th Edward II. obtained from that Prince, a grant for a weekly market, and two fairs annually, at Cottingham; and in the 1st of Edward III. he obtained a grant from that King to make a castle of his manor-house here, and to fortify it. Henry VIII. when on a visit at Hull, in 1541, hearing that Lord Wake of Cottingham, was married to an accomplished Lady, fixed a day for honouring them with his company; but the amorous monarch was disappointed of his visit; for his Lordship, less ambitious of the honour, than alarmed for the too probable consequence of such a compliment, on the eve of the visit, set fire to his castle, and burned it to the ground. This castle, then called *Baynard-Castle*, is now only to be discovered by its moat and ramparts of earth, which are appropriated to a market and private garden. This ancient castle covered two acres of ground, upon the site of which the manor-house was afterwards built. The old court-house is yet standing, and in which the court is always called.—CAMDEN.—TICKELL.

COTTINGWITH, EAST, in the parish of Aughton, Holme-Beacon-division of Harthill; $8\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Pocklington, 9 from Selby, 10 from Howden.—Pop. 308. A perpetual curacy with Aughton.

COTTINGWITH, WEST, in the township of Thorganby with West Cottingham and parish of Thorganby, wapentake of Ouse and Derwent; 8 miles from Selby, 10 from Howden, 11 from York.—Pop. included in Thorganby.

COTTNESS, in the parish of Howden, wapentake of Howdenshire; 4 miles from Howden, 12 from South Cave. Pop. 29.

COURTGARTH WATH, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Etton, Bainton-Beacon-division of Harthill; 4 miles from Market-Weighton, 7 from Beverley, 10 from Pocklington.

COWDEN or COLDEN GREAT, in the township of Cowdens-Ambo, and parish of Mappleton, north-division of Holderness; 10 miles from Hedon, 14 from Hull, 15 from Beverley, $17\frac{1}{2}$ from Driffield.—Pop. including Little-Cowden, 149, which being united are styled the township of Cowdens-Ambo.

COWDEN or COLDEN LITTLE, in the township of Cowdens-Ambo, and parish of Aldborough, north-division of Holderness; 9 miles from Hedon, 13 from Hull. The Church, a rectory, in the patronage of the King, is swallowed up by the sea, and the village is reduced to a few farm houses. Little-Cowden formerly contributed to the church of Mappleton, but is now annexed to Aldborough. There is a list of the Rectors distinct from the Vicars of Aldborough down to 1639.

COWLAM or COLDHAM, a parish town, in the wapentake of Buckrose; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Sledmere, $6\frac{1}{2}$ from Driffield, 26 from York.—Pop. 33. The Church is a rectory in the deanery of Buckrose, value £111. 11s. 3d. p. r. 30/. Patron, the Rev. Timothy Fish Foord Bowes.

From the numberless foundations that have been dug up here, there is every reason to suppose that this village has formerly been of much greater extent; this want of inhabitants and increased inclosures, have reduced the living to the small sum affixed.

CRANSWICK, in the township and parish of Hutton Cranswick, Bainton-Beacon-division of Harthill; 4 miles from Driffield, 9 from Beverley.

CROAM or **CROOM**, *ham.* in the township and parish of Sledmere, wapentake of Buckrose; $\frac{1}{2}$ a mile from Sledmere, $8\frac{1}{2}$ from Driffield.

CROWGARTH *f. h.* in the township of Beeford with Dringhoe, parish of Beeford; 7 miles from Driffield, 9 from Bridlington.

D

DALTON, NORTH, a parish-town, in Bainton-Beacon-division of Harthill; $7\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Driffield, 9 from Pocklington, $10\frac{1}{2}$ from Beverley, 22 from York.—Pop. 398. The Church, is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Harthill, value p. r 30*l*. Patrons, N. Micklethwaite, Esq. and Mrs. Mary Corthine.

DALTON, SOUTH, a parish-town, in Hunsley-Beacon division of Harthill; (*Dalton-House, the seat of Lord Hotham,*) 6 miles from Beverley and Market-Weighton, 11 from Driffield, 25 from York.—Pop. 277. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Harthill, value 12*l*. Patron, Lord Hotham.

Sometime in 1791, a ring belonging to Lady Dorothea Hotham, and by her favour allowed to be exhibited at the Society of Antiquaries, was ploughed up in a field near Dalton House. The stone set in it, is a species of the tri-coloured sardonix, and the impression on it, a very beautiful Janus' head. The characters round the ring are supposed to be old French.—*Archæol. vol. 12, p. 409.*

DANES-DALE, in the township and parish of Great-Driffield; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Great-Driffield, $10\frac{1}{2}$ from Bridlington.

Here are several tumuli, which have been distinguished from time immemorial by the appellation of Danes' Graves; Hence the name of the place. Here, in all probability, the Danes issuing from their fortified camp at Flamborough Head, fell victims to the valour of our ancestors.

DANTHORPE, in the parish of Humbleton, middle-division of Holderness; (*the seat of the late Sir Henry Etherington, Bart.*) 6 miles from Hedon, 12 from Hull, 19 from Beverley.—Pop. 52.

DEEPDALE, in the parish of Kirby-Underdale, wapentake of Buckrose; 9 miles from Malton, Sledmere, and Pocklington.

DEIGHTON, in the parish of Escrick, wapentake of Ouse and Derwent; $4\frac{3}{4}$ miles from York, 10 from Selby, 12 from Pocklington. Pop. 168.

At this place the Abbot of St. Mary's of York had one of his chief country seats.—**DRAKE.**

DEIGHTON-HILL, *f. h.* in the township of Deighton, and parish of Escrick; $4\frac{3}{4}$ miles from York.

DEMMING, *f. h.* in the township of Fraisthorpe, and parish of Carnaby; 4 miles from Bridlington, 8 from Driffield.

DICKERING, a wapentake, north east of York, is bounded on east by the German ocean, on the south, by the division of Bainton-Beacon and Holderness, on the west, by Buckrose, on the north, by the North-Riding. It contains one market-town, Bridlington, 47 townships, 27 of which are parishes, occupied by 16,461 inhabitants.

DIMLINGTON, *ham.* in the township and parish of Easington, south-division of Holderness; 6 miles from Pattrington.

DOTTRELL-COTTAGE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Wenverthorpe; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Sledmere.

DOTTRELL-INN, *p. h.* in the township and parish of Reighton; 5 miles from Bridlington.

DOWTHORPE-HALL, *f. h.* in the township of Ellerby, and parish of Swine; 7 miles from Hedon, $7\frac{1}{2}$ from Hull.

DREWTON, in the township of Drewton-with-Everthorpe, and parish of North-Cave, Hunsley-Beacon division of Harthill; 1 mile from South-Cave, 7 from Market-Weighton, 8 from Beverley. —Pop. including Everthorpe, 177.

DRIFFIELD, GREAT, a market and parish-town, in Bainton-Beacon division of Harthill, a part in the liberty of St. Peter; 8 miles from Sledmere, 12 from Bridlington, 13 from Beverley, 17 from Pocklington, 23 from Scarborough, 29 from York, from London *by Lincoln*, 199, *by York*, $227\frac{1}{2}$. —*Market*, Thursday —*Principal Inn*, Red Lion. —Pop. 2,303. The Church, peculiar, is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to All Saints, in the deanry of Harthill, value, *p. r.* including Little-Driffield, $\pm 120l.$ (Bacon styles it a vicarage discharged, valued at $7l. 10s. 2\frac{1}{2}d.$) Patron, the Precentor of York, as Prebendary of Driffield.

Great Driffield is a well-built market town, situate at the foot of the Wolds, and noted for the rise of the river Hull, proceeding from several springs which run in various courses in the town and neighbourhood, and forming some of the finest trout streams in the kingdom, and which, in the summer months bring many sporting nobility and gentry to the place. It has a navigable canal communicating with the port of Hull, which has been of great advantage to the place.

The church is partly of Saxon and partly of Gothic architecture, and exhibits a very antique appearance. The steeple of more modern date, is a light and elegant structure; and said to be built by one of the Hotham family. The work must have been attended with immense labour and expense, as the stone with which it was built, is not to be found at Driffield, nor within several miles of the place.

DRIFFIELD, LITTLE, in the parish of Great-Driffield, Bainton-Beacon division of Harthill, in part the liberty of St. Peter; 1 mile from Great-Driffield, 7 from Sledmere. —*No Market*. —*Fairs*, Easter-Monday, Whit-Monday, August 26, September 19, for horses, horned cattle, sheep, &c. —Pop. 75. A chapelry to Great-Driffield, dedicated to St. Peter.

Little Driffield is situated about a mile west of Great-Driffield: The parishes are now united. This place is famous for being the burial place of Alfred, king of Northumberland, who, after having been wounded in a bloody battle at Eberston, near Scarborough, was next day conveyed to Little-Driffield, where he died. The following is a copy of the inscription remaining upon a stone in the church. "In the chancel of this church lie the remains of Alfred King of Northumbria, who departed this life in the year 705."

The inscription on the south wall of the chancel is as follows—

Within this church lie the
Body of ALFRED KING,
of NORTHUMBERLAND,
who departed this life January 19th. Anno
Domini 705 in the xxth year
of his REIGN.
Statutum est omnibus
semel mori.

Little-Driffield is said to have been of some consideration in the time of the Anglo-Saxon Kings of Northumbria, and where they had a royal residence, though but little of its former grandeur now remains, the place being identified and united with the parish of Great-Driffield. In the neighbourhood many battles were fought, and several tumuli are now to be seen.

DRINGHOW, or **DRINKHOE**, in the township of Drinkhoe, Upton, and Brough, and parish of Skipsea, north-division of Holderness; $5\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Hornsea, 9 from Driffield, 10 from Bridlington, 14 from Beverley.—Pop. including Upton and Brough, 164, which, being united, form a township.

DRYPOOL, a parish-town, in the middle-division of Holderness; adjoins on the east-side of Hull.—Pop. 1409. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Peter, in the deanry of Holderness, value, p. r. +100*l*. Patron, William Wilberforce, Esq.

DUFFIELD, NORTH, in the parish of Skipwith, wapentake of Ouse and Derwent; 5 miles from Selby, $7\frac{1}{2}$ from Howden, 11 from York, 13 from Market-Weighton.—*No Market*.—*Fair*, May 4, for horned cattle and sheep—Pop. 433.

DUFFIELD, SOUTH, in the parish of Hemingbrough, wapentake of Ouse and Derwent, liberty of Howdenshire; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Selby, 8 from Howden. Pop. 181.

DUGGLEBY, in the parish of Kirby Grindalyth, wapentake of of Buckrose; 4 miles from Sledmere, 8 from Malton.—Pop. 154.

DUNCOATES, *s. h.* in the township of Kilpin, and parish of Howden; $2\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Howden.

DUNNINGTON, in the parish of Beeford, north-division of Holderness; 7 miles from Hornsea, 10 from Driffield, $10\frac{1}{2}$ from Bridlington, $13\frac{1}{2}$ from Beverley.—Pop. 76.

Here was formerly a chapel to Beeford: the foundation is all that at present remains. The chapel yard is still a separate inclosure and a burial ground.

DUNNINGTON, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Ouse and Derwent, liberty of St. Peter; (*the seat of J. Mortimer Baines, Esq.*) 4 miles from York, 9 from Pocklington, 16 from Selby.—Pop. 551. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. John the Baptist, in the deanry of Bulmer, value, 119*l*. Patron, the Earl of Egremont.

DUNSWELL or **BEER-HOUSES**, 2 *p. h.* in the township and parish of Cottingham; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Hull and Beverley.

E

EASINGTON, a parish-town in the south-division of Holderness; $5\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Patrington, $15\frac{1}{4}$ from Hedon, 24 from Hull, 62 from York.—Pop. 488. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Holderness, value ± 10 *l*. p. r. +48*l*. Patron, the Archbishop of York.

EASTBURN, *f. h.* a township in the parish of Kirkburn, Bainton-Beacon-division of Harthill; 3 miles from Great-Driffield, 12 from Beverley.—Pop. 12.

EASTON, 2 *f. h.* a township in the parish of Bridlington, wapentake of Dickering; 1 mile from Bridlington, 7 from Hunmanby.—Pop. 21.

EASTRINGTON, a parish-town in the wapentake of Howdenshire; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Howden, 10 from South-Cave, 14 from Market-Weighton, $23\frac{1}{2}$ from York.—Pop. 375. The Church, peculiar, is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Michael, in the deanry of Harthill, value $\pm 12l. 9s. 7d.$ Patron, the King.

In 1727, Mr. Joseph Hewsley of this place, endowed a Free School here, with land, for teaching the poor children of the parish to read and write: annual value in 1787, 20*l.*

EAST-THORPE, in the parish of Londesbrough, Holme-Beacon-division of Harthill; 2 miles from Market-Weighton, 6 from Pocklington, 10 from Beverley. Pop. included in Londesbrough.

EASTWOOD, *f. h.* in the township of Storeklawaite, and parish of Thornton, in Holme-Beacon-division of Harthill; 6 miles from Pocklington.

EDDLETHORPE, in the parish of Westow, wapentake of Buck-rose; 4 miles from Malton, 11 from Sledmere.—Pop. 62.

EIGHT-and-FORTY-HOUSES, in the township and parish of Blacktoft; 5 miles from South-Cave, 7 from Howden.

ELLA, WEST, in the parish of Ferriby, county of the town of Kingston-upon-Hull; (*the seat of the Rev. Richard Sykes.*) $5\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Hull, $7\frac{1}{4}$ from South Cave.—Pop. in 1811, 103.

Mr. Sykes' house is in the parish of Kirk-Ella. The village of West and Kirk-Ella being situated on an elevated situation, commands fine views of the and port of Hull, the Humber, and of the low country of Holderness.

ELLA, SOUTH, (*the seat of John Broadley, Esq.*) in the township and parish of Kirk-Ella; 5 miles from Hull.

ELLERBY, in the parish of Swine, middle-division of Holderness; 6 miles from Hedon, 8 from Hull and Beverley.—Pop. 233.

ELLERKER, in the parish of Brantingham, wapentake of Howdenshire; 1 mile from South-Cave, 8 from Market-Weighton, 14 from Hull.—Pop. 249. A Chapel of Ease to Brantingham.

ELLERTON, a parish-town, in Holme-Beacon division of Harthill; $8\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Pocklington, 9 from Howden, 12 from York. Pop. 318. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Harthill, value, p. r. $\pm 127l.$ Patron, Richard Bethell, Esq.

William Fitz-Peter, founded a Priory here for canons of the order of Semp-tingham or St. Gilbert, dedicated to the Virgin Mary and St. Lawrence, about the year 1221, valued at the dissolution in 1536, at 62*l.* 8*s.* 10*d.* DUGDALE. 78*l.* 0*s.* 10*d.* SPREN. It was surrendered by John Golding, the Prior, and four Friars. The site was granted in exchange to John de Aske, 33rd Henry VIII. DUGDALE. BURTON. The remains of this Priory are now used as a parish church, and in which are some flat stones covering the remains of the Monks, as appears by the inscriptions now nearly obliterated.

ELLOUGHTON, a parish-town, in Hunsley-Beacon division of Harthill, a part in the liberty of St. Peter; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from South-Cave, 11 from Beverley and Hull, 30 from York.—Pop. 283. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Harthill, value, $\pm 5l. 0s. 5d.$ p. r. 110*l.* Patron, the Prebendary of Wetwang.

ELMOTLANDS, 2 *f. h.* in the township and parish of North-Frod-ingham; 5 miles from Driffield, 10 from Beverley.

ELSTERNWICK, in the parish of Humbleton, middle-division of Holderness; 5 miles from Hedon, 11 from Hull, 19 from Beverley. Pop. 154. Here is a Chapel to Humbleton, consecrated temp. Henry VIII. and has right of Sepulture.

ELVINGTON, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Ouse and Derwent; (*Villa-House, the seat of Miss Cheape,*) 7 miles from York, 7½ from Pocklington, 15 from Selby.—Pop. 405. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to the Holy-Trinity, in the deanry of Bulmer, value, $\pounds 5l. 17s. 3\frac{1}{2}d.$ Patron, the King.

EMSWELL, in the parish of Great-Driffeld, Bainton-Beacon division of Harthill; 2 miles from Driffeld, 6 from Sledmere.—Pop. including Kelleythorpe, 93.

ENTHORPE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Lund; 4 miles from Market-Weighton, 8½ from Beverley.

EPPLEWORTH, 2 *f. h.* in the township and parish of Cottingham; 4½ miles from Beverley, 6 from Hull.

ERGHAM, or **ARGAM**, extraparochial, in the wapentake of Dickering; 4 miles from Hunmanby, 5 from Bridlington.—Pop. 35. It is a rectory, in the deanry of Dickering, value, $\pounds 2l. 13s. 4d.$ Patron, Thomas Grinston, Esq.

Ergham, given to the Abbey of Bardensey, was one of the chapels of Hunmanby, but continued a rectory, though it was endowed as a vicarage. The Church and living are both gone. The tenant of the farm pays tithe for 4*l.* per annum. No institution since 1605.

ESCRICK, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Ouse and Derwent; (*Escrick-Hall, the seat of Bielby Thompson, Esq.*) 6 miles from York, 8 from Selby, 12 from Pocklington.—Pop. 548. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Helen, in the deanry of Bulmer, value, $23l. 3s. 9d.$ Patron, Bielby Thompson, Esq.

Escrick gave the title of Baron to Sir Thomas Knivet, who had a seat here. He was gentleman of the privy chamber to King James I. and the person entrusted to search the vaults under the parliament house, where he discovered the thirty-six barrels of gunpowder, with the person who was to have fired the train. Sir Thomas dying without issue, the title of Lord Howard of Escrick was conferred upon Sir Edward Howard, son of Thomas Howard, Earl of Suffolk, who had married the eldest daughter and co-heir of Sir Henry Knivet.—CAMDEN.

ESKE, in the parish of St. John Beverley, north-division of Holderness; 4 miles from Beverley, 17 from Driffeld.—Pop. 18.

ETHERD WICK, *ham.* in the township of Aldborough, with Carlton and Fosham, and parish of Aldborough, middle-division of Holderness; 7 miles from Hedon, 11 from Hull.

ETTON, a parish-town, in Hunsley-Beacon division of Harthill; (*the seat of Sir Thomas Legard, Bart.*) 4 miles from Beverley, 7 from Market-Weighton, 10 from Driffeld, 26 from York.—Pop. 380. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Harthill, value, $20l. 9s. 4\frac{1}{2}d.$ Patron, the Archbishop of York.

EVERINGHAM, a parish-town, in Holme-Beacon division of Harthill; (*Everingham-Park, the seat of Wm. Constable Maxwell, Esq.*) 5 miles from Market-Weighton and Pocklington, 16 from York. Pop. 271. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Emeldis, in

the deanry of Harthill, value, $\pm 8l. 6s. 8d.$ Patron, the Rev. Wm. Alderson.

This village appears to have given name to a family of the same name, for we find that this manor was held by the Everinghams of the Archbishops of York, by the service of performing the office of butler in their house, on the day of the enthronization. The manor now belongs W. C. Maxivell, Esq.

In the mansion house, which is a large and lofty building of brick, of modern erection, with three fronts, is an excellent portrait of King Charles I. on horseback, by Vandyke, full size, and valued by connoisseurs at a thousand guineas. Adjoining is a Roman Catholic chapel, supported by the family.

EVERTHORPE, in the township of Drewton with Everthorpe, and parish of North-Cave, in Hunsley-Beacon division of Harthill; 2 miles from South-Cave, $6\frac{1}{2}$ from Market-Weighton, 9 from Beverley.—Pop. included with Drewton.

F

FAIRHOLME, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Swine; 7 miles from Hedon and Beverley, 8 from Hull.

FALCONER'S-HALL, (*the seat of the late Col. Thornton, unoccupied,*) in the township of Butterwick, and parish of Foxholes; 10 miles from Bridlington, 12 from Scarborough.

FANGFOSS, a parish-town, in Wilton-Beacon division of Harthill; (*the seat of Chomney Overend, Esq.*) 4 miles from Pocklington, 11 from York and Market-Weighton.—Pop. 151. The Church is a perpetual curacy, a peculiar of the Dean and Chapter of York, in the deanry of Harthill, value, *p. r.* 44*l.* 15*s.* 6*d.* Patron, the Dean of York.

FAXFLEET, in the parish of South-Cave, Hunsley-Beacon division of Harthill, and liberty of St. Peter; 5 miles from South-Cave, 9 from Howden.—Pop. 163.

FERRIBY, NORTH, a parish-town, in the county of the town of Kingston-upon-Hull; (*the seat of Henry Broadley, Esq.*) $4\frac{1}{4}$ miles from South-Cave, 8 from Hull, 31 from York.—Pop. in 1811, 315. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Harthill, value, $\pm 8l. 13s. 4d.$ Patron, Wm. Hall, Esq.

This town was formerly famous for a stately and magnificent priory, of the order of knights templars, founded by Lord Eustace Broomfleet de Vesci, in the reign of King John, anno 1200, as appears from an ancient manuscript formerly in the possession of the late Luke Lillingston, Esq. of North Ferriby, the owner of the priory. It was dissolved along with the lesser monasteries, in 1536, and valued at 95*l.* 11*s.* 7*d.* at the full rent, and 60*l.* 1*s.* 2*d.* clear of all payments. The site of this priory is said to have been in the possession of 100 different persons, in the space of no more than 130 years after its dissolution; which if true, is a circumstance so extraordinary, as perhaps scarcely to be paralleled. There is not the least vestige of this once venerable edifice remaining.—TICKELL'S HULL

—BURTON.

Here is a school founded in 1778, by the late Luke Lillingston, and endowed with 10*l.* per annum. for educating 12 poor children.—TICKELL.

FILEY.—See *North-Riding*, p. 37.

FIMBER, in the parish of Wetwang, wapentake of Buckrose, liberty of St. Peter; 4 miles from Sledmere, 7 from Driffield.—Pop. 104. Here is a Chapel of Ease to Wetwang.

FIRBY, in the parish of Westow, wapentake of Buckrose; (*the seat*

of the *Rev. Thomas Harrison*,) 6 miles from Malton, 11 from York and Sledmere.—Pop. 44.

FISHOLME, *f. h.* in the township of Brigham, and parish of Foston; $5\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Driffeld.

FITLING, in the parish of Humbleton, middle-division of Holderness; 8 miles from Hedon, 12 from Hull, 20 from Beverley.—Pop. 119.

In this village was born the late Rear Admiral Storr; he was first promoted to the command of a sloop of war in 1746, and advanced to be captain of the *Gloucester*, in 1748. He was one of the captains ordered out to the Mediterranean, in 1756, to take command of those ships on that station, whose captains had been ordered home to England to give evidence on the trial of Admiral Byng. The ship allotted him was the *Revenge*, in which ship he continued for a considerable length of time. He distinguished himself extremely in 1758, in the attack of the *Orphee*, a large French ship of war, mounting 64 guns; in this encounter he was wounded in the leg by a splinter, which tore away his calf. He again signalised himself in 1759, in the attack and defeat of *Conflans*. In 1779, he was advanced to be Rear Admiral of the White, and afterwards to the same rank in the Red squadron in 1780. He died at Bath in the year 1783. — *Charnock's Naval Biog. vol. vi.*

FIVELIN-NOOK, *s. h.* in the township of Bewholme, and parish of Nunkeeling; 7 miles from Hornsea.

FLAMBOROUGH, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Dickering; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Bridlington, 10 from Hummanby.—Pop. 917. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Oswald, in the deanery of Dickering, value, p. r. †85*l.* Patron, Walter Strickland, Esq.

This ancient village, formerly a place of some note, but now inhabited chiefly by fishermen, is remarkable for the promontary called Flamborough Head, which bends into the sea, and forms the bay of Bridlington. Saxon authors called it Flamburg, who say that Ida, the Saxon, landed here. The cliff is in some places three hundred feet high; and the whole of its perpendicular front, in moderate weather, is covered with myriads of hawks, gulls, guillimotes, kittiwakes, puffins, cormorants, and other sea birds, which afford to the spectator, as Dr. Goldsmith says “an agreeable entertainment; and as they sit upon the ledges of the rocks, one above another, with their white breasts forward, the whole group has not unaptly been compared to the view of an apothecary’s shop! In breeding too, they have frequent contests: one bird, who has no nest of her own, attempts to dispossess another, and puts herself in the place. This often happens among all the gull kind; and I have seen the poor bird, thus displaced by her more powerful invader, sit near the nest in pensive discontent, while the other seemed quite comfortable in her new habitation! Yet this place of pre-eminence is not easily obtained; for the instant the invader goes to snatch a momentary sustenance, the other enters upon her own, and always ventures another battle, before she relinquishes the justness of her claim!” When a gull is fired, all within reach of its terrifying sound, rush from their stations, rise on the wing, and darken the air to a great extent. At the west end of the town is a ruin called Danish tower; and from the mounds of earth around it, it would seem as if there had been some buildings contiguous to it. The tower, except one apartment, is nearly demolished. On the extreme point of the promontary is the new light house. The light is a revolving one, with three faces of seven reflectors each, and exhibits a face every two minutes.

FLINTON, in the parish of Humbleton, middle-division of Holderness; 6 miles from Hedon, 10 from Hull, 16 from Beverley.—Pop. 125.

FLIXTON, in the parish of Folkton, wapentake of Dickering; 4 miles from Hummanby, $7\frac{1}{2}$ from Scarborough,—Pop. 267.

In the reign of Athelstan, Achorne, Lord of Flixton, built an hospital for one alderman and fourteen brothers and sisters, at Flixton, for the preservation of people travelling that way, that they might not be devoured by wolves and other wild beasts, then abounding there, &c.—**DUGDALE.** A certain portion of land in this vicinity, is still distinguished by the name of Wolf-land, and on the spot where the hospital stood, is now a farm house, called Spital.

FLOTMANBY, EAST, in the township and parish of Folkton; 2½ miles from Hunmanby, 7 from Scarborough.

FLOTMANBY, WEST, in the township and parish of Folkton; 3½ miles from Hunmanby, 6½ from Scarborough.

FOGGATHORPE, in the parish of Bubwith, Holme-Beacon division of Harthill; 6 miles from Howden, 8 from Market-Weighton, 10 from Selby.—Pop. 137.

FOLKTON, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Dickering; 3 miles from Hunmanby, 8½ from Scarborough, 12½ from Bridlington, 35 from York.—Pop. 144. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. John the Evangelist, in the deanry of Dickering, value, 15*l.* Patron, H. B. Osbaldeston, Esq. It contains both a rectory and vicarage; the rector being proprietor of the vicarage.

FORDUN, in the parish of Hunmanby; 4 miles from Hunmanby, 9 from Bridlington, 12 from Scarborough.—Pop. 48. Here is a Chapel of Ease to Hunmanby.

In this chapel service is only performed twice a year, viz. on Good Friday, and the Feast of St. Stephen.

FOSHAM, or **FOSHOLME**, in the township of Aldborough, Carlton, and Fosham, and parish of Aldborough, middle-division of Holderness; 6 miles from Hedon, 10 from Hull, 14 from Beverley.—Pop. included in Aldborough.

FOSTON, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Dickering; 6 miles from Driffield, 11 from Bridlington, 35 from York.—Pop. 300. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Andrew, in the deanry of Dickering, value, ± 15 *l.* 8*s.* 6½*d.* p. r. 36*l.* Patron, W. Wright, Esq.

FOXHOLES, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Dickering; (*the seat of the Rev. Richard Sykes*) 6 miles from Hunmanby, 10 from Driffield, 11¼ from Scarborough, 32 from York.—Pop. 169. The Church is a rectory, in the deanry of Dickering, value, 22*l.* Patron, the Rev. Richard Sykes.

FRAISTHORPE, in the parish of Carnaby, wapentake of Dickering; 4½ miles from Bridlington, 9½ from Driffield, 11½ from Hornsea.—Pop. 61. The Church is a perpetual curacy, value, p. r. 27*l.* Patron, Walter Strickland, Esq.

FRIDAYTHORPE, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Buckrose, a part in the liberty of St. Peter; 5½ miles from Sledmere, 9 from Pocklington, 10 from Driffield, 18½ from York.—Pop. 275. The Church, peculiar, is a vicarage, in the deanry of Buckrose, value, ± 4 *l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* p. r. 100*l.* Patron, the Prebendary of Wetwang.

FRODINGHAM, NORTH, a market and parish-town, in the north-division of Holderness; 6 miles from Driffield, 12 from Bridlington, 13 from Beverley, 35 from York.—*Market*, Thursday.—*Fairs*, July 10, and October 2, for toys, pedlary-ware, &c.—Pop. 575.

The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Elgin, in the deanry of Holderness; value, $\pm 5l$. Patron, the Rev. Francis Drake, D. D.
FRODINGHAM, SOUTH, a township, in the parish of Owthorne, south-division of Holderness; 4 miles from Patrington, 10 from Hedon.—Pop. 71.

FULFORD, GATE, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Ouse and Derwent; (*the seat of Thomas Wilson, Esq.*) $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from York, $13\frac{1}{2}$ from Selby and Pocklington.—Pop. of Gate-Fulford, 710.—Barracks, 102.—Water-Fulford, 35.—Total, 847.—The two Fulfords being united, form the township of 'Fulfords-Ambo.' The Church is a perpetual curacy, in the deanry of Bulmer, value, p. r. $\pm 115l$. Patron, Thomas Key, Esq.

Here, in 1066, Harold Harfager, king of Norway, defeated the Northumbrians, and took York, commanded by Morchar, the governor of York, and Edwin, Earl of Chester.—**DRAKE**.

The Quakers Retreat, an Asylum for Lunatics, and York Barracks, are in this township.

FULFORD, WATER, in the township of Fulfords-Ambo, and parish of Gate-Fulford, wapentake of Ouse and Derwent, a part in the liberty of St. Peter; (*the seat of Thomas Key, Esq.*) $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from York, $12\frac{1}{2}$ from Selby.

FULL-SUTTON.—*See Sutton, Full.*

G

GALLY-GAP, f. h. in the township of Howsham, and parish of Scrayingham; 6 miles from Malton.—Pop. 34.

GANGSTEAD, in the parish of Swine, middle-division of Holderness; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Hedon, 5 from Hull, 12 from Beverley.—Pop. 61.

GANTON, or GALMPTON, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Dickering; (*Ganton-Hall, the seat of Sir Thomas Legard, Bart.*) 1 mile from Hunmanby, 10 from Scarborough, 16 from Bridlington, 31 from York.—Pop. including Potter-Brompton, 278, which being united, form a township. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Michael, in the deanry of Dickering, value, p. r. 150*l*. *Bacon* styles it a discharged vicarage, valued at *5l. 2s. 6d.* Patron, Sir Thomas Legard, Bart.

The family of Legards is of Norman extraction, who became possessed of the lordship of Anlaby, near Hull, in 1100, by the marriage of the heiress of that estate. The first of the family that settled here, was John, commonly distinguished by the name of John de Ganton, a younger son of Ralph Legard of Anlaby, Esq. His great grandson, John Legard, Esq. was created a Baronet in 1660, and died at Ganton in 1768: his family have flourished here ever since. In the church there are several monuments and a vault belonging to this family.—*Hist. Scarb.*

GANTON-DALE INN, in the township and parish of Ganton; 11 miles from Scarborough, 12 from Driffield, 14 from Bridlington.

A posting-house on the road from Driffield to Scarborough.

GANWICK, or GANNOCK, f. h. in the township and parish of Hutton-Cranswick; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Driffield.

GARRABY, 3 h. in the parish of Kirby-Underdale, and wapentake of Buckrose; (*the seat of Sir Francis Lindley Wood, Bart.*) 6 miles

from Pocklington, 10 from Driffield, $11\frac{1}{2}$ from Sledmere, 13 from York.—Pop. included in Kirby-Underdale.

GARRABY-NEW-INN, in the township and parish of Bishop-Wilton; 12 miles from York and Sledmere.

GARTON-UPON-THE-WOLDS, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Dickering, a part in the liberty of St. Peter; 3 miles from Driffield, 5 from Sledmere, 15 from Bridlington, $16\frac{1}{2}$ from Malton, 29 from York.—Pop. 357. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Michael, in the deanry of Dickering, value, $\pm 5\text{ }l. 6\text{ }s. 8\text{ }d. p. r. +110\text{ }l.$ Patron, the King.

GARTON, a parish-town, in the middle-division of Holderness; 9 miles from Hedon, $9\frac{1}{2}$ from Hornsea, 13 from Hull, 20 from Beverley, 49 from York.—Pop. 160. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Michael, in the deanry of Holderness, value, $\pm 6\text{ }l. 1\text{ }s. 0\frac{1}{2}\text{ }d. p. r. +114\text{ }l. 7\text{ }s. 2\frac{1}{2}\text{ }d.$ Patron, the King.

The family of the Lords Dunbar had formerly a seat here, called Garton Blue Hall, now converted into a farm house.

GEMBLING, in the parish of Foston, wapentake of Dickering; 6 miles from Driffield, 11 from Bridlington.—Pop. 87.

GILBERDIKE, in the parish of Eastington, wapentake of Howdenshire; $5\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Howden, $6\frac{1}{2}$ from South-Cave.—Pop. 640.

GILRIDDING, *f. h.* in the township of Naburn, and parish of St. Dennis, York, wapentake of Ouse and Derwent; 4 miles from York, $9\frac{1}{2}$ from Pocklington.

GIVENDALE, GREAT, a parish-town, in Wilton-Beacon division of Harthill, liberty of St. Peter; 3 miles from Pocklington, 10 from Market-Weighton, 14 from York.—Pop. 60. The Church, peculiar, is a vicarage, in the deanry of Harthill, value, $\pm 4\text{ }l. 18\text{ }s. 4\text{ }d.$ Patron, the Dean of York.

GIVENDALE, LITTLE, 2 *f. h.* in the township and parish of Great-Givendale; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Pocklington.

GOODMANHAM, a parish-town, in Holme-Beacon division of Harthill, a part in the liberty of St. Peter; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Market-Weighton, 6 from Pocklington, 20 from York.—Pop. 240. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Harthill, value, $12\text{ }l. 11\text{ }s. 8\text{ }d.$ Patron, the Rev. John Clark.

Goodmanham, a Saxon village, anciently written Godmondingaham, was once the famous place of idol worship, which was destroyed by Coifi, the high priest of the Pagan religion at York, when Edwin, King of Northumberland was converted to christianity. The present church, built by Paulinus, which exhibits such exquisite specimens of the architecture prevalent in the Anglo-Saxon ages, "in all probability," says *Drake*, "stands on the very site of the ancient pagan temple; the ground will well allow for it, being a fine sloping dry hill." Particular account of this ancient place is to be met with in *Drake*, *Canden*, and the *Antiquarian Itinerary*, vol. 1. in the latter, no less than five views, interior and exterior are given.

Dr. Stukeley informs us, "that Paulinus built Goodmanham church, (of which he says, he took a drawing,) where the original font is, in which he baptized the heathen high priest, Coifi."—*Archæologia*. A particular account of this font is given in the *Antiquarian Itinerary*, but too long for our insertion; we shall therefore content ourselves with observing that this account is at variance with Dr. Stukeley's, and we think upon reasonable grounds.

GOWTHORPE, *f. h.* in the township of Goulthorpe, and parish of

Bishop-Wilton, Wilton-Beacon division of Harthill, liberty of St. Peter; 4 miles from Pocklington.

GOWTHORPE, *s. h.* in the township and parish of Blacktoft; 8 miles from Howden, 9 from South-Cave.

GOXHILL, a parish-town, in the north-division of Holderness; 3 miles from Hornsea, 12 from Beverley, 14 from Driffield, 15 from Hull, 41 from York.—Pop. 70. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Giles, in the deanry of Holderness, value, $\pm 8l.$ Patron, the Rev. C. Constable.

GRANGE-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Humbleton; 4 miles from Hedon, 9 from Hull.

GRANSMOOR, or **GRANSMERE**, in the parish of Burton-Agnes, wapentake of Dickerling; 7 miles from Driffield, 8 from Bridlington.—Pop. 85.

GREEN-OAK, *ham.* in the township of Bellasize, and parish of Eastrington; 4 miles from Howden.

GREENWICK, *s. h.* in the township and parish of Bishop-Wilton; 5 miles from Pocklington, 14 from York and Malton.

GRIBTHORPE, in the parish of Bubwith, Holme-Beacon division of Harthill; 5 miles from Howden. 9 from Market-Weighton.—Pop. including Willitof, 146, which being united, form a township.

GRIMSTON, (extraparochial) wapentake of Ouse and Derwent, a part in the liberty of St. Peter; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from York, 10 from Pocklington, 15 from Selby, $15\frac{3}{4}$ from Market-Weighton.—Pop. 72.

GRIMSTON, in the parish of Garton and Roose, middle-division of Holderness; (*Grimston-Garth, the seat of Charles Grimston, Esq.*) 10 miles from Hedon, 14 from Hull, 21 from Beverley.

This mansion is a superb structure, of a castellated form, and although of modern erection, displays in its architecture much of the ancient style of baronial magnificence; being one of the most elevated situations in Holderness, it is both a very conspicuous object, and commands a variety of extensive and magnificent prospects.—**BIGLAND.**

The family of Grimstons is one of the few in the county, that reside on the estate from which they are denominated. This family is descended from *Sylvester de Grimston, of Grimston*, who attended William, Duke of Normandy, in his expedition to England as his standard bearer, and in that station, valiantly fought at the battle of Hastings; and in the year following, on the conqueror settling his household, he was appointed his chamberlain, and did homage for Grimston, Hoxton, Tonsted, and other lands, which he held of the Lord Roos, in Holderness, as of his honour of Roos; he was succeeded at Grimston by his son Daniel. The present Grimstons are descendants.—*Collins' Peerage.*

GRIMSTON-HANGING, *ham.* in the township and parish of Kirby-Underdale, wapentake of Buckrose; 8 miles from Pocklington, 9 from Sledmere.

GRIMSTON, NORTH, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Buckrose, a part in the liberty of St. Peter; 4 miles from Malton, 8 from Sledmere, $15\frac{1}{2}$ from Driffield, 20 from York.—Pop. 139. The Church, peculiar, is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Nicholas, in the deanry of Buckrose, value, $\pm 6l. 6s. 8d.$ Patron, the Prebendary of Langtoft.

GRIMTHORPE, in the parish of Great-Givendale, Wilton-Beacon

division of Harthill, and liberty of St. Peter; 3 miles from Pocklington, 9 from Market-Weighton, 15 from York.—Pop. 29.

GRINDALL, or **GRINDALE**, in the parish of Bridlington, wapentake of Dickering, and liberty of St. Peter: 4 miles from Bridlington, 4½ from Hunmanby.—Pop. 107. The Church is a perpetual curacy, value, p. r. 95*l*. Patron, John Greame, Esq.

GROVE-HILL, 2 *f. h.* and a mill, in the township and parish of St. Nicholas, Beverley; 1 mile from Beverley, 9 from Hull.

Grovelill was originally a landing place for goods from the river Hull, and so used, it is said, during the time of the Romans. It has lately been a ship-yard, and has become of no use as a landing place since the Beck was cut from the river to Beverley.—~~Gravelly~~

GUNBY, in the township of Brighton with Gunby, and parish of Bubwith, Holme-Beacon division of Harthill; 7 miles from Selby and Howden.—Pop. included in Brighton.

This place, formerly Guneby, was given by William the conqueror to his standard bearer, Gilbert Tyson; it afterwards gave surname to the family, from it called De Guneby, which resided here for many generations, in the 13th and 14th centuries. The old mansion house was taken down about 50 years ago.

II

HAGTHORPE, *f. h.* in the township of Brackenholme-with-Woodhall, and parish of Hemingbrough, and liberty of Howdenshire; 5 miles from Selby, 6½ from Howden.

HALLITREE-HOLME, *f. h.* in the township of Hempbolme, and parish of Leven; 9 miles from Driffield.

HALSHAM, a parish-town, in the south-division of Holderness; 3½ miles from Patrington, 7 from Hedon, 15 from Hull, 53 from York.—Pop. 315. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Holderness, value, 13*l*. 6*s*. 8*d*. p. r. 30*l*. Patron, Sir Thomas Constable, Bart.

Sir John Constable, knight, in 1579, left by will, a rent charge for a free school, &c. to 8 poor scholars, and for an hospital for 8 poor men and 2 poor women; annual produce, 80*l*. subject to deductions for repairs. A rent charge of 10*l*. per annum was also left by Catharine Constable, in 1590, towards maintaining one poor scholar for seven years, who shall have been brought up in the free school, at the time he shall be sent to Trinity College, Oxford. It has never been paid, nor was any scholar ever sent previous to 1786.

Here was commenced in 1791, and finished in 1800, by the late William Constable, Esq. a superb mausoleum, as a burying place for that family. It stands on a gently rising ground, surrounded with a plantation of beautiful trees and shrubs, and displays in the unadorned, but elegant style of its architecture, a simple kind of magnificence, which at once appears striking to the eye, and appropriate to the use for which the structure is designed.—BIGLAND.

HALTEMPRICE, in the township and parish of Cottingham; 4½ miles from Hull and Beverley.

Thomas, Lord Wake of Liddel, founded a monastery here about the year 1324, (originally begun at Cottingham, in 1322) for canons of the order of St. Austin, or black canons, and dedicated it in honour of the nativity of our blessed Saviour, the annunciation of the Virgin Mary, and the exaltation of the Holy Cross, though generally distinguished by the latter. John de Meaux of Berwick, anno 1361, gave to the Prior and convent of this house, his manor of Willardby, &c. (conditionally) for six canons to celebrate for the souls of him and his ancestors, matins, mass, vespers, and complin, &c. About the time of

the dissolution, herein were a Prior and 11 or 12 black canons, who were endowed with 178*l.* 0*s.* 10½*d.* SPEED. 100*l.* 0*s.* 2½*d.* DUGDALE. The site was granted 32nd Henry VIII. to Thomas Culpepper,—BURTON.—DUGDALE.

HARTLETHORPE, in the parish of Bubwith, Holme-Beacon division of Harthill; 7 miles from Howden, 9 from Selby and Market-Weighton.—Pop. 53.

HARTHILL, a wapentake, which is divided into four divisions, viz. Bainton, Holme, Hunsley, and Wilton-Beacon, each of which may be considered a separate wapentake: Harthill is bounded on the east by Holderness, on the south by the river Humber and Howdenshire, on the west by Ouse and Derwent, and on the north by Buckrose and Dickering. It comprehends a large portion of what is called the *Wolds*; and each division contains the following number of townships, parishes, &c.—*Bainton-Beacon*, 26 townships, 14 of which are parishes, 1378 inhabited-houses, and 7730 inhabitants.—*Holme-Beacon*, 25 townships, 12 of which are parishes, 8570 inhabitants.—*Hunsley-Beacon*, 34 townships, 19 of which are parishes, 19,527 inhabitants.—*Wilton-Beacon*, 26 townships, 14 of which are parishes, 1202 inhabited-houses, and 6372 inhabitants.

HARPHAM, in the parish of Burton-Agnes, and wapentake of Dickering; 6 miles from Driffield, 7½ from Bridlington.—Pop. 254. A Chapel of Ease to Burton-Agnes.

In this chapel, the honourable family of the St. Quintins have a vault, and in it are several inscriptions commemorative of the chiefs of this house, from Sir Herbert St. Quintin, who came from France into this country, at the time of the conquest, to Sir William St. Quintin, Bart. who in his life time erected an elegant monument in this church, where his bones, with those of his consort repose. He also repaired and embellished the church.—BIGLAND.

At this small village tradition says, the celebrated St. John of Beverley, Archbishop of York, was born; but where educated is uncertain, although he is said to have been a student at Oxford. He embraced the monastic life, and was brought up under St. Hilda, the famous Abbess of Whitby, then under Theodore, the fifth Archbishop of Canterbury, who preferred him to the bishoprick of Hexham, from whence in 687, he was translated to York. He founded a college at Beverley, (where some say he first drew breath) and was a great encourager of learned men. Having filled the See with honour 34 years, he retired to his own college at Beverley, where he died, May 7, 721, and was buried in the porch belonging to that college.—DRAKE. A well of excellent water, near the east end of the village, called St. John's well, commemorates the name of that pious prelate.

HARSWELL, a parish-town, in Holme-Beacon division of Harthill; 5 miles from Market-Weighton, 6 from Pocklington, 17 from York.—Pop. 78. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Peter, in the deanry of Harthill, value, 4*l.* p. r. 103*l.* Patron, Sir Thomas Slingsby, Bart.

HASHOLME, *s. h.* in the township and parish of Holme-on-Spalding-Moor; 7 miles from Howden, 8 from Market-Weighton.

HATFIELD, GREAT, in the parishes of Mappleton and Siggles-thorne, north-division of Holderness; 3½ miles from Hornsea, 11 from Beverley, 12 from Hull, 15 from Driffield.—Pop. 127.

The church or chapel which was formerly here, is now wholly dilapidated, but the burial ground is still used for the inhabitants of both Mappleton and Siggles-thorne.

HATFIELD, LITTLE, in the parish of Sigglesthorne, north-division of Holderness; 3 miles from Hornsea, 10 from Beverley, 13½ from Hull, 16 from Driffield.—Pop. 25.

HAY-HOLME, *f. h.* in the township of Hempholme, and parish of Leven; 7 miles from Driffield, 9 from Beverley.

HAYSTHORPE, in the parish of Burton-Agnes, and wapentake of Dickering; 3½ miles from Bridlington, 8½ from Driffield.—Pop. 109.

HAYTON, a parish-town, in Holme-Beacon division of Harthill; 2½ miles from Pocklington, 4 from Market-Weighton, 13 from York.—Pop. 177. The Church, peculiar, is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Martin, in the deanry of Harthill, value, £7*l.* 11*s.* 0½*d.* Patron, the Dean of York.

HEDON, a parish and market-town, in the middle-division of Holderness, and liberties of Hedon and St. Peter; 8 miles from Hull, 10 from Patrington, 15 from Hornsea, 46 from York, 182 from London.—*Market, Saturday.*—*Fairs*, January 15, August 2, Sept. 22, for horses, &c.; Nov. 7, Dec. 6, for horned-cattle, drapery, &c. and every other Monday for horned-cattle and sheep.—*Principal Inns*, Sun, and Running Horses.—Pop. *See Addend.* The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Augustin, in the deanry of Holderness, value, *p. r.* †117*l.* Patron, Sub-Dean of York. It is held with the vicarage of Preston.

Of this town and its ancient state, Camden makes the following remarks: "the first place we come to on a winding shore is Hedon, which formerly (if we believe fame, that always magnifies) was a very considerable place for merchants and shipping. For my part I have faith enough to believe it, (there being the remains of two churches, besides the one they still have,) notwithstanding it is now so decayed, (partly by its nearness to Hull, and partly because the harbour is blocked up) that it has not the least shew of the grandeur it pretends to have had; which may teach us, that the condition of towns and cities is every jot as unstable as that of man." King John granted to Baldwin, Earl of Abbeisle and Holderness, and to his wife Hawis, free burghage here, so that the burgesses might hold in free burghage by the same customs with York, &c.—Nienol.

In St. Austins, the present church, are the pictures of a king and a bishop, with this inscription, (much the same as that which we meet with at Beverley:)

"Als free make I thee,
As heart may think or eigh see."

At present the town begins to flourish again and has some hopes of attaining by degrees its former greatness. The old haven near the town, being grown up, there is a new cut made on the south-east, which helps to scour that part of the haven now left, but without any hopes of rendering it so useful as formerly. In the year 1656, a great part of the town was consumed by fire; and not many years since, several houses in the market-place, suffered the same fate; but now the greatest part is rebuilt, and the town thereby rendered much more beautiful. The inhabitants have a tradition, that the Danes destroyed this town; and there is a close belonging to it, called Danes field to this day.

The present town of Hedon consists principally of one long street, and is governed by a mayor and nine aldermen, assisted by a recorder, and 2 bailiffs. It sends 2 members to Parliament, a privilege first granted in the 23rd of Edward I. but ceased till the first of Edward VI. from which time it has returned. The right of election is in the burgesses of the borough, whose privileges are gained by descent, by servitude of seven years to a freeman residing only in the borough, or by an honorary gift, at the discretion of the chief officers for the time being. Number of voters about 200, returning officer, the mayor.

Hedon is situated within about a mile and a half of the Humber, and the haven cut from that river extends to within a $\frac{1}{4}$ of a mile of the town; but is navigable only for small craft.

HELPERTHORPE, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Buckrose; 4 miles from Sledmere, 9 from Driffield, 24 from York.—Pop. 157. The Church, peculiar, is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Peter, in the deanry of Buckrose, value, $\frac{1}{4}$ 4*l.* 19*s.* 7*d.* p. r. 120*l.* Patron, the Dean and Chapter of York.

HEMMINGBROUGH, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Ouse and Derwent: 4 miles from Selby, 5 from Howden, 15 from York, 16 from Pocklington.—Pop. 500. The Church, peculiar, is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Bulmer, value, p. r. $\frac{1}{4}$ 96*l.* Patron, the King.

Hemingbrough is remarkable for its church, which has a beautiful spire, rising 42 yards above the battlements, and forming a conspicuous object in this low and level country; and for there having been, according to Dr. Stukeley, a Roman fort at this place, which is indeed very probable, if not demonstrable, from part of an old wall on each side of the great west door of the church, of a style and grit different from all the rest. The situation too, of this wall greatly contributes to corroborate this assertion; for we find that the Romans were careful to have their camps and forts placed near a river, upon a neck of land, to command the passage, or conveyance by water. Such is the situation of this place.—**BURTON**. King Edward I. in anno 1295, granted to the Prior of St. Cuthbert, at Durham, a charter for a free market and fair at Hemingbrough.—**IBID.**

Henry VI. in 1426, granted his royal licence to the Prior and Convent of Durham, to erect, or cause this church to be erected into a college, consisting of one provost or warden, 3 prebendaries, 6 vicars and 6 clerks, with other ministers, to celebrate divine service for the good estate of himself.—**IBID.**

After the dissolution, William Whitehead, the last provost, had a pension of 13*l.* 14*s.* 6*d.* per ann. which he enjoyed in 1553.—**IBID.**

HEMPHOLME, in the parish of Leven, north-division of Holderness; 8 $\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Driffield, 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ from Beverley, 15 from Bridlington, 17 from Hull.—Pop. 93.

HESLERTON, EAST, in the parish of West-Heslerton, and wapentake of Buckrose; 8 miles from Sledmere, 9 from Malton.—Pop. 196. A Chapel of Ease to West-Heslerton.

HESLERTON, WEST, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Buckrose; (*the seat of John Robinson, Foulis, Esq.*) 8 miles from Malton, 9 from Sledmere, 26 from York.—Pop. 273. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Andrew, in the deanry of Buckrose, value, 21*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* Patron, the King.

HESLINGTON, in the parish of St. Lawrence, York, wapentake of Ouse and Derwent, a part in the liberty of St. Peter; (*the seat of Henry Farburgh, Esq.*) 2 miles from York, 11 $\frac{1}{2}$ from Pocklington.—Pop. 513. The Chapel, peculiar, is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Peter and St. Paul, in the deanry of Bulmer, value, p. r. 48*l.* 2*s.* Patron, the Prebendary of Ampleworth.

This ancient seat is situated about two miles south-west from the city of York, and above ten miles from the town of Pocklington. As a building, the Mansion is a remarkably fine specimen of the age of Elizabeth, having remained with little alteration; the ornamented Porch, ascended by steps, leads to the Hall, in length 41 feet; width, 21 feet; height, 28 feet; which has the appearance of much antiquity, and greatly resembles the hall of a college. At the lower end is a screen of oak, handsomely carved. On each side are placed two

large oak tables. The roof is particularly admired for its elegant and elaborate workmanship. There are upwards of 60 different shields arranged on wainscot panels round the hall, with the family arms and entermarriages up to the present time. The family is of great antiquity, dating its origin in this country; from the period of the Norman Conquest, commencing with Eustachius, Lord of Yarbrough, in the county of Lincoln, in the year 1066. Beyond the hall, in which are several Royal as well as family Portraits, by *Vandyke, Kneller, and Lely*, &c. is a drawing-room; 30 feet long, corresponding in style with the hall, and adjoining are several other apartments, and formerly a gallery 108 feet in length. All these appear to have been arranged as a suite of state apartments for the reception of Queen Elizabeth, under the direction of her Chancellor, had her Majesty visited the north.

HESSLESKEW-GRANGE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Sancton; 4 miles from Market-Weighton.

HESSLE, a parish town in Hullshire; 5 miles from Hull, $7\frac{1}{2}$ from South-Cave, 9 from Beverley, 35 from York.—Pop. *see Addenda*. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Hartbill, value 10*l.* 7*s.* 1*d.* Patron, the King.—In the same township is

HESSLEWOOD-HOUSE. (*the seat of Joseph Robinson Percé, Esq; and Hessle-Mount, the seat of James Kiero Watson, Esq.*)

HILDERTHORPE, *few f. h.* in the township of Hilderthorpe-with-Wilsthorpe, and parish of Bridlington; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Bridlington; 13 from Great-Driffild.—Pop. including Wilsthorpe, 51.

HILSTON, a parish-town, in the middle-division of Holderness; 7 miles from Patrington, 9 from Hedon, 13 from Hornsea, 14 from Hull, 52 from York.—Pop. 39. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Margaret, in the deanry of Holderness; value, 45*l.* p. r. 459*l.* Patron, the Rev. Christopher Sykes.

HIVE, formerly **HYTHE**, *ham.* in the township of Gilberdike, and parish of Eastrington; 5 miles from Howden, 8 from South-Cave.

HOLDERNESS, a wapentake and seigniory, over which Sir Thomas Constable, Bart. is lord and chief bailiff. It is divided into three divisions or chief constaberies, middle, north, and south, each of which may be considered as separate wapentakes, and contain the following number of townships, parishes, &c. *viz.* *Middle Division*; 36 townships, 15 of which are parishes, 11,942 inhabitants.—*North Division*, 30 townships, 18 of which are parishes, 7577 inhabitants.—*South Division*, 22 townships, 14 of which are parishes, including Sunk Island, 7,007 inhabitants.

Holderness is bounded on the east by the German ocean, on the south, by the Humber; on the west, by the divisions of Hunsley and Bainton-Beacon; and on the north, by the wapentake of Dickering. Although the general surface of this district, viewed from the Wolds, appears low and flat, when examined upon the spot, it is found to possess a surface capable of being made dry, and every part of it adapted to the purposes of cultivation. The drainages in this district since the year 1762 have been very extensive, and though effected at an immense expense, not less than 190,000*l.* have proved very beneficial to the country. The seignory of Holderness was given by the Conqueror to Drew de Bruer, a Fleming, on whom William bestowed his niece in marriage; it was afterwards given to Odo de Campania, who had married the King's sister; at his death it devolved upon his son Stephen, whom the King created Earl of Albermarle and Holderness; and after passing through various hands, we find it, in 1682;

in the family of the Coniers, Lord Darcy and Coniers, created Earl of Holderness by King Charles II.; in that family it continued many years, and now belongs to Sir Thomas Constable, Bart. for whom the town of Hedon is obliged to find a prison for such malefactors as are taken in this liberty, till they can be sent to the castle of York; and an hall to hold therein a court, called the wapentake court for the trial of actions under 40s.—*Magna Brit.*

HOLLYM, a parish-town in the south-division of Holderness: 2 miles from Patrington, 12 from Hedon, 20 from Hull, 58 from York.—Pop. 260. The Church, built in 1488, is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Nicholas, in the deanry of Holderness, value $\frac{1}{2}$ 9l. 19s. 2d. Patrons, Edward Henry Barker, Esq. and the Rev. C. Barker.

HOLME-HOUSE, *s. h.* in the township and parish of Holme-on-Spalding-Moor; $6\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Market-Weighton.

HOLME-ON-SPALDING-MOOR, *which gives name to the division*, is a parish-town, in Holme-Beacon division of Harthill, liberty of St. Peter; (*the seat of the Hon. Charles Langdale.*) $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Market-Weighton, 7 from Howden, 8 from Pocklington, $13\frac{1}{2}$ from Selby, 18 from York.—Pop. 1,318. The Church is both a rectory and vicarage, dedicated to St. John Baptist, in the deanry of Harthill; the rectory, value 27l. and the vicarage, value 10l. Patron, St. John's College, Cambridge.

Bacon says, "Holme Rectory is an appropriation in St. John's College, Cambridge, which presents to the vicarage thereof, and lets out the rectory to the vicar by lease for his life, at a pepper-corn rent yearly, if demanded.

Besides the parish church, there was a chapel at Holme, called the chapel of St. Nicholas. In this chapel was founded a chantry by Sir Marmaduke Constable, of Flamborough, A. D. 1349; and he and his descendants presented cantarists or chaplains to it, until the year 1532 inclusive. He also endowed it with one messuage and sixty acres of land, in the town and territories of Holme.—*Torre's M. S.* A messuage is known at this day by the name of Chapel-house, and the small ascent on which it stands, is called Chapel-hill. Near this place was a Cell, founded by one of the Varasours or Constables, for two Monks, whose employment, it should seem, was to guide travellers over these dreary wastes. This estate was for several centuries possessed by the Constables of Flamborough, of whom it was purchased by the celebrated Sir Marmaduke Langdale, one of the bravest generals of King Charles I.

Sir Marmaduke having distinguished himself by his loyalty to his sovereign, and by his military talents during the civil war, was, after the restoration, created a peer, by the title of Baron Langdale, of Holme, the first Englishman that was advanced to the dignity of a peer by that prince. On the death of the last Lord Langdale, the male line of the family became extinct, and the estate devolved on his lordship's daughter, the Consort of the Right Hon. Charles, Lord Stourton, whose son, the Honourable Charles Langdale, now makes the manor house his residence.—CAMDEN.—BIGLAND.

HOLME-ON-THE-WOLDS, a parish-town, in Bainton-Beacon division of Harthill, liberty of Howdenshire; 6 miles from Beverley, $7\frac{1}{2}$ from Market-Weighton, 27 from York.—Pop. 138. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Peter, in the deanry of Harthill, value p. r. $\frac{1}{2}$ 30l. Patron, the Duke of Devonshire.

HOLMPTON, a parish-town, in the south-division of Holderness: (*the seat of Richard Jacey, Esq.*) 4 miles from Patrington, 14 from Hedon, 22 from Hull, 60 from York.—Pop. 256. The

Church is a rectory, in the deanry of Holderness, value $\text{£}4\text{l. } 3\text{s. } 4\text{d.}$ p. r. *135*l.* 19*s.* 6*d.* Patron, the King.

A great part of this village is in the parish of Holm, the boundaries of which are difficult to ascertain.

HOOKS, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Tunstall, middle-division of Holderness; 8 miles from Hedon.

HORNSEA, a parish and market town, in the north-division of Holderness; 11 miles from Beverley, 15 from Hedon and Driffield, 16 from Bridlington and Hull, 20 from Easington, 33 from York, 186 from London.—*Market*, Monday.—*Fairs*, August 12 and December 17, for horses, horned cattle, &c.—*Principal Inns*, Hotel and Blacksmith's Arms.—*Pop.* 790. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Michael, in the deanry of Holderness, value, with Long Riston, 13*l.* 3*s.* 1*l.* Patron, the King.

Horsea, formerly 13 or 14 miles distant from the sea, now little more than a quarter, is famous for its Mere or Lake, the only one in the county, except Malham and Sauer water; it covers from 4 to 500 acres of land, and abounds in pike, perch, carp, eels, &c. The exclusive property of this lake, is vested in the family of Constable, of Wassand, by a royal grant, as parcel of the manor of East-Greenwich, in Kent, and forms a striking and beautiful scene from the grounds of that mansion, being inter-spersed with several woody islands, and animated with water fowl. It is situated on the west side of the town, from which it is not distant more than 100 yards.

The town of Hornsea is situated in a valley, having rising grounds on the north and the south. It consists of four straggling streets, and a market place of considerable breadth. It has of late become a fashionable watering place, and in which there are four Inns, forty lodging houses, let annually for the accommodation of visitors. The church was formerly noted for its lofty spire or broach, which was a well-known sea mark, till about the beginning of the last century, when it was blown down by a hurricane. The sea has made rapid encroachments on this part of the coast within these few years past.

HORNSEA-BURTON.—*See Burton.*

HOTHAM, a parish town in Hunsley-Beacon division of Harthill; 3 miles from South-Cave, 5 from Market-Weighton, 10 from Beverley, 24 from York.—*Pop.* 293. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Oswald, value, 10*l.* 0*s.* 7½*d.* Patron, the King.

The house called Hotham-house, the seat of the late Robert Christie Burton, Esq. stands in the parish of North-Cave.

HOTHAM CARRS, 3 or 4 *h.* in the township and parish of Hotham; 5 miles from South-Cave.

HOUGHTON, in the township and parish of Sancton; (*a seat of the Hon. Charles Langdale.*) 6 miles from South-Cave, 8 from Market-Weighton.

HOWDEN, a parish and market town, in the wapentake of Howdenshire; (*the seat of Richard Arthur Ansop, Esq.*) 10 miles from Selby and Snaith, 12 from South-Cave and Market-Weighton, 13½ from Thorne, 46½ from Pocklington, 20 from Beverley and York, 25 from Hull; from London, *by Thorne*, 181; *by Lincoln*, 199.—*Market*, Saturday.—*Fairs*, second Tuesday in January, second Tuesday after July 11, for horned cattle and line; October 2, and the six preceding days, for horses.—*Bankers*, Messrs. Schofield, Foster, and Co. draw on Messrs. Spooner, Atwood, and Co. 27, Gracechurch-street.—*Principal Inn*, Half Moon.—*Pop.*

2,080. The Church, peculiar, is a perpetual curacy, commonly styled a vicarage, in the deanry of Howden, value, p. r. +130*l*. Patron, the King, who pays an annual stipend of 33*l*. 6*s*. 8*d*.

The town of Howden is of great antiquity, but it contains nothing remarkable, except its church; which we find from Buxton, in his account of the Monastery of Peterborough, with the town, belonged to that Monastery in the reign of Edward the Confessor; but being wrested from it, and in the King's hands, William the Conqueror gave them to the Bishop of Durham, who soon after conferred the church on the Monks of Durham, but retained the manor. This church was at first a rectory, but TANNER says, that Hugh, Prior of Durham, obtained a bull from Pope Gregory IX. for appropriating this church towards the maintenance of sixteen Monks; but upon further consideration, Robert, the Bishop of Durham, 1266 or 7, caused it to be divided into five prebends, for secular clerks, viz. Howden, Barneby, Skelton, Thorpe, and Saltmarsh, to these were added, in 1279, a sixth prebend, viz. Skipwith. There were also six vicars, besides chantry priests, in this collegiate church, which was dedicated to St. Peter and St. Paul. It was dissolved by King Edward VI. in 1547. The church is in the form of a cross; east part quite in ruin; its windows superb and elegant, arches pointed, columns adorned with flutings between; tracery of the side windows various. The tower, which is square, and finely proportioned, rises from the centre, was built about 1390, under the auspices of Walter Skirlaw, who built the chapter-house, which is one of the finest specimens of the pointed arch style of that period now in England, but in ruins; nay, Mr Hutchinson in his History of Durham, says, "we have nothing in this island of such elegant work in stone, except at Melross-Abbey, and in point of symmetry and exact proportion, it excels any part of the Scotch-Abbey."

The church, with all its chapels, lands, and appurtenances, appears to have been given by the Conqueror to William Karilepho, Bishop of Durham, who conferred the same on the Monks of Durham, for ever. The manor and its privileges, the prelates retained, and they still belong to the See at Durham.—*Mon. Angl. Hist. Durham.*

The Bishops of Durham had a palace near the east-end of the church, which was once their favourite residence; and in which some of them exchanged their temporal for an eternal habitation, particularly Hugh Pudsey, who died in 1195, Walter de Kirkham in 1560, and Walter de Skirlaw in 1405. Bishop Langley, the successor of Skirlaw, made great improvements in it, and built the west-gate, over which are his arms, and some good rooms adjoining. It is now considerably reduced in size, and occupied as a farm-house.

In the market-place stands a large building, called the *Moot-Hall*, in which the Bishop of Durham, as Lord of the Manor, holds four Copyhold Courts in the year.

This place gave birth to the celebrated historian *John of Hoveden*, who was chaplain to King Henry II. His history begins with the year 732, and comes down to the reign of King John. In 1291, King Edward I. is said to have caused diligent search to be made, in all the libraries in England, for Hoveden's History, to adjust the dispute about the homage due from the Crown of Scotland. This history was published in London in 1595, and at Frankfort in 1601.

Several persons have assumed a local surname from this place, and Leland observes, that John of Hoveden, reputed a saint, was one of the first prebendaries here; another John of Hoveden, was representative in five parliaments for the city of York. The charter for the great Fair held at Howden in Oct. appears to have been granted in the year 1200, by King John. For a more detailed account of this place, which appears to have attracted particular notice from all the antiquaries since Leland's time, we beg to refer the reader to Hutchinson's History of Durham, vol. 3.—Savage's History of Howden Church.—Grose, LELAND, TANNER, PENNANT, &c.—A view of the east-end of the church has been lately published by Mr Espin, of Louth, Lincolnshire

HOWDENSHERE, a wapentake nearly south of York, over which the Bishop of Durham is lord and chief bailiff; his jurisdiction

also extends over some townships or places in the adjoining wapentake of Ouse and Derwent. It is bounded on the east, by Haunsley-Beacon division of Harthill, on the south and west by the rivers Derwent and Ouse, and on the north, by Holme-Beacon division. It contains one market town, Howden, which gives name to the wapentake; 26 townships, 5 of which are parishes, and 7,883 inhabitants.

HOWDEN-DYKE, *ham.* in the township and parish of Howden; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Howden. Here is a Ferry over the river Ouse.

HOWDEN-GRANGE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Howden; 3 miles from Howden.

HOWSHAM, in the parish of Scrayingham, wapentake of Buckrose; (*Howsham-Hall, the seat of Charles Cholmley, Esq.*) 8 miles from Malton, 12 from York.—Pop. 225.

HUGGATE, a parish-town, in Wilton-Beacon division of Harthill; 7 miles from Pocklington, 8 from Driffild, 12 from Malton, 20 from York.—Pop. 413. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Harthill, value. 15*l*. Patron, the King.

HUGGATE-WOLD-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Huggate; 7 miles from Pocklington.

HULL, KINGSTON-UPON, a distinct county, called the town and county of Kingston-upon-Hull, in the parishes of St. Mary and the Holy-Trinity. Hull; 8 miles from Hedon, 9 from Beverley, 12 from South-Cave, 16 from Hornsea, 18 from Patrington, 25 from Howden, 39 from York; from London, *by Lincoln*, 174; *by York*, 236.—*Markets*, Tuesday and Friday.—*Fair*, Oct. 10, for horned-cattle, horses, woollen-cloths, toys, &c.—*Bankers*, Old-Bank, Messrs. Pease and Liddell, draw on Messrs. Sir Peter Pole, Thornton, and Co. 1, Bartholomew-Lane; Messrs. Pease, Harrison, and Co. draw on Messrs. Marryatt, Kay, and Co. 1, Mansion-House-Street; Messrs. R. Raikes, and Co. draw on Messrs. Carries, Raikes, and Co. 29, Cornhill; Messrs. Smiths and Thompson draw on Messrs. Smith, Payne, and Smiths, Mansion-House-Place.—Pop. 23,624.

The town is of no great antiquity, for King Edward I. was the founder of it; he having observed the advantageous situation of the place, (then called *Wick*) obtained it by way of exchange of the Abbot of Meaux, and built the town called from him *Kingston*, i. e. the King's town. Here he made a good harbour, and the inhabitants Free-Burgesses, and granted them many privileges. They were at first governed by a Warden, and then by Bailiffs; and after that by a Mayor and Bailiffs, and at last obtained of King Henry VI. to be governed by a Mayor and a Sheriff, and that the town should be a county corporate of itself. Sir Michael de la Pole prevailed on King Richard II. to enlarge their charter, and grant them other privileges. It is now inferior to few places in England for trade, being well furnished with shipping. It is governed by a Mayor, a Recorder, 12 Aldermen, &c.—*Camden*.—*Magna Brit.*

Charles I. was received here with great pomp and ceremony. During the rupture between the King and parliament, Sir John Hotham was made governor of the place, and previous to the King entering the town, he sent a message to Sir John, to inform him, that he intended to do himself the pleasure to dine with him: but his Majesty was immediately informed by the governor, that he could not open the gates to him, without betraying the trust that was reposed in him by

Parliament. Charles, irritated by the refusal, determined to besiege the town; but after repeated repulses, and finding all his attempts ineffectual, raised the siege, and proceeded to York. It seems, however, that though Hotham at first refused to open the gates to the King, yet he afterwards, in 1643, sent his son privately to treat with him. These designs being made known to Parliament, both the father and son were executed.

Another attempt to besiege the town was made soon afterwards by the Marquis of Newcastle, but attended with no better success.

The Armory in the citadel, which has lately undergone considerable repairs, is capable of containing arms and accoutrements for 15,000 Cavalry, and 20,000 Infantry.

The Trinity-house, a spacious building, begun at first by subscription, for the relief of distressed seamen and their wives; but afterwards a patent was obtained from the Crown, with many privileges, by the advantage of which they maintain many distressed seamen with their widows, both at Hull and other places.

Michael de la Pôle, founded here, in 1378, a Monastery for a Prior, and 12 Carthusian Monks. This house was founded in honour of God, the Virgin Mary, and St. Michael the Archangel.—DUGDALE The "White Friars College," says Leland, "stode by Beverlegate. The Percys were taken for founders of it. The Augustine Friars stode at the east ende of Trinite Chirch."

The Maison-Dieu, for the relief of the poor, was built by Michael de la Pôle, in 1344, for 13 poor men and as many women, to which he gave 20 acres of land and 20*l.* per ann. out of his land, in this place and Myton. Over the door, cut in stone, is this inscription:—

Deo et Pauperibus posuit D: Michael de la Pôle, A.D. 1334.

MAGNA BRIT.

There are, besides, several hospitals in this place, erected by private benefactors. That benevolent institution, the Female Penitentiary was opened here in 1811. The great object of it is to employ, and ultimately to restore to society, such women as have, by evil courses, rendered themselves obnoxious to society. Every applicant is considered as on probation, and not fully admitted till she has conducted herself for two months in a satisfactory manner.

This town gave birth to Thos. Johnson, M.D. the first Botanist of his time in England. He died in 1644. Doctor Fuller, who knew him well, wrote the following epitaph to his memory:—

*Hic, Johnsonus, jaces, sed si Mors cederet Herbæ,
Arte fugata tua cederet illi tuis.*

Captain Edward Thompson was a native of this place, born in about 1738. He was the author of a variety of pieces; but the merits by which Capt. Thompson will be best known, are his sea songs; especially those beautiful compositions beginning "Loose every sail to the breeze," "The topsails shiver in the wind," and "Behold upon the gallant wave." He was appointed commander of the *Grampus*, and sent to the coast of Africa, where he died in 1786.

In the market-place stands a fine equestrian statue of King William III. On the pedestal is this inscription:—"This statue was erected in 1734, to the memory of King WILLIAM, our great deliverer."

The whale fishery constitutes a principal branch in the commercial concerns of Hull, which sends out to Greenland and Davis' Straits, a greater number of ships than any port in Britain.

Hull sends two members to Parliament.—It first returned 33rd Edward I. but ceased sending till 12th Edward II. The right of election is in the Burgesses, of which there are about 1,400. The Sheriff is the returning Officer.—*Oldfield on Boroughs.*

HULLSHIRE, of small extent, is bounded by the River-Humber, and was constituted with the town of Hull, a County of itself, by Henry VI.—It comprehends the parishes of Hull, Hessle, North Ferriby, Kirk-Ella, and all the site of the Priory of Haltemprice.

HULL-BRIDGE, *ham.* (so called from a bridge over the river Hull) in the township of Tickton, and parish of St. John, Beverley; 2 miles from Beverley.

HULL-BANK, *ham.* in the township and parish of Cottingham; (*the seat of Benjamin Blades Haworth, Esq.*) 3 miles from Hull.

HUMBER-LITTLE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Paul; 3 miles from Hedon.

HUMBER-SIDE, or **PATRINGTON-HAVEN**, *ham.* in the township and parish of Patrington; 1 mile from Patrington.

HUMBLETON, a parish-town, in the middle-division of Holderness; 5 miles from Hedon, 10 from Hull, 17 from Beverley, 48 from York.—Pop. 136. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Peter, in the deanry of Holderness, value, $\frac{1}{4}$ 10*l.* 1*s.* 0*½d.* Patron, the King.

HUNMANBY, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Dickering; (*the seat of H. B. Osbaldeston, Esq.*) 9½ miles from Bridlington, from Scarborough, (by Gristhorpe and Maston 9½, and by Seamor and Flaxton 11½) 16 from Driffield, 20 from Malton, 38 from York, 210 from London.—No Market.—Fairs, May 6, and Oct. 29, for horned cattle and sheep.—Principal Inn, Swan.—Pop. 1,018. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Dickering, value, 20*l.* 1*s.* 8*d.* Patron, Humphrey B. Osbaldeston, Esq.

Here is an Alms-house for six widows, endowment only small. A noble bequest was made in 1696, by a Mr Henry Cowton, for the benefit of the industrious poor, the annual produce of which at present is 40*l.*

Hunmanby, although now only a large village, a few miles from the sea, had formerly a market on Tuesday, but long discontinued—a small cross is yet standing to point out the market-place. It is said to have been a Barony; “for in King Edward I’s reign, by an inquisition taken at the death of Gilbert de Gant, it was found that he held the Lordship of *Hundemanby*, in this county, by Barony; and likewise that upon the marriage of Gilbert his son, with *Lora de Ballot*, he settled it upon her for her dowry.”—*Magna Brit.*

The site of what is called the *Castle-Hill*, adjoining the village, and where, we are told, “are still to be traced the foundations of an ancient fortress,” is now planted with trees.

The Mansion-house of Humphrey Osbaldeston, Esq. the present owner of the Manor, is adorned with modern embellishments, completely hid by high walls, from public view.

A sumptuous marble monument, by Fisher, in the church, commemorates the Osbaldeston family. The church contains two or three other monuments remarkable only for their simplicity: And over the central arches of the church are emblazoned, in eleven distinct shields, the armorial bearings subscribed with the names of ancient Lords of the place. The vicarage-house, which adjoins the church, is occupied by the present incumbent, the Rev. Francis Wrangham, M. A. F. R. S. recently elevated to the Archdeaconry of Cleveland, North-Riding.

At Hunmanby was born, in 1671, Richard Fiddes, an English divine. In 1694, he entered into Holy Orders, and soon after obtained the Rectory of Halsham, in Holderness; but the air of the place proving unhealthy, he was deprived of his speech, which he never perfectly recovered. In 1712, he removed to London, where he was under the necessity of commencing author, in order to procure for himself a comfortable subsistence. Unfortunately, he enlisted under the banners of party, and closely connected himself with Swift and Atterbury. At the recommendation of the former, the Earl of Oxford appointed him his Chaplain; he was afterwards appointed Chaplain to the Garrison at Hull, of which he was deprived on the death of Queen Anne, and thrown back upon his

former resources of the pen. He died at Putney in 1723, aged 54. His principal works are, the *Life of Cardinal Wolsey*; a *Body of Divinity*, folio, for which the University conferred on him the degree of D. D. and for which Lintot paid him 250 guineas; 52 *Practical Sermons*; a *Treatise on Morality*, &c.—*Gen. Biographical Dict.*—*Nichols' Lit. Anecdotes.*

HUNSLEY, HIGH and LOW, 2 *f. h.* (which gives name to the division) in the township and parish of Rowley, Hunsley-Beacon division of Harthill; 5 miles from South-Cave and Beverley.

HUTTON-CRANSWICK, a parish-town, in Bainton-Beacon division of Harthill; 3½ miles from Driffeld, 10 from Beverley, 30 from York.—Pop. 917. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Peter, in the deanry of Harthill, value, p. r. +53*l.* 1*s.* Patron, Lord Hotham.

I

INGHOLMES, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Patrington; 1 mile from Patrington.

K

KAYINGHAM, a parish-town, in the south-division of Holderness; 5 miles from Patrington and Hedon, 13 from Hull, 51 from York.—Pop. 639. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Nicholas, in the deanry of Holderness, value, +12*l.* p. r. 42*l.* Patron, the Archbishop of York.

KAYINGHAM-MARSH, 3 or 4 *f. h.* in the township and parish of Kayingham; 6 miles from Hedon, 6½ from Patrington.

KELFIELD, in the parish of Stillingfleet, wapentake of Ouse and Derwent; 6 miles from Selby, 9 from York, 15 from Pocklington. Pop. 286.

KELK, GREAT, in the parish of Foston, wapentake of Dickering; 6 miles from Driffeld, 10 from Bridlington.—Pop. 158.

KELK, LITTLE. (extraparochial) in the wapentake of Dickering; 6 miles from Driffeld, 9 from Bridlington.—Pop. 51.

KELLYTHORPE, *f. h.* in the township of Emswell, and parish of Great-Driffeld; 2 miles from Great-Driffeld.

KENDALL, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Great-Driffeld; 2 miles from Great-Driffeld.

KENNYTHORPE, in the parish of Langton, wapentake of Buckrose; 3½ miles from Malton, 10 from Sledmere.—Pop. 83.

KEXBY, in the parish of Low-Catton, wapentake of Ouse and Derwent; 6½ miles from York, 7 from Pocklington, 12½ from Market-Weighton.—Pop. 149.

KILDWICK, or **KILNWICK-PERCY**, a parish-town, in Wilton-Beacon division of Harthill; (the seat of Robert Denison, Esq.) 2 miles from Pocklington, 9 from Market-Weighton, 15 from York. Pop. 43. The Church, peculiar, is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Helen, in the deanry of Harthill, value, +4*l.* 16*s.* 3*d.* Patron, the Dean of York.

KILHAM, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Dickering, a part in the liberty of St. Peter; 5 miles from Driffield, 7 from Sledmere, 8 from Hunmanby and Bridlington, 12 from Scarborough, 31½ from York, 231 from London.—*Fairs*, August 21, and November 12, for horses, horned cattle, and sheep.—*Principal Inn*, Black-Bull.—Pop. 971. The Church, peculiar, is a vicarage, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Dickering, value, $\pm 6l.$ 13s. 4d. p. r. *106l. 18s. 4d. Patron, the Dean of York.

KILNSEA, a parish-town, in the south-division of Holderness; 8 miles from Patrington, 18 from Hedon, 64 from York.—Pop. including Spurn, 196.—The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Helen, in the deanry of Holderness, value, $\pm 6l.$ 18s. 6½d. p. r. $\pm 98l.$ 5s. 0d. Patron, George Lowther Thompson, Esq.

In the Gentleman's Magazine for July, 1821, may be seen a view of an ancient Cross, that stood here till the year 1818, when it was taken down and removed into the Park of Sir Thomas Constable, Bart. at Burton-Constable, on account of the encroachment of the sea. "This ancient Cross, according to Tradition, was originally erected at the town of Ravenspur," (long since swallowed up by the sea) "to commemorate the landing of Henry of Bolingbroke, Duke of Hereford, afterwards King Henry IV. in the year 1399. The appearance of the two latter numeral figures formerly observed on the Cross, seems to support this conjecture. Ravenspur was also celebrated for the landing of Edward, Duke of York, afterwards King Edward IV. in the year 1471."—*Gen. Mag.*

KILLINGWOLD-GROVE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Bishop-Burton; 3 miles from Beverley.

KILNWICK, OR, KILNWICK-JUXTA-WATTON, a parish-town, in Bainton-Beacon division of Harthill, (*the seat of Charles Grimston, Esq.*) 7 miles from Great-Driffield, 8 from Beverley, 29 from York.—Pop. 230. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Harthill, value, p. r. $\pm 100l.$ Patron, Charles Grimston, Esq.

KILPIN, in the parish of Howden, wapentake of Howdenshire; 2 miles from Howden, 11½ from Selby, 12 from South-Cave.—Pop. 318.

KILPIN-PIKE, *ham*, in the township of Kilpin, and parish of Howden; 1¼ mile from Howden.

KINGSFIELD, NORTH and SOUTH, 2 *f. h.* in the township of Fraisthorpe, and parish of Carnaby; 4 miles from Bridlington.

KIPLIN-COATES-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Middleton; 5 miles from Market-Weighton.

In the year 1618, five noblemen, at the head of whom was Lord Burlington, 19 Baronets, and 25 gentlemen of the county subscribed 360*l.* to the establishment of annual horse races here.—They were held on the third Thursday in March, and are occasionally continued.

KIRBY-GRINDALYTH, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Buckrose; 2 miles from Sledmere, 9 from Malton, 23 from York.—Pop. including Mowthorpe, 178. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Andrew, in the deanry of Buckrose, value, $\pm 8l.$ 9s. 7d. p. r. $\pm 80l.$ Patron, Sir Mark Masterman Sykes, Bart.

This Church was given by Walter Espec, to the Priory of Kirkham.

KIRBY-UNDERDALE, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Buckrose; 7 miles from Pocklington, 9 from Sledmere, 13 from

York.—Pop. 335. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Buckrose, value, 6*l.* 3*s.* 4*d.* Patron, the King.

KIRKBURN, a parish-town, in Bainton-Beacon division of Hart-hill; 4 miles from Great-Driffeld, 11 from Beverley, 25 from York.—Pop. 119. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Harthill, value, \pm 4*l.* 10*s.* 2½*d.* p. r. \pm 75*l.* Patron, the King.

KIRK-ELLA, a parish-town, in Hullshire; (*the residences of Mrs John Sykes and Mrs Williamson*) 5½ miles from Hull, 7 from South-Cave, 34 from York. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Andrew, in the deanry of Harthill, value, \pm 13*l.* 2*s.* 8½*d.* Patron, the Rev. Richard Sykes.—Pop. *see Addenda.*

In the reign of Edward II. a great part of the lands in this parish were in the hands of Lord Wake, of Cottingham; at present the ancient mercantile family of the Sykes have large possessions here;—and in the church is a handsome monument to the memory of the late Joseph Sykes, Esq. who is supposed to have had more extensive dealings with the nobles and merchants of Sweden, than any other person in England.—TICKILL.

KIRKHAM, (extraparochial) in the wapentake of Buckrose; 6 miles from Malton, 12½ from York.—It consists of 3 houses and 7 inhabitants. There has been no Church since the Abbey was dissoived.—The inhabitants attend Westow church.

Kirkham, which signifies the place of a Church, is situated in a delightful vale, on the eastern banks of the Derwent. Here Walter de Espec and his wife, Adeline, in 1121-2, founded a Priory of Cannons regular, of the order of St. Austin, to the honour of the Holy Trinity; which he endowed with seven Churches, and which were appropriated thereto. The reason assigned for his building this Priory, will be founded under the article *Rievalx*.—At the dissolution it was valued at 269*l.* 5*s.* 9*d.* DUGDALE; 300*l.* 15*s.* 6*d.* SPEED; and was surrendered in 1539, by John de Kildwick, Prior, and seventeen Canons. In 32nd Henry VIII. it was granted to Sir Henry Knevet, Knight, and Ann, his wife; but in the 3rd Edward VI. the Earl of Rutland held it "*de rege in capite per servic. militar.*" to whom Queen Elizabeth, in the 5th year of her reign, gave license to alienate this manor, with those of Billesdale, Stiperlow, and Rievalx, to Edward Jackman, and Richard Lambert.—BURTON. The principal part that remains of this Priory, consists of a beautiful Gateway, a fine Saxon Norman Doorway, and part of the Cloisters.

KNAPTON, in the parish of Winteringham, wapentake of Buckrose; 7 miles from Malton, 9 from Sledmere.—Pop. 206. The Church is a perpetual curacy, value, p. r. \pm 45*l.* 10*s.* Patron, John Tindall, Esq.

KNEDLINGTON, in the parish of Howden, wapentake of Howdenshire; (*the seat of Thomas Clarke, Esq.*) 1 mile from Howden, 9½ from Selby.—Pop. 118.

In an old Hall, in this village, was born Dr. Terrick, Bishop of London.

L

LANGTHORPE-HALL, *f. h.* in the township of Ellerby, and parish of Swine; 9 miles from Hedon and Hull.

LANGTOFT, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Dickering, liberty of St. Peter; 6 miles from Driffeld and Sledmere, 12 from Bridlington, 15½ from Scarborough, 30 from York.—Pop. 416. The

Church, peculiar, is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Peter, in the deanry of Dickering, value, $\text{£}8\text{l}$. Patron, the Dean of York.

Peter Langtoft, an eminent Chronicler, so called from this place, was a Canon regular, of the order of St. Austin, at Bridlington, and wrote a Chronicle of England in French verse, in the time of Edward I. or II. which was afterwards translated in the latter of those reigns, by Robert of Brunne, and edited by Hearne in 1725. He died in the beginning of the reign of Edward II.

LANGTON, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Buckrose; (*the seat of Mrs Norcliffe*) $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Malton, 9 from Sledmere, $11\frac{1}{2}$ from Pocklington, 18 from York.—Pop. 280. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Andrew, in the deanry of Buckrose, value, 17l . 4s. 7d. Patron, the King.

The Church was given by Burga, wife of Wm. Vesey, to the Priory of Malton, thence it came to the Crown.

LANGWITH, a township, in the parish of Wheldrake, liberty of St. Peter; 7 miles from York. Contains 5 f. h. and 39 inhabitants.

LAXTON, in the parish of Howden, wapentake of Howdenshire; 3 miles from Howden, 12 from Selby, $13\frac{1}{2}$ from South-Cave.—Pop. 268. A perpetual curacy under Howden, value, p. r. 45l .

LAYTHAM, in the parish of Aughton. Holme-Beacon division of Harthill; 8 miles from Howden and Pocklington.—Pop. 125.

LEAVENING, in the parish of Acklam, wapentake of Buckrose, liberty of St. Peter; 5 miles from Malton, $9\frac{1}{2}$ from Pocklington, 11 from Sledmere.—Pop. 294.

LECKONFIELD, a parish town, in Hunsley-Beacon division of Harthill; 3 miles from Beverley, 10 from Market-Weighton and Driffield, 29 from York.—Pop. 302. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Catharine, in the deanry of Harthill, value $\text{£}8\text{l}$. p. r. $\text{£}66\text{l}$. 7s. 4d. Patron, the Earl of Egremont.

At this place, was once a celebrated Mansion of the ancient Earls of Northumberland, but of this, not a vestige now remains. Leland describes it as follows:—"Leckinfield is a large house, and stondish within a great mote, yn one very spacious courte; 3 parts of the house, saving the meane gate that is made of bricke, is al of tymbre. The 4 parte is fair, made of stone, and sumn bricke. I saw in a little studying chaumbre there, callid Paradice, the genealogie of the Percys. The Park thereby is very fair and large, and meatly welte woddid. Ther is a fair tour of bricke, for a logge yn the Park."

In the year 1541, Henry VIII. in his progress to Hull, lodged at 'Leconfield-Castle.' Besides the genealogy of the Percys in this house, as noticed by Leland, it appears from the "Scarborough Guide," that there were a great many "moral inscriptions in the chambers of this noble Mansion, chiefly collected by H. Algernon Percy, fifth Earl of Northumberland." The following curious and ancient bill of fare for the breakfast of a noble Earl and Countess, may not prove unacceptable to our readers: "First, for my Lord and Lady, a loaf of bread on trenchers; two manchets of the finest meal, weighing each six ounces; a quart of beer; a quart of wine; two pieces of salt fish; six baconed (i. e. smoked) herrings; four white herrings; or a dish of sproits," (i. e. sprats.) This was during the holy fast of Lent. "On flesh-days, the bread as before; a quart of beer; a quart of wine; half a chine of mutton, or a piece of beef boiled." This about the year 1430 (as appears from the house-book) was in use at Leconfield. Nor was the general hour for meals among persons of condition, at that period, less remarkable. They breakfasted at seven, dined at ten, and supped at four: after which, between eight and nine o'clock in the evening, they had their 'liveries'—that is to say, "for my Lord and Lady, bread, as at breakfast; a gallon of beer, and a quart of wine" (the wine hot, and mixed with spices); soon after which they went to bed!—*Scarborough Guide*.

Leckonfield was formerly the lordship and estate of Peter de Brus; who gave it in marriage with his sister, to Henry Percy, upon condition, that he and his heirs should repair to Skelton-Castle, upon every Christmas-day, and lead the Lady of the Castle from her chamber to the chapel, to mass, and thence to her chamber again; and, after dinner, to depart.—HARGROVE.

LELLEY, in the parish of Preston, middle-division of Holderness; 4 miles from Hedon, 8 from Hull.—Pop. 119.

LEPPINGTON, in the parish of Scrayingham, wapentake of Buckrose; 8 miles from Malton, 8½ from Pocklington.—Pop. 129. It is a chapel of ease to Scrayingham.

LEVEN, a parish town, in the north-division of Holderness; 6½ miles from Beverley, 7½ from Hornsea, 14 from Hull, 16 from Bridlington, 36 from York.—Pop. 658. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Faith, in the deanry of Holderness, value 16*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* Patron, Rev. G. Sampson.

A canal was cut by the late Mr. Bethelt of Rise, from the river Hull to this village, which supplies the greatest part of north and middle Holderness with coals and lime.

LINCOLN-FLATTS, *s. h.* in the township and parish of Seaton-Ross; 7 miles from Market-Weighton, 11 from Selby.

LINGCROFT, (*the seat of J. B. Walmsley, Esq.*) in the township of Naburn, and parish of St. Dennis, York, wapentake of Ouse and Derwent; 3 miles from York, 12 from Selby.

LINTON, in the township and parish of Winteringham, wapentake of Buckrose; 4 miles from Sledmere, 10 from Malton, 12 from Driffield.

LINTON, EAST, *f. h.* in the township of Balkholme, and parish of Howden; 3 miles from Howden.

LINTON-GRANGE, *f. h.* in the parish of Winteringham, wapentake of Buckrose; 3 miles from Sledmere.

LINTON, WEST, *ham.* in the township of Balkholme, and parish of Howden; 2¾ miles from Howden.

LISSETT, in the parish of Beccford, north-division of Holderness; 8 miles from Bridlington, 10 from Driffield, 15 from Beverley.—Pop. 95. Here is a Chapel to Beccford, dedicated to St. James, value, p. r. 100*l.* It has right of sepulture.

LOCKINGTON, in the parishes of Lockington and Kilnwick juxta Watton, Bainton-Beacon division of Harthill; 6½ miles from Beverley, 8½ from Driffield, 29 from York.—Pop. 491. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Harthill, value, 20*l.* Patron, the Rev. Francis Lundy, the present rector.

LOFTSOME AND LOFTSOME BRIDGE, in the township of Wressle-with-Loftsom, and parish of Wressle, Holme-Beacon division of Harthill; 4 miles from Howden, 6 from Selby.—Pop. included in Wressle.

LONDESBROUGH, or **LONDESBURGH**, a parish-town in Holme-Beacon division of Harthill; 2½ miles from Market-Weighton, 5 from Pocklington, 18 from York.—Pop. 244. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Harthill, value 16*l.* Patron, the Duke of Devonshire.

Here is an hospital founded and endowed by Richard, Earl of Burlington, and Eliza, his Countess, for six poor old men, and six poor old women, who have a house and garden each, and 100*l.* laid out for them in coals, &c.

Londesburgh, according to Drake's opinion, is the ancient *Delgædric*. The Roman road from Brough is continued in a direct line to Londesburgh-Park. It is composed of materials very scarce in that country, and lies buried under a fine soil, about 15 inches.—Several Roman Coins of the middle and lesser brass have been found here; and a great many repositories for their dead, have been discovered in digging in and about the town, the park, and the gardens. The bones were found to lie in pure clean chalk, seven, eight, or more bodies together, side by side, very fresh and entire, though in some, not above twenty or twenty two inches deep from the surface. Londesburgh was for several generations, one of the seats of the ancient and noble family of *Clifford*. Sir Francis Clifford, of Londesburgh, was High Sheriff of this county in 1606, as were many of his ancestors. Sir Francis Clifford succeeded his brother George in the Earldom of Cumberland. His son Henry, was the fifth and last Earl of that family, whose daughter was married to the Earl of Cork, from whom is descended the present Duke of Devonshire, who possesses this estate.—*Drake*.

About two years ago, this ancient Mansion was completely demolished, and the Park disforested. Lady Clifford, widow of "Black-faced Clifford" was interred at Londesburgh, where she died in 1491. A flat stone near the altar of the church, (the oldest memorial of that family now remaining) commemorates the event.—*Whitaker's Craven*.

This place is also remarkable on account of the following anecdote, relative to the family of the Cliffords. John, the twelfth Lord, being slain at Towton, fighting for the Lancastrians, left two sons very young, who, with their mother, resided at Londesburgh: To save her children from the fury of the Yorkists, Lady Clifford sent Richard, the youngest, into the Netherlands, and placed Henry, the eldest, with a shepherd, who had married one of her maids; this young nobleman was soon after removed from Londesburgh, into the mountains of Cumberland, where he remained in the capacity of a shepherd, till he was 32 years old, having never learned to read; when, in the first Parliament of Henry VII. he was restored, in blood and honour, to all his baronies, lands, and castles.

Longbrough-Lane-House, in the township of Fitting, and parish of Humbleton; 8 miles from Hedon.

LOWTHORPE, a parish town in the wapentake of Dickering; (*Lowthorpe Hall, the seat of William Thomas St. Quinton, Esq.*) 5 miles from Great-Driffield, 9 from Bridlington, 34 from York. Pop. 149. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Martin, in the deanry of Dickering, value p. r. 67*l.* Patron, William Thomas St. Quinton, Esq.

In 1333, this church was made collegiate, viz. a rector, and six chantry priests and three clerks. No institution to it since 1579. The sum of 15*l.* 16*s.* is paid out of the Exchequer yearly, for serving this and Rusta Parva.

LUND, a parish town, in Bainton-Beacon division of Harthill; 7 miles from Beverley and Market-Weighton, 9 from Great-Driffield, 26 from York.—Pop. 357. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Harthill, value \pm 6*l.* 6*s.* 0½*d.* Patron, Thomas Grimstone, Esq. The fairs formerly held at Lund every Thursday in Lent, are now discontinued, and one only held on the fourth Thursday in Lent, for pedlary and feasting.

LUND, in the township of Long Cliffe-with-Lund, and parish of Hemmingbrough, wapentake of Ouse and Derwent, liberty of Howdenshire; 4½ miles from Selby, 7½ from Howden, 14 from York.—Pop. included in Long Cliffe.

LUTTON, EAST AND WEST, in the parish of Wavethorpe, wapentake of Buckrose, liberty of St. Porter; 2 miles from Sled-

mere, 10 from Malton. Pop. including West Lutton, 311, which being united, form the township of Luttons-Ambo. Here is a chapel of ease to Weaverthorpe.

MAPPLETON, a parish town, in the north-division of Holderness, a part in the liberty of St. Peter; 3 miles from Hornsea, 14½ from Beverley, 15 from Hull.—Pop. including Rowleston, 187, which being united, form a township. The Church, peculiar, is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Holderness, value p. r. †60*l*. Patron, the Archdeacon of the East Riding. *Bacon* styles this church a vicarage discharged, value 4*l*. 13*s*. 4*d*.

MARFLEET, a parish town; in the middle-division of Holderness; 3½ miles from Hedon, 6½ from Hull, 44 from York.—Pop. 127. The Church is a perpetual curacy, in the deanry of Holderness, value p. r. †70*l*. Patron, Rev. Thomas Watson.

MARKET-WEIGHTON, a market and parish town, in Holme-Beacon division of Harthill, a part in the liberty of St. Peter; 6¾ miles from Pocklington, 8 from South-Cave, 9½ from Beverley, 11½ from Howden, 18 from Selby, 19 from York; from London, *by Howden*, 188; *by York*, 216½.—*Market*, Wednesday.—*Fairs*, May 14, September 25, for horses, horned cattle, sheep, &c.—*Principal Inns*, Briggs' New Inn, King's Arms, and Half Moon.—Pop. 1724. The Church, peculiar, is a vicarage, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Harthill, value, †4*l*. 13*s*. 9*d*. p. r. †133*l*. Patron, the Prebendary thereof.

Market-Weighton, situated at the western foot of the Wolds, on the road between Beverley and York, does not contain any thing particular either to interest the antiquary or the tourist; although it had for a number of years attracted the notice of most antiquaries, as the Roman *delgovitia*, till *Drake*, in his *Eboracum*, p. 31, assigned that station to *Londesbrough*, 27½ miles north of Market-Weighton, where it has remained undisturbed ever since. The town has of late years improved in building; and a navigable canal brought from the Humber to within two miles of the place, has tended much towards the improvement of the trade of the town and neighbourhood.

MARTON, in the parish of Swine, middle-division of Holderness; 7 miles from Hedon, 9½ from Hull, 12 from Beverley.—Pop. 129.

MARTON, in the township of Sewerby-with-Martton, and parish of Bridlington, (*Marton-House*, the seat of *Ralph Creyke, Esq.*) 2½ miles from Bridlington.—Pop. included in Sewerby.

MELBOURNE, or **MELBURN**, in the parish of Thornton, Holme-Beacon division of Harthill; (*Melbourne-House*, the seat of *Sir Henry Maghull Mervin Vavasour, Bart.*) 5 miles from Pocklington, 9 from Market-Weighton, 12 from York.—Pop. 437.

This family of Vavasours appears to be a branch of the ancient family of that name, settled at Haslewood, soon after the conquest. The present Sir Henry Maghull Mervin Vavasour was created a Baronet in 1801.

In the same township is

MELBOURNE-LODGE, (*the seat of General Wharton*;) 6 miles from Pocklington.

MELTON, in the parish of Welton, wapentake of Howdenshire; (*the seats of Henry Sykes and Henry Thompson, Esqrs.*) 5 miles from South-Cave, 9 from Beverley and Hull.—Pop. 118.

Of this Place was William de Melton, the forty-second Archbishop of York. He was elected Archbishop in 1315, and died at Cawood, in 1340.—**DRAKE.**

MELTON-HILL, in the township of Melton, and parish of Welton ; (the seat of *John Wilson, Esq.*) $5\frac{1}{2}$ miles from South-Cave, $9\frac{1}{2}$ from Hull and Beverley.

MELTONBY, in the parish of Pocklington, Wilton-Beacon division of Harthill ; 2 miles from Pocklington, 9 from Market-Weighton, 15 from York.—Pop. 78.

MENNYTHORPE, or **MENETHORPE**, in the parish of Westow, wapentake of Buckrose ; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Malton, 12 from Sledmere. Pop. 131.

MENTHORPE, in the township of Menthorpe-with-Bowthorpe, and parish of Hemmingbrough, wapentake of Ouse and Derwent ; 5 miles from Selby and Howden, 14 from York.—Pop. including Bowthorpe, 49.

METHAM, in the parish of Howden, wapentake of Howdenshire ; (the seat of *Philip Scholfield, Esq.*) $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Howden, 11 from South-Cave.—Pop. 45.

This village was once the seat of the ancient family of the Methams. Sir Thomas Metham, an adherent of King Charles I. was slain at the battle of Marston-Moor, fighting for the royal cause. Upon a moor near this place, a Roman pottery has been discovered, where a great quantity of cinders, broken urns, &c. have been found. It is about a mile from the Roman military way.

MEUX, in the parish of Wawn, middle-division of Holderness ; 6 miles from Beverley, 7 from Hull, 13 from Hedon.—Pop. 74.

William le Gross, Earl of Albemarle, and Lord of Holderness, founded an Abbey here, and introduced a Convent of Monks, from the Monastery of Fountains, of whom Adam, was the first Abbot, in 1150. Valued at the dissolution at 299*l.* 6*s.* 4*d.*—**DUGDALE.** No part of this Abbey is remaining, but the site is easily traced by the foundations of the buildings and extensive moats. A catalogue of the Abbots is given in the History of Hull, which was sent Mr. Tichill, by the Rev. W. Dade, and to which history we would refer the reader for an enlarged account.

MIDDLETON, a parish-town, in Bainton-Beacon division of Harthill ; $8\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Beverley and Driffield, $9\frac{1}{2}$ from Pocklington, 23 from York.—Pop. 441. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Andrew, in the deanry of Harthill, value, 15*l.* 3*s.* 4*d.* Patron, the Rev. John Blanchard.

MILLINGTON, in the parish of Great-Givendale, Wilton-Beacon division of Harthill, a part in the liberty of St. Peter ; 3 miles from Pocklington, 8 from Market-Weighton, 15 from York.—Pop. 282. The Chapel of Ease here is a perpetual curacy, value, p. r. 17*l.* 11*s.* Patron, the Dean of York.

MOLESCROFT, in the parish of St. John, Beverley, liberty of Beverley, Hunsley-Beacon division of Harthill ; 1 mile from Beverley, $12\frac{1}{4}$ from Driffield.—Pop. 98.

The cross on the further side of Molescroft valley, was one of the boundaries of the sanctuary of the founders of St. John, of Beverley.—**DRAKE.**

MOREBY, (the seat of the Rev. *Thomas Preston*) in the township of Stillingfleet-with-Moreby, and parish of Stillingfleet, wapentake of Ouse and Derwent ; $5\frac{1}{2}$ miles from York, $9\frac{1}{2}$ from Selby.

MOOR-GRANGE.—See *Berford-Grange.*

MOOR-HOUSES, 3 *f. h.* in the township and parish of Burton-Agness; 7 miles from Bridlington and Driffield.

MOOR-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Humbleton; 5 miles from Hedon.

MOOR-TOWN, in the parish of Brandsburton, north-division of Holderness; 7 miles from Hornsea, 10 from Beverley, 13 from Bridlington.—Pop. 29.

MOUNT-FARRAN, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Birdsall; 4½ miles from Malton.

MOWTHORPE, 2 *f. h.* in the township and parish of Kirby-Grindalyth; 3 miles from Sledmere.

MUSTON, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Dickering; 1½ mile from Hunmanby, 8 from Scarborough, 10 from Bridlington, 38 from York.—Pop. 350. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Dickering, Patron, Humphrey B. Osbaldeston, Esq. It was formerly a chapelry to Hunmanby, to which church, it still continues to pay a small sum towards the repairs of the mother-church; and the inhabitants bury at Hunmanby.—*Bacon* styles it a vicarage discharged, valued at 6*l.* 10*s.*

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NABURN, in the parishes of Acaster-Malbis, and St. Dennis, York, wapentake of Ouse and Derwent; (*the seat of George Palmes, Esq.*) 4 miles from York, 11 from Selby, 15 from Pocklington.—Pop. 366. The Church is a perpetual curacy, in the deanry of Bulmer, Patrons, the King, and George Palmes, Esq. alternately.

NAFFERTON, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Dickering; 2½ miles from Great-Driffield, 9 from Bridlington, 15 from Beverley, 32½ from York.—Pop. 917. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Dickering, value, †97*l.* 19*s.* 8*d.* Patron, the Archbishop of York. *Bacon* styles this a vicarage discharged, valued at 13*l.* 15*s.* 4*d.*

This church was an ancient rectory, belonging to the patronage of the Percys, till Sir Henry Percy, Knight, gave it to the Abbot and Convent of Meaux, about 1304; a vicarage was then ordained for a perpetual vicar to serve the church; to have cure of souls, &c. Thomas, Archbishop of York, decreed that this vicarage should consist of 20 marks sterling, payable quarterly, by the said religious. This sum the vicar enjoys to this day, and which is paid by the lay impropriator.

In 1769, a Mr John Baron, of Bridlington, left the sum of 5*l.* annually to the school here.

NEVILLE-GRANGE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Long-Biston; 5½ miles from Beverley, 11 from Hull.

NESWICK, in the parish of Bainton, Bainton-Beacon division of Harthill; (*the residence of Charles Thorold, Esq.*) 6 miles from Great-Driffield, 10 from Beverley.—Pop. 55.

NEWBALD, NORTH, a parish-town, in Hunsley-Beacon division of Harthill, liberty of St. Peter; 3¼ miles from South-Cave, 4¼ from Market-Weighton, 8 from Beverley, 23 from York.—Pop. The Church peculiar, is a vicarage, dedicated to St.

Nicholas, in the deanry of Harthill, value, $\pm 4l.$ p. r. $\pm 78l.$ 12s. Patron, the Prebendary thereof.

The church is remarkable for containing some of the most exquisite remains of Saxon architecture. Over the door way is an elegant statue of St. Nicholas, to whom the church is dedicated; but so mutilated, that it would be impossible to say for whom it was designed, were it not seated within a shell, formed of Saxon architectural mouldings.—*Antiquarian Itinerary*, vol. 1, in which no less than four engravings are given, to illustrate this church.

NEWBALD, SOUTH, in the parish of North-Newbald, Hunsley-Beacon division of Harthill. liberty of St. Peter; 3 miles from South-Cave, 5 from Market-Weighton, 8 from Beverley.—Pop. —See *Addenda*.

NEW-FIELDS, *ham.* in the township of Skelton, and parish of Howden; 1 mile from Howden, 11 from Selby.

NEWLAND, in the townships of Balkholme and Eastrington, and parishes of Howden and Eastrington; 3 miles from Howden, 10 from South-Cave.

NEWLAND, *ham.* in the township and parish of Cottingham; 2 miles from Hull, $7\frac{1}{2}$ from Beverley.

NEWPORT, in the parish of Eastrington, wapentake of Howdenshire; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from South-Cave, $7\frac{1}{2}$ from Howden.—Pop. 339.

NEWSHAM, in the township of Newsham-with-Brind, and parish of Wressle, Holme-Beacon division of Harthill; 3 miles from Howden, 7 from Selby.—Pop. included in Wressle.

NEWTON, in the parish of Winteringham, wapentake of Buckrose; (*a scat of George Strickland, Esq.*) 8 miles from Malton and Sledmere.—Pop. 50.

NEWTON, *f. h.* in the township of Scalby, and parish of Blacktoft; 4 miles from Howden, $9\frac{1}{2}$ from South-Cave.

NEWTON, EAST, in the parish of Aldbrough, middle-division of Holderness; 8 miles from Hornsea, 9 from Hedon, 14 from Hull.—Pop. including Bewick, 38.

NEWTON, OUT, in the parish of Easington, south-division of Holderness; 5 miles from Patrington, 15 from Hedon.—Pop. 69.

NEWTON-UPON-DERWENT, in the parish of Wilberfoss, Wilton-Beacon division of Harthill; 5 miles from Pocklington, 8 from York, 13 from Selby.—Pop. 205.

NEWTON, WEST, in the parish of Aldbrough, middle-division of Holderness; 5 miles from Hedon, 9 from Hull.—Pop. 159.

NEW-VILLAGE, (extraparochial) in Hunsley-Beacon division of Harthill; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from South-Cave, $7\frac{1}{4}$ from Market-Weighton. Pop. 149.

NORTH-BURTON, *see* *Burton-Fleming*.—Pop. 386.

NORTON, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Buckrose; $\frac{1}{4}$ mile east from Malton.—Pop. including Sutton and Welham, 1,168.

The Church is a perpetual curacy, in the deanry of Buckrose, value, p. r. $\pm 78l.$ 3s. Patron, Thomas Ewbank, Gent.

NOVA-SCOTIA, *f. h.* in the township of Skelton, and parish of Howden; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Howden.

NUNBURNHOLME, a parish-town, in Wilton-Beacon division of

Harthill; 3 miles from Pocklington, 5 from Market-Weighton, 15 from York.—Pop. 203. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. James, in the deanry of Harthill; value, 9*l.* 12*s.* 6*d.* Patron, the Archbishop of York.

Here Roger de Morlay, Lord of the Barony of Morpath, founded a Nunnery. The Nuns held lands here of the fee of Thomas de Graystoc.—DUGDALE. Their revenue at the suppression, was valued at 10*l.* 3*s.* 3*d.*—SPEED.

NUNKEELING, or NUNKILLING, in the township of Bewholme, and parish of Nunkeeling, north-division of Holderness; 6 miles from Hornsea, 9½ from Driffield, 10 from Beverley, 14 from Bridlington, 16 from Hull, 39 from York.—Pop. included in Bewholme. The Church is a perpetual curacy, in the deanry of Holderness; value, p. r. †37*l.* 5*s.* Patroness, Mrs R. Dixon.

This church was originally part of the Priory, but was re-built about twelve years ago.

Agnes de Arches, in the time of King Stephen, built a Priory here for Benedictine Nuns, to the honour of St. Mary Magdalen and St. Helen. Valued at the dissolution in 1540, at 35*l.* 15*s.* 5*d.*—DUGDALE; 50*l.* 17*s.* 2*d.*—SPEED. The site and demesnes were sold to Sir Richard Gresham, Knight, 32nd Henry VIII. to be held *de rege in capite per servic. militare*.—DUGDALE.—BURTON.

NUTHILL, *f. h.* in the township of Burstwick, and parish of Skeckling; 3 miles from Hedon, 9 from Hull.

NUTTLES, *f. h.* in the township of Burstwick, and parish of Skeckling; 4 miles from Hedon, 8 from Hull.

O

OCTON, in the township and parish of Thwing; (*Octon-Cottage, the seat of Robert Prickett, Esq.*) 8 miles from Bridlington.

OCTON-GRANGE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Thwing; 9 miles from Bridlington, 12 from Scarborough.

OSGODBY, in the parish of Hemmingbrough, wapentake of Ouse and Derwent, liberty of Howdenshire; 3 miles from Selby, 5 from Howden, 13 from York.—Pop. 185.

O'TTRINGHAM, a parish-town, in the south-division of Holderness; 3½ miles from Patrington, 6½ from Hedon, 15 from Hull, 53 from York.—Pop. 637. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Wilfrid, in the deanry of Holderness, value, p. r. †39*l.* Patron, Francis Watt, Esq.

OTTRINGHAM-MARSH, *s. h.* in the township and parish of Ottringham; 4 miles from Patrington.

OUSE and DERWENT, a wapentake, which takes its name from the two rivers, that form its chief boundaries; the west side being bounded by the river Ouse, the east by the river Derwent, and their junction forms the southern boundary, while the city of York, and part of the North-Riding bounds it on the north. It has no market-town; contains 24 townships, 10 of which are parishes, and 7,730 inhabitants.

OWBROUGH, 3 *f. h.* in the township of Ellerby, and parish of Swine; 6 miles from Hedon, 7 from Hull, 9 from Beverley.

OWSTHILL, *s. h.* in the township of Aldbrough-with-Carlton and Fosham, and parish of Aldbrough; 8 miles from Hedon.

OWSTHORPE, a township, in the parish of Pocklington, Wilton-Beacon division of Harthill; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Pocklington, 8 from Market-Weighton, 13 from York. Contains 2 farm-houses and 9 inhabitants.

OWSTROP, 2 *f. h.* in the township of Gilberdike, and parish of Eastrington; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Howden, $8\frac{1}{2}$ from South-Cave.

OWSTWICK, in the parishes of Garton and Rooss, middle-division of Holderness; 8 miles from Hedon, 13 from Hull.—Pop. 139.

OWTHORN, a parish-town, in the south-division of Holderness; 5 miles from Patrington, 10 from Hedon, 18 from Hull, 56 from York.—Pop. 143. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Peter, in the deanry of Holderness, value, 11*l.* 6*s.* 3*d.* Patron, the King.

In Feb. 1816, the tide flowed so strong on this coast, that it washed down the spire of Owthorn church, better known by the name of one of the *Sister Churches*; it had long been considered an ancient land-mark. A new one has since been built at Rimswell, in the same parish, instead of it.

P

PAINSLACK, 2 *f. h.* in the township and parish of Huggate; 7 miles from Driffield, 9 from Pocklington.

PAINSTHORPE, *ham.* in the township and parish of Kirby-Underdale; (*the seat of Captain Richardson*) 7 miles from Pocklington, 9 from Sledmere.

PARK-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township of Storthwaite, and parish of Thornton; 7 miles from Pocklington, 11 from York.

PATRINGTON, a market and parish-town, in the south-division of Holderness; 10 miles from Hedon, 18 from Hull, 20 from Hornsea, 56 from York, 192 from London.—*Market*, Saturday.—*Fairs*, March 28, July 18, December 6, for drapery, millinery, shoes, &c.—*Principal Inns*, Three Tuns. and Simpson's Inn.—Pop. 1,244. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Patrick, in the deanry of Holderness, value, 22*l.* Patron, Clare-Hall, Cambridge.

Patrington, an ancient town, supposed by *Camden* to be the *Prætorium* mentioned by *Antoninus* in his first Itinerary; and by *Dr. Gale*, to be a place, where justice was administered between merchant and merchant. *Drake* differs from *Camden*, and considers the *Prætorium* to have been merely a moveable encampment, but where, is now impossible to determine; probably long since swallowed up by the sea. However, be that as it may, the inhabitants used to boast of their antiquity, and the former excellency of their harbour; which is now only a small creek forming a kind of a haven for small craft within a mile from the Humber; but there is no canal up to the town. From the church-yard and from several parts of the vicinity, are delightful views of the Humber, and its fertile shores as far as Spurn point, and the opposite shores of Lincolnshire render the prospect more beautiful. The town may boast of a much handsomer church than most others in the neighbourhood. It is built in the form of a cross, and has a very lofty spire, which has long been a landmark for seamen on entering the Humber. This spire, about 190 feet high, was not many years ago repaired at a trifling expense, considering its height, by a very ingenious workman, who erected his scaffolding half way up the spire, by means of a chain on hooks.

PATRINGTON-HAVEN, *see Humber-Side.*

PAUL, or **PAGHILL**, a parish-town, in the south-division of Hol-

derness; 3 miles from Hedon, 7 from Patrington, 10 from Hull, 48 from York.—Pop. 486. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Andrew and St. Mary, in the deanry of Holderness, value, $\pm 10l.$ 0s. 5d. Patron, the Archbishop of York.

Paul, situated on the banks of the Humber, is remarkable for its dock yard, where ships of the line, of as high a rate as seventy-fours, are sometimes built.

PAUL. HIGH, in the township and parish of Paul; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Hedon, $6\frac{1}{2}$ from Patrington, $10\frac{1}{2}$ from Hull.

PAUL-HOLMES, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Paul; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Hedon.

PLOUGHLAND, 2 *f. h.* in the township and parish of Welwick; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Patrington.

PLUCKHAM, *f. h.* in the township of Thixendale, and parish of Wharrah-Percy; 5 miles from Pocklington.

POCKLINGTON, a market and parish-town, in Wilton-Beacon division of Harthill, a part in the liberty of St. Peter; $6\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Market-Weighton, 13 from York, 14 from Sledmere, 16 from Malton, $16\frac{1}{2}$ from Howden, 17 from Great-Driffield, 212 from London.—*Market*, Saturday.—*Fairs*, March 7, May 6, August 5, and Nov. 8, for horned-cattle, horses, sheep, cloth, &c.—*Principal Inns*, the Feathers, Buck, and Black Bull.—Pop. 1,962. The Church, peculiar, is a vicarage, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Harthill, value, $\pm 10l.$ 1s. $10\frac{1}{2}d.$ p. r. 140l. Patron, the Dean of York.

POCKLINGTON-NEW-INN, in the township and parish of Pocklington; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Pocklington, $5\frac{1}{2}$ from Market-Weighton, 13 from York. A Posting-house, on the road from York to Market-Weighton.

POCKTHORPE, *ham.* in the township and parish of Nafferton; (*Pockthorpe-House*, the seat of William Hall, Esq.) 4 miles from Driffield, 10 from Bridlington.

PORTINGTON, in the township of Cavile-with-Portington, and parish of Eastrington, wapentake of Howdenshire; 3 miles from Howden, 11 from South-Cave.—Pop. included in Cavile.

In 1814, three small imperfect coins, and a Roman urn containing upwards of 100 other coins, all in high preservation, and comprising, with the exception of two, coins of the several Emperors from Nero to Commodus, were found in a lane near Portington.

PRESTON, a parish-town, in the middle-division of Holderness, a part in the liberty of St. Peter; 1 mile from Hedon, 8 from Hull, 46 from York.—Pop. 828. The Church, peculiar, (styled Preston-with-Hedon) is a vicarage, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Holderness, value, $\pm 12l.$ Patron, the Subdean of York.

PRICKETT-HILL, *f. h.* in the township of Newsham-with-Brind, and parish of Wressle; 2 miles from Howden.

R

RAYWELL. (*the seat of Daniel Sykes, Esq.*) in the township and parish of Cottingham; 5 miles from South-Cave, 6 from Beverley, 7 from Hull.

RAISTHORPE, *f. h.* in the parish of Wharram-Percy; 5 miles from Sledmere, 9 from Malton.—Pop. including Burdale, 47, which being united, form a township.

REIGHTON, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Dickering; (*the seat of Arthur Strickland, Esq.*) $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Hunmanby, $6\frac{1}{2}$ from Bridlington, 40 from York.—Pop. 217. The Church is a vicarage, in the deanry of Dickering, value, $\pm 9l. 10s. p. r. \pm 139l.$ Patron, Sir Wm. Strickland, Bart. It was formerly a chapel to Hunmanby, to which it still pays a small sum annually towards repairs, &c.

RICCALL, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Ouse and Derwent, liberties of St. Peter and Howdenshire; (*Riccall-Hall, the seat of Toft Richardson, Esq.*) $5\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Selby, $9\frac{1}{2}$ from York, 12 from Howden.—Pop. 599. The Church, peculiar, is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Bulmer, value, $\pm 6l. p. r. 50l.$ Patron, the Prebendary thereof.

In the year 1066, the King of Norway, with a fleet of near 600 sail, came up the Humber, and landed their forces at this place, and marched directly to York, which they took by storm.—**DRAKE.**

The church of Riccall is of great antiquity, the porch of which is not only a curious, but a fine piece of sculpture and architecture, and is equal, if not superior, to that celebrated one of St. Margaret's, Walmgate, York. The Prebendal Hall, occupied by Mr. Richard Wilson, is a very ancient building, some part being built after the manner of Bugden Palace. It is moated round.

RIDGEMONT, *f. h.* in the township of Burstwick, and parishes of Skeckling and Burton-Pidsea; 5 miles from Hedon.

RILLINGTON, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Buckrose; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Malton, 8 from Sledmere, 22 from York.—Pop. 682. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Andrew, in the deanry of Buckrose, value, $\pm 8l. 14s. 9\frac{1}{2}d. p. r. \pm 130l.$ Patron, the King.

RILLINGTON-MOORS, *a few f. h.* in the township and parish of Rillington; 7 miles from Malton.

RIMSWELL, a township, in the parish of Owthorn, south-division of Holderness; 5 miles from Patrington. 11 from Hedon, 19 from Hull.—Pop. 129. A Church has been built here instead of that at Owthorn, which was washed down by the sea, in 1816.

RINGBROUGH, *f. h.* in the township of Bewick-with-East-Newton, and parish of Aldbrough; 10 miles from Hornsea and Patrington.

RIPLINGHAM, in the township and parish of Rowley, Hunsley-Beacon division of Harthill; 4 miles from Beverley, 8 from Hull.

RISBY, *2 f. h.* in the township and parish of Rowley; 4 miles from Beverley, 6 from South-Cave.

About 60 years ago, the mansion of the Ellerkers here, was accidentally destroyed by fire. The **Park** at Risby, one of the most beautiful in the Riding, is now occupied by a farmer.

RISE, a parish-town, in the north-division of Holderness; (*the seat of Richard Bethell, Esq.*) $6\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Hornsea, 9 from Beverley, 10 from Hull, 38 from York.—Pop. 221. The Church is a rectory, in the deanry of Holderness, value, $10l. 0s. 5d.$ Patron, the King.

This place anciently belonged to the noble family of Fauconberg, but has now been for many generations the family seat of the Bethells.

RY SOME, in the township of Holmpton, and parish of Hollym; (*the*

seat of George Henry Sherwood, Esq.) 4 miles from Patrington, 13 from Hedon.

RISTON, LONG, a parish-town, in the north-division of Holderness; $6\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Beverley, 11 from Hull, 14 from Driffield, 18 from Bridlington, $35\frac{1}{2}$ from York.—Pop. 361. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Margaret, in the deanry of Holderness, and is held along with Hornsea. Patron, the King.

ROOSS, a parish-town, in the middle-division of Holderness; 5 miles from Patrington, 7 from Hedon, 14 from Hull, 52 from York.—Pop. 442. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Holderness, value, 19*l.* Patron, the Rev. Christopher Sykes.

ROTSEA, in the parish of Hutton-Cranswick, Bainton-Beacon division of Harthill; 6 miles from Great-Driffield, 12 from Beverley.—Pop. 23.

ROUTH, a parish-town, in the north-division of Holderness; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Beverley, 10 from Hornsea, 13 from Hull, 19 from Bridlington, 33 from York.—Pop. 124. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Holderness, value, 8*l.* 17*s.* 1*d.* Patronesses, Mrs E. M. Ellerker, and Mrs H. Ellerker.

In the church is a mutilated effigy of a Knight Templar; and brasses of a Knight and his Lady, in good preservation, except the inscription, which has been torn off.

ROUTON, 3 *f. h.* in the township of Arnold-with-Routon and North Skirlaugh, and parish of Swine, north-division of Holderness; $7\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Beverley, 9 from Hull, 15 from Driffield.—Pop. included in Arnold.

ROWLEY, a parish-town, in Hunsley-Beacon division of Harthill; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from South-Cave, $5\frac{1}{2}$ from Beverley, $8\frac{1}{2}$ from Hull, 29 from York.—Pop. 425. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Peter, in the deanry of Harthill, value, 20*l.* 1*s.* 8*d.* Patron, Col. Hildyard.

ROWLSTON, in the township of Mappleton-with-Rowlston, and parish of Mappleton; (*the seat of Miss Animant*) 2 miles from Hornsea, 14 from Beverley, 16 from Driffield.—Pop. included in Mappleton.

RUDDINGS, *see Aughton-Ruddings.*

RUDSTON, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Dickering; 5 miles from Bridlington, 6 from Hummanby, 7 from Driffield, 36 from York.—Pop. 417. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Dickering, value, ± 9 *l.* 13*s.* $6\frac{1}{2}$ *d.* Patron, the Archbishop of York.

Here stands an Obelisk of great magnitude, which most probably gave name to the village. In Domesday book it is called *Rodestane*; some authors have imagined that the erection may be attributed to the Romans, as several tumuli and entrenchments are visible in many parts of the Wolds. We shall make the following extracts from Mr. Pegge's account of it, given in the 5th vol. of *Archæologia*, when he presented an engraving of the stone to the Society of Antiquaries. "This stone stands about four yards from the north east corner of Rudston church, which is situated on a high hill. Its depth underground, is equal to its height above, as appeared from an experiment made by the late Sir William Strickland. All the four sides are a little convex, and the whole covered with

moor. If, as it is there stated, the part underground be equal to that above, it is a most prodigious stone, not less than sixteen yards long; for the part above ground, measures above twenty-four feet. Mr. John Page, a master builder, says, the stone is of a very durable sort, as hard as most marble; that the breadth is 5 feet 10 inches, and the thickness, 2 feet 3 inches, and supposing it to be 28 feet above ground and as much below as above, he computes the whole weight to be, if equal to Portland stone, 46 tons. These pyramids are commonly esteemed to be Danish erections, and for my part I have always been inclined to think them funeral monuments."

RUSTON-PARVA, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Dickering; 4 miles from Driffield, 9 from Bridlington.—Pop. 140. The Church is a curacy, in the deanry of Dickering, Patron, William Thomas St. Quintin, Esq.

RYALL, or **RYEHILL**, in the parish of Skeckling, south-division of Holderness; $3\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Hedon, 7 from Patrington.—Pop. including Camerton, 315.

RYTHAM-GATE, 2 h. in the township and parish of Seaton-Ross; 5 miles from Pocklington, 6 from Market-Weighton.

S

SALTAGH-GRANGE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Kayingham; 6 miles from Patrington and Hedon.

SALTMARSHE, in the parish of Howden, wapentake of Howdenshire; (*the seat of Philip Saltmarshe, Esq.*) 4 miles from Howden, 14 from South-Cave.—Pop. 179.

Sir Lionel Saltmarshe lived in the time of King Harold. He did homage to King William the Conqueror, and was knighted by him at the castle of Knore, the 14th of November, 1067, where he gave him under the royal letters patent, the lordship of Saltmarshe. This family has flourished here ever since.—*Hutchinson's Hist. Durham.*

SANCTON, a parish-town, in Hunsley-Beacon division of Harthill; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Market-Weighton, $5\frac{1}{2}$ from South-Cave, 9 from Beverley.—Pop. including Houghton, 334. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Harthill, value,

†6*l.* 1*s.* 10½*d.* p. r. *58*l.* 12*s.* 4*d.* Patron, John Broadley, Esq.

SAND-HALL, (*the seat of William Sholfield, Esq.*) in the township of Skelton, and parish of Howden; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Howden, 13 from Selby.

SAND-HOLME, in the township of Gilbertdike, and parish of East-riding, wapentake of Howdenshire; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Howden, 8 from South-Cave.

SAND-HOLME, *ham.* in the township of Sand-Holme-with-Storkhill, and parish of St. John, Beverley, Hunsley-Beacon division of Harthill, liberty of Beverley; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Beverley.—Pop. including Storkhill, *see Addenda.*

SCAGGLETHORPE, in the parish of Settrington, wapentake of Buckrose; 3 miles from Malton, 10 from Sledmere.—Pop. 222.

SCALBY, in the parish of Blacktoft, wapentake of Howdenshire; $5\frac{1}{2}$ miles from South-Cave, $6\frac{1}{2}$ from Howden.—Pop. including Cheapsheds, 179.

SCAMPSTON, in the parish of Killington, wapentake of Buckrose;

(*Scampston-House, the residence of Charles Thorald Wood, Esq.*) 6 miles from Malton, 15½ from Scarborough.—Pop. 200. The Church is a perpetual curacy under Rillington, in the deanry of Buckrose, value, p. r. £25*l.*

This seat of the ancient family of the St. Quintins, is at present occupied by Charles Thorald Wood, Esq. The family of St. Quintin is said to have derived its name from St. Quintin, the Capital of Lower Picardy, in France, and entered England on the Norman invasion. The name is recorded in the roll of Battle Abbey. The fifth and last Baronet of that lineage died A. D. 1795.—*Scarborough Guide.*

SCEAF, or SCEFF, f. h. in the township and parish of Holme-on-Spalding-Moor; 5½ miles from Market-Weighton.

SCORBROUGH, a parish-town, in Bainton-Beacon division of Harthill; 4 miles from Beverley, 8½ from Great-Driffeld, 29 from York.—Pop. 88. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Leonard, in the deanry of Harthill. Patron, the Earl of Egremont.

This place was formerly the seat of the ancient family of the Hothams. The mansion house during the civil wars, was supplied with stores and cannon, and garrisoned by Sir John Hotham, governor of Hull. But it fell suddenly with its master, after being ravaged by those whose party he had supported against Charles I. Sir John Hotham, on his flight from Hull, was seized near Beverley gate, as he made an effort to regain his house at Scorbrough, the place of his nativity. A small remnant of decayed trees, bald headed with dry antiquity, hard by where the mansion stood, and close to the road, still affords protection to a company of herons; and an extensive castle moat is still preserved.—*Scarborough Guide.*

SCOREBY, in the township of Stamford-Bridge, east-side, wapentake of Ouse and Derwent; 6 miles from York, 8 from Pocklington.—Pop. included in Stamford-Bridge.

SCRAYINGHAM, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Buckrose; 9 miles from Pocklington, 11 from York.—Pop. 157. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Peter, in the deanry of Buckrose, value, 2*l.* 1*l.* 10½*d.* Patron, the King.

SCULCOATES, a parish-town, or a street adjoining Hull, in Hunsley-Beacon division of Harthill; 9 miles from Beverley, 14 from South-Cave.—Pop. 10,449. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to Mary, in the deanry of Harthill; value, £5*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* Patron, the King.

SEATON, in the township of Seaton-with-Wassand, and parish of Sigglesthorne, north-division of Holderness; 2¼ miles from Hornsea, 10½ from Beverley, 12½ from Great-Driffeld, 13½ from Hull. Pop. including Wassand, 301, which being united, form a township.

SEATON-HALL, *s. h.* in the township and parish of Seaton-Ross; 6½ miles from Pocklington, 7 from Market-Weighton.

SEATON-HALL, NEW, *s. h.* in the township and parish of Seaton-Ross; 6½ miles from Pocklington.

SEATON-ROSS, a parish-town, in Holme-Beacon division of Harthill; 5½ miles from Pocklington, 7 from Market-Weighton, 10 from Howden, 16 from York.—Pop. 477. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Edmund, in the deanry of Harthill, value, p. r. £48*l.* Patron, William Charles Maxwell, Esq.

SETTRINGTON, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Buckrose; (*a seat of Sir Mark Masterman Sykes, Bart.*) 4 miles from Malton.

8 from Sledmere.—Pop. 535. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Buckrose, value, 42*l.* 12*s.* 6*d.* Patron, the Earl of Bridgewater.

This Manor and Estate formerly belonged to the honourable family of the Mastermans, and by marriage with the heiress, came into the possession of the present proprietor, Sir Mark Masterman Sykes, Bart.

SEWERBY, in the township of Sewerby-cum-Marton, and parish of Bridlington, wapentake of Dickering; (*Sewerby-House, the seat of John Greame, Esq.*) 1½ mile from Bridlington, 13½ from Driffeld.—Pop. 317.

SHERBURNE, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Buckrose; 8 miles from Sledmere, 12 from Malton.—Pop. 496. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Hilda, in the deanry of Buckrose; value, 46*l.* 0*s.* 2½*d.* p. r. 460*l.* Patron, Sir W. Strickland, Bart.

SHIPTON, in the parish of Market-Weighton, Holme-Beacon division of Harthill, a part in the liberty of St. Peter; 2 miles from Market-Weighton, 4¼ from Pocklington.—Pop. 369. Here is a Chapel of ease to Market-Weighton, value, p. r. 25*l.* 18*s.*

SIGGLESTHORNE, a parish-town, in the north-division of Holderness; 3¼ miles from Hornsea, 9½ from Beverley, 12¼ from Hull, 14 from Driffeld, 16 from Bridlington, 39 from York.—Pop. 163. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Lawrence, in the deanry of Holderness, value, 31*l.* 1*s.* 3*d.* Patron, the King.

SKECKLING, in the township of Skeckling-cum-Burstwick, and parish of Skeckling, south-division of Holderness; 4 miles from Hedon, 8 from Patrington, 11 from Hull, 49 from York. The Church is a vicarage, (styled Burstwick-with-Skeckling) dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Holderness, value, 7*l.* Patron, Executors of the late Right Hon. the Earl of Cardigan.

There is no village of the name of Skeckling, it is merely the name of a parish.

SKEFFLING, a parish-town, in the south-division of Holderness; 3¼ miles from Patrington, 13¾ from Hedon, 22 from Hull, 60 from York.—Pop. 201. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Helen, in the deanry of Holderness, value, p. r. 463*l.* Patron, the Rev. N. Holme.

SKELTON, in the parish of Howden, wapentake of Howdenshire; 2 miles from Howden, 12 from Selby, 13½ from South-Cave.—Pop. 221.

SKERNE, a parish-town, in Bainton-Beacon division of Harthill; 2½ miles from Driffeld, 12 from Beverley, 31 from York.—Pop. 251. The Church is a perpetual curacy, in the deanry of Harthill, value, p. r. 55*l.* 10*s.* Patron, Richard Arkwright, Esq.

SKIDBY, in the parish of Cottingham, Hunsley-Beacon division of Harthill; 4 miles from Beverley, 7 from Hull and South-Cave. Pop. 313. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Michael, in the deanry of Harthill, value, p. r. 20*l.* Patron, the Bishop of Chester, or his lessee, Mr Peploe.

SKIPSEA, a parish-town, in the north-division of Holderness; 5 miles from Hornsea, 10 from Bridlington, 10½ from Driffeld, 15

from Beverley, 40 from York.—Pop. 329. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Holderness, value, $\pm 9l. 16s. p. r. 52l.$ Patron, the Archbishop of York.

At this place was an ancient castle, built by Drugo de Bruerer, a Fleming, the first Lord of Holderness after the conquest, who accompanied William into England, and being skilful and courageous in arms, was rewarded with this estate, as well as the hand of his niece in marriage; but, she being poisoned by him, he was obliged to fly for his life, and his estates given to Stephen, the son of Edo, Earl of Albemarle, in Normandy. No remains of the building are now to be seen, but in the middle of the marsh, which separates Skipsea from Skipsea-Brough, is an artificial Mound of a circular form, and considerable height, on the top of which may be traced, the foundations of an ancient castle or tower.—This mound still retains the name of Castle-Hill.—CAMDEN.—MAGNA BRIT.—ARCHÆOL.

SKIPSEA-BROUGH, *see Brough.*

SKIPWITH, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Ouse and Derwent, liberty of Howdenshire; (*the seat of Mrs Jane Hudson*) $5\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Selby, $7\frac{1}{2}$ from Howden, $9\frac{1}{2}$ from York.—Pop. 315. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Helen, in the deanry of Bulmer, value, $\pm 10l. 11s.$ Patron, the Lord Chancellor.

Here is a school founded and endowed by Dorothy Wilson, Spinster, by will, dated Jan. 20, 1710. The Rev. Joseph Wilson, the late vicar, left 400*l.* to this school, the interest of which to be applied to the education of the poor of the parish. The present salary for the Master is 20*l.* arising out of lands at Skipwith Holmes, originally for 10, now 14 boys.

SKIRLAUGH, NORTH, in the township of Arnold-with-Routon and North-Skirlaugh, and parish of Swine, north-division of Holderness: it adjoins and is a part of South-Skirlaugh.—Pop. included in Arnold.

SKIRLAUGH, SOUTH, in the parish of Swine, middle-division of Holderness; 8 miles from Hedon, 9 from Hull and Beverley.—Pop. 211. Here is a Chapel to Swine, dedicated to St. Austin.

The elegant chapel here, erected by Walter Skirlaugh, Bishop of Durham, the place of his nativity, is described by *Britton* in his *Architectural Antiquities*, as one of the most perfect minor specimens of parochial architecture in the Kingdom, and supposed to have been erected after Skirlaw was advanced to the See of Durham, A. D. 1388, and probably not before 1400. The base of the tower is surrounded with a series of a quartrefoil panels.

Mr. Britton further adds, on the authority of *Wood*, that “it appears by a certain note (inter collect. Rug. Dodsworth) that Skirlaw was born at Skirlaw or Skirley, in Yorkshire, and the son of a siever (riddle or sieve maker) there, but being very unfoward, ran away from his father’s house, and went to the University, where, being received by some Scholar, he arrived at such learning, that he became noted for it, and through various preferments, was made Bishop of Litchfield and Coventry, then of Wells, and at length of Durham. At which last place being settled, he sent his steward to inquire at Skirlaw, whether his father and mother (who had given him over for a lost son) were living; and having received notice that they were alive, sent for them, and supplied their wants.”

SKIRLINGTON, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Atwicke; 3 miles from Horwsea.

SKIRPIENBECK, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Buckrose; a part in the liberty of St. Peter; 6 miles from Pocklington, 10 from York.—Pop. 263. The Church is a rectory, in the deanry of Buckrose, value, 11*l.* 7*s.* 8½*d.* Patron, the King.

SLEDMERE, a post and parish-town, in the wapentake of Buckrose; (*a seat of Sir Mark Masterman Sykes, Bart.*) 8 miles from Driffield, 12 from Malton, 11 from Pocklington, 17 from Bridlington, 20 from Scarborough, 24 from York, 226 from London.—*Principal Inn*, Triton Inn.—Pop. including Croom, 425. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Buckrose, value, $\frac{1}{2}$ 32*l.* 15*s.* Patron, Sir Mark Masterman Sykes, Bart.

It was originally a Chapel in the parish of Grindalylth, and appropriated with it to the Priory of Kirkham.

Sledmere, situated in a spacious vale, in the centre of the Yorkshire Wolds, may be considered as the ornament of that bleak and hilly district, is noted for being the residence of Sir Mark Masterman Sykes, Bart. whose father, the late Sir Christopher Sykes, Bart. erected, from his own design, the present Mansion, which has been planned and executed in a superior style of elegance; but the greatest boast and pride of its noble owner, is the Library, 100 feet in length, and which the Rev. F. Dibdin is pleased to call "one of the finest rooms in the kingdom; perhaps rather too splendidly got up for the purpose to which it is converted, Here repose all the *Editiones Princeps* of Sir Mark; and among them the *first Livy* *rex vulgum*. Here too are seen his *History* and *Topography* and *Voyages*, and *Travels*, mostly upon large paper, in beautiful condition and appropriate bindings; while, below stairs, in Sir Mark's own particular apartment, and by the side of a bookcase, which contains some of the rarest Old English Poetry, in our language, are to be found his beautiful *Hollars*, and matchless *Faithornes*."—*Bibliogr. Decem.* III. p. 405.

The ornamented appendages, the pavilions, hot houses, green houses, &c. add to the beauty of the scene: and a lofty arched gateway erected over the present and ancient *Roman* road, from York to Bridlington, is seen at a great distance from every quarter, and has a fine effect.

Sir Mark succeeded his father, Sir Christopher Sykes, Bart. September, 1804, married, November 11, 1795, Henrietta, daughter of Henry Masterman, of Settrington, in Yorkshire, Esq. Deceased.

SMITHY-BRIGG, *f. h.* in the township of West-Newton, and parish of Swine; 7 miles from Hedon, 8½ from Hull.

SOUTHBURNE, in the parish of Kirkburn, Badinton-Beacon division of Harthill; 4½ miles from Driffield, 10½ from Beverley.—Pop. 103.

SOUTHCOATES, in the parish of Drypool, middle-division of Holderness; 2 miles from Hull, 8 from Hedon.—Pop. 798.

SPALDINGTON, in the parishes of Bubwith and Aughton, Holme-Beacon division of Harthill; 4¼ miles from Howden, 10 from Selby and Market-Weighton.—Pop. 361.

The ancient mansion of the Vavasours is yet to be seen here. It is a fine old building, and, from its architecture, appears to have been built about the time of Queen Elizabeth.

SPEETON, in the parish of Bridlington, wapentake of Dickering; 4 miles from Hammanby, 5 from Bridlington.—Pop. 116. The Church is a perpetual curacy, value, p. r. 60*l.* Patron, Wm. J. Denison, Esq.

SPTAL, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Fingfoss, Wilton-Beacon division of Harthill; 3½ miles from Pocklington.

SPTAL-HOUSE, in the township of Staxton, and parish of Willerby; 8 miles from Scarborough, 11 from Bridlington.

A few years ago, when removing some earth adjoining this house, a large quantity of human bones appeared. It formerly belonged to the Priory of Bridlington.

SPRINGHEAD, in the township and parish of Cottingham, (*the seat of Richard Tottie, Esq.*) 3 miles from Hull, 8 from Beverley.

SPROATLEY, a parish-town, in the middle-division of Holderness; 4 miles from Hedon, 8 from Hull, 15 from Beverley, 46 from York. Pop. 357. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Swithin, in the deanry of Holderness, value, 7*l.* 0*s.* 10*d.* Patron, Francis Constable, Esq.

Here is a school, endowed by Bridget Biggs, in 1739, for teaching 12 poor boys and 12 poor girls, and apprenticing or clothing them for service.—Annual produce, 64*l.* 19*s.* 8*d.*

SPURNHEAD, in the township and parish of Kibbsea; 11 $\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Patrington, 21 $\frac{1}{4}$ from Hedon, 29 $\frac{1}{4}$ from Hull.

Spurnhead, is a noted promontary, at the southernmost point of Holderness, and at the entrance of the Humber. It is the Ocellum Promontorium of Ptolemy, and where, "in the time of the *Romans*, a watch-tower was built, not only to overlook the mouth of the Humber, but as a guard to these coasts." "The present name of Spurnhead, eailed in our old English Chronicles, *Spurenhead*, is certainly derived from the Saxon verb, "*Spurien*," to look out, spy, or explore." Here now stands a light-house for the direction of mariners, built in the year 1677, by Mr. Justinian Angel, of London, who had a patent for it from King Charles II. and in 1684, a day mark was erected, i. e. a beacon with a barrel on the top of it. Not far distant from this point was the famous seaport of Ravenspur, celebrated in history for the landing of Henry IV. in 1399, and Edward IV. in 1471. Ravenspur has long since been swallowed up by the sea or the Humber, the precise spot where it stood being unknown.—*DRAKE*.—*MAGNA. BRIT.*

STADDLETHORPE, a few f. h. in the township and parish of Blacktoft; 7 miles from Howden, 8 from South-Cave.

STAMFORD-BRIDGE, in the parishes of Low-Catton and Gate-Helmsley; east part in Wilton-Beacon division of Harthill, and west in the wapentake of Ouse and Derwent; 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ miles from York and Pocklington, 16 $\frac{1}{2}$ from Sledmere, 18 from Selby, 23 from Driffield.—*No Market*.—*Fair*, December 1, for horses, horned-cattle, sheep, boots, shoes, &c.—Pop. east part 298, west, including Scoreby, 151—total, 449.

Stamford Bridge, called by the Normans *Pons belli* or *Battle Bridge*, from one of the most bloody battles, probably, at that time, ever known in England, between King Harold II. and Harfager, King of Norway, in conjunction with Tosti, the banished Earl of Northumberland, who persuaded the Norwegian Monarch to undertake the conquest of England. This battle between two armies of 60,000 each, took place in September, 1066, only nine days before the landing of William the Conqueror; a detailed account of which is to be met with in *Drake's Elbor*, p. 83.

Stamford Bridge is also noted as being, according to *Drake*, p. 33, the ancient *Derwentio*, although *Camden* fixes it at Aldby; both places are situated upon the river Derwent, and nearly at equal distance from York. The village of Stamford Bridge is situated on both sides of the Derwent.

STANINGHOLME, in the township and parish of Watton; 8 miles from Driffield.

STAXTON, in the parish of Willerby, wapentake of Dickering; 5 miles from Hunmanby, 7 from Scarborough, 12 from Bridlington. Pop. 213.

STEPNEY, 2 h. in the township of Cottingham, and parish of Sculcoates; 1 mile from Hull, 8 from Beverley.

The house called *Stepney House*, stands upon the boundary line of the townships of Cottingham and Sculcoates.

STILLINGFLEET, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Ouse and Derwent, a part in the liberty of St. Peter; (*the seat of Joshua Ingham, Esq.*) 7 miles from York, 8 from Selby and Tadcaster, 15 from Pocklington.—Pop. including Moreby, 401. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Helen, in the deanry of Bulmer, value, $\pm 9l. 7s. 6d.$ Patron, the Dean and Chapter of York.

STONE-FERRY, *ham.* in the township and parish of Sutton; 2 miles from Hull, 9 from Hedon.

STORK-HILL, *f. h.* in the township of Sandholme-with-Storkhill, and parish of St. John, Beverley; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Beverley.

STORTHWOOD, or **STORTHWAITE**, in the parish of Thornton, Holme-Beacon division of Harthill; 7 miles from Pocklington, 10 from Market-Weighton and York.—Pop. 116.

SUNDERLANWICK, a township, in the parish of Hutton-Cranswick, Bainton-Beacon division of Harthill; (*the seat of Horner Reymurd, Esq.*) 2 miles from Driffield, 11 from Beverley.—Pop. 60.

SUNK-ISLAND, (extraparochial) in the south-division of Holderness; 8 miles from Hedon and Patrington, 16 from Hull.—Pop. 216.

Sunk Island is a large tract of land in the Humber, of not less than 4570 acres, in the hands of the crown, and is on lease. The lessees let it again to the farmers. Sunk Island first began to make its appearance about the reign of Charles I. when a few acres were left dry at low water; but having increased every year in extent, it was embanked and converted into pasture land; and as the water receded, leaving large quantities of land, further embankments became necessary, till the Island at length reached its present size.

SUTTON, a parish-town, in the middle-division of Holderness; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Hull, 8 from Hedon and Beverley.—Pop. including Witham, Stoneferry, &c. 3,658. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. James, in the deanry of Holderness, value, *p. r.* $\pm 81l.$ Patron, Henry Broadley, Esq.

The church of Snton was anciently collegiate, and valued at $13l. 18s. 9d.$ but dissolved long before Bacon's time, who says, "no such college now." It appears also to have at sometime been a chapel to Waghan; Sir John Sutton, Patron, granted it for the sustentation of six chaplains to say Mass for the King and Queen and himself, his wife, and their souls, when dead: so all the tithes of this place were appropriated to that use.

In the reign of Edward I. a house for Carmelites or White Friars, was founded here.—BURTON.

SUTTON, *f. h. and Mill*, in the township and parish of Norton; 1 mile from Malton.

SUTTON, FULL, a parish-town, in Wilton-Beacon division of Harthill, a part in the liberty of St. Peter; 5 miles from Pocklington, 10 from York, 12 from Malton.—Pop. 125. The Church is a rectory, in the deanry of Harthill, value, $\pm 10l. 12s. 8\frac{1}{2}d.$ *p. r.* $\pm 130l.$ Patron, the Honourable John Simpson.

This church is very ancient, and supposed to have formerly belonged to the Priory of Watton, near Beverley, and built as a chantry for some idle Monk. The arms of the Percy family are in some of the windows.—*James Rudd, D. D. Rector.*

SUTTON-UPON-DERWENT, a parish-town, in Wilton-Beacon division of Harthill; 6 miles from York, 7 from Pocklington, 12 from Selby.—Pop. 400. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to

- St. Michael, in the deanry of Harthill; value, 11*l.* 11*s.* 7*d.*
Patron, Sir Thomas Clerges, Bart.
- SWANLAND, in the parish of Ferriby, in Hullshire; (*the seat of Nicholas Sykes, Esq.*) 6 miles from South-Cave, 7 from Hull.—
Pop. *see Addenda.*
- SWAYTHORPE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Kilham.
- SWINE, a parish-town, in the middle-division of Holderness; 6½ miles from Hull and Beverley, 8 from Hedon, 47 from York, by *Wawn-Ferry*.—Pop. 229. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Holderness, value, 48*l.* p. r. 454*l.*
Patron, William Wilberfoss, Esq.

Here was once a religious house, which at the time of the dissolution, contained a Prioress, and 14 or 15 Nuns of the Cistercian order. It was founded by Robert de Verli, in the reign of King Stephen, and dedicated to the Virgin Mary. It was surrendered by Dorothy Knight, the last Prioress, who received a pension of 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum, each of the Nuns had pensions of from 3*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* to 2*l.* per annum. The revenues of their house at this time, was according to DUGDALE, 82*l.* 3*s.* 9*d.* and SPEED, 134*l.* 6*s.* 9*d.* The site, &c., was sold by Henry VIII. in 1540, to Sir Richard Gresham, Knight, and in the 38th year of his reign, the King sold to the same person the rectory of Swine, with all its appurtenances in Swine, Coniston, &c.—BURTON.

Of the Priory of Swine, there are no remains; but in the church, which belonged to it, are several monumental effigies, in a high state of preservation, with inscriptions, probably belonging to the Darcy family.—BURTON.

- SWINKELL, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Watton; 5 miles from Driffield.

T

- TANSTON, or TANSTERNE, *ham.* in the township of West-Newton, and parish of Aldbrough; 7 miles from Hedon.

- THEARNE, in the parish of St. John, Beverley, Hunsley-Beacon division of Harthill, liberty of Beverley; 3 miles from Beverley.—Pop. *see Addenda.*

- THICKETT, (*the seat Joseph Dunnington, Esq.*) in the township of Thorganby-with-Cottingham, and parish of Thorganby; 9 miles from York and Pocklington, 12 from Selby.

At Thikehead, now Thicket, in the time of Richard I. a small Benedictine Nunnery was built here by Roger Fitz-Roger, to the honour of the Blessed Virgin. At the dissolution, 26th Henry VIII. its revenues amounted, according to DUGDALE, to 20*l.* 18*s.* 10*d.* and SPEED, 23*l.* 12*s.* 2*d.* In the 33rd Henry VIII. the King granted the site, &c. to John Aske, in whose family the patronage or foundryship had been for some years; it having descended to them from the Hayes.—BURTON.

- THIRKLEBY, a township, in the parish of Kirby-Grindalyth, wapentake of Buckrose; 3 miles from Sledmere, 10 from Malton.—Pop. 44.

- THIRKLEBY, or THIRTLEBY, in the parish of Swine, middle-division of Holderness; 5 miles from Hedon, 7 from Hull, 10 from Beverley.—Pop. 61.

- THIXENDALE, in the parish of Wharrah-Percy, wapentake of Buckrose; 8 miles from Sledmere, 9 from Pocklington.—Pop. 184.

John de Sezevaux, one of the Representatives for the city of York, 28th of Edward I. was of this place, and to whose name *Drake*, p. 355, annexes the

following note. *De Sezeranz*, or *de sexdecim vallibus*, is the town on the *Wolds*, now called *Thixendale*; corruptedly no doubt from *sixteen dales*, which the place is remarkable for.

THORALDBY, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Bugthorpe; 6 miles from Pocklington, 12 from York.

THORGANBY, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Ouse and Derwent; (*the seat of John Dunnington Jefferson, Esq.*) 8 miles from Selby, 10 from Howden, 12 from York.—Pop. including West-Cottingham, 381, which being united form a township. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Elen, in the deanry of Bulmer, value, *p. r.* 35*l.* Joint Patrons, Mr Abbey, and Mr Halley.

THORNGUMBALD, in the parish of Paul; south-division of Holderness; 2½ miles from Hedon, 7½ from Patrington, 10½ from Hull.—Pop. 259. Here is a Chapel to Paul.

THORNHOLME, or **THURNHOLME**, in the parish of Burton-Agnes, wapentake of Dickering; 4¾ miles from Bridlington, 7¼ from Driffield.—Pop. 91.

THORNTON, a parish-town, in Wilton-Beacon division of Harthill; 5 miles from Pocklington, 7 from Market-Weighton, 12 from York.—Pop. 198. The Church of Thornton-with-Altorthorpe, peculiar, is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Michael, in the deanry of Harthill, value, 47*l.* 5*s.* 10*d.* Patron, the Dean of York.

THORNTON-HOUSE and **THORNTON-LAND**, 2 *f. h.* in the township of Scalby, and parish of Blacktoft; the former 7 miles from Howden, and the latter 8 miles.

THORPE, a township, in the parish of Howden, wapentake of Howdenshire; 1 mile from Howden, 11 from Selby.—Pop. 53.

THORPE, EAST, *see East-Thorpe.*

THORPE-BASSETT, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Buckrose; 5 miles from Malton, 16 from Driffield, 17 from Scarborough, 22 from York.—Pop. 156. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Buckrose, value, 12*l.* *p. r.* 144*l.* Joint Patrons, Richard Watsen, Esq. Mr Rider, Mr Thomas Owston, and Mrs Luchbald.

Here is a small school endowed with 10*l.* per annum, by the late Rector, the Rev. W. Graves.

THORPE-BRANTINGHAM, in the township and parish of Brantingham, Hunsley-Beacon division of Harthill, liberty of Howdenshire; (*the seat of the Rev. Edward William Barnard*) 2 miles from South-Cave, 9 from Hull, 12 from Beverley.—Pop. 174.

THORPE-HALL, (*the seat of the Hon. Major-Gen. Godfrey Bosville*) in the township and parish of Rudston; 4 miles from Bridlington, 8 from Driffield and Hunmanby.

THORPE-LE-STREET, in the parish of Nunburnholme, Holme-Beacon division of Harthill; 3 miles from Market-Weighton, 4 from Pocklington.—Pop. 37.

THORPE-LIDGET, 2 *cots.* in the township of Thorpe, and parish of Howden; 1 mile from Howden.

TRANBY, (*the seat of Mrs Barkworth*) in the township of Hessele, and parish of Kirk-Ella; 5 miles from Hull.

THWING, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Dickering; 8 miles from Bridlington, 10 from Driffield, 13 from Scarborough, 33 from York.—Pop. including Octon, 314. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Dickering, value, 8*l.* 12*s.* 1*d.* It consists of two medieties, Thwing and Octon, Patron, the King.

In Thwing, Archbishop Lamplugh, the 74th Archbishop of York, first drew breath. He was Fellow of Queen's College, Oxford, afterwards Rector of Charlton, Oxfordshire, and Principal of St. Alban's Hall, August 12, 1664. He became not long after one of the King's Chaplains. He was translated to the Sec of York in 1688, when he was 74 years of age, and died at Bishopthorpe in 1691.—**DARKE**.—**BIOG. DICT.**

TIBTHORPE, in the parish of Kirkburn, Bainton-Beacon division of Harthill; 6½ miles from Driffield, 12 from Beverley, 16½ from Malton.—Pop. 221.

TICKTON, in the parish of St. John, Beverley, Hunsley-Beacon division of Harthill; (*the seat of Wm. West, Esq.*) 2½ miles from Beverley, 11 from Hull and Hornsea.

TOLLINGHAM, *s. h.* in the township and parish of Holme-on-Spalding-Moor; 7 miles from Market-Weighton.

TORMOND-HALL, (*the seat of John Burton, Esq.*) in the township of Long-Cliffe, and parish of Henningbrough; 2½ miles from Selby, 7½ from Howden, 14 from York.

TOWTHORPE, 2 *f. h.* a township, in the parish of Wharram-Percy, wapentake of Buckrose; 2 miles from Sledmere.—Pop. 61.

TRESWICK, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Hayton; 3½ miles from Market-Weighton and Pocklington.

TUNSTALL, a parish-town, in the middle-division of Holderness, liberty of St. Peter; 6 miles from Patrington, 8 from Hedon, 15 from Hull.—Pop. 163. The Church, peculiar, is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Holderness, value, *p. r.* †52*l.* 18*s.* Patron, Succentor Canonicorum Ebor.—**BACON** styles it a vicarage discharged, of the clear value of 20*l.*

TURMER-HALL, *f. h.* in the township of Gangatead, and parish of Swine; 4 miles from Hedon, 5 from Hull.

U

ULROME, in the parishes of Barnston and Skipsea, north-division of Holderness; 6¼ miles from Hornsea, 9 from Bridlington, 12 from Driffield, 16 from Beverley.—Pop. 170. The Church is a perpetual curacy, in the deanry of Holderness, value, *p. r.* †120*l.* Patron, Sir Francis Boynton, Bart.

That part of Ulrome which is in the parish of Skipsea, bury in that church, and pay towards the repairs of the same, one fourth. According to **BACON**, it is a vicarage endowed and discharged, valued at 3*l.* 19*s.* 2*d.*

UNCLEBY, 3 or 4 *f. h.* in the township and parish of Kirby-Underdale, wapentake of Buckrose; 8 miles from Pocklington.

UPTON, in the township of Drinkhoe, Upton, and Brough, and

parish of Skipsea, north-division of Holderness; 6 miles from Hornsea, 10 from Bridlington.—Pop. included in Drinkhoe.

W

WALDBY, or WAULDBY, in the parish of Elloughton, Hunsley-Beacon, division of Harthill; 5 miles from South-Cave, 8 from Beverley, 9 from Hull.—Pop. 44.

WALKINGTON, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Howdenshire, Hunsley-Beacon division of Harthill; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Beverley, 7 from South-Cave, 11 from Hull.—Pop. Howden 324, Provost-Fee 209—total, 533. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Harthill, value, 24*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* Patron, the Rev. Daniel Ferguson, the present incumbent.

This village consists of two parts, one of which is a copyhold manor, called *Walkingham Provost Fee*, belonging to Henry Gee Barnard, of Cave Castle, Esq. the other part is copyhold within the Manor of Howden.

WANSFORD, in the parish of Nafferton, wapentake of Diekering; 4 miles from Driffeld, $10\frac{1}{2}$ from Bridlington.—Pop. 344.

WAPLINGTON, 3 *f. h.* a township in the parish of Pocklington; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Pocklington, 8 from Market-Weighton, 12 from York.—Pop. 19.

WARTER, a parish-town, in Bainton-Beacon division of Harthill; 5 miles from Pocklington, 11 from Driffeld, 12 from Beverley, $17\frac{1}{2}$ from York.—Pop. 428. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. James, in the deanry of Harthill, value, p. r. $\pm 27*l.*$ Patron, Lord Muncaster.

Geoffrey Fitz-Pain, alias Trustbut, founded here an Augustine Priory, in 1132, and dedicated it to St. James. About the time of the dissolution it was the residence of a Prior and ten Canons; and its revenues amounted to 143*l.* 7*s.* 8*d.* according to DUGDALE, and 221*l.* 3*s.* 10*d.*—SPEED. The site was granted 28th and 32nd Henry VIII. to Thomas, Earl of Rutland.—BURTON.

WARTER-HALL, (*the seat of Lord Muncaster*) in the township and parish of Warter; 4 miles from Pocklington.

Lowther Augustus John Pennington, Lord Muncaster, born December 13th, 1802, succeeded his father, Lowther, the late Lord, July 29th, 1818. Creation, September 21st, 1783.

Gamel de Pennington, ancestor of this noble family, was seated at Muncaster in Cumberland, at the conquest.

WASSAND, in the township of Seaton-with-Wassand, and parish of Sigglesthorne, north-division of Holderness; (*the seat of the Rev. Charles Constable*) $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Hornsea, 11 from Beverley, 13 from Driffeld, 14 from Hull.—Pop. included in Seaton.

The noted Mere or Lake of Hornsea comes within a quarter of a mile of this mansion, from the grounds of which it forms a striking and beautiful scene.—*See Hornsea.*

WATTON, a parish-town, in Bainton-Beacon division of Harthill; (*Watton-Abbey, the residence of Digby Legard, Esq.*) $5\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Driffeld, $7\frac{1}{2}$ from Beverley, 12 from Market-Weighton, 31 from York.—Pop. 307. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Harthill, value, p. r. $\pm 40*l.*$ Patron, Richard Bethell, Esq.

At Watton, (*olim Tetadun*) was a Nunnery about the year 686, but by

whom founded, or how it was demolished, does not appear; but probably by the Danes. About the year 1150, Eustace Fitz-John founded a Priory of Gilbertine Nuns, of the order of Sempringham, dedicated it to the Virgin Mary, in a place almost surrounded by water, called Watton, for the sustenance of thirteen Canons, perpetually to serve the Nuns therein, in divine and terrene matters. Fifty-three Nuns were here consecrated at once, by William de Melton, Archbishop of York, in 1326. Before the dissolution, the revenues of this Monastery were valued at 360*l.* 16*s.* 10*d.*—DUGDALE, and 453*l.* 7*s.* 8*d.*—SPEED. It was surrendered Dec. 9, 1540, and 3rd of Edward VI. the site was granted to John, Earl of Warwick.—BURTON.

It now belongs to the family of the Bethells of Rise, who use every exertion to preserve the little that remains of the buildings.

WAWN, or **WAGHEN**, a parish-town, in the middle-division of Holderness, liberty of St. Peter; 5 miles from Hull and Beverley, 12 from Hedon, 34 from York.—Pop. 251. The Church, peculiar, is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Peter, in the deanry of Holderness, value, p. r. †39*l.* Patron, Sir William Smyth, Bart.

WAXHOLME, a township, in the parish of Owthorn, middle-division of Holderness; 6 miles from Patrington, 10 from Hedon, 13 from Hull.—Pop. 72.

WEADLAND, *f. h.* in the township of Hempholme, and parish of Leven; 7 miles from Driffield, 10 from Beverley.

WEAVERTHORPE, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Buckrose; 4 miles from Sledmere, 12 from Malton, 28 from York.—Pop. 334. The Church, peculiar, is a vicarage, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Buckrose, value, 9*l.* 6*s.* 0½*d.* p. r. 150*l.* Patrons, the Dean and Chapter of York.

WEEL, in the parish of St. John, Beverley, Hunsley-Beacon division of Harthill, liberty of Beverley; 1¼ mile from Beverley, 8 from Hull, 15 from Hedon.—Pop. *see Addenda.*

WEETON, in the township and parish of Welwick, south-division of Holderness; 2¾ miles from Patrington, 12¾ from Hedon.

WEIGHTON, MARKET, *see Market-Weighton.*

WEIGHTON, LITTLE, in the township and parish of Rowley; 4 miles from South-Cave, 5 from Beverley.

WELHAM, *ham.* in the township and parish of Norton; (*the seat of Robert Bower, Esq.*) 1 mile from Malton, 11 from Sledmere.

WELHAM-BRIDGE, *ham.* in the township and parish of Holmeon-Spalding-Moor; 5 miles from Howden.

WELTON, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Howdenshire; (*the seats of Robert Raikes and John Carrick, Esqrs.*) 4 miles from South-Cave, 9 from Beverley, 10 from Hull, 32 from York.—Pop. 576. The Church, peculiar, is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Helen, in the deanry of Harthill, value, 25*l.* Patron, the King.

WELWICK, a parish-town, in the south-division of Holderness; 2 miles from Patrington, 12 from Hedon, 58 from York.—Pop. 410. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Holderness, value, †6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* p. r. 80*l.* Patron, the King.

In this Church is an old monument, supposed to belong to the family of Albemarle. It is said that Le Gros, a branch of that stock, died on his passage to Germany, and was brought here to be interred.

- WELWICKTHORPE**, *ham.* in the township and parish of Welwick, south-division of Holderness; 1 mile from Patrington.
- WESTALL**, *s. h.* in the township of Bewick-with-East-Newton, and parish of Aldbrough; 9 miles from Hedon, 11 from Hull.
- WESTOW**, a parish town, in the wapentake of Buckrose; (*the seat of Tatton Spikes, Esq.*) 6 miles from Malton, 12 from Sledmere, 14 from York.—Pop. 423. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Buckrose, value, $\pm 1l. 18s. 4d.$ Patron, the Archbishop of York.
- WETWANG**, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Buckrose, liberty of St. Peter; 4 miles from Sledmere, 6 from Driffield, 13 from Malton, 22 from York.—Pop. 422. The Church, peculiar, is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Michael, in the deanry of Buckrose, value, $\pm 9l. 7s. 8\frac{1}{2}d.$ Patron, the Prebendary thereof.
- WHARRAM-GRANGE**, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Wharram-le-Street; 6 miles from Malton and Sledmere.
- WHARRAM-LE-STREET**, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Buckrose; $5\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Sledmere, $6\frac{1}{2}$ from Malton, 20 from York, $21\frac{1}{2}$ from Beverley.—Pop. 127. The Church, peculiar, is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Buckrose, value, $\pm 6l. p. r. 70l.$ Patron, Lord Middleton.
- WHARRAM-PERCY**, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Buckrose; 5 miles from Sledmere, 7 from Malton, 20 from York.—Pop. 44. The Church is a vicarage, in the deanry of Buckrose, value, $\pm 11l. 13s. p. r. 52l.$ Patrons, Lady Inglefield and Mrs. Isted, sisters and co-heiresses of the late Sir Charles Buck, Esq.
- WHELDRAKE**, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Ouse and Derwent; 8 miles from York, 10 from Pocklington, 12 from Selby.—Pop. 638. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Helen, in the deanry of Buhner, value, $25l. 17s. 3\frac{1}{2}d.$ Patron, the Archbishop of York.
- WHITEWALL-CORNER**, *ham.* in the township and parish of Norton; 1 mile from Malton. This hamlet being situated on the edge of the Wolds, excellent conveniences are made for the training of Race Horses.
- WHOLESEA**, *s. h.* in the township and parish of Holme-on-Spalding-Moor; 6 miles from Market-Weighton, 8 from Howden.
- WILBERFOSS**, a parish-town, in Wilton-Beacon division of Hart-hill; 5 miles from Pocklington, 8 from York, 11 from Market-Weighton.—Pop. 385. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. John Baptist, in the deanry of Barthill, value, $p. r. \pm 42l.$ Patrons, four Feoffees in right of lands laying in the parish. Here in 1153, Helias de Catton, founded a Nunnery for Benedictines, which was endowed by his son Alan, with divers lands. It was dedicated to the Virgin Mary. Not a vestige of this Nunnery is now to be seen. Valued at the dissolution at $21l. 16s. 10d.$ —DUGDALE.—BERRON.
- Wilberfoss is remarkable for having been the ancient seat of the family of Wilberfoss, which is said to have taken its name from the place, and to have flourished here ever since the Conquest; till William Wilberfoss, Esq. who was born A. D. 1710, sold the family estate and the mansion. William Wilbertorce,

Esq. M. P. celebrated for his senatorial abilities and philanthropy, is a descendant of this ancient family.

WILFELHOLME, in the township of Beswick, and parish of Kilnwick-juxta-Watton; 9 miles from Driffield, 10 from Beverley; formerly a Common, now inclosed on the banks of the River Hull, from which river there is a Landing Place and an Inn, for the convenience of the neighbouring townships.

WILLERBY, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Dickering; 6 miles from Hammanby, 7 from Scarborough, 13 from Bridlington, 32 from York.—Pop. 34. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Peter, in the deanry of Dickering, value, $\pm 9l.$ 0s. $7\frac{1}{2}d.$ p. r. $\pm 120l.$ Patron, the King.

WILLERBY, in the parishes of Kirk-Ella and Cottingham, in Hullshire, and Hunsley-Beacon division of Harthill; 6 miles from Hull, 7 from South-Cave, 8 from Beverley.—Pop. *see Addenda.*

WILLITOFI, in the township of Gribthorpe-with-Willitofi, and parish of Bubwith; 5 miles from Howden, 10 from Selby.—Pop. included in Gribthorpe.

In the time of Charles I. the family of the Vavasours resided here; the *Hall* is now used as a farm house.

WILSTHORPE, *f. h.* in the township of Hilderthorpe-with-Wilsthorpe, and parish of Bridlington; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Bridlington, 13 from Driffield.—Pop. included in Hilderthorpe.

WILTON, BISHOP, *see Bishop-Wilton.*

WINBRY-HILL, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Wilberfoss; 6 miles from Pocklington, 9 from York.

WINESTEAD, a parish-town, in the south-division of Holderness; (*the seat of Arthur Maister, Esq. and Winestead-Hall, the seat of James Moiser, Esq.*) $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Patrington, $8\frac{1}{2}$ from Hedon, $16\frac{1}{2}$ from Hull, 55 from York.—Pop. 129. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Germain, in the deanry of Holderness, value, 12*l.* Patron, Mrs Hildyard.

The Manor of Winestead has been in the family of the Hildyards ever since the reign of Edward III. Mrs. Hildyard, niece and heiress of the late Sir Robert, is the present owner, who founded a charity school here in 1812.

This place gave birth to the patriotic and political writer, Andrew Marvel, which took place on the 5th of April, 1621.—*Parish Register.* He was the son of the Rev. A. Marvel, rector of this parish. His abilities being very great, his progress in letters was proportionable; so that at 13 or 15 he was admitted of Trinity College, Cambridge, where he took a Bachelor of Arts Degree, in 1639; and about 1642, commenced his travels through Holland, France, and Italy. In the last of those countries, he obtained the acquaintance and friendship of the illustrious Milton, during their residence at Rome; and had afterwards the honour of having him for a coadjutor in the office of Latin Secretary to the Protector.

In 1658, he was elected one of the Representatives for Hull; and again returned in the two successive Parliaments. In this station he acquitted himself so much to the satisfaction of his constituents, that they allowed him a handsome pension all the time he continued to represent them, which was to the time of his death. This was probably the last borough in England that paid a representative.

In Parliament he distinguished himself by his integrity as a senator, and by his wit as a writer against the corruptions of the court. Charles II. delighted in his conversation, but could never prevail on him to support his measures. To

effect this, he one day sent Lord Danby to wait upon him, with a particular message from himself. His Lordship with some difficulty found his elevated retreat, which was a second floor in an obscure court in the Strand. Lord Danby, from the darkness of the stair case, and the narrowness thereof, abruptly burst open the door, and suddenly entered the room, wherein he found Mr. Marvel writing. Astonished at the sight of so noble, and so unexpected a visitor, he asked his Lordship with a smile, if he had not mistook his way, "no," replied His Lordship, with a bow, "not since I have found Mr. Marvel;" continuing, that he came from the King, who wished to do him some signal service, to testify his high opinion of his merits. He replied, with his usual pleasantry, that kings had it not in their power to serve him; he had no void left aching in his heart: his Lordship, after some other discourse, offered him any place at court he should choose. Marvel answered, "that to take a place at the hands of his Majesty, would be proving him guilty of the first sin, ingratitude, if he voted against him; and if he went in the smooth stream of his interest, it might be doing injustice to his country and his conscience. The royal offers proving vain, Lord Danby began to assure him, that the King had ordered him a thousand guineas, which he hoped he would be pleased to receive, till he could bring his mind to accept something better, and more durable. At this, Mr. Marvel renewed his usual smile, and said, "surely my good Lord, you do not mean to treat me ludicrously by these munificent offers, which seem to interpret a poverty on my part. Pray my Lord Treasurer, do these apartments wear in the least the air of need? and has for my living, that is plentiful and good, which you shall have form the mouth of the servant:—

"Pray what had I to dinner yesterday?"

"A shoulder of mutton, sir."

"And what do you allow me to day?"

"The remainder hashed."

"and to morrow, my Lord Danby, I shall have the sweet blade bone broiled; and when your Lordship makes honourable mention of my cook and my diet, I am sure his Majesty will be too tender in future, to attempt to bribe a man with golden apples, who lives so well on the viands of his country." The Lord Treasurer, unable to withstand this, withdrew with smiles, and Mr. Marvel sent to his bookseller for the loan of one guinea. No Roman virtue ever surpassed this temperance, nor can gold bribe any man that is not bribed with luxury. He died in 1678, not without the strongest suspicions of being poisoned, and was buried in the church of St. Giles in the Fields. Ten years after, the town of Kingston-upon-Hull erected an epitaph at once expressive of their "grief and gratitude." The corporation ordered 50*l.* to be issued for the purpose of burying him.

He wrote some pieces against Parker, Bishop of Oxford, and miscellaneous Poems and Tracts; all of which have been published in 3 vols. 4to. A poetical piece of his, which, with one from Dr. Barrow, was the means of rescuing the poem of "Paradise Lost" from unmerited obscurity, is usually prefixed to his works.—*Biog. Dict.*—*Oldfield on Boroughs.*

WINKTON, long since been swallowed up by the sea.

WINTRINGHAM, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Buckrose; 7 miles from Malton and Sledmere, 25 from York.—Pop. including Newton and Linton, 326. The Church, donative, is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Peter, in the deanry of Buckrose, value, p. r. *17*l.* 6*s.* Patron, George Strickland, Esq.

This Church was given by Enstace Fitz-John to his Priory at Malton; the Impropiator pays the curate 6*s.* 8*d.* per Sunday.

WITHAM, in the township and parish of Sutton; a part of the suburbs of Hull.

WITHERNSEA, in the parish of Hollym, south-division of Holderness; 4 miles from Patrington, 12 from Hedon.—Pop. 103. The Church is a curacy, dedicated to St. Nicholas, held with Hollym, and has long been in ruins.

It now serves as a land mark for seamen, and is well known as one of the *Sister Churches*, so called from it and Owthorn having been built by *two Sisters*.
WITHERNWICK, a parish-town, in the north-division of Holderness, liberty of St. Peter; 8 miles from Hedon, 12 from Beverley and Hull, 17 from Driffield.—Pop. 370. The Church, peculiar, is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Alban, in the deanry of Holderness; value, $\pm 6l. 7s. 1d.$ Patron, the Prebendary of Archbishop Holm, in York Cathedral.

WOLD-COTTAGE, in the township and parish of Thwing; (*the seat of the Rev. Timothy Fish Foord Bowes.*) 8 miles from Bridlington, 10 from Driffield, 13 from Scarborough.

On Sunday about three o'clock, the 13th of December, 1795, a stone weighing 56 pounds, fell within two fields of the house,—three people were within 150 yards from the place where it fell. So great was the force in its fall that it excavated a place 19 inches deep, and something more than a yard in diameter. It is now lodged in Mr. Sowerby's Museum, Lambeth Road, London. To perpetuate the spot where the stone fell, the late Major Topham erected a pillar, with a plantation around it. The pillar is built over the exact place which the stone excavated, and has this inscription on a tablet:—

Here
 on this spot,
 December 13th, 1795, fell from the atmosphere,
 An extraordinary stone!
 In breadth 28 inches,
 In length 30 inches,
 and
 the weight of which was fifty-six pounds!

THIS COLUMN
 In memory of it, was erected by
 Edward Topham,
 1799.

Brit. Mineralogy, vol. II. p. 7.

WOLD-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Great-Driffield; 3 miles from Driffield.

WOLD-NEWTON, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Dickering; 8 miles from Bridlington, 13 from Scarborough, 34 from York.—Pop. including Fordon, 177. The Church is a perpetual curacy, in the deanry of Dickering, value, *p. r.* 60*l.* Patron, Richard Langley, Esq. *Bacon* styles this a vicarage, discharged, valued at 6*l.* 19*s.* 9½*d.*

Wold Newton anciently a chapel to Hunmanby, to which it still continues a small annual sum towards the repairs, &c. and the inhabitants still continue to bury their dead there.

WOLFRETON, *s. h.* in the township of Kirk-Ella and Anlaby, and parish of Kirk-Ella; 5 miles from Hull.

WOODHALL, in the township of Brackenholme-with-Woodhall, parish of Hemmingbrough, wapentake of Ouse and Derwent, liberty of Howdenshire; (*the seat of Charles Reeves, Jun. Esq.*) 6 miles from Selby, 7 from Howden, 14 from York.—Pop. included in Brackenholme.

WOODHALL, (*the seat of William Henry Maister, Esq.*) in the township of Ellerby, and parish of Swine; 7½ miles from Hull.

WOODHOUSE, *s. h.* in the township and parish of Pocklington; 1 mile from Pocklington, 8 from Market-Weighton.

WOODHOUSES, 2 *f. h.* in the township and parish of Sutton-upon-Derwent; 5 miles from Pocklington, 8 from York, 13 from Selby.

WOODLEY, in the parish of Kirby-Underdale; 9 miles from Malton and Sledmere, 14 from York.

WOODMANSEA, in the parish of St. John, Beverley. Hunsley-Beacon division of Harthill, and liberty of Beverley; 2 miles from Beverley, 7 from Hull.—Pop. *see Addenda*.

WRESSLE, a parish town in the township of Wressle-with-Loftsome, Holme-Beacon division of Harthill; 4 miles from Howden, 6½ from Selby, 13 from Market-Weighton, 17 from York. Pop. including Loftsome and Newsham-with-Brind, 360. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. John of Beverley, in the deanry of Harthill, value, £5*l.* 13*s.* 9*d.* p. r. 90*l.* 17*s.* 1*d.* Patron, the Earl of Egremont.

Wressle Castle was built and fortified by Thomas Percy, Earl of Worcester, in the time of Richard II. and which Leland considers as one of the most superb houses north of the Trent. It was a quadrangular building with five towers, one at each corner, and a fifth over the gateway. In one of these towers Leland says "ther was a study called Paradise, wher was a closet in the middle of eight squires latished aboute, and at the top of every square was a desk ledgid to set books on, coffers within them, and this semid as joined hard to the toppe of the closette, and by pulling one or al wolde cum down briste highte in rabbitts, and serve for desks to lay bookes on." This castle was in preservation till the civil wars broke out in 1641. On the decline of the King's party, the northern counties experienced some respite, but in 1648, attempts being expected from the royalists, fresh troops were sent into the north, and Major Lambton ordered a detachment of 60 men to garrison the castle; and while the Earl of Northumberland was exerting all his influence above, to save this noble seat of his ancestors, a committee at York sent a sudden order to dismantle it, which was done before the Earl could receive notice of their design. After this, it does not appear to have been long used as the residence of its Lords. It was occupied as a farm house, till 1796, when it was accidentally burnt to the ground, leaving little more than the shell of this princely mansion. It is at present the property of the Earl of Egremont.—CAMDEN.—DR. PERCY.

WYTON, in the parish of Swine, middle-division of Holderness; 3 miles from Hedon, 5½ from Hull.—Pop. 95.

Y

YAPHAM, in the parish of Pocklington, Wilton-Beacon division of Harthill; 3 miles from Pocklington, 10 from York.—Pop. 114.

The Chapel of Yapham-with-Meltonby here, is a perpetual curacy, and served by the Vicar of Pocklington time immemorial. No burial ground.

YEDDINGHAM, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Buckrose; 9 miles from Malton, 10 from Sledmere, 13 from Scarborough, 27 from York.—Pop. 127. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Buckrose, value, 5*l.* 4*s.* 2*d.* Patron, Earl Fitzwilliam.

Yeddingham, formerly called *Little Maries* or *De Parva Marisco*. Here Roger de Clerc, before the year 1168, founded a small Monastery for eight or nine Benedictine Nuns, to the honour of the Virgin Mary, granting them all his lands in this place, with other privileges. At the dissolution in 1534, their income amounted to 21*l.* 16*s.* 8*d.* DUGDALE, and 26*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* SPEED. The site, in 1543, was granted to Robert Holgate, Bishop of Landaff, afterwards Archbishop of York. Sir William Dugdale says, "that there were delivered in this house, to the Prioress and Convent, 62 loaves daily; to 9 brethren 12 loaves a

piece weekly, to brother James, 14 loaves; to three priests, four chaplains, and other officers accordingly; and *canibus in singulis maneriis. trigenta novem panes de pane duriori*;—i. e. to the dogs in each manor, 39 loaves of the coarser sort of bread." These are supposed to have been wolf dogs kept, at first by permission, (wolves been anciently a royal game,) afterwards by obligation, to protect both cattle, inhabitants, and travellers, from those dangerous animals, which formerly abounded upon the Wolds.—BURTON.—DUGDALE.—*Hist. of Scarborough*.

Adjoining is

YEDDINGHAM-BRIDGE INN, a *Posting-House*, between Malton and Scarborough.

YOKEFLEET, in the parish of Howden, wapentake of Howden-shire; (*the seat of Mrs Empson*) 5 miles from Howden, 12 from South-Cave.—Pop. 199.

YOULTHORPE, in the parish of Bishop-Wilton, Wilton-Beacon division of Harthill, liberty of St. Peter; 5 miles from Pocklington, 11 from York.—Pop. including Gowthorpe, 111.

Lord Lieutenant and Custos Rotulorum,
THE RIGHT HON. LORD MULGRAVE.

ACTING MAGISTRATES.

Sir Mark Masterman Sykes, Bart.	Sledmere, Malton
Sir Henry Maghull Mervin Vavasour, Bart.	Melbourne Hall, Pocklington
The Rev. Dr. John Bell,	Bainton, Beverley
Barnard, the Rev. Edward William,	Thorpe-Brantingham, South Cave
Bell, John, Esq.	Scarborough
Bentinck, the Rev. William Harry Edward,	Sigglesthorne, Beverley
Bethell, Richard, Esq.	Rise, Beverley
Beverley, William, Esq.	Beverley
Beverley, Robert Mackenzie, Esq.	Beverley
Blanchard, the Rev. John,	Middleton, Beverley
Bowes, the Rev. Timothy Fish Foord,	Wold Cottage, Malton
Brown, Jonas, Esq.	Seulcoates, Hull
Constable, the Rev. Charles,	Wassand, Beverley
Coltman, the Rev. Joseph,	Beverley
Creyke, Ralph, Esq.	Marton, Bridlington
Creyke, Ralph, Jun. Esq.	Rawcliffe
Croft, the Rev. Robert,	Rowley, South Cave
Currer, the Rev. Danson Richardson,	Witwell, Malton
Dension, Robert, Esq.	Kildwick Percy, Pocklington
Denison, Robert, Jun. Esq.	Kildwick-Percy, Pocklington
Dension, Edmund, Esq.	Doncaster
Elliot, the Rev. Robert,	Wheldrake, Pocklington
Ferguson, the Rev. Daniel,	Walkington, Beverley
Foulis, John Robinson, Esq.	West Heslerton, Malton
Gilby, the Rev. John,	Beverley
Gilby, the Rev. William Robinson,	Barnston, Beverley
Greame, Yarbarg, Esq.	Sewerby, Bridlington
Grimston, Charles, Esq.	Grimston-Garth, Hull
Hill, Richard, Esq.	Thornton, Pickering
Holme, the Rev. Nicholas,	Rise, Beverley
Maister, Arthur, Esq.	Winestead, Patrington
Oshaldeston, Humphrey, B. Esq.	Hunmanby, Bridlington,
Osborne, Robert, Esq.	Braifords, Hull
Palmer, George, Esq.	Naburn, York
Read, the Rev. T. Cutler Rudston,	Sand Hutton, York
Saltmarshe, Philip, Esq.	Saltmarshe, Howden
Sampson, the Rev. George,	Leven, Beverley
Sykes, the Rev. Christopher,	Rooss, Hull
Sykes, the Rev. Richard,	West Ella, Hull
Sykes, Daniel, Esq.	Raywell, South Cave
Thompson, Paul Beilby, Esq.	Eserick, York
Warton, James, Esq.	Melbourne Lodge, Pocklington

Lords and Chief Bailiffs of Liberties.

The Hon. and Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of Durham, for Howdenshire.
 Sir Thomas Constable, Bart. Burton Constable, for the Seigniorship of Holderness.

OFFICERS OF THE RIDING.

Clerk of the Peace, Richard William Johnson, Esq. Darlington.
Deputy Clerk of the Peace, John Lockwood, Gent. Beverley.

Deputy Sheriff, Samuel Hall, Gent. Beverley.
Clerk of Indictments, John Lockwood, Gent. Beverley.
Crier of the Court, Mr. William Burrell, Beverley.
Treasurer, Henry John Shepherd, Gent. Beverley.
Clerk of General Meetings of Lieutenancy, John Lockwood, Gent. Beverley.
Governor of the House of Correction, Beverley, Samuel Shepherd.
Surveyor of Bridges, John Creyke, Gent. Howsham.

REGISTER-OFFICE, BEVERLEY.

Register, Henry William Maister, Esq. Beverley.
Deputy, Anthony Atkinson, Gent. Beverley.

CORONERS.

Richard Bell, Pocklington,	}	For the East Riding.
Samuel Cowling, York,		
Thomas Shepley, Selby,		
William and James Iveson, Hedon, for Holderness.		
Robert Spofforth, Jun. Howden, for Howdenshire.		

CHIEF CONSTABLES.

Bainton Beacon, Robert Robinson, Lockington.
Buckrose, William Hudson, Howsham.
Dickering, Edward Ashley, Molescroft.
North Holderness, Samuel Ball, Hornsea.
Middle Holderness, John Nornabell, Sutton.
South Holderness, William Raines, Winestead.
Holme Beacon, Barnard Clarkson, Holme-on-Spalding Moor.
Howdenshire, James Campbell, Knedlington.
Hunsley Beacon, Robert Smelt, Beverley.
Ouse and Derwent, William Johnson, Fulford.
Wilton Beacon, George Bagley, Pocklington.

SUBDIVISION CLERKS.

North Holderness,	}	John Lockwood, Gent. Beverley.
South Holderness,		
Middle Holderness,		
Hunsley Beacon,		
Holme Beacon,		
Wilton Beacon,		
Howdenshire,		
Ouse and Derwent,		
Beverley-cum-Membris,		
Bainton Beacon,			John Robinson, Gent. Lockington.
Buckrose and Dickering,	Edward Ashley, Gent. Molescroft.	
Hull and County,	George Codd, Gent. Hull.	

The General Quarter Sessions

Are held at Beverley, on Tuesdays in the first whole week after Epiphany;—Easter;—St. Thomas the Martyr;—and on the first Tuesday after the eleventh of October.

WEST-RIDING.

ABBERFORD, a market-town, in the parishes of Abberford and Sherburn, wapentakes of Skirack. (lower division) and Barkston-Ash, liberties of Pontefract and St. Peter; 6 miles from Tadcaster, 8 from Wetherby, 9 from Ferrybridge, 11 from Leeds and Pontefract, 11 from Selby, 16 from York, 186 from London.—*Market*, Wednesday.—*Fairs*, last Mondays in April and May, first Monday in October, first Monday after St. Luke, first Monday after All-Saints, for horses, horned cattle, sheep, &c.; if either of the two last St. days fall on a Monday, the Fair will be held on that day.—*Principal Inn*, the Swan.—*Pop* Lotherton with Abberford, 427—Abberford, 579—Total, 1,006. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Richard, in the deanry of the Ainsty, value, $\pm 6l. 1s. 8d.$ Patron Oriel-College, Oxford. Abberford is thus singularly situated with respect to the townships, viz. the *west-side* of the town, from the river *Cock*, (south-end) is Abberford cum-Parlington; the *east-side* of the same end, is Lotherton-cum-Abberford; and all *north* of the river is Abberford alone.

Abberford is situated on the great north road, upon the small river Cock, a river rendered famous in history by the battle of Towton, in 1461, a village a few miles lower down; the market is almost discontinued. At the north end of the town is the vestige of a Roman station, to which place the Roman road from Castleford runs. Abberford had once a good trade for pins, but has long since fallen to decay. On the site of the School, endowed by Lady Betty Hastings, in 1738, is built a National School, conducted on the plan of Dr. Bell. About half a mile north from Abberford, is a farm house, formerly a public house, and known by the name of the Black Horse, which is said to have been the occasional retreat of the notorious Nevison, and at which house he baited his favourite mare, on his expeditious journey from London to York. This mare was afterwards given to the Gascoignes of Parlington.

Drunk Barnaby seems to have visited this place, for thus he sings:—

“ Veni Aberford, ubi notum
Quod aculeis emunt potum,
Pauperes sunt et indigentes
Malum tamen sitientes;
Parum habent, nec habentur
Ulla, que non tenet venter.”

ABDY, 2 *f. h.* in the township of Brampton-Bierlow, and parish of Wath-upon-Dearn, liberty of Tickhill; 5 miles from Rotherham.

ACACIA-COT, (*the seat of Richard Furcett, Esq.*) in the township and parish of Guiseley; 4 miles from Bradford.

ACASTER-MALBIS, (Ainsty) a parish-town; $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles from York, 7 from Tadcaster.—*Pop.* 291. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to the Holy-Trinity, value, p. r. $\pm 32l.$ Patron, Paul Beilby Thompson, Esq. *Bacon* styles it a discharged vicarage, value, $5l. 6s. 5\frac{1}{2}d.$

ACASTER-SELBY, (Ainsty) in the parish of Stillingfleet; 6 miles from Tadcaster and York, 8 from Selby.—Pop. 188.

ACKWORTH, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Osgoldcross, liberty of Pontefract; 3 miles from Pontefract, 5 from Ferry-bridge, 8 from Wakefield, 28 from York.—Pop. including Low-Ackworth, 1,575. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Cathbert, in the deanry of Pontefract, value, 22*l.* 1*s.* 0½*d.* Patron, the King, as Duke of Lancaster. Ackworth is nominally divided into two villages, called High and Low, adjoining each other. The parish and township are co-extensive, in which are the following seats, viz:—*Ackworth-Park*, *John Petyt, Esq.* *Ackworth-House*, *John Goldsworthy, Esq.* *Ackworth-Villa*, *Thomas St. Quintin, Esq.* *Ackworth-Lodge*, *The Rev. George Maddison*; *Ackworth Moor-Top*, *Thomas Gee, Esq.* *Ackworth-Grange*, *Richard Wilson, Esq.* and at *Ackworth*, *D'Oyley Sanders, Esq.*

The school at this place was originally an appendage to the Foundling Hospital in London, and built partly by original subscription, and partly by aid of Parliament. In 1777 the premises and lands were offered for sale; when Dr. Fothergill, and some of the Society of Friends, purchased the whole for 7,000*l.* and converted it into a seminary for the children of Quakers. The school has since been supported by legacies, donations, &c. The sum paid for board, education, and clothes, is regulated by a committee. There are generally about 300 pupils on this establishment; and nothing can exceed the order and regularity that prevails in the school, which stands in a beautiful and pleasant situation. The management is under the direction of Mr. Robert Whitaker, superintendent, subject to the direction of a committee.

ACOMB, (Ainsty) a parish-town, in the liberty of St. Peter: 2½ miles from York, 8½ from Tadcaster, 12¼ from Wetherby.—Pop. 733. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Stephen, value, 43*l.* 9*s.* 2*d.* p. r. 480*l.* Patron, the Rev. Thomas Tireman.

ADDINGHAM, a parish-town, in the east-division of Staincliffe, liberty of Clifford's-Tree; 6 miles from Skipton, 7 from Keighley, 9 from Otley, 37 from York.—Pop. 1570. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Peter, in the deanry of Craven, value, 49*l.* 7*s.* 8½*d.* p. r. 122*l.* 18*s.* 10*d.* Patroness, Mrs Mary Cuncliffe.

The Church is one of the neatest in Craven, with the antique parsonage house, stands at an agreeable distance from the village, on a lingula of land, between the Wharf and the deep channel of a brook, which unites with it immediately beneath.—WHITTAKER.

ADEL, or **ADDLE**, a parish-town, in the upper-division of Skyrack; 4 miles from Harewood, 5 from Leeds, 7 from Otley, 24 from York.—Pop. including Eccup, 609, which being united, form a township. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. John the Baptist, in the deanry of the Ainsty, value, 16*l.* 3*s.* 4*d.* Patron, W. G. Davy, Esq. in right of his wife.

Adel or Addle, or "the Adhill of the *Liber Regis*, which probably gives the true etymology of the word, the Hill of Ada, the first Saxon colonist of the place," and supposed to be the *Burgo-dunum* of the Romans; and from the great number of antiquities discovered here at different times, such as fragments of urns and other Roman vessels, monuments, pillars, aqueducts, inscriptions, &c. we may conclude it to have been a station of considerable importance. This station appears to have been about half a mile north of the church, for particulars of which, we must refer the reader to *Thoresby* and *Whittaker*. The Church of Adel, built not long before 1100, is one of the most perfect and beautiful speci-

mens of Norman architecture in the county, particularly when we consider its exposed situation. The rich and highly adorned entrance of the south side, appears to have been freed, at the request of Dr. Whittaker, by the present rector, the Rev. George Lewthwaite, in whose possession are many antiquities found in the neighbouring station, mentioned before. An engraving of the south entrance, and another of the beautiful enriched arch entering the choir, are given in Whitaker's *Loidis et Elnete*, as well as the Norman capitals, and two Roman altars.

ADDLETHORPE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Spoilforth; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Wetherby, 6 from Knaresbrough.

ADLINGFLEET, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Osgoldcross, liberty of Pontefract: 8 miles from Bowden and Crowle, (*Line.*) 17 from Snaith, 28 from York.—Pop. 256. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Pontefract, value, 9*l.* 12*s.* 11*d.* Patron, the King.

ADMERGILL, *f. h.* in the township of Brockden, parish of Barnoldswick, east-division and liberty of Staincliffe; 2 miles from Guisburn.

ADWALTON, in the township of Drighlington, and parish of Birstall, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract: $5\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Bradford, $6\frac{1}{4}$ from Leeds, $8\frac{1}{4}$ from Wakefield. *No Market.*—*Fairs*, Feb. 26, Thursdays in Easter and Whitsun-Weeks, for horses and horned cattle; and every other Thursday until Sept. 29, for lean cattle.

A battle was fought on Adwalton Moor in 1642, between the Earl of Newcastle, who commanded the royalists' troops, and the Lord Fairfax and his son, who commanded the Parliamentary forces: the latter were totally routed. The old Lord fled to Bradford; Sir Thomas took the road to Halifax, but the next day joined his father at Bradford with his division, where Newcastle prepared to besiege them in form. Newcastle's head quarters were at Bowling Hall, from which place he now brought his cannon to bear upon the town, church, and steeple, the last of which was protected by wool sacks. Fairfax now saw his danger, and determined to make his escape by a sally; this he effected with considerable loss, and fought his way to Leeds, whence he retreated to Hull. In this sally, Lady Fairfax, who had bravely accompanied her husband through this campaign, was taken prisoner on horseback, but was generously sent back with an escort by Newcastle in his own coach.

The town having now fallen into Newcastle's hands, he ordered it, 'tis said, to be given up to military execution; whether the order was really given or not, it certainly was not put in execution; and tradition assigns the following reason for his forbearance: on the night preceding, Newcastle, while in bed at Bowling Hall, was accosted by an apparition of a female form, which implored him to spare the town, and either affrighted, or melted him into compliance, thus saved the lives of the unarmed inhabitants, and the place became a garrison for the King.—*Fairfax's Memoirs.*—*Whitaker's Loidis et Elnete.*

ADWICK-IN-THE-STREET, a parish-town, in the lower-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberty of Tickhill; 4 miles from Doncaster, 6 from Rotherham, 10 from Pontefract, 12 from Barnsley, 32 from York.—Pop. 346. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Laurence, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, 4*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* Patron, J. Kellerton, Esq.

ADWICK-UPON-DEARN, a parish-town, in the lower-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberty of Tickhill; 6 miles from Rotherham, 8 from Doncaster, 35 from York.—Pop. 168. The Church is a perpetual curacy, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, ± 40 *l.* Patron, Lord Mauvers.

AGBRIGG, *ham.* (which gives name to the division) in the township and parish of Warmfield; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Wakefield.

AGBRIGG and MORLEY, a wapentake, bounded on the east by Osgoldcross, on the south by Staincross and Cheshire, on the west by Lancashire, and on the north by Skyrack and part of Staincliffe; it is divided into two divisions, Agbrigg and Morley, which may be almost considered now as two distinct wapentakes. It contains 5 market-towns, Halifax, Huddersfield, Dewsbury, Wakefield, and Bradford:—In Agbrigg-division, 19 parishes, 68 townships, 18,600 inhabited houses, and 151,091 inhabitants.—Morley, 4 parishes, 53 townships, 35,509 inhabited houses, and 176,475 inhabitants—Total, Population in the wapentake, 54,109 inhabited houses, and 330,566 inhabitants.

The Fee of this wapentake was the property of Henry, Duke of Lancaster, who dying without issue male, his large estates were divided between his daughters, of whom Blanch being married to John of Gaunt, Duke of Lancaster, fourth son of King Edward III. had the bailiwick of this hundred assigned for her property with many other estates.—*Magna Brit.*

AGDEN, *s. h.* in the township of Bashalleves, and parish of Mitton, liberty of Staincliffe; 5 miles from Clitheroe, (*Lanc.*)

AIKTON, in the parish of Featherston, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; (*Aikton-Hall, the seat of Sir Edmund Mark Winne, Bart.*) 3 miles from Pontefract, 7 from Wakefield.—Pop. 72.

Sir Edmund Mark Winne, the seventh Baronet of this family, was born September 16th, 1762; succeeded his cousin, Sir Rowland, October 14th, 1805.—Creation, 1660.

AIRMYN, in the parish of Snaith, wapentake of Osgoldcross, liberty of Pontefract; 3 miles from Howden, 7 from Snaith, 8 from Thorne. Pop. 750. The Church, peculiar, is a perpetual curacy, in the deanry of Pontefract, value, p. r. 33*l.* 12*s.* 9*d.* Patron, Henry Yarburgh, Esq.

AIRMYN, LITTLE, in the township of Newland, and parish of Drax, wapentake of Barkston-Ash; $3\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Howden, $6\frac{1}{4}$ from Snaith.

AIRTON, in the parish of Kirkby-Malhamdale, west-division of Staincliffe, liberty of Clifford's-fee; 6 miles from Settle, 8 from Skipton, 12 from Kettlewell.—Pop. 187.

AISMUNDERBY, a part of the township of Aismunderby-with-Bondgate, in the parish of Ripon, lower-division of Claro, liberty of Ripon; $\frac{1}{4}$ of a mile from Ripon.—Pop. including Bondgate, 551, which being united, form a township.

AKKHOLME, or **ACOMB**, *f. h.* in the township of Blaxton, and parish of Fimbleley, (*Notts.*) soke of Doncaster; $6\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Bawtry, 7 from Thorne.

AKETON, *scattered houses*, in the township of Follyfoot, and parish of Spillforth; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Knaresbrough, 4 from Wetherby.

ALDBOROUGH, a parish-town, in the lower-division of Claro, a part in the liberty of St. Peter; 1 mile from Boroughbridge, 7 from Knaresbrough and Ripon, 16 from York.—Pop. 484. The Church, peculiar, is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Andrew, in the

deanry of Boroughbridge, diocese of Chester, value, $\frac{1}{4}$ 9l. 19s. 5d. Patron, the Dean and Chapter of York.

This was the Iseur of the Ancient Britons, and the Isurium of the Romans, of which scarcely a vestige of its former grandeur remains. And this once celebrated city, which has ever since the days of Leland, arrested the attention and engaged the particular notice of British antiquaries, is now sunk into a small village, and in danger of losing the remains of its ancient grandeur. Roman coins are frequently dug up, chiefly of Constantine and Carausius Maximian, Dioclesian, Valerian, Severus, Pertinax, and also of Faustina and Julia. In 766, it was attacked with great fury by the Danes who murdered a great part of the inhabitants, and burnt the city to the ground.—CAMDEN.—*Higden's Polychron.*

Though we have no account from history of its origin, yet we have incontestible evidence of its great antiquity; and that it was the metropolis of the Brigantes is a fact that can never be called in question. Many British princes resided here, and as it flourished many ages prior to York, it is probable that it was the seat of government. Venerius who opposed the brave Caractacus resided here in the year 50.—TACITUS

The brave Agricola, whose wisdom beamed a double lustre on triumphant Rome, after having subdued the Brigantes about the year 70, resided at York, and made it his head quarters, which shews that Isurium had sunk in the estimation of the Romans, while York was rising into eminence.

In the time of the Romans it was defended by a strong wall, a small part of which is still visible, though even in *Leland's* time the ruins were slender, who observes, "*Vestigia quædam, sed tenuaria.*"

The most fatal blow given to this once celebrated city, was the turning of the road, which went through it, by removing the bridge over the Ure to where it now stands at Boroughbridge, which happened during the reign of the Conqueror.

In the house famed for curiosities, may be seen a Roman pavement in great preservation, about 18 inches below the surface, first discovered in 1731, and in the same room are many other ancient remains, particularly a votive stone found in 1776, coins, &c. It sends two Members to Parliament; the first return of which was in 1542.

ALDERMANSHEAD, *f. h.* in the township of Langsett, and parish of Penistone; 2 miles from Penistone.

ALDFIELD, in the parish of Ripon, lower-division of Claro, liberty of Ripon; 4 miles from Ripon, 8 from Pateley-bridge, 10 from Boroughbridge.—Pop. 133. The Church is a perpetual curacy with Studley, dedicated to St. Laurence, in the deanry of Ripon, value, p. r. $\frac{1}{4}$ 74l. Patroness, Mrs Lawrence.

This village is situated about a mile above the venerable ruins of Fountains' Abbey, on the banks of the Skell, and is celebrated for its valuable mineral springs, which are situated on the south side of the vale beneath, richly clothed with wood. This Spaw is resorted to during the summer months by immense numbers of people, and only wants accommodation to render it a fashionable watering place; few places abounding with more natural and picturesque scenery.

The spaw was first discovered in 1698, and its waters analysed in 1805—6, by the late Mr. W. Brunton, when the contents were found to be as follows, viz. carbonate of lime, 125,—grains; carbonate of magnesia, 35,—grains; sulphate of magnesia, 5,—grains; muriate of soda, 208,—grains; muriate of magnesia, 96,—grains; total 325.—*Gaseous contents*, carbonic acid gas, 6; azotic gas, 4; sulphurated hydrogen gas, 21; total 31 cubic inches.

ALDWARKE-HALL, (*the residence of Samuel Walker, Esq.*) in the parish of Ecclesfield, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberty of Wakefield; 2 miles from Rotherham, 10 from Doncaster.—Pop. including Wheatcroft, 35, which being united, form a township.

Aldwarke, the ancient seat of the Clarelles, Fitzwilliams, and Foljarmes, lies remote from the parish of Ecclesfield; being separated from it by the parishes of Rawmarsh and Rotherham. In this house was born William Fitzwilliam, an eminent naval commander, and Earl of Southampton, in the sixteenth century. He was the second son of Sir Thomas Fitzwilliam, Knight, of Aldwarke Hall. He died at Newcastle, in 1542, when on an expedition to Scotland. Of the personal character of this great man, it is said that there was not a serviceable man under his command whose name he knew not; not a week passed but he paid his ships; and not a prize but his seamen shared in as well as himself.—*Biog. Dict.*

ALCOMDEN, *ham.* in the township of Wadworth, and parish of Halifax, liberty of Wakefield; 9 miles from Colne, (*Lanc.*)

ALLERTON, in the parish of Bradford, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; 4 miles from Bradford, 7 from Halifax.—Pop. 1,488.

ALLERTON-BYWATER, in the parish of Kippax, lower-division of Skirack, liberty of Pontefract; 5 miles from Pontefract, 9 from Leeds and Wakefield.—Pop. 329.

ALLERTON, CHAPEL, in the parish and borough of Leeds, lower-division of Skyrack, liberty of Pontefract; $2\frac{3}{4}$ miles from Leeds, $5\frac{1}{4}$ from Harwood, 9 from Wetherby, 11 from Otley.—Pop. 1,678. The Church is a perpetual curacy. Patron, the Vicar of Leeds.

Robert Parker, of Browsholme, says *Thoresby*, built an hospital here for ten widows, to whom he has given 50*l.* per annum, for nearly twenty years past, and designed to augment the endowment at his death very considerably. Whether this design was put into execution or not, we have not learned.

ALLERTON-GLEDHROW, *see Gledhow.*

ALLERTON-GRANGE, in the township of Chapel-Allerton, and parish of Leeds; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Leeds.

This place formerly belonged to the Abbot and Convent of Kirkstall. The family of the Killingbecks which is of considerable antiquity in these parts, were tenants to it before the dissolution.—*THORESBY.*

ALLERTON-LEE, *ham.* in the township of Allerton, and parish of Bradford; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Bradford, $6\frac{1}{2}$ from Halifax.

ALLERTON-MAULEVERER, a parish-town, in the upper-division of Claro; (*the seat of the Right Hon. W. Lord Stourton*) $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Knaresbrough, 5 from Wetherby, 7 from Boroughbridge, $13\frac{1}{2}$ from York.—Pop. including Hopperton, 276, which being united, form a township. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Martin, in the deanry of Boroughbridge, diocese of Chester, value, p. r. $\pm 28*l.*$ Patron, Lord Stourton.

Allerton Mauleverer, was for many ages the seat of a family of that name, the founder of which was William Mauleverer, who came over with the Conqueror. His name is found in the list of gentlemen hung up for ages in Battle Abbey, and is in *Grafton*, *Holinshed*, &c. He received Allerton as a reward for his services. Sir Thomas Mauleverer about the 21st in succession, was created a baronet in 1640. He took up arms for the Parliament during the civil wars of Charles I. and raised two regiments at his own expense, one of horse and the other of foot, which indicated a state of affluence. He was also governor of Ripon. His name is in the instrument for the execution of the King. The estate continued in the male line till 1720; it was then held by the female line till 1786, when Lord Galway sold it to the Duke of York. The Duke in 1789, sold it to Colonel Thornton for 110,000*l.* who then gave it the name of Thornville *Rayal*. In February, 1805, this superb mansion, pleasure ground, park, &c.

together with the estate particularly annexed to them, were sold at Garraway's Coffee House to Lord Stourton for 163,800*l.*—**HETTON.**

At this place was a Priory of Benedictines, founded by Richard Mauleverer, in the reign of Henry II. to which Priory he gave the church of St. Martin, of this place, with one carucate of land, &c. At the dissolution its revenues were settled by Henry VI. on King's College, Cambridge.—**BURTON.**—**DREDALE.**

Charles Philip Stourton, Lord Stourton, born August 22nd, 1752, succeeded his father, October 3rd, 1781, married June 15th, 1775, Mary, the second daughter and co-heir of the late Lord Langdale. Their apparent, William, son of the present Lord. Creation, May 13th, 1448.—**DUNRETH.**

ALMHOLME, in the township of Bentley-with-Arksey, and parish of Arksey, lower division of Spofforth and Tickhill, liberty of Tickhill; $5\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Doncaster, 8 from Thorne.

ALMONDBURY, a parish-town, in Agbrigg division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; (*Thorpe-Fille, the seat of John Dobson, Esq.*) 2 miles from Huddersfield, 10 from Halifax, $10\frac{1}{2}$ from Penistone, 11 from Wakefield, 41 from York.—Pop. 5,679. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Pontefract, value, 20*l.* 7*s.* 11*d.* Patrons, the Trustees of the Free Grammar School of Clitheroe, (*Lanc.*)

Here is a free grammar school founded by patent of King James I. and now endowed with about 120*l.* per annum.

Here is supposed to have been a Roman station, the Cambodunum of Antoninus, as there are marks of an old rampart, and some ruins of a wall, and of a castle. In the Saxon times it was the seat of royalty, and graced with a church, built by Paulinus, the Northumbrian apostle, and dedicated to St. Alban. Afterwards a castle was built here, which was confirmed to Henry Lacy, by King Stephen.—**CAMDEX.**

The late *Dr. Whittaker* says, "that the whole" of what *Camden* states respecting this place, "is so hypothetical, as scarcely to merit a confutation." First, Almonbury is not Cambodunum, which has been decisively fixed at Slack. Secondly, it is not Roman at all, wanting every symptom which belongs either to the site or the structure of a Roman encampment. Thirdly, it is unquestionably Saxon," &c. Of the castle hill, *Dr. Whittaker* has given us a ground plan, from which it appears to occupy upwards of eleven acres. "The crown of the hill has been strongly fortified by a double wall and trenches; the area within has also been subdivided into an outer and inner enclosure from the gate, and the remains of mortar and stones, almost vitrified, prove beyond all controversy that the place has been destroyed by fire."—*Loudis et Elmete.*

ALTOFTS, in the parish of Normanton, Agbrigg division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; 4 miles from Wakefield, $5\frac{1}{2}$ from Wetherby.—Pop. 401.

ALVERLEY-GRANGE, (*the seat of Bryan William Darwin Cooke, Esq.*) in the township and parish of Wadworth; 3 miles from Doncaster, 10 from Rotherham.

ALVERTHORPE, in the parish of Wakefield, Agbrigg division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; 1 mile from Wakefield, 4 from Dewsbury.—Pop. including Thornes, 4,148, which being united form a township.

ALWOODLEY, in the parish of Harewood, upper-division of Sky-rack; 3 miles from Harewood, $5\frac{1}{4}$ from Leeds, 6 from Otley.—Pop. 142.

This place was formerly a seat of the Franks, afterwards the estate of Sir Gervaise Clifton, the noted Baronet, who outdid Henry VIII. in the number of his wives; for, whereas that monarch, three Kates, two Nans, and one dear

Jane had wedded; this Baronet had three honourables, three right worshipfuls, and one well-beloved wife; he died in 1666.—*Thoresby*.

ALWOODLEY-GATE, *ham.* in the township of Wigton, and parish of Harewood; 3 miles from Harewood, 5 from Leeds.

ANGRAM, *f. h.* in the township of Upper-Stonebeck, and parish of Kirkbymalzeard; 5 miles from Kettlewell.

ANGRAM, (*Ainsty*) in the parish of Long-Marston; 4 miles from Tadcaster, 7 from York, 8½ from Wetherby.—Pop. 66.

ANSTON, NORTH, in the parish of South-Anston, liberties of St. Peter and Tickhill; 6 miles from Worksop, (*Notts.*) 8 from Rotherham, 9 from Tickhill.—Pop. included in South-Anston.

ANSTON, SOUTH, a parish-town, in the upper-division of Strathforth and Tickhill, liberties of St. Peter and Tickhill; 6 miles from Worksop, (*Notts.*) 8 from Rotherham, 9½ from Tickhill; 12 from Sheffield, 50 from York.—Pop. including North-Anston, 776, which being united form the township, usually denominated Anston with its Members. The Church, peculiar, is a perpetual curacy, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, 33*l.* Patron, the Duke of Leeds.

APPERLEY and BRIDGE, *ham.* in the township of Eccleshill, and parish of Bradford, liberty of Wakefield; 4 miles from Bradford, 6 from Otley, 10½ from Leeds.

APPLEDAY, 2 *f. h.* in the township of Notton, and parish of Royston, liberty of Pontefract; 4½ miles from Barnsley.

APPLETON, NUN, (*Ainsty*) in the township of Appleton-Roeback, and parish of Bolton-Perey; (*the seat of Sir Wm. Mordaunt Sturt Milner, Bart.*) 6 miles from Tadcaster, 9 from York. Here is a Chapel, of which Sir W. M. Milner is Patron.

This place took its name from a Priory of Nuns, founded here by Adeliza de Sancto Quintino, in the time of King Stephen. It was for Nuns of the Cistercian order, and dedicated to God and St. Mary. Many curious injunctions were prescribed to the Nuns: that none of the sisters were to use the ale-house, nor the waterside where strangers resorted to, &c. Valued at the dissolution at 73*l.* 9*s.* 10*d.* —*DUGDALE*.

In 1552, Robert Darknall, the first grantee, alienated the site and premises of this Priory to Sir William Fairfax, Knight, and Humphrey Shelley. Upon this site Thomas, Lord Fairfax, built a handsome house, which, with the estate, was purchased by Mr. Alderman Milner, of Leeds, who upon the marriage of his son, Sir William Milner, Bart. created in 1716, settled it upon him and his son.—*BURTON*.—*DRAKE*. It is now enjoyed by the present Baronet.

Sir William Mordaunt Sturt Milner succeeded his father, Sir William Mordaunt, September 9, 1811, married, first in 1804, the daughter of the Right Hon. Theophilus Clements, and grand daughter of the Right Hon. John Beresford:—Sir William married, second, May 8, 1809, Henrietta, daughter of Lord Edward Bentick, son of William, second Duke of Portland. Heir presumptive, his brother Charles. Creation, February 29th, 1716.

APPLETON-ROEBUCK, (*Ainsty*) in the parish of Bolton-Perey; 5 miles from Tadcaster, 8 from York.—Pop. 585.

APPLETREWICK, in the parish of Burnsall, east-division of Staincliffe, liberty of Clifford's-Pee; 8 miles from Skipton and Pateley-bridge, 10 from Kettlewell.—*No Market*.—*Fair*, October 25, for horses and horned cattle.—Pop. 312, one house and a small parcel of land is in the parish of Linton.

A charter for a fair and free warren was granted 4th of Edward II. at the instance of Piers de Gavestone, to the Prior and Canons of Bolton, who were then owners of the Manor.—WHITAKER.

In this village was born William Craven, of poor parents, who are said to have consigned him to a common carrier, for his conveyance to London, where he entered in the service of a Mercer and Draper. In that situation nothing is known of his history, till, by diligence and frugality, the old virtues of a citizen, he had raised himself to wealth and honour. In 1597, he is described by *C Camden* as "*equestri dignitate, et senator Londinensis.*" In 1611, he was chosen Lord Mayor; the time of his death not known. In him the commercial spirit of the family ended as it had begun. William Craven, his eldest son, having been trained in the armies of Gustavus Adolphus, and William, Prince of Orange, became one of the most distinguished soldiers of his time.

He was of the number of those gallant Englishmen who served the unfortunate King of Bohemia, from a spirit of romantic attachment to his beautiful consort; and his services are generally supposed to have been privately rewarded with the hand of that princess, after her return in widowhood to her native country.

Thus the son of a Wharfedale peasant matched with the sister of Charles I. a remarkable instance of that providence which "raiseth the poor out of the dust, and setteth him among princes, even the princes of his people." He was created Baron of Hamstead Marshall, 2nd Charles I. and Earl of Craven, 16th Charles II.—*Whitaker's Craven*.

ARDSLEY, in the parish of Darfield, wapentake of Staincross, liberty of Pontefract; (*Park-house, the seat of B. Taylor, Esq. and Ardsley-Hall, the seat of John Micklethwaite, Esq.*) $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Barnsley, 9 from Rotherham, $9\frac{1}{2}$ from Wakefield, 13 from Doncaster.—Pop. 992.

ARDSLEY, EAST, a parish-town, in Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Wakefield, 6 from Leeds, $11\frac{1}{2}$ from Bradford, 28 from York.—Pop. 832. The Church is a perpetual curacy, in the deanry of Pontefract. Patron, the Right Hon. Earl of Cardigan.

ARDSLEY, WEST, or **WESTERTON**, in the parish of Woodkirk, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Wakefield, 5 from Dewsbury, $9\frac{1}{4}$ from Bradford.—Pop. 1,515.

ARKENDALE, in the parish of Knaresbrough, lower-division of Claro, liberty of Knaresbrough; 4 miles from Knaresbrough and Boroughbridge.—Pop. 285. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Bartholomew, in the deanry of Boroughbridge, diocese of Chester, value, p. r. †814. Patron, the Vicar of Knaresbrough.

ARKSEY, a parish-town, in the township of Bentley-with-Arksey, lower-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberty of Tickhill; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Doncaster, 9 from Thorne, 35 from York.—Pop. included in Bentley. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, 12*l.* 17*s.* 6*d.* p. r. †1094. Patron, Sir George Cooke, Bart.

Here is a Free Grammar School endowed by the Will of Bryan Cooke, Esq. dated January 3rd, 1660, and built by the will of Sir George Cooke, Bart. in 1683; and an Hospital for twelve of the poorest and oldest people in the parish.

ARMENTHWATTE, *f. h.* in the township of Upper-Stonebeck, and parish of Kirkbymalzeard; 7 miles from Kettlewell.

ARMITAGE-FOLD, *ham.* in the townships of North and South-Crosland, and parish of Almondbury : $2\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Huddersfield.

ARMISTAD, (*the seat of John Forster, Esq.*) in the township and parish of Giggleswick ; $2\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Settle.

ARMLEY, in the parish and borough of Leeds, Morley division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract ; (*Armley-House, the seat of Benjamin Gott, Esq.*) $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Leeds, 8 from Bradford.—Pop. 4,273. The Church, built in the time of Charles I. is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Bartholomew. Patron, the Vicar of Leeds.

Of the Danish Fortification called Giant's Hill, at this place, as described by *Thoresby*, very little is now to be seen, having been cut through by the Leeds and Liverpool canal.

ARMTHORPE, a parish-town, in the lower-division of Strafforth and Tickhill ; 4 miles from Doncaster, $7\frac{1}{2}$ from Bawtry and Thorne, 40 from York.—Pop. 359. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, *St.* 18*s.* 9*d.* Patron, the King.

ARNECLIFF, a parish-town, in the west-division and liberty of Staincliffe ; 7 miles from Kettlewell, 11 from Settle, 16 from Skipton, 50 from York.—Pop. 189. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Oswald, in the deanry of Craven, value, $\pm 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*$ p. r. 33*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* Patron, the University-College, Oxford.

ARNECLIFF-COTE, 4 *f. h.* in the townships of Arnecliff and Hawkswick, and parish of Arnecliff ; 7 miles from Kettlewell.

Here in 1579, a man named Tristram Knowles, whose father and himself together, had occupied a tenement upwards of 120 years ! these two men had seen six generations of the Cliffords, and nine Sovereigns of England.—*Whitaker's Craven.*

ARNFORTH, *s. h.* in the township of Hellifield, and parish of Long-Preston, liberty of Staincliffe ; $6\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Settle.

ARRUNDEN, or **HARRUNDEN**, *see Harrunden.*

ARTHINGTON, in the parish of Addle, upper-division of Skyrack ; *Arthington-Hall, late the seat of W. G. Davy, Esq.* 3 miles from Harewood, 5 from Otley, 7 from Leeds.—Pop. 329.

Here about the middle of the twelfth century, was a Priory of Cluniae Nuns, built and endowed by Peers of Arthington, who gave the site and demesnes of the house, which were augmented by Serlo, his son, and confirmed by Pope Alexander. It flourished till the year 1540, when Elizabeth Hall, the last Prioress, and nine Nuns, surrendered the same. Valued at the dissolution, 11*l.* 8*s.* 4*d.*—*DUGDALE*, 13*l.* 7*s.* 4*d.*—*SPEED*. Not a vestige is now to be seen. The site was granted to Thomas Cranmer, Archbishop of Canterbury, in exchange. A plain substantial Hall-house, was built upon the site, apparently in the beginning of the reign of Charles I. for the front door-way, dated 1585, has evidently been removed from some older structure. It is now occupied as a farm house, the property of the Earl of Harewood. Arthington itself would be distinguished for the beauty of its situation, in any other valley than that of Wharfe. It is a large well-built, square house, on a fine elevation above the river, and was for many centuries the seat of a family of that name.—*DUGDALE*.—*BURTON*.—*WHITAKER*.

ARTHINGTON-NUNNERY, in the same township and parish, and adjoins the village of Arthington.

ASH-DAY, (*the seat of Thomas Drake, Esq.*) in the township of Southowram, and parish of Halifax ; 2 miles from Halifax.

ASH-GROVE, (*the seat of John Rawson, Esq.*) in the township of Sonthowram, and parish of Halifax.

ASKAM-BRYAN, or GREAT, (Ainsty) a parish-town; 4 miles from York, 6 from Tadcaster.—Pop. 377. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Nicholas, value, p. r. $\text{£}113\text{l. } 2\text{s. } 6\text{d.}$ Patron, Harry Croft, Esq.

ASKAM-RICHARD, or LITTLE, (Ainsty) a parish-town; (*Askam-House, the seat of Robert Swann, Esq.*) $4\frac{3}{4}$ miles from Tadcaster, 5 from York.—Pop. 219. The Church is a vicarage, endowed in 1329, dedicated to St. Mary, value, $\text{£}4\text{l. } 13\text{s. } 4\text{d.}$ Patron, Harry Croft, Esq.

ASKRON, or ASKERN, in the parish of Campsall, wapentake of Osgoldcross, liberty of Pontefract; 7 miles from Doncaster, 9 from Pontefract, 10 from Thorne, 11 from Ferrybridge, 12 from Selby, 17 from Wakefield and Barnsley.—Pop. 159.

This village has of late years attracted considerable notice, on account of its mineral water, and probably may, in a few years, vie with many of our fashionable watering places. An account of this water is given by *Dr. Short*, in his treatise on Mineral Waters; and in 1818, a treatise on the Water and description of the place was published by *Mr. Brewerton*, a respectable surgeon at Bawtry. Hitherto people afflicted with rheumatism and scorbutic diseases have received the greatest benefit, as they rarely fail obtaining relief. The spring rises at the distance of only a few yards from a piece of water called Askern Pool, and is enclosed in a house, called the Spaw or Well-House, a plain rustic building. The pool or lake covers about seven acres of ground, is well supplied with fish, and beautifully fringed on one side with young plantations, and bordered on the other by a walk of gravel for the accommodation of visitors. The village skirts the road, is rural but not romantic in its scenery; and its cots and its trees harmonizing together, give it an interesting appearance. The Hotel is an elegant edifice, built on the side of a gentle sloping hill, converted into a shrubbery. There is another respectable Inn, the Swan, at the north end of the village, and several lodging houses for the accommodation of visitors.—*Northern Star*.

ASKWITH, in the parish of Weston, upper division of Claro; 3 miles from Otley, 13 from Leeds and Skipton.—Pop. 367.

ASSON-THORPE, in the township of Sykehouse, and parish of Fishlake; 4 miles from Thorne: $7\frac{1}{2}$ from Snaith.

ASTLEY, in the township and parish of Swillington, liberty of Pontefract; 7 miles from Leeds, 8 from Wakefield and Pontefract.

ASTON, a parish town in the upper division of Strafforth and Tickhill; (*the seats of Harry Verelst, Esq. and the Rev. William Alderson*) 6 miles from Rotherham, $8\frac{1}{2}$ from Sheffield, $9\frac{1}{2}$ from Workson, (*Notts.*) 58 from York.—Pop. including Aughton, 556, which being united form a township. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Doncaster, value $12\text{l. } 15\text{s. } 2\frac{1}{2}\text{d.}$ Patron, the Duke of Leeds.

Here died in 1797, the Rev. W. Mason, the poet, who had been presented to this living by his patron, the Earl of Holderness, soon after he came into holy orders. In the church is a marble tablet erected to his memory by the Rev. C. Alderson, his successor; and in a summer house in the rectory garden, on the ceiling, is an embossed medallion, containing the profiles of himself and his friend Gray, and on the floor stood two urns and pedestals inscribed to Gray and Mason. This garden and grounds contiguous to the rectory, Mason employed himself during his residence here, in laying out and improving.

Within a few hundred yards of the church, and once surrounded by a park, stood Aston Hall, the ancient residence of the D'Arcys, afterwards Earls of

Holderness; which was pulled down upwards of fifty years ago, and the present mansion erected on the ancient site, under the direction of Mr. Carr of York. The late Sir Harry Verelst purchased the estate of the late Duke of Leeds.

In the church are effigies in marble, of John, Lord D'Arcy and Mennil, and his three wives.—*Northern Star*.

ATTERCLIFFE, in the parish of Sheffield, upper division of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberty of Hallamshire; (*Attercliffe Hall, the seat of Gamaliel Milner, Esq.*) $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Sheffield, $4\frac{1}{2}$ from Rotherham.—Pop. including Darnall, 3,172, which being united form a township. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to Holy Jesus, value, p. r. 40*l*. Patron, the Vicar of Sheffield.

Another chapel is about to be erected here, to contain 2000 souls, by the Commissioners for building Churches.

AUDZUS, *f. h.* in the township of Woodsets-with-Gildingwells, and parish of South-Anston; 5 miles from Worksop, (*Notts.*) $6\frac{1}{2}$ from Tickhill.

AUGHTON, in the township of Aston-with-Aughton, and parish of Aston, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; 4 miles from Rotherham. $9\frac{1}{2}$ from Worksop, (*Notts.*) 18 from Mansfield, (*Notts.*) Pop. included in Aston.

AUKLEY, *ham.* in the township of Blaxton, and parish of Finningley, (*Notts.*) upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, soke of Doncaster; 6 miles from Doncaster, $6\frac{1}{4}$ from Bawtry.—A part of Aukley is in Nottinghamshire.

Here was found in 1746 a fine Urn with ashes and coins of Constantine in it, and twenty more under it.—*Gough's Camden*.

AUSBY, in the township of Nesfield-with-Langbar, and parish of Ilkley; 7 miles from Otley, 9 from Skipton.

AUSTERFIELD, in the parish of Blythe, (*Notts.*) lower-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Bawtry, 8 from Doncaster. Pop. 242. Here is a Chapel of Ease to Blythe.

The Rev. Abraham de la Pryme supposes the name of *Austerfield* or *Osterfeld* to be derived from the famous Roman general Ostorius, fighting a battle with the Britons, near this place, which opinion is strengthened by a Roman camp being at no great distance. The word *Field* is never added but where a battle has been fought.—*Pryme's Papers in Philos. Trans.* vol. 9.

AUSTERLANDS, *ham.* in the township of Quick, and parish of Rochdale, (*Lanc.*) 9 miles from Rochdale.

AUSTONLEY, in the parish of Almondbury, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; $7\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Huddersfield.—Pop. 968.

AUSTHORPE, in the parish of Whitkirk, lower-division of Skyrack, liberty of Pontefract; (*Austhorpe-Hall, the seat of Joseph Fields, Esq.*) $4\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Leeds, 8 from Wakefield, 10 from Ferrybridge.—Pop. 150.

Here was born, May 28th, 1724, the celebrated mechanic and civil engineer, Mr. John Smeaton. If there were no other monument of his fame, the building of the Eddystone Light House, would establish his character. It was first built by Mr. *Winstanley*, who, in 1696, was furnished by the Trinity House with necessary powers. In 1700 it was destroyed, and the projector perished in the ruins. In 1709, another was erected by Mr. Rudyard, which in 1755 was consumed by fire; The present one was completed by Mr. Smeaton, in 1759. Mr. Smeaton was seized with a paralytic stroke in September, 1792, and died in the October

following. In the choir of Whitkirk church is an elegant marble monument, on which is a beautiful representation of the Eddystone Light House to his memory. **AUSTWICK**, in the parish of Clapham, wapentake of Eweross; (*the seat of Charles Ingilby, Esq. and Austwick-Hall, the seat of Mrs King,*) 4 miles from Settle, 12 from Kirby-Lonsdale, 20 from Skipton.—*No Market*.—*Fair*, Thursday before Whitsuntide, for horned cattle, &c.—Pop. 556.

AZERLEY, in the parish of Kirkbymalzeard, lower-division of Claro; (*the seat of Wm. Dawson, Esq.*) 5 miles from Ripon, $5\frac{1}{2}$ from Masham, 15 from Knaresbrough.—Pop. 579.

B

BACHELORS-GARDENS, *ham.* in the township of Bilton-with-High-Harrogate, and parish of Knaresbrough; 2 miles from High-Harrogate.

Here is a Free School for poor girls within the township, founded by Richard Taylor, in 1785, who endowed it with land and tenements, which are vested in six trustees, but all in the hands of the Master of the school. Salary, 30*l.* per annum.

BADSWORTH, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Osgoldcross, liberty of Pontefract; (*Badsworth-Hall, the residence of Joseph Scott, Esq.*) 4 miles from Pontefract, 6 from Ferrybridge, 10 from Wakefield, 27 from York.—Pop. 200. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, 32*l.* 5*s.* 10*d.* Patron, the Earl of Derby.

BADGEN, **UPPER** and **LOWER**, 2 *hams.* in the township of High-Denby, and parish of Penistone, wapentake of Staincross; $4\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Penistone, 6 from Barnsley.

BAGLEY, *f. h.* in the township, parish, and liberty of Tickhill; from which it is one mile.

BAGLEY, *ham.* in the township of Calverley-with-Farsley, and parish of Calverley; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Bradford.

BAILDON, in the parish of Otley, upper-division of Skyrack; 5 miles from Otley and Bradford, 12 from Leeds.—*Fairs*, first Saturdays in March and November, for horned cattle, horses, &c.—Pop. 2,679. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Giles, in the deanry of the Ainsty, value, p. r. †113*l.* 11*s.* 8*d.* Patron, the Vicar of Otley.

BAITINGS, *ham.* in the township of Soyland, and parish of Halifax, liberty of Wakefield; 8 miles from Rochdale, (*Lanc.*)

BAKESTONE-DELF, *ham.* in the township of Quick, in Saddleworth; $\frac{1}{4}$ of a mile from Delf.

BALBY, in the township of Hexthorpe-with-Balby, parish and soke of Doncaster, lower-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; $1\frac{1}{4}$ mile from Doncaster, $5\frac{1}{4}$ from Tickhill, $10\frac{1}{4}$ from Rotherham.

BALK, *f. h.* in the township of Worsbrough, and parish of Darfield; 3 miles from Barnsley, 9 from Rotherham.

BALK-HILL, *ham.* in the township and parish of Dewsbury; $\frac{1}{4}$ of a mile from Dewsbury.

- BALLIFIELD-HALL**, (*the seat of John Jubb, Esq.*) in the township and parish of Handsworth; 4 miles from Sheffield, 5 from Rotherham.
- BALNE**, in the parish of Snaith, wapentake of Osgoldcross, liberty and bailiwick of Cowick and Snaith; 4 miles from Snaith, 9 from Pontefract.—Pop. 329.
- BALNE-CROFT** and **BALNE-HOUSE**, 2 *f. h.* in the township and parish of Snaith; 4 miles from Snaith.
- BANKS-HALL**, (*the seat of Samuel Thorpe, Esq.*) in the township and parish of Cawthorn: 4 miles from Penistone, 4½ from Barnsley.
- BANK-HOUSES**, *ham.* in the township of Pudsey, and parish of Calverley. Adjoins Fullneck on the west.
- BANK-NEWTON**, in the parish of Gargrave, east-division and liberty of Staincliffe; 5 miles from Skipton, 9 from Colne, (*Lanc.*) 11 from Settle.—Pop. 139.
- BANKSIDE**, 3 or 4 *f. h.* in the township and parish of Thorne; 4 miles from Snaith and Thorne.
- BANKSIDE-HOUSES**, *ham.* in the township of Cowick, and parish of Snaith; 4 miles from Snaith and Thorne.
- BANK-TOP**, or **SOUTHOWRAM-BANK**, *ham.* in the township of Southowram, and parish of Halifax, liberty of Wakefield; 1½ mile from Halifax, 7½ from Huddersfield.
- BANK-TOP**, *s. h.* in the township of Worsbrough, and parish of Darfield, wapentake of Staincross; 1¼ mile from Barnsley.
- BANNER-CROSS**, *ham.* in the township of Ecclesall-Bierlow, and parish of Sheffield; (*the residence of the Rev. W. Bagshaw*) 2½ miles from Sheffield.
- BARUGH**, in the parish of Darton, wapentake of Staincross, liberty of Pontefract; 3 miles from Barnsley, 5 from Penistone, 9½ from Wakefield.—Pop. 396.
- BARBOT-HALL**, (*the seat of Col. Charles Newton*) in the township of Greasbrough, and parish of Rotherham, liberty of Tickhill; 1 mile from Rotherham.
- BARCROFT**, *ham.* in the township and parish of Bingley; 4 miles from Bradford, 8 from Halifax.
- BARDEN**, in the parish of Skipton, east-division and liberty of Staincliffe; 5 miles from Skipton, 10 from Pateley-bridge, 11 from Kettlewell.—Pop. 219. Here is a private family Chapel, not subject to archiepiscopal jurisdiction, served by the minister of Bolton.
- The old Tower of Barden seems to have been one of the six lodges belonging to the forest of that place, and originally erected for the accommodation of the keepers and protection of the deer. But the retired habits of Henry, Lord Clifford, leading him to prefer the retreat of Barden to the bustle of his greater houses, enlarged this lodge for the reception of himself and a modest train of followers. His son, a very different character, only occasionally resided here, and till the latter days of the third Earl of Cumberland, it seems never to have been totally neglected by the family. From the inventory taken in 1572, after the death of the second Earl, it appears that the Hall and Kitchen were furnished, but the bed rooms empty: amongst other items are two old *Charitts*. When the Countess of Pembroke succeeded to her inheritance, Barden had become a ruin, which she repaired in 1657, by a contract of 100*l.*, there is an inscription over the principal entrance to that effect. After 1676, Barden was occasionally

the residence of the Burlington Family; and in 1774 it was entire. The lead and timbers of the roof have since been taken away, and it has now put on that picturesque form which only delapidating remains have the privilege of assuming.—WHITAKER

BARDEN-PIKE-LODGE, *s. h.* in the township of Barden, and parish of Skipton; 5 miles from Skipton.

BARDSEY, a parish-town, in the lower-division of Skyrack; 4 miles from Wetherby and Harewood, $8\frac{1}{2}$ from Leeds, 19 from York.—Pop. including Rigton, 336, which being united, form a township. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to All-Saints. in the deanry of the Ainsty, value, $\pm 4l.$ 1s. 8d. p. r. 150*l.* Patron, Geo. Fox, Esq.

The church of Bardsey affords a fine specimen of the Norman architecture, but not to be compared to Adel, although from the engravings given of both in *Loidis et Elmete*, we might suppose they were equally perfect. On the north side of the village, and near to the Grange, are large earth works of some ancient castle.

At this place was born the celebrated William Congreve, the poet, and whose baptism is thus registered:—"William, the sonne of Mr. William Congreve, of Bardsey Grange, was baptised, February 10th, 1669."

He wrote the "Old Batchelor," the "Double Dealer," "Love for Love," the "Mourning Bride," the "Way of the World," and some poems.

BARKISLAND, in the parish of Halifax, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; $5\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Halifax, 6 from Huddersfield, 12 from Rochdale, (*Lanc.*)—Pop. 2,224.

Here is a Free School founded in 1657, by Sarah Gledhill. The old Hall at Barkisland, now occupied as a farm house, is a good specimen of ancient architecture, built about the time of Charles I. It now belongs to the Bold family, of Bold Hall, in Lancashire.—*Watson's Halifax.*

BARKSTON, (which gives name to the wapentake) in the parishes of Sherburn and Saxton, wapentake of Barkston-Ash, liberty of Pontefract; 4 miles from Abberford, 5 from Tadcaster, 11 from Pontefract.—Pop. 251.

BARKSTON-ASH, a wapentake, bounded on the east by the river Ouse, on the south by the wapentake of Osgoldcross, on the west by that of Skyrack, and on the north by the Ainsty.—In this wapentake are four market-towns, Cawood, Selby, Sherburn, and Tadcaster; 48 townships, 18 of which are parishes; 4,422 inhabited-houses, and 22,264 inhabitants.

BARLOW, in the parish of Brayton, wapentake of Barkston-Ash, liberty of Pontefract: 3 miles from Selby, 5 from Snaith, 13 from Pontefract.—Pop. 175.

BARMBY-UPON-DUNN, a parish town in the upper division of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberty of Tickhill; $5\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Doncaster and Thorne, $7\frac{3}{4}$ from Bawtry, 35 from York.—Pop. 495. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Peter, in the deanry of Doncaster, value p. r. 66*l.* Patron, John Gresham, Esq. *Bacon* styles it a vicarage, value $\pm 9l.$ 12s. 6d.

BARNBROUGH, a parish-town, in the lower-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberty of Tickhill; (*Barnbrough-Hall, the residence of Mrs Griffith.*) 6 miles from Doncaster, 8 from Rotherham, 9 from Barnsley, 36 from York.—Pop. 466. The Church is a rec-

tory, dedicated to St. Peter, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, 23*l*. Patrons, Prebendaries of Southwell, Collegiate Church, (*Notts.*)

Mr. Bingley, in his *Animal Biography*, relates the following singular anecdote. "At Barnbrough there is a tradition extant, of a serious conflict that once took place between a man and a wild cat. The inhabitants say, that the fight commenced in an adjacent wood, and that it was continued thence into the porch of the church. I do not recollect in what manner it is reported to have begun; but they state that it ended fatally to both combatants. A rude painting in the church commemorates the event; and the accidentally natural red tinge of some of the stone, is considered as stains of blood still remaining."

BARNBROUGH-GRANGE, (*the seat of Mrs Farrer*) in the township and parish of Barnbrough; $5\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Doncaster.

BARNBOW, *ham.* in the township and parish of Barwick-in-Elmet, liberty of Pontefract; 6 miles from Leeds, 8 from Wetherby.

BARNBY-FURNACE and **BARNBY HALL**, 2 *f. h.* in the township and parish of Cawtherne, liberty of Pontefract; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Barnsley, $5\frac{1}{2}$ from Penistone.

BARNFIELD SMITHY, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Low Bentham; $10\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Kirby Lonsdale, (*Westmorland.*)

BARNOLDWICK, *ham.* in the township of Burton in Lonsdale, and parish of Thornton in Lonsdale; 6 miles from Kirby Lonsdale, (*Westmorland.*) 11 from Settle.

BARNOLDSWICK-COATES, *see Coates.*

BARNOLDSWICK, or **GILL-CHURCH**, a parish town in the east division and liberty of Staincliffe; 4 miles from Gisburn, 5 from Colne, (*Lanc.*) 49 from York.—Pop. 1334. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Craven, value p. r. 62*l*. 9*s*. 6*d*. Patron, Sir John Lister Kaye, Bart.

The church here, which seems to have been built soon after the Monks left this place, is situated near a mile and a half from the village, upon the brink of a deep glen, whence it has obtained the name of *Gill Church*.

In 1147, Henry de Lacy founded a monastery here, and translated hither twelve Monks and ten Conversi, under Alexander, Prior of Fountains, for the support of which he assigned the whole town of Barnoldswick. The old church was levelled to the ground by the Abbot. After six years residence in continual warfare with the Rector and Parishoners, and frequent ravages committed upon their lands by the Scots, they abandoned Barnoldswick, and went to Kirkstall.—**TANNER**. The situation of this Monastery was on the margin of the brook, west of the village.—**WHITAKER**.

BARNSDALE-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Kirk-Smeaton; 6 miles from Pontefract and Ferrybridge.

BARNSDALE-LODGE, *s. h.* in the township and parish of Campsall; $7\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Pontefract and Doncaster.

BARNSGREEN, *ham.* in the township and parish of Ecclesfield, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; 5 miles from Sheffield, 8 from Rotherham, 10 from Barnsley.

Here is an Hospital called Barns Hall Hospital, for six poor people, built and endowed in 1638, by Sir Richard Scott, Bart. with 30*l*. per annum. The old Hall, formerly the seat of the ancient family of the Scotts, is now converted into cottages.

BARNSIDE-WOOD, 4 *f. h.* in the township of Hepworth, and parish of Kirk-Burton; 6 miles from Penistone.

BARNSLEY, a market-town, in the parish of Silkston, wapentake of Staincross, liberty of Pontefract; 8 miles from Penistone, 10

from Wakefield, 12 from Rotherham, 14 from Sheffield and Pontefract, 15 from Doncaster, 18 from Huddersfield, 38 from York, 176 from London.—*Market*, Wednesday.—*Fairs*, the Wednesday before February 28, May 13, and October 11, for horses, horned cattle, pigs, &c.—*Bankers*, Messrs. Beckett, Birks, and Co. draw on Messrs. Sir Richard Carr Glyn, Bart. Mills, and Co. 12, Birchin-Lane; Messrs. Wentworth and Co. draw on Messrs. Wentworth and Co. 25, Threadneedle-Street.—*Principal Inns*, White Bear and King's Head.—Pop. 8,284. The Church, rebuilding, is a perpetual curacy under Silkstone.

Barnsley, situated upon the declivity of a hill, among coal-pits and iron-works, has nothing to interest the antiquary. It is tolerably well-built of stone; and has long been celebrated for the excellence of its wire, in which article the inhabitants still continue to do considerable business; and of late years the manufactory of linens has been carried on at this place to a very great extent. Here are two Iron Foundries for casting of steam engines, grates, &c.

Thomas Keresforth, Gent. founded and endowed in 1665, a Free Grammar-School here.

BARNSELEY, OLD, in the townships of Barnsley and Silkstone, and parish of Silkstone, liberty of Pontefract; 1 mile from Barnsley.

BARRO, ham. in the township of Wentworth, and parish of Wath-upon-Dearn, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; 5 miles from Rotherham, 13½ from Doncaster.

BARROWBY-GRANGE, f. h. in the township and parish of Kirkby-Overblow; 5 miles from Wetherby, 7½ from Knaresbrough.

BARROWBY-HALL, s. h. in the township of Austhorpe, and parish of Garforth, liberty of Pontefract; 5 miles from Leeds, 9 from Pontefract.

BARWICK-IN-ELMET, a parish-town, in the lower-division of Skyrack, liberty of Pontefract; 7 miles from Tadcaster and Wetherby, 8 from Leeds, 16 from York.—Pop. 1,481. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of the Ainsty, value, 33*l.* 12*s.* 6*d.* Patron, the King, as Duke of Lancaster.

This place is said to have been the seat of the Kings of Northumberland, and *Dr. Whitaker* supposes it to have been founded by the great Edwin; "the great extent and magnificence of this fortification, which is four furlongs in circumference, and contains an area of more than thirteen acres, sufficiently prove that it has been a royal work." The mount, called *Hall Tower Hill*, hath been encompassed by a double trench; on this mount most probably stood the royal Mansion: it is now the only part that remains. This manor was afterwards part of the possessions of the Lacys; Roger de Lacy having married the sister of William de Vesey, Rector of this parish. From the Lacys it descended to the Dukes of Lancaster, to which Duchy it has been ever since annexed.

Elmet was not conquered from the Britons till Edwin's reign, in 560, by the Saxons.—*Turner's Anglo Saxons.*

BASHALL, BASHALLEAVES, or BASHALLTOWN, in the parish of Mitton, west-division of Staincliffe, liberty of Bolland; (*Bashall-Hall, the seat of James Taylor, Esq.*) 4 miles from Clitheroe, (*Lanc.*) 10 from Gisburn, 11 from Blackburn and Burnley, (*Lanc.*)—Pop. 348.

BASINGTHORPE, *s. h.* in the township of Greasbrough, and parish of Rotherham; 1 mile from Rotherham.

BATLEY, a parish-town, in Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Dewsbury, $6\frac{1}{4}$ from Bradford, 8 from Leeds, 31 from York.—Pop. 3,717. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Pontefract, value, $\pm 16\text{ }l.$ 11*s.* 8*d.* p. r. 150*l.* Patrons, Lords Wilton and Cardigan, alternately.

Batley, the field of *Battor* or *Batta* is a place of great antiquity. The Church was granted to the Canons of St. Oswald of Nostal, and confirmed by Henry I. Not a vestige of the original structure remains, the whole having been rebuilt about the time of Henry VI. The north chapel of the choir belongs to Howley-Hall. This Church is adorned with several monuments of the Savilles, Fitzwilliams, Elands, Copleys, &c.—*Loidis et Elmete*. Here is a Free-School, founded in the 10th year of James I. by the Rev. William Lee, Vicar of Stapleford, Cambridgeshire, who was a native of this place, for the purpose of teaching the children to read English, and write, also to instruct them in Latin. He endowed it with an estate, which he conveyed to certain Trustees in his lifetime. This School was handsomely rebuilt in 1818, out of monies arising from the estate.

BATLEY-CARR, in the township and parish of Batley, liberty of Wakefield; 1 mile from Dewsbury.

BATLEY, UPPER, *ham.* in the township and parish of Batley; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Dewsbury, 6 from Bradford.

BATTERAX, 2 *f. h.* in the township of Bowland-Forest, Higher, and parish of Slaidburn, liberty of Bolland; 3 miles from Slaidburn, 8 from Clitheroe. (*Lanc.*)

BAWTRY, a market-town, in the parish of Blythe, (*Notts.*) lower-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; (*the seat of the Dowager Viscountess Galway*) $5\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Barnby-Moor Inn, (*Notts.*) 9 from Doncaster and Retford, (*Notts.*) 12 from Gainsbrough, (*Linc.*) 14 from Thorne, 20 from Sheffield, 46 from York, 156 from London.—*Market*, Thursday, (formerly on the Wednesday.) —*Fairs*, Thursday in Whitsun-Week, and old Martinmas-day, for horses, horned cattle, sheep, and pedlary.—*Principal Inn*, the Crown.—Pop. 1,027. The Church is a perpetual curacy under Blythe, dedicated to St. Nicholas, in the deanry of Retford.

Bawtry, situated upon the site of the Roman road from *Agelocum* to *Danum*, stands at the very extremity of the county, (a portion of it being in Nottinghamshire,) and on the great north road from London to Edinburgh. It contains nothing of particular interest, except the elegant mansion of the Dowager Viscountess Galway, which is situated at the southern extremity of the town.

BAXTER-HALL, *s. A.* in the township of Long-Drax, and parish of Drax; 5 miles from Snaith.

BEACON-HILL, (*a Hill*) in the township of Southowram, and parish of Halifax; 1 mile from Halifax.

BEAGHALL, in the parish of Kellington, wapentake of Osgoldcross, liberty of Pontefract; 6 miles from Pontefract, 8 from Snaith.—Pop. 516.

BEAMSLEY, in the parishes of Addingham and Skipton, upper-division of Claro; (*Beamsley-Hall, the residence of Robinson Chippondale, Esq.*) 6 miles from Skipton, $8\frac{1}{2}$ from Otley, 17 from

Knaresbrough —Pop. in Addingham 80,—in Skipton, 232.—total, 312.

Here is an hospital founded by Margaret, Countess of Cumberland, in the 35th of Queen Elizabeth. It was ordered to consist of one Mother and twelve Sisters, to be named and appointed by George, Earl of Cumberland, and the said Margaret, and their heirs; and that the said Mother and Sisters, and their successors should be incorporated, and have a common seal. The Earl of Thanet is now the heir or representative of the Earl and Countess of Cumberland, and has the management of the estates and revenues of the hospital. The total income arising from rents and dividends, amounts to 357*l.* 9*s.* 4*d.* out of which the Mother and sisters receive an annual stipend, of the Mother 18*l.* and the Sisters, 16*l.* each, besides which they receive on commission, a bedstead each, with a few other necessary articles of furniture. Twenty pounds per annum is given the clergyman for reading prayers, and administering the Sacrament four times a year, and who receives an additional sum of 2*l.* 10*s.* per annum, for providing the Elements. And Lord Thanet's Steward receives a salary of 10*l.* per annum, for superintending the estates, and keeping the accounts.

The Hospital consists of two distinct buildings, with a small court or garden between them, and contains a chapel and separate apartments for the Mother and twelve Sisters. The number is duly kept up, according to the foundation deed. The chapel is used for prayer on Sundays and three other days in the week. It is situated on the road side, leading from Knaresbrough to Skipton, within the township.—*Extracted from Commissioners' Report on Charities.*

The old Hall at Beamsley was anciently the seat of the family of Claphams. Of this family was John Clapham, a famous esquire in the wars between the houses of York and Lancaster, and who is said to have beheaded with his own hands, the Earl of Pembroke, in the church porch of Banbury. This family had a chantry and vault in Bolton Priory church, and where according to tradition, they were interred upright.—WHITAKER.

BEARCROFTS-HALL, *s. h.* in the township and parish of Horton;

8 miles from Settle, 14 from Kirby-Lonsdale, (*Westm.*)

BEARSWOOD-GREEN, *p. h.* in the township and parish of Hatfield; 3 miles from Thorne, 8 from Doncaster.

BECKA-LODGE, (*the seat of William Markham, Esq.*) in the township and parish of Abberford, lower-division of Skyrack, liberty of Pontefract; 1 mile from Abberford, 6 miles from Wetherby, 8 from Leeds.

BECKFOOT and MILL, 3 *h.* in the township and parish of Bingley; 4 miles from Bradford, 8 from Halifax.

BECKMEETING, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Kirkbymoore; 5½ miles from Masham, 8 from Ripon.

BECKWITH, *scattered houses.* in the township and parish of Pannal, liberty of Knaresbrough; 2½ miles from Harrogate. Adjoining is

BECKWITH-GREEN, and } in the same township and parish.

BECKWITH-SHAW, }

The original seat of the ancient family of Beckwith, the last remains of whose property here, was purchased about the year 1753, by Edwin Lacelles, Esq. of Mr. John Beckwith, of Knaresbrough, a lineal descendant of that ancient house.—HARGROVE.

BECKURMUNDS, *ham.* in the township of Buckden, and parish of Arnecliffe; 8 miles from Kettlewell, 14 from Settle, 17 from Leyburn.

BEESTON, in the parish and borough of Leeds, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; 2 miles from Leeds, 10½ from Wakefield, 12 from Bradford, 14 from Huddersfield.—

Pop. 1,670. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Mary. Patron, the Vicar of Leeds.

The present chapel of Beeston is the oldest in the parish, and probably the second in antiquity. The lancet window at the west end appears to be as old as Henry III.—**WHITAKER.**

BEGGARINGTON, ham. in the township of Northowram, and parish of Halifax, liberty of Wakefield; 3 miles from Halifax.

BELL-BUSK, ham. in the township of Cold-Coniston, and parish of Gargrave, liberty of Staincliffe: 8 miles from Skipton.

BELL-HAGG, ham. in the township of Upper-Hallam, and parish of Sheffield; 3 miles from Sheffield.

BELL-VUE, (the seat of John Naylor, Esq.) in the township and parish of Sandal-Magna, liberty of Wakefield; 1 mile from Wakefield, 9 from Pontefract.

BELLWOOD, (the residence of John Harrison, Esq.) in the township of Aismunderby-with-Bondgate, and in the parish and liberty of Ripon; 1½ mile from Ripon.

BELLY-BRIDGE, 3 h. in the township of Hartshead-with-Clifton, and parish of Dewsbury; 4 miles from Halifax.

BENTHAM, HIGH, in the township and parish of Low-Bentham, wapentake of Ewcross; (*the seat of T. H. Johnson, Esq.*) 10 miles from Kirby-Lonsdale, (*Westm.*) 11 from Settle, 16 from Lancaster. *Market, Monday.—Fairs, January 25, Saturday in Easter week, June 22, October 25, for horned cattle, &c.—Principal Inns, King's Arms, and Black Bull.*

BENTHAM, LOW, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Ewcross; 4 miles from Ingleton, 9 from Kirby-Lonsdale, (*Westm.*) 12 from Settle, 15 from Lancaster, 71 from York.—**Pop. 2,102.** The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. John, Baptist, in the deanry of Kirby-Lonsdale, and diocese of Chester, value, 35*l.* 7*s.* 8½*d.* Patron, T. L. Parker, Esq. The township of Bentham is divided into four quarters, viz. Low-Bentham, High-Bentham, Mewith, and Grasingle.

At this place was born, of poor parents, Thomas Wray, D. D. Fellow of Christ College, Cambridge, and successively chaplain to Archbishops Hutton and Secker. He was a pious, abstemious, mortified man, never married, of weak constitution, of most amiable deportment, yet a zealous reprovcr of vice in pulic and in private. He had learned too, from his master, Secker, not to despise the meanest, nor to shrink from the most disgusting offices of his functions. He died at Rochdale, February, 1778, aged 55, where a plain stone within the altar rails is erected to his memory. The Editor of Butler's Remains thus notices him:—

“ While Modest Wray with silent grace,
Just steals a meaning smile.”

Nichols' Lit. Anecdotes.

BENTLEY, in the parish of Arksey, lower-division of Strassforth and Tickhill, liberty of Tickhill; 1½ mile from Doncaster, 10 from Thorne.—**Pop. including Arksey, 1,171,** which being united, form a township.

A remarkable instance of punctuality occurred at Bentley, in a little old man called *Billy Dutchman*, a stone mason, who had kept a book in his house from 1767, wherein is inserted the name of every person by whom he had been employ-

ed, how many days he worked in each week, and what number idle; what money he had earned each week, summed up to a quarter every year. The whole for the first twenty-nine years is 583*l.* 18*s.* 3*d.* average, he says, 7*s.* 9*d.* per week.—*Miller's Doncaster.*

BENTLEY-GRANGE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Emley, liberty of Wakefield; 7 miles from Wakefield.

BENT'S-GREEN, *ham.* in the township of Ecclesall-Bierlow, and parish of Sheffield; 3½ miles from Sheffield.

BERRY-MOOR, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Silkston; 3½ miles from Penistone.

BERRY-BROW, *ham.* in the township and parish of Almondbury; 2 miles from Huddersfield.

BERWICK, 2 *f. h.* in the township of Draughton, and parish of Skipton, liberty of Clifford's-Fee; 4 miles from Skipton.

BESSACAR, *ham.* in the township and parish of Cantley, 4 miles from Doncaster.

BEWERLEY, in the township of Dacre-with-Bewerley, and parish of Ripon, lower-division of Claro; (*Bewerley-Hall, the seat of John Yorke, Esq.*) ¾ of a mile from Pateleybridge, 8 from Ripley, 12 from Ripon.—Pop. included in Dacre.

BICKERTON, (Ainsty) in the parish of Bilton; 4 miles from Wetherby, 7 from Tadcaster, 10 from York.—Pop. 149.

BIERLEY, EAST, in the township of Northbierley, and parish of Birstall, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; 4 miles from Bradford, 7 from Halifax, 10¼ from Wakefield.

BIERLEY, NORTH, *see Northbierley.*

BIGGIN, *ham.* in the township and parish of Kirkbymalzeard; (*Biggin-Grange, the seat of the Rev. J. Geldart,*) 5 miles from Masham.

BIGGIN, in the parish of Church-Fenton, wapentake of Barkston-Ash, liberties of St. Peter and Pontefract; 6 miles from Tadcaster, 7 from Selby, 11 from Pontefract.—Pop. 164.

BILBROUGH, (Ainsty) a parish-town; 4½ miles from Tadcaster, 5½ from York.—Pop. 260. The Church is a perpetual curacy, of which Thomas Lodington Fairfax, Esq. is Patron.

BILCLIFFE, *f. h.* in the township of Langsett, and parish of Penistone, liberty of Pontefract; 2 miles from Penistone.

BILHAM, in the parish of Hooton-Pagnall and Barmbrough, lower-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberty of Tickhill; (*Bilham-House, the residence of the Rev. Godfrey Wright*) 6 miles from Doncaster, 10 from Barnsley.—Pop. 74.

BILHAM-GRANGE, *f. h.* in the township of Clayton, and parish of High-Hosland; 7 miles from Barnsley and Penistone.

BILHAM-ROW, *ham.* in the township of Bilham, and parish of Hooton-Pagnall, lower-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; 6 miles from Doncaster.

BILLINGLEY, in the parish of Darfield, lower-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberty of Tickhill; 6 miles from Barnsley, 9 from Doncaster.—Pop. 214.

BILLINGLEY-GREEN, 2 *h.* in the township of Billingley, and parish of Darfield; $6\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Barnsley.

BILTON, (Ainsty) a parish-town, in the liberty of St. Peter; (*Bilton Park, the seat of Richard Fountayne Wilson, Esq.*) $4\frac{3}{4}$ miles from Wetherby, $5\frac{1}{2}$ from Tadcaster, $9\frac{1}{2}$ from Knaresbrough, 10 from York.—Pop. 223. The Church, peculiar, is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Helen, valued, p. r. †124*l.* Patron, the Prebendary thereof.

BILTON, in the parish of Knaresbrough, lower-division of Claro, liberty of Knaresbrough; (*Bilton-Hall, the seat of Henry Hunter, Esq.*) $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Knaresbrough.—Pop. including High-Harrogate, 1,934, which being united, form a township.

BINGLEY, a market and parish-town, in the upper-division of Skyrack; 4 miles from Keighley, 6 from Bradford, 10 from Otley, 11 from Halifax, 38 from York.—*Market*, Tuesday.—*Fairs*, Jan. 25, for horned cattle, August 25, 26, and 27, for horned cattle, sheep, and linen.—*Principal Inns*, Brown Cow, and King's Head. Pop. 6,176. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Craven, value, †7*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* p. r. †138*l.* Patron, the King.

This is one of the thirty-two Lordship of which the Conqueror gave to Erneis de Bernin; how long he held it does not appear; but about the year 1120 it was the property of William Paganell, founder of the Priory of Drax. His successors were the Gants, and William de Gant had a charter for a market here, 12th of John. The family of the Cantilupes afterwards became possessed of it; and in later times we find it in the hands by purchase, in 1668, of Robert Benson, father of the first Lord Bingley, whose descendant, James Lane Fox, Esq. is the present owner of it. In the time of Dodsworth, who visited this place in 1621, "there was a park at Bingley and castle near the church, on a hill, called Bailey Hill," of which little more than the name and tradition now remain. The church, a plain and decent structure, was restored in the early part of the reign of Henry VIII. Dr. *Whitaker* states it to be dedicated to All-Souls. Here is a Free Grammar School, founded 20th of Henry VIII. value about 400*l.* per annum, present master, the Rev. Dr. Hartley. By a decree of the Lord Chancellor, in December, 1820, it was determined that it should be conducted as a Free Grammar School for teaching the children of the inhabitants of the parish of Bingley, the *learned languages*. Here is also a National School established in 1814, and supported by voluntary contributions.

BIRCHAM-CLIFFE, in the township of Lindley, and parish of Huddersfield; 2 miles from Huddersfield, 6 from Halifax.

BIRDHALL-FLAT, *f. h.* in the township of Swinton, and parish of Wath-upon-Dearn; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Rotherham, 9 from Doncaster.

BIRDWELL, *ham.* in the township of Worsbrough, and parish of Tankersley; $3\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Barnsley.

BIRKBY, in the township and parish of Thornes, liberty of Pontefract; 5 miles from Leeds, 8 from Wetherby.

BIRKBY, (*the seat of Thomas Holroyd, Esq.*) in the township and parish of Huddersfield; 2 miles from Huddersfield, 9 from Halifax.

BIRKBY-NAB, *f. h.* in the township of Studley-Roger, parish and liberty of Ripon; 2 miles from Ripon.

BIRKIN, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Barkston-Ash, liberty of Pontefract; (*the seat of Thomas Toutill, Esq.*) 4 miles from

Ferrybridge, 7 from Pontefract, 8 from Selby, 22 from York.—Pop. 139. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of the Ainsty, value, 36*l*. Patron, the Deviscees of the late Rev. Thomas Wright.

BIRKINSHAW, in the township of Gomersall, and parish of Birstall, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; 5 miles from Bradford, 8 from Leeds, 9 from Halifax.

BIRK'S-HALL, (*the seat of the late Robert Ramsbottom, Esq.*) in the township of Ovenden, and parish of Halifax; 1 mile from Halifax.

BIRKWITH, *s. h.* in the township and parish of Horton; 8 miles from Settle, 14 from Hawes.

BIRKWOOD, 2 *f. h.* in the township and parish of Crofton; 3½ miles from Wakefield.

BIRLEY-CAR, in the township and parish of Ecclesfield, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; 3 miles from Sheffield, 9½ from Penistone.

BIRTHWAITE, *ham.* in the township and parish of Ripley; 1½ mile from Ripley, 7 from Ripon.

BIRTHWAITE-HALL, (*the seat of Thos. Rishworth, Esq.*) in the township of Kexbrough, and parish of Darton, liberty of Pontefract; 4 miles from Barnsley, 8 from Wakefield.

Birthwaite Hall was formerly the residence of the ancestors of the present Sir Francis Burdett, Bart. Thomas Burdett, the second son of Richard Burdett, of Denby, was living here in 1494.

BIRSTALL, a parish-town, in the township of Gomersall, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; 7 miles from Leeds and Bradford, 7½ from Halifax, 8½ from Huddersfield, 31 from York. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Peter, in the deanry of Pontefract, value, £23*l*. 19*s*. 2*d*. Patron, the Archbishop of York.

This place is not mentioned in Domesday, but Gomersall is described as containing two manors; it seems therefore probable that Birstall was one of them, and being then an inconsiderable place, was passed over without further notice. **WHITAKER**. This parish, though extensive, does not furnish a township of Birstall, the village being in that of Gomersall.

Here was born, 1579, Henry Burton, a puritan divine, who was educated at St. John's College, Cambridge, but took his degree of B. D. at Oxford. He was afterwards clerk of the closet to Prince Henry, and next to Prince Charles; but was turned out for a libel against the Bishops. In 1636, he was persecuted in the high commission court for two seditious sermons, sentenced to the pillory, fined 5,000*l*. and ordered to be imprisoned for life. In 1640, he was set at liberty, and was restored to his living. He died in 1648. He wrote many pamphlets, chiefly controversial and abusive.—*Biog. Dict.*

BIRSTWITH, in the parish of Hampsthwaite, lower-division of Claro, liberty of Knaresbrough; 3 miles from Ripley, 8 from Knaresbrough.—Pop. 621.

BISHOPSIDE, **HIGH** and **LOW**, a township, in the parish and liberty of Ripon, lower-division of Claro; 1 mile from Pateleybridge, 9 from Knaresbrough, 11 from Ripon.—Pop. 2,072. It is situated on the north-side of the river Nidd, in the vicinity of Pateleybridge, the chief town in the township.

BISHOP-MONKTON, in the parish and liberty of Ripon, lower-division of Claro; (*the seat of Thomas Charnock, Esq.*) 4 miles from Ripon and Boroughbridge, 6 from Knaresbrough.—Pop. 473. The Chapel, re-built in 1822, is a perpetual curacy, value, p. r. †65*l*. In the patronage of the Dean and Chapter of Ripon.

BISHOPTHORPE, (*Alnasty*) a parish-town; (*Bishopthorpe-Palace, the seat of the Archbishop of York,*) 2½ miles from York, 8 from Tadcaster.—Pop. 301. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Andrew, value, †4*l*. Patron, the Archbishop of York.

Bishopthorpe, anciently *St. Andrew's Thorp*, alias *Thorp super Use*. The Palace of Bishopthorpe was built by Walter Grey, Archbishop of York, in which is a neat Chapel, still standing, where his chantry was founded. The present beautiful gardens were almost wholly laid out at the charge of Archbishop Sharp; and the house received great alterations at the expence of the late Archbishop Dawes.—**DRAKE**.

BISHOP-THORNTON, in the parish and liberty of Ripon, lower-division of Claro; 6 miles from Ripon, 7 from Knaresbrough.—Pop. 647. The Church is a perpetual curacy, value, p. r. †65*l*. In the patronage of the Dean and Chapter of Ripon.

BISHOPTON, in the parish and liberty of Ripon, lower-division of Claro; 1 mile from Ripon.—Pop. 136.

BLACKBURNE-COMMON, *ham.* in the township of Kimberworth, and parish of Rotherham; 2½ miles from Rotherham.

BLACKER, LOW, MIDDLE, and OVER, 3 *f. h.* in the township of Upper-Hoyland, and parish of Wath; 5 miles from Barnsley.

BLACK-HORSE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Abberford.—*See Abberford.*

BLACK-MOOR, *f. h.* in the township of Hunshelf, and parish of Penistone; 3 miles from Penistone.

BLACK-MOOR-FOOT, *ham.* in the township of South-Crossland, and parish of Almondbury; 3½ miles from Huddersfield.

BLACKSHAW-HEAD, *few h.* in the township of Stansfield, and parish of Halifax, liberty of Wakefield; 10 miles from Halifax.

BLACKSTONE, *f. h.* in the township of Little-Ribstone, and parish of Spoforth; 3 miles from Wetherby.

BLACKSTONE-EDGE, in the parish of Halifax, and liberty of Wakefield; 6 miles from Halifax.

Blackstone-Edge is a ridge of mountains that divide Yorkshire from Lancashire, over which lays the road from Halifax to Rochdale: this ridge is continued to the Highlands of Scotland.

BLAIDROYD, *f. h.* in the township of Southowram, and parish of Halifax; 3 miles from Halifax.

BLAKE-HALL, (*the residence of Mrs Ingham*) in the township and parish of Mirfield; 3 miles from Dewsbury, 6½ from Huddersfield.

In this house was born, John Hopton, Bishop of Norwich, of a very considerable family, residing alternately at Blake-Hall and Armley, near Leeds. He was a Dominican Friar, educated at Oxford, from whence, after his course of study was completed, he travelled to Rome, and took the degree of D. D. at Bologna. He was chaplain to Princess Mary, soon after whose accession to the crown, he was nominated to the See of Norwich, which he enjoyed to his death.—*Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete.*

BLAXTON, in the parish of Finningley, (*Notts.*) and soke of Doncaster, lower-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; 5 miles from Bawtry. $7\frac{1}{2}$ from Doncaster.—Pop. 117.

BLEAK-ROYD, *f. h.* in the township of Langsett, and parish of Penistone; 2 miles from Penistone.

BLUBBER-HOUSES, in the parish of Fewston, lower-division of Claro, liberty of Knaresbrough; 11 miles from Skipton, 12 from Knaresbrough, 18 from Ripon.—Pop. 126.

BOARD-HILL, *p. h.* in the township of Langsett, and parish of Penistone: 2 miles from Penistone.

BOARSHURST, *ham.* in the township of Quick, and parish of Rochdale; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Dobcross, 10 from Rochdale, (*Lanc.*)

BODLES, *p. h.* in the township of Bentley-with-Arksey, and parish of Arksey; 1 mile from Doncaster.

BOGG-HALL, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Kirkheaton; 4 miles from Huddersfield, 10 from Wakefield.

BOLSTERSTONE, in the township of Bradford, and parish of Ecclesfield, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; 9 miles from Penistone and Barnsley. The Church is a perpetual curacy, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, *p. r.* $\pm 60l.$ Patron, J. Rimmington, Esq.

The chapel here appears to have been founded as early as 1412, by Sir Robert Rockley; originally a private chantry of that family, though it came at length to be used as a place of public worship by the inhabitants of the manor, living at a great distance. At the time of the foundation of this chapel, the Rockleys were owners of the Manor of Bolsterstone, which it appears they had obtained by the marriage of Robert de Rockley with Alice, the sole daughter of Sir Thomas Sheffield. Robert de Rokeley lived in the time of Richard II. and was the chief of an ancient family residing at Rockley, in Worsboroughdale, where they appear to have been seated as early as the reign of Henry II.—*Hunter's Hallamshire.*

BOLTON-BY-BOLLAND, a parish-town, in the west-division and liberty of Staincliffe; (*Bolton-Hall, the occasional residence of John Bolton, Esq.*) 4 miles from Gisburn, 10 from Settle, 12 from Colne, (*Lanc.*) 14 from Skipton, 55 from York.—*No Market.*—*Fairs*, June 28, 29. and 30, for horned cattle, pedlary, &c.—Pop. 1,205. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Peter, in the deanry of Craven, value, *11l. 13s. 4d. p. r.* $\pm 23l. 12s.$ Patron, John Bolton, Esq.

Bolton Hall the ancient residence of the family of Pudsay, says *Dodsworth*, “stands very pleasantly among sweet woods and fruitful hills.” Here Sir Ralph Pudsay sheltered his persecuted sovereign Henry VI. after the battle of Hexham: and where still are preserved a pair of boots, a pair of gloves, and a spoon, which the unfortunate Monarch left, either from haste and trepidation, or as tokens of regard for the family. An adjoining Well still retains the name of “King Harry,” who is said to have directed it to be dug and walled, in its present shape, for a cold bath. In the church, which is a plain building of late gothic architecture, is the famous monument of Sir Ralph Pudsay, with his three wives and twenty-five children, all engraven in relief, upon a slab of grey Craven limestone.—*Whitaker's Craven.* The manor and advowson were purchased for 42,000*l.* by John Bolton, of Liverpool, Esq. the present owner.

BOLTON-ABBEY, in the parish of Skipton, east-division and liberty of Staincliffe; (*a seat of the Duke of Devonshire.*) $5\frac{1}{4}$ miles

from Skipton, 10 from Keighley, $11\frac{1}{2}$ from Pateleybridge, 12 from Otley, 16 from Harrogate.—Pop. 127. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Mary and St. Cuthbert, in the deanry of Craven, value, p. r. $\text{£}46\text{l. } 1\text{s. } 11\text{d.}$ Patron, the Duke of Devonshire.

This priory was founded in the year 1120, for Canons regular, of the order of St. Austin, by William Meschines, and Cecilia de Romelle, his wife, Baroness of Skipton, and sister to the noble youth who lost his life in crossing a place called *The Strid*, about a mile from hence, which is the cleft of a rock, in the bed of a river; and through which the river, in summer time, entirely passes. Strid, so called from a feat often exercised by persons of more agility than prudence, who stride from brink to brink, regardless of the destruction which waits a faulting step. It was in stepping over this gulph, leading a greyhound, the animal not making its effort in the passage, at the same time with its master, checked the footstep of the unhappy youth, and precipitated him into the torrent. In Bolton-Hall was formerly a picture of this young gentleman, with the greyhound standing near him. This Priory was dissolved the 11th of June, 1540; and in 1543, was granted to Henry Clifford, Earl of Cumberland; in which family it remained, till 1635; when Elizabeth, the daughter and sole heiress of Henry, the last Earl of Cumberland, marrying Richard, the first Earl of Burlington, carried the demesnes into that family; whose daughter, Charlotte, sole heiress, married in 1748, the Duke of Devonshire.

Here is a Free-School founded about 1698, or 1700, by the Hon. Robert Boyle, who endowed the same with an annual rent-charge of 20*l.* besides this, there are some rents, which in the whole, amount to 99*l. 7s. 6d.* The School is for latin and greek; and for the poor people, english, writing, and arithmetic, on paying one shilling per quarter.

BOLTON-BRIDGE. 4 *k.* in the townships of Bolton-Abbey and Beamsley, and parish of Skipton. liberty of Staincliffe; $5\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Skipton, 12 from Pateleybridge.

Bolton-Bridge had anciently a chapel, like many others, for the benefit of Travellers. The town field, a plain of inexhaustible fertility, stretched from the bridge to the priory wall; and on this, Prince Rupert is said by Tradition, to have encamped on his way to Marston-Moor, in July, 1644. The elm, under which he dined, is remembered by persons now alive, (1805.)—*Whitaker's Craven.*

BOLTON-PERCY, (Ainsty) a parish-town; 3 miles from Tadcaster, 9 from York.—Pop. 238. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to All-Saints, value, 39*l. 15s. 2½d.* p. r. 150*l.* Patron, the Archbishop of York.

BOLTON-UPON-DEARN, a parish-town, in the lower-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberty of Tickhill; $7\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Rotherham, Barnsley, and Doncaster, 38 from York.—Pop. 623. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Andrew, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, $\text{£}6\text{l. } 15\text{s. } 4\text{d.}$ p. r. 60*l.* to 70*l.* Patrons, the Executors of William Marsden, Esq. *Bacon* styles it a vicarage.

BONDGATE, in the township of Aismunderby-with-Bondgate, and parish of Ripon, which it joins on the south.—Pop. included in Aismunderby.

Here is an Hospital founded before the 4th year of King John, by one of the Archbishops of York, and dedicated to St. John Baptist. Its revenues valued, 26th Henry VIII. at 10*l. 14s. 4d.* *Dugdale*; and 37th, Henry VIII. at 12*l. 0s. 4d.* *Stevens.* The building is small, and inhabited by two poor women, who have each an annual stipend of one pound seven shillings. A small distance from this hospital is a chapel dedicated to St. John Baptist, where divine service was performed every Sunday till 1722. It is now converted into a National School, and the boys, of which there are at present 150, are educated on the plan of Dr. Bell, an institution than which nothing can tend more strongly to increase the stock of

public morality, and raise the children to a higher degree in the scale of rationality.

BOOTH-FERRY INN, in the township of Airmyn, and parish of Snaith, wapentake of Osgoldcross, and liberty of Pontefract; 2 miles from Howden, 8 from Snaith, 10 from Selby, 12 from Thorne, 20 from York, 183 from London. Here is a good Inn, and a Ferry across the Ouse, leading to Doncaster.

BOOTHROYD, UPPER and LOWER, *ham.* in the township and parish of Dewsbury, liberty of Wakefield; 1 mile from Dewsbury, 6 from Wakefield.

BOOTH-TOWN, in the township of Northowram, and parish of Halifax. Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; 1 mile from Halifax, 7 from Bradford.

BORDLEY, *ham.* in the township of Hetton-with-Bordley, and parish of Burnsall, east-division of Staincliffe, liberty of Chif-ford's-fee; 7 miles from Kettlewell, 10 from Skipton and Settle.—Pop. included in Hetton.

BORHOLME, *f. h.* in the township of Bowland-Forest, lower, and parish of Bolland, (*Lanc.*) liberty of Staincliffe; 8 miles from Clitheroe. A bridge here, called Borholme-Bridge, across the river Hodder, connects this county with Lancashire.

BOROUGHBRIDGE, in the parish of Aldborough, lower-division of Claro; (*the seat of Mrs Lawson.*) 6 miles from Ripon, 7 from Knaresbrough, 10 from Harrogate, 11 from Thirsk, 12 from Wetherby, 17 from York and Bedale, 19 from Northallerton, 22 from Catterick, 206 from London.—*Market.* Saturday.—*Fairs*, April 27 and 28, for horned cattle and sheep; June 22, for horned cattle, horses, &c. 23 for sheep, and the week preceding, for hardware, woollen-cloth, pedlaryware, &c. October 23 and 24, for horned cattle and sheep.—*Bankers.* Messrs. Fletcher, Stubbs, Dew, and Stott, draw on Sir Richard Carr Glyn, Bart. Mills, and Co. 12, Birchin-Lane.—*Principal Inns*, Crown and Three Greyhounds. Pop. 860. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. James, in the deanry of Richmond, diocese of Chester, value, 10*l.* p. r. 48*l.* 16*s.* 8*d.* Patron, the Vicar of Aldborough.

This place is remarkable for those monuments called the Devil's Arrows, but whether Roman or British, is uncertain. "Here was, in the British times," says Dr. Stukeley, "the great Panegyre of the Druids, the Midsummer-meeting of all the country round, to celebrate the great quarterly sacrifice; accompanied with sports, games, races, and all kinds of exercises, with universal festivity. This was like the Panathenian, the Olympian, Nemean meetings, and games among the Grecians. These obelisks were as the Metæ of the Races; the remembrance hereof is transmitted in the present great Fair held here, on St. Barnabas Day."

In Leland's time there were four, but in the seventeenth century, one of them was pulled down; the remaining ones are placed at unequal distances from each other. The tallest ones is 30 feet 6 inches from the bottom, about 6 feet of which are buried in the ground; its greatest circumference 16 feet.

Richard Frank, a singular traveller, and famous peripatetic angler, in his tour to the northern parts of Scotland, to enjoy his favourite amusement, which he published in 1694, says that he saw near Boroughbridge, seven of these stones, in which he must have been mistaken, as it is not likely that they have increased since the days of Leland. Evident marks of the chisel appear below the surface

of the earth. It is of the common coarse rag-stone or mill-grit; a large rock of this stone from which, probably these obelisks were taken, is at Plumpton, near Knaresborough. Doctor Stillingfleet considers them as British Deities: Leland, Camden, and Drake, suppose them to have been the work of the Romans, and erected by that people as trophies, to commemorate some important victory.

Near this place, in 1322, that unfortunate Prince, Thomas, Earl of Lancaster, with some of the nobility, disgusted with the royal favourites, the Spencers, made stand against the forces of his nephew, Edward II. but was taken by Sir Andrew de Harcla, who, being insensible to his entreaties and solicitations, and after suffering every possible indignity that cruelty could suggest, was mounted on a sorry horse, and brought before the King, who ordered, without any form of trial, his head to be struck off, on an eminence near Pontefract. One of his partizans, the powerful John de Bohun, Earl of Hereford, in passing over the bridge, then made of wood, was run through with a spear, by a soldier, cowardly placed beneath for that execrable purpose. It sends two Members to Parliament, a privilege it derived from Queen Mary, in 1553.

BOSTON, in the township of Clifford, and parish of Bramham, wapentake of Barkston-Ash; 3 miles from Wetherby, 4 from Tadcaster. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Mary, the Virgin, value, about 110*l*. Patron, the Vicar of Bramham.—*Principal Inn*, Red Lion.

Boston, long celebrated for its Mineral Waters, under the name of *Thorpe-Arch*, on the opposite side of the water, is situated in a romantic and beautiful vale, through which the river Wharfe runs with a rapid current. The houses are extremely neat and good, built chiefly of stone, with small gardens in front, and forming a row on each side of the road leading from Wetherby to Tadcaster.

The Mineral Spring, which was first discovered in 1744, by John Shires, an inhabitant of Thorpe-Arch, is situated on the south banks of the river, and issues from the bottom of a lofty limestone rock, which in some measure overhangs the river; it is conveyed by means of a pump, erected in 1792, into a little room for the purpose, whither the visitors repair to partake of this wholesome beverage. This water, like all others, of fashionable resort, has obtained the notice of Drs. Garnett, Munro, Walker, and Hunter. Hot and cold baths are erected immediately adjoining the pump-room. The village of Boston was begun in an open field in 1753, and now contains more than 600 inhabitants. The Parochial Chapel was consecrated in Dec. 1814, by his Grace the Archbishop of York.

BOTANY-BAY-INN, *p. h.* in the township of Camblesforth, and parish of Drax; 1½ mile from Selby, 6½ from Snaith.

BOULCLIFFE, *f. h.* in the township of West-Bretton, and parish of Sandal-Magna; 5 miles from Wakefield.

BOULTON, in the parish of Calverley, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; 2 miles from Bradford, 8 from Otley.—Pop. 634.

BOUSDEN, *f. h.* in the township of Newton, and parish of Slaidburn, liberty of Staincliffe; 9 miles from Clitheroe, (*Lanc.*)

BOW-BRIDGE and MILL, 4 *cots.* in the township of Embsay-with-Eastby, and parish of Skipton; 2 miles from Skipton.

BOWCLIFFE, (*the seat of John Smyth, Esq.*) in the township of Bramham-with-Oglethorpe, and parish of Bramham; 4 miles from Wetherby.

BOWERHILL, *scattered houses*, in the township of Oxspring, and parish of Penistone; 2 miles from Penistone.

BOWLAND-FOREST, in the parish of Slaidburn, west-division and liberty of Staincliffe; 5 miles from Clitheroe, 18 from Lan-

caster and Preston, (*Lanc.*)—Pop. lower-division 360, higher-division 237, total 597.

Bowland-Forest, anciently a Forest, as its name implies, extends over a large tract of country on the borders of Lancashire, and is divided into two townships, denominated Upper and Lower Forest of Bowland.

Though Bowland is principally inclosed, it is still ranged by herds of deer, under the jurisdiction of a master forester here, in allusion to the name of the Forest, called *Bowbearer*, who has under him an inferior keeper. The former office is now held by Thomas Lister Parker, Esq. as it has long been by his ancestors.—WHITAKER.

BOWLING, in the parish of Bradford, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley; 1 mile from Bradford, 8 from Halifax.—Pop. 3,579.

In the same township and parish is

BOWLING-HALL, *the seat of Thomas Mason, Esq.*

Bowling-Hall, originally Bolling, from a family of that name, the daughter and heiress of which married Sir Richard Tempest, of Bracewell, is an ancient and large majestic building, with a centre and two wings to the north. The south front opening to the garden, is terminated by two square towers of considerable but uncertain antiquity. The Earl of Newcastle, commander of the King's Forces, made this house his head-quarters in 1643, when he besieged and took Bradford. The Hall and Manor, with the Chapel or Chantry Church, came to Mr Mason in 1812.—WHITAKER and NEALE.

BOWTHWAITE, *ham.* in the township of Fountain's-Earth, and parish of Kirkbymalzeard; 5 miles from Pateleybridge.

BOYN-HILL, *ham.* in the township of Crigglestone, and parish of Sandal-Magna, liberty of Wakefield; 3½ miles from Wakefield.

BRACEWELL, a parish-town, in the east-division of Staincliffe, liberty of Clifford's-Fee; 5 miles from Colne, (*Lanc.*) 9 from Skipton, 11 from Burnley, (*Lanc.*) 50 from York.—Pop. 176. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Michael, in the deanry of Craven, value, $\pm 2l. 9s. 9\frac{1}{2}d$, p. r. 60*l.* Patron, Lord Grantham.

"The Vicarage House," Dr. Whitaker observes, and very justly, "is a disgrace to the parish and church of England—a miserable thatched cottage of two rooms only, floored with clay, and open to the roof.—*History of Craven.*"

Here is the ruin of an old Hall, built of brick, probably about the time of Henry VII. or VIII. and was formerly the residence of the ancient family of the Tempests. North of this are the remains of a still older house of stone, in which is an apartment called *King Henry's Parlour*; undoubtedly one of the retreats of Henry VI.—*Whitaker's Craven.*

BRACKEN-BOTTOM, *ham.* in the township and parish of Horton; 6 miles from Settle.

BRACKEN-FOOT, 3 or 4 *f. h.* in the township of Rigton, and parish of Kirkbyoverblow, upper-division of Claro; 6 miles from Otley, 7 from Knaresbrough and Ripley.

BRACKEN-HILL, *ham.* in the township of Biggin, and parish of Church-Fenton; 6 miles from Tadcaster.

BRACKENTHWAITE, *scattered hs.* in the township and parish of Pannall; 5½ miles from Ripley, 6 from Knaresbrough.

BRADOP-HOUSE, *s. h.* in the township of Bashall, and parish of Mitton, liberty of Staincliffe; 4 miles from Clitheroe, (*Lanc.*)

BRADFIELD, in the parish of Ecclesfield, upper-division of Strathforth and Tickhill, liberty of Hallamshire; 6 miles from Sheffield, 9 from Penistone.—*No Market.*—*Fairs*, Friday fortnight before Goodfriday, June 17, and second Friday after old Michaelmas-day,

for horned cattle, pigs, &c.—Pop. 5,298. The Church is a perpetual curacy, under Ecclesfield, of which the Vicar is Patron, value, p. r. £124/.

The Chapelry of Bradfield is a "b'cak, high, and mountainous tract of country, lying between the *Riveling* and the *Don*, extending north-westward to the point, where meet the three counties of Chester, Derby, and York." Some portions of it are among the highest grounds of the English Appennines. "Near the church is *Bailey-Hill*, a Saxon camp, as fair and perfect as when first constructed, save that the keep is overgrown with bushes."—*Hunter's Hallamshire*.

BRADFELD, NETHER, in the township of Bradfield, and parish of Ecclesfield, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberty of Hallamshire: 6½ miles from Sheffield.

Here is a School founded in 1712, by Mr Thomas Marriott, of Ughill, who endowed it with 10*l.* per annum.

BRADFORD, a market and parish-town, in Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; 6 miles from Bingley, 8 from Halifax, 10 from Leeds, Keighley, and Otley, 14 from Huddersfield, 15 from Wakefield, 34 from York, 196 from London.—*Market*, Thursday.—*Fairs*, March 3, June 17 and 18, December 9 and 10, for horned cattle, horses, pigs, &c.—*Bankers*, Messrs. Peckover, Harrison, and Co. draw on Messrs. Sir James Esdaile, and Co. 21, Lombard-Street.—*Principal Inns*, the Sun, and the Talbot.—Pop. 13,064. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Peter, in the deanry of Pontefract, value, 20*l.* Patron, Richard Fawcett, Esq. Here is also a Chapel of ease, called Christ's Church, in Darley-Street, built by subscription, and consecrated in 1815.

This Manor belonged to John of Gaunt, who granted to John Northorp Manningham and his heirs, an adjoining village, three messuages and six bovates of land, to come to Bradford, on the blowing of a horn, on St. Martin's Day, in winter, and wait on him and his heirs, in their way from Blackburnshire, with a lance and hunting dog for thirty days, and for going with the receiver or bailiff to conduct him safe to the castle of Pontefract. A descendant of Northorp afterwards granted land in Horton to Rushworth, of Horton, another adjoining village, to hold the hound while Northorp's man blew the horn. These are called *Hornmen* or *Hornblower Land*, and the custom is still kept up; a man coming into the market-place with a horn, lallert, and dog, is met by the owner of the lands in Horton. After proclamation is made, the former calls out aloud, "Heirs of Rushworth, come hold my hound whilst I blow three blasts of my horn, to pay the rent due to our Sovereign Lord the King." He then delivers the string to the man from Horton, and winds his horn thrice. The original horn, resembling that of Tutbury, in Staffordshire, is still preserved, though stripped of its silver ornament.—*Blount's Anc. Tenures*.—*Gough's Camden*.

Bradford, pleasantly situated on one of the tributary streams of the river Airedale, formerly belonging to the great family of Lacy, Earls of Lincoln, who had here a Manor-house, where previously had been a castle, the site of which is not at this time known. This place, like many other manufacturing towns, espoused the cause of Parliament, in the great contest between that body and Charles I. was garrisoned, and maintained a siege against the royalists. Sir Thomas Fairfax came to the assistance of the garrison with 800 foot and 60 horse, which brought down upon them the powerful army, commanded by the Duke of Newcastle, who invested the town, and attempted to storm it in several places. Sir Thomas Fairfax made a vigorous defence, but having exhausted his ammunition, he offered to capitulate; the enemy, however, refusing to grant the conditions, he, with 50 horses, cut his way through their lines, and made good his retreat. A full account of the siege of Bradford is affixed to the memoirs of Sir Thomas Fairfax.

Bradford is situated in the very heart of a manufacturing country, and possesses every advantage for trade; it is in the neighbourhood of coal and iron ore, and has the convenience of a navigable Canal, which is cut from the Leeds and Liverpool Canal, near the village of Shiplby, and penetrates into the heart of the town. It has several manufactories of the finest broad and narrow cloths, &c. There are large iron-works near the town, where the most ponderous work is executed. The town is tolerably well built, chiefly of stone, and has probably increased in size more than any other town in the county; the soil is dry, and the air is keen and salubrious.

Here is a Free Grammar School founded as early as Edward VI.—and was incorporated by King Charles II. in the 14th year of his reign, by letters patent, dated the 10th of Oct. 1653. It is open to boys of the parish free of expence; who are admitted, when qualified to begin the latin accidence. It is entitled to send a candidate for the exhibitions of Lady Elizabeth Hastings.—*Carlisle's Gram. Schools.*

A new School has been lately erected, with a dwelling-house for the master, in an airy part of the town; to which is attached a library, and porter's lodge. Amongst the eminent men educated at this school, was the learned and worthy prelate Dr. John Sharp, who was born here in 1644. His amiable disposition and unshaken integrity, his distinguished learning and extensive charity, will transmit his name to latest ages, as one of the greatest ornaments of his country. His Sermons, in 7 vols. 8vo. have always been admired, as written with clearness, and they were delivered with grace and justness. He died at Bath, February 2, 1713—14, and was buried in his Cathedral at York, where a handsome monument is erected to his memory, a plate of which is given in Drake's Eboracum.—*Chalmers's Biog. Dict.—Nichols's Anecdotes.*

In Bradford also was born, in 1622, David Clarkson, a divine, and educated at Clarehall, Cambridge, of which society he became Fellow, and had Mr. afterwards Archbishop Tillotson, for his pupil. He held the living of Mortlake, in Surrey, but was dispossessed of it in 1662, for non-conformity. He then officiated to an Independent congregation in London, and died in 1686. He wrote some controversial pieces; and a volume of Sermons was printed in folio, after his death.—*CALAMY.*

BRADFORD, WEST. in the parish of Mitton, west-division of Staincliffe, liberty of Bolland; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Clitheroe, 7 from Gisburn.—Pop. 561.

BRADFORD-MOOR, *ham.* in the township and parish of Bradford; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Bradford, $8\frac{1}{2}$ from Leeds.

BRADGATE, *ham.* in the township of Kimberworth, and parish of Rotherham, liberty of Tickhill; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Rotherham.

BRADHOLME, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Thorne, liberty of Tickhill; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Thorne.

BRADLEY, *ham.* in the township and parish of Huddersfield, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley; 3 miles from Huddersfield.

BRADLEY-BROOK, the junction of three townships, Linthwaite, Lingards, and Meltham, and parish of Almondbury; 5 miles from Huddersfield.

BRADLEY-HALL, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Huddersfield; 4 miles from Huddersfield.

BRADLEY-HALL, *f. h.* in the township of Stainland, and parish of Halifax, liberty of Wakefield; 5 miles from Halifax.

This Hall was once the seat of the Savilles, the principal part of which appears to have been burnt down in 1629; over the gateway are the figures 1577, and the letters I. S. John Saville; the Chapel annexed to it, was pulled down in the time of the civil wars. This "Chapel being re-edified," says Mr Watson, "serves the tenant for a barn; most of the tower also remains, and the whole

has the appearance of a church, to such as are travelling between Eland and Ripponden."—*Watson's Halifax*.

At this place was born in 1549, Sir Henry Saville, a man of considerable abilities and extensive learning. His works are uncommonly numerous; and he left behind him several MSS. some of which are now in the Bodleian Library.

BRADLEY, LOWER, in the township of Upper and Lower Bradley, and parish of Kildwick; east-division of Staincliffe, liberty of Clifford's-fee; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Skipton, $6\frac{1}{2}$ from Keighley, 12 from Colne, (*Lanc.*)—Pop. including Upper-Bradley, 506, which being united, form the township usually denominated Bradleys-both.

BRADLEY-MILLS, 3 mills, in the township of Dalton, and parish of Kirkheaton. Extensive woollen mills of Mr Joseph and Thos. Atkinson.

BRADLEY, UPPER, *ham.* in the townships of Bradleys-both, parish and liberty of Clifford's-fee; 3 miles from Skipton.—Pop. included in lower Bradley.

BRADSHAW, *f. h.* in the township of Langsett, and parish of Penistone; 3 miles from Penistone.

BRAIM, or **BRAHAM-HALL**, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Spofforth; 3 miles from Knaresbrough.

BRAITHWAITE, *ham.* in the township and parish of Kirk-Bramwith, liberty of Pontefract; 6 miles from Doncaster.

BRAITHWAITE, *ham.* in the township and parish of Keighley; $1\frac{1}{4}$ mile from Keighley.

BRAITHWAITE, *ham.* in the township of Dacre-with-Bewerley, and parish of Ripon, lower-division of Claro; 4 miles from Pateley-bridge.

Here is a School, founded in 1778, by will of Edward Yates, for the children of Deer-Ing Houses, Braithwaite, and Padeside.—The master's salary 20*l.* per annum, arising out of lands which now let for 32*l.* per annum.—*Commissioners Report*.

BRAITHWAITE-HALL, *f. h.* in the township of Azerley, and parish of Kirkbymalzeard: 4 miles from Ripon.

BRAITHWELL, a parish-town, in the upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; 5 miles from Tickhill, 6 from Rotherham, 8 from Doncaster, 45 from York,—Pop. 438. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. James, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, $\pm 7*l.* 7*s.* 6*d.*$ p. r. 70*l.* Patron, the King.

BRAMHAM, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Barkston-Ash, liberty of St. Peter; 3 miles from Abberford, 4 from Tadcaster and Wetherby, 14 from Pontefract and York.—Pop. including Oglethorpe, 970, which being united form a township. The Church, peculiar, is a vicarage, dedicated to All-Saints, value, $\pm 6*l.* 7*s.* 6*d.*$ p. r. $\pm 130*l.*$ Patron, the Dean and Chapter of Christ-church College, Oxford.

On Bramham-Moor are large remains of a Roman consular road, from which came divers *Vie Vicinales*, by Thorner and Shadwell, through Sheep-Lane and Haw-caster-Rig, to Addle.—**DRAKE**.—**THORESBY**.

Here the Earl of Northumberland's forces were defeated by Sir Thomas Rokesby, and the Earl, the chief instrument in deposing Richard II. and raising up Henry IV. was slain. His head, covered with silver hairs, being put upon

a stake, was carried in mock procession, through all the towns to London, and then placed on the bridge.—HOLLINSHEAD.—STOW.—DUG. BAR.

In the same township and parish are

BRAMHAM-BIGGIN, *the residence of Sir Philip Musgrove, Bart.*

BRAMHAM-PARK, *the seat of George Lane Fox, Esq.*

This noble residence was built in the reign of Queen Anne, by Robert, Lord Bingley, who employed for that purpose an Italian artist. It is designed upon a scale of much grandeur, consisting of a large centre, in which are the grand apartments and wings, for the domestic offices, connected by corridors of the doric order: the whole fronting a spacious court, elevated 5 feet above. Amongst a collection of excellent Portraits in this magnificent Mansion, is "a fine original portrait of Queen Anne, presented by her Majesty to Lord Bingley, as an acknowledgment of the attention of his Lordship during a visit to this seat." It stands in a fine sporting country, and his present Majesty once spent two nights at this venerable Mansion, and partook of the delights of the chase. This estate was a grant from the crown in the reign of William and Mary, and was the first enclosure on Bramham-Moor. It was cultivated and planted by the father of the first Lord Bingley, who afterwards erected the present noble edifice.—*Nezle's Views.*

In the Chapel adjoining the house are the effigies of the ancestors of the family.

BRAMHAM-LODGE, *the residence of the Hon. Edward John Stourton.*

BRAMHOPE, in the parish of Otley, upper-division of Skeyrick; (*Bramhope-Hall, the residence of Wm. Rhodes, Esq.*) 3 miles from Otley, 7 from Leeds, 11 from Wetherby,—Pop. 366.

Here is a donative Chapel, founded by Robert Dyneley, Esq. about the year 1649, the patronage of which is vested in six Trustees, who have power to suspend or deprive the minister." The founder was a zealous patron of the Puritan Clergy.—WHITAKER.

BRAMLEY, in the parish and borough of Leeds, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; 4 miles from Leeds, 7 from Bradford.—Pop. 4,916. The Church is a perpetual curacy, of which the Vicar of Leeds is Patron.

In this place was born, in 1625, Joseph Hill, a Divine and Lexicographer. He was the son of a Puritan preacher of the same place. He was carefully educated in classical learning, and sent to Cambridge, where he was some time Fellow of Magdalen College, and afterwards minister of the English church at Rotterdam, in Holland. He was editor of Schrevelius' Lexicon, which he augmented with 8000 words, and purged of nearly as many faults. It is still a standard book. He died in 1707, and gave his Library to the Free-School at Leeds.

BRAMLEY, in the parish of Braithwell, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; (*Bramley-Hall, the seat of John Fullarton, Esq.*) 4 miles from Rotherham, 10 from Doncaster.—Pop. 310. Here is a Chapel of Ease to Braithwell.

BRAMLEY-HALL, (*the seat of T. Weldon, Esq.*) in the township and parish of Handsworth; 4 miles from Sheffield, 6 from Rotherham.

BRAMPTON, in the township and parish of Cantley; $4\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Doncaster, $6\frac{1}{2}$ from Bawtry.

BRAMPTON-EN-LE-MORTHEN, in the parish of Treeton, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; 5 miles from Rotherham, 9 from Sheffield.—Pop. 136.

BRAMPTON-BIERLOW, in the parish of Wath-upon-Dearn, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberty of Tickhill; 6 miles from Rotherham and Barnsley, 12 from Sheffield.—Pop. 1,263.

BRAMPTON-ULLEY.—*See Ulley.*

BRANDFIELD-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Sprotbrough; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Doncaster, $11\frac{1}{2}$ from Barnsley.

BRANDON, *ham.* in the township of Wigton, and parish of Harewood; 4 miles from Leeds, $6\frac{3}{4}$ from Wetherby, 12 from Tadcaster.

BRANDRITH-CRAGGS, in the township of Blubber-Houses, and parish of Fewston; 2 miles from Hopper-Lane Inn, 10 from Harrogate.

Brandwith-Craggs, “a range of rocks, situated on the edge of a precipice, overlooking a deep and extensive vale, called “*Kesgill*.” Here is a rocking-stone, whose weight is probably 20 tons; and yet is easily moved with one hand. On the summit of one of the highest rocks, is a basin, three feet six inches in diameter, and two feet in depth: here are, also, several other basins of smaller dimensions.—*History of Knaresbrough.*

BRANDY-CARR, *ham.* in the township of Alverthorpe-with-Thorns, and parish of Wakefield; 2 miles from Wakefield.

BRANIERS, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Low-Bentham; 14 miles from Settle.

BRANTON-GREEN, *ham.* in the township of Upper-Dunsforth-with-Branton-Green, and parish of Aldborough; 4 miles from Boroughbridge, 10 from Ripon, 11 from Knaresbrough.—Pop. included in Upper-Dunsforth.

BRAYSTAY-WOOD, *f. h.* in the township of Winterburne, and parish of Gargrave; 7 miles from Skipton, 9 from Settle.

BRAYTON, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Barkston-Ash, liberty of Pontefract; 1 mile from Selby, 7 from Snaith, 11 from Pontefract, 16 from York.—Pop. 253. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Wilfred, in the deanry of the Ainsty, value, £7*l.* 1*s.* 4½*d.* Patron, the Hon. E. Petre.

BREARLEY-HALL, (*an ancient Mansion*.) in the township of Midgley, and parish of Halifax, liberty of Wakefield; 5 miles from Halifax, $11\frac{1}{2}$ from Rochdale.

BREARTON, in the parish and liberty of Knaresbrough, lower-division of Claro; 4 miles from Knaresbrough, 5 from Boroughbridge, 7 from Ripon.—Pop. 226.

BREAREY, EAST. *ham.* in the township and parish of Addle; 5 miles from Otley, 6 from Leeds, 8 from Wetherby.

BREAREY, WEST. *f. h.* in the township of Arthington, and parish of Addle; 6 miles from Leeds.

BRECKAMoor-HOUSE, (*the seat of Marmaduke Hodgson, Esq.*) in the township of Stanley-with-Slenningford, and parish of Ripon; 2 miles from Ripon.

BRECKS. *f. h.* in the township of Gomersall, and parish of Birstall; 4 miles from Bradford, $7\frac{1}{4}$ from Leeds.

BRENNARD, *f. h.* in the township of the Forest of Bowland, Higher, and parish of Skaidburn; 12 miles from Clithero and Lancaster.

BRETTON, WEST, in the parishes of Sandal-Magna and Silkston, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberties of Pontefract and Wakefield; 6 miles from Wakefield, $6\frac{1}{2}$ from Barnsley.—Pop. in Agbrigg, 154,—in Staincross, 364,—total, 518.

BRETTON-DYKES, *f. h.* and *Mill*, in the township and parish of High-Hoyland; 6 miles from Barnsley and Wakefield.

BRETTON, MONK, *see Monk-Bretton*.

BRETTON-PARK, (*the seat of Thomas Richard Beaumont, Esq.*) in the township of Bretton, and parish of Silkston; $6\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Wakefield and Barnsley.

Bretton-Hall was originally erected by Sir William Wentworth, Bart. in 1720, when the old chapel and family-house were pulled down. Sir William married Diana, daughter of Sir William Blackett, Bart.—Col. Beaumont became possessed of this Mansion by his marriage with Diana, daughter of the late Sir Thomas Wentworth Blackett, Bart.—*Neal's Gents. Seats*.

BRIDGE-HEWICK, in the parish of Ripon, lower-division of Claro, liberty of Ripon; $1\frac{1}{4}$ mile from Ripon, $4\frac{1}{2}$ from Borough-bridge.—Pop. 77.

Here was, says Leland, “a faire Chapel of free-stone, on the farther ripe of We (Hire) at the very end of Hewick bridge, made by an Heermite that was a mason; it is not full finished.” This chapel does not appear to be noticed by any other author. The ruins of it are yet in existence, in a part of Lord Grantley's Estate.

BRIDGE-HOUSE GATE, *ham.* in the township of Dacre-with-Bewerley, and parish of Ripon; $\frac{1}{4}$ of a mile from Pateleybridge.

BRIDGE-FOOT, *p. h.* in the township of Bentley-with-Arksey, and parish of Arksey; $\frac{1}{4}$ of a mile from Doncaster.

BRIDGE-HOUSES, in the township of Brightside-Bierlow, and parish of Sheffield; 1 mile from Sheffield.

BRIERLEY, in the parish of Felkirk, wapentake of Staincross, liberty of Pontefract; 5 miles from Barnsley, $7\frac{1}{2}$ from Wakefield, $8\frac{1}{2}$ from Pontefract.—Pop. 452.

BRIERLEY-MANOR, *s. h.* in the township of Brierley, and parish of Felkirk; 5 miles from Barnsley.

BRIER'S-CHAPEL.—*See Chapel-le-Grove*.

BRIERY-BUSK; *f. h.* in the township of Hunshelf, and parish of Penistone; 3 miles from Penistone.

BRIESTWISTLE, *ham.* in the township of Whitley, and parish of Thornhill, liberty of Pontefract; $6\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Huddersfield.

BRIGG-FLATS, *3 h.* in the township and parish of Sedbergh; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Sedbergh. Here is a Quakers' Meeting-house, founded by George Fox.

BRIGHOUSE, in the township of Hipperholme-with-Brighouse, and parish of Halifax, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; (*the residence of the Miss Walkers*.) 4 miles from Halifax and Huddersfield.—*No Market*.—*Fair*, the day after Martinmas-day, for horned cattle, sheep, and pigs.

This is a village of some antiquity, where once a family of that name lived. In Oliver Heywood's Register is the following entry: “Oct. 28, 1684, Capt. Taylor's wife, of Brighouse, buried in her garden, with head upwards, standing upright by her husband, daughter, &c. Quaker.”—*Watson's Hist. of Halifax*.

BRIGHTSIDE-BIERLOW, in the parish of Sheffield, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberty of Hallamshire; 3 miles from Sheffield, $5\frac{1}{2}$ from Rotherham.—Pop. 6,615. The Church is a perpetual curacy, of which the Vicar of Sheffield is Patron.

BRIGHTSIDE-GREEN, in the township of Ecclesall, and parish of Sheffield; *the seat of Benjamin Sales, Esq.*

BRIGHTOLMLEY, in the township of Bradfield, and parish of Ecclesfield, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; 7 miles from Sheffield, 10 from Rotherham.

BRIMHAM, *ham.* in the township of Hartwith, and parish of Kirkbymalzeard, lower division of Claro; 5 miles from Pateleybridge.

In the same township are

BRIMHAM-CRAGS.

These celebrated Druidical Monuments, which are of various forms and of immense magnitude, are scattered over forty acres of ground. Two of the rocks are about thirty feet square; many of the stones are in groups, and some in single masses. Here are four large Rocking Stones; one of them rests upon a kind of pedestal, and supposed to be about 100 tons weight. In 1792, the Right Hon. Lord Grantley built a house in the centre of these grounds, for the accommodation of persons whose curiosity might prompt them to visit this world of wonders.

—ARCHÆOLOGIA.

BRINDSWORTH, in the parish of Rotherham, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberty of Hallamshire; 2 miles from Rotherham, 5 from Sheffield.—Pop. 225.

BROADFIELD, (*the seat of Barrington Trestram, Esq.*) in the township of Dent, and parish of Sedbergh; 1 mile from Sedbergh.

BROADLANE-HOUSES, 2 *f. h.* in the townships of South-Kirkby and South-Elmsall; 7½ miles from Doncaster.

BROADROYD-HEAD, *ham.* in the township and parish of Darton; 3 miles from Barnsley, 8 from Wakefield, 8½ from Penistone.

BROADSHAW, 2 *f. h.* in the township of Hazzelwood-with-Storithes, and parish of Skipton; 7½ miles from Skipton.

BROCKDEN, *ham.* in the parish of Barnoldswick, east-division and liberty of Staincliffe; 5 miles from Colne, (*Lanc.*) 9 from Skipton, 11 from Burnley, (*Lanc.*)—Pop. 233.

BROCKHOLE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Cantley; 4½ miles from Doncaster, 7 from Bawtry.

BROCKHOLES, *s. h.* in the township and parish of Drax; 4 miles from Snaith, 7 from Selby.

BROCKTHORN, 2 *f. h.* in the township of Easington, and parish of Slaidburn; 3½ miles from Slaidburn.

BRODSWORTH, a parish-town, in the lower-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberty of Tickhill; (*Brodsworth-Hall, the residence of the Trustees of the late Peter Thelluson, Esq.*) 4 miles from Doncaster, 11 from Barnsley, 16 from Wakefield, 32 from York.—Pop. including Pigburn, 417, which being united, form a township. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Michael, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, £61. 6s. 10d. Patron, the Archbishop of York.

It was the property and seat of Dr. Drummond, late Archbishop of York. His son, Earl of Kinnoul, sold the estate and mansion to the late Peter Thelluson, Esq. whose singular Will, directing the greater part of his immense fortune to accumulate till a future period, will long be remembered.

BROOK-BOTTOM, *ham.* in the township of Quick, and parish of Rochdale, (*Lanc.*); 9 miles from Manchester, (*Lanc.*)

BROOKFOOT, *ham.* in the township of Southowram, and parish of Halifax; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Halifax.

BROOK-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township of Langsett, and parish of Penistone; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Penistone.

This Farm pays yearly to Godfrey Bosville, Esq. a *Snowball* at Midsummer, and a *Red-Rose* at Christmas.—*Blount's Ancient Tenures.*

BROOK-HOUSE, *ham.* in the township and parish of Laughten-cle-Morthern, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberty of St. Peter; 5 miles from Tickhill.

BROOM-HALL, (*the seat of John Tillotson, Esq.*) in the township of Ecclesall-Bierlow, and parish of Sheffield; 1 mile from Sheffield.

BROOMHEAD-HALL, (*the seat of James Rimmington, Esq.*) in the township of Bradfield, and parish of Ecclesfield; 7 miles from Penistone, 10 from Sheffield, 11 from Hope, (*Derby.*)

This house was for many years the seat of the family of Wilson; and was built in the reign of Charles I. by Christopher Wilson, who was one of those gentlemen in this part of the county, who were fined for having neglected to appear at the King's Coronation, to receive the order of Knighthood. He had afterwards a Captain's commission in the Parliament army. This house, says Mr Hunter, "has a strong claim on the notice and respect of every lover of Hallamshire Topography. It was the birth-place and the constant residence of John Wilson, Esq. (great-grandson of Christopher Wilson, the builder of the present house) a gentleman to whom we owe the preservation of so much documentary matter, which, but for his care, it is too probable, would have been entirely lost, leaving this district destitute of that evidence by which alone the character of authenticity can be given to the history of many of its institutions, and the account of many of its principal inhabitants."—*Hist. Hallamshire.*

BROOM-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Edlington; 4 miles from Doncaster.

BROOM-HOUSE, *s. h.* in the township of Whiston, and parish of Rotherham; 1 mile from Rotherham.

BROOM-RIDDINGS, *2 f. h.* in the township of Whiston, and parish of Rotherham; 1 mile from Sheffield.

BROTHERTON, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Barkston-Ash, liberties of St. Peter, and honour of Pontefract; (*Brotherton-Hall, the seat of John Crowder, Esq.*) 1 mile from Ferrybridge, 3 from Pontefract, $8\frac{1}{2}$ from Abberford, 11 from Selby, 12 from Tadcaster, 22 from York.—Pop. 1,491. The Church, peculiar, is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Edward, in the deanry of the Ainsty, value, $\pounds 5l.$ 6s. 8d. Patron, the Dean and Chapter of York.

At this village, Margaret, wife of King Edward I. was obliged to stop, when hunting, and was here delivered of a son, afterwards named Thomas de Brotherton; he was born June 1, 1300.—CAMDEN. Not far from the church, is a piece of ground, surrounded by a wall and a trench, where, as tradition informs, stood the house where the Queen took up her abode.

BROUGHTON, a parish-town, east-division of Staincliffe, liberty of Clifford's-Feo; (*Broughton-Hall, the seat of Stephen Tempest, Esq.*) 3 miles from Skipton, 9 from Colne, (*Lanc.*) 12 from Keighley, $15\frac{1}{2}$ from Clitheroe, 44 from York.—Pop. including Elslack, 427, which being united, form a township. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Craven, value, $\pounds 5l.$ 16s. 0 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. Patron, the Dean and Chapter of Christ-church, Oxford.

Broughton-Hall, the ancient seat of the Tempests, was built in 1597, just behind their former house, called *Gilliot's-Place*, from a Knightly family of that

name, the heiress of which married a Roger Tempest. The Portraits in this house are not numerous; two only deserve to be remembered, one of Stephen Tempest, Esq. author of "*Religio Laici*;" the other of Francis Tempest, Abbot of Lambspring, a venerable old man, with a gold cross. The Church of Broughton stands in a solitary situation; in it are mural monuments of the Tempests. In the civil wars of the last century, Broughton, situated on the high-way between the hostile garrison of Skipton and Thorton, had its full share of devastation and misery. It was a tradition told in the hall, that the village had been so completely pillaged of common utensils, that an old hermit travelled from house to house for the purpose of boiling broth and pottage—and that a son of the family was shot on the lawn.—WHITAKER.

BROWN-HILLS, *f. h.* in the township of Newton, and parish of Slaidburn, liberty of Staincliffe; 8 miles from Clitheroe, (*Lanc.*)

BROWSHOLME, (*the seat of Thomas Parker, Esq.*) in the township of Bowland-Forest, lower parish of Mitton, liberty of Bolland; 5 miles from Clitheroe, (*Lanc.*)

On an elevated situation in the Forest of Bowland, is the ancient house of Browsholme, for more than three centuries the residence of a family, who probably derive both their name and arms from the office of *Park-keeper* or *Parker*. Here is a good old Library, a large collection of coins, and a valuable assemblage of MSS. A most valuable relic preserved here, is the original seal of the commonwealth; it is of very massy silver, and is inscribed the "Seal for the approbation of Ministers." In the centre are two branches of Palm, and within them an open book, with these words, "*the Word of God.*"

In 1805, a fine herd of wild deer, the last vestige of feudal superiority in the domains of the Lacies, were destroyed here. The loss, however, of these ancient ornaments of the Forest, has in some degree been compensated by the late improvements of the house and grounds at Browsholme. The dining-room is adorned with many of the best paintings of Northcote, and the house contains many paintings by the best Flemish masters. The hall is furnished with numerous antiquities, such as the Ribchester inscription of the 20th Legion, celts, fibulae, different pieces of armour, and a small spur found in the apartment called King Henry VI. at Weddington-Hall.—WHITAKER.

A particular description of Browsholme-Hall appears to have been printed by permission of the munificent owner, and which is noticed in the *Gentleman's Magazine* in 1815.

BRUMLEY, *ham.* in the township of Wortley, and parish of Tankersley, wapentake of Staincross; 5½ miles from Barnsley.

BRUMTHWAITE, in the township of Silsden, and parish of Kildwick, liberty of Staincliffe; 5 miles from Keighley. 8 from Skipton.

BRUNCLIFFE-THORN, *scattered houses*, in the township of Morley, and parish of Batley, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; 4 miles from Dewsbury.

BRUSH-HOUSE, (*the seat of John Booth, Esq.*) in the township and parish of Ecclesfield; 3 miles from Sheffield, 5 from Rotherham, 10 from Barnsley.

BUCKDEN, in the parish of Arnecliffe, east-division and liberty of Staincliffe; 4 miles from Kettlewell, 14 from Settle, 16 from Leyburn.—*Fair*, October 12, for horned cattle, &c.—Pop, 382.

BULL-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township of Tharlston, and parish of Penistone; 2½ miles from Penistone.

BURGHWALLIS, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Osgoldcross, liberty of Pontefract; (*the seat of Michael Tasburgh, Esq.*) 6½ miles from Doncaster, 9 from Pontefract, 30 from York.—Pop. 237. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Helen, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, 14*l.* 6*s.* 10½*d.* Patron, Michael Tasburgh, Esq.

BURLEY, in the township of Heddingley, and parish of Leeds; $1\frac{3}{4}$ miles from Leeds, 8 from Bradford, 9 from Otley.

BURLEY, in the parish of Otley, upper-division of Skyrack; (*Burley-Hall, the seat of the Rev. T. Wilson,*) 2 miles from Otley, 12 from Leeds, 13 from Skipton.—Pop. 1,200. The Church is a perpetual curacy, value, p. r. *37*l.* 1*s.* Patron, Matthew Wilson, Esq. No burial-ground.

BURLEAS, *s. h.* in the township of Wadsworth, and parish of Halifax; 7 miles from Halifax.

BURMANTOFTS, in the township, parish, and part of Leeds.

BURN, in the parish of Brayton, wapentake of Barkston-Ash; 3 miles from Selby, 7 from Snaith, 8 from Pontefract.—Pop. 238.

BURNGREAVE, (*the seat of Joseph Bailes, Esq.*) in the township of Brightside-Bierlow, and parish of Sheffield.

BURN-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township of Newton, and parish of Slaidburn, liberty of Staincliffe; 9 miles from Colne, (*Lanc.*)

BURNSALL, a parish-town, in the east-division of Staincliffe, liberty of Clifford's-Fea; 9 miles from Pateleybridge, $9\frac{1}{2}$ from Skipton and Kettlewell, 43 from York.—Pop. including Thorpe, 329. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Wilfred, in the deanry of Craven, value in two mediets, 36*l.* p. r. 63*l.* Patrons, the Earl of Craven, and Robinson Clippendale, Esq. Two houses and a small parcel of land is in the parish of Linton.

Here in 1612, Sir William Craven, Knight, Alderman of the city of London, and late Lord Mayor of the same, founded and endowed a Grammar School; and from an inscription over the door of the church, he appears to have repaired and beautified that handsome building. At the entrance of the choir of this church, each rector has his own stall and pulpit, and from which the service is alternately performed.

BURNTWOOD-LODGE, (*the seat of William Marsden, Esq.*) in the township of Great-Houghton, and parish of Dartfield; 8 miles from Barnsley, 9 from Pontefract, 10 from Doncaster.

BURNT-YATES, in the township of Hartwith, and parish of Kirby-malzeard, lower-division of Claro; $2\frac{3}{4}$ miles from Ripley, $6\frac{1}{4}$ from Pateleybridge, $7\frac{3}{4}$ from Knaresbrough.

Here is a Free-School founded in 1760, by Rear-Admiral Robert Long, which he endowed with a farm, called *Flask Farm*, and the lands thereto belonging, in the township of Hartwith-with-Winsley; also a messuage, called *Flask-House*, and a close called *Six-Acres*, in the township of Clint. It has since received some legacies, and the valuable library of the late W. Mountaine, Esq. F. R. S. was given to it in 1779. The government of the school is vested in trustees. The master occupies the school premises, estimated at 20*l.* or 25*l.* per annum. His salary for himself and wife, 70*l.* and two guineas as librarian. Twenty-two boys and girls in the school.—*Commiss. Report.*

BURROW-LEE, *ham.* in the township of Nether-Hallam, and parish of Sheffield, upper-division of Stralforth and Tickhill; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Sheffield.

BURTON.—*See Monk-Bretton.*

BURTON-IN-LONSDALE, in the parish of Thornton-in-Lonsdale, wapentake of Ewcross; 3 miles from Ingleton, 6 from Kirby-Lonsdale, (*Westm.*) 13 from Settle, 15 from Lancaster.—*Market,*

- Monday.—Pop. 746. Here is a Chapel to Thornton, value, p. r. *15*l.* 2*s.* 6*d.*
- BURTON-HALL, *s. h.* in the township of Gateforth, and parish of Brayton; 3 miles from Selby.
- BURTON, HIGH, *ham.* in the township and parish of Kirk-Burton, liberty of Wakefield; 4½ miles from Huddersfield.
- BURTON, KIRK, a parish-town, in Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; 6 miles from Huddersfield, 8 from Penistone, 11 from Wakefield, 39 from York.—Pop. 2,153. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to Holy-Trinity, in the deanry of Pontefract, value, 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* Patron, the King.
- BURTON-LEONARD, a parish-town, in the lower-division of Claro, liberties of St. Peter and Knaresbrough; 5 miles from Boroughbridge, Ripon, and Knaresbrough, 22 from York.—Pop. 518. The Church, peculiar, is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Helen, in the deanry of Boroughbridge, diocese of Chester, value, ‡3*l.* 1*s.* 0½*d.* p. r. *73*l.* 10*s.* Patron, the Dean and Chapter of York.
- BURTON-SALMON, in the parish of Monk-Fryston, wapentake of Barkston-Ash; 4 miles from Pontefract, 9 from Selby, 10 from Tadcaster.—Pop. 182.
- BUSKER, *ham.* in the lordship of Skelmanthorpe, and parish of High-Hogland; 8 miles from Huddersfield.
- BUSLINGTHORPE, in the township and parish of Leeds, liberty of Pontefract; 1 mile from Leeds.
- BUTTERBUSK, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Warmsworth; 4 miles from Doncaster.
- BUTTERTHWAITHE, in the township and parish of Ecclesfield, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; 4½ miles from Sheffield, 6 from Rotherham, 9 from Barnsley.
- BUTTON-HILL, *ham.* in the township of Ecclesall-Bierlow, and parish of Sheffield, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; (*the seat of John Crawshaw, Esq.*) 3 miles from Sheffield.
- BYRAM-HALL, (*the seat of Sir John Ramsden, Bart.*) in the parish of Brotherton, wapentake of Barkston-Ash, liberties of St. Peter and Pontefract; 2 miles from Ferrybridge, 4 from Pontefract, 11 from Selby.—Pop. including Poole, 61, which being united, form a township.

C

- CADEBY, in the parish of Sprotbrough, lower-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberty of Tickhill, 4½ miles from Doncaster, 8½ from Rotherham.—Pop. 169.
- CALDCOTES, *ham.* in the township of Potter-Newton, and parish of Leeds; 3 miles from Leeds, 8½ from Abberford.
- CALTON, in the parish of Kirby-Malhamdale, east-division of Staincliffe, liberty of Clifford's-Tree; 7 miles from Skipton, 8¾ from Settle, 12 from Kettlewell.—Pop. 76.

This is a small village situated upon a hill, on the east banks of the Air, consisting entirely of abbey-land, which was shared between the houses of Fountains,

Dereham, and Bolton ; the last of which had the manor. It is chiefly memorable for the origin of Major-General Lambert, who addicted himself to the cause of the rebellion in the last century but one, and bore, perhaps, a deeper part in the miseries of that unhappy period, than any single person, Cromwell only excepted. After the restoration, the decent and respectful behaviour which he maintained at his trial, procured for him the mild sentence of perpetual exile to Guernsey, where he amused himself with the quiet occupation of gardening, and died forgotten, almost thirty years after, having lost his faculties before the usual period of mental decay. But the mind of Lambert was a machine wasted first by friction, and then by rust. His forfeited estates were granted to Lord Fauconberg, and by him restored to the family.—*Whitaker's Craven.*

CALVEL-HOUSES, 3 *f. h.* in the township of Fountain's-Earth, and parish of Kirbymalzeard ; 4 miles from Pateleybridge.

CALVERLEY, a parish-town, in Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley. liberty of Pontefract : 4 miles from Bradford, 7 from Leeds and Otley, 31 from York.—Pop. including Farsley, 2,605, which being united, form a township. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Wilfred, in the deanry of Bradford, value, $\pm 9l. 11s. 10d.$ p. r. 140*l.* Patron, the King.

In Calverley, is the ancient hall of a knightly family of that name, who had resided here for about six centuries : it has been a spacious mansion, but is now converted into cottages, &c. ; the family chapel adjoining is now a wheelwright's shop.—It is memorable, on account of a most tragical event that took place in 1604, and which produced the "*Yorkshire Tragedy*" ascribed to the pen of Shakespeare, but which, it should seem, has eluded the researches of Mr Malone. A Prose narrative of this murder is to be met with in Dr. Whitaker's *Loidis and Elmete*, much too long for our insertion. The estate remained in the family of Calverley till 1754, when Sir Walter Calverley, who had taken the name of Blackett, sold the manor and estate of Calverley to Thomas Thornhill, of Fixby Esq. by whose heir of the same name and place, it is still possessed.

In the church is a school, built and repaired by the parish : to this school, Mr Hillary of Leeds, left a small annual donation. A part of the great tithes of Hooton-Pagnall and Thorpe-Arch, were given by letters patent of Queen Elizabeth, to the poor of this parish, value, about 4*l.* per annum.

CALVERLEY-BRIDGE, in the township of Calverley-with-Farsley, and parish of Calverley ; 4½ miles from Bradford, 6½ from Leeds.

CAMBLESFORTH, in the parish of Drax, wapentake of Barkston-Ash ; (*Camblesforth-Hall, the seat of Sir Charles Blois, Bart.*) 3¼ miles from Snaith, 1¼ from Selby, 11 from Pontefract.—Pop. 257.

CAM-HOUSES, *ham.* in the township and parish of Horton ; 9¼ miles from Askrigg, 14 from Settle.

CAMPSALL, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Osgoldcross, liberty of Pontefract ; (*the seat of the Rev. E. B. Frank,*) 8 miles from Doncaster and Pontefract, 9 from Ferrybridge, 30 from York. Pop. 389. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Mary Magdalen, in the deanry of Doncaster, value $\pm 16l. 16s. 8d.$ p. r. $\pm 120l.$ Patron, Cook Yarbrough, Esq.

Of this place was Richard Frank, Esq. F. R. S. Recorder of Pontefract and Doncaster, a polite scholar, and a lover of Antiquities. He died May 22, 1762, aged 60. His valuable collections, including those of Dr. Johnston, a Physician at Pontefract, (which came into his hands on the death of the author's grandson, Henry Johnston) were, in 1780, in the hands of the late Bacon Frank, Esq. nephew and heir to the Recorder.—*Nichols' Anecdotes.*

CAMPS-MOUNT, (*the residence of General Sir John Byng, K. C. B.*)

in the township and parish of Campsall, liberty of Pontefract; 8 miles from Doncaster, 9 from Ferrybridge.

CANKLOW, *ham.* in the township and parish of Whiston, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Rotherham.

CANNON-HALL, (*the seat of John Spencer Stanhope, Esq.*) in the township of Cawthorne, and parish of Silkstone; 4 miles from Penistone, 5 from Barnsley, 9 from Wakefield.

Cannon-Hall, anciently pronounced *Canet-Hall*, is rendered famous by being the retreat of Wm. Lockwood, of Lockwood, after the battle at Eland, with the Elanders, in the reign of Edward III. In this house, Lockwood commenced an amour with a young woman of loose principles, who betrayed him into the hands of his enemies.—**WATSON.** In the library, which contains a valuable collection of books, among other curiosities, is the bow of Little John, the famous outlaw and companion of Robin Hood. It was brought many years ago from Wathersage, in Derbyshire, an estate formerly belonging to the Spencer family, where Little John was buried. The bow bears the name of Colonel Naylor, 1715, who is said to have been the last man who bent it. It is of Yew, and though the two ends, where the horns were affixed, are broken, it still measures above six feet.—**WATSON.**—**NEALE.**

CANTLEY, a parish-town, in the lower-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; (*Cantley-Lodge, the seat of John Childers, Esq.*) $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Doncaster, $6\frac{1}{2}$ from Bawtry, $40\frac{1}{2}$ from York.—**Pop.** 577. The Church, about a mile from the village, is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Wilfred, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, $\pm 6l. 6s. 5\frac{1}{2}d.$ Patron, John Childers, Esq. whose ancestor Childers Walbank Childers, Esq. built the present mansion, and to whose memory an elegant monument is erected in the church.

CAPPLESIDE, (*the seat of John Geldart, Esq.*) in the township of Rathmell, and parish of Giggleswick; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Settle.

CARBROOK, *ham.* in the township of Attercliffe-with-Darnall, and parish of Sheffield, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; 3 miles from Sheffield and Rotherham.

In this hamlet is Carbrook-Hall, formerly the residence of a family of the name of Bright, of which family we find, was Sir John Bright, a very active officer in the parliamentary army of 1643—4. He received a Captain's commission from the Lord Fairfax. He was made Colonel of a regiment of Foot, previous to Sir Thomas Fairfax's expedition into Cheshire, in which capacity he accompanied that General. He was afterwards governor of Sheffield-Castle.—*Hobter's Hallam.*

CARCROFT, *scattered f. h.* in the township and parish of Owston, liberty of Pontefract; 6 miles from Doncaster.

CARGREEN, LOWER, *ham.* in the township and parish of Darton; $2\frac{3}{4}$ miles from Barnsley.

CARGREEN, UPPER, *ham.* similarly situated as above; 3 miles from Barnsley.

CARHEAD, (*the seat of Richard Bradley Wainman, Esq.*) in the township of Cowling, and parish of Kildwick, liberty of Staincliffe; 5 miles from Colne, (*Lanc.*) 6 from Skipton.

CARHOUSE, *s. h.* in the township of Greasbrough, and parish of Rotherham; $\frac{1}{2}$ a mile from Rotherham.

CARHOUSE, (*the residence of H. Cooke, Esq.*) in the township of Warmsworth, and parish of Doncaster, liberty of St. Peter; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Doncaster.

This house was built in 1604, by Hugh Childers, Esq. who was that year Mayor of Doncaster. His grandson, Leonard Childers, Esq. bred at this place the famous bay Childers, the fleetest race-horse ever known in England.—*Mitler's Doncaster*.

CARLCOTES, *ham.* in the township of Thurston, and parish of Penistone, liberty of the honour of Pontefract; 5 miles from Penistone.

Two farms in this township, pay to Godfrey Bosville, Esq. the one a *Right-hand*, and the other a *Left-hand Glove* yearly.—*Blount's Ancient Tenures*.

CARLESMOOR, *ham.* in the township of Grewelthorpe, and parish of Kirbymalzeard; 6½ miles from Masham, 9 from Ripon.

CARLETON, in the parish of Pontefract, wapentake of Osgoldcross, liberty of Pontefract; 1½ mile from Pontefract, 3½ from Ferrybridge, 14 from Doncaster.—Pop. 132.

CARLETON, in the parish of Snaith, wapentake of Barkston-Ash; (*Carleton-Hall, the seat of Miles Stapleton, Esq.*) 2 miles from Snaith, 6 from Selby, 15 from Pontefract.—Pop. 775. Here is a Chapel of Ease to Snaith, dedicated to St. Mary. Patron, ——— Simpson, Esq. of Leeds.

CARLETON, in the parish of Guiseley, upper-division of Skyrack; 2 miles from Otley, 8 from Bradford, 9 from Leeds.—Pop. 158.

CARLETON, in the township of Loftus-with-Carleton, and parish of Rothwell, liberty of the honour of Pontefract; 4 miles from Wakefield, 5 from Leeds.—Pop. included in Loftus.

CARLTON, in the parish of Royston, wapentake of Staincross, liberty of Pontefract; 3 miles from Barnsley, 8 from Wakefield, 9 from Penistone.—Pop. 326.

CARLTON, a parish-town, in the east-division and liberty of Staincliffe; 2 miles from Skipton, 10 from Keighley and Colne, 43 from York.—Pop. 1,218. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Craven, value, $\pm 5l. 2s. 1d.$ p. r. $52l. 15s.$ Patron, the Dean and Canons of Christ-church, Oxford.

About the year 1700, Mr Farrand Spence founded an Hospital here, for twelve widows belonging to the parish of Carlton, and six to Market-Bosworth, in Leicestershire. Their receipts, about twenty guineas per annum. And about the year 1705, a School was founded by Mrs Elizabeth Wilkinson, for clothing and educating four boys of this parish, and apprenticing them out at the age of fourteen. The charity is now extended to twenty boys, but only four clothed annually.

CARLINGHOW, in the township and parish of Batley, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; 3 miles from Dewsbury, 9 from Leeds.

CARR, *ham.* in the township and parish of Loughton-en-le-Morthen, upper-division of Strailforth and Tickhill, liberty of Tickhill; 5 miles from Tickhill, 6½ from Rotherham.

CARRIS, or **CARHOUSE**, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Tickhill, liberty of Tickhill; 1½ mile from Tickhill.

CARRWOOD, (*the seat of Samuel Smith, Esq.*) in the township of Brightside-Bierlow, and parish of Sheffield; 1¼ mile from Sheffield, 5 from Rotherham.

CARTWORTH, in the parish of Kirk-Burton, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; 6 miles from Huddersfield, 17 from Wakefield.—Pop. 1,211.

CASTLEFORD, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Osgoldcross, liberty of Pontefract: 3 miles from Ferrybridge, $3\frac{1}{2}$ from Pontefract, $22\frac{1}{2}$ from York.—Pop. 1,022. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Pontefract, value, 20*l.* 13*s.* 1*d.* Patron, the King, as Duke of Lancaster.

Castleford, situated on the Ermine-Street, near the confluence of the rivers Air and Calder, is called by Marianus, Casterford. Here was a Roman station, named Legolium, by Antoninus; and which Hovedon, the historian, expressly calls a city. Here many Roman coins, and other antiquities have been frequently found; and at this place a battle was fought, between the Danes and Saxons, under Edred, in 950, in which the former were entirely defeated. The Danes, after having experienced the clemency of Edred at York, followed the Saxons from that city to Castleford, unnoticed, where they fell upon his rear with great fury; but such was the invincible valour of Edred, that he completely defeated them, and severely punished them for their ingratitude. Few or no traces of the antiquities of Castleford are now to be seen.—CAMDEN.—DRAKE.

Thomas de Castleford, a benedictine Monk, who flourished about the year 1326, and who wrote a history of Pontefract, was a native of this place.

The Tithes of this parish are settled by Act of Parliament; the Rector receives twenty-eight quarts of wheat, for every pound rent paid by the tenant to his landlord, on Arable-Land, and twenty quarts for every two pounds rent, on Grass-Land.

CASTLE-HOUSES, *ham.* in the township and parish of Almondbury; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Huddersfield.

CASTLESHAW, 2 *ham.* in the township of Quick, and parish of Rochdale, (*Lanc.*); 8 miles from Rochdale. (*Lanc.*)

At Castleshaw, is the remains of an ancient fortification, which Mr Whitaker supposes to have been a fortress of the Primeval Britons.—*Hist. Manchester.*

CASTLEY, in the parish of Leathley, upper-division of Claro; 5 miles from Otley, 10 from Knaresbrough.—Pop. 110.

CATCLIFEE, in the parish of Rotherham, upper-division of Straf-forth and Tickhill, liberty of Tickhill; 3 miles from Rotherham, 6 from Sheffield.—Pop. 202.

CATGILL, *f. h.* in the township of Bolton-Abbey, and parish of Skipton; 5 miles from Skipton.

CATHARINE-HOUSE, (*the seat of Michael Stocks, Esq.*) in the township of Northowram, and parish of Halifax, liberty of Wakefield; 2 miles from Halifax, $6\frac{1}{2}$ from Bradford.

CATHERINE-SLACK, *ham.* in the township of Northowram, and parish of Halifax, liberty of Wakefield; 2 miles from Halifax.

CATHILL, *f. h.* in the township of Hoyland-Swaine, and parish of Silkstone; 1 mile from Penistone.

CATTAL, in the parish of Aunsingore, upper-division of Claro; $4\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Wetherby, 7 from Knaresbrough.—Pop. 207.

CATTERTON. (Ainsty) in the parish of Tadcaster; 2 miles from Tadcaster, 7 from York, 8 from Wetherby.—Pop. 63.

CATTLE-LAITHE, *s. h.* in the township and parish of Pontefract; 2 miles from Ferrybridge, 3 from Pontefract.

CAUD, or **COLD-HILL**, *ham.* in the township and parish of Almondbury; 2 miles from Huddersfield.

CAUSEY-SIDE, 3 or 4 *h.* in the township of Quick, and parish of Rochdale (*Lanc.*); 2 miles from Dobeross.

CAUTLEY, *scattered houses*, in the township and parish of Sedberg; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Sedberg, $6\frac{1}{2}$ from Dent.

CAWDOR, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Skipton; 1 mile from Skipton.

CAW-WELL, or **CALLWELL**, *ham.* in the township of Austonley, and parish of Almondbury, liberty of Wakefield; 6 miles from Huddersfield.

CAWOOD, a market and parish-town, in the wapentake of Barkston-Ash, liberties of St. Peter and Cawood, Wistow, and Otley; 5 miles from Selby, $7\frac{1}{2}$ from Tadcaster, 10 from York, 12 from Pontefract, 186 from London.—*Market*, Wednesday.—*Fairs*, Old May-day and September 23, for horned cattle, &c.—*Principal Inn*, the Ferry-House.—Pop. 1,127. The Church, peculiar, is a vicarage, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of the Ainsty, value, p. r. £31*l.* 11*s.* Patron, the Prebendary of Wistow.

Cawood was formerly one of the chief places of residence of the Archbishop of York, who had here a magnificent Palace or Castle, in which several of the Bishops died. It was obtained for the see of York from King Athelston, in the 10th century, by Archbishop Wulstan. Alexander Nevil, the 45th Archbishop, is said to have bestowed great cost on this palace, and to have adorned it with several new towers. Henry Bowett, the 49th Archbishop, built the great hall; and his successor, Cardinal Kempe, erected the gate-house, the ruins of which are all that remains of this once magnificent building.

The celebrated Cardinal Wolsey, after residing here a whole summer, and part of the winter, was arrested at this place, on a charge of high treason, by the Earl of Northumberland, and Sir Walter Welsh. The Earl had orders to conduct him to London, for trial, but his death at Leicester, on his journey, terminated the business.

————— “ Full of repentance,
Continual meditations, tears, and sorrows,
He gave his honours to the world again,
His blessed part to heaven, and slept in peace.”

In 1642, this castle was garrisoned for the King: and was surrendered to Sir John Meldrum, for the use of the Parliament in 1644; and two years afterwards was dismantled by order of Parliament.—**DRAKE**, **RAPIN**, &c.

In 1724, Mr Wm. James built an hospital here, for four poor people, and endowed it with land at Skirlaugh, (East-Riding) value, 20*l.* per annum.

CAWTHORNE, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Staincross, liberty of Pontefract; (*the seat of Thomas West, Esq.*) 4 miles from Barnsley, $4\frac{1}{2}$ from Penistone, $9\frac{1}{2}$ from Wakefield, 38 from York. Pop. 1,518. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, p. r. 100*l.* Patron, the Freeholders who vote according to the quantity of land they possess; John Spenser Stanhope, Esq. of Cannon-Hall, having the greatest number of votes, may be considered the Patron.

Here is a Free-School founded, in consequence of a decree of the Dutchy court at Lancaster, dated June 25th, 1639. The master is nominated and elected by the Chancellor of the Dutchy court, which court pays annually to the master 5*l.* 4*s.* out of its revenues; and the inhabitants pay the master 5*l.* 5*s.* 6*d.* and find him a dwelling-house, &c. valued at 4*l.* 4*s.* per annum.

CAYTON, 3 or 4 *f. h.* (*Cayton-Hall, the seat of Mrs Messenger,*) in the township of South-Stainley-with-Cayton, and parish of South-Stainley; 5 miles from Ripon.—Pop. included in South-Stainley.

CHAMPNEY-HILL, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Silkstone; 3 miles from Barnsley.

CHAPEL-ALLERTON.—*See Allerton-Chapel.*

CHAPEL-HOUSE, *s. h.* in the township of Conistone-with-Kilnsey, liberty of Staincliffe; 4 miles from Kettlewell.

CHAPEL-HADDLESEY.—*See Haddlesey-Chapel.*

CHAPEL-LE-DALE, or INGLETON-FELL, *ham.* in the township of Ingleton, and parish of Low-Bentham, wapentake of Ew-cross; 10 miles from Kirby-Lonsdale, (*Westm.*) 13 from Settle, 21 from Lancaster. Here is a Chapel to Low-Bentham, of which the Rector is Patron, value, *p. r.* 82*l.* 10*s.*

CHAPEL-LE-GROVE, BRIERS-CHAPEL, or St. ANN'S-IN-THE-GROVE, in the township of Southowram, and parish of Halifax; 3½ miles from Halifax, 7 from Huddersfield. The Chapel is a perpetual curacy, value, +123*l.*

This chapel, distinguished by the appellation of the three names as above, is dedicated to St. Ann, and appears to have been built 21st Henry VIII. by John Lacy, of Cromwelbotham, Esq. and his neighbours; which Mr Watson observes, may account for its being placed at so inconvenient a place, "being one mile from Southowram, and near no considerable number of houses."—*Hist Halifax.*

CHAPEL-THORPE, *ham.* in the township of Crigglestone, and parish of Sandal-Magna, liberty of Wakefield; 5 miles from Wakefield and Barnsley. The Chapel is a perpetual curacy, under Sandal-Magna, of which the Vicar is Patron.

CHAPEL-TOWN, in the township and parish of Ecclesfield, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill 6 miles from Rotherham and Sheffield, 7½ from Barnsley.

CHARLSTON.—*See Sharlestone.*

CHELCAR, *f. h.* in the township of Draughton, and parish of Skipton; 4½ miles from Skipton.

CHELOW-HEIGHT, *ham.* in the township of Heaton, and parish of Bradford; 3 miles from Bradford.

CHERRY-TREE-HILL, in the township of Ecclesall-Bierlow, and parish of Sheffield, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; 2 miles from Sheffield.

CHESNUT-GROVE, (*the seat of George Strickland, Esq.*) in the township of Clifford, and parish of Bramham; 1½ mile from Wetherby.

CHESTER-COTES, (*the seat of Samuel Wilks Waul, Esq.*) in the township of Camblesforth, and parish of Drax; 4 miles from Selby and Snaith, 10 from Pontefract.

CHEVET, in the parish of Royston, wapentake of Staincross, liberty of Pontefract; (*the seat of Sir William Pilkington, Bart.*) 5 miles from Wakefield, 6 from Barnsley, 9 from Pontefract.—Pop. 27.

CHICKENLEY, *ham.* in the township of Soothill, and parish of Dewsbury, liberty of Wakefield; 1¼ mile from Dewsbury.

CHIDSALL, *ham.* in the township of Soothill, and parish of Dewsbury, liberty of Wakefield; 3 miles from Dewsbury.

CHURWELL, in the parish of Batley, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; 3¼ miles from Leeds, 9 from Bradford, 12¼ from Huddersfield.—Pop. 814.

CISSETT, *ham.* in the township of Clayton, and parish of High-Hoyland, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley ; 8 miles from Huddersfield and Wakefield.

CLAPDALE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Clapham ; 9 miles from Settle.

CLAPHAM, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Ewercross ; 6 miles from Settle, 11 from Kirby-Lonsdale, (*Westm.*) 22 from Skipton, 63 from York.—It is chartered for a market on Thursday, but not held. The cross is yet standing.—*Fairs*, Ash-Wednesday, May 2, and July 31, for cattle ; October 2, for cattle, woollen-cloth, and pedlary-ware.—*Principal Inn*, the New Inn.—Pop. including Newby, 982, which being united, form a township. The Church is a vicarage, in the deanry of Kirby-Lonsdale, diocese of Chester, value, $\pounds 5l. 17s. 1d.$ Patron, the Bishop of Chester.

In 1815, Henry Winterburne founded a school here, for the education of eight poor children of Clapham, and endowed it with 20*l.*

In the same township and parish is

CLAPHAM-LODGE, *the seat of James Farrer, Esq.*

CLARETON, 2 *f. h.* in the parish of Goldsborough ; 4 miles from Knaresbrough, 5 from Boroughbridge.—Pop. 14.

CLARE-HILL, (*the seat of Mrs Prescott,*) in the township and parish of of Halifax, from which it is distant $\frac{1}{4}$ of a mile.

CLARO, a wapentake, that borders on the north and east upon the North-Riding ; on the south it is bounded by the wapentake of Skyrack ; and on the west by that of Staincliffe. It contains 97 townships, 29 of which are parish-towns, 7,594 inhabited-houses, and 39,847 inhabitants. It is a large wapentake, and contains four market-towns, Boroughbridge, Knaresbrough, Ripon, and Wetherby ; and returns no less than eight Members to Parliament. The chief part of the liberty of Ripon lies within this wapentake.

CLARO-HILL, near Allerton-Mauleverer.

Here, in Saxon times, was held the *Gemote*, or assembly of the people of this wapentake, for the transacting of all public concerns, relative to the district ; and where, by the laws of King Edgar, every freeman in such district, was obliged to attend. The custom of the people meeting to receive the governor of the wapentake, is distinctly mentioned in the laws of Edward, the Confessor. The person appointed repaired to the usual place of meeting, for that purpose, and was there met by the principal persons in that district ; after he had quitted his horse, and placed himself on some elevation, he held up his spear ; each person then approached him, and touched his spear with theirs ; which ceremony of touching of armour, was looked upon to confirm that community in one common interest ; and hence the term *Weapontouch*, or *Weapontack*.

CLAY-CLIFFE, *ham.* in the township of Barugh, and parish of Darton ; 2 miles from Barnsley, $5\frac{1}{2}$ from Penistone.

CLAY-HILL, *f. h.* in the township of Middleton, and parish of Ilkley ; 8 miles from Otley and Skipton.

CLAYTON, in the township and parish of Frickley-with-Clayton, lower-division of Strafforth and Tickhill ; 8 miles from Barnsley and Doncaster, 13 from Wakefield, 35 from York.—Pop. including Frickley, 360, which being united, form a township. The

Church, (styled Frickley-with-Clayton) is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, p. r. 120*l*. Patron, Saint Andrew Warde, Esq.

CLAYTON, in the parish of Bradford, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Bradford, $4\frac{1}{2}$ from Halifax.—Pop. 3,609.

CLAYTON-HEIGHTS, *ham.* in the township of Clayton, and parish of Bradford, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley; 4 miles from Bradford and Halifax.

CLAYTON, WEST, in the parish of High-Hoyland, wapentake of Staincross, liberty of Pontefract; 7 miles from Barnsley and Penistone, 9 from Wakefield.—Pop. 854.

CLECK-HEATON, in the parish of Birstall, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; $5\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Bradford, 7 from Halifax, 9 from Leeds.—Pop. 2,436. The Church (anciently called, Old White-Chapel in the East, lately rebuilt and enlarged.) is a perpetual curacy, value, p. r. $\text{†}92\textit{l}$. Patron, the Vicar of Birstall.

At Cleck-Heaton, "Dr. Richardson discovered the site and remains of a Roman town, of which he gave a distinct and satisfactory account to Thomas Hearne." The coins discovered here were principally of the lower empire.

CLIFFE-HILL, in the township of Warley, and parish of Halifax; 2 miles from Halifax.

CLIFFE-HILL, (*the seat of the Miss Walkers*) in the township of Hipperholme, and parish of Halifax, liberty of Wakefield; 3 miles from Halifax, 6 from Huddersfield, $6\frac{1}{2}$ from Bradford.

CLIFFE-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township of Anston with its members, and parish of South-Anston; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Worksop. (*Notts.*) 10 from Sheffield.

CLIFFORD, in the parish of Bramham, wapentake of Barkston-Ash; 3 miles from Wetherby, 4 from Tadcaster, 5 from Abberford.—Pop. 1,017.

CLIFTON, 2 *h.* in the township and parish of Rotherham; (*Clifton-House, the seat of Mrs Susan Walker,*) $\frac{1}{2}$ of a mile from Rotherham.

CLIFTON, in the parish of Dewsbury, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; 5 miles from Halifax and Huddersfield, 10 from Wakefield.—Pop. included in Hartshead.

CLIFTON, in the parish of Fewston, lower-division of Claro, liberty of Knaresbrough; 6 miles from Otley, 11 from Knaresbrough.—Pop. including Norwood, 420, which being united, form a township.

CLIFTON, in the township and parish of Conisbrough, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; $6\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Rotherham and Doncaster.

CLIFTON, in the township of Newhall-cum-Clifton, and parish of Otley, upper-division of Claro; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Otley, 13 from Knaresbrough, $13\frac{1}{2}$ from Skipton.—Pop. included in Newhall.

CLINT, in the parish of Ripley, upper-division of Claro, liberty of Knaresbrough; 2 miles from Ripley, 7 from Knaresbrough, 8 from Ripon.—Pop. 412.

This was anciently the seat of Sir William Beckwith, of Clint, Knight; part of the old house is yet remaining, called *Clint-Hall*, a very ancient stone building, with an arched portal, situated on a lofty eminence, commanding an extensive prospect. Some remains of the moat, that once surrounded this ancient mansion, are still discernible.

CLOCK-HOUSE, (*the seat of Miss Jowetts*;) in the township of Manningham, and parish of Bradford; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Bradford, 8 from Otley.

CLOSE-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Skipton; 2 miles from Skipton.

CLOTHERHOLME, 2 *f. h.* in the parish and liberty of Ripon, lower-division of Claro; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Ripon.—Pop. 16.

CLOUGH, (*the seat of Henry John Hirst, Esq.*) in the township of Kimberforth, and parish of Rotherham; $\frac{1}{2}$ a mile from Rotherham.

COALEY-LANE, 2 *f. h.* in the township of Wentworth, and parish of Wath-upon-Dearn; 6 miles from Rotherham and Barnsley.

COATES, or **BARNOLDWICK-COATES**, in the parish of Barnoldswick, east-division and liberty of Staincliffe; 6 miles from Colne, (*Lanc.*) 7 from Skipton, 11 from Burnley, (*Lanc.*)—Pop. 97. The large hall-house, built by the Drakes, is now converted into cottages.

COBBS-HOUSES, 2 *h.* in the township of Stirton-with-Thorlby, and parish of Skipton; 2 miles from Skipton.

COCKCROFT-MILL, in the township and parish of Bingley; 1 mile from Bingley.

COCKHILL, (*Ainsty*) *ham.* in the township and parish of Moor-Monkton; 7 miles from York, $10\frac{1}{2}$ from Boroughbridge.

COCKHILL-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Edlington; 6 miles from Doncaster, 7 from Rotherham.

COCKLETT, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Giggleswick, liberty of Staincliffe; 7 miles from Settle.

COCKLEY-HILL, in the township and parish of Kirkheaton; 3 miles from Huddersfield, 10 from Wakefield.

COIT-HILL, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Silkston; 2 miles Penistone.

COLCOTES, *ham.* in the township of Ingleton, and parish of Low-Bentham; 8 miles from Settle, 9 from Kirby-Lonsdale, (*Westm.*) 20 from Lancaster.

COLEY, in the township of Hipperholme, and parish of Halifax, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; 3 miles from Halifax, 6 from Bradford. The Church, built in 1500, is a perpetual curacy, value, p. r. 84*l.* Patron, the Vicar of Halifax.

COLLINGHAM, a parish-town, in the lower-division of Skyrack; 1 mile from Wetherby, $6\frac{1}{4}$ from Tadcaster, 9 from Leeds, $12\frac{1}{4}$ from Otley, $15\frac{1}{4}$ from York.—Pop. 286. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Oswald, in the deanry of the Ainsty, value, $\pm 3*l.*$ 11*s.* 5½*d.* Patrons, the Trustees of Lady Betty Hastings.

COLNE-BRIDGE, in the township and parish of Kirkheaton; 4 miles from Huddersfield, 6 from Halifax.

COLTHOUSES, 2 *f. h.* in the township of Lower-Stonebeck; 4 miles from Pateleybridge.

COLTON, in the township of Temple-Newsam, and parish of Whitkirk; 5 miles from Leeds, 9 from Wakefield, 10 from Pontefract.

COLTON, (Ainsty) in the parish of Bolton-Percy; (*the seat of Christopher Morritt, Esq.*) 4 miles from Tadcaster, 6 from York.—Pop. 148.

COMBES, FAR and NEAR, *ham.* in the township of Bradfield, and parish of Ecclesfield; 5 miles from Sheffield.

CONDUIT-HILL, *f. h.* in the township of Anston with its Members, and parish of South-Anston; 6½ miles from Rotherham.

CONDUIT-HOUSE, (*the seat of the Rev. Stuart Corbett, D. D.*) in the township of Wortley, and parish of Tankersley. wapentake of Staincross; 5¾ miles from Penistone, 6 from Barnsley, 7¼ from Sheffield.

CONEYTHORPE, in the parish of Goldsborough, upper-division of Claro; 4 miles from Knaresbrough, 5 from Boroughbridge, 7 from Wetherby.—Pop. 112. This place was formerly written Kings-thorpe.

CONYNGHAM-HOUSE, or **COGHILL-HALL**, (*the seat of the Hon. Col. Burton, now occupied by Dr. William Harrison,*) in the township of Scriven-with-Tentergate, and parish of Knaresbrough; ¼ of a mile from Knaresbrough.

This house, built upon the site of the old mansion by Oliver Coghill, Esq. upwards of 70 years ago, has, for many centuries, belonged to the Coghill family; and was by them called *Coghill-Hall*; but Sir John Coghill, Bart. having sold it to the Right Hon. Countess of Conyngham in 1796, it was changed to its present name. Angus, in his description of gentlemen's seats, says "it is situated in one of the pleasantest spots in England."

CONISBROUGH, a parish-town, in the upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; 5 miles from Doncaster, 7 from Rotherham, 42 from York.—Pop. 1,142 The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Peter, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, $\pm 8l. 12s. 8\frac{1}{2}d.$ Patron, the Duke of Leeds.

The Castle here is supposed to be British.—The walls are of the immense thickness of 15 feet. It had neither portcullis nor machicolations, nor the Norman mode of securing loop-holes. In the latter end of the Saxon period, it belonged to King Harold, and was afterwards given by the Conqueror to Earl Warren; who, it is supposed, re-edified the *Keep*.—*King's Munimenta Antiqua.*

It will be difficult to compare the architecture of this edifice with others of the same period; because we cannot find many of so ancient a date. The octagonal tower of Dover Castle appears to be almost the only one of the same æra. Between this, however, and Conisbrough Keep, the similarity is rather striking; and as a further evidence that the latter was erected about the period before-mentioned, we have the authority of the indefatigable Mr King, who, in his treatise on English Castles, fixes the building of it about the time of Cartimandua.

Conisbrough seems, even in its earliest history, to have been a royal residence; hence its British name, *Cacr-Conan*, and Saxon one, *Koningsberg* or *Borough*.

The situation of this Castle is on the summit of a circular, or rather elliptical hill, the sides of which are covered with the most luxuriant trees, above which the ivy-crowned summit of the keep, appears to the observer on the adjacent hill, like a Castle in a wood; to the southward appears the church, from which the town, an agreeable intermixture of buildings, trees and gardens, stretches in the

same direction; and with the interposing valley, forms a scene on which the eye expatiates with delight;—a cheering animated landscape, which bursts unexpectedly on the sight, and fills the mind with pleasurable emotions.

Within the walls too it affords many beautiful detached views, and such as the lovers of the picturesque must always admire. Its tottering fragments covered with ivy, or half hidden by spreading shrubs, when partially illuminated by a flitting light, forcibly attract the attention, and impress the mind with ideas of delight, which it was no ways prepared to except.

Near the Castle is a tumulus, said to be raised over the body of Hengist, the Saxon General, slain in battle near this place, about the year 488, by Aurelius Ambrosius, who took him prisoner, and afterwards, according to Matthew of Westminster, beheaded him.

Here was born, Richard Plantagenet, Earl of Cumberland, commonly called *Richard of Conisburgh*, father of Richard, Duke of York, afterwards beheaded by Henry V.

CONISBROUGH-PARK-HOUSE, *s. h.* in the township and parish of Conisbrough; 6 miles from Rotherham.

CONISBROUGH-LODGE, *manor-house*, in the township and parish of Conisbrough; 5 miles from Rotherham.

CONISTON, in the township of Coniston-cum-Kilnsey, and parish of Burnsall, east-division of Staincliffe, liberty of Clifford's-fee; 3 miles from Kettlewell, 12 from Skipton and Settle.—Pop. including Kilnsey, 137, which being united, form a township. Here is a Chapel to Burnsall, dedicated to St. Mary.

CONISTON, COLD, in the parish of Gargrave, east-division of Staincliffe, liberty of Clifford's-fee; $6\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Skipton, $9\frac{1}{2}$ from Settle, 12 from Colne, (*Lanc.*)—Pop. 345.

CONONLEY, in the township of Farnhill-with-Cononley, and parish of Kildwick, east-division of Staincliffe, liberty of Clifford's-fee; (*Cononley-Hall, the seat of John Swires, Esq.*) 4 miles from Skipton, $6\frac{1}{2}$ from Keighley, 10 from Colne, (*Lanc.*)—Pop. included in Farnhill.

COOKRIDGE, in the township and parish of Addle, upper-division of Skyrack; (*Cookridge-Hall, the seat of Richard Wormald, Esq.*) $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Otley, $5\frac{1}{2}$ from Leeds.

This was part of the possessions of Kirkstall-Abbey, to which it was given during the time of the very first Abbot, Alexander, and continued to the last. Numbers of coins, fragments of urns, and other Roman vessels, have at different times been found here; the Roman station at Adel-Mill, not being far distant. Cookridge has been rendered famous for the noble and pleasant walks, in geometrical lines, contrived by Mr Kirke, F. R. S. in Thoresby's time, and who was then owner of the estate. After his death, it was bought by, or for Edmund Sheffield, then Duke of Buckingham.—THORESBY.—WHITAKER.

COPGROVE, a parish-town, in the lower-division of Claro; (*the seat of Thomas Duncombe, Esq.*) 4 miles from Knaresbrough and Boroughbridge, 6 from Ripon.—Pop. 87. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Michael, in the deanry of Boroughbridge, diocese of Chester, value, $\pm 5l. 9s. 7d.$ p. r. $\pm 80l.$ Patron, Thomas Duncombe, Esq.

Before the conquest, Gospatric, a northern nobleman, was Lord of this village, where he had six carucates of land; three of which, were arable. In the 20th of William I. Erneis de Burun, a Norman, had this manor; whose servant, Trusten, held here one carcate, with one plough, and seven villeins. Here was then a church; and the manor a mile long, and half a mile broad, was, in the time of King Edward, valued at 20s.; but at the above-mentioned time, only at 16s.—*I tēc Domesday Book.*

COPLEY-HALL, *f. h.* in the township of Skircoat, and parish of Halifax, liberty of Wakefield; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Halifax.

COPMANTHORPE, (Ainsty) in the parish of St. Mary, Bishop-Hill the younger, York, a part in the liberty of St. Peter; 4 miles from York, $5\frac{1}{2}$ from Tadcaster.—Pop. 281.

COPT-HEWICK.—*See Hewick-Copt.*

COPT-HEWICK LODGE, (*the seat of William Charnock, Esq.*) in the township of Copt-Hewick, and parish of Ripon; 2 miles from Ripon.

CORNSHAW, in the township of Cowling, and parish of Kildwick, east-division and liberty of Staincliffe; 4 miles from Colne, (*Lanc.*) 7 from Skipton, 8 from Keighley.

CORTWORTH, in the township of Brampton-Bierlow, and parish of Wath-upon-Dearn, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; 4 miles from Rotherham, 8 from Barnsley.

COTTINGLEY, *ham.* in the township and parish of Bingley; $2\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Bingley, $3\frac{1}{4}$ from Bradford.

COTTINGLEY-BRIDGE, 3 *h.* in the township and parish of Bingley; (*the seat of C. F. Busfield, Esq.*) $1\frac{1}{4}$ mile from Bingley, $4\frac{1}{4}$ from Bradford.

COTTINGLEY-HOUSE, (*the seat of Mrs Sarah Ferrand,*) in the township and parish of Bingley; $2\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Bingley.

COWGILL, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Gisburn; 3 miles from Gisburn.

COWHOUSE, *ham.* in the township and parish of Bingley; 6 miles from Bradford, 8 from Halifax.

COWICK, in the parish of Snaith, wapentake of Osgoldcross, liberty and bailiwick of Cowick and Snaith, (*Cowick-Hall, the seat of Lord Viscount Downe*, $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Snaith, $8\frac{1}{2}$ from Howden.—Pop. 905.

This is an ancient seat of an honourable family, who came over with the Conqueror, and appear to be descended from Sir Paine Dawney, of Dawney Castle, in Normandy; and from him descended Sir William Dawney, who was made a general in the 4th of Richard I. anno 1192, at Acon, in Cyprus, where having killed a chief Prince of the Saracens, and afterwards slaying a Lion, he cut off a paw, and presented it to the King, who, as a mark of his approbation, immediately took a ring from his finger, and giving it to Sir William, ordered *in perpetuum rei memoriam*, that his crest should be a Saracen, with a Lion's paw in one hand, and a ring in the other; the ring is still in the possession of Viscount Downe. In a direct line from the above, descended Sir Nicholas Dawney, summoned to Parliament among the Barons, 1st of Edward III. and several of them being Knights, were Sheriffs of this County in Henry VIII. and Elizabeth's reign. Sir Nicholas served in the wars in the Holy Land, and brought from thence some rich and curious medals.

Sir John Dawney, of Cowick, the first Viscount, was created Viscount Downe, of Ireland, July 19, 1680; and John Christopher Burton Dawney, the 5th Viscount, was created an English Baron, by the title of Baron Dawney, May 28, 1798.—MAGNA BRIT.—DEBRETT.

Cowick with Snaith, has a peculiar jurisdiction over several neighbouring villages, which is pointed out in the respective places, under the title of "the Soke, bailiwick and liberty of Cowick and Snaith," and of which Lord Viscount Downe, is Lord and Chief Bailiff.

COWLING, in the parish of Kildwick, east-division of Staincliffe, liberty of Clifford's-Fea; 5 miles from Colne, (*Lanc.*) 6 from Skipton, 8 from Keighley.—Pop. 1,870.

COWMS, *ham.* in the township of Lepton, and parish of Kirkbeaton; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Huddersfield.

COW-ROYD-HILL, *s. h.* in the township of Dalton, and parish of Kirkbeaton; 2 miles from Huddersfield, 11 from Wakefield.

COWTHORPE, a parish-town. in the upper-division of Claro; 4 miles from Wetherby, 7 from Knaresbrough, $13\frac{1}{2}$ from York.—Pop. 120. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Michael, in the deanry of the Ainsty, value, $\pm 4l. 15s. 10d.$ p. r. $\dagger 111l.$ Patron, the Hon. Edward Petre.

Cowthorpe is remarkable on account of an enormous Tree, called the *Cowthorpe Oak*; the circumference of which, close by the ground, is 60 feet, and its principal limb (which is propped) extends 48 feet from the bole. This venerable oak is decaying fast, the trunk and several of the branches appearing to be completely rotten, except the bark: tradition speaks of its being in decay for many generations. The intermixture of foilage amongst the dead branches, show how sternly this giant struggles for life, and how reluctantly it surrenders to all conquering time. "Compared with this," says Dr. Hunter, in Evelyn's Silva, "all other trees are children of the Forest." The leading branch fell, by a storm, in the year 1718; which, being measured with accuracy, was found to contain five tons and two feet of wood. Before this accidental mutilation, its branches are said to have extended their shade over half an acre of ground; thus constituting, in a single tree, almost a wood itself.—*Hist. Knaresbrough.*

The church at Cowthorpe appears to have been built by a Brian Roucliffe, and consecrated in 1458. In the choir, on a large flat stone, are the effigies, in brass, of a man and his wife, bearing betwixt them the model of a church, and supposed, from the inscription, likewise in brass, now scarce legible, to be in memory of the Founder and his wife.

CRABTREE, *f. h.* in the township of Brightside-Bierlow, and parish of Sheffield; 2 miles from Sheffield.

CRACOW, in the parish of Burnsall, east-division of Staincliffe, liberty of Clifford's-fee; 5 miles from Gargrave, 6 from Skipton, 9 from Kettlewell.—Pop. 179.

CRACOW-HILL, *f. h.* in the township of Gisburn-Forest, and parish of Gisburn; 8 miles from Settle, 16 from Skipton.

CRAGG-HALL, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Fewston; 7 miles from Otley, 11 from Knaresbrough.

CRAGG-HOUSE, *s. h.* in the township of East-Halton, and parish of Skipton; 4 miles from Skipton.

CRANE-MOOR, or **GREEN**, *scattered houses*, in the township of Thurgoland, and parish of Silkstone; 4 miles from Penistone

CRAVEN-CROSS-BAR, *turnpike bar and cotts.* in the township of Appletrewick, and parish of Burnsall, liberty of Staincliffe; 4 miles from Pateleybridge. Here formerly stood an old cross, which was one of the boundaries of Knaresbrough Forest.

CRAWSTONE-HALL, *s. h.* in the township of Elland-with-Greatland, and parish of Halifax; 4 miles from Halifax.

CRAY, *ham.* in the township of Buckden, and parish of Arnecliffe, liberty of Staincliffe; 5 miles from Kettlewell, 9 from Askrigg and Haws, 5 from Middleham.

CRIDDLING-PARK, *f. h.* in the township of Criddling-Stubbs, and parish of Darrington, liberty of Pontefract; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Ferrybridge.

CRIDDLING-STUBBS, in the parishes of Womersley and Darlington, wapentake of Osgoldcross, liberty of Pontefract; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Ferrybridge, $4\frac{1}{2}$ from Pontefract.—Pop. 96.

CRIGGLESTONE, in the parish of Sandall-Magna, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Wakefield, 6 from Barnsley.—Pop. 1,265.

CRIMESWORTH-HALL, *s. h.* in the township of Wadsworth, and parish of Halifax, liberty of Wakefield; 9 miles from Halifax.

CRIMESWORTH-DEAN, *f. h.* in the same township and parish, and liberty of Wakefield; 10 miles from Halifax.

CRIMPLE-HOUSE. (*the residence of Mrs Bainbridge*.) in the township and parish of Pannall; 2 miles from Harrogate, 5 from Knaresbrough.

CRINGLES, *ham.* in the township of Silsden, and parish of Kildwick, liberty of Staincliffe; 5 miles from Skipton and Keighly.

CROFTON, a parish-town, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; (*the seat of Sir Henry Wright Wilson, Bart.*) $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Wakefield, 6 from Pontefract, 29 from York.—Pop. 459. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Pontefract, value, 10*l.* 0*s.* $2\frac{1}{2}$ *d.* Patron, the King, as Duke of Lancaster.

Here was born Richard Fleming, founder of Lincoln College, Oxford: in 1406, he was Prebendary of South Newbald, and in 1407, served the office on Proctor at Oxford; in 1415, he exchanged South Newbald for Langtoft, and in 1420, was advanced to the See of Lincoln, by favour of Henry V. He died at Sleaford, 1430-31. He was named by Pope Martin to the vacant Bishopric of York, about 1426; but the appointment was frustrated by the King, and Dean and Chapter.—*Hist. Oxford.*

He was, for some time, zealous in supporting Wickliffe's doctrines, which afterwards, however, he as strenuously opposed. *Biogr. Dict.*

CROFT-HOUSE, (*the residence of John Atkinson, Esq.*) 2 miles from Skipton. It is one of the houses formerly called *Cobbs-houses*, p. 259.

CROFT-HOUSE, (*the seat of Samuel Hailstone, Esq.*) in the township of Great-Horton, and parish of Bradford; from which it is distant $\frac{1}{4}$ of a mile.

CROMWELL-BOTTOM, in the township of South-Owram, and parish of Halifax, liberty of Pontefract; 4 miles from Halifax, 6 from Huddersfield. It is a manor within the manor of Southowram.

CROOK-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township of Stock, and parish of Bracewell; 10 miles from Skipton.

CROOK-HALL, (*the seat of John E. Woodyear, Esq.*) in the township of Conisbrough, and parish of Edlington; 5 miles from Doncaster, 8 from Rotherham.

CROOK-OF-LUNE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Sedbergh; $3\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Sedbergh, 8 from Kendal. (*Westm.*)

CROOKS, in the townships of Nether-Hallam and Ecclesall-Bierlow, and parish of Sheffield, upper-division of Strathforth and Tickhill; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Sheffield.

Here is a small School founded by will of William Ronksley, in 1723, for the education of 12 poor children of Crooks and the neighbourhood. The trust is vested in the Burgesses, for the Free School in Sheffield, for the time being.

CROOKS-MOOR, *ham.* in the same township and parish; 1 mile from Sheffield.

CROSLAND-HALL, *s. h.* in the township of South-Crosland, and parish of Almondbury, liberty of Wakefield; 4 miles from Huddersfield.

Crosland-Hall, an ancient Mansion of the Beaumonts, which was surrounded by a Ditch; the remains of which were visible in Mr Watson's time. This mansion is rendered famous in local history, by the family feuds of the Elands of Eland, Beaumonts of Crosland, and Lockwoods of Lockwood, in the time of Edward III. when Sir Robert Beaumont was slain in this Hall. For particulars, see *Watson's Halifax*.

CROSLAND, NORTH and SOUTH.—See *North-Crosland and South-Crosland*.

CROSS-FLATTS, *ham.* in the township and parish of Bingley; 1 mile from Bingley, 7 from Bradford.

CROSS-GATES, 2 or 3 *h.* in the townships of Seacroft and Barwick-in-Elmet, and parishes of Whitkirk and Barwick-in-Elmet; 4 miles from Leeds.

CROSS-HILLS, in the township of Glusburn, and parish of Kildwick, liberty of Staincliffe; 5 miles from Keighley and Skipton, 8 from Colne, (*Lanc.*)

CROSS-ROYD, *f. h.* in the township of Thurstone, and parish of Penistone; 1 mile from Penistone.

CROSS-STONE, in the township of Stansfield, and parish of Halifax, liberty of Wakefield: 8 miles from Rochdale, (*Lanc.*) 11 from Halifax. The Church is a perpetual curacy, value, p. r. †90*l.* Patron, the Vicar of Halifax.

"This place," says Mr Watson, "takes its name from an ancient stone cross, the top of which is now destroyed, and the bottom is made into a seat, whence is a fine view of the country."—*Hist. Halifax*.

CROW-NEST, (*the seat of John Walker, Esq.*) in the township of Hipperholme, and parish of Halifax, liberty of Wakefield; 3 miles from Halifax, 6 from Huddersfield.

CROW-NEST, (*the seat of John Hague, Esq.*) in the township and parish of Dewsbury, liberty of Wakefield; 2 miles from Dewsbury, 5½ from Wakefield.

CROW-TREES, (*the seat of Joshua Pollard, Esq.*) in the township and parish of Bradford; 1½ mile from Bradford.

CUBLEY, 3 or 4 *f. h.* in the township and parish of Penistone; 1 mile from Penistone.

CUCKOLD'S-HAVEN, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Firbeck; 4 miles from Tickhill.

CUCKOO-NEST, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Bingley; 1 mile from Bingley.

CUDWORTH-NETHER, *corn-mill.* in the township of Over-Cudworth, and parish of Royston, liberty of Pontefract; 3½ miles from Barnsley.

CUDWORTH-OVER, in the parish of Royston, wapentake of Staincross, liberty of Pontefract; 3½ miles from Barnsley, 8 from Wakefield.—Pop. 487.

CULLINGWORTH, *ham.* in the township and parish of Bingley ; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Keighley, 7 from Bradford.

CUMBERLAND-ROW, or **NEW-STREET**, (*Ainsty*) and part of Davygate, York.

CUMBERWORTH-HALF, or **UPPER**, in the parishes of Kirk-Burton, and Emley, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield ; $5\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Penistone, 8 from Huddersfield, 10 from Barnsley.—Pop. 1,120. Here is a Chapel dedicated to St. Nicholas.

CUMBERWORTH-NETHER, in the parish of High-Hoyland, wapentake of Staincross, liberty of Pontefract ; 6 miles from Penistone, 8 from Huddersfield, 10 from Barnsley.—Pop. 1,295.

CUMPTON, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Collingham ; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Wetherby, 6 from Tadcaster.

CUSWORTH, *ham.* in the township of Sprotbrough, and parish of Mexbrough, lower-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberty of Tickhill ; (*the seat of William Wrightson, Esq.*) 2 miles from Doncaster. One house in this hamlet is in the parish of Conisbrough.

CUTLER-HEIGHT, in the township of Bowling, and parish of Bradford, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley ; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Bradford, 9 from Halifax and Leeds.

D

DACRE, in the parish of Ripon, lower-division of Claro ; 4 miles from Pateleybridge, 6 from Ripley, 12 from Ripon.—Pop. including Bewerley, 2,185, which being united, form a township. The higher part of this township abounds in Lead Mines ; particulars of which, see *Greenhow-Hill*.

DACRE-BANKS, *ham.* in the same township and parish ; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Pateleybridge.

Here is a small School founded about 1695, by William Harcastle. The master's salary, 8 guineas per annum, with a house and garden.

DALE-END, in the township and parish of Carlton, liberty of Staincliffe ; 6 miles from Skipton, 9 from Keighley, the end of Lothersdale, and where the Quakers have a burial ground.

DALLA, HIGH, or **HOLE**, *ham.* in the township of Laverton, and parish of Kirbymalzeard ; 8 miles from Masham and Ripon. It gives name to Narrow-Gill, west of Kirbymalzeard, called Dalla-Gill.

DALTON, in the parish of Kirkheaton, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield ; 1 mile from Huddersfield, 9 from Halifax, 12 from Wakefield.—Pop. 2,289.

DALTON-MAGNA, in the parish of Rotherham, south-division of Strafforth and Tickhill ; $2\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Rotherham, $10\frac{1}{2}$ from Doncaster.—Pop. 225.

DALTON-PARVA, in the township of Dalton-Magna, and parish of Rotherham ; 2 miles from Rotherham, 10 from Doncaster.

DANDERMIRE, *p. h.* in the township of Garsdale, and parish of Sedburgh ; $5\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Hawes.

DARFIELD, a parish-town, lower-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; 5 miles from Barnsley, $10\frac{1}{2}$ from Doncaster, 42 from York.—Pop. 512. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to All-Saints, value, 53*l.* 1*s.* 8*d.*; and a vicarage, ± 14 *l.* 11*s.* 7*d.* p. r. 90*l.* Patron of the rectory, the Rev. H. Cooke; and of the vicarage, Trinity-College, Cambridge.

DARLANDS, or **DEARLAND**, in the township and parish of Ecclesfield, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; 4 miles from Sheffield, 6 from Rotherham. 9 from Penistone.

DARLEY, in the township of Menwith-with-Darley, and parish of Hempsthwaite, liberty of Knaresbrough; 4 miles from Ripley, 8 from Ripon, 9 from Knaresbrough.—Pop. included in Menwith.

DARNAL, in the township of Attercliffe-with-Darnal, and parish of Sheffield, liberty of Hallamshire; (*Darnal-Hall, the seat of Samuel Stainforth, Esq.*) 2 miles from Sheffield, 5 from Rotherham.—Pop. included in Attercliffe.

The family of the Stainforths have resided upon lands here, possessed by their ancestors in the reign of Richard II.—*Hunter's Hallams.*

DARRINGTON, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Osgoldcross, liberty of Pontefract; (*the seat of Robert Oliver, Esq.*) 3 miles from Ferrybridge and Pontefract, $12\frac{1}{4}$ from Doncaster, $14\frac{1}{2}$ from Barnsley, 24 from York.—Pop. 510. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Luke and All-Saints, in the deanry of Pontefract, value, ± 16 *l.* 11*s.* 3*d.* Patron, the Archbishop of York.

DARTON, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Staincross, liberty of Pontefract; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Barnsley, 6 from Penistone, $8\frac{1}{2}$ from Wakefield, $36\frac{1}{2}$ from York.—Pop. 1,340. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, ± 12 *l.* 10*s.* p. r. ± 150 *l.* Patron, Godfrey Wentworth, Esq.

A branch of the family of Beaumonts had formerly a seat here, at Darton-Hall, of which family was George Beaumont, a merchant, who left considerable sums of money, to be employed in several charitable uses; particularly 500*l.* for the founding of the Free Grammar School at this, his place of nativity, in 1675. Its annual value at present is about 120*l.*

In the church, which is a beautiful structure, is a handsome marble monument to the memory of John Silvester, of Birthwaite-Hall, which he purchased of the Burdett family. He was originally a blacksmith, and was the inventor of a curious chain made to go across the Thames. He died *Æt.* 70, in 1722.

DAW-GREEN, in the township and parish of Dewsbury, liberty of Wakefield; $\frac{1}{2}$ a mile from Dewsbury, $5\frac{1}{2}$ from Wakefield.

DAY-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township of Barugh, and parish of Darton; 2 miles from Barnsley, 6 from Penistone, $9\frac{1}{2}$ from Wakefield.

DEAN-HEAD, *f. h.* in the township of Hunshef, and parish of Penistone; 3 miles from Penistone.

DEAN-HEAD.—*See Scammonden.*

DEANSHAW, *ham.* in the township of Quick, and parish of Rochdale, (*Lanc.*); 4 miles from Dobeross.

DEEP-CAR, in the township of Bradfield, and parish of Ecclesfield; 9 miles from Sheffield, 5 from Penistone.

DEEP-DALE, 4 *f. h.* in the township of Buckden, and parish of Arnecliffe, liberty of Staincliffe; 6 miles from Kettlewell, 15 from Settle.

DEEP-DALE, *ham.* in the township of Dent, and parish of Sedburgh; $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Dent.

DEEP-DALE-HEAD, *s. h.* in the township of Wigglesworth, and parish of Long-Preston, liberty of Staincliffe; 5 miles from Gisburn.

DEERSTONES, 4 *f. h.* in the township of Beamsley, and parishes of Addingham and Skipton; 7 miles from Skipton.

DEIGHTON, *ham.* in the township and parish of Huddersfield, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Huddersfield.

DEIGHTON-KIRK, a parish town in the upper-division of Claro; (*the seat of the Rev. J. Geldart, L. L. D.*) $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Wetherby, $5\frac{1}{2}$ from Knaresbrough, $16\frac{1}{2}$ from York.—Pop. 371. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to All Saints, in the deanry of the Ainsty, value, 15*l.* 11*s.* 10*d.* Patron, Rev. Jas. Geldart, L.L.D.

DEIGHTON, NORTH, in the parish of Kirk-Deighton, upper-division of Claro; 2 miles from Wetherby, $4\frac{1}{2}$ from Knaresbrough. Pop. 141.

Here is a School for the poor people of North and Kirk-Deighton, 10 from each, endowed by the Will of Sir Hugh Pallisar, dated Jan. 24, 1791, with one thousand pounds South Sea Annuities.

At North-Deighton, on the estate of Sir John Ingilby, Bart. is a very large tumulus, the base of which is nearly 500 feet in circumference, and the height of the slope about 70 feet; on the top is a flat area, 27 feet long, by 13 broad. About a quarter of a mile from hence is another tumulus, the foundation of which appears to have been laid with large unbewn stones; a custom peculiar to the Danes. There were some other tumuli in the neighbourhood, of which now no vestige remains, except their names, which are still retained in the fields, where they stood; viz. Pec-bury-Hill, Maunberry-Hill, Ingmanthorp-Hill, and Ingbarrow-Hill. On viewing the circumjacent country, it is manifest that no situation could be more peculiarly adapted for the meeting of hostile armies. At what time any such conflict happened, or who were the contending nations, does not appear; yet it may probably have been one of those many engagements which happened in this neighbourhood during the Saxon heptarchy. The Danes obtained a complete victory over the Saxons and Scots, not far from the river Ouse, in the year 1010.—*Hist. Knaresbrough.*

DELPH, in the township of Quick, and parish of Rochdale, (*Lanc.*); 1 mile from Dobercross, 8 from Rochdale, $11\frac{1}{2}$ from Huddersfield, $12\frac{1}{2}$ from Manchester. (*Lanc.*)

DELPH, NEW, in the same township and parish; $\frac{3}{4}$ of a mile from Dobercross.

DENABY, in the parish of Mexborough, upper-division of Strathforth and Tickhill; 6 miles from Rotherham and Doncaster.—Pop. 141.

DENBY-DIKE-SIDE, *scattered houses*, in the township of Denby, and parish of Penistone; 4 miles from Penistone.

DENBY-GRANGE, (*the seat of Sir John Lister Kaye, Bart.*) in the township of Whitley, and parish of Kirkheaton; 6 miles from Huddersfield, 7 from Wakefield.

Denby-Grange is seated in a fertile valley, through which winds the river Colne, and bounded by high hills, richly cultivated. The family of Kaye is of great antiquity in this county, being descended from Sir A. Kaye, one of the Knights of the warlike table of Prince Arthur. Sir John Kaye, of Woodsome, Knight, was advanced to the dignity of a Baronet, by King Charles I. He served

that unfortunate monarch as colonel of horse, and suffered much during the civil wars, but happily survived the usurpation of Oliver Cromwell, and witnessed the restoration of King Charles II. The second son of the second Baronet, was George Kaye, Esq. of Denby-Grange; he married Dorothy daughter of Robert Saville, and dying in 1707, his son succeeded to the property of his two uncles, Christopher Lister, Esq. and Sir Arthur Kaye, Bart. he assumed the name of Lister, in addition to his own, and became the fourth Baronet of his family; and upon the death of the late Sir Richard Kaye, L. L. D. Dean of Lincoln, who was the sixth Baronet, without issue, the title became extinct, but was renewed, Dec. 28, 1812, in the person of the present proprietor of Denby-Grange, sole heir to the estates of the families of Lister and Kaye, by will.—*Betham's Baronetage*.—*Neale's Views*.

DENBY, UPPER, in the township of Whitley, and parish of Kirkheaton, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley; 7 miles from Huddersfield and Wakefield.—In the same township is

DENBY, LOWER, 2 f. h.

DENBY, HIGH, in the parish of Penistone, wapentake of Staincross, liberty of Pontefract; 3 miles from Penistone, 6½ from Barnsley; 11 from Huddersfield.—Pop. 1,412. It is a perpetual curacy, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, p. r. †50*l*. Patron, the Vicar of Penistone.

DENBY, LOW, in the township of High-Denby, and parish of Penistone; 4 miles from Penistone.

DENHOLME-CAR. *ham.* in the township of Thornton, and parish of Bradford; 6 miles from Halifax and Keighley.

DENT, a market and parish-town of Sedbergh, in the wapentake of Eweross; 5 miles from Sedbergh, 8 from Kirby-Lonsdale, (*Westm.*) 11½ from Hawes, 16½ from Askrigg, 21 from Settle, 59 from York, 266 from London.—*Market*, Friday.—*Fairs*, 1st Friday after February 13, and every fortnight until May 12, for horned cattle, &c.—Pop. 1,782. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Andrew, in the deanry of Kirby-Lonsdale, value, p. r. †102*l*. 10*s*. Patrons, 24 Sidesmen.

This town is situated near the extremity of Craven, in the centre of a dale to which the town gives the name of Dent-dale. "This dale is entirely surrounded with high mountains, and has only one opening from the west, where a carriage can enter with safety. It is about twelve miles in length, and from one end a half to two miles in breadth. The whole dale is enclosed; and viewed from the higher grounds, presents the picture of a terrestrial paradise."—*Brown's Survey of West Riding*.

DENTON, in the parish of Otley, upper-division of Claro; (*Denton-Park, the seat of Sir Henry Carr Ibbetson, Bart.*) 5½ miles from Otley, 8 from Keighley, 10½ from Skipton.—Pop. 192. Here is a donative Chapel, value, p. r. 20*l*. Patron, Sir Henry Carr Ibbetson, Bart.

Denton-Park is delightfully situated upon the banks of the Wharf, and "for several generations the principal residence of the Fairfaxes, of whom Sir William Fairfax married Isabel, daughter of Thomas Thwaites, by whom he had the manor of Denton. This line, in seven generations, produced two judges, Sir Guy and William Fairfax; and two distinguished generals, Ferdinando and Thomas, successively Lords Fairfax, the well-known commanders for the Parliament." To Thomas, Lord Fairfax, the public are indebted for the voluminous collections of Dodsworth. In the old house at Denton, Prince Rupert lodged on his way from Lancashire to York, a few days before the battle of Marston-Moor, in 1644, and was only prevented destroying the house, by the sight of a blue

portrait of John Fairfax, younger brother of the then Lord, who had been slain while defending Frankendale, in the Palatinate; A.D. 1621. "In this house, where he had been born 60 years before, died Thomas, Lord Fairfax, the general, Nov. 12, 1671. In the same house, April 9, 1688, died Henry, Lord Fairfax, and was interred in the chapel at Denton." And here was born Edward Fairfax, an English poet, the son of Sir Thomas Fairfax. He had a liberal education, but led a retired life at Fewston, his favourite seat, where he devoted himself to the muses; and died about 1632.—NEALE.—WHITAKER.

Denton-Park was purchased by Henry Ibbetson, Esq. of Red-Hall, near Leeds, in the year 1690; and at his death his eldest son, the late Samuel Ibbetson, succeeded to it; who leaving an only daughter, Alice, the estate being entailed on male issue, descended to the late Sir James Ibbetson, the eldest son of a younger brother, Henry Ibbetson, Esq. created a Baronet in 1748, during the life-time of his elder brother Samuel. The original Castle, a very magnificent building, was burnt by accident in the time of Henry Ibbetson, the first purchaser, and rebuilt on a modern and moderate scale, by his son Samuel, on whose death it was pulled down by Sir James, and the present elegant structure was erected by him, from a plan of that celebrated architect, Mr Carr, of York.

DENTON, UPPER, *ham.* in the township of Denton, and parish of Otley, upper-division of Claro; 6 miles from Otley, 10 from Skipton.

DEWSBURY, a parish-town, in Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of the manor of Wakefield: 5 miles from Wakefield, 8 from Huddersfield and Leeds, 9 from Bradford, 10 from Halifax, 33 from York, 187 from London.—*Market*, Wednesday.—*Fairs*, Wednesday before New Michaelmas-day, October 5, and Wednesday before Old May-day, for horses, horned cattle, sheep, &c.—*Principal Inns*, the George Hotel, Man and Saddle, and the Commercial Coffee-house.—*Pop.* 6,380. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Pontefract, value, $\pm 22l.$ 13s. 9d. Patron, the King.

Camden supposes that the name of this place is derived from *Dui*, a local deity, of the Brigantes, for it resembles *Duis Burgh* in sound; and the town, he observes, has been considerable from the earliest date of Christianity, for a cross, which was to be seen here having this inscription: *Paulinus hic prædicavit, et celebravit*. This Paulinus, the Northumbrian apostle, was the first Archbishop of York, about the year 626. The learned Dr. Gale was of opinion, that this place received its name from some Roman auxiliaries of the 6th Legion, who had camps in many parts of this Riding.

DEWSBURY-MILLS, *ham.* in the township and parish of Dewsbury; 1 mile from Dewsbury.

DEWSBURY-MOOR-SIDE, *ham.* in the township and parish of Dewsbury, liberty of Wakefield; (*the seat of Abraham Greenwood, Esq.*) 1 mile from Dewsbury, 6 from Wakefield.

DEYKIN-BROOK, *ham.* in the township and parish of Cawthorne; 3 miles from Penistone, $5\frac{1}{2}$ from Barnsley.

DICK-ROY-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township of Thurlstone, and parish of Penistone; 5 miles from Penistone.

DIGGLE and BRIDGE, *ham.* in the township of Quick, and parish of Rochdale, (*Lanc.*); $2\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Dobcross.

DIGLEE-ROYD, *f. h.* in the township of Austonley, and parish of Almondbury, liberty of Wakefield; 7 miles from Huddersfield.

DIKES-MARSH, $2f. h.$ in the township and parish of Thorne; 2 miles from Thorne.

DINNINGTON, a parish-town, upper-division of **Strafforth and Tickhill**, liberty of Tickhill; (*the seat of John Middleton, Esq.*) 8 miles from Tickhill, 8 from Worksop, *Notts.*) $8\frac{1}{2}$ from Rotherham, 51 from York.—Pop. 189. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Nicholas, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, $\pm 4l.$ p. r. 68*l.* 3*s.* 11*d.* Patron, the King.

DIRTCARR, *ham.* in the township of Crigglestone, and parish of Sandal-Magna, manor of Wakefield; 4 miles from Wakefield.

DOBCROSS, in the township of Quick, and parish of Rochdale, (*Lanc.*); 9 miles from Rochdale, 12 from Manchester, $12\frac{1}{2}$ from Huddersfield.—*Bankers*, Saddleworth Bank, Messrs. Buckley and Co. draw on Messrs. Jones, Loyd, and Co.; and Saddleworth Union Bank, Messrs. Harrop, Lees, Brown, and Co. draw on Messrs. Kenworthy, and Co. The Church is a perpetual curacy, in the deanry of Manchester, diocese of Chester, value, p. r. $\pm 85l.$ 12*s.* Patron, the Vicar of Rochdale.

DODWORTH, in the parish of Silkston, wapentake of Staineross, liberty of Pontefract; 2 miles from Barnsley, $5\frac{1}{2}$ from Penistone, 10 from Wakefield.—Pop. 1,227.

DODWORTH-BOTTOMS, *scattered houses*, in the township of Dodworth, and parish of Silkston; $1\frac{3}{4}$ of a mile from Barnsley.

DOG-PARK, *f. h.* in the township of Askwith, and parish of Weston; 5 miles from Otley, 12 from Knaresbrough.

DOLEBANK, in the township of Bishop-Thornton, and parish of Ripon; 3 miles from Ripley, 6 from Ripon.

At this place, Sir Thomas Gascoigne, Bart. built a Nunnery, which he endowed with 90*l.* per annum, out of an estate at Maunston.—It is now only a Farm-house, in which some part of the old building is to be found, and is the property of Mr Greenwood, merchant.

DONCASTER, a market and parish-town, lower-division of **Strafforth and Tickhill**, in the soke of Doncaster; 7 miles from Tickhill, 9 from Bawtry, 11 from Thorne, 12 from Rotherham and Blythe, (*Notts.*) 15 from Ferrybridge and Pontefract, 16 from Worksop, (*Notts.*) 20 from Wakefield, 37 from York, 165 from London.—*Market*, Saturday.—*Fairs*, April 5 and August 5, for horses, horned cattle, &c.—*Bankers*, Messrs. Cooke, Childers, and Co. draw on Messrs. Gosling and Sharp, 19, Fleet-Street; New Bank, Messrs. Leathams, Tew, and Co. draw on Messrs. Denison, and Co. 106, Fenchurch-Street.—*Principal Inns*, Angel, Red Lion, Rein Deer, Black Boy, and Green Dragon.—Pop. 8,544. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. George, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, 32*l.* 19*s.* 2*d.* p. r. $\pm 100l.$ Patron, the Archbishop of York.

Doncaster, pleasantly situated on the river Don, whence it has its name, is nearly a mile in length, and is one of the neatest towns in the kingdom, and the neighbourhood is remarkable for opulent families. It was formerly a Roman station, by Ninius called *Caer-Dan*; by Antoninus, *Danum*; and so likewise by the Notitia, which relates, that the Prefect of the Crispinian horse garrisoned here: this body of cavalry probably took its name from Crispus, son of Constantine the Great. The remains of a Roman road are still visible; and in

digging a cellar in St. Sepulchre's-Gate, in 1781, a Roman votive altar of exquisite workmanship was discovered, which, from the inscription, appears to have been dedicated to the *Deæ Matres*. Mr. Watson supposes Doncaster to have been the campadonum of Bede; an opinion controverted by Dr. Whitaker, but his arguments are not very satisfactory.

The Church is a very ancient structure, and was given to the abbey of St. Mary's, York; the chief relic contained in it is a Saxon font, still used for the purpose of baptism. In this church is a curious monument to the memory of Robert Byrks, who gave Rossington wood to the poor of the parish, with this uncouth inscription on his tomb:—

How, how, who is here? I Robin of Doncastere, and Margaret my freare, that I spent that I had, that I gave that I have, that I left that I lost, A.D. 1597, quoth Robertus Byrkes, who in this world did reign three-score years and seven, and yet lived not one.—CAMDEN.

"Here was," says Leland, "a right goodly house of White Freres, in the mydle of the towne, now defaced." There was also, he says, "a house of Gray Freres at the north ende of the bridge, communely caulled the *Freres Bridge*."

Here is a mansion-house, a handsome theatre, a free grammar school, almshouse, and public dispensary.

The Corporation possesses a revenue of about 7,000*l.* per annum, which is liberally expended for the benefit of the inhabitants. It is governed by a Mayor, a Recorder, 12 Aldermen, and 24 Common Councilmen. The first charter was granted by King Richard I. and confirmed, and others granted, by many of his successors.

Here is an excellent race course, and the grand stand is inferior to none in the kingdom. The races, which have for many years been increasing, are of considerable advantage to the town; and the St. Leger stakes excite a lively interest among the votaries of the turf.

At or near this place was born that celebrated naval commander, Sir Martin Frobisher, who distinguished himself by attempts to discover a north-west passage to China. In 1585, he served under Admiral Drake in the West-Indies; and in 1588, he had a share in the defeat of the Spanish armada. He was killed in assaulting a fort near Brest, in 1594.—*Biog. Dict.*

The Rev. William Bingley, was born at this place in January, 1774. Having completed the early part of his education at the grammar school in this town, he was entered as a student in St. Peter's college, Cambridge, where he took the degree of M.A. He was afterwards chosen a fellow of the Linnean Society. In 1800, he published a *Tour through Wales*, in 2 vols. 8vo. and in 1802, his *Animal Biography*, which has met with general approbation.

DON-POTTERY, *ham.* in the township and parish of Mexbrough; 5½ miles from Rotherham.

DOUGHBIGGIN, *ham.* in the township and parish of Sedbergh; 1½ mile from Sedbergh, 6½ from Dent.

DOUK-COVE, *a cave*, in the township of Ingleton, and parish of Low-Bentham; 9½ miles from Kirby-Lonsdale, (*Westm.*) 15½ from Askrigg.

Douk-Cave, one of those natural curiosities (*Caves*) in which this part of the Riding abounds: it is situated near to the foot of Ingleborough on the south; it somewhat resembles *Weathercote Cave*, but is not heightened so much with the grand and the terrible. The stream of this cascade does not fall more than five or six yards, but the subterranean passage, out of which it issues, is very curious, and by the help of a ladder, and by means of candles, may be explored.—*Tour to the Caves.*

DOCTOR-HOUSES, *ham.* in the township of Quick, and parish of Rochdale, (*Lanc.*); 1 mile from Dobcross.

DOWGILL-HALL, *f. h.* in the township of Hartwith, and parish of Kirbymalzeard; 4 miles from Ripley.

DRANSFIELD-HILL, *ham.* in the township and parish of Kirk-

heaton, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley ; $3\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Huddersfield, 9 from Wakefield.

DRAUGHTON, in the parish of Skipton, east-division of Staincliffe, liberty of Clifford's-Fee ; $3\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Skipton, 8 from Keighley, 12 from Otley.—Pop. 279.

DRAX, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Barkston-Ash ; 4 miles from Snaith, 7 from Selby, 14 from Pontefract, 22 from York.—Pop. 370. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Peter, in the deanry of the Ainsty, value, $\pounds 4l.$ p. r. $\pounds 88l.$ Patron, the King.

The Free Grammar School at Drax was founded in 1667, by Charles Read, Gentleman, of Darleton, in the county of Nottingham, who was born in this parish. He erected a school-house and dwelling for a master, as also six almshouses, in the town and parish of Drax ; and designed the same school-house for a free school and a master for ever, to teach the youth of the parish to read, write, accompt, and also Latin, Greek, and Hebrew. The original endowment was 30*l.* per annum to the master, which yet remains the same, but an advance of salary is expected to take place. "If any of the boys be deemed fit for the University, they shall be sent to either Cambridge or Oxford."—*Curstle's Gram. Schools.*

DRAX, LONG, or LANGRICK, in the parish of Drax, wapentake of Barkston-Ash ; 5 miles from Snaith, 8 from Selby, $14\frac{1}{2}$ from Pontefract.—Pop. 187.

Philip de Tallevilla had here a Castle strongly fortified, who relying on the courage of his men and store of arms and provisions, held out against King Stephen, but it was quickly taken and reduced by the King.—**GULIELM. NEWBRIGENSIS.**—William Pagnall, in the time of Henry I. at the instance of Thurstan, Archbishop of York, founded a Priory here for canons of the order of St. Austin, and dedicated it to St. Nicholas ; valued, at the dissolution, 121*l.* 10*s.* 3*d.* **SPEED** : 104*l.* 14*s.* 9*d.* **DUGDALE** :—Not a vestige of this priory is now to be found, nor was there in Burton's time, without digging ; and its site is only known by a farm-house in the township, bearing the name of

DRAX-ABBEY, 5 miles from Snaith.

DREBBLEY, in the township of Barden, and parish of Skipton, east-division of Staincliffe ; 5 miles from Skipton, 10 from Pateley-bridge.

DRIFHLINGTON, in the parish of Birstall, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract ; 5 miles from Bradford, 7 from Leeds.—Pop. 1,719. The Chapel of Ease here to Birstall, after having been built 30 years, was consecrated by the Archbishop of York in 1815.

At Adwalton Moor, in this township, in the year 1643, a bloody battle was fought between the royalist troops under the Earl of Newcastle, and the Parliamentary forces under Lord Fairfax and his son Sir Thomas, the latter of whom were attempting to relieve Bradford, then besieged by the King's Troops. After a most obstinate and well contested engagement, the troops under the Fairfaxes were defeated ; Lord Fairfax taking the road to Bradford with part of his scattered army, and Sir Thomas took towards Halifax with the other part ; and joined his father at Bradford the next day. Lord Fairfax, the night following, retired to Leeds, to secure it ; and a few days afterwards, Sir Thomas, with his officers and a handful of men, cut his way through the enemy, and retired to Leeds.—*Memoirs of Gen. Fairfax.*

The Free Grammar-School at Drighlington, owes its origin to the benevolence of James Margetson, Archbishop of Armagh, a native of this village, who having built a school here, but not having endowed the same in his life-time, by his Will, dated the 31st of May, 1678, gave all his lands, tithes, &c. in

Drighlington and Newhall, to his son, Robert Margetson, and his heirs, to pay yearly for ever towards the maintenance of the school, 60*l.* out of the rents and profits of those lands, which King William and Queen Mary, by their letters patent, in 1691, granted—that Sir John Tempest, Bart. and other persons therein named, should be a body corporate, by the name of “the Governors of the Free-School of James Margetson, late Lord-Archbishop of Armagh,” with perpetual succession, and be able to receive the said yearly sum of 60*l.* &c. &c.—The right of nominating the head master, was vested in the master and senior fellows of Peterhouse, in Cambridge. The number of governors being reduced to one—the survivor, in 1811, chose eight others; since which, several regulations and ordinances conducive to the welfare of the institution have been made. The head master receives the whole of the 60*l.* although originally only 40*l.* the rest being paid to the Usher, 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.*—English master, 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.*—**CARLISLE.**

DRINGHOUSES, (Ainsty) in the parishes of St. Mary, Bishop-Hill the Elder; Holy-Trinity, Micklegate, York; and Acomb, liberty of St. Peter; $1\frac{1}{4}$ mile from York, $7\frac{3}{4}$ from Tadcaster, 15 from Wetherby.—Pop. 156. Here is a Chapel of Ease, but no chapelry attached.

This place in Domesday Book it is written Dreng-houses, which Drengs were Vassalli Militares.—**THORNTON.**

DUDLEY-HILL, *ham.* in the township of Bowling, and parish of Bradford; 2 miles from Bradford.

DUMPLING-CASTLE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Tickhill; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Tickhill, $3\frac{1}{2}$ from Bawtry.

DUNGWORTH, in the township of Bradford, and parish of Ecclesfield, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; 6 miles from Sheffield, 9 from Rotherham, 10 from Penistone.

DUNKESWICK.—*See Keswick, Dun.*

DUNKIRK, *ham.* in the township of Denby, and parish of Penistone, wapentake of Staincross; 4 miles from Penistone.

DUNNAIL-HALL, *f. h.* in the township of Newton, and parish of Slaidburn, liberty of Staincliffe; 8 miles from Clitheroe, (*Lanc.*)

DUNNINGLEY, 2 or 3 *f. h.* in the township of West-Ardsley, and parish of Woodkirk, liberty of Wakefield; 6 miles from Wakefield and Dewsbury.

DUNSCROFT, 2 *f. h.* in the township and parish of Hatfield; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Thorne, 8 from Doncaster.

At Dunscroft was a Cell to Roche-Abbey; it now consists of farm houses. A Seal belonging to this cell, in the hand of Mr Warburton, was engraved at the expence of the late Edward Rowe Mores, Esq. F. A. S.—*Nichols' Anecdotes.*

DUNSFORTH, LOW, in the parish of Aldborough, upper-division of Claro; 3 miles from Boroughbridge, 8 from Knaresbrough.—Pop. 115. The Church, peculiar, is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Mary, value, p. r. £35*l.* 10*s.* Patron, the Vicar of Aldborough.

DUNSFORTH, UPPER, in the parish of Aldborough, upper-division of Claro; 3 miles from Boroughbridge, 7 from Knaresbrough. Pop. including Branton-Green, 156, which being united, form a township.

DUNSOP-BRIDGE, *ham.* in the township of the Forest of Bowland, higher, and parish of Slaidburn; 10 miles from Clitheroe, (*Lanc.*) 16 from Settle.

DYSON-COIT, *f. h.* in the township of Hunshelf, and parish of Penistone; 2 miles from Penistone.

DYSON-HOLM, or COTE, *f. h.* in the township of Bradfield, and parish of Ecclesfield; 6 miles from Sheffield.

E

EADSFORD-BRIDGE, *ham.* in the township and parish of Mitton, liberty of Staincliffe; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Clitheroe, (*Lanc.*)

EAREBY, in the township and parish of Thornton, east-division of Staincliffe; 5 miles from Colne, (*Lanc.*) 7 from Skipton, 11 from Burnley, (*Lanc.*)

Here is a School endowed in 1594, by Robert Hindle, Esq. with 20*l.* per annum, free for reading, for boys within the township and parish of Thornton.

EASDIKE, (*Ainsty.*) *f. h.* in the township and parish of Wighall; 1 mile from Tadeaster.

EASINGTON, in the parish of Slaidburn, west-division of Staincliffe, liberty of Bowland; 12 miles from Settle, 21 from Skipton. Pop. 501.

EAST-BIERLEY. *see Bierley, East.*

EASTBURN, in the parish of Kildwick, east-division of Staincliffe, liberty of Clifford's Fee; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Keighley, $5\frac{1}{2}$ from Skipton, 10 from Colne.—Pop. included in Steeton.

EASTBROOK-HOUSE, (*the seat of Charles Harris, Esq.*) in the township and parish of Bradford; the park adjoins to Bradford.

EASTBY, in the township of Embsay-with-Eastby, and parish of Skipton, east-division of Staincliffe, liberty of Clifford's Fee; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Skipton, 17 from Settle.—Pop. included in Embsay.

EASTFIELD, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Silkston; 3 miles from Penistone.

EASTFIELD, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Tickhill; $\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Tickhill.

This old mansion, (now much modernized) was formerly the residence of the ancient family of the Eastfields, descendants of William Eastfield, Esq. who was Lord Mayor of London, in 1386. "The Laughton family resided here for many years, but whether they held the estate by descent or purchase is uncertain.—*Northern Star.*

EASTOTT, (a part in Lincolnshire) in the township of Haldenby, and parish of Adlingfleet, wapentake of Osgoldcross, liberty of Pontefract; 7 miles from Howden and Thorne, $7\frac{1}{2}$ from Crowle, (*Line.*)

EASTWOOD, *scattered houses*, in the township of Stansfield, and parish of Halifax, liberty of Wakefield; $7\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Rochdale, (*Lanc.*)

EASTWOOD-HOUSE, (*the seat of Mrs Sarah Walker*) in the township and parish of Rotherham; $\frac{1}{2}$ a mile from Rotherham.

EASTWOOD-HOUSE, (*the seat of William Sugden, Esq.*) in the township and parish of Keighley.

EAVESTONE, in the parish and liberty of Ripon, lower-division of Claro; 6 miles from Ripon, 10 from Knaresbrough.—Pop. 73.

ECCLESALL-BIERLOW, in the parish of Sheffield, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberty of Hallamshire; 3 miles from Sheffield, 11 from Chesterfield, (*Derby.*)—Pop. 9,113. The Church is a perpetual curacy, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, p. r. †110*l.* Patron, the Vicar of Sheffield.

ECCLESFIELD, a parish-town, in the upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberty of Hallamshire; 4½ miles from Sheffield, 7 from Rotherham, 10 from Barnsley, 48 from York.—Pop. 7,163. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. John, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, 19*l.* 3*s.* 4*d.* p. r. 150*l.* Patron, the Duke of Norfolk.

It is a very extensive parish, the village of which lies due north of Sheffield; and although all the Nails manufactured in Hallamshire are made in this parish, and it produces both coal and iron-stone, yet still the general character is rather that of an agricultural than a manufacturing district. In the village of Ecclesfield, very soon after the conquest, a religious house was erected, dependant on the foreign monastery of St. Wandrille. It was under the superintendence of a Priory; but of its founders we are ignorant.—*Hunter's Hallamshire.*

William the Conqueror gave this parish to Roger de Busli, one of his captains, from whose posterity it passed through the families of De Lovetot, Vipont, Farnival, Nevil, Talbot, and lastly, to the noble family of Howard.

ECCLESHILL, in the parish of Bradford, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; 2½ miles from Bradford, 7 from Otley.—Pop. 2,176.

ECCUP, in the township of Addle-with-Eccup, and parish of Addle, upper-division of Skirack; 3 miles from Harewood, 5½ from Leeds, 8 from Otley.—Pop. included in Addle.

ECKLANDS, *ham.* in the township of Thurstone, and parish of Penistone, wapentake of Staincross; 2 miles from Penistone.

EDDERCLIFFE, *ham.* in the township of Liversedge, and parish of Birstall; 7 miles from Bradford, 10 from Wakefield.

EDEN, *ham.* in the township of Sutton, and parish of Kildwick, east-division of Staincliffe; 4 miles from Keighley.

EDGE, or **EDGE-END**, *ham.* in the township of Ecclesall-Bierlow, and parish of Sheffield; 3 miles from Sheffield.

EDGENOOK, *public-house*, in the township of Hartwith, and parish of Kirkbymalzeard; 4 miles from Pateleybridge.

EDGERTON, *ham.* in the township and parish of Huddersfield, liberty of Pontefract; 6½ miles from Huddersfield.

EDLINGTON, a parish town, in the upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; 4½ miles from Doncaster, 8½ from Rotherham, 41 from York.—Pop. 141. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Peter, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, †9*l.* p. r. 130*l.* Patron, Lord Molesworth.

Here are some remains of an ancient residence, supposed, by Mr Beckwith, to be that of Athlane, the Dane, the place being originally called Athlane town.

EGBROUGH, HIGH, in the parish of Kellington, wapentake of Osgoldcross, liberty of Pontefract; 6 miles from Snaith, 8 from Pontefract.—Pop. 215.

EGBROUGH, LOW, in the township of High-Eggbrough, and parish of Kellington; 6 miles from Snaith, 8½ from Pontefract.

ELLAND, or **EALAND**, in the parish of Halifax, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; 3 miles from Halifax, 5 from Huddersfield, 15 from Leeds.—Pop. including Greetland, 5,088, which being united, form a township. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Mary, value, p. r. 130*l.* 13*s.* Patron, the Vicar of Halifax.

A Charter of 10th Edward II. (now lost) was granted at the request of John de Warren, Earl of Warren and Surry, to John de Elland, for a free market on Tuesday at his Manor of Elland, and two fairs. The market, has for generations been discontinued, but in Watson's time "a small market-place and cross were remaining, and tolls taken by the lord's steward, when any thing was offered for sale in the streets." Elland now only ranks as second in the parish to Halifax. On the north side of the Calder is the remains of Elland Hall, for many generations, the seat of a knightly family of that name, and is memorable on account of the tragical scenes that took place between that family and the Beaumonts, in the reign of Edward III. The result of this quarrel was the total extinction of the name of Elland: full particulars of which, with an ancient ballad written on the occasion, is to be seen in *Watson's History of Halifax*.

ELLAND-EDGE, *ham.* in the township of Elland-with-Greetland, and parish of Halifax: 4 miles from Halifax.

ELDWICK, and **ELDWICK-HALL**, in the township and parish of Bingley, upper-division of Skirack; 4 miles from Keighley.

ELLENTHORPE, *f. h.* in the township of Paythorn, and parish of Gisburn: 1½ mile from Gisburn.

ELLERKER, *f. h.* in the township of Great-Timble, and parish of Fewston; 6 miles from Otley.

ELLIOTT-HOUSE, (*the seat of John Elliott, Esq.*) in the township and parish of Ripon; ½ mile from Ripon.

ELM-GREEN, *ham.* in the township and parish of Ecclesfield, 3 miles from Sheffield; 7½ from Rotherham.

ELMHURST, *f. h.* in the township of Cawthorne, and parish of Silkstone; 2 miles from Penistone.

ELMSALL, NORTH, in the parish of South-Kirkby, wapentake of Osgoldcross, liberty of Pontefract; (*Elmsall-Lodge, the seat of Charles Cholmley, Esq.*) 7 miles from Pontefract, 9 from Doncaster and Barnsley, 11 from Wakefield.—Pop. 113.

ELMSALL, SOUTH, in the parish of South-Kirkby, wapentake of Osgoldcross, liberty of Pontefract; 8 miles from Doncaster, Barnsley, and Pontefract, 11½ from Wakefield.—Pop. 453.

ELPHLEBROUGH-HALL, *s. h.* in the township of Erringden, and parish of Halifax; 6 miles from Halifax.

ELSEKER, in the township of Brampton-Bierlow, and parish of Wath-upon-Dearn, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; 5¼ miles from Barnsley, 6¾ from Rotherham, 10 from Sheffield.

ELSLACK, in the township of Broughton-with-Elslack, and parish of Broughton, east-division of Staincliffe, liberty of Clifford's-Fea; 4 miles from Skipton, 8 from Colne, (*Lanc.*) 12 from Keighley.—Pop. included in Broughton.

"At Elslack," saith Dodsworth, "is a close whereon stood a castle, called Burwen Castle." The manor formerly belonged to the Malhams, at the dispersion of whose estates, it was purchased by the Benson family. It is now the property of James Fox, of Bramham Park, Esq. In the 12th of Edward II.

Godfrey de Altaripa had license to kernel and embattle his house here, but of which there are now no appearances. The dungeon has disappeared and is forgotten. The manor and principal estate passed through the Altaripas and Radcliffes, to the Malhams.—*Whitaker's Craven.*

EMBSAY, in the parish of Skipton, east-division of Staincliffe, liberty of Clifford's-Feo; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Skipton, 16 from Settle.—Pop. including Eastby, 861, which being united, form a township.

In the year 1121, William de Meschines and Cecilia his wife, founded a Priory here for Canons regular, which was dedicated to St. Cuthbert and St. Mary: It continued about 33 years, and was then translated to Bolton—**BURTON**—**WHITAKER**. "Embsay Kirk, during 30 years the site of the Priory, is now (1812) the property of William Baynes, Esq. who has erected an excellent house on the spot; in digging the foundations for which, many relics of antient interments, &c. were discovered. It seems to stand in the middle of the cloister-yard; for when the late occupier, who finished the grounds, began to level a few yards north from the house, the foundations of the priory church were discovered."—**WHITAKER**. It is now the property of Mr. Preston, of Skipton, by marriage of a daughter of the late Mr. Baynes.

EMLEY, a parish-town in Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; 7 miles from Huddersfield; $8\frac{1}{2}$ from Wakefield, 9 from Barnsley, 36 from York.—Pop. 1,351. The Church is a rectory in charge, dedicated to St. Michael, in the deanry of Pontefract. value, 14l. 0s. $7\frac{1}{2}d$. Patron, the Hon. and Rev. J. Lumley Saville.

Here is a public school built by a Mr. Wigglesworth, to the master of which, The Hon. and Rev. J. L. Saville, gives 8l. per annum, likewise 10l. per annum is payable out of a close, called Honley-Wood, in Flockton.

EMLEY-LODGE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Emley; 7 miles from Huddersfield.

ENDCLIFFE-HALL, (*the seat of William Hodson, Esq.*) in the township of Nether-Hallam, and parish of Sheffield; 2 miles from Sheffield.

ERRINGDEN, in the parish of Halifax, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; 6 miles from Halifax, 10 from Rochdale, (*Lanc.*) 14 from Huddersfield.—Pop. 1,471.

ESHOLT, in the parish of Guiseley, upper-division of Skirack, liberty of Cawood, Wistow and Otley; (*Esholt-Hall, the seat of Joshua Crompton, Esq.*) 5 miles from Bradford and Otley, 9 from Leeds.—Pop. 355.

Here was a priory of about six Cistercian nuns, founded by Simon de Ward, about the middle of the 12th century, dedicated to St. Mary and St. Leonard. This priory fell with the small houses, and was valued at 13l. 0s. 4d. **DUGDALE**. 19l. 8d. **SPERD**. The site was granted in I. Edward 6, 1547, to Henry Thompson, ancestor of those families of the Thompsens, now living in and near York. The estate was afterwards transferred to the house of Calverley, by the marriage of Frances, daughter and heiress of Henry Thompson, esq. with Sir Walter Calverley. His son, Sir Walter Calverley, Bart. built on the site, in the early part of the last century, a very magnificent house, called Esholt priory, or hall. About 1754-5, this house and furniture were sold to Robert Stansfield, Esq. of Bradford, in the line of whose collateral descendants it has passed to the present proprietor, Joshua Crompton, Esq. of Derby, he having married Ann Martin, the third daughter of Wm. Rookes, of Roydes Hall, Esq. by Ana his wife, the heiress of Robert Stansfield. A few pointed arches in some of the offices alone remain to attest that a religious house once occupied the site.—**BURTON**.—**WHITAKER**.

ESHTON, in the parish of Gargrave, east-division of the wapentake

of Staincliffe, liberty of Clifford's-fee; (*Eshton-Hall, the seat of Matthew Wilson, Esq.*) 2 miles from Gargrave, 5 from Skipton, 12 from Kettlewell.—Pop. 69.

Near Eshton Hall is a Well, called St. Helen's Well, which fills at its source a circular basin twenty feet in circumference, from the whole bottom of which it boils up, without any visible augmentation in the wettest season, or diminution in the driest. In hot weather the exhalations from its surface are very conspicuous. But the most remarkable thing about this spring is, that, with no petrifying quality in its own basin, after a course of about 200 yards over a common pebbly channel, with no visible accession from any other course, it is precipitated down a steep descent into the brook, where it petrifies strongly. In 1551, the manor of Eshton was conveyed by Henry Marton and Launce- lot his son, to George, Earl of Cumberland. In 1597 or 8, George, Earl of Cumberland, mortgaged this manor to Robert Bindloss, of Berwick Hall, for 2000*l.* with a clause, that upon non-payment of that sum in five years, the purchase should be absolute: it never was redeemed, and the Bindlosses held Eshton till the year 1848, when it was once more sold to Mr John Wilson, of Threshfield, ancestor of the present possessors.—*Whitaker's Craven.*

ESSINGTON, a township in the parish of Slaidburn, west-division of the wapentake and liberty of Staincliffe; 7 miles from Clitheroe, (*Lanc.*) 9 from Gisburn.

ETHERTHORPE, 4 *f. h.* in the township and parish of Darfield, lower-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; 4½ miles from Barnsley.

EWACROSS, a wapentake, situated in the northernmost part of this Riding, having Westmorland for its western and northern boundary, while Hang-West, (N. R.) with Staincliffe, bounds it on the east; and Staincliffe alone on the south. It is a mountainous district, and in which are situated, the major-part of those curiosities in nature, known by the name of "the *Caves in Craven*;" several accounts, as well as views of which, are now before the public.—Ewacross contains 11 townships, 5 of which are parishes, 2,249 inhabited-houses, and 11,614 inhabitants.

Staincliffe and Ewacross are treated in this work as two distinct wapentakes; and though only two Chief Constables are at present appointed, yet it seems that there were formerly three, viz. two for Staincliffe, and one for Ewacross, as appears from the *Extant Book of the year, 1776.*

EWOOD-HALL, *s. h.* in the township of Midgley, and parish of Halifax, liberty of Wakefield; 5½ miles from Halifax, 13 from Keighley.

This ancient mansion of the Farrars has been, for many years, used as a seminary for young gentlemen, and was for nearly half a century, conducted by the late Dr. Fawcett, and at present by his son.

At this place, in all probability, was born, Robert Farrar, an English martyr, and Bishop of St. David's, in the 16th century. He became a canon regular, of the order of St. Austin, but in what priory or abbey is uncertain, and studied at Cambridge and Oxford; but on embracing the doctrines of the reformation, he was made chaplain to Archbishop Cranmer, after whose example he took a wife. In 1548 he was consecrated Bishop of St. David's, but not being able to pay the first fruits and tenths, he was imprisoned. In the reign of Mary, he was brought before Gardiner, on a charge of heresy, and condemned to the flames; which sentence was executed at Caernarthen, March 30, 1555.—*Biog. Dict.—Watson's Halifax.—Fox.*

EXA, *s. h.* in the township of Bashalleaves and parish of Mitton; 5 miles from Clitheroe, (*Lanc.*) 13 from Gisburn.

EXLEY, *ham.* in the township of Southowram, and parish of Halifax; 2½ miles from Halifax, 5½ from Huddersfield.

EXLEY-GATE, *f. h.* in the township of Denby, and parish of Penistone, $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Penistone.

EXLEY-HEAD, 3 or 4 *f. h.* in the township and parish of Keighley, liberty of Staincliffe; 1 mile from Keighley.

F

FAIRBURN, in the parish of Ledsham, wapentake of Barkston-Ash, liberty of Pontefract; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Ferrybridge, 4 from Pontefract, $6\frac{1}{4}$ from Abberford; 11 from Selby.—Pop. 426.

A Tunnel upwards of 300 yards in length is about to be driven under this village, situated on the Banks of the Aire, to communicate with a Canal, to facilitate the Lime Works of Lord Palmerston.

FAIRWEATHER-GREEN, *ham.* in the township of Allerton, and parish of Bradford; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Bradford, 7 from Halifax.

FALDRING, *f. h.* in the township of Bradfield, and parish of Ecclesfield; 5 miles from Sheffield.

FALL-HEAD, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Silkstone, $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Barnsley.

FALL-HOUSE, *ham.* in the township of Whitley, and parishes of Kirkheaton and Thornhill, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley; 3 miles from Dewsbury, 7 from Wakefield.

FARFIELD-HALL, (*the seat of Wm. Cunliffe, Esq.*) in the township and parish of Addringham; 5 miles from Skipton, 7 from Keighley.

FARFIELD, *ham.* in the township of Brightside-Bierlow, and parish of Sheffield; 1 mile from Sheffield.

FARM, (*the seat of John Houseman, Esq.*) in the township and parish of Sheffield; 1 mile from Sheffield.

FAR, or **BURN-CROSS**, *ham.* in the township and parish of Ecclesfield; 7 miles from Sheffield and Barnsley, 8 from Rotherham.

FARNHAM, a parish town, in the lower division of Claro, liberty of Knaresbrough; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Knaresbrough, $5\frac{1}{2}$ from Boroughbridge, 7 from Ripon, 20 from York.—Pop. 141. The Church is a perpetual curacy, in the deanry of Boroughbridge, diocese of Chester, value 6*l.* 12*s.* 1*d.* p. r. 32*l.* Patrons, the Heirs of the late Col. Harvey, and James Collings, Esq.

FARNHILL, in the parish of Kildwick, east-division of Staincliffe, liberty of Clifford's-Fée; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Skipton, $5\frac{1}{2}$ from Keighley. Pop. including Cononley, 1,350, which being united, form a township.

FARNLEY, in the parish and borough of Leeds, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; (*the seat of Edward Armitage, Esq.*) 4 miles from Leeds, 7 from Bradford.—Pop. 1,332. The Church is a perpetual curacy, value p. r. 122*l.* 6*s.* Patron, the Vicar of Leeds.

Here Sir Wm. Harrington, 5th Henry V. obtained license to found a chantry for a priest to celebrate divine service daily. By the survey under Hen. VIII. in 1545 it was returned at 11*l.* 10*s.* 8*d.* This lordship anciently belonged to Sir John Danville, and passed, by marriage into the family of the Nevilles: from whom it descended to the Harringtons, Langtons, and Danbys. Farnley

Hall was erected, as appears from an inscription on the front, in 1586, by Sir Thomas Danby, Kut.—THORESEY. The manor and estate, after remaining in the family of Danby for six centuries, was sold in 1799 by Wm. Danby, Esq. of Swinton, near Masham, to Mr. James Armitage, merchant of Leeds.

After the battle of Marston Moor, in 1644, a party of flying cavaliers took post in the wood, near this place, where they remained some time. A particular account of what passed during their stay, may be seen in "*The Memoirs of a Cavalier*," written by one of the party.

In 1663, an insurrection took place in this county, upon the reforming principles, the chief rendezvous of the party being in Farnley-Wood, it obtained the name of "*Farnley Wood Plot*." Their pretences for rebellion were to redeem themselves from the excise, and all subsidies; to re-establish a Gospel Magistracy and Ministry, to reform all orders, especially Lawyers and Clergymen; but the time and place of rendezvous being known, a body of troops was sent against them, who seized on several of them, of which twenty-one were convicted and executed.—*DRAPER*.

FARNLEY, in the parish of Otley, upper-division of Claro, liberty of Cawood, Wistow, and Otley; (*Farnley Hall, the seat of Walter Fawkes, Esq.*) 2 miles from Otley, 10 from Ripley, 11 from Knaresbrough.—Pop. 172. The small antique Chapel is a perpetual curacy, under Otley. p. r. †38/. Here is no Burial Ground.

Farnley Hall stands on a lofty brow, commanding noble views up and down the vale of Wharfe, with the planted ridge of Chevin in front. Attached to the old mansion of Queen Elizabeth's time is a magnificent modern house, built by the late proprietor, soon after he became possessed of the estate.—Farnley has been distinguished by the residence of its lords from the earliest times on record. These, from the origin of local surnames, bore the name of de Farnley; but Falcasius de Farnley, temp. Hen. III. had a son, who adopting the patronymick Falcasii, or in his own dialect Fawkes, *i. e.* son of Fawkes, transmitted that appellation to his posterity.—*Whitaker's Loidis et Elmele*.

FARNLEY-MOORSIDE, in the township of Farnley, and parish of Leeds, Morley division of Agbrigg and Morley; $5\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Leeds, 6 from Bradford.

FARNLEY-TYAS, in the parish of Almondbury, Agbrigg division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; 4 miles from Huddersfield, $9\frac{1}{2}$ from Penistone, 13 from Wakefield.—Pop. 900.

FARSLEY, in the township of Calverley-with-Farsley, and parish of Calverley, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; $3\frac{3}{4}$ miles from Bradford, $6\frac{1}{4}$ from Leeds.—Pop. included in Calverley.

FARTOWN, *ham.* in the township and parish of Huddersfield; (*Flash House, the seat of Benjamin Shires, Esq.*) $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Huddersfield, $7\frac{1}{2}$ from Halifax.

FAULETT, *f. h.* in the township of Stainbrough, and parish of Silkstone; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Penistone.

FAWEATHER, *ham.* in the township and parish of Bingley; 3 miles from Bingley, 5 from Bradford.

FEARNLEY, HIGH, *ham.* in the township of Wike, and parish of Birstall, $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Bradford, 5 from Halifax.

FEARNE-LEE, *ham.* in the township of Quick, and parish of Rochdale, (*Lanc.*) 3 miles from Dobeross, 10 from Rochdale.

FEATHERSTONE, a parish town, in the wapentake of Osgoldcross, liberty of Pontefract; 2 miles from Pontefract, 4 from Ferrybridge, 7 from Wakefield, 25 from York.—Pop. 337. The

Church is a vicarage, dedicated to All Saints, in the deanry of Pontefract, value $\pounds 5l. 8s. 6d.$ Patrons, Dean and Canons of Christ Church, Oxford.

FELKIRK, *f. h.* and a parish, in the township of South-Hiendly, wapentake of Stainercross, liberty of Pontefract; 5 miles from Barnsley, $6\frac{1}{2}$ from Wakefield, 9 from Pontefract, 33 from York. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Peter, in the deanry of Doncaster, value $7l. 1s. 10\frac{1}{2}d.$ p. r. $140l.$ Patron, Archbishop of York.

FELLBECK, *ham.* in the township of High and Low Bishopside, parish and liberty of Ripon; 3 miles from Pateleybridge.

FELLISCLIFFE, in the parish of Hampsthwaite, lower-division of Claro, liberty of Knaresbrough, 4 miles from Ripley, 7 from Knaresbrough.—Pop. 382.

FELL-LANE, *ham.* in the township and parish of Keighley, liberty of Staincliffe; 1 mile from Keighley.

FENAY-HALL, *s. h.* in the township and parish of Almondbury $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Huddersfield.

FENAY-LODGE, (*the seat of John Brook, Esq.*) in the township and parish of Almondbury; 2 miles from Huddersfield.

FENAY-BRIDGE, *ham.* in the township of Lepton, and parish of Kirkheaton.

FENCE-END, (*the seat of the Rev. William Atkinson Wasney*) in the township and parish of Thornton; $5\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Skipton.

FENTON, CHURCH, or **KIRK**, a parish town, in the wapentake of Barkston-Ash, liberties of St. Peter and Pontefract; 5 miles from Tadcaster, 7 from Selby, 12 from Pontefract and York.—Pop. 416. The Church, peculiar, is a vicarage, in the deanry of the Ainsty, value $\pounds 5l.$ p. r. $\pounds 120l.$ Patron, the Prebendary of Fenton.

FENTON, LITTLE, or **SOUTH**, in the parish of Church-Fenton, wapentake of Barkston-Ash, liberties of St. Peter, and Pontefract; 6 miles from Tadcaster, 7 from Selby, 11 from Pontefract.—Pop. 113.

FENWICK, in the parish of Campsall, wapentake of Osgoldcross; 8 miles from Doncaster, 11 from Pontefract.—Pop. 295.

FERHAM, (*the seat of Henry Hartop, Esq.*) in the township of Kimberworth, and parish of Rotherham; 1 mile from Rotherham.

FERRENSBY, in the parish of Farnham, lower-division of Claro; $2\frac{3}{4}$ miles from Knaresbrough, $4\frac{1}{4}$ from Boroughbridge.—Pop. 110.

FERRYBRIDGE, a *post-town*, in the township of Ferry-Fryston, and parishes of Ferry-Fryston and Pontefract, wapentake of Barkston-Ash, liberty of Pontefract; 2 miles from Pontefract, 9 from Abberford, 11 from Snaith and Selby, 12 from Tadcaster, 15 from Doncaster and Leeds, 21 from York, 177 from London.—*Principal Inns*, Angel, Greyhound, and Swan.

This is a neat well built village, situated on the Banks of the Aire, over which is a handsome stone bridge. The possession of this Pass occasioned a severe conflict between the armies of the Houses of York and Lancaster. In the neighbourhood, human skeletons, ancient armour, and other relics of war, have frequently been found.

FERRY-HOUSE, in the township of Airmin, and parish of Snaith, wapentake of Osgoldcross; 4 miles from Snaith, 6 from Howden. Inn and Farm House.

FERRY-FRYSTON, a parish town in the wapentake of Osgoldcross, liberties of St. Peter, and Pontefract; 1 mile from Ferrybridge, 2 from Pontefract, 15 from Doncaster, 22 from York.—Pop. 777. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Andrew, in the deanry of Pontefract, value $\pm 5l. 19s. 2d.$ p. r. *113*l.* 8*s.* 10*d.* Patrons, Succentor and Vicars Choral of York.

On the 23rd of March, 1822, a massive and curious piece of antiquity was discovered at Fryston, near Ferrybridge. As two labourers were digging ground for liquorice, in a field called the Paper Mill Field, on the Fryston-Hall estate, in the possession of James Brook, they penetrated to a mass of stone, only about eleven inches below the surface, which, on being cleared, proved to be an ancient coffin of undressed stone, without inscription. The lid projected over the sides about two inches, and on being raised in the centre, presented a complete skeleton, of large dimensions, in a high state of preservation. The skull was placed between the thigh bones, and the occupant of this narrow mansion, who had, probably, in his day filled a considerable space in society, had evidently suffered decapitation. In the place where the head would have lain in an un-mutilated body, was a stone. The teeth were all perfect, and the bones those of a strong athletic man, cut off, apparently, in the meridian of life, and when the coffin was opened they were all entire; but immediately on being exposed to the air, the ribs fell in. Nothing remains of the flesh, but some hard white chalky substances. The coffin is of the dimensions of six feet five inches in length, and nineteen inches in width within, with sides about six inches thick; it has been cut out of the solid stone, and is supposed to weigh about a ton and a half. The place where these relics were found, is about a mile and a quarter from Ferrybridge, in a valley near the road leading to Castleford; and the prevailing opinion is, that these are the remains of Thomas Earl of Lancaster, the unfortunate leader of the insurgent barons, in the battle of Boroughbridge, fought in the year 1321, and who was beheaded at Pontefract, by order of his Nephew, Edward. The coffin and remains, which have attracted a great deal of public attention, are now removed to Fryston-Hall.—*Leeds Mercury*.

In the same township and parish is

FRYSTON-HALL, *the seat of Mrs Milnes.*

FEWSTON, a parish town, in the lower-division of Claro; 7 miles from Otley, 11 from Knaresbrough, 11½ from Skipton, 29 from York.—Pop. 610. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Mary Magdalen, in the deanry of the Ainsty, value $\pm 6l. 13s. 4d.$ p. r. †113*l.* Patron, the King.

FIELD-HEAD, (*the seat of H. W. Oates, Esq.*) in the township of Horton, and parish of Bradford; 1 mile from Bradford.

FIELD-HEAD, *f. h.* in the township of Stansfield, and parish of Halifax; 10 miles from Halifax.

FIELD-HOUSE, (*the seat of Robert Stansfield, Esq.*) in the township of Sowerby, and parish of Halifax; 4 miles from Halifax, 7½ from Huddersfield.

FIEZER, in the parish of Clapham, wapentake of Eweross; 1 miles from Settle, 13 from Kirby-Lonsdale.

One circumstance with respect to this village deserves to be mentioned.—Of ten houses in this place, seven are always in the township of Lawkland, and parish of Clapham; one is always in the parish of Giggleswick; and the remaining two, one year within Clapham, and the next within Giggleswick.—The inhabitants have seats in both churches, and resort to them alternately, and

pay corn-tythe to the Rectors, and Easter-dues to the Vicars of the two churches alternately; but all pay their assessed taxes to Stainforth.—*Whitaker's Hist. of Craven.*

FINKLEY-STREET, *s. h.* in the township of Wortley, and parish of Tankersley; 5 miles from Penistone, 8 from Sheffield.

FINNINGLEY-PARK, (*the seat of John Harvey, Esq. occupied by George Broderick, Esq.*) in the township of Austerfield; 3 miles from Bawtry.

Mr Harvey lately erected, in the centre of the adjacent wood, a curious and elegant cottage, where he occasionally resides. The village of Finningley is in Nottinghamshire, but the house, and part of the park, with the cottage, are in Yorkshire. Some few years ago the head of a Roman spear, and other curiosities were found near Mr Harvey's mansion.

FINTHORPE, (*the seat of Richard Clay, Esq.*) in the township and parish of Aldmondbury; 2½ miles from Huddersfield.

FIRBECK, a parish-town, in the upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberties of St. Peter and Tickhill; (*Firbeck-Hall, the seat of John Gally Knight, Esq.*) 4 miles from Tickhill, 6 from Worksop, (*Notts.*) 7½ from Bawtry, 11 from Rotherham, 44 from York.—Pop. 226. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Peter, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, p. r. 41*l.* Patron, the Chancellor of St. Peter's, York. This church was rebuilt on the site of the old one, in 1820—1, by Mrs Gally Knight.

FISHLAKE, a parish-town, in the lower-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; 2 miles from Thorne, 8 from Snaith and Doncaster, 31 from York.—Pop. 723. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Cuthbert, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, 13*l.* 3*s.* 9*d.* p. r. 467*l.* Patron, the Dean and Chapter of Durham.

FIXBY, in the parish of Halifax, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; (*Fixby-Hall, the seat of Thomas Thornhill, Esq.*) 2½ miles from Huddersfield; 6 from Halifax.—Pop. 345.

FLASBY, in the parish of Gargrave, east-division of the wapentake of Staincliffe; (*Flasby-Hall, the seat of Cooper Preston, Esq.*) 2½ miles from Gargrave, 6 from Skipton, 11 from Kettlewell.—Pop. including Winterburn, 134, which being united, form a township.

FLASH-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township of Thurlston, and parish of Penistone; 3 miles from Penistone.

FLAXBY, in the parish of Goldsborough, upper-division of Claro; 3 miles from Knaresborough, 6 from Boroughbridge, 6¼ from Wetherby.—Pop. 78.

At Flaxby is a school for boys and girls of the township, but by whom founded is not known. Lord Stourton, and the Rector of Goldsborough, have always acted as Trustees.—It is endowed with a small estate at Norwood, in the parish of Fewston, of 15 acres, and an old house, in ruins. Rent 15*l.* 10*s.* 0*d.* per ann.—*Report of Commissioners.*

FLOCKTON, NETHER, in the parish of Thornhill, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; (*Flockton-Hall, the residence of George Horseington, Esq.*) 6½ miles from Huddersfield, 7½ from Wakefield, 10½ from Barnsley.—Pop. 988. The Church is a perpetual curacy, in the deanry of Pontefract, value,

- p. r. 1107. Patrons, the Earl of Scarborough, Sir John Lister Kaye, Bart. Col. Wortley, Col. Beaumont, and R. Milnes, Esq.
- FLOCKTON, OVER**, in the township of Flockton; $6\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Wakefield, 7 from Huddersfield.
- FOCKERBY**, or **FOCCARBY**, in the parish of Adlingfleet, wapentake of Osgoldersoss, liberty of Pontefract; 7 miles from Crowle, (*Linc.*) 9 from Howden, $16\frac{1}{2}$ from Snaith.—Pop. 106.
- FOLDBY**, or **FOULBY**, *ham.* in the township of Sharlestone, and parish of Wragby, liberty of Pontefract; 5 miles from Pontefract and Wakefield.
- FOLDS**, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Tickhill, liberty of Tickhill; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Tickhill.
- FOLLYFOOT**, in the parish of Spofforth, upper-division of Claro; 3 miles from Knaresbrough, 4 from Wetherby.—Pop. 293.
- FOALSTONE**, in the parish of Kirkburton, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; 6 miles from Huddersfield, $8\frac{1}{2}$ from Penistone.—*Fairs*, Monday before Feb. 28, and first Wednesday after Nov. 14.—Pop. 1,264.
- FOREST-BECKS**, *ham.* in the township of Bolton, and parish of Gisburn, liberty of Staincliffe; 6 miles from Gisburn and Clitheroe.
- FOSTER-HOUSES**, *ham.* in the township and parish of Fishlake; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Thorne, 7 from Snaith.
- FOWGILL**, *ham.* in the township and parish of Low-Bentham; 11 miles from Settle, and Kirby-Lonsdale, (*Westm.*)
- FOUNTAIN'S-ABBAY**, in the township of Markington, and parish of Ripon; $3\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Ripon.

The awful remains of this ancient Abbey fill the midway of a deep Vale, through which flows the brook called Skell, and the high hills on either side, clothed with lofty trees, and varied with scars, slope gently to the brook.

“In these deep solitudes and awful cells,

“Where heavenly pensive contemplation dwells.”

In 1132, certain Benedictine Monks at Saint Mary's, in York, displeased with relaxation of discipline in their Convent, and disgusted with the luxury of their life, resolved to migrate where monastic manners were practised with more severity, and determined to embrace the rules of Cistercian Monks at Rivaulx, and applied for that purpose to Thurston, Archbishop of York, whom they requested to favour their designs. The Prelate, with many of the Clergy, went to St. Mary's, where they found the Abbot and his attendants preparing to oppose his resolutions, and threatened to punish the discontented Monks. He was refused admittance into the Chapter-house, when a riot ensued, and the Prelate having interdicted the Abbot and Monks, left the Monastery, taking under his protection, the Prior, Sub-prior, and eleven Monks, who withdrew from the Convent, and were entertained by the Archbishop for eleven weeks. During this time the Abbot made frequent complaints to the King, Bishops, and Abbots, against the Archbishop for depriving him of part of his flock.—At Christmas, Thurston gave them a place, then called Skeldale, for their residence, the receptacle for wild beasts, and overgrown with wood and brambles; he also gave them the village of Sutton. During part of the winter, a large elm tree was their only shelter; they afterwards retired under the melancholy shade of seven yew trees, growing near where the Abbey now stands. One of them was blown down in 1757, the other six are now standing. They are of great magnitude, the largest being 20 feet in circumference within three feet from the ground. Under these, it should seem, they resided till the Monastery was built. The fame of their sanctity induced many to resort to them,

which proportionably increased their distress, and rendered their poverty still more severe; for in vain did the Abbot solicit relief, as famine, that year, had extended all over the country, and the leaves of trees and herbs, except a small supply from the Archbishop, were their only food. Soon after Eustace Fitz-John, Lord of Knaresbrough, supplied them with a cart load of bread. For more than two years they laboured under every hardship poverty could inflict, till Hugh, Dean of York, who was very rich, labouring under a disease likely to prove fatal, resolved to end his days among them. For this purpose he removed to the Abbey, and devoted his riches to charity, the building of the Monastery, and uses of the house.

In 1140, the building had considerably increased, when, in the war between Stephen and his competitor, a party of soldiers, at the instance of William, Archbishop of York, came here and burnt the Monastery.

In 1204, John de Eborac, Abbot, laid the foundation of the Church. His successor, John de Pherd carried on the work with spirit, and John of Kent, the next Abbot, is supposed to have completed the building. But the great Tower, it should seem, from the style of the architecture, was either built or heightened subsequent to the death of John of Kent, in 1245.

Profusion of wealth, many grants and privileges now poured in upon them, but extravagance, the too general attendant on wealth, proved, not long after, the cause of much concern and affliction to the Monks, for in 1294, they became in want of necessaries, which Romain, then Archbishop of York, attributed to their flagrant dissolute conduct. In times long subsequent, this Abbey became more opulent, and consequently more powerful than any in this county, for, at the dissolution, its revenues were estimated, according to BURTON, at 1125*l.* 18*s.* 1*d.*—DUGDALE, 998*l.* 0*s.* 8½*d.*—SPEED, 1073*l.* 0*s.* 7½*d.*

At that time their plate was valued at 708*l.* 5*s.* 9*d.* they also had in possession 2356 horned cattle, 1326 sheep, 86 horses, 79 swine, 117 quarters of wheat, 12 of rye, 134 of oats, 392 loads of hay: In their granary were 18 quarters of wheat, 18 of rye, 90 of barley and malt, and 2 of oats.—BURTON.

The architecture is mixed, in some parts are seen the sharp pointed windows, in others the circular arches. The great east window is magnificently grand, and the arch much pointed. There has, it is supposed, been a central tower, long since fallen into decay. At the top of the north corner window of the Sanctum Sanctorum, is the figure of an Angel holding a scroll, on which is the date 1283.

These monastic remains are deservedly considered the most magnificent and interesting that our country, rich in these venerable and admired works of antiquity, retains from the wreck of the general dissolution. So great was the extent of this magnificent institution, that when entire, it is said to have occupied nearly twelve acres of ground; and such the ravages it sustained, that the buildings now cover little more than a sixth part of that space; yet, with every devastation, it is far more extensive, and incomparably more perfect than any other. Besides the church, whose beauty and grandeur need no comment, and which are aided by the lofty, and nearly perfect tower, standing at the end of the north transept, the numerous buildings connected with it, appear in a state of preservation unequalled by any other. Among these the two Cloisters, the Chapter-house, the Refectory, the Dormitory, and the Kitchen are the principal; and connected with the south-west extremity of the great Cloister are some very interesting ruins of buildings: among which are distributed many ruins of walls and vaults—not to mention the gate, the mill, the bridge, and numerous other distant and distinct objects. No part is now pulled down to give space, and none rebuilt to obtain uniformity; and the present worthy owner is solicitous only to preserve it from wanton injury. As it was left to her, so it stands every storm and tempest; and this amiable lady's admiration of antiquity is evinced in the improvements which have recently taken place.

FOUNTAIN'S-EARTH, in the parish of Kirkbymalzeard, lower-division of Claro.—Pop. 441. This township is situated on the north-side of the river Nidd, and extends from the top of Nidderdale, down to Lofthouse.

FOUNTAINS-HALL, in the township of Markington, and parish of Ripon: $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Ripon.

On the dissolution of religious houses, Sir Richard Gresham purchased Fountains-Abbey of the King, with the part of the lands belonging to it, the site of Swine-Abbey and the Monastery of Nunkeeling, with their bells, for 1163*l*. Sir Richard sold Fountains, with some of the lands, to Sir Stephen Proctor, who built Fountains-Hall out of its ruins. It was formerly the habitation of the Messengers, one of whose ancestors married a daughter of Sir Stephen. — *Burns*. John Messenger, Esq. sold it in 1726, to William Aislabie, Esq.

FOX-HALL, *f. h.* in the township of Kexbrough, and parish of Darton; $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Barnsley.

FOXUP, *ham.* in the township of Halton-Gill, and parish of Arnecliffe, liberty of Staincliffe; 10 miles from Settle and Kettlewell.

FRICKLEY, *ham.* in the township and parish of Frickley-with-Clayton, liberty of Pontefract; (*Frickley-Hall, the seat of Richard Kennet Dawson, Esq.*) 7 miles from Doncaster, 9 from Barnsley, $13\frac{1}{2}$ from Wakefield.—Pop. included in Clayton. The Church, styled Frickley-with-Clayton, is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, *p. r.* 120*l*. Patron, Saint Andrew Warde, Esq.

FRIERHEAD, *f. h.* in the township of Winterburne, and parish of Gargrave, liberty of Staincliffe; $6\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Skipton.

FRIERMERE, *ham.* in the township of Quick, and parish of Rochdale, (*Lanc.*); $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Delph. Here is a Chapel, which is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Thomas, in the deanry of Manchester, diocese of Chester, value, *p. r.* *97*l*. Patron, the Vicar of Rochdale, (*Lanc.*)

FRIZING-HALL, *ham.* in the township of Heaton, and parish of Bradford; (*the seat of George Lister, Esq.*) 2 miles from Bradford.

FROSTRAW, *ham.* in the township and parish of Sedbergh; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Sedbergh, 6 from Dent.

FRYSTON, MONK.—*See Monk-Fryston.*

FULHAM-LANES, 2 *h.* in the township and parish of Womersley, liberty of Pontefract; 7 miles from Pontefract and Snaith.

FULNECK, in the township of Pudsey, and parish of Calverley, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Bradford, 6 from Leeds.

Here is a considerable settlement of the *Moravian* brethren, which was begun about the year 1748. The chief buildings are the hall, containing a chapel, a school for girls, and minister's dwelling; a large school-house for boys, a house for single men, another for single women, and another for widows; situated upon a terrace of considerable length, and commanding a fine prospect. These, with the houses for separate families, form a considerable village; various branches of trades are carried on in it, but the chief employment is the woollen manufacture. The single women are famous for their skill in working muslins, with the needle and tambour; and their labours sell at a high price. The vocal and instrumental music of the settlement is considered very excellent.

FULWOOD, *ham.* in the township of Upper-Hallam, and parish of Sheffield; 5 miles from Sheffield.

FULWOOD-BOOTH and **FULWOOD-HEAD**, 2 *h.* in the township of Upper-Hallam, and parish of Sheffield; 6 miles from Sheffield.

FURNACE, *scattered houses*, in the township and parish of Silkstone; 3 miles from Barnsley.

G

GAISGILL, *ham.* in the township of Rimington, and parish of Gisburn, liberty of Staincliffe; 3 miles from Gisburn.

GALFAY, in the township of Azerley, and parish of Kirkbymalzeard; 4 miles from Ripon, 10 from Knaresbrough and Pateleybridge.

GARFORTH, a parish-town, in the lower-division of Skyrack, liberty of Pontefract; 3 miles from Abberford, 7 from Leeds, 9 from Wakefield, 19 from York.—Pop. 731. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of the Ainsty, value, $\pm 8\text{l. } 17\text{s. } 8\frac{1}{2}\text{d.}$ Patron, the Rev. W. Whitaker, the present incumbent.

GARFORTH-MOOR, in the township and parish of Garforth, liberty of Pontefract; $2\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Abberford.

GARFORTH, WEST, *ham.* in the township and parish of Garforth; $6\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Leeds.

GARGRAVE, a parish-town, in the east-division of Staincliffe, liberty of Clifford's-fee; (*Gargrave-House, the seat of John Nicholas Coulthurst, Esq.*) $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Skipton, 8 from Gisburn, $11\frac{1}{2}$ from Settle, 12 from Colne, (*Lanc.*) 14 from Kettlewell, 45 from York. *No Market.*—*Fairs*, Feb. 27, third Wednesday in June, October 13, and December 11, for horned-cattle, &c.—Pop. 972. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Andrew, in the deanry of Craven, value, $12\text{l. } 13\text{s. } 11\frac{1}{2}\text{d.}$ Patron, John Marsden, Esq.

About half a mile beneath the town, on a fertile plain, are the buried remains of a Roman Villa, called Kirk-Sink, from a tradition that some great ecclesiastical edifice had here been swallowed up. The stones of which this building has been composed have gradually been removed, probably to build the present church; but the inequalities upon the surface, prove it to have been a parallelogram, about 300 feet long, and 180 wide. It was dug into, about 70 years ago, and the frame of a tessellated pavement discovered at that time, of which Dr. Whitaker had seen some remains, which induced him to apply for permission to open the ground again. But the walls had been so completely grubbed up to the foundation, that though it was just possible to ascertain the size of the apartments, which had been very small, no masses of cohering pavement could be taken up, and the whole lay in heaps mingled with mortar, consisting of cubes of various colours, some an inch, others not more than half an inch in diameter, together with floor tiles, of about three inches square.—*History of Craven.*

GARSDALE, in the parish of Sedbergh, wapentake of Ewcross; 5 miles from Dent, 7 from Sedbergh, 10 from Hawes, 15 from Askrigg.—Pop. 679. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. John the Baptist, in the deanry of Kirby-Lonsdale, value, p. r. $80\text{l. } 2\text{s.}$ Patron, the King.

GARSTONES, or **GEARSTONES**, 2 *h.* in the township of Ingleton, and parish of Low-Bentham; 7 miles from Ingleton, 10 from Hawes, 12 from Settle. At this place, a large market is held every Wednesday, for corn and flour. It consists only of a public-house and a grocer's shop.

GATEFORTH, in the parish of Brayton, wapentake of Barkston-Ash; 5 miles from Selby, 6 from Ferrybridge, 8 from Pontefract. Pop. 192.

GATEHAM, or **YATEHOLME**, *f. h.* in the township of Holme, and parish of Almondbury; 9 miles from Huddersfield.

GATEHEAD, 3 *h.* in the township of Marsden, and parish of Almondbury; 6 miles from Huddersfield.

GATEUP, *f. h.* in the township of Appletreewick, and parish of Burnsall, liberty of Staincliffe; 8 miles from Pateleybridge.

GATEWOOD, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Cantley; 6 miles from Doncaster and Thorne.

GAWBUR-HALL, *f. h.* in the township of Barugh, and parish of Darton; 1½ mile from Barnsley.

GAWTHORPE, in the township of Ossett, and parish of Dewsbury, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; 2 miles from Dewsbury, 3½ from Wakefield, 8 from Leeds.

GAWTHORPE, in the township of Lepton, and parish of Kirkheaton, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; 5 miles from Huddersfield, 8 from Wakefield.—In the same township and parish is

GAWTHORPE-GREEN, *a hamlet.*

GAWTHORPE, in the township of Dent, and parish of Sedbergh, wapentake of Eweross; 1 mile from Dent, 4 from Sedbergh.

GAWTHORPE-HALL, (*the seat of Joseph Heaton, Esq.*) in the township and parish of Bingley; 1 mile from Bingley, 6 from Bradford.

GETTINGLEY, 2 *f. h.* in the township of Whitley, and parish of Thornhill; 3¼ miles from Dewsbury, 5 from Huddersfield.

GIBALTAR-MILL, in the township of Pudsey, and parish of Calverley; 4 miles from Bradford, 6½ from Leeds.

GIGGLESWICK, a parish-town, in the west-division and liberty of Staincliffe; 1 mile from Settle, 7 from Kirby-Lonsdale, (*Westm.*) 57 from York.—Pop. 746. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Alkadd, in the deanry of Craven, value £211. 3s. 4d. p. r. 75*l.* Patrons, J. Coulthurst, and J. Hartley, Esqrs. alternately.

This place has long been celebrated for its Grammar School, founded by King Edward VI. in 1553, on the Petition of John Nowell, Clerk, then his Majesty's Chaplain and Vicar of Giggleswick, and of other inhabitants of the town and parish. The endowment in lands, value 23*l.* 3s. 0*d.* was part of the possessions belonging to the dissolved Monastery of Nether-Acaster, laying at North-Cave, South and North Keltthorp, &c.—but in consequence of the drainage, inclosures, and other improvements, its present amount is upwards of 1000*l.* per ann. The grant is only for two Preceptors, but there are now three, two for classics, and one for mathematics. The number of pupils is limited only by the want of room,—who are admitted “*from every quarter of the Globe,*” if their moral characters be good, and are taught *gratis*. There are Six Scholarships at Christ College, Cambridge, founded by Mr Carr, for Scholars educated at this School. The late Archdeacon Paley, received his classical education at this school, under his father, who was head Master nearly fifty years.—*CARLISLE.*

Here is also a National School, very liberally endowed by the Rev. John Clapham, Vicar, and others; its revenues worth about 50*l.* per ann.

About the centre of that prodigious Sear, called *Giggleswick Sear*, which skirts the road for nearly two miles from Giggleswick to Clapham, and close to

the road side, is situated the celebrated Ebbing and Flowing Well, whose waters, clear as crystal, are constantly ebbing and flowing, although at thirty miles distance from the sea. The changes of ebbing and flowing vary, being considerably influenced by the wetness or dryness of the season; sometimes once in five minutes, at others not more than four or five times in a day. Various have been the opinions given in explanation of this rare phenomenon, but none more in unison with our own, than the following, which we extracted, not as new, either to ourselves or the public, from the *Northern Star*, of 1817. The writer of the article alluded to observes, that it, "in all probability, results from a simple piece of mechanism, hidden from the observation of man in the bowels of the earth; namely, a valvular construction at the mouth of the spring, or at some point in the subterraneous passage of the water, formed by a loose stone, and suspended horizontally by two opposite points constituting its axis: the valve thus formed will move on its own central points, and uninfluenced by the water to a certain extent, closes the outlet, and consequently causes an accumulation between the valve and the source of the spring: when the water has increased until its level rises considerably above the centre of the valve, the weight of the water turns it upon its axis, and it is poured with velocity into its common course."

Drunken Barnaby, in his Northern Tour, thus describes this well;—

Veni Giggleswick; parum frugis
 Profert tellus clausa jugis;
 Ibi vena prope viæ
 Fluit, refluit, nocte, die,
 Neque norunt unde vena,
 An a sale vel arena.

Opposite the Scar, and near the village, is Giggleswick Tarn, a large lake, partly natural and partly artificial.

GILDINGWELLS, in the township of Woodsets-with-Gildingwells, and parish of South-Anston, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Worksop (*Nott.*) $9\frac{1}{2}$ from Bawtry, 12 from Rotherham.—Pop. included in Woodsets.

GILDERSOME, in the parish of Batley, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; 5 miles from Leeds, 7 from Bradford, 8 from Wakefield.—Pop. 1592. The Church is a perpetual curacy, in the deanry of Pontefract, value p, r. †102l.

GILKIRK, or CHURCH.—See *Barnoldswick*.

GILLBOTTOM, *scat. f. h.* in the township of Clifton-with-Norwood, and parish of Fewston; $6\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Otley.

GILSTEAD, *ham.* in the township and parish of Bingley; 1 mile from Bingley, 6 from Bradford.

GILTHWAITE, *ham.* in the township of Whiston, and parishes of Whiston and Rotherham, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; (*Galthwaite-Hall, the seat of John Outram, Esq.*) 2 miles from Rotherham, 6 from Sheffield, 12 from Worksop, (*Notts.*)

Here was a mineral spring discovered in 1664, by Mr. George Westby, of this place, who made a large Bath and built a house over it.—**SHORT.** The waters had some reputation; but after the death of Mr Westby, and of Dr. Yarburgh, of Newark, who sent many patients, they sunk into a state of almost utter neglect.—**HUNTER.**

GINGLE-POT, in the township of Ingleton, and parish of Low-Benham, wapentake of Eweross; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Ingleton, 10 from Hawes, 13 from Settle.

Gingle-Pot is one of those curious Caves in Craven, which attracts the notice of most tourists. This chasm is situated at the head of a grotesque glen,

through which the river Wease winds its subterraneous passage, at the bottom of a precipice.—*Tour to the Caves.*

GINHOUSE, *s. h.* in the township of Greasbrough, and parish of Rotherham; 1 mile from Rotherham.

GIPTON, in the township of Potter-Newton, and parish of Leeds, lower-division of Skyrack; 2 miles from Leeds, 6 from Harewood.

Amongst the Thickeis here, Thoresby, in his survey of the parish, discovered the remains of an ancient Fortification, the out-trench whereof was 18 feet broad; it has now nearly disappeared.

GISBURN, a parish town, in the west-division and liberty of Staincliffe, (*Gisburn-Park, the seat of Lord Ribblesdale*); 7 miles from Clitheroe, (*Lanc.*) 8 from Colne, (*do.*) 11 from Skipton and Settle, 52 from York, 224 from London.—*Market, Monday.*—*Fairs,* Easter Monday, that day fortnight, and that day month, and Saturday after that day month, for horned cattle; Monday, five weeks after Easter, for pedlary ware, &c.; September 18th for calves: and every other Monday for fat cattle, &c.—*Pop.* 690. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Craven, value 11*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* p. r. †120*l.* Patron, the King.

The Church, which was given to the Nunnery of Stainfield, com. Lincoln, is a decent structure, built of stone, and probably, not older than temp. Henry VII. or VIII. Gisburn Park is chiefly remarkable for a herd of wild cattle, descendants of that indigenous race which once peopled the great Forest of Lancashire. They are white, save the tips of their noses which are black, rather mischievous, especially when guarding their young—they breed with tame cattle. Gisburn Park is beautifully situated at the confluence of the Ribble and Stockbeck.

The Lodge, through which is the entrance into the Park, is a fine piece of Gothic architecture, nobly ornamented with figures. The pinnacles, &c. carved with great taste and elegance from designs of the present noble owner. In the house is a series of good Paintings, among which are the Lord Chief Justice, of the time of Henry VIII. General Lambert, apparently an original; his Son, an excellent painting, by himself; and above, Oliver Cromwell, by Sir Peter Lely.

—WHITAKER.

GISBURN-COTES, *ham.* in the township and parish of Gisburn, liberty of Staincliffe; 3 miles from Gisburn.

GISBURN-FOREST, a township, in the parish of Gisburn, west-division and liberty of Staincliffe; 8 miles from Settle, 15 from Colne, (*Lanc.*) 17 from Skipton.—*Pop.* 457. Here is a Chapel, which is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Bartholomew, value, p. r. 19*l.* 9*s.* 9*d.* Patron, the Vicar of Gisburn. This is named by Bacon, Tosside-Chapel; and by others, Houghton-Chapel.

The Manor of Gisburn Forest properly belongs to the lord of the Percy Fee; but the Abbot and convent of Sallay had the wood and herbage. It was, however, lately claimed by Thomas Browne, Esq. of Burton-upon-Trent, as owner of the principal estate in Gisburn Forest.—WHITAKER. This manor is now enjoyed by Mr Browne. The chapel is situated at the northern extremity of the township, and appears a question with Dr. Whitaker, whether it is within the Forest or not. Within the manor of Gisburn, is a small, but very entire square Fort, called Castle-Haugh, and near it is a barrow, which being opened, was found to contain a rude earthen Urn.

GIVENDALE, 4 *f. h.* in the parish and liberty of Ripon, lower-division of Claro; 2½ miles from Ripon, 3½ from Boroughbridge.—*Pop.* 31.

GLEADLEYS, or **GLEADLESS**, *ham.* in the township and parish of Handsworth, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill;

- 3½ miles from Sheffield. A part of this place is in the parish of Sheffield.
- GLEDHOW, ALLERTON**, in the township of Potter-Newton, and parish of Leeds, lower-division of Skyrack, liberty of Pontefract; (*the residence of Sir John Beckitt*), 3 miles from Leeds, 7½ from Harewood, 10 from Otley.
- GLEDSTON-HOUSE**, (*the seat of Richard Roundell, Esq.*) in the township of East and West-Marton, and parish of East-Marton, liberty of Staincliffe; 5 miles from Skipton, 5½ from Keighley, 8 from Colne, (*Lanc.*) 11 from Settle.
- GLUSBURN**, in the parish of Kildwick, east-division of Staincliffe, liberty of Clifford's-Fea; 5 miles from Skipton, 5½ from Keighley, 8 from Colne, (*Lanc.*)—Pop. 787.
- GODDARD-HILL**, *s. h.* in the township of Brightside-Bierlow, and parish of Sheffield; 2¼ miles from Sheffield.
- GOLCAR**, in the parish of Huddersfield, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield, 3 miles from Huddersfield, 7 from Halifax, 23 from Manchester, (*Lanc.*)—Pop. 2,606.
- GOLDSBROUGH**, a parish-town, in the upper-division of Claro; 2½ miles from Knaresbrough, 6 from Wetherby and Boroughbridge, 16 from York.—Pop. 155. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Boroughbridge, diocese of Chester, value 10*l.* 1*s.* 0½*d.* Patron, the Earl of Harewood.
- GOLDTHORPE**, *ham.* in the township and parish of Bolton-upon-Dearn, liberty of Tickhill; 7½ miles from Barnsley and Doncaster.
- GOLTHORPE LANE-ENDS**, *ham.* in the township and parish of Bolton-upon-Dearn; 7 miles from Barnsley, 8 from Doncaster.
- GOMERSALL**, in the parish of Birstall, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; 5½ miles from Bradford, 7 from Leeds.—Pop. 5,952.
- GOMERSALL, LITTLE**, in the township of Gomersall, and parish of Birstall; 6 miles from Bradford, 7½ from Leeds.
- GOOLE**, in the parish of Snaith, wapentake of Osgoldcross, liberty of Pontefract; 4½ miles from Snaith and Howden.—Pop. 450.
- GOOLEFIELD-HOUSES**, *ham.* in the township of Goole, and parish of Snaith; 4 miles from Howden, 7½ from Snaith.
- GOOSENER-HEIGHT**, 2 or 3 *f. h.* in the township of Swinden, and parish of Gisburn; 7 miles from Skipton, 10 from Settle.
- GORDALE-SCAR**, in the parish of Kirkby-Malhamdale; 7 miles from Settle, 13 from Skipton.

Gordale Sear is an immense Rock which, it is said to have had an opening forced in it by a great body of water, which collected in a sudden thunder storm, sometime about the year, 1730; and now forms one of the most awfully grand scenes of rock and water in Craven: the highest part being not less than 300 feet; the right or east side projects more than ten yards over its base, and such is the noise of the overwhelming torrent, after rain, that if a person be under the rock, he is unable to make himself heard at ten yards distance. This is a solid mass of limestone, of, perhaps, equal height with Matham Cove, cleft asunder by some great convulsion of nature, and opening "its ponderous marble jaws" on the right and left. At the very entrance, you turn a little to the right, and are struck by a yawning mouth in the face of the opposite crag, whence the torrent,

pent up beyond, suddenly forced a passage, within the memory of man, which, at every swell continues to spout out one of the boldest and most beautiful cataracts that can be conceived. Wherever a cleft in the rock, or a lodgment of earth appears, the yew tree, indigenous in such situations, contrasts its deep and glossy green with the pale grey of the limestone; but the goat, the old adventurous inhabitant of situations inaccessible to every other quadruped, has been lately banished from the sides of Gordale.—*History of Craven.*

GOTHER-BOTTOM, scattered houses, in the township and parish of Silkston: $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Penistone.

GOWBUSK, *f. h.* in the township of Sawley, parish and liberty of Ripon; 6 miles from Ripon.

GOWDALL, in the parish of Snaith, wapentake of Osgoldcross, liberty and bailiwick of Cowick and Snaith; 1 mile from Snaith, 10 from Ferrybridge, 12 from Pontefract.—Pop. 213.

GOWDALL-BROACH, 2 *f. h.* in the township of Gowdall, and parish of Snaith; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Snaith.

GOWTHWAITE-HALL, *f. h.* in the township of Lower-Stonebeck, and parish of Kirkbymalzeard; 3 miles from Pateleybridge.

In this Hall was born, in 1731, William Craven, D. D. and educated at St. John's College, Cambridge. He took his Bachelor's Degree in 1753, and was fourth wrangler, as well as Chancellor's medallist. He succeeded to the Arabic professorship in 1770, and resigned in 1795. He was elected Master of his College in 1789; and died in 1815. Dr. Craven published "Sermons on the Evidence of a Future State, of Rewards and Punishments," 8vo. and "The Jewish and Christian Dispensations compared," 8vo.—*Gent. Mag.*—*Whitaker's Craven.*

GOYDEN-POT-HOLE, (in Nidderdale) and parish of Kirkbymalzeard; 10 miles from Pateleybridge.

Goydon-Pot-Hole is a large Rock, into which the river Nid enters, by an arch finely formed of beautifully white limestone, about nine feet high, and the span twelve broad; with a lighted candle a person may walk two or three hundred yards into it with safety. The river, after entering here, runs underground for about three miles.

GRAFTON, in the township of Marton-cum-Grafton, and parish of Marton, upper-division of Claro, a part in the liberty of St. Peter; $2\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Boroughbridge, $6\frac{1}{4}$ from Knaresbrough.—Pop. included in Marton.

GRANGE, *ham.* in the township of Quick, and parish of Rochdale, (*Lanc.*) 8 miles from Rochdale, 12 from Huddersfield.

GRANGE-ASH, *p. h.* in the township of Whitley, and parish of Kirkheaton; $6\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Huddersfield and Wakefield.

GRANTLEY, a township, in the parish and liberty of Ripon, lower-division of Claro; (*Grantley-Hall, the seat of Lord Grantley*) 5 miles from Ripon and Ripley. $6\frac{1}{2}$ from Pateleybridge.—Pop. 233.

Sir Fletcher Norton, descended from the noble house of Conyers. The first Lord Grantley, was created Lord Grantley, Baron of Markenfield, April 9, 1782: being bred to the law, he was, December 1761, appointed Solicitor-General, and received the honour of Knighthood during his holding that office. In November, 1763, he was made Attorney-General; and in 1769, was Speaker of the House of Commons, in which station he continued till 1780; and was advanced to the Peerage, 1782. His lordship dying, January 1, 1789, was succeeded by his son William, the present noble Lord.—*DEBRETT.*—His Presumptive is his Lordship's nephew, the son of Fletcher Norton, who was one of the Barons of the Exchequer in North Britain.

Grantley-Hall stands in a low warm situation, and well sheltered with wood, on the road side leading to Pateleybridge, but contains nothing particular to in-

terest the tourist or antiquary. In it are two of the Speaker's chairs, which Sir Fletcher Norton occupied as Speaker of the House of Commons.

GRASSCROFT and CLOUGH, *ham.* in the township of Quick, and parish of Rochdale, (*Lanc.*) $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Dobcross.

GRASSFIELD-HOUSE, *s. h.* in the township of Dacre-with-Bewerley, and parish of Ripon; $\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Pateleybridge.

GRASSGARTH, *ham.* in the township and parish of Weston; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Otley. $12\frac{1}{2}$ from Leeds.

GRASSINGTON, in the parish of Linton, east-division and liberty of Staincliffe; (*the seat of Henry Brown, Esq.*) 6 miles from Kettlewell, 10 from Skipton and Pateleybridge, 14 from Settle.—It has a small *Market* on Tuesday, (chartered for Friday)—*Fairs*, March 4, April 24, June 29, September 26, for pedlary, &c.—Pop. 983.

The neighbourhood of Grassington is famous for its Lead Mines, which have been worked from about the time of James I. Dr. Whitaker says, the "Lead on Grassington Moor is extremely rich, a ton of ore sometimes yielding sixteen hundred pounds weight of metal; but it is poor in Silver."—*History of Craven.*

GRAYSTONE, or GRITH, *ham.* in the township of Laverton, and parish of Kirkbymalzeard; 3 miles from Kirkbymalzeard.

GRAYTONEGILL, in the township and parish of Low-Bentham, wapentake of Eweross. It is a fourth part of the township of Low-Bentham, in which are several farm-houses.

GREASBROUGH, in the parish of Rotherham, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberty of Tickhill; 2 miles from Rotherham, 8 from Sheffield, 10 from Barnsley.—Pop. 1,252. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to the Holy-Trinity, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, p. r. †110*l.* Patron, Earl Fitzwilliam.

GREEN-CLOSE, *ham.* in the township of Clapham-with-Newby, and parish of Clapham; $8\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Settle.

GREENFIELD, *2 f. h.* in the township of Buckden, and parish of Arnecliffe, liberty of Staincliffe; $10\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Kettlewell.

GREENFIELD, *ham.* in the township of Quick, and parish of Rochdale, (*Lanc.*); 2 miles from Dobcross.

GREEN-GATES, *ham.* in the township of Eccleshill, and parish of Bradford; 3 miles from Bradford, 7 from Otley.

GREENHAMMERTON, in the parish of Whixley, upper-division of Claro; 7 miles from Boroughbridge and Wetherby, 8 from Knaresbrough, 10 from York.—*Principal Inn*, the George, a Posting House.—Pop. 329.

GREENHEAD, in the township and parish of Huddersfield, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; (*the seat of Benjamin Haigh Allen, Esq.*) $\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Huddersfield, 8 from Halifax.

A handsome Gothic Church was built here, at the sole expence of B. H. Allen, Esq. and was consecrated in October, 1819, by the Archbishop of York.

GREENHILL, *s. h.* in the township and parish of Bingley; 1 mile from Bingley, 6 from Bradford.

GREENHOUSE, (*the residence of Dr. Chorley*) in the township, parish, and soke of Doncaster, $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Doncaster.

GREENHOW-HILL, in the township of Dacre-with-Bewerley, and parish of Ripon, lower-division of Claro; 3 miles from Pateleybridge, 7 from Grassington, 14 from Ripon.

A large straggling village, upon an eminence, west of Pateleybridge, abounding with Lead Mines, and in which there are rarely less than five hundred inhabitants of this village employed.—The Mines are Sun-side, Prosperous, Providence, Cock-hill, and Merryfield, which produce annually about 2000 tons.

GREENHOLME, a part of Burley, in Otley parish, called Greenholme Cotton-Factory.

GREENLAND, *scattered houses*, in the township of Cowick, and parish of Snaith; 4 miles from Snaith.

GREENSIDE, 2. *h.* in the township of Thurstonland, and parish of Kirkburton; 5 miles from Huddersfield.

GREENWOOD, HIGH, in the township of Heptonstall, and parish of Halifax, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley; (*the seat of William Mitchell, Esq.*) 10 miles from Halifax, 12½ from Rochdale, (*Lanc.*)

GREENWOODLEY, *s. h.* in the township of Hepstonstall, and parish of Halifax; 10 miles from Halifax.

GREETLAND, in the township of Elland-with-Greetland, and parish of Halifax, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; 4 miles from Halifax and Huddersfield.—Pop. included in Elland.

Here was dug up a Votive Altar, as it seems, to the *Tutelar God* of the city of the Brigantes.

DVI CI BRIG
ET NVM GG.
T. AVR AVRELIAN
VS DD PRO SE
ET SVIS S. M. A. GS.

On the other side.

ANTONINO
III. ET GET. COSS.

To the God of the city of the *Brigantes*, and to the Deities of the Emperors, *Titus Aurelius Aurelianus* hath dedicated this in behalf of himself and his. The inscription on the other side shews the time when the altar was set up, *i. e.* when Antoninus was consul the third time with Geta.—CAMDEN.

GRENOFIRTH, a district, or part of the township and parish of Ecclesfield.

GRENOSIDE, in the township and parish of Ecclesfield; 5 miles from Sheffield, 6 from Rotherham, 8 from Penistone.

GREWELTHORPE, in the parish of Kirkbymalzeard, lower-division of Claro; 3 miles from Masham, 8 from Ripon.—Pop. 527.

Oliver de Buscy gave half a carucate of land here, with all the men living thereon and followers, to the Monks of Fountains-Abbey.—BURTON.

GREYSTONES, in the township of Ecclesall-Bierlow, and parish of Sheffield; (*the seats of Miss Greaves, and the Rev. Thomas Sutton,*) 2½ miles from Sheffield.

GRIMESTHORPE, in the township of Brightside-Bierlow, and parish of Sheffield; 2½ miles from Sheffield, 3½ from Rotherham.

GRIMETHORPE, *ham.* in the township of Brierley, and parish of Felkirk, liberty of Pontefract; 5 miles from Barnsley.

GRIMSTON, in the parish of Kirkby-Wharfe, wapentake of Barkston-Ash, liberty of Pontefract; (*Grimston-Hall, the seat of Lord*

Howden, $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Tadcaster, $11\frac{1}{2}$ from Ferrybridge, 13 from Pontefract.—Pop. 62.

Sir John Francis Cradock, of Grimston-Hall, was created a Baron of Ireland by the title of Baron Howden, of Grimston and Spaldington, in this county, and of Cradocks Town, in the county of Kildare, October 19, 1819.—His Lordship's family is of ancient Welch origin, claiming descent from *Caradoc*, and the ancient Princes of Wales; the name properly Carodoc. His Lordship's father, John Cradock, was Archbishop of Dublin, and died in 1778.—Heir apparent, John Hobart, only son.—DEBRET.

GRINDLETON, in the parish of Mitton, west-division of Staincliffe, liberty of Bolland; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Gisburn, 11 from Burnley, and Colne. (*Lanc.*) 15 from Skipton.—Pop. 1,125. The Church is a perpetual curacy, value, p. r. $\pounds 95$ l. Patron, the Vicar of Mitton.

GRISEDAL, (*a small dale*), in the township and parish of Sedbergh; 8 miles from Sedbergh and Hawes.

GROVE-HALL, (*the residence of William Lee, Esq.*) in the township and parish of Darrington; 2 miles from Ferrybridge, 3 from Pontefract.

GRUNSEY-GILL, (*the seat of William Brown, Esq.*) in the township of Gisburn-Forest, and parish of Gisburn; 9 miles from Settle, 15 from Skipton.

GUISELEY, a parish-town, in the upper-division of the wapentake of Skyrack, liberty of Cawood, Wistow, and Otley; 2 miles from Otley, 9 from Bradford, 10 from Leeds, 29 from York.—Pop. 1,213. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Oswald, in the deanry of the Ainsty, value, 26*l*. Patron, Trinity-College, Cambridge.

Trinity-College, Cambridge, "has only the third turn of presentation, which is the next."—*Camb. Calend.* 1822.

GUNTHWAITE, a township, in the parish of Penistone, wapentake of Staincross; 2 miles from Penistone, 7 from Barnsley, 11 from Huddersfield.—Pop. 86.

II

HACKFALL, in the township of Grewelthorpe, and parish of Kirkbymalzeard, lower division of Claro; 3 miles from Masham, 8 from Ripon, 9 from Bedale.

This sequestered and romantic Spot is the property of Mrs Lawrence. It consists of two deep Dingles, covered on either side with a profusion of wood, except in such parts where the naked Scars contribute to vary and improve the view; a small stream running through, is obstructed in various places by upright pieces of stone, and thus forms several artificial Cascades.

The Buildings are Pavilions, covered, with seats, from the first of which is a view of the great Fall, divided into two parts, and, as DAY observes, "rather steals than dashes down rocks richly clad with moss, and possesses a mildness and beauty peculiar to itself;" *artificial Ruins*, a small octagonal Room, built of petrifications, called *Fisher's Hall*; a *Grotto*, situated in front of a Cascade which falls forty feet; a *Rustic Temple*, on the margin of a sheet of water, in the middle of which there was formerly a Fountain throwing water to a great height: the whole is bounded by a noble Amphitheatre of tall trees, and although too formal for the scenery around, has a pleasing effect. The walks are laid out with great judgment and much taste, which, as you ascend, exhibit several views of Masham Church and Town, &c. but the best views are from Fisher's-Hall, which commands the whole of the two Dingles, where they fork from each other

with the bottom of each filled with the rapid river Ure, which here "bolls and foams and thunders through." The view is perfectly American, for nothing is seen from it but hanging woods, extensive scars, and water. From the Hut, on the margin of the Ure, which winds rapidly at your feet, is seen a small Cascade trickling down the hill, Fisher's Hall, Mowbray Castle, and at a short distance, the *Weeping Rock*. The view from Mowbray-Point, on the brink of a very high precipice, commands the same woody dells and water, as from Fisher's Hall, but overlooks a vast extent of country, enriched with corn, meadows, and groves, a tract of unequalled beauty and exuberant vegetation. In the Building are a handsome dining-room, a small drawing-room, and a kitchen, none of which are now in use.

On an eminence, not far distant, says PENNANT, are to be seen the remains of Mowbray's Castlehill, which are unquestionably Roman; a Square, defended on one side by the steep of the hill, on the other by a dyke and deep ditch on the outside.

HADDINGLEY, f. h. in the township of Shelley, and parish of Kirkburton; 9 miles from Huddersfield and Penistone.

HADDLESEY, CHAPEL, in the parish of Birkin, wapentake of Barkston-Ash, liberty of Pontefract; 5 miles from Selby and Snaith, 7 from Ferrybridge.—Pop. 199. Here is a Chapel of Ease to Birkin.

HADDLESEY, EAST, in the township of Chapel-Haddlesey, and parish of Birkin, liberty of Pontefract; 5 miles from Selby and Snaith.

HADDLESEY, WEST, in the parish of Birkin, wapentake of Barkston-Ash, liberty of Pontefract; 5 miles from Selby, 6 from Ferrybridge; 8 from Pontefract.—Pop. 293.

HAG, NETHER, and **HAG, OVER**, *ham.* in the township of Honley, and parish of Aldmondbury; 4½ miles from Huddersfield.

HAGGSIDE.—*See Spofforth-Haggs.*

HAGUE, HIGH and LOW, *scattered houses*, in the township of Kellbrook, and parish of Thornton, liberty of Staincliffe; 3 miles from Colne. (*Lanc.*) 9½ from Skipton.

HAGUE-HALL. (*the seat of James Allott, Esq.*) in the township and parish of South-Kirkby, wapentake of Osgoldcross; 7 miles from Pontefract, 8 from Barnsley.

HAIGH, *ham.* in the township of Kexbrough, and parish of Darton, liberty of Pontefract; (*Haigh-Hall, the residence of Robert Hodgson, Esq.*) 6 miles from Barnsley. 7 from Penistone and Wakefield.

HAINSWORTH, in the township and parish of Bingley; 2 miles from Bingley, 7 from Bradford.

HALDENBY, in the parish of Addlingfleet, wapentake of Osgoldcross, liberty of Pontefract; (*Haldenby-Park, the seat of John Jackson, Esq.*) 6 miles from Crowle. (*Linc.*) 10 from Howden.—Pop. 69.

HALES-DRAX, f. h. in the township and parish of Drax; 3 miles from Snaith, 6 from Selby.

HALIFAX, a market and parish-town, in Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; 8 miles from Bradford and Huddersfield, 10 from Dewsbury, 12 from Keighley and Todmorden, 16½ from Rochdale, (*Lanc.*) 18 from Leeds, 42 from York, 197 from London.—*Market*, Saturday, for woollen cloth, provisions, &c.—*Fairs*, June 24. and the first Saturday in November,

for horses, horned cattle, &c.—*Bankers*, Messrs. John Rawson, William Rawson, John Rhodes, and Rawden Briggs, draw on Messrs. Jones, Lloyd, and Co. 48, Lothbury.—*Principal Inns*, Talbot, White Swan, and White Lion.—Pop. 12,628. There are two Churches here, the one is a vicarage, dedicated to St. John the Baptist; in the deanry of Pontefract, value, 84*l.* 13*s.* 6½*d.* Patron, the King.—The other is called the Holy Trinity Church, a perpetual curacy, value, p. r. £100*l.* in the patronage of the Vicar of Halifax. The latter was built under the sanction of an act of parliament, by Dr. Coulthurst, the late Vicar; the masonry of which, like all the modern masonry about the town, is excellent and elaborate.

The parish of Halifax is the largest in the County, being in extent not less than seventeen miles from east to west, and about eleven miles on an average from north to south. It contains twenty-three Townships; and, besides the Vicarage Church, there are in the parish twelve Chapels to which the Vicar appoints the Curates, independent of the New Church of Halifax, and the Chapel at Marshaw-bridge. The Church is a large Gothic structure, and is supposed to have been built by the Earl of Warren and Surrey, in the reign of Henry I. It appears to have been re-edified at different periods, as part of the north side seems older than the rest.—Within the Church are two Chapels, the one called Rokeby's Chapel, was erected in consequence of the Will of Dr. William Rokeby, Vicar of Halifax, and afterwards Archbishop of Dublin, who died November 29, 1521, and ordered that his bowels and heart should be buried in the choir of this church, and his body in the chapel at Sandal.

In 1453, here were but thirteen houses in this town, which, in 120 years, increased to 520; and, in the year 1802, there were 1973 houses, 8886 inhabitants. Camden, when he travelled in these parts, about the year 1580, was informed that the number of inhabitants in this parish was about 12,000. Archbishop Grindall, in his letter to Queen Elizabeth, during the northern rebellion, also says, that the parish of Halifax was ready to bring into the field, for her service, 3 or 4000 able men.

The course of Justice formerly made use of here, called the "Gibbet Law," by which all criminals found guilty of theft, to the value of thirteen pence half-penny, were to suffer death, hath long been discontinued. The platform, four feet high, and thirteen feet square, faced on every side with stone, was ascended by a flight of steps; in the middle of this platform were placed two upright pieces of timber, five yards high, joined by a cross beam of timber at the top; within these was a square block of wood, four feet and a half long, which moved in grooves, and had an iron axe fastened in its lower edge, the weight of which was seven pounds eleven ounces; it was ten inches and a half long, seven inches over at the top, and nine at the bottom, and towards the top had two holes to fasten it to the block. The axe is still to be seen at the gaol, in Halifax: the platform remains, but has been hid, for many years past, under a mountain of rubbish.

The Guillotine erected in France, soon after the breaking out of the Revolution, and so fatal to thousands, seems to have been copied from this machine.

The Earl of Morton, Regent of Scotland, passing through Halifax, and happening to see one of these executions, caused a model to be taken, and carried it into his own country, where it remained many years before it was made use of, and obtained the name of the *Maiden*, till that Nobleman suffered by it himself, June 2, 1581. The remains of this singular machine, may yet be seen, in the Parliament-house, at Edinburgh. The origin of this custom cannot be traced, but it was by no means peculiar to this place.—*See Gent. Mag. for April, 1793.*

The Town of Halifax cannot boast of great Antiquity; its name is not found in Domesday Book, nor is it mentioned in any ancient record, before a grant of its Church was made by Earl Warren, to the Priory of Lewes, in Sussex. The

origin of its name has been variously given: Dr. Whitaker supposes it to be half Saxou, half Norman: and that formerly, in the deep valley where the church now stands, was a Hermitage, dedicated to St. John the Baptist, the imagined sanctity of which attracted a great concourse of persons in every direction: There were four roads by which the Pilgrims entered, and hence the name Halifax, or Holyways, for *fax* in Norman French, is an old plural noun, denoting highways.

In the civil wars it was garrisoned by the Parliamentarians; and to this place, Sir Thomas Fairfax retreated, after the battle of Adwalton-Moor. After these wars were over, Halifax was represented in Parliament, during the time of the Commonwealth and under the Protectorate.

The woollen manufacture, for which this town and neighbourhood have been long famous, was first introduced between 1443 and 1540, during which period, the houses had increased from thirteen to five hundred and twenty.—A detailed account of which may be seen in *Watson's History of Halifax*.—In the beginning of the 18th Century, the manufacture of Woollen Stuffs was introduced; Shalloons, Everlastings, Moreens, Shags, &c. have been made to great perfection; and within these few years, the cotton-trade has extended itself to this neighbourhood. For the convenience of trade, the manufacturers erected, at the expence of 12,000*l.* a handsome structure, in the lower part of the town, for the sale of their goods, called the *Piece-Hall*, which was first opened for sale in 1779, where the goods of the manufacturers, in an unfinished state, are deposited, and exhibited for sale, every Saturday. The building contains 300 separate cells, and is proof against fire and thieves.

In 1642, Nathaniel Waterhouse, by Will, founded an Alms-House, in this town for twelve poor Widows, and a Blue Coat Hospital for twenty poor Children. He also bequeathed 60*l.* per ann. to the Curates of the twelve Chapels, within the Vicarage; a Legacy to the Free School at Skircoats, founded by Queen Elizabeth, &c.—These bequests, according to returns published by order of Parliament, made in 1786, amounted to 475*l.* 16*s.* 6*d.* per annum—a copy of Mr. Waterhouse's will is inserted in *Mr. Watson's History of Halifax*. In 1610, (according to Mr. Watson) Ellen Hopkinson, and Jane Crowther, built in their life-times, Alms-Houses, containing eighteen rooms, for as many poor Widows, and two rooms for a Schoolmaster, which they endowed with Money and Tenements; the annual produce, in 1787, was 13*l.* These alms-houses being rebuilt, were made to contain twenty-four rooms, twenty of which are for twenty Widows, and three for the Master. In Halifax there are Chapels for almost every class of Dissenters; two National Schools, on the Plans of Dr. Bell and Mr. Lancaster; Public Baths, Assembly Rooms, Theatre, &c. Here is also a Benevolent Society for clothing the Sick and Destitute; and to the Public Foundations already noticed, we may add that beneficent Establishment, the Dispensary, which is supported by voluntary Subscriptions.

The Lord of the Manor has here a Gaol for the imprisonment of debtors, within the Manor of Wakefield, and in this gaol is the Gibbet-axe of the well-known "Halifax Gibbet Law."

Of the eminent men born in Halifax, whose names are on record, we find the following:—Henry Briggs, an eminent mathematician, was born in 1556, and educated at St. John's College, Cambridge, where he was Fellow in 1588. In 1596, he was chosen Gresham Professor of Geometry, which place he resigned in 1620, on being appointed Savilian Professor at Oxford, where he died in 1630. He was the first improver of Logarithms after Napier, the original inventor, whom he visited in Scotland, and published in 1624, a work of stupendous labour, entitled "*Arithmetica Logarithmica*," containing Logarithms of 30,000 natural numbers. He also wrote some other valuable books on mathematical subjects.—*Biog. Dict.*

Joseph Brookbank, born in 1612, son of George Brookbank, of Halifax, was entered at Brazon-Nose College, in 1632, took a degree in Arts, went into orders, and had a curacy. At length removing to London, he taught school in Fleet-Street, and preached there. The time of his death is not known. He published, "Breviate of Lilly's Latin Gram. Svo. &c." London, 1660, Sermons, &c. He, by indenture, bearing date Oct. 4, 1712, conveyed to Trustees,

certain lands and tenements, for the founding of the School at Elland.—*Watson's Halifax.*

That excellent Optician and Mechanist, Mr Jesse Ramsden, was born here in 1735. He greatly improved Hadley's Quadrant. In 1786, he was chosen Fellow of the Royal Society. He died at Brighton in 1800.

The celebrated Daniel de Foe, although not a native, was for some time resident at Halifax. Here he employed himself in writing his books, "*De Jure Divino*," the famous romance of "*Robinson Crusoe*," and other literary works.—*WHITAKER.*

William Edwards, book-seller, Halifax, a character of very great eminence in his profession, died Jan. 10, 1808, aged 86. The catalogues which he occasionally published, were astonishingly rich in scarce and valuable books, of which the ornamental bindings were peculiarly elegant.—*Nichols' Lit. Anec.*

Of Halifax and the parish, there are no less than three separate histories, viz. "*Halifax and its Gibbet Law*," by John Bentley, 12mo. published in 1761. "*Antiquities of the town of Halifax*," by Thomas Wright, 12mo. Leeds, 1738; and the "*History and Antiquities of the parish of Halifax*," by the Rev. John Watson, M. A. and F. S. A. 4to. London, 1775; besides an edition in 8vo. entitled the "*History of the town and parish of Halifax*," &c. published in numbers, by E. Jacobs, in 1789. This last appears to be an abridgement of Watson's.

HALLAM, UPPER, a township, in the parish of Sheffield, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberty of Hallamshire; 3 miles from Sheffield.—Pop. 1,018.

HALLAM, NETHER, a township, in the parish of Sheffield, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberty of Hallamshire; 1½ mile from Sheffield.—Pop. 3,200.

HALL-GATE, 3 f. h. in the township and parish of Handsworth; 4 miles from Sheffield, 6 from Rotherham.

HALL-GREEN, in the township of Crigglestone, and parish of Sandal-Magna, liberty of Wakefield; 4 miles from Wakefield, 7½ from Barnsley.

HALLOWS, ham. in the township of Wilsden, and parish of Bradford; 3¼ miles from Keighley, 4 from Bradford.

HALSTEAD, (*the seat of Mrs Jane Foxcroft*,) in the township and parish of Thornton in Lonsdale, wapentake of Eweross; 1 mile from Ingleton, 6½ from Kirby-Lonsdale, (*Westm.*)

HALTON, in the township of Temple-Newsam, and parish of Whitkirk; 3¼ miles from Leeds.

HALTON-DIAL, (*toll-bar*) in the township of Temple-Newsam, and parish of Whitkirk; 2¼ miles from Leeds.

HALTON, EAST, in the parish of Skipton, east-division of Staincliffe, liberty of Clifford's-Feo, 4 miles from Skipton, 9 from Keighley, 14 from Otley.—Pop. including Bolton, 141, which being united, form a township.

HALTON-GILL, in the parish of Arnecliffe, west-division and liberty of Staincliffe; 9 miles from Kettlewell, 10 from Settle, 14 from Hawes, 20 from Skipton.—Pop. 114. The Church is a perpetual curacy, value, p. r. +60*l.* 7*s.* 7*d.* Patron, the Vicar of Arnecliffe. The Chapel was rebuilt in 1636; it has no church-yard or interments, but is dependant on Arnecliffe.

"Amongst the singular characters of this country, was Mr Wilson, formerly curate of this place, and father of the late Rev. Edward Wilson, canon of Windsor. He wrote a Tract entitled "*The Man in the Moon*;" which was re-

riously meant to convey the knowledge of common astronomy in the following strange vehicle: A cobbler, Israel Jobson by name, is supposed to ascend, first to the top of Penigent; and thence, as a second stage, equally practicable, to the Moon; after which he makes a tour of the whole solar system. From this excursion, however, the traveller brings back little information which might not have been had upon earth, excepting that the inhabitants of one of the planets, were made of Pot-metal." The book is now rarely to be met with.—*Whitaker's Craven*.

HALTON, WEST, in the parish of Long-Preston, west-division and liberty of Staincliffe; (*Halton-Place, the seat of John Yorke, Esq.*) 7 miles from Settle, 12 from Skipton, 15 from Colne, (*Lanc.*)—Pop. 190.

This village gave name to a very ancient family, which bore, Argent, two bars Azure, the last heiress of whom, 3rd Richard III, added it to the great estate of the Talbots, of Bas-hall, by marrying Sir Thomas Talbot, Knight. Halton remained in the Talbot family till their extinction, about the year 1660. It is now, by purchase, the property of John Yorke, Esq. who has greatly enhanced the value of the estate, by judicious improvements.—*Whitaker's Craven*.

HAMBLETON, in the parish of Brayton, wapentake of Barkston-Ash; (*Hambleton-House, the seat of Samuel Smith, Esq.*) 3¼ miles from Selby, 7 from Ferrybridge, 9 from Pontefract.—Pop. 488.

HAMBLETON-HOUSE, *s. h.* in the township of Bolton-Abbey, and parish of Skipton; 6 miles from Skipton.

HAMERTON, *f. h.* in the township of Easington, and parish of Slaidburn; 1½ mile from Slaidburn.

This place, which gave name to one of the most ancient families in Craven, is now only a large farm-house, which, with the estate annexed, belongs to Manchester school.

Here was a Chantry founded by Stephen de Hamerton, in the chapel of St. Mary, within his manor of Hamerton, in 1332, for a competent secular chaplain, presentable by himself during his life, and after his decease, by his son John, and his heirs, in the said chapel, to celebrate masses, &c. for the said Stephen, Richard his father, and Agnes his mother. For the support of which chaplain, he amortized two messuages, thirty-six acres of land, and twenty acres of meadow, in Slaidburn, and New Laund in Bowland, for ever. This endowment was confirmed by William, Archbishop of York, in February, 1332. Two institutions only occur for this chantry, and as it does not appear in the catalogue of Archbishop Holgate or Browne Willis, it seems most probable that it fell long before the general dissolution.

HAMMERTON, GREEN.—*See Greenhammerton*.

HAMPOLE, (extraparochial) in the lower-division of Straforth and Tickhill; 6½ miles from Doncaster, 9 from Pontefract, 13½ from Wakefield.—Pop. including Stubbs, 140, which being united, form a township.

A Priory was built here about the year 1170, by William de Clarefal and Avicia de Panai, his wife, for fourteen or fifteen Cistercian Nuns, and dedicated to the Virgin Mary; valued at the dissolution at 63*l.* 5*s.* 8*d.* Due.; 83*l.* 6*s.* 11*d.* SPEED. The site, with demesnes, were granted to Francis Aislaby, in 6th Edward VI. 1552.

This Nunnery stood in a pleasant vale, in a fine country, near to the high road leading from Wakefield to Doncaster. At present there is an old hall, which seems either to have been part of the Priory, or built out of its ruins.—**DUNDALE**.—**BURTON**.

Here lived Richard Role, a hermit, whom Gray, in his introduction to his Key to the Old Testament, says, "one of the first attempts at a translation into the English language of the Bible, as spoken after the conquest, appears to have

been made by Richard Role, an hermit of Hampole, in Yorkshire, who translated and wrote a Gloss. upon the Psalter, and a metrical paraphrase of the book of Job; he died A. D. 1349."

HAMPSTHWAITE, a parish-town, in the lower-division of Claro, liberty of Knaresbrough; 2 miles from Ripley, 7 from Knaresbrough, 8 from Ripon, 25 from York.—Pop. 490. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Thomas a Beckett, in the deanry of the Ainsty, value, 13*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* Patrons, Messrs. Shanns.

This village was part of the possessions of the Lords Tiptoft; it is a long straggling village, pleasantly situated on the southern bank of the river Nid. The patronage of the church was given to the Priory of Knaresbrough.—*Hist. Knaresbrough.*

HAND-BANK, *f. h.* in the township of Langsett, and parish of Penistone; 3 miles from Penistone.

HANDSWORTH, a parish-town, in the upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberties of St. Peter and Hallamshire; 4½ miles from Sheffield, 7 from Rotherham, 12½ from Chesterfield, (*Derby.*) 55 from York.—Pop. 2,173. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, 12*l.* 4*s.* 7*d.* Patron, the Duke of Norfolk.

Handsworth is situated upon an eminence, on the turnpike road from Sheffield to Worksop, from which are commanded extensive and beautiful views of the surrounding country. Not far from the church-yard stands the village school, a respectable stone building, erected by subscription in the year 1800, for the education of a certain number of poor children, to be elected pursuant to the Will of Dr. Lockier, formerly rector of this parish, who, with the Hon. Mrs Jane Howard, wife of the rector, gave the uses of certain monies for its endowment. — For an account of this parish, see *Hunter's Hallamshire.*

HANDSWORTH-WOOD HOUSE, in the township and parish of Handsworth, liberties of St. Peter and Hallamshire; 5 miles from Sheffield.

HANGING-STONES, *ham.* in the township and parish of Ilkley; 4 miles from Otley, 8 from Bradford.

HANLITH, in the parish of Kirkby-Malhamdale, west-division of Staincliffe, liberty of Clifford's-Feo; (*Hanlith-Hall, a seat of Colonel Serjeantson*) 6½ miles from Settle, 9½ from Skipton, 10½ from Kettlewell.—Pop. 46.

Hanlith is situated on the east bank of the river Aire. The family of the Serjeantsons, who possess the principal property in the place, resided here at the commencement of the parish Register in 1597.—*Whitaker.*

HARDCASTLE, FAR and NEAR, 2 *f. h.* in the township of Dacre-cum-Bewerley, and parish of Ripon; 4 miles from Pateley-bridge, 14 from Kettlewell.

HARDEN, (*the seat of Robert Parker, Esq.*) in the township of the Forest of Bowland, Higher, and parish of Slaidburn; 6 miles from Slaidburn, 14 from Lancaster.

HARDEN, *ham.* in the township and parish of Bingley; (*Harden-Grange, the seat of Walker Ferrand, Esq.*) 2 miles from Bingley, 5 from Bradford, 8 from Halifax.

HARDEN, *scat. h.* in the township and parish of Thornton; 4 miles from Colne. (*Lanc.*) 9½ from Skipton.

HARD-GATE, a part of Bishop-Thornton, in Ripon Parish.

- HARDINGLEY**, *f. h.* in the township of Shelley, and parish of Kirkburton; 9 miles from Huddersfield and Penistone.
- HARDISTY-HILL**, *scat. h.* in the township and parish of Newston; 8½ miles from Otley, 9½ from Ripley.
- HARDWICK**, *f. h.* in the township of Aston-with-Aughton, and parish of Aston; 4 miles from Rotherham, 8 from Sheffield.
- HARDWICK, BLIND, or SPITAL**, *f. h.* in the township, parish, and liberty of Pontefract; 1 mile from Pontefract.
- HARDWICK, EAST**, in the parish of Pontefract, wapentake of Osgoldcross, liberty of Pontefract; 2 miles from Pontefract, 9½ from Wakefield.—Pop. 96. Here is a donative Chapel.
- HARDWICK, WEST**, in the parish of Wragby, wapentake of Osgoldcross, liberty of Pontefract; 3 miles from Pontefract, 7 from Wakefield.—Pop. 93.
- HARE-HILLS**, 2 or 3 *h.* in the township and parish of Keighley, liberty of Staincliffe; 3 miles from Keighley.
- HARRUNDEN, or ARRUNDEN**, *ham.* in the township of Cartworth, and parish of Kirkburton; 7 miles from Huddersfield.
- HAREWOOD**, a parish-town, in the upper-division of Skyrack; 6 miles from Wetherby, 8 from Leeds, Harrogate, and Otley, 10 from Knaresbrough, 11 from Tadcaster, 12 from Bradford, 20 from York, 197 from London.—*Market, Monday.—Fairs*, last Monday in April, and second Monday in October, for sheep and cattle. The Market which appears to have been chartered for calves, sheep, &c. is now nearly obsolete.—*Principal Inn*, Harewood Arms.—Pop. 849. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of the Ainsty, value, $\pm 14l. 1s. 10d.$ Patrons, the Earl of Harewood, with the Parishoners, and G. H. Wheeler, Esq. of Ledstone, alternately.

This is the neatest village in the county, the houses of which are uniformly and handsomely built of stone, consisting of two streets, one running north and south, the other east and west, the latter forming a regular approach to the gateway leading to Harewood-house; and the houses have, at first view, more the appearance of habitations of gentlemen than tenantry.

The Church, of great antiquity, is surrounded by a thick grove of trees, which, by their embowering shade, give to it a peculiar air of solemnity; the west-end is beautifully mantled with ivy. In number and perfect preservation of the tombs of its Lords, this Church probably surpasses every parish-church in the county; and as virtue and honest patriotism are, almost on all occasions, held up to us as models deserving our imitation, this place has been pointed out by all historians as most sacred, for it contains the relics of the virtuous Judge, Sir William Gascoigne, of Gawthorpe, who was, while trying one of the Prince of Wales' favourites, insulted upon the bench by the Prince himself, afterwards Henry V. The Judge resolutely committed him, and declared, "He would have the laws respected." This upright Judge discovered equally his resolution and integrity, in refusing to try Archbishop Serope, for High Treason, an office which another Judge, who was not so scrupulous, assumed and pursued to a fatal point for that prelate.

HAREWOOD-HOUSE, (*the seat of the Earl of Harewood*) in the township and parish of Harewood, upper-division of Skyrack; 8 miles from Leeds and Harrogate.

This magnificent and justly admired Mansion was built by the late Mr John Muschamp of Harewood, under the direction of Mr Adams of London, and

Mr Carr of York. The foundation was laid in March, 1759, by the late Lord Harewood. It is situated at the top of a hill, fronting to the south, and commanding "a rich home view, over fields and woods, with one slight exception, nearly all his own." This, says Dr. Whitaker, "is a fortunate place, blessed with much natural beauty and fertility, and in the compass of a country village, with nearly an entire though dismantled castle, a modern palace surrounded by a wide extent of pleasure grounds and plantations, and a parish-church filled with unmailed sculptures of the 14th and 15th centuries." The whole length of the building is 248 feet 6 inches, and the width 84 feet, consisting of a centre and two wings, displaying all the richness of Corinthian Architecture. The apartments are numerous and large, and finished in the first style of elegance, and with great taste. The ceilings are, many of them, richly ornamented from designs of Rebecci and others, the Paintings, Busts, &c. by the first masters, are extremely numerous; and the whole of this princely mansion is fitted up with so much costly elegance, yet usefulness evidently united, that no elaborate description can do it justice.

The taste displayed in the pleasure grounds and gardens, corresponds with the magnificence of the house; they comprise nearly 150 acres, laid out by Brown, at the expence of about 16,000*l*.

The public must feel grateful to Lord Harewood, for his liberality shewn to visitors, by allowing them to view this magnificent mansion every Saturday, from eleven to four o'clock in the afternoon.

On the declivity of the hill, rising from the vale of Warf, stands the dilapidated Castle of Harewood, built soon after the conquest, and then, with the Manor, in possession of William de Meschines; and after passing through various families, we find it in the time of Edward III. in that of the Aldburghs. In the reign of Elizabeth, they were in the possession of the Gascoignes; and after that in the family of the Wentworths, by whom the castle and estate were sold to Sir John Cutler, of parsimonious memory. On a partition, this place with its dependencies, fell to the share of Cutler,* who sometimes resided at Gawthorpe, the Castle being then completely dismantled. He left it to his only daughter Elizabeth wife of John Roberts, Earl of Radnor, with a remainder in failure of issue, to his relation, John Boulter, Esq. who took possession, on the decease of this countess in 1696. Of his trustees, this Manor was purchased about the year 1739, by Henry Lascelles, Esq. father of the first Lord Harewood, who spent the best part of a long life in improving and adorning a situation so peculiarly capable of both.

* Cutler saw tenants break, and houses fall;
For very want he could not build a wall.
His only daughter in a stranger's pow'r;
For very want he could not pay a dow'r.
A few grey hairs his reverend temples crown'd;
'Twas very want that sold them for two pound.— PORE.

The family of the Lascelles is very ancient, and appears from a pedigree in Loidis et Elmete, to have descended from John de Lascelles, of Hindercliffe, and who held lands in 1315, 9 Edward II.

On the 9th of July, 1790, Edwin Lascelles, the first Lord Harewood, was advanced to the peerage; and at his decease, 25th of January, 1795, was succeeded by Edward, the late Earl, who was created Earl of Harewood and Viscount Lascelles, by patent, dated September 7, 1812, and succeeded by his son Henry.

HAREWOOD-BRIDGE INN. in the township of Dun-Keswick, and parish of Harewood; 1 mile from Harewood, 7 from Harrogate, 8 from Otley, 9 from Knaresborough.

HARKER, f. h. in the township and parish of Slaidburn; 2½ miles from Slaidburn.

HARLINGTON, ham. in the township and parish of Barnbrough, liberty of Tickhill; 6 miles from Doncaster, 9½ from Barnsley.

HARLOW, *ham.* in the township of Wentworth, and parish of Wath-upon-Dearn; 7 miles from Rotherham, 8 from Barnsley.

HARROGATE, **HIGH**, in the township of Bilton-with-High-Harrogate, and parish of Knaresbrough, lower-division of Claro, liberty of Knaresbrough; 3 miles from Knaresbrough, 4 from Ripley, 8 from Wetherby, 9 from Hopper-Lane Inn and Otley, 10 from Boroughbridge, 11 from Ripon, 16 from Leeds, 21 from York, 211 from London.—*Principal Inns*, Dragon, Granby, Queen's Head, and Hope Tavern.—*Pop.* included in Bilton. Here is a Chapel, which is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. John, value, *19*l.* 18*s.* 8*d.* Patron, the Vicar of Knaresbrough.

This place has been long celebrated for its Chalybeate and Sulphurous Waters, and the great resort of company from all parts of the kingdom, during the summer months. It consists of two villages, High and Low Harrogate; the former stands on what was once a weary waste, commanding prospects of the surrounding country to a great extent: York Cathedral may be distinctly seen, and the Yorkshire Wolds and Hambleton hills terminate the eastern view; while the western one is bounded by the Craven hills. It formerly consisted of a few farm-houses and miserable cottages scattered over a bleak dreary heath, but has now a regular and neatly built street, running north and south, with handsome shops and four spacious inns for the accommodation of visitors.

Low Harrogate is about half a mile west, in the vale below, and possesses all the comforts and advantages resulting from good inns and lodging-houses of the former. A much greater number of nobility and gentry resort to these places, during the season, than to any other Watering-place in the north.

The first spring discovered here was the old Spa, in 1571, by Capt. William Slingsby, who found that it possessed properties similar to those of the German Spa. He for some time resided at the Grange, and afterwards at Bilton, at that time a royal park well stocked with deer. This spring is now covered with a dome, erected in 1786, at the expence of Alexander Lord Loughborough, who also laid out a plantation on his estate here, which forms a pleasant shade, to a broad walk of two miles long, highly ornamental to the place.

Another Chalybeate Spring, called the *Tewitt Well*, about half a mile south-west of the old Spa, and possessing similar qualities, is occasionally used.

Both these springs are situated at High Harrogate; but the principal, and that which occasions the greatest resort, are those long celebrated Sulphur Wells at Low Harrogate, which are most fetidly salutary and efficacious in all Scorbatic complaints.

A new spring was discovered in the garden of the Crescent Inn, in the year 1783, which seems best suited to scrofulous complaints. The salt it contains renders it active as a gentle stimulous, to promote the secretions; while the iron will tend most powerfully to remove debility, which, Dr. Garnett observes, if not originally the cause of the disease, always retards its cure.

These mineral waters have been analysed by many eminent Physicians, but by none with more accuracy than Dr. Garnett.

In 1819, two new springs were discovered, a Saline Chalybeate Spring, resembling Cheltenham Water, and a Chalybeate Spring. The Cheltenham Water, as it is called, has come into great repute, and will, no doubt, prove a valuable addition to the waters at Harrogate. Dr. Hunter, of Leeds, published a Treatise on these Waters: they are also particularly noticed by Dr. Scudamore, in his account of Mineral Waters, published in 1820.

There are public balls at the Inns, thrice a week, each house in regular rotation, and every kind of amusement is here to be met with.

The Theatre, situated at High Harrogate, was built by the late Mr Samuel Butler, and opened by him in 1788, which affords a rational entertainment to those who are fond of Theatricals.

The Promenade Room, from its vicinity to the Wells, at Low Harrogate, has considerably increased the number of visitors here of late years; for, when the weather is unfavourable for excursions, all descriptions of persons find amuse-

ment in the room. The erection of this building was first suggested by G. Cayley, M. D. and was opened for the reception of company in 1805.

HARROGATE, LOW, in the township and parish of Pannal, lower-division of Claro, liberty of Knaresbrough; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Knaresbrough.—*Principal Inns*, the Crown, White-Hart, Swan, Crescent, and Hotel.

HARROP-LODGE, in the township of the Forest of Bowland, Lower; $6\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Gisburn, 7 from Clitheroe, (*Lanc.*)

HARROP-HALL, or **NEAR**, *f. h.* in the township of the Forest of Bowland, Lower, and parish of Slaidburn; 7 miles from Guisburn.

HARTHILL, a parish-town, in the upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; 8 miles from Worksop, (*Notts.*) 9 from Rotherham, $11\frac{1}{2}$ from Tickhill, 55 from York.—Pop. 650. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, 18*l.* 11*s.* 10½*d.* Patron, the Duke of Leeds.

HARTHEAD, in the parish of Dewsbury, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; 5 miles from Huddersfield and Dewsbury, 6 from Halifax.—Pop. including Clifton, 2007. The Church is a perpetual curacy, value, p. r. +95*l.* Patron, the Vicar of Dewsbury.

The Chapel of Harthead is dependent on the Church of Dewsbury, and is the only one existing in the parish. It was in being at the time the living of Dewsbury was granted by the second Earl Warren, to the Priory of Lewis, about the year 1120; and may have existed before the time of Doomsday. Great part of the fabric has been renewed since the first erection, but the principal door, and the arch over the entrance of the choir remain, both adorned by semicircular arches. At a small distance, by the highway side, leading to the common, is the base of a genuine Saxon cross, called *Walton Cross*, four feet five inches in height, and two feet three inches at the top. It is wrought in the usual style, with knots and scrolls, and has a cavity at the top for the insertion of a shaft.—*Whitaker.*

HARTLINGTON, in the parish of Burnsall, east-division of Staincliffe, liberty of Clifford's-Fea; 9 miles from Skipton and Pateleybridge, 11 from Kettlewell.—Pop. 141.

HARTWITH, in the parish of Kirkbymalzeard, lower-division of Claro; 4 miles from Pateleybridge, 10 from Ripon, and Knaresbrough.—Pop. including Winsley, 675, which being united form a township. Here is a Chapel under Kirkbymalzeard, of which the Vicar is Patron, present value, 100*l.*

Here is a School endowed by Robert Haxby, with an estate at Darley, but when established, not known; it is free only to the children of the tenants of three farms, formerly belonging to Robert Haxby, the founder, now the property of John Swires, Esq. the rent 29*l.* per ann. is paid to the master.—*Commissioners' Report.*

HARWOOD-WELL, *scat. h.* in the township of Skircoat, and parish of Halifax, liberty of Wakefield; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Halifax.

HATFIELD, a parish-town, in the upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; (*the seat of W. Gossip, Esq.*) 4 miles from Thorne, 8 from Doncaster, 11 from Bawtry, 34 from York.—Pop. 1,948. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Lawrence, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, p. r. 80*l.* 4*s.* 3*d.* Patron, Lord Deerpurth, in right of his Wife. *Bacon* styles it a vicarage, value, 15*l.* 5*s.*

On Hatfield Heath, a bloody battle was fought between Ceadwalla, King of the Britons, and Penda, the Pagan King of Mercia, against Edwin, the first

Christian King of Northumberland, in which Edwin, and Offrid his eldest son, were slain.—RAPIN.—DRAKE.

In the old Manor-house here, was born, William, the second son of King Edward III. from which place he took the name of William de Hatfield. The Queen, Philippa, his mother, on this occasion, gave five marks per annum to the neighbouring Abbey of Roche, and five nobles to the Monks there, which sums, when he died, were transferred to the church of York, where the Prince was buried, to pray for his soul.—DRAKE.

The extensive level of Hatfield Chace, the largest in England, contains within its limits, above 180,000 acres, one half of which was covered with water, till Charles I. sold it to Sir Cornelius Vermuiden, a Dutchman, without the consent of the commissioners and tenants, to drain and cultivate; which to the general surprise, he at length effected, at the expense of about 400,000*l*. But the affair involved him in tedious and ruinous law-suits.—*Hist. Doncaster*.

In 1811, an Act was obtained for inclosing between eight and nine thousand acres of rich common in this neighbourhood, which must be ultimately productive of great public and private advantage.

In the centre of this chace, at a place called Lindholme, tradition relates, there formerly lived a Hermit, called William of Lindholme. Of his cell a particular account is given in the Gents. Mag. for 1747, written by George Stovin, Esq. of Crowle, and copied into the Hist. of Doncaster. Mr Stovin's Letter is dated Aug. 31, 1727. It was situated in the middle of sixty acres of firm sandy ground, full of pebbles; at the east end stood an altar, made of hewn stone, and at the west end is the hermit's grave, covered with a freestone slab—under it were found a tooth, a scull, the thigh and shin bones of a human body, all of a very large size; likewise a peck of hemp-seed, and a piece of beaten copper. A farm-house now occupies the site of the cell.

The Church is a large handsome building, having a lofty elegant tower, and although originally Saxon, the present structure is not older than the reign of Henry III. In it are several monuments of the Hatfield family, and one of Abraham de la Pryme.—*Hist. Doncaster*.

HATFIELD-HALL, (*the residence of Francis Maud, Esq.*) in the township of Stanley-with-Wrentborpe, and parish of Wakefield, liberty of Wakefield; 2 miles from Wakefield, 8 from Leeds.

HATFIELD-HOUSE, *ham.* in the township and parish of Ecclesfield: 4 miles from Sheffield, 5 from Rotherham.

HATFIELD-WOOD HOUSE, in the township and parish of Hatfield; 3½ miles from Thorne, 8½ from Doncaster.

HAUGH-END, (*the seat of Major Priestly*) in the township of Sowerby, and parish of Halifax, liberty of Wakefield; 3½ miles from Halifax, 8½ from Huddersfield.

At this place, in Oct. 1630, the celebrated Dr. John Tillotson, Archbishop of Canterbury, first drew breath, a place that will ever be regarded with veneration, by all who know how to estimate religion without bigotry, and reason without scepticism. He was the son of a clothier; and received his education at Clarehall, Cambridge, where he was chosen Fellow in 1651. He attended Lord Russell on the scaffold, and endeavoured to prevail on him to acknowledge the doctrine of non-resistance, a principle which the Doctor had afterwards occasion to renounce. He was zealous against popery in the reign of James II. and, after the revolution, was the confidential friend of William and Mary, who bestowed on him the Archbishopric of Canterbury.—His Sermons were published in 10 vols. 8vo. and 3 vols. folio. He died in 1694, much tamented.

HAUGH, NETHER, in the township of Greasbrough, and parish of Rotherham, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberty of Tickhill: 2¼ miles from Rotherham, 9¼ from Barnsley.

HAUGH, UPPER, in the township and parish of Rawmarsh, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; 3 miles from Rotherham, 9 from Sheffield and Barnsley.

HAVERAII-PARK, (extraparochial) in the lower-division of Claro, liberty of Knaresbrough; 7 miles from Knaresbrough, 8 from Otley.—Pop. 87.

This Park, formerly a royal Chace, containing upwards of 2000 acres, now divided into farms, is the property of Sir William Ingilby, Bart. in whose family it has been for many ages.

At the west-end of this ancient enclosure, situated on the point of a hill, are the remains of a strong tower, with suitable out-works; the foundations, and part of the gateway only remaining. Its dimensions appear to have been an exact square, each side measuring fifty feet; the ditch, in some places, is twenty-four feet deep, and five hundred feet in circumference. By whom the park was enclosed, or the tower erected, is not known; it is commonly called "*John of Gaunt's Castle*," and, perhaps, was erected by that Prince, when Lord of Knaresbrough, about the year 1371.

HAVERCROFT, in the parish of Felkirk, wapentake of Staincross, liberty of Pontefract; 5 miles from Barnsley, 6½ from Wakefield, 9 from Pontefract.—Pop. including North or Cold-Hiendley 189, which being united form a township.

HAVERCROFT, in the township and parish of Batley, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley; 2½ miles from Dewsbury, 6¼ from Bradford.

HAWKESTONE-SLACK, 2 *cotts*. in the township of Stansfield, and parish of Halifax, liberty of Wakefield; 10 miles from Halifax and Burnley. (*Lanc.*)

HAWKSWORTH, in the parish of Otley, upper-division of Sky-rack, liberty of Cawood, Wistow, and Otley; (*Hawksworth-Hall, the residence of George Carroll, Esq.*) 4 miles from Otley, 6 from Bradford, 12 from Leeds.—Pop. 323.

This place gave name and residence to a family of the highest antiquity, to which authentic records usually ascend; and is one of the instances in which property has descended in the possession of one family from the conquest to the present time; for it appears by a pedigree of the family, attested by the "King of Arms," in 1642, that John, the father of Walter de Hawksworth, the first possessor of this place, came over with the Conqueror, and was killed at the battle of Hastings, where he commanded under Richard Fitzpoint, a Norman Baron, surnamed Clifford, Lord Clifford, of Clifford Castle.—It is now the property of Walter Fawkes, Esq. of Farnley, a lineal descendant of the family, and whose father resided here till 1786. The Hall is an irregular stone building of various periods. The oldest part bears the date of 1611, on some rich and curious plasterwork, very characteristic of that age. But it has been improved and modernized by the family, at various times.—WHITAKER—NEALE.

HAWKESWICK, in the parish of Arnecliffe, west-division of Staincliffe, liberty of Clifford's-Feo; 4 miles from Kettlewell, 10 from Settle, 15 from Skipton.—Pop. 86.

HAWORTH, in the parish of Bradford, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; 5 miles from Keighley, 7 from Bradford, 8 from Halifax, 9½ from Colne, (*Lanc.*)—*No Market.*—*Fairs*, July 22, for pedlary ware; and October 14, for horned cattle, pedlary ware, &c.—Pop. 4668. Here is a Chapel of ease, dedicated to St. Michael. Patron, the Vicar of Bradford.

HAWPIKE, *f. h.* in the township of Draughton, and parish of Skipton; 5 miles from Skipton.

HAWSHAW, *ham.* in the township of Kellbrook, and parish of

Thornton, east-division and liberty of Staincliffe; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Colne, (*Lane.*) 9 from Skipton.

HAYLEY-HILL, *seat. h.* in the township of Northowram, and parish of Halifax; $\frac{1}{4}$ of a mile from Halifax.

HAY-PARK FARMS, in the township and parish of Knaresbrough; 1 mile from Knaresbrough, 7 from Wetherby.

HAYWOOD, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Campsall; 7 miles from Doncaster and Thorne.

HAZELHEAD, *f. h.* in the township of Thurston, and parish of Penistone; 3 miles from Penistone.

HAZELWOOD, in the parish of Skipton, upper-division of Claro; $7\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Skipton, 13 from Pateleybridge, $16\frac{1}{2}$ from Knaresbrough.—Pop. including Storithes, 209, which being united form a township.

Here is a School for the poor of the township, the master of which receives 15*l.* per annum, from Sylvester Petyt's charities, the interest of 300*l.* The school-house was built about 120 years ago, by a person of the name of Winterburne.—*Commiss. Report.* Mr Petyt, whose charities were extensive in the neighbourhood, appears to have been born at Storithes, in this township.

HAZELWOOD, in the township of Stutton-with-Hazelwood, and parish of Tadcaster, wapentake of Barkston-Ash; 3 miles from Tadcaster, 7 from Wetherby.—Pop. included in Stutton.

In the same township is

HAZELWOOD-HALL, (extraparochial) (*a seat of Sir Thomas Farasour, Bart.*)

HEALAUGH, (Ainsty) a parish-town, 3 miles from Tadcaster, 7 from Wetherby, 8 from York.—Pop. 191. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. John, value, p. r. between 80 and 100*l.* Patron, Benjamin Brooksbank, Esq. *Bacon* styles it a vicarage discharged, value, 6*l.*

In the reign of King John, here was an Hermitage in the wood, which afterwards, in 1218, became a convent of regular black canons, established and endowed by Jordan de St. Maria, and Alice, his wife. At the time of the dissolution, here were fourteen canons, who had revenues to the value of 72*l.* 10*s.* 7*d.* per annum. This monastery was granted, in 1540, to James Gage, and afterwards came into the possession of Sir Arthur Darcy, Knight. It afterwards was part of the possessions of the Lords Wharton, and was the seat of Philip, Lord Wharton, temp. Charles I.—BURTON.—DRAKE.

Leland says, "From Tadcaster to Helagh Priory is about two mile, by inclosed ground. One Geoffrey Haget, a nobleman, was first founder of it. In this priory was buried sum of the Depedales and Stapletons, gentlemen; of whom, one Sir Bryan Stapleton, a valiant Knight, is much spoken of. Geoffrey Haget was owner of Helagh Lordship, and besides a great owner in the Ainsty. From Helagh priory, scant a mile to Helagh village. I saw great ruins of an ancient manor of stone, with a fair wooded park thereby, that belonged to the Earl of Northumberland. It was as far as I can perceive, sumtyme the Haget's land."

HEALAUGH-HALL, (Ainsty) *the seat of Benjamin Brooksbank, Esq.* in the township and parish of Healaugh; 1 mile from Tadcaster, 6 from Wetherby, 10 from York.

HEALAUGH-MANOR, (Ainsty) *f. h.* in the township and parish of Healaugh; 2 miles from Tadcaster.

HEADLEY-HALL, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Bramham; 3 miles from Tadcaster, 5 from Wetherby.

- HEALEY**, *ham.* in the township and parish of Batley; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Dewsbury, 6 from Wakefield.
- HEELEY**, in the township of Nether-Hallam, and parish of Sheffield, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Sheffield.
- HEELEY, UPPER**, in the township of Nether-Hallam, and parish of Sheffield; 2 miles from Sheffield.
- HEANING**, *s. h.* in the township of Newton, and parish of Slaidburn; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Slaidburn.
- HEATH**, in the township of Warmfield-with-Heath, and parish of Warmfield, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; (*the seats of John Henry Smyth, and William Smithson, Esqrs.*) 2 miles from Wakefield, 10 from Barnsley.—Pop. included in Warmfield. Heath-Hall is occupied by Nuns of the order of St. Benedict.
- HEATHEN-CARR**, *4 f. h.* in the township of Upper-Stonebeck, and parish of Kirkbymalzeard; 5 miles from Kettlewell.
- HEATH-FIELD**, *2 f. h.* in the township of Lower-Stonebeck, and parish of Kirkbymalzeard; 2 miles from Pateleybridge.
- HEATH-HOUSE**, *f. h.* in the township of Golcar, and parish of Huddersfield; 3 miles from Huddersfield.
- HEATON**, in the parish of Bradford, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley; (*Heaton-Hall, the seat of John Wilmer Field, Esq.*) 2 miles from Bradford, $4\frac{1}{2}$ from Bingley.—Pop. 1,217.
- HEATON, CLECK**.—*See Cleck-Heaton.*
- HEATON, EARLS**, in the township of Soothill, and parish of Dewsbury, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; 1 mile from Dewsbury, 4 from Wakefield.
- HEATON, HANGING**, in the township of Soothill, and parish of Dewsbury, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; 1 mile from Dewsbury, 5 from Wakefield.
- HEATON-HILL**, *scattered houses*, in the township of Soothill, and parish of Dewsbury; $\frac{1}{2}$ a mile from Dewsbury.
- HEATON, KIRK**.—*See Kirkheaton.*
- HEATON-LODGE**, in the township and parish of Kirkheaton; 3 miles from Huddersfield.
- HEATON-ROYDS**, *ham.* in the township of Heaton, and parish of Bradford; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Bradford.
- HEATON, UPPER**, in the township and parish of Kirkheaton, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Huddersfield, 11 from Wakefield.
- HEBDEN**, in the parish of Larton, east-division and liberty of Staincliffe; 8 miles from Kettlewell and Pateleybridge, 12 from Skipton. Pop. 377.
- HEBDEN-BRIDGE**, in the townships of Heptonstall, and Wadsworth, and parish of Halifax, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley; $7\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Halifax, 10 from Rochdale, (*Lanc.*)
- HEBDEN-BRIDGE-LANES**, in the township of Heptonstall, and parish of Halifax, liberty of Wakefield; 8 miles from Halifax.

HERDEN-MOORSIDE, *strag. cotts.* in the townships of Hebden and Hartlington, and parishes of Linton and Burnsall, east-division and liberty of Staincliffe; $7\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Pateleybridge.

HECK, GREAT, in the parish of Snaith, wapentake of Osgoldcross, liberty and bailiwick of Cowick and Snaith; 2 miles from Snaith, 8 from Ferrybridge, 9 from Thorne.—Pop. 228.

HECK, LITTLE, *2f. h.* in the township of Great Heck, and parish of Snaith, liberty and bailiwick of Cowick and Snaith; $2\frac{3}{4}$ miles from Snaith, $7\frac{1}{4}$ from Ferrybridge.

HECKMONDWIKE, in the parish of Birstall, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; 2 miles from Dewsbury, 7 from Wakefield, 9 from Halifax.—Pop. 2,579.

HEDDINGLEY, or **HEADINGLEY**, in the parish and borough of Leeds, lower-division of Skyrack, liberty of Pontefract; 2 miles from Leeds, 8 from Bradford and Otley.—Pop. including Bury, 2,154, which being united, form a township. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Michael. Patron, the Vicar of Leeds.

In this village “still remains the gigantic Oak Tree, of which Thoresby modestly and ingeniously conjectured that it might have been the place of assembly for the wapentake, and have occasioned the name of Skyreak, i. e. Shire Oak.”

HEIGHT, *ham.* in the township of Linthwaite, and parish of Aldmondbury; $3\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Huddersfield.

HEIGHTS, CHAPEL, in the township of Quick, and parish of Rochdale, (*Lanc.*) Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley; 8 miles from Rochdale, (*Lanc.*) 12 from Huddersfield and Manchester, (*Lanc.*) Here is a Chapel of ease to Rochdale.

HELLABY, in the township of Stainton-with-Hellaby, and parish of Stainton, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; 5 miles from Rotherham, 6 from Tickhill.—Pop. included in Stainton.

HELLIFIELD, in the parish of Long-Preston, west-division and liberty of Staincliffe; $6\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Settle, $9\frac{1}{2}$ from Skipton, $12\frac{1}{2}$ from Colne, (*Lanc.*)—Pop. 279. About $\frac{1}{2}$ a mile from the village, in the same township, is

HELLIFIELD-PEEL, *the seat of James Hamerton, Esq.*

Hellifield Peel, stands upon a flat, and was once, probably, surrounded by a moat. It was built by Lawrence Hamerton, about the 19th of Henry VI. at which time he obtained a license to fortify and embattle his manor-house of Hellifield. It still remains a square compact building, but of too narrow dimensions to accommodate the family in the splendid style in which they then lived, and therefore intended rather as a place of retreat in cases of sudden alarm. The house has been modernized by the present owner.

Hellifield, anciently Helgefelt, or the field of Helgh, its first Saxon possessor, was held by its mesne Lords of the Knights of St. John of Jerusalem, and by them of the Percies, as chief Lords of the fee. In the 9th of Edward II. it appears from Kirkby's Inquisition, that Sir John de Harcourt and the Prior of St. John of Jerusalem, were joint Lords of this Manor.—Sir Stephen Hamerton, in 1537, joined the insurgents, in the great northern insurrection; and after having availed himself of the King's pardon, revolted a second time; after which, having been taken prisoner, he was conveyed to London, and shortly after attainted and executed. Hellifield was, however, preserved by a settlement for the life of the widow of John Hamerton, who was mother of Sir Stephen. But

Hellifield-Peel remained in the Crown till 37th Henry VIII. when it was granted by that King to George Brown and his heirs, to be held of the King *in capite*, for the consideration of 296*l.* 9*s.* 2*d.* In the 3rd of Elizabeth, it returned to the family again in the person of John Hamerton, Esq.; and where it has remained ever since. The first of the name of Hamerton that occurs here, is Richard de Hamerton, in 1170, 26th Henry II.—*Whitaker's Crown.*

HEMINGFIELD, *f. h.* in the township of Wombwell, and parish of Darfield, liberty of Tickhill; 5 miles from Barnsley.

HEMSWORTH, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Stainercross, liberty of Pontefract; (*Hemsworth-Hall, the seat of Sir Francis Lindley Wood, Bart.*) 5½ miles from Pontefract, 7 from Wakefield, 9 from Barnsley, 29½ from York.—Pop. 963. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Helen, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, 20*l.* 1*s.* 0½*d.* Patron, William Wrightson, Esq.

Here is an Hospital for a master, ten poor men, and ten poor women, founded and endowed by Robert Holgate, Archbishop of York, by Will, in 1555. The master of this hospital originally was to have yearly 20 marks, and each of the brethren and sisters 3*s.* 4*d.* towards their support. Great abuses in the distribution of the rents by the Trustees having afterwards happened, who had "*combined together to defraud the master, brethren, and sisters, of their lands and hereditaments,*"—and in the granting of Leases,—Bills in Chancery were at different times filed,—the last in April, 1805,—which suit was long protracted, but on the 29th of Nov. 1816, a Decree was pronounced amply to the satisfaction of the present master, the Rev. John Simpson, whose fidelity and resolution, in steadily pursuing the rights of the hospital, deserve the highest commendation. The estates belonging to the hospital are all situate in the three Ridings of this county. The present reserved rents are nearly 2,000*l.* per annua. The master's share of all the revenues is *one-fifth*,—and the remaining *four-fifths* are equally divided amongst the ten brethren and ten sisters, who are each to be not under sixty years of age when elected, except in case of blindness or other great infirmity.—*Carlisle's Gram. Schools.*

Thus the poor pensioners have risen from a state of poverty to affluence.—The Lord Chancellor is the visitor.

Here was also founded a Free Grammar-School, by Robert Holgate, Archbishop of York, in the last year of Henry VIII. 1546, which he endowed with lands and tenements to the amount, at that time, of 24*l.* per annum. The present reserved rental of that part of the property which is now attached to Hemsworth School, is about 150*l.* besides incidental fines on renewals of Leases. The entire patronage of, and nomination to the same, is vested in the Archbishop of York, and his successors for ever.

Archbishop Holgate was born at Hemsworth; he seems to have been not less liberal in disposing of the Manors of his See, than he was in founding schools and hospitals; for it is said in one morning, he passed away to Henry VIII. thirteen Manors in Northumberland, forty in Yorkshire, six in Nottinghamshire, and eight in Gloucestershire.—*DRAKE.*

In the same township and parish are

HEMSWORTH-LANE-END, <i>ham.</i>	} each about 5 miles from Pontefract.
HEMSWORTH-LODGE, <i>f. h.</i>	
HEMSWORTH-MARSH, <i>ham.</i>	

HENSALL, in the parish of Snaith, wapentake of Osgoldcross, liberty and bailiwick of Cowick and Snaith; 3 miles from Snaith, 7 from Ferrybridge.—Pop. 233.

HEPTONSTALL, in the parish of Halifax, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; 8 miles from Halifax, 12 from Rochdale, (*Lanc.*)—Pop. 4,543. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Thomas a Beckett, value †132*l.* Patron, the Vicar of Halifax.

Here is a Free Grammar-School, founded by Charles Greenwood, Clerk, Rector of Thordhull, who by Will, dated July 14, 1642, endowed it with lands and tenements, then of the annual value of 20*l*. The present rental is about 70*l*. per annum. He also left rents for the founding of two Fellowships, and two Scholarships in the University College, Oxford, of which he had been Fellow,—but they were unfortunately lost by the mismanagement of his Executors.—*Watson's Halifax*.

In a skirmish betwixt the Cavaliers and the Round-heads, during the Civil Wars of Charles I. part of this town was burnt to the ground.

HEPTONSTALL-PARK, in the township of Erringden, and parish of Halifax, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; 7 miles from Halifax, 13 from Rochdale, (*Lanc.*)

Heptonstall-Park, or more properly speaking, *Erringden-Park*, which was a park appurtenant to the Forest of Sowerbyshire, or Hardwick, and probably enclosed by one of the Earls Warren. This once famous park, which held sheep as well as deer, was dispersed 27th Henry VI. and demised to tenants at rents amounting altogether to 2*l*. per annum. It is completely surrounded by the township of Sowerby; and now constitutes the township of Erringden, and forms a part of the parochial chapel of Heptonstall.—*WATSON*.—*WHITTAKER*.

HEPTONSTALL-SLACK, in the township of Heptonstall, and parish of Halifax, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; 9 miles from Halifax, 12½ from Rochdale, (*Lanc.*)

HEPWORTH, a township, in the parish of Kirkburton, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; 6½ miles from Huddersfield, 7 from Penistone.—Pop. 1,048.

HERMIT-HILL, *ham.* in the township of Wortley, and parish of Tankersley; 5 miles from Barnsley, 6 from Penistone.

HERRINGTHORPE, *ham.* in the township and parish of Whiston; 2 miles from Retherham.

HESLE, a township, in the parish of Wragby, wapentake of Osgoldcross, liberty of Pontefract; 4 miles from Pontefract, 7 from Wakefield.—Pop. 139.

HESLEY, *s. h.* in the township and parish of Rossington; 3½ miles from Bawtry, 6½ from Doncaster.

HESSAY, (*Ainsty*) in the parish of Moor-Monkton; 6 miles from York, 9 from Wetherby.—Pop. 161.

HESSLEDEN, NETHER, and OVER, 2 *f. h.* in the township of Halton-Gill, and parish of Arnecliffe, liberty of Staincliffe; 9 miles from Kettlewell, 11½ from Settle.

HETTON, in the parish of Burnsall, east-division of Staincliffe, liberty of Clifford's-Tree; 4 miles from Gargrave, 6 from Skipton, 10 from Kettlewell, 13 from Settle.—Pop. including Bordley, 180, which being united form a township.

HEUGH, *s. h.* in the township of Emsay-with-Eastby, and parish of Skipton; 1¼ miles from Skipton.

HEWBY, in the township of Weeton, and parish of Harewood; upper-division of Claro; 5 miles from Otley, 8 from Wetherby, 10 from Leeds.

HEWICK, COPT, in the parish of Ripon, lower-division of Claro, liberties of St. Peter and Ripon; 2 miles from Ripon, 5 from Boroughbridge.—Pop. 131.

HEWICK-LODGE.—*See Copt-Hewick-Lodge*,

HEXTHORPE, in the parish and soke of Doncaster, lower-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, $1\frac{1}{4}$ mile from Doncaster, $10\frac{1}{2}$ from Rotherham.—Pop. including Balby, 395, which being united, form a township.

HICKLETON, a parish-town, in the lower-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; (*the residence of Francis Hawksworth, Esq.*) 6 miles from Doncaster, $9\frac{1}{2}$ from Barnsley, 10 from Rotherham, 40 from York. Pop. 153. The church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Dennis, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, p. r. †100*l*. Patron, Godfrey Wentworth Wentworth, Esq.

HIENDLEY NORTH, or **COLD**, *ham.* in the township of Havercroft-with-Hiendley, and parish of Felkirk, liberty of Pontefract; 7 miles from Wakefield.—Pop. included in Havercroft.

HIENDLEY SOUTH, in the parish of Felkirk, wapentake of Staincross, liberty of Pontefract; 6 miles from Barnsley and Wakefield, 10 from Pontefract.—Pop. 166.

HIGHAM, *ham.* in the township of Barugh, and parish of Darton; $2\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Barnsley, 5 from Penistone.

HIGH-ELLERS, 2 *f. h.* in the township and parish of Cantley; 3 miles from Doncaster.

HIGH-FIELD, *ham.* in the township of Ecclesall-Bierlow, and parish of Sheffield; (*the seat of George Woodhead, Esq.*) 1 mile from Sheffield.

HIGH-FIELD, or **FIELD-HEAD**, *f. h.* in the township of Thurgoland, and parish of Silkston; 3 miles from Penistone.

Of this place was John Charles Brooke, late Somerset Herald. He was born in 1748, and put apprentice to Mr James Kirkby, a chemist, in Bartlett's Buildings, London; but discovering a strong turn to Heraldic pursuits, and having, by a pedigree of the Howard family, which he drew, attracted the notice of the then Duke of Norfolk, he procured him a place in the College of Arms, by the title of Rouge Croix Pursuivant, in 1775, from which, in 1778, he was advanced to that of Somerset Herald. He became Member of the Antiquarian Society in April 1775, and enriched their volumes with some curious papers; particularly the illustrations of a Saxon inscription in Kirkdale Church; and another in Aldborough Church, both in this county. On Feb. 3, 1794, he was suffocated with his friend Mr Pingo, of York, and many other persons, in attempting to get into the Pit at the little Theatre, Haymarket.—*Gen. Biog. Dict.*—*Gents. Mag.* vol. LXII.

HIGH-FIELD-LANES, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Womersley; 5 miles from Pontefract.

HIGH-FIELD, 2 *f. h.* in the township and parish of Slaidburn; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Slaidburn.

HIGH-FLATTS, *scat. h.* in the township of Denby, and parish of Penistone; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Penistone.

HIGH-GATE, *f. h.* in the township of Stirton-with-Thorlby, and parish of Skipton; 3 miles from Skipton.

HIGHGATE-LANE, *ham.* in the township of Lepton, and parish of Kirkheaton; 4 miles from Huddersfield.

HIGH-GREEN, *ham.* in the township and parish of Ecclesfield; 7 miles from Sheffield, Barnsley, and Rotherham.

HIGH-GREENWOOD, (*the seat of William Mitchell, Esq.*)—*See Greenwood, High.*

HIGH-HOUSE, in the township of Nether-Hallam, and parish of Sheffield; $1\frac{1}{4}$ mile from Sheffield.

HIGH-ROYD-HOUSE, (*the seat of Thomas Beaumont, Esq.*) in the township of Honley, and parish of Aldmondbury; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Huddersfield.

HIGH-SUNDERLAND, *s. h.* in the township of Northowram, and parish of Halifax; 1 mile from Halifax.

HIGH-TOWN, in the township of Liversedge, and parish of Birstall, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley; 4 miles from Dewsbury, 6 from Halifax, 9 from Wakefield.

HIGH-WOODS, *2 f. h.* in the township of Sawley, and parish of Ripon; 1 mile from Pateleybridge.

HILLAM, in the parish of Monk-Fryston, wapentake of Barkston-Ash; 4 miles from Ferrybridge, 6 from Pontefract, 7 from Selby. Pop. 269.

HILL-FOOT, *ham.* in the township of Nether-Hallam, and parish of Sheffield; 1 mile from Sheffield.

HILLS, *f. h.* in the township of Brightside-Bierlow, and parish of Sheffield; 2 miles from Sheffield.

HILL-TOP, *ham.* in the township and parish of Sandal-Magna, liberty of Wakefield; 4 miles from Wakefield.

HILL-TOP, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Thornhill; 7 miles from Wakefield, 8 from Huddersfield.

HILL-TOP, 3 or 4 *h.* in the township of Shelley, and parish of Kirkburton; $6\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Huddersfield and Penistone.

HILL-TOP, *ham.* in the township of Kimberworth, and parish of Rotherham; 2 miles from Rotherham.

HIPPERHOLME, in the parish of Halifax, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; $2\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Halifax, $6\frac{3}{4}$ from Bradford, 11 from Dewsbury.—Pop. including Brighouse, 3,936, which being united, form a township.

Here is a Free-School founded by Matthew Broadley, Esq. of London; who, by his Will, dated the 15th of Oct. 1647, gave to his brother Isaac Broadley, of Halifax, certain tenements, &c. within the township of Hipperholme, towards the maintenance of a Free-School there: the School received a further augmentation, in 1671, from Samuel Sunderland, Esq. of Harden, near Bingley. The present rental is 114*l.* per annum.—*Watson's Halifax*.—*Carlisle*.

HOBBERLEY-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the townships and parishes of Thorner and Barwick-in-Elmet; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Leeds.

HOB-GREEN, *s. h.* in the township of Markington-with-Wallerthwaite, and parish of Ripon; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Ripon.

HOGLEY, *ham.* in the township of Austonley, and parish of Aldmondbury; 7 miles from Huddersfield.

HOLBECK, in the parish and borough of Leeds, liberty of Pontefract; joins to the town of Leeds by Water-Lane.—Pop. 7,151. The Chapel, of uncertain antiquity, which, in the last century, was repaired at an expence nearly equal to being rebuilt, is a perpetual curacy. Patron, the Vicar of Leeds.

In a Bull granted by the Pope to Ralph Pagnell, who lived in the time of William the Conqueror, this Chapel is mentioned as being given by the said

- Ralph Pagnell, to the Priory of the Holy Trinity at York,—the date 1089. There was a Chantry here, valued in the 37th Henry VIII. at 4*l.* per annum.—THORESBY.
- HOLDEN-CLOUGH**, *strag. h.* in the townships of Batley and Eirstall, and parish of Batley; 4 miles from Dewsbury.
- HOLDEN**, or **HOLLIN-HOUSE**, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Ecclesfield; 8 miles from Penistone.
- HOLDEN**, in the township and parish of Bolton-by-Bolland, liberty of Staincliffe; 5 miles from Gisburn, 10 from Settle, 13 from Skipton.
- HOLDSWORTH**, *ham.* in the township of Ovenden, and parish of Halifax, liberty of Wakefield; 3 miles from Halifax.
- HOLDSWORTH**, *ham.* in the township of Bradfield, and parish of Ecclesfield; 6 miles from Sheffield.
- HOLDGATE**, or **HOLEGATE**, (*Ainsty*) in the parish of Acomb, liberty of St. Peter; (*the seat of Lindley Murray.*) 1 mile from York, 8½ from Tadcaster.—Pop. 83.
- From this village, a vast quantity of earth was dug, which composes Severus's-Hills.—**DRAKE.**
- HOLLEY-HALL**, *f. h.* in the township of Hunsheff, and parish of Penistone; 4 miles from Penistone.
- HOLLING**, (*the seat of John Williamson, Esq.*) in the township of Killinghall, and parish of Ripley; 2 miles from Ripley, 3 from Harrogate, 5½ from Knaresbrough.
- HOLLING-HALL**, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Ilkley; 8 miles from Skipton and Otley.
- HOLLINGS-HALL**, (*the seat of John Dearden, Esq.*) in the township of Warley, and parish of Halifax, liberty of Wakefield; 3 miles from Halifax.
- HOLLINS**, in the township of Steeton, and parish of Keighley, liberty of Staincliffe; 2 miles from Keighley, 8 from Skipton.
- HOLLIN-GROVE**, *ham.* in the township of Quick, and parish of Rochdale, (*Lanc.*); 9 miles from Rochdale.
- HOLLIN-HALL**, (*the seat of Henry Richard Wood, Esq.*) in the township of Aismunderby-with-Bondgate, and parish of Ripon, lower-division of Claro; 2½ miles from Ripon, 5½ from Ripley.
- HOLLINGTHORPE**, *f. h.* in the township of Craggstone, and parish of Sandal-Magna, liberty of Pontefract; 4½ miles from Wakefield.
- HOLME**, in the parish of Aldmondbury, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; 9 miles from Huddersfield, 11 from Penistone.—Pop. 459.
- HOLME-BRIDGE**, *s. h.* in the township of Stirton-with-Thorlby, and parish of Skipton; 3½ miles from Skipton.
- HOLMFIRTH**, in the township of Wooldale, and parish of Kirkburton, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; 7 miles from Huddersfield, 8 from Penistone.—*Fair*, October 30, for horned cattle. The Chapel is a perpetual curacy under Kirkburton, value, p. r. 123*l.* 2*s.*

This is the only Chapel in the parish of Kirkburton, of the antiquity of which there is nothing known certain, but it was probably erected in the reign of Edward IV.—**WILTAKER.**

- HOLME-HOUSES**, *ham.* in the township and parish of Keighley, liberty of Staincliffe; 2 miles from Keighley, 8 from Skipton.
- HOLME-HOUSE**, *f. h.* in the township of Fountain's-Earth, and parish of Kirkbymalzeard; 3 miles from Pateleybridge.
- HOLMES**, *ham.* in the township of Kimherworth, and parish of Rotherham, liberty of Tickhill; $1\frac{1}{4}$ mile from Rotherham.
- HONLEY**, in the parish of Aldmondbury, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; 3 miles from Huddersfield, 12 from Peastone, $13\frac{1}{2}$ from Wakefield.—Pop. 3,501. The Church is a perpetual curacy, value, p. r. *124*l.* 9*s.* 6*d.* Patron, the Vicar of Aldmondbury.
- HOOBER-HALL**, *f. h.* in the township of Brampton-Bierlow, and parish of Wath-upon-Dearn; 5 miles from Rotherham.
- HOOBER-STAND**, *a Monument*, in the township of Brampton-Bierlow, and parish of Wath-upon-Dearn, $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Rotherham.
- HOOD-GREEN**, *f. h.* in the township of Stainbrough, and parish of Silkston; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Barnsley.
- HOOBROM**, in the township of Austonley, and parish of Aldmondbury; 8 miles from Huddersfield, 11 from Penistone. An ancient mansion converted into cottages.
- HOOD-LAND**, *2 h.* in the township of Langsett, and parish of Penistone; $2\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Penistone.
- HOOK**, in the parish of Snaith, wapentake of Osgoldcross; liberty of Pontefract; 2 miles from Howden, $8\frac{1}{2}$ from Thorne, 9 from Snaith.—Pop. 363. The Church, peculiar, is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. John, in the deanry of Pontefract, value, p. r. †18*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* Patron, the Vicar of Snaith.
- HOOTON-LEVETT**, or **HIGH**, in the parish of Maltby, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; (*the seat of William Hoyle, Esq.*) 5 miles from Tickhill, 7 from Rotherham, $9\frac{1}{4}$ from Bawtry.—Pop. 95.
- HOOTON-PAGNEL**, or **HUTTON-PAGNALL**, a parish-town, in the lower-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; (*the seat of St. Andrew Warde, Esq.*) $5\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Doncaster, 10 from Barnsley, 32 from York.—Pop. 326. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, ‡5*l.* 10*s.* $2\frac{1}{2}$ *d.* Patrons, the Governors of the Free Grammar School of Wakefield.
- HOOTON-ROBERTS**, a parish-town, in the upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberty of Tickhill; $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Rotherham, $7\frac{1}{2}$ from Doncaster, $41\frac{1}{2}$ from York.—Pop. 190. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. John the Baptist, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, ‡7*l.* 11*s.* 8*d.* Patron, Earl Fitzwilliam.
- The Hall-House here was formerly one of the principal seats of the great Earl of Strafford, who was beheaded in the reign of Charles I. It is now the property of Earl Fitzwilliam: and occupied by three Miss Kents.
- HOOTON-SLADE**, in the township and parish of Loughton-en-le-Morthen, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberty of St. Peter; (*the seat of William Mirfin, Esq.*) 5 miles from Tickhill, $7\frac{1}{2}$ from Rotherham.

HOPE-HOUSE, (*the seat of Christopher Rawson, Esq.*) in the township and parish of Halifax; $\frac{1}{4}$ of a mile from Halifax.

HOPPER-LANE INN, a Posting-House, in the township and parish of Fewston, lower-division of Claro; 8 miles from Harrogate, 9 from Otley and Pateleybridge, 10 from Ripley, 11 from Knaresbrough, 13 from Skipton, 17 from Ripon. *Sign*, the Smiths' Arms.

HOPPERTON, in the township of Allerton-Mauleverer-with-Hopperton, and parish of Allerton-Mauleverer, upper-division of Claro; 5 miles from Wetherby, 6 from Knaresbrough.—Pop. included in Allerton-Mauleverer.

HOPTON, *ham.* in the township and parish of Mirfield; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Huddersfield.

HORBURY, in the parish of Wakefield, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Wakefield, 11 from Huddersfield.—Pop. 2,475. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Peter. Patron, the Vicar of Wakefield.

The present Chapel at Horbury was built in 1791, by the late Mr John Carr, a native of this place, and an eminent architect at York, at an expence of 8,000*l.* leaving behind him a monument at once of his skill and bounty. For a critique on this handsome edifice, see *Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete*.

HORDRON, OVER and NETHER, 2 *f. h.* in the township of Langsett, and parish of Penistone; 5 miles from Penistone.

HORLEY-GREEN, *s. h.* in the township of Northowram, and parish of Halifax; 5 miles from Halifax and Huddersfield.

A Mineral Water has been discovered here, on which a pamphlet was written by Dr. Garnet. It appears, from his experiments, to contain a large portion of vitriolated iron, besides alum, selenite, and ochre; and is supposed, by him, to be the strongest Chalybeate Water ever known.—*Aikin's Manchester*.

HORNINGTON, (*Ainsty*) in the township and parish of Bolton-Percy; 3 miles from Tadcaster, $9\frac{1}{2}$ from York.

HORNTHWAITE, *f. h.* in the township of Thurlstone, and parish of Penistone; 1 mile from Penistone.

HORSFORTH, in the parish of Guiseley, upper-division of Skyrack; (*New-Hall, the residence of the Rev. J. A. Rhodes*) 6 miles from Leeds and Otley.—Pop. 2,824. The Church is a perpetual curacy, value, p. r. 73*l.*

Horsforth is a large well-built village, where the manufacturing of Woollen Cloth is carried on to a great extent. A very handsome Chapel was erected here in 1758, under the auspices of the Stanhope family, descendants of John Stanhope, joint purchaser of the Manor of Horsforth, in the time of Elizabeth. The Abbot of Kirkstall had much land in this township. On the lofty ridge of Billinge, near here, says Dr. Whitaker, "was found, about the year 1780, a valuable remain of British antiquity. This was a torques of pure and flexible gold, perfectly plain, and consisting of two rods, not quite cylindrical, but growing thicker towards the extremities, and twisted together. Its intrinsic value was 18*l.* sterling."

HORSHOLD, *ham.* in the township of Erringden, and parish of Halifax; 9 miles from Halifax.

HORSTENLEY.—See *Austonley*.

HORTON-IN-RIBBLESDALE, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Ewecross; $5\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Settle, 16 from Kirby-Lonsdale,

(*Westm.*) 19½ from Askrigg, 62 from York.—Pop. 558. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Oswald, or Thomas a Beckett, in the deanry of Craven, value, p. r. †55*l*.

This parish lays in Ribblesdale, whose beauties may be said to expire at Horton; stretching along the valley about eight miles from north to south, and from the skirts of Ingleborough to the summit of Pennigent, in the opposite direction, it contains within its limits the source of the Ribble and the Wharf, and is enclosed between two of the most distinguished mountains in the island.

Here is a Free Grammar-School, founded about the year 1725, by John Armitstead, gentleman,—who endowed it with land and money, with which estates were purchased by the then Trustees. The present rental is 180*l*. per annum, but is capable of increase. The school is open to the boys of the parish indefinitely, free of expence. They are admitted at any age, and may remain until they have finished their classical education.—*CARLISLE*.

The late Rev. G. Holden, L. L. D. who held the advowson of the Church, and died Feb. 1821, in the 64th year of his age, was master of this school for forty years, during which period he educated a greater number of Clergymen for the establishment, than most men in a similar situation. He was a man of high classical and mathematical attainments.—*Gents. Mag.*

HORTON, in the parish of Gisburn, west-division and liberty of Staincliffe; 8 miles from Colne, (*Lanc.*) 9 from Skipton, 10 from Settle.—Pop. 187.

HORTON, in the parish of Bradford, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; (*Horton-House, the seat of Mrs Sharpe*) 2 miles from Bradford, 6½ from Halifax.—Pop. 7,192. The Church is a perpetual curacy, in the deanry of Pontefract, value, †44*l*. Patron, the Vicar of Bradford.

HORTON, LITTLE, in the township of Horton, and parish of Bradford, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; (*the seat of Francis Sharp Bridges, Esq.*) 1 mile from Bradford, 7 from Halifax.

Here, Abraham Sharpe, a philosopher and mechanist, and an excellent calculator resided, where his great variety of mechanical instruments had been boarded up, with care, by his descendants, for years; but now, 1817, in danger, says Dr. Whitaker, of being lost, as well as his MSS. without being known to the public. He died in 1742,—aged 92.

Dr. Whitaker says, on inserting the epitaph “of the indefatigable mathematician, Mr Abraham Sharpe; that Ludolph Van Ceulen, a Dutchman, computed the quadrature of the circle to 136 places of decimals, and had the process inscribed upon his tomb. Our countryman far (but I forgot how far) surpassed him, yet has a much shorter epitaph. The long duration of his life proves that the pursuits of abstract science have no necessary tendency to exhaust the constitution.”

HOTHEROYD, or HODDEROYD, *ham.* in the township of South-Heindley, and parish of Felkirk; 5 miles from Barnsley.

Hodderoyd-Hall was formerly the residence of the Mouckton family, ancestors of the present Lord Galway.

HOUGHTON-CHAPEL.—*See Gisburn-Forest.*

HOUGHTON, or GLASS-HOUGHTON, in the parish of Castleford, wapentake of Osgoldcross, liberty of Pontefract; 2 miles from Pontefract, 3 from Ferrybridge, 9 from Wakefield.—Pop. 412.

HOUGHTON, GREAT, in the parish of Darfield, lower-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; (*Houghton-Hall, the seat of Rhodes Milnes, Esq.*) 7½ miles from Doncaster, 8 from Barnsley.—Pop. 287. Here is a private Presbyterian Chapel, belonging to the Milnes's family.

HOUGHTON, LITTLE, in the parish of Darfield, lower-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; 7 miles from Barnsley, 8 from Doncaster.—Pop. 112.

HOUSLEY-HALL, *s. h.* in the township and parish of Ecclesfield; 6½ miles from Sheffield and Barnsley.

Housley-Hall appears to have derived its name from a family of Housley, who resided here in the early part of the reign of Henry VI.—*Hunter's Hallamshire*.

HOWBROOK, *ham.* in the township of Wortley, and parish of Tankersley, liberty of Pontefract; 6 miles from Barnsley.

HOWGILL, in the township and parish of Sedbergh, wapentake of Eweross; (*the seat of A. Wilkinson, Esq.*) 1½ mile from Sedbergh, 6½ from Dent, 8½ from Kendal, (*Westm.*) The Church is a perpetual curacy, in the deanry of Kirby-Lonsdale, diocese of Chester, value, p. r. †69. Patron, the Vicar of Sedbergh.

Here is a small endowed Grammar-School.

HOWGILL, *ham.* in the township of Rimington, and parish of Gisburn, liberty of Staincliffe; 3 miles from Gisburn.

HOWGILL, in the township of Barden, and parish of Skipton, east-division of Staincliffe; 7½ miles from Skipton, 13 from Pateleybridge, 16½ from Knaresbrough.

HOWLEY-HALL, in the township and parish of Batley; 3½ miles from Dewsbury.

This place, now a mere ruin, was for several generations the magnificent seat of an illegitimate branch of the Savilles. It was built upon a fine commanding situation, by Sir John Savile, afterwards Baron Savile, of Pontefract, and finished in 1590, but received considerable additions from his son, the first Earl of Sussex, of that name. Camden, who saw the house when new, calls it *ædes elegantissimas*.—This, with several considerable Lordships, went from the Saviles to the Brudenels. Tradition reports, that Rubens visited Lord Savile, and painted for him a view of Pontefract.

Howley was held for the King, in 1643, and stormed and plundered by the opposite party, which occasioned a memorial from the owner, Thomas, Lord Savile. See *Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete*, where is given an elevation of Howley-Hall, as it appeared when entire, and two other views, and other interesting particulars.—*WHITAKER*.—*CAMDEN*.

HOW-HILL.—See *Michael How-Hill*.

HOWORTH-HALL, *s. h.* in the township of Brindsworth, and parish of Rotherham; 2½ miles from Rotherham.

HOWROYD, (*the seat of Thomas Horton, Esq.*) in the township of Barkisland, and parish of Halifax; 6 miles from Halifax and Huddersfield.

HOYLAND, HIGH, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Staincross, liberty of Pontefract; 6 miles from Penistone, 6½ from Barnsley, 9 from Wakefield, 37 from York.—Pop. 268. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, in two medieties, each, †5*l.* 3*s.* 4*d.* Patrons, Colonel and Mrs Beaumont.

Anciently these two medieties had separate Patrons, and separate Rectors; each Incumbent having distinct parsonage-houses, glebes, tithes, &c. and performed the duty alternately. Col. and Mrs Beaumont having purchased the advowson of the second mediety of the Earl of Mexborough, in 1811, there has been but one incumbent since.

HOYLAND, NETHER, in the township of Upper-Hoyland, and parish of Wath-upon-Dearn, liberty of Tickhill; $5\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Barnsley, $6\frac{1}{4}$ from Rotherham.

HOYLAND-SWAINF, in the parish of Silkston, wapentake of Staincross, liberty of Pontefract; 2 miles from Penistone, $6\frac{1}{2}$ from Barnsley, 14 from Huddersfield.—Pop. 738.

HOYLAND, UPPER, in the parish of Wath-upon-Dearn, upper-division of Stralforth and Tickhill, liberty of Tickhill; 5 miles from Barnsley, 7 from Rotherham, 10 from Sheffield.—Pop. 1,229. Here is a Chapel to Wath, value, p. r. 93*l.* 8*s.*

HUBBERHOLME, *s. h.* in the township of Buckden, and parish of Arnecliffe, east-division and liberty of Staincliffe; 5 miles from Kettlewell, 15 from Settle, 17 from Leyburn. The Chapel is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Michael, value, p. r. 46*l.* 7*s.* Patron, the Vicar of Arnecliffe.

This Chapel bears marks of very high antiquity. Several Norman Arches remain entire, though the square piers of some of them were drest away to slender octagons, when the chapel underwent a general repair, which seems to have been about the reign of Henry VIII. The steeple is of the same period, if not still later. Over the entrance of the chancel is an entire and curious rood-loft of oak, very handsomely wrought, and painted with broad red lines. On the front of which is the date 1558.

This is a sequestered and interesting place, situated on the northern banks of the Wharf, shaded by tall trees on the east, and overhung by a steep and lofty wood beyond. Few scenes are better adapted to quiet and contemplation.—*Hist. Craven.*

HUDDERSFIELD, a parish-town, in Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; 8 miles from Halifax and Dewsbury, $12\frac{1}{2}$ from Penistone, 13 from Wakefield, 14 from Bradford, 16 from Leeds, 18 from Barnsley, 24 from Manchester, (*Lanc.*) 39 from York, 189 from London.—*Market*, Tuesday, for woollen-cloth, provisions, &c.—*Fairs*, May 14 and 15, and October 4, for pedlary-ware, &c.—*Bankers*, Old Bank, Messrs. Dobson and Sons, draw on Messrs. Masterman, Peters, and Co. 2, White-Hart Court, Gracechurch-Street; Messrs. Buckley, Roberts, and Co. draw on Messrs. Jones, Loyd, and Co. 43, Lothbury; Mr Shakespear G. Sikes, draws on Messrs. Frys and Chapman, Mildred's-Court, Poultry; Messrs. J. W. and C. Rawson, and Co. draw on Jones, Loyd, and Co. 43, Lothbury.—*Principal Inns*, Rose and Crown, George Inn, Swan with two Necks, Pack Horse, and Ramsden-Arms.—Pop. 13,284. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Peter, in the deanry of Pontefract, value, 47*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* Patron, Sir John Ramsden, Bart.

Huddersfield, derived from Hoder or Hudder, the first Saxon planter of the place, stands on the river Colne, which rising near the source of the Don, above Holme Frith, falls into the Calder, near Nunbrook. Of the valley immediately formed by this stream, and of the small collateral gullies which fall into its course, with a very small quantity of level ground upon its banks, the parish of Huddersfield is formed. For the antiquary we are not aware that Huddersfield has any one thing of interest to offer. At the time Domesday-book was compiled, it had, either in consequence of the Danish ravages, or those of the conqueror, relapsed into a mere waste. It is now one of the most populous lives in all the manufacturing district. This parish was originally separated from that of Dewsbury,

and the parish-church erected and endowed under the influence of one of the earlier Lacies; and, that, by one of them it was given, and afterwards appropriated to the Priory of Nostel.

Sir John Ramsden, Bart. is now owner of the whole of Huddersfield, with the exception of two or three houses, who, some years past, granted building leases renewable every twenty years, on payment of two years ground rent. At what time the present family of Ramsden became seized of the Manor, we are not informed, but it is certain that John Ramsden, Esq. of Byrom, had a grant of a market at Huddersfield, by patent, dated Nov. 1, 23 Charles II. Sir John Ramsden, Bart. the Patron of the town, in 1765, built an excellent cloth hall for the accommodation of the manufacturers. It is divided into streets, the stalls and benches of which are generally filled with cloths. The doors are open early every Tuesday morning, the market day, and closed at half-past twelve o'clock at noon; and are again opened at three in the afternoon, for the removal of cloth, &c. Sir John Ramsden also added to the facility of inland navigation, by cutting a Canal at Huddersfield, which bears his name: it branches from the Calder navigation at Cooper Bridge, is brought up to the King's Mills, at Huddersfield, where it joins the Huddersfield Canal on the south-end of the town, thereby affording a direct communication both east and westward, and ultimately to any part of the kingdom, which is of the greatest importance to the town. The trade of Huddersfield comprises a large share of the clothing trade in this county, particularly of the finer articles. These consist of broad and narrow cloths, fancy cloths, as elastics, beveretts, serges, kerseymeres, and various other woollen articles.

The highest officer is a constable, who, with his depnty, is yearly chosen at the court held at Michaelmas, at Almondbury, the Manor of which also belongs Sir John Ramsden.—*Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete*.—*Aikin's Manchester*.

The Church, dedicated to the Holy Trinity, was erected at a sum of not less than 12,000*l.* by B. Haigh Allan, Esq.—*See Greenhead*.

Huddersfield, amongst other charitable institutions, has a Dispensary, established in 1814; and a National School in 1819, both supported by subscriptions.

HUDDLESTON, in the parish of Sherburn, wapentake of Barkston-Ash; 4 miles from Ferrybridge, 6 from Pontefract, 7 from Tadcaster.—Pop. including Lumby, 181, which being united form a township. Huddleston-Hall, formerly the seat of Sir Edward Hungate, Bart. is now reduced to a farm house.

HUGH-GREEN, *scat. h.* in the township of Birstwith, and parish of Hampsthwaite; 3½ miles from Ripley.

HULLENEDGE, *s. h.* in the township of Elland-with-Greetland, and parish of Halifax; 3 miles from Halifax.

HUMBURTON.—*See North-Riding*. Pop. part of, returned in Aldborough parish, 23,—North, 120,—total, 143.

HUNDGATE, *ham.* in the township of Sawley, and parish of Ripon; 5 miles from Ripon, 7 from Pateleybridge.

HUNDILL-HALL, *s. h.* in the township and parish of Ackworth, liberty of Pontefract; 2 miles from Pontefract.

HUNGER-HILL, 3*f. h.* in the township and parish of Mirfield; 7 miles from Huddersfield.

HUNGER-HILL, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Bolton-by-Bolland, liberty of Staincliffe; 5 miles from Gisburn.

This was, for many generations, the residence of the Walkers; and now of Edward King, Esq. Vice-Chancellor of the duchy of Lancaster.

HUNGER-HILL, *s. h.* in the township of Bradford, and parish of Ecclesfield; 9 miles from Sheffield, 9½ from Barnsley.

HUNSLETT, in the parish and borough of Leeds, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; 1¼ mile from

Leeds, $7\frac{1}{2}$ from Wakefield.—Pop. 8,171. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Mary, value, p. r. 110*l*. Patron, the Vicar of Leeds.

Here was formerly a seat of the Gascoignes and the Nevils; who had a Manor-house and Park here. William the Conqueror gave this manor to Ilbert de Laci, (and not to Roger de Montgomery, Earl of Arundel and Shrewsbury, as mentioned by Thoresby.) The attainder of Sir John Nevil, for the rebellion of the year 1570, and the consequent dispersion of his estates into small parcels, were the means of extending the woollen manufacture both here and in the parish of Birstal. Population at Hunslet increased accordingly, and in about sixty years began to require the accommodation of a Chapel. This was erected and endowed in 1636, and about the year 1744, extended to about twice the original dimensions.—WHITAKER.

HUNSLETT-LANE, in the township of Hunslett, and parish of Leeds, extends from Leeds to Hunslett.

HUNSHELF, a township, in the parish of Penistone, wapentake of Staincross, liberty of Pontefract; 3 miles from Penistone, 7 from Barnsley, 10 from Sheffield.—Pop. 436.

HUNSHELF-BANK, *ham.* in the township of Hunshef, and parish of Penistone; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Penistone.

HUNSINGORE, a parish-town, in the upper-division of Claro; 4 miles from Wetherby, $6\frac{1}{2}$ from Knaresbrough, 14 from York.—Pop. 237. The Church, peculiar, is a vicarage, dedicated to St. John the Baptist, in the deanry of Boroughbridge, diocese of Chester, value, *5l.* 17*s.* 3*d.* Patron, Sir Henry Goodricke, Bart.

In the Manor of *Halsingore*, 20 William I. *Erneis de Buron*, a Norman Chief, had five carucates, and three oxgangs, of taxable land; nine villeins, three bordars, and three ploughs; wood land, two furlongs long, and one broad, valued, in the whole, at 50*s.* After which, this Manor became part of the possessions of the Knights Templars. Since the suppression of that order, this, with several other estates hereabouts, have belonged to the family of Goodricke; whose ancient seat was at this place, situated on a mound; the sides of which were cut into terraces, rising near ten feet above each other; here were four of these terraces, above which, on a flat area, (where, a few years since, several reliques of antiquity were found) stood the Mansion, commanding a very extensive prospect. Tradition says, this house was destroyed in the civil wars of Charles I. which is very probable, as it is well known Sir John Goodricke took a very active part on the side of royalty, in those perilous times.—*Hist. Knaresbrough.*

HUNSWORTH, in the parish of Birstall, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; 3 miles from Halifax, 5 from Bradford.—Pop. 870.

HUNTWICK-GRANGE, *f. h.* in township of Purston-Jacklin, and parish of Wragby, liberty of Pontefract; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Pontefract, $6\frac{1}{2}$ from Ferrybridge.

HURLEFIELD, *ham.* in the township and parish of Handsworth; $3\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Sheffield.

HURST, COURTNEY, in the parish of Birkin, wapentake of Barkston-Ash, liberty of Pontefract; 4 miles from Selby and Snaith, 9 from Pontefract.—Pop. 145.

HURST, GREEN, *ham.* in the township and parish of Ecclesfield; 7 miles from Sheffield.

HURST, TEMPLE.—See *Temple-Hurst*.

HUSTEADS, *ham.* in the township of Quick, and parish of Rochdale, (*Lanc.*) $\frac{1}{4}$ of a mile from Dobercross.

HURTLEPOT, in the township of Ingleton, and parish of Thornton-in-Lonsdale, wapentake of Eweross; 3 miles from Ingleton, 10 from Kirby-Lonsdale, (*Westm.*) 13 from Settle.

Hurtlepot, in Chapel-le-dale, is a round deep Cavern, between thirty and forty yards in diameter, surrounded with rocks almost on all sides, between thirty and forty feet perpendicular, above a deep black water. Round the top of this horrid place are trees, which grow secure from the axe; their branches almost meet in the centre, and spread a gloom over a chasm dreadful enough of itself, without being heightened with additional appendages. Large black trout are frequently caught in the night by the neighbouring people.—*Tour to the Caves.*

HUSHWAITE, (*the seat of J. Bland, Esq.*) in the township and parish of Silkston; 4 miles from Penistone, $5\frac{1}{2}$ from Barnsley.

HUT-GREEN, *ham.* in the township of Eggbrough, and parish of Kellington; 6 miles from Snaith.

HUTTON-WANESLEY, (*Ainsty*) in the parish of Long-Marston; 7 miles from Tadcaster, 8 from Wetherby and York.—Pop. 125.

I

ICKERING-GILL, *s. h.* in the township of Beamsley, and parish of Skipton; $6\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Skipton.

This place was anciently the residence of the ancestors of the present Sir Thomas Frankland, Bart. still his property.

ICKLES, *ham.* in the township of Brindsworth, and parish of Rotherham; 1 mile from Rotherham, 5 from Sheffield.

IDLE, in the parish of Calverley, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Bradford, 6 from Otley, 9 from Leeds.—Pop. 4,666. The Church is a perpetual curacy. value, p. r. $\pm 109l. 5s.$ Patron, the Vicar of Calverley.

ILKLEY, a parish-town. in the upper-division of Skyrack; 6 miles from Otley and Keighley. 9 from Skipton, 34 from York.—Pop. 496. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Craven, value, $\pm 7l. 13s. 9d.$ p. r. $\pm 56l. 1s. 6d.$ Patron, George Hartley, Esq.

This is a very ancient town, and known to antiquaries as the *Olicana* of the Romans; it was built in Severus's time, by Virius Lupus, Legate, and Proprætor of Britain, as appears from an inscription dug up near the Church, and given in Camden's *Britan*:—

IM. SEVERVS.
AVG ET ANTONINVS
CÆS. DESTINATVS
RESTITVERVNT, CV—
RANTE VIRIO LYPO.
LEG. EORVM PR. PR.

That the first Cohort of the Lingones quartered here, is also attested by an old Altar which Camden saw here, inscribed by the Captain of the first Cohort of the Lingones to Verbeia, perhaps the Goddess of the river Wharf. This Altar, by a long and unfortunate exposure to the weather, is become illegible, and is at Middleton Lodge. The fortress itself, of which the outline on three sides is very entire, was placed on a steep and lofty bank, having the river Wharf on the north, and the deep channel of a brook immediately on the east and west. The southern boundary seems to have coincided with the present street, and the hall

and parish-church were evidently included within it. The foundations of the fortress bedded in indissoluble mortar, are very conspicuous, and remains of Roman brick, glass, and earthenware, every where appear on the edges of the brow.

Olicana had its summer camps and out-posts, which appear on the surrounding heights at *Castleberg*, near to which has been found an urn with ashes; and a massy key of copper, nearly two feet in length; which had probably been the key of the gates;—*Counterhill*, and *Woofa Bank*: at Counterhill are two encampments, on different sides of the hill; one in the township of Addingham, and the other in the parish of Kildwick. When the area of Woofa Bank was broken up, it was found to contain great numbers of rude fire-places, constructed of stone, and filled with ashes.

A few years ago, a sepulchral inscription was discovered in a garden wall at Ilkley, by the Rev. Mr Carr, in whose possession it now remains, commemorating the death of Pudens Jessens.

The Church contains nothing remarkable, but the tomb of Sir Adam de Middleton, mentioned by Camden, which, though it has been repeatedly displaced for the successive interments of the family, is yet entire. Dr. Whitaker supposes, that the *three* ancient Saxon Crosses, wrought in frets, scrolls, knots, &c. which Camden conjectured to be Roman, were early objects of religious reverence, and to have some allusion to the mystery of the Holy Trinity.—CAMDEN.—WHITAKER.

This village is much frequented during the summer months, for the benefit of its cold Bath, near the village, which has proved highly beneficial in relaxed and scrofulous cases. Dr. Hunter published an Analysis of the Water in 1820.

Here is a Free Grammar-School, built by the parishoners, and endowed in 1601, by George Marshall, late of Ilkley; also in 1701, by Reginald Heber, Esq. of the Inner Temple, London.

ILLINGWORTH, in the township of Ovenden, and parish of Halifax, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Halifax, 7 from Bradford. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Pontefract, value, p. r. +135*l*. Patron, the Vicar of Halifax. The Glebe-House has been occupied time immemorial as an Ale-House.

Here was born, in 1705, David Hartley, a Physician of eminence. He first began to practise Physic at Newark, in Nottinghamshire. Afterwards settled in London, and next removed to Bath, where he died in 1757. Dr. Hartley was the author of some Tracts on Mrs Stephens' Medicine for the Stone, which he recommended; but he is best known by his *Metaphysical Work*, entitled "Observations on Man, his Frame, his Duty, and his Expectations," 2 vols. 8vo. London, 1749.—*Watson's Halifax*.—*Biog. Diet.*

ILLIONS, 2 or 3 *cotts*. in the township of Thurlston, and parish of Penistone; 3 miles from Penistone.

INGBIRCHWORTH, in the parish of Penistone, wapentake of Staincross, liberty of Pontefract; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Penistone, 8 from Barnsley, $11\frac{1}{2}$ from Huddersfield.—Pop. 367.

INGLEBROUGH-HILL, in the wapentake of Staincliffe, and near Settle.

Its perpendicular height above the level of the sea, according to a late trigonometrical survey, is 2361 feet; the top is plain and horizontal, being almost a mile round, and having the ruins of a wall that once included the whole area, with the remains of a beacon and watch-house. In time of wars, insurrections, and tumults, and particularly during the incursions of the Scots, a fire was made on this beacon, to give the alarm to the inhabitants of the surrounding country. This mountain is the first land that sailors descry in their voyage from Dublin to Lancaster, though nearly thirty miles distant from the sea. The stone, on the summit, and for a great way down its sides, is of a sandy gritty sort; but

the base is one continued rock of limestone, full of petrifications, resembling the arms of the Star-Fish.

INGERTHORPE, in the parish of Ripon, lower-division of Claro, liberty of Ripon; 4 miles from Ripon, 8 from Knaresbrough.—Pop. 44.

INGTHORPE-GRANGE, (*the seat of J. Baldwin, Esq.*) in the township of East and West-Marton, and parish of East-Marton; 6 miles from Skipton.

Ingthorpe, now Ingthorpe-Grange, was a Grange to Bolton Priory, and having been granted to the first Earl of Cumberland, in 1542, was sold by his grandson to the Baldwins, in which family it still continues. Here the Canons seem to have had a small Cell and Chapel; for a Basso Relievo, in white marble, was found here some years ago; the subject of which seems to have been the apprehension of Christ, and Peter drawing his sword.—WHITAKER.

INGLETON, in the parish of Low-Bentham, wapentake of Ew-cross; 7 miles from Kirby-Lonsdale, (*Westm.*) 10 from Settle, 18 from Lancaster, 20 from Askrigg.—*No Market.*—*Fair*, Nov. 17, for horned cattle.—*Principal Inns*, Bay Horse, and Wheat-Sheaf.—Pop. 1,302. The Church is a perpetual curacy, in the deanry of Kirby-Lonsdale, value, p. r. †116*l*. Patron, the Rector of Bentham.

Ingleton is pleasantly situated on a natural mount, yet at the bottom of a vale, near the conflux of two rivers, over which are thrown two handsome arches. The church-yard commands a fine view of the vale of Lonsdale, almost as far as Lancaster. Ingleton is thus noticed by Barnaby in his Journal:—

*Pirgus inest fano, fenum sub acumine collis,
Collis ab elatis, actus auctus aquis.*

The poor man's box is in the temple set,
Church under hill, the hill by waters beat.

In the neighbourhood of Ingleton are many objects worthy the attention of admirers of romantic scenery, as Thornton Scar; Thornton Force, a curious Fall of Water; Raven Rec, a rock promontary, near forty yards high, almost covered with evergreens.—*Guide to the Caves.*

INGLETON-FELL.—*See Chapel-le-Dale.*

INGMAN-LODGE, *s. h.* in the township and parish of Horten; 11 miles from Settle.

INGMANTHORPE, *ham.* in the township and parish of Kirk-Deighton; (*the seat of Richard Fountayne Wilson, Esq.*) 3 miles from Wetherby, 7 from Knaresbrough, 12½ from York.

This was anciently part of the possessions of the Barons Trusbuts; from whom it descended to Lord Ross, and was the principal residence of the descendants of that noble family, for many generations. Here was a Chapel, dedicated to St. Mary, in which Sir Robert Ross was interred on the 21st of January, 1392. The site of the house, gardens, &c. may yet be traced, in a field, called Hall-Garth.

INGMIRE-HALL, (*the seat of John Upton, Esq.*) in the township and parish of Sedbergh; 1¼ mile from Sedbergh.

INGROW, *ham.* in the township and parish of Keighley, liberty of Staincliffe; 1 mile from Keighley, 11 from Skipton.

INTACK-END, *ham.* in the township and parish of Handsworth; 3 miles from Sheffield.

INTACK-HEAD, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Huddersfield; 2 miles from Huddersfield.

JACK-HILL, *scat. f. h.* in the township of Clifton-with-Norwood, and parish of Fewston; 6 miles from Otley.

JENNETT'S-CAVE.—*See Malham.*

JOHNNY-MOOR, LONG, *ham.* in the township and parish of Thorne; 3 miles from Thorne, 11 from Howden.

JUNCTION, *ham.* in the township of Quick, and parish of Rochdale, (*Lanc.*) 4 miles from Dobeross, 14 from Huddersfield. Here is an Inn, called the Junction-Inn, *Sign, Post-Chaise.*

K

KAYLEY-HALL, *f. h.* in the township of Pool, and parish of Otley; 3 miles from Otley.

KEADEN-LANE, *scat. h.* in the township and parish of Clapham; 7 miles from Settle.

KEREBY, in the parish of Kirkbyoverblow, upper-division of Claro; 5 miles from Wetherby, 8 from Knaresbrough.—Pop. including Netherby, 226, which being united, form a township.

KEB-ROYD, (*the seat of Walker Priestley, Esq.*) in the township of Soyland, and parish of Halifax, liberty of Wakefield; 5 miles from Halifax, 12 from Rochdale, (*Lanc.*)

KEB-COTE, or **KIRBY-COT**, *p. h.* in the township of Stansfield, and parish of Halifax; 10 miles from Burnley, 12 from Halifax.

KEIGHLEY, a market and parish-town, in the east-division of Staincliffe, liberty of Clifford's-Feo; 4 miles from Bingley, 10 from Bradford and Skipton, 12 from Otley and Halifax, 12½ from Colne, (*Lanc.*) 40 from York, 209 from London.—*Market*, Wednesday.—*Fairs*, May 8, for horned cattle and horses; 9 and 10, for pedlary-ware, November 7, for horned cattle, horses, and sheep; and 8 and 9, for pedlary-ware.—*Principal Inns*, Devonshire Arms, and King's Arms.—Pop. 9,223. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Andrew, in the deanry of Craven, value, 21*l.* 0*s.* 7½*d.* Patron, the Duke of Devonshire.

This is a considerable market-town, at the north-western extremity of the manufacturing district. It is situated in a deep valley, within three or four hundred yards of the south-west bank of the river Aire, over which there is a stone bridge. The town is tolerably well built, almost wholly of stone, the inhabitants of which derive their support from the cotton, linen, and worsted manufactures, which are carried on here with great spirit and industry. The manufacture of worsted may be considered as the staple trade of Keighley; large quantities of which are sold at Bradford and Halifax. The purchasers are chiefly Leeds merchants. The town is supplied with water from two springs, under the regulations of an Act of Parliament, obtained in 1816.

Here is a Grammar-School founded by John Drake, in the year 1715—16, for the parish of Keighley, to teach Latin, Greek, and English, grammatically. It is now chiefly English.

Keighley gave name to a family of that name, one of whom, Henry Keighley, interred here, procured from Edward I. for this, his Manor, the "privileges of a market, a fair, and a free warren, &c." The male issue, in right line of this family, ended in Henry Keighley, one of whose daughters and co-heirs married William Cavendish, then Baron Cavendish of Hardwicke; and brought with her this manor and estate in which family it has remained ever since, being now the property of Lord George Cavendish.

The Church of Keighley was given at a very early period, to the Prior and Canons of Bolton, by Ralph de Kighley: it was never appropriated: and after the dissolution of Monasteries the advowson was granted, *inter alia*, to Henry, Earl of Cumberland, 33 Henry VIII. In the north aisle, belonging to Riddlesden Hall, are two ancient gravestones, each of which has a cross, and one a sword, and two shields of arms; the higher nearly effaced; the lower charged with a cross fleury, and circumscribed,

————— *GILBERTUS KYGHLEY DE UTLAY ET MARGARIA
UXOR EI. APO DNI MXXIII.*

In 1710, this church was modernised and made uniform; the body of the church by the parish, and the choir by Mr Gale, the Rector, cousin-german to Dr. Thomas Gale, Dean of York, father of the learned Roger Gale, of Scruton. CAMDEN.—WHITAKER. The present church was built in 1805.

- KELLBROOK**, in the township and parish of Thormston, east-division and liberty of Staincliffe; 4 miles from Colne, (*Lanc.*) 3 from Skipton, 10 from Burnley, (*Lanc.*)
- KELLINGLEY**, *ham.* in the township of Beaghall, and parish of Kellington, liberty of Pontefract; 5 miles from Pontefract.
- KELLINGTON**, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Osgoldcross, liberty of Pontefract; 7 miles from Pontefract and Snaith, 21 from York.—Pop. 283. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Edmund, in the deanry of Pontefract, value, £9*l.* 8*s.* 11½*d.* Patron, Trinity College, Cambridge.
- KENDALL-GREEN**, *scot. h.* in the township of Worsbrough, and parish of Darfield; 2 miles from Barnsley.
- KERESFORTH-HILL**, *f. h.* in the township of Barnsley, and parish of Silkston, liberty of Pontefract; 1½ mile from Barnsley.
- KERSHALL**, *f. h.* in the township of Arthington, and parish of Addle; 4 miles from Harewood.
- KESWICK, EAST**, a township, in the parish of Harewood, lower-division of Skyrack; 3 miles from Harewood, 3½ from Wetherby, 9 from Leeds.—Pop. 296.
- KESWICK, DUN**, in the parish of Harewood, upper-division of Claro; 7 miles from Wetherby, 8½ from Knaresbrough, 9½ from Leeds.—Pop. 257.
- KETTLESING**, *ham.* in the township of Felliscliffe, and parish of Hampsthwaite; 5½ miles from Ripley, 8½ from Knaresbrough.
- KETTLESING-HEAD**, *ham.* in the township of Felliscliffe, and parish of Hampsthwaite; 2½ miles from Hopper-lane Inn.
- KETTLETHORPE-HALL**, (*the seat of Joseph Charlesworth, Esq.*) in the township of Crigglestone, and parish of Sandal-Magna, liberty of Wakefield; 2½ miles from Wakefield, 7½ from Barnsley.
- KETTLEWELL**, a market and parish-town, in the east-division and liberty of Staincliffe; 14 miles from Hawes, 14½ from Askrigg, 15 from Middleham and Settle, 16 from Skipton, Pateleybridge, and Leyburn, 48 from York, 233 from London.—*Market*, Thursday.—*Fairs*, July 6, for pedlary ware; Sept. 2, and Oct. 23, for sheep.—*Principal Inns*, Masons' Arms, Blue Bell, King's Arms, and Race Horses.—Pop. including Starbottom, 663. The Church, rebuilt in 1820, is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry

6*l* Craven, value, $\pm 5*l*. p. r. 6*l*. 0*s*. 9*d*. Patron, the Rev. George Coates.$

The Church at Kettlewell, which was of high antiquity, probably not later than Henry I. has been pulled down, and a new one in 1820, erected on its site, on the same plan, only a few yards longer.

Kettlewell is situated at the foot of a very steep hill, in a narrow part of Wharfedale, and although the village is large, the buildings are very mean.—In the year 1686, this town and Starbottom were nearly destroyed by a violent flood. The situation of these towns is under a large hill, from whence the rain descended with great violence for one hour and a half, at the same time, the hill on one side opening, and casting up water to a prodigious height, demolished several houses, and filled others with gravel to the chamber windows; the affrighted inhabitants fled for their lives, and the loss was computed at many thousand pounds.—*Magna Brit.*

KEXBROUGH, in the parish of Darton, wapentake of Staincross, liberty of Pontefract; 4 miles from Barnsley, $5\frac{1}{2}$ from Penistone, $8\frac{1}{2}$ from Wakefield.—Pop. 440.

KEXMOOR, *ham.* in the township of Grewelthorpe, and parish of Kirkbymalzeard; 2 miles from Kirkbymalzeard, 6 from Masham.

KIDHALL, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Barwick-in-Elmet; 4 miles from Abberford.

KIDHALL-INN, in the township and parish of Barwick-in-Elmet, liberty of the honour of Pontefract; 4 miles from Abberford, $6\frac{1}{4}$ from Tadeaster, 8 from Leeds.

KILDWICK, a parish-town, in the east-division of Staincliffe, liberty of Clifford's-fee; (*Kildwick-Hall, the seat of Miss Currer*) $4\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Skipton, $5\frac{1}{4}$ from Keighley, 9 from Colne, (*Lanc.*) Pop. 175. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Andrew, in the deanry of Craven, value, $\pm 10*l*. 18*s*. 1\frac{1}{2}$ *d*. Patrons, the Dean and Canons of Christ Church, Oxford.

The Church of Kildwick, is one of the two in the whole deanry of Craven, which are mentioned in Domesday. It was given by Cecilia de Romille to the Priory of Embsay. After the dissolution of religious houses, the rectory, with the advowson of the vicarage, was granted by Henry VIII. to Christ-Church, Oxford. In the nave of the present Church, built or renewed about the reign of Henry VIII. are the tomb and effigient statue of Sir Robert de Steeton, in link-mail, with his arms upon a shield. It is wrought in Haselwood stone, and is an exact counterpart of his contemporary Sir Adam de Midelton, at Ilkley: and in the north chapel and choir are, also, monuments to the families of Currer, Swire, Jennings, &c.

The village, situated upon a hill on the road from Keighley to Skipton, was amongst the first donations to the Priory of Embsay, by Cecilia de Romille, the foundress. In that house it continued till the dissolution, when it was granted by Henry VIII. to Robert Wilkinson and Thomas Drake, of the parish of Halifax. In the 2 Edward I. is a license to Drake, to alienate the Manor of Kildwick to John Garforth, of Farnhill, by whom, or his son, 1st of Elizabeth, it was sold to Henry Currer, Esq. and from whom it has lineally descended to the present owner, Miss Currer.

The Manor-house, a respectable stone building, perhaps a century and a half old, stands high above the church, with a very deep descent in front; but is sheltered by thriving plantations.—*Hist. Craven.*

KILDWICK-GRANGE, *ham.* in the township and parish of Kildwick, liberty of Staincliffe; 5 miles from Keighley.

KILHOLME, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Cantley; 6 miles from Doncaster and Bawtry.

KILLINGBECK, *seat. h.* in the township of Seacroft, and parish

of Whitkirk, liberty of Pontefract; (*the seat of F. Walker, Esq.*) 3 miles from Leeds.

KILLINGHALL, in the parish of Ripley, lower-division of Claro, liberties of Knaresbrough and Ripon; $1\frac{1}{4}$ mile from Ripley, 5 from Knaresbrough, 9 from Ripon.—Pop. 519. A few houses at the north-end of the village are within the constabulary of Nidd, and liberty of Ripon.

In Domesday-book, is called *Chenihalle*, i. e. *Kennethall*; probably a place where the hounds (which belonged to the Lord of the Manor) were kept, for it was no uncommon thing for noblemen, during the time of the Saxons, to keep mastiff-dogs, for chasing wolves out of their territory.—*Dugdale's Bar.*

It was formerly the residence of several families of note, viz. Pulleyn, Tankred, Baynes, &c. Heaps of ruins, covered with grass, mark the place where two of their mansions stood; from the materials of which, several farm-houses, with their offices, have been erected.

The Norwich troop of horse, which was a part of Cromwell's regiment, were quartered at Killinghall, in July 1644, a few days after the battle of Marston. This troop had embroidered on their colours, *La Troupe des Vierges*, being raised by the voluntary subscription of the young Ladies of Norwich.

It was for some centuries the seat of the family of Pulleyn. Captain John Levens, who lived in the reign of Charles I. having, in the latter part of his life, quitted the army, became one of the people called quakers, and retired to this peaceful solitude, where he ended his days, in the year 1668. He and his sons were interred in an orchard here; and, perhaps, no places are more proper, to bury our dead in, than gardens, groves, or airy fields. This custom is of the highest antiquity; the Greeks, or eastern christians, do not bury in churches.

KILNHURST, in the townships of Swinton and Rawmarsh, and parish of Rawmarsh, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; (*Kilnhurst-Hall, the seat of William Turner, Esq.*) 5 miles from Rotherham, 8 from Barnsley.

Here are six Alms or Hospital-Houses, value, each, 3*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum.

KILNSEY, in the township of Conistone-with-Kilnsey, and parish of Burnsall, east-division of Staincliffe, liberty of Clifford's-Fea; 3 miles from Kettlewell, 12 from Skipton and Settle.—Pop. included in Conistone.

This place is remarkable for a lofty range of limestone rock; the highest point of that denominated "*Kilnsey Cragg*," will be about 165 feet, and its length 270 yards, or more. The whole of this astonishing mass of limestone stretches nearly half a mile along the valley, and, as a feature in landscape, has greatly the advantage of Gordale Scar.

To this village, the Abbots of Fountains drove their immense flocks of sheep from the surrounding hills, for their annual sheep-shearing. Here, too, they also kept Courts for all their Manors in Craven, excepting Litton and Longstrother, which last were holden at Litton. The walls of their Court-house were remaining at Kilnsey, 41 Elizabeth.—*Hist. Craven.*

Two ancient Arches, rather pointed, adjoining to a house called "*the Hall*" (dated W. W. 1644) behind the Inn at Kilnsey, still point to some of those remains. The keystone of the larger arch has the remains of a dog or sheep upon it. From the name of Chapel-house, (p. 256,) "it seems probable," says Dr. Whitaker, "that the Monks either had a small Cell or a Grange, with a Chapel annexed, in a picturesque and interesting situation, where an excellent house was built by the late John Tennant, Esq. whose ancestor Jeffry Tennant, of Bordley, purchased the estate of the Gresham family, the grantees of Fountains, in the 14th of Elizabeth."

KIMBERWORTH, a township, in the parish of Rotherham, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberty of Tickhill; 2 miles from Rotherham, 7 from Sheffield, 13 from Penistone.—Pop. 3,797.

KING-CROSS, *ham.* in the township of Skircoat, and parish of Halifax, liberty of Wakefield; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Halifax.

KINSLEY, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Hemsworth, liberty of Pontefract; 7 miles from Pontefract and Wakefield.

KIPLING-HOUSE, *s. h.* in the township of Thornton, and parish of Bradford.

KIPPAX, a parish-town, in the lower-division of Skyrack, liberty of Pontefract; $5\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Pontefract, 8 from Leeds, 9 from Wakefield, 21 from York.—Pop. 958. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of the Ainsty, value, $\pm 5l. 7s. 1d.$ Patron, the King. In the same township and parish is

KIPPAX-PARK, *the seat of Thomas Davison Bland, Esq.*

This Park is large and beautiful, rising to the Mansion, which was originally founded by Sir Thomas Bland, Knight, in the reign of Elizabeth. A part only of the ancient front remains in the centre of the building. The fabric was much enlarged about the latter end of the 17th century; and the principal front, including the offices, now extends 600 feet in length.

The family of Bland was anciently seated at Bland's Gill, in Yorkshire; a younger son of which house was Robert Bland, Esq. of Leeming, N. R. whose posterity continued the principal line; the male issue of the chief house of Bland's Gill, soon failing; the title of Baronet became extinct, on the death of Sir Hungerford Bland, who died a bachelor, some time previous to 1779. The present family is descended from Thomas Davison, of Blackiston, Esq. in the county of Durham, he having married a daughter of Sir John Bland, Bart.—*Neale's Views.*

KIPPING-HOUSE, (*the seat of Miss Firth*) in the township of Thornton, and parish of Bradford; 4 miles from Bradford.

KIRBY-WHARFE, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Barkston-Ash, liberties of St. Peter and Pontefract; 2 miles from Tadcaster, 12 from York and Selby, 13 from Pontefract.—Pop. including Milford, 86. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. John the Baptist, in the deanry of the Ainsty, value, $\pm 3l. 16s. 8d. p. r. 120l.$ Patron, the Prebendary of Wetwang.

KIRKBURTON, a parish-town, in Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; 6 miles from Huddersfield, 8 from Penistone, 11 from Wakefield, 39 from York.—Pop. 2,153. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to the Holy-Trinity, in the deanry of Pontefract, value, $13l. 6s. 8d.$ Patron, the King.

The name and situation of this place, lead Dr. Whitaker to conjecture, that a Saxon Fort once stood here. "Accordingly, at this place, the parish-church, from which there is a steep declivity on the north and west, the appearance of a ditch on the south, and a deep and narrow lane, at a corresponding distance on the east, has every appearance of a Saxon Fort, though the keep has been levelled. In addition to these appearances, a small sike immediately adjoining to the north-east, is still called the *Old Saxe Dyke*."

The present Church, built in the reign of Edward III. pays a pension of $4l.$ per annum, as a mark of its dependence upon that ancient and fruitful Mother of Churches, Dewsbury; from which, it appears to have been severed, about the time of the first Earl of Warren.

The Burtons may be traced as Lords of this Manor, to the highest period of local names. In 1455, Edward Kaye, of Woodsome, Esq. was owner of this Manor, by marriage of Isabel, the daughter of Thomas Burton: it is now the property of Sir John Lister Kaye, Bart. of Denby Grange, his descendant.—*Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete.*

KIRBY-COT, or **KEBCOATES**, *p. h.* in the township of Stansfield, and parish of Halifax; 8 miles from Todmorden, 10 from Halifax.

KIRK-BRAMWITH, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Osgoldcross, liberty of Pontefract; 6 miles from Doncaster, 7 from Thorne, 25 from York.—Pop. 252. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, 12*l.* 18*s.* 4*d.* Patron, the King, as Duke of Lancaster.

KIRKBY-HALL, a township, in the parish of Little-Ouseburn, upper-division of Claro; (*the seat of Richard John Thompson, Esq.*) 5 miles from Boroughbridge, 13 from York.—Pop. 55.

In this elegant Mansion is a very valuable collection of Paintings; many of them by the most celebrated masters, ancient and modern.

The Mausoleum in the church-yard at Little Ouseburn; and the Obelisk, at the place called "*the head of the River Ouse*," were both erected by a gentleman of this family.

KIRK-HAMMERTON, a parish-town, in the upper-division of Claro; (*the seat William Thompson, Esq.*) 7 miles from Wetherby, 8 from Boroughbridge and Knaresbrough, 10 from York.—Pop. 409. The Church, peculiar, is a vicarage, dedicated to St. John the Baptist, in the deanry of Boroughbridge, diocese of Chester, value, *p. r.* †134*l.* 10*s.* In consequence of a reduction, by loss of Land, the value is only 65*l.* Patron, the Rev. William Metcalfe, the present incumbent.

KIRKHEATON, a parish-town, in Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; 2 miles from Huddersfield, 8 from Halifax, 10 from Wakefield, 16 from Leeds, 38 from York.—Pop. 2,186. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. John the Baptist, in the deanry of Pontefract, value, 25*l.* 13*s.* 9*d.* Patron, Thomas Richard Beaumont, Esq.

After the origin of local names, the first race of mesne Lords, who appear at this place, bore the denomination, *de Heton*. They were benefactors to the House of Fountain, and to their piety, the parish-church may with great probability be ascribed. The payment of 1*l.* 3*s.* 4*d.* to the Church of Dewsbury, proves its ancient dependance on that Church, and from which, it was probably severed about the year 1200. In the church-yard is a gigantic Yew Tree, supposed to be co-eval with the Church, as it could scarcely have attained to its great magnitude in less than six centuries. In the north aisle of the choir, is a cumbent statue of Sir Richard Beaumont, of Whitley, Bart.: of this family, who have long been Lords of this Manor, are several other memorials of the Church.—**WHITAKEE.**

Here is a Free-School, for the education of ten poor boys gratis.

KIRKBYMALZEARD, a parish-town, in the lower-division of Claro, liberty of St. Peter; (*Mowbray-House, the seat of Tomyns Dickins, Esq.*) 4 miles from Masham, 7 from Ripon, 10 from Pateleybridge, 30 from York.—*Market*, Wednesday.—*Fairs*, Whitsun-Monday, and October 2, for cattle, sheep, &c.—Pop. 682. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Andrew, in the deanry of Catterick, diocese of Chester, value, with Masham, 301*l.* Patron, Trinity-College, Cambridge. It possesses a peculiar exempt jurisdiction, formerly annexed to the Prebend of Masham, in the Cathedral of York, now exercised by a Commissary, appointed by Trinity-College, Cambridge.—The present Vicar is the Commissary,

Here, the famous family of the Mowbrays had a Castle, which was besieged 20 Henry II. by Henry, the elect Bishop of Lincoln. Roger de Mowbray then hastened to the King at Northampton, where he rendered up to him this Castle and that at Thirsk, both of which were soon after made untenable, and pulled down.—*Dugdale's Bar.*

Mr. Dickens, on enlarging his present Mansion, and laying out his pleasure grounds, dug up a great many ruins of this ancient Castle; bases, shafts, capitals, &c. belonging to which, are now to be seen, grotesquely placed in various parts of the grounds. This Castle was situated on an eminence, with a deep ditch on the north, and commanding most extensive prospects to the east and north-east, and from which, no doubt, the Castle of Thirsk was visible.

John de Mowbray obtained a grant 35 Edward I. to hold two fairs annually, and a market weekly, at Kirkbymalzeard. These fairs and market, after laying dormant, we know not how long, have been revived since 1816.

Here is a School, founded about the year 1640, by one William Horseman, who endowed it with 50s. per annum: it has since received several small endowments, and the master's emolument now amounts to 7*l.* 10s. per annum.—*Commissioners' Report.*

KIRKBY-MALHAMDALE, a parish-town, in the west-division and liberty of Staincliffe; 6 miles from Settle, (by the Post-Road, 11 miles,) 9 from Skipton, 10 from Kettlewell, 11 from Gisburn, 50 from York.—Pop. 204. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. James, in the deanry of Craven, value, 6*l.* 13s. 4*d.* p. r. †43*l.* 10s. Patron, the Duke of Devonshire.

This place is situated in a deep Gill, upon a small beck, near the river Alr. The Church is a large, handsome, and uniform building, probably of the age of Henry VII. In the chapel, at the east end of the south aisle, is a mural monument, with the arms of Lambert. It is to the memory of John Lambert, of Calton Hall, son and heir to Major-Gen. Lambert, and the last male heir, in whom that ancient family of the Lamberts, in a line from the Conqueror, is now extinct. This Church belonged to the Abbey of West Dereham till the dissolution; the Monks of which Abbey had a Cell here in the reign of Edward II. It appears to have been garrisoned for the Parliament, by the first of the family of Kings of Skelland, who came out of Westmoreland.—*Hist. Craven.*

Here is a School, supposed to be founded by one of the Lamberts of Calton, originally for Latin only, but of late years the Master has introduced English; it is endowed with about 20*l.* per annum, arising chiefly out of rents of lands at Kirkby-Malhamdale and Hanlith, and money in the funds, left by Mrs. Nelson of Calton.

KIRKBY-OVERBLOW, a parish-town, in the upper-division of Claro; (*the seat of the Hon. and Rev. Dr. Marsham*) 5½ miles from Wetherby, 6½ from Knaresbrough, 20½ from York.—Pop. including Swindon, 370, which being united, form a township. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of the Ainsty, value, 20*l.* 1s. 0½*d.* Patron, the Earl of Egremont.

Kirkby-Overblow, the orthography of which is *Kirkby-Ore-Blowers*, from its being within the vicinity of an Iron Forge.—**THORESBY.** This village is situated upon an eminence on the north bank of the Wharfe.

Here is a small School for six poor children; the land originally appropriated to the support of which, consists of eleven acres.

KIRKBY, SOUTH, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Osgold-cross, liberty of Pontefract; 8 miles from Pontefract, 9 from Barnsley, 10 from Doncaster, 11 from Wakefield, 31 from York.—Pop. 633. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, †15*l.* 10s. 2½*d.* Patron, the Rev. George Allott,

KIRK-GILL, 2 or 3 *f. h.* in the township of Buckden, and parish of Arnecliffe, liberty of Staincliffe; 5 miles from Kettlewell.

KIRK-HOUSE GREEN, a few *scat. h.* in the township and parish of Kirk-Bramwith, liberty of Pontefract; 6 miles from Thorne.

KIRKLEES-HALL, (*the seat of Sir George Armitage, Bart.*) in the township of Hartishead-with-Clifton, and parish of Dewsbury, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; 4½ miles from Huddersfield, 6 from Halifax, 12 from Leeds.

This place is memorable, on account of a Nunnery founded here in the reign of Henry II. for Benedictine Nuns. After the dissolution, the site and demesnes about the house, were granted to the Ramsdens. In the 1st of Elizabeth, it became the property of the Pilkintons, and in the 8th of the same reign, was alienated by Robert Pilkinton to John Armitage, and in this family it has continued to the present day. The site of the Priory appears to have been inhabited by the family during the rest of Elizabeth's reign, and an uncertain portion of that of King James, when, as appears from his arms in the hall, they removed to their present more airy and conspicuous situation.

The situation of this Nunnery was in a warm and fertile bottom, on the verge of a deep brook to the south, and on an elevation just sufficient to protect the house from inundations. A square depression in the ground distinctly marks the cloister court, nearly thirty yards square. North of this was the body of the Church, and eighteen yards or thereabouts, to the east, are the tombs of Elizabeth de Stainton, and another protected by iron rails, immediately eastward from which, the choir has evidently terminated. The nave, transept, and choir, must have been at least 150 feet long.

Kirklees is also famous for being the sepulture of the renowned Robin Hood, an out-law and free-booter, who lived in the beginning of the thirteenth century, and who, according to tradition, was suffered to bleed to death by one of the Nuns, to whom he had applied to be bled. The spot pointed out for the place of his interment, is beyond the precinct of the Nunnery, and therefore not in consecrated ground.—*Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete.*

The following inscription over his remains, preserved by Dr. Gale, Dean of York, Thoresby says, was "scarce legible," and Dr. Whitaker seems to think spurious.

"Hear, underneath dis latil stean,
Laiz Robert, Earl of Huntington;
Nea arcir vir as him sa gend,
An pipel kauld him Robin Heud;
Sick utlawz az hi, an iz men,
Vil INGLANDE nivr si agen:

Obit. 24, Kal. Dekembris, 1247."

A statue of this renowned free-booter, large as life, leaning on his unbent bow, with a quiver of arrows and a sword by his side, formerly stood on one side the entrance into the old hall.

KIRK-SANDALL.—*See Sandall, Kirk.*

KIRK-SMEATON, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Osgold-cross, liberty of Pontefract; 6 miles from Pontefract and Ferry-bridge, 10 from Doncaster, 14 from Wakefield, 27 from York.—Pop. 321. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, 10*l.* 1*s.* 0½*d.* Patron, Earl Fitzwilliam.

KIRKSTALL-BRIDGE, and **ABBAY**, in the township of Heddingley, and parish of Leeds, lower-division of Skyrack, liberty of Pontefract; 3 miles from Leeds, 7 from Bradford, 8 from Otley, 16 from Harrogate.

This Abbey, as a subject of monastic history, has been nearly exhausted by the labours of Dugdale, and his follower Stephens. Antiquaries are as familiarly acquainted with the circumstances of its early discipline, the ruin of its revenues by improvidence, and the assistance by which they were restored, as if the transaction had passed before their eyes. Draftsmen and landscape-painters, good and bad, have done their parts to delight or glut the public taste, with this enchanting ruin, and the acutest curiosity might almost look in vain for a point which has not been represented.—WHITTAKER.

The remains of this fine monastic structure stands in the beautiful vale of Air, near the banks of the river. The space which they occupy, is about 340 feet from north to south, and 445 from east to west. This Abbey, dedicated to the blessed Virgin, was founded by Henry de Lacy, in 1147, for Monks of the Cistercian Order; and Alexander, Prior of Fountain's Abbey, was appointed their first Abbot. Their first habitation was at Barnoldswick, but this place proving inconvenient to the Monks, they, about six years afterwards, removed to Kirkstall, in Airedale, then inhabited by some Hermits. Alexander, their first Abbot, governed the Monks thirty-five years. They suffered much by some ill-offices done to them by King John, who took from them some of their lands; but they found a benefactor in Robert de Lacy, who died in 1194, and was esteemed a second founder.—DUGDALE.

Several of the first Monks were men of exemplary piety and virtue; and the revenues of the Abbey were so well managed, that at a visitation in 1301, the Monks were found to have 216 oxen, 160 cows, 150 yearlings and bullocks, 90 calves, and 4,000 sheep, and their debts amounted only to 160*l.* At the dissolution, their revenues were valued at 329*l.* 2*s.* 11*d.* *Dugdale*; and 512*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* *Speed*. It was surrendered, according to *Speed*, by John Ripley, the last Abbot, on the 22d Nov. 1540. In the 34th Henry VIII. the site was granted to Thomas Crammer, Archbishop of Canterbury, in exchange for other lands. The Right Hon. the Earl of Cardigan is the present proprietor.

The situation of this Abbey, near the banks of a fine river, always calm and clear, except in floods, in a vale, fertile, open, and extensive, and with hills overlooking the Abbey, is particularly enchanting and picturesque.

KIRKSHILL, *f. h.* in the township of Arthington, and parish of Addle; 3 miles from Harewood.

KIRKTHORPE, *ham.* in the township and parish of Warmfield, liberty of Pontefract; (*the residence of the Rev. James Drake*) 3 miles from Wakefield, 11 from Barnsley. This forms a part of the vicarage of Warmfield, being styled Warmfield-with-Kirkthorpe.—*Bacon*.

KIRTHWAITE, in the township of Dent, and parish of Sedbergh, wapentake of Eweross.

This is a large district, which consists of straggled houses, with meeting-houses for Quakers and Presbyterians.

KNAPTON, (Ainsty) in the parish of Acomb; 3½ miles from York, 8½ from Tadcaster.—Pop. 137.

KNARESBROUGH, or **KNARESBOROUGH**, a market and parish-town, in the lower-division of Claro, liberties of St. Peter and Knaresbrough; 5 miles from Ripley, 7 from Boroughbridge and Wetherby, 11 from Hopper-Lane Inn, 12 from Ripon, 13 from Otley, 18 from Leeds and York, 24 from Skipton, 201 from London.—*Market*, Wednesday.—*Fairs*, January 13; first Wednesday after March 12; May 6, (unless it falls on a Sunday, then the day following,) first Wednesday after August 12; first Tuesday after October 11; and Wednesday after December 10, for horned cattle, &c.—The sheep Fairs are held on the days preceding the

first and last Fairs; the Statute days for servants, are on Wednesday before November 23 and Wednesday after.—*Bankers*, Messrs. Harrison and Terrys, draw on Messrs. Willis, Percival, and Co. 79, Lombard-Street; Messrs. Coates and Co. draw on Sir James Esdaile, Bart. and Co. 21, Lombard-Street.—*Principal Inns*, Crown, Bay Horse, and Old Elephant and Castle.—*Pop.* 5,283. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. John the Baptist, in the deanry of Boroughbridge, diocese of Chester, value, 9*l.* 9*s.* 4½*d.* Patron, Lord Rosslyn.

In a chapel, north of the choir, are several monuments of the Slingsby family, to whom this chapel belongs.

Knaresbrough is pleasantly situated on a cliff above the river Nidd, which runs at the bottom of a deep dell. The market-place is spacious, and the sale of corn considerable, great quantities being brought many miles eastward, to supply a barren track extending far west. The manufacture of linens, which is very considerable, is the staple trade of the town and neighbourhood; and the article called *Knaresbrough Linens*, has for a great many years been held in high repute.

It first sent members to Parliament in the first of Queen Mary, 1553, and has ever since returned two representatives. The right of election was then vested in 84 or 88 burgrave houses, the owners of which were entitled to vote. The elections continued free till about 1719, at which time the purchasing of burgrave houses first commenced. The Duke of Devonshire is now, and the family has for a long time, been in possession of all the burgrave-houses, except four. The last contest appears to have been in 1784; but no report was made on the petition of Sir John Coghill, Bart. and Bacon Frank, Esq. In 1805, the Bailiffs were unable to proceed to an election, by reason of a great riot and tumult, raised by a large number of persons not electors: on this, several of the electors petitioned Parliament, when, the Attorney-General was ordered to prosecute seven persons named in the petition, three of whom were tried at York, and found guilty; consequently a new writ was ordered.—*OLDFIELD.*

The Castle here has a most elevated situation, and on the accessible side was defended by a vast fosse, with strong works on the outside. 'The scattered fragments shew it to have been a fortress of great extent.' Part of the towers and some semi-round buttresses yet remain, and a square tower or *keep*, is the most complete of any, part of which formerly served as a prison for the liberty of the Forest of Knaresbrough. It was founded by Serlo de Burgh, who came into England with the Conqueror. He was succeeded in his possession by Eustace Fitz-John, the great favourite of Henry the first. It afterwards came into the possession of the Crown, for it seems that King John granted it to William de Estoteville for the services of three knights' fees. In the succeeding reign it was bestowed on that great justiciary, Hubert de Burgh, on payment of 100*l.* per annum into the Exchequer. In the reign of Edward II. it was in the family of Vaux, or de Vallibus, but bestowed by that Prince on his favourite Pierce Gaveston, whom he created Earl of Cornwall. On his death it reverted to the Crown, and remained in it till 1371, when the Castle, Manor and Honour of Knaresbrough, were granted by Edward III. to his fourth son, John of Gaunt; Duke of Lancaster, in which Duchy it yet remains.—*DEGDALE.*—*MAGNA BRIT.*—*MADOX.*

In 1170, the four Knights who murdered Thomas a Becket took refuge here, where they remained prisoners many months, but were sometime after pardoned, on condition of their performing a pilgrimage to Jerusalem.

After the base treachery Richard II. experienced from the Earl of Northumberland, and his gallant son Hotspur Percy, that unfortunate Prince was kept a close prisoner here, in an apartment still called the King's chamber, till he was removed to Pontefract Castle, and there murdered by order of Henry IV.

In 1616, James I. granted this Castle and Lordship to his son Charles. It was a strong fortress during the civil wars, and made great resistance against the parliamentary forces. After the battle of Marston-Moor, the townsmen most

gallantly defended it against Lord Fairfax, and though at last compelled to surrender, it was on the most honourable terms that the garrison laid down their arms. Not long after this, it was, by resolution of the House of Commons, rendered untenable.

The site of the Castle was upwards of one hundred yards in diameter. The Keep was large, and consisted of three stories. From an east view of it, the dismantled towers, and delapidated arches, are finely picturesque, but the whole is falling, by the stealing hand of time, fast into decay. Near the centre, in a part of the ruins, is the Court-house and Prison for the liberty of the Forest of Knaresbrough.

About half a mile below the Low-bridge, on the edge of the river, Richard Plantaganet, second son of King John, founded a Priory for Trinitarians, which was surrendered by the last Prior, Thomas Kent, in 1539.—DUGDALE. The site was granted to the Earl of Shrewsbury, and soon afterwards became the property of Sir Thomas Slingsby, in whose family it still remains. The ruins of it lie scattered about and overgrown with grass.

The celebrated Dropping-Well, placed close by the Nidd, which is saturated with terrene sparry matter, and incrusts, very soon, every thing it falls on, has seldom failed to attract the notice of the curious traveller.

Beneath these cliffs and near this spring was born, about the year 1487, that celebrated personage, Mother Shipton, the wife of Tobias Shipton. Many wonderful tales are told of her knowledge of future events, which are said to have been delivered to the Abbot of Beverley.

Not far from the low bridge, some entire dwellings have been excavated out of the cliffs. Half way up is one, three stories high, inhabited by a family who live beneath the rock, which has nothing artificial but part of the front. It was the work of sixteen years, performed by a poor weaver and his son, which, since its completion, has been called *Fort Montague*, from this poor man's kind patroness, the Dutchess of Buccleugh; having on the top a fort with cannon, a flag waving, and other military appearances.

Not far distant from this place is St. Robert's Chapel, cut out of the solid rock, with a neatly arched roof, a Gothic window and door. The ribs rest on neat pilasters. On the right-hand side are four terrific faces; in front an altar: on the floor is a hole, in which was probably placed a cross; and on the sides are two niches, long since dispossessed of their images. The length of the cell is $10\frac{1}{2}$ feet, the breadth 9, and the height $7\frac{1}{2}$. Near the door is cut a gigantic figure in the action of drawing his sword. Above is the Hermitage, a small cell formed of moss, petrefactions, &c. and about a mile down the river is the Cave of the Saint, which appears to have been his usual residence. This seat of piety was, in 1745, profaned by the murder of Daniel Clark, of Knaresbrough; who, with Eugene Aram and J. Houseman, had confederated to defraud several of their neighbours of plate and goods to a considerable amount. For a particular account of the trial, &c. of Eugene Aram, see pamphlet by Mr Hargrove.

Here lived, till within these few years, that very extraordinary man John Metcalf, who was a native of this place. Although he lost his sight in his infancy, was a tolerable proficient in music, a well-known guide over the Forest, a common carrier, a builder of bridges, a contractor for making roads, and played at whist with considerable skill. He died at the great age of 93.

This town has the benefit of the following Schools, viz. a Free-School, situated near the Church, endowed in 1616, by the Rev. Robert Chaloner; a Charity-School, for thirty boys and girls, endowed in 1765, by the late Thomas Richardson, Esq.; and a National-School, on the plan of Dr. Bell, erected in 1814.

The Old Sulphur Spaw, at Star-beck, between this place and Harrogate, which for some years had laid dormant, has recently been re-opened, and a square building erected over it, which secures it from external injury, and affords to the invalid a constant supply of its medicinal water. Its efficacy, as a diuretic and mild aperient, has been fully proved in numerous instances of bilious and cutaneous diseases.

KNARESBROUGH-FOREST.—The Forest extends from east to west, upwards of 20 miles; and in some places, is 8 miles in breadth.

By the general survey, completed in the year 1086, we find there were then

only four townships, viz. Birstwith, Fuston (*Fewston*) Beckwith, Rossett, (*Panzull*.) In the year 1368, there appears to have been three principal towns and sixteen hamlets, many of which had originated from waste-lands, after the conquest. The general enclosure commenced in 1771.—See “*the ancient customs of the Forest of Knaresbrough*,” published at Knaresbrough in 1808. This Forest is situate on the west side of Knaresbrough, extending itself to Bolton-Bridge; it has a separate jurisdiction, a prison, and a local court, in which pleas are held: His Grace the Duke of Devonshire is Lord and Chief Bailiff.

KNOSTROP, *ham.* in the township, parish, and borough of Leeds; 1 mile from Leeds.

In an old house which formerly belonged to a family of the name of Baynes, now converted into dwellings, and probably not older than Capt. Adam Baynes, who was Burgess for Leeds, in the only Parliament in which it was even represented, is perhaps, says Dr. Whitaker, “the latest specimen of a *deix*, or raised step for the high table, which is to be found in England.” A few years since it was hung round with portraits.

In a garden adjoining, are two gravestones, to the memory of two of the Stable family, and which appear to have been legible in Thoresby’s time, whatever they may be now,—the dates are 1662 and 1692, and the inscriptions are inserted in Thoresby’s *Leodiensis*.—“Mr John Stable, the last of the family who resided here, being tainted with Quakerism, converted part of his orchard into a place of Sepulture.—THORESBY.

KNOTTINGLEY, in the parish of Pontefract, wapentake of Os-goldcross, liberty of Pontefract; 1 mile from Ferrybridge, 3 from Pontefract, $9\frac{1}{2}$ from Snaith, $15\frac{1}{2}$ from Doncaster.—Pop. 3,753. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Botolph, value, p. r. 100*l*. Patron, the Vicar of Pontefract.

A large village on the banks of the Aire, which has been long noted for its merchandise in Lime. A branch Canal from the Aire and Calder navigation, is now cutting from this place to Goole, where it will enter into the river Ouse: the distance is about seventeen miles.

KNOW-BANK, *f. h.* in the township of Hetton-with-Bordley, and parish of Burnsall, liberty of Staincliffe; 9 miles from Settle.

KNOWLES.—See *Raven-Knowles*.

L

LADY-WELL, *s. h.* in the township of Soyland, and parish of Halifax; 6 miles from Halifax.

LAMBCOTE-GRANGE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Braithwell, liberty of Tickhill; 5 miles from Tickhill.

LAMB-HILL, *ham.* in the township and parish of Handsworth, liberty of Hallamshire; 3 miles from Sheffield.

LANE-ENDS, *ham.* in the township and parish of Keighley; 3 miles from Keighley.

LANE-HEAD, *f. h.* in the township of Shipley, and parish of Kirkburton; 5 miles from Penistone, 8 from Huddersfield.

LANE-HEAD, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Darton; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Barnsley.

LANE-HEAD, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Rawmarsh; 3 miles from Rotherham, 9 from Sheffield.

LANE-HEAD, or **LANE-HOUSES**, 2 or 3 *f. h.* in the township and parish of Weston; 3 miles from Otley.

LANGBER, in the township of Nesfield-with-Langber, and parish

of Ilkley, lower-division of Claro; $7\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Skipton, $8\frac{1}{2}$ from Otley.—Pop. included in Nesfield.

LANGCLIFFE, in the parish of Giggleswick, west-division and liberty of Staincliffe; (*Langcliffe-Hall, the seat of Mrs Swales; Langcliffe-Place, the seat of William Clayton, Esq.*) 1 mile from Settle.—Pop. 420.

LANGER-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township of Hetton-with-Bordley, liberty of Staincliffe; 9 miles from Settle.

LANGFIELD, a township, in the parish of Halifax, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; 8 miles from Rochdale, (*Lanc.*) 12 from Halifax.—Pop. 2,069.

This township originally belonged to the Langfields, and passed into the family of the Hamertons, about the end of the reign of Edward III. In the time of Henry VIII. it was, by attainder of Sir Stephen Hamerton, forfeited to the Crown.

LANGHILL-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township of Hetton-with-Bordley, and parish of Burnsall, liberty of Staincliffe; 8 miles from Skipton.

LANGLEY-BROOK, 2 or 3 *h.* in the township and parish of Ecclesfield; 3 miles from Sheffield.

LANGOLD, in the township of Letwell, and parish of Saint John, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; (*a seat of John Galley Knight, Esq.*) 4 miles from Worksop, (*Notts.*) 5 from Tickhill.

LANGRICK, or **LONG-DRAX**.—See *Drax, Long*.

LANGSETT, in the parish of Penistone, wapentake of Staincross, liberty of Pontefract; 3 miles from Penistone, 10 from Barnsley, 12 from Sheffield.—Pop. 325.

LANGTHWAITE, *s. h.* in the parish of Doncaster, lower-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberty of Tickhill; 4 miles from Doncaster, 9 from Thorne.—Pop. including Tilts, 21, which being united, form a township.

LAPWATER, *s. h.* in the township of Greasbrough, and parish of Rotherham; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Rotherham.

LASCELLES-HALL, (*the seat of Joseph Walker, Esq.*) in the township of Lepton, and parish of Kirkheaton; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Huddersfield, 11 from Wakefield.

LAUGHTON-EN-LE-MORTIEN, a parish-town, in the upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberty of St. Peter; 6 miles from Tickhill, 7 from Rotherham, 8 from Worksop, (*Notts.*) 10 from Bawtry, 50 from York.—Pop. 652. The Church, peculiar, is a vicarage, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, $\pm 6l. 13s. 4d.$ p. r. $\pm 44l.$ Patron, the Chancellor of York.

LAUND-HOUSE, *s. h.* in the township and parish of Bingley; 5 miles from Bradford.

LAVERICK-HALL, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Keighley, liberty of Staincliffe; 3 miles from Keighley.

LAVERTON, in the parish of Kirkbymalzeard, lower-division of Claro; 5 miles from Masham, $6\frac{1}{2}$ from Ripon.—Pop. 430.

LAWKLAND, in the parish of Clapham, wapentake of Eweross; (*Lawkland-Hall, the seat of John Ingilby, Esq.*) $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Settle, 13 from Kirby-Lonsdale, (*Westm.*)—Pop. 351.

Adjoining to Lawkland is an ancient Chapel, called Eldroth-Chapel, the rent of the lands belonging to which, go towards the education of six children. No service performed at the Chapel.

LAWKLAND-GREEN, *ham.* in the township of Lawkland, and parish of Clapham; (*the seat of Thomas Ingilby, Esq.*) 3 miles from Settle.

LAYCOCK, *ham.* in the township and parish of Keighley, liberty of Staincliffe; 2 miles from Keighley, 8 from Skipton.

LAYS, (*the seat of David Hemsworth, Esq.*) in the township and parish of Monk-Fryston; 4 miles from Ferrybridge.

LAZENCROFT, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Barwick-in-Elmet, liberty of Pontefract; 5 miles from Leeds.

LEAD, (extraparochial) in the wapentake of Barkston-Ash; 5 miles from Tadcaster, 8 from Wetherby, 16 from Pontefract.—Consists of 7 farm-houses, and 50 inhabitants.

LEATHLEY, a parish-town, in the upper-division of Claro; 2 miles from Otley, 11 from Leeds, 12 from Knaresbrough, 27 from York.—Pop. 312. The Church is a rectory, in the deanry of the Ainsty, value, 7*l.* 2*s.* 8½*d.* Patron, the King.

Here is a School-house and four Alms-houses, founded in 1769, by Mrs Anne Hitch, who endowed the same with 12*l.* per annum, for the master, to teach the children of the township of Leathley, reading, writing, English grammar, &c.—4*l.* each for the Alms-houses, occupied by indigent persons. The money arises out of rents of land at Felliscliffe. The Lord of the Manor, and the Rector of Leathley, and the Rector of Addle, are trustees.—*Commis. Report.*

LEDHAM, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Barkston-Ash, liberty of Pontefract; 5 miles from Pontefract, 6 from Abberford, 10 from Selby, 20 from York.—Pop. 212. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of the Ainsty, value, 7*l.* 4*s.* 2*d.* Patrons, the Trustees of Lady Elizabeth Hastings.

This Church is remarkable, as the place of interment of Lady Elizabeth Hastings, of pious and charitable memory. A noble monument, afterwards augmented by the statues of her two surviving sisters, records, in elegant Latin, the character of this ornament to her sex. Her own figure is placed on a sarcophagus, reclining, and reading a book of devotion; the countenance, which is a portrait, handsome and spirited; but the grace of the figure is destroyed by the deformity of a stiff bodice. Lady Frances and Lady Ann Hastings, on pedestals, on each side, are represented with the attributes of piety and prudence.—

WHITAKER.

LEDSTON, a township, in the parish of Ledsham, wapentake of Barkston-Ash, liberty of Pontefract; 5 miles from Pontefract, 6½ from Abberford, 10 from Leeds.—Pop. 243. A part of Ledston is in the parish of Kippax.

This Hall was formerly the seat of the ancient family of Withams, till Henry Witham, Esq. sold it to Sir Thomas Wentworth, afterwards Earl of Strafford, who made improvements in the house; his son William sold it to Sir John Lewis, Bart, who died here in 1671. Sir John added much to the beauty of the house, gardens, and park, which he surrounded with a stone wall. It afterwards became the seat of Lady Elizabeth Hastings, daughter of Theophilus, Earl of Huntingdon, by the eldest daughter and co-heir of Sir John Lewis, in 1690; and thence to that of Rawden, Earl of Mona.—CAMDEN.—THORESBY.—WHITAKER.

Sir John Lewis erected and endowed an Hospital here, for the maintenance of ten aged poor people, who, by his will, are required religiously to observe the Sabbath-day, and to be present at Church, in the time of divine service and sermon.—CAMDEN. Lady Elizabeth Hastings added 10*l.* per annum, for the better

support of St. John Baptist's Hospital, founded by her grandfather—present revenue 106*l.* per annum.

In the same township and parish is

LEDSTON-LODGE, the seat of *Granville William Wheeler, Esq.* now occupied by *Christopher Wilson, Esq.*

LEEDS, a market and parish-town, in the lower-division of Skeyrath, liberty of Pontefract; 8 miles from Harewood and Dewsbury, 9 from Wakefield, 10 from Bradford and Otley, 11 from Abberford, 13 from Pontefract, 15 from Ferrybridge, 16 from Harrogate, Wetherby, and Huddersfield, 16 from Tadcaster, 18 from Knaresborough, 20 from Selby, 24 from York. 194 from London. —*Markets*, Tuesday and Saturday, for woollen-cloth, provisions, &c.—*Fairs*, July 10 and 11, for horses and pedlary-ware; November 8 and 9, for horned cattle, &c.—*Bankers*, the Old Bank, Messrs. Beckett, Blayds, and Co. draw on Messrs. Sir R. C. Glynn, and Co. 12, Birchin-Lane; New Bank, Messrs. Fields, Greenwood, and Co. draw on Messrs. Curtis, Roberts, and Co. 15, Lombard-Street; Commercial Bank, Messrs. J. & W. Perfect, and G. Smith, draw on Messrs. Sir J. Lubbock, and Co. 11, Mansion-house Street; Union Bank, Messrs. Nicholson, Brown, and Co. draw on Messrs. T. & S. Nicholson, Janson, and Co. 32, Abchurch-Lane.—*Principal Inns*, Hotel, White Horse, Bull and Mouth, Golden-Lion, Rose and Crown, and King's Arms.—Pop. 48,603. There are five Churches, the Parish Church, called the Old Church, is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Peter, in the deanry of the Ainsty, value, 38*l.* 0*s.* 2½*d.* To which there are 25 Patrons. St. John's Church, is a perpetual curacy, value, p. r. 120*l.* Patrons, the Vicar of the Old Church, the Mayor, and three senior Aldermen. The Holy Trinity is a perpetual curacy. Patrons, the Vicar and Curate of St. John's, and the Recorder of Leeds. St. Paul's is a perpetual curacy, value, p. r. 120*l.* It was built by the Rev. Milnes Atkinson, who has the Patronage for two turns, then the Vicar of St. Peter's. St. James' Chapel, built by the Rev. ——— King, who possesses the same right to presentation as is given over St. Pauls.—There are also two Churches now building, under the Million Act.

St. Peter's Church is of considerable antiquity, but the name of its founder, and the time of its foundation, are unknown.

The parish and borough of Leeds are nearly co-extensive, extending about 7 miles from north to south, and 7½ miles from east to west, and containing a population of 83,746, about 14,000 of which are employed in manufactures. The town of Leeds is situated upon the river Aire, which runs through it, and covers an eminence gently rising from that river to the upper end of the town, and falling with an easy slope to the east and west, as well as to the south. The breadth of the town from north to south, is nearly a mile, and it extends not less than a mile and a half in length, from east to west. The river Aire is navigable from the Humber to the town; which river having a direct communication with the Leeds and Liverpool Canal, within a quarter of a mile of the town, now affords an easy communication to both the eastern and western Seas, whilst the various branch Canals open immediate access to every place of importance in the island. The neighbourhood abounds with coal, the very soul of steam engines; and which has of late years so much tended to the increase of wealth and population. The river Aire supplies the town with water, which is brought by a tunnel from

the King's Mills to the water-works near the bridge. Leeds, uniting the advantages of water and coal, has long been distinguished as one of the first manufacturing towns in the county, particularly in woollens: yet there are but few manufacturers in the town, and these chiefly in the outskirts. Though now only considered of importance as a manufacturing town, it is an ancient place; the earliest mention of which is by *Bede*, above 1,000 years ago.—*Leland* says, "it is a pretty market-town, but not so quick as Bradford."—It once had a Castle, probably built by one of the Lacys, who was possessed of extensive lands here, about the reign of the Conqueror. This Castle was besieged by King Stephen, in his march towards Scotland in 1139: and in it Richard II. was confined, previous to his barbarous murder in Pontefract Castle. The site of this Castle, of which not a vestige remains, was situated at Mill-Hill. Leeds had its share of troubles that took place in the contest between the King and Parliament, during the reign of Charles I. when many skirmishes and battles took place hereabouts, particulars of which may be seen in Fairfax's Memoirs of himself. The borough of Leeds, though not a parliamentary borough, is ancient. It was incorporated by Charles I. in 1682; a second charter was granted by Charles II.; and a third by James II. in 1684. The second was restored by William and Mary, in 1689, under which the town is now governed: viz. by a mayor, twelve aldermen, and twenty-four common-councillors, assisted by a recorder and town's clerk. The corporation has no peculiar privileges or restrictive laws, as at York, Beverley, Ripon, &c. but every man is at liberty to exercise any trade or profession he chooses, and in what part of the town he likes. The mayor and aldermen have within the borough the same power as is derived by a commission of the peace. A Sessions for the borough is held every three months, at which the mayor presides; and a general Sessions for the West-Riding is held here at Michaelmas. The town of Leeds is in general well-built, the streets in the upper part of the town, towards Kirkgate, are narrow, but in other parts broad and spacious, particularly Briggate, which is not only broad, but its length from the bridge to the top of cross parish, is not less than half a mile; and as soon as the old buildings attached to the Moot-Hall are removed, of which there is now every appearance, it may vie with almost any street in the kingdom. The west part of the town may be considered as the new town, where the most respectable part of the inhabitants reside, and where there are several open squares, the areas of which are in some cases planted, in others used as tender grounds.

The first house that was built of brick, in the beginning of the reign of Charles I. retains the name of *Red-House*, to this day; and in this house that unhappy monarch was lodged, while in the hands of the Scots: it is situated near to Burley Bar.

Amongst the public buildings that claim particular notice, will be found the *Mixed Cloth Hall*, erected by subscription in 1758. It consists of a main body and two wings; 127½ yards in length, and 66 in breadth. It is divided into six long streets or aisles, and encloses an open area. Each street contains two rows of stands, the freehold property of separate manufacturers. Each stand is 22 inches in front, and the whole number is 1770. This building forms the principal part of the south side of a square, the west side of which is denominated East Parade; the north, South Parade; and the east, Park Row. In 1810, an additional story was erected on the north side of this Hall, and is used principally for the sale of Ladies' cloths, in the undyed state. The *White Cloth Hall*, built in 1774, is a large square building, 297 feet in length, and 210 in breadth; divided into five streets, each containing two rows of stands, the whole number of which is 1,210. Over this building is an elegant suit of Assembly-Rooms. The cloth market, at both Halls, is held on Tuesdays and Saturdays; on which days none but merchants are permitted to buy, or even to look at the pieces. The commencement of the market is announced by the ringing of a bell; upon which, in a few minutes, without noise, hurry, or the least disorder, the whole market is filled, each manufacturer standing behind his own goods, and the sales immediately commence; after it has continued an hour, a second bell rings, and after the expiration of a quarter of an hour, a third bell gives notice that the market must be cleared. The last bell continues to ring about five minutes; and should any merchant remain in the Hall after it has done ringing, he is subject to the penalty of five shillings, and for every five minutes afterwards he

must forfeit the same sum. The *Mixed Cloth Hall* opens at half-past eight in summer; nine in spring and autumn; and half-past nine in winter. The *White Cloth Hall* opens when the other closes. Here is also a Cloth Hall, for the accommodation of irregulars, who have not served a regular apprenticeship to the trade, and are therefore not permitted to sell their cloth in the other Halls.

The general Infirmary is a very handsome and spacious edifice, situated in a line with the mixed Cloth Hall; it was built by subscription in 1768, and opened for the reception of patients in 1771.

The Philosophical Hall.—A Literary and Philosophical Institution, for the promotion of literature, science, and the arts, situated in Park Row; a neat stone edifice of the Grecian order, containing a spacious Lecture-room, Library, and Museum, with Laboratory and other conveniences; built by subscription, from the design, and under the direction of Mr R. D. Chantrell, in 1820.

The Free Grammar-School, situated in North-Street, was originally founded and endowed by Sir William Sheafeld, by Will, dated 6th March, 1552. The original school being in a very inconvenient situation, was removed by the munificence of John Harrison, Esq. alderman, the common benefactor of the town, to its present situation, where he erected the present edifice; and in 1692, Godfrey Lawson, Esq. added a new apartment. This School has furnished several eminent men, both to the Church and State. Dr. Samuel Pullam, afterwards Archbishop of Tuam, was the first master. Since that period, the Madras system has been introduced; and the plan of instruction similar to that which has been used in the Charter-house School. A third master has been added for the instruction of two lowest forms, and the salaries of the others made so as to "secure them respectable and independent situations, whilst every care has been taken to provide for the due exertions of their duty." It is open for all boys within the borough, free of expense.

The new Court-House and Prison, with Rotation-Office, &c. situated at the bottom of Park Row, built in 1812, is one of the handsomest public buildings in the town. The Philosophical and Literary Society's Hall, a modern edifice, facing the Park Row, ranks amongst the public buildings of the place. The Moot-Hall, in which all the public meetings have for many years been held, is situated at the north-end of Briggate, and was erected in 1713, in the front of which is a marble statue of Queen Anne, presented to the town by Alderman Milner, and executed by Carpenter, of London.

Near to Buslingthorpe, Horse Barracks are now erecting, for which purpose, a grant was made by Parliament of 28,000*l*. The site of the building, with the Parade-ground, &c. occupies about eleven acres of ground. To the public institutions already named, we may add the Baths—two Subscription Libraries—the Theatre, erected in 1771—Concert-Room—and Riding-School.

In 1653, John Harrison, Esq. a native of Leeds, founded and endowed an Hospital for forty indigent and aged women. To these, others have been erected, pursuant to the Will of Arthur Ikin, Esq.—the former habitations being now improved, together, afford a comfortable assylum for sixty-four aged men and women—each of whom receives a stipend of 10*l*. per annum.

Mr Harrison also built and endowed St. John's Church, built the Free-School, and erected a Cross for the convenience of the market.

Potter's Alms-Houses, established in 1737, by a widow of that name, for the widows of ten decayed tradesmen, who are each allowed an annuity of twelve guineas per annum.

Jenkinson's Alms Houses—founded by Josiah Jenkinson, about 1643; he devised unto Feoffees, &c. eight dwelling-houses at Mill-Hill, for Alms-houses, and endowed the same with a farm at Great Woodhouse. They were re-built at the beginning of the present century; and each dwelling is now occupied by a poor woman, who receives an annual stipend of 5*l*.

The Charity-School established in 1705, and removed to the Chapel in St. John's-yard in 1726—in which sixty poor girls are taught, in the same manner and subject, to the same discipline, as a National School; they are annually furnished with clothing, made almost by themselves.—The House of Recovery, Vicar-Lane, built by public subscription in 1802.—The Benevolent, or Stranger's Friend Society, for the relief of the distressed of all religious denominations.—Two

National Schools, on the plan of Bell and Lancaster.—Three Schools of Industry, Sunday Schools, two or three Clothing Societies, &c.—There are not less than eighteen Chapels, &c. for dissenters of various denominations.

Of literary men born at Leeds, we have the following—Ralph Thoresby, a very eminent and learned antiquary, born in 1658. He was the son of a respectable merchant; and after some education at the Grammar-School of this place, he was sent to London for improvement. He was a great master of the antiquities of his own country, was skilled in genealogy and heraldry, and possessed uncommon knowledge of coins and medals. His great work is "*Ducatus Leodensis*," published in 1715, folio. He died in 1725.

William Lodge, a spirited and tasteful engraver, was born here in 1649. He went abroad with Lord Bellasis, and meeting with Barris's "*Viaggio Pittorresco*," he translated it, and added heads of the painters, of his own engraving, and a map of Italy. Returning to England, he assisted Dr. Lister, of York, in drawing various subjects of natural history. He died at Leeds, in 1689.

John Berkenhout, a miscellaneous writer, was the son of a Dutch merchant, who had settled here. He was educated in the Grammar-School of this place, and was intended for the mercantile profession, which he quitted, and entered first into the military service of Prussia, and next into that of England. In 1760, he went to Edinburgh and studied physic, but took his Doctor's degree at Leyden, in 1765.—While at Edinburgh, he published his *Clavis Anglicæ Linguae*. He published several works, in which he has distinguished himself by some valuable compendia of natural history. He was a man of lively and versatile talents; and died in 1791, aged 60.—*Bing. Diet.*

Newcombe Cappe, a dissenting Divine, was born here in 1732.—He was educated under Dr. Doddridge, at Northampton, and finished his studies at Glasgow; after which, he became minister of a congregation at York. He published some single Sermons; a Selection of Psalms; Remarks in Vindication of Dr. Priestley; and Discourses on the Providence and Government of God, 8vo. In 1802, were published, Critical Remarks on many important parts of Scripture; to which were prefixed, Memoirs of his Life, by his widow, Catharine Cappe, 2 vols. He died at York in 1800.

Dr. James Scott was born here in 1738; his father was minister of Trinity-church, and vicar of Bardsey: he was educated at Bradford School, and admitted pensioner of Catherine Hall, Cambridge, in 1752, but afterwards removed to Trinity-College. In 1771, he was presented to the rectory of Simonburn, in Northumberland, and in 1775, took the degree of D. D. Dr. Scott published ten occasional Sermons; three Seatonian Prize Poems, &c. and was the author of the Letters signed Anti-Sejanns, which were published in the public Advertiser. *Nichols' Lit. Anecdotes.*

Christopher Saxton, the chorographer, if not a native of the town, he appears to have been born within the parish.

Mr Benjamin Wilson, an eminent painter, was a native of this place; he flourished about the year 1760, and was particularly distinguished for his Etchings, in imitation of Rembrandt.

Leeds produces three weekly Newspapers, the Intelligencer, the Mercury, and the Independent; all being decidedly party papers, each has its votaries.

LEE-FAIR, or **GREEN**, in the township of West-Ardsley, and parish of Woodkirk, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley; 3 miles from Dewsbury, 6 from Leeds.—*No Market*.—*Fairs*, August 24, and September 17, for horses, horned cattle, &c. These Fairs are held on a Common adjoining.

LEES, or **LEYS**, in the township and parish of Bingley, upper-division of Skyrack; 6 miles from Bingley, 8 from Bradford.

LEES-HALL, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Thornhill; 2 miles from Dewsbury, 7 from Wakefield.

LEIGHTRIDGE, *ham.* in the township of Fixby, and parish of Huddersfield; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Huddersfield, 6 from Halifax.

- LENERTON**, *ham.* in the township and parish of Sherburn; 5 miles from Pontefract, 7 from Tadcaster.
- LENIKER**, *ham.* in the township of Dent, and parish of Sedbergh; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Sedbergh, 9 from Kirby-Lonsdale, (*Westm.*)
- LEPTON, GREAT**, in the parish of Kirkheaton, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Huddersfield, 9 from Wakefield, $10\frac{1}{2}$ from Penistone.—Pop. 2,729.
- LEPTON, LITTLE**, in the township of Great-Lepton, and parish of Kirkheaton, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; $4\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Huddersfield.
- LETWELL**, in the parish of St. John's, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberties of St. Peter and Tickhill; $5\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Tickhill and Worksop, (*Notts.*) 9 from Rotherham.—Pop. 135. The Church, peculiar, is a perpetual curacy, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, p. r. †40*l.* Patron, the Chancellor of York Cathedral.
- LEVELS, HIGH and LOW**, in the township and parish of Hatfield, lower-division of Strafforth and Tickhill. This township is named Levels, from the flatness of the country, containing some hundred acres of land divided into farms, situated on the right of the road leading from Hatfield to Thorne, on the borders of Lincolnshire.
- LEVENTHORPE-HALL**, (*the seat of Thomas Ikin, Esq.*) in the township and parish of Swillington; 6 miles from Leeds, 7 from Wakefield.
- LEWDEN**, *f. h.* in the township of Worsbrough, and parish of Darfield; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Barnsley.
- LIDGET**, *ham.* in the township of Lepton, and parish of Kirkheaton; $4\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Huddersfield.
- LIDGATE**, *ham.* in the township of Nether-Hallam, and parish of Sheffield; 3 miles from Sheffield. 9 from Rotherham.
- LYDIATE**, in the township of Quick, and parish of Rochdale, (*Lanc.*) Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley; 8 miles from Rochdale, (*Lanc.*) 11 from Manchester, (*ditto*) 14 from Huddersfield. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Ann, value, p. r. †88*l.* Patron, the Vicar of Rochdale.
- LIGHTCLIFFE**, *ham.* in the township of Hipperholme, and parish of Halifax, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; (*New-House, the seat of William Priestley, Esq.*) $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Halifax, 6 from Bradford, 7 from Huddersfield. The Church built in 1529, is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Matthew. value, †117*l.* Patron, the Vicar of Halifax.
- LILLEY**, in the township and parish of Kirkheaton, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley; 5 miles from Huddersfield, 8 from Wakefield.
- LIMLEY**, 2 or 3 *f. h.* in the township of Upper-Stonebeck, and parish of Kirkbymalzeard; 10 miles from Masham.
- LINDERICK**, *ham.* (extraparochial) in the lower-division of Claro; 2 miles from Ripon.—Pop. 62.

LINDLEY, in the parish of Otley, upper-division of Claro, liberty of Cawood, Wistow, and Otley; 4 miles from Otley, 11 from Knaresbrough.—Pop. 178.

LINDLEY, *ham.* in the township of Quarmby-with-Lindley, and parish of Huddersfield, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; 3 miles from Huddersfield, 6 from Halifax.—Pop. included in Quarmby.

LINDLEY, OLD, *ham.* in the township of Stainland, and parish of Halifax, liberty of Wakefield; 3½ miles from Huddersfield.

LINFITS, 3 or 4 *h.* in the township of Quick, and parish of Rochdale; 8 miles from Rochdale, (*Lanc.*)

LINFIT-HALL, *cotts.* in the township of Linthwaite, and parish of Almondbury, liberty of Pontefract; 3 miles from Huddersfield.

LINFIT-LANE, *ham.* in the township and parish of Kirkburton; 4½ miles from Huddersfield, 8 from Wakefield.

LINGARDS, in the parish of Almondbury, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley; 5 miles from Huddersfield, 19½ from Manchester.—Pop. 809.

LINGBOB, *s. h.* in the township of Wilsden, and parish of Bradford; 3 miles from Bradford.

LINGODELL, *f. h.* in the township of Throapham, and parish of Saint John; 5 miles from Tickhill and Worksop, (*Notts.*)

LINGILL-BRIDGE, *s. h.* in the township and parish of Horton; 11 miles from Settle.

LINGWELL-GATE, in the township of Stanley-with-Wrenthorpe, and parish of Wakefield. Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; 3½ miles from Wakefield, 6½ from Leeds.

Here "were found in 1697, certain clay moulds for Roman Coins, all of such Emperors in whose reigns the money is known to have been counterfeited. This place takes its name from the *Lingones*, quartered at *Olicana*, *Ilkley*, and *Wall*, a corruption of *vallum*."—*Gough's Camden*.

In March, 1821, Mr Pitts, of Wakefield, presented a number of clay moulds, similar to the above, which were found at Lingwell Gate, in a field in the occupation of Mr Spurr; they were turned up with a ploughshare, as many as would fill a wheel-barrow. Several coins were found in the moulds. He also sent the Society sixteen Roman Copper Coins, found in an earthen vessel, in a field about a mile from Lingwell Gate, on the estate of the Marquis of Hertford. Mr Pitts also sent some to the Society in 1820, vide his Letter in *Archæologia*, vol. XVII. and Appendix to ditto, vol. XIX.

LINLANDS, *s. h.* (*the ancient seat of the Rastricks, of Rastrick*) in the township of Rastrick, and parish of Halifax; 4 miles from Halifax.

LINTHWAITE, in the parish of Almondbury, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; 3 miles from Huddersfield.—Pop. 2,127.

LINTON, a parish-town, in the east-division and liberty of Staincliffe; (*the seat of Mrs Atkinson*) 7 miles from Kettlewell, 9 from Skipton, 10 from Pateleybridge, 44 from York.—Pop. 313. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Michael, in the deanry of Craven, value, in two medieties of 16*l.* each, p. r. first mediety, +100*l.* second ditto, +120*l.* Patron, the King.

Here is an excellent Hospital, founded and endowed by Richard Fountain, Esq. of Enfield, Middlesex, a native of the place, who having acquired a large fortune in London, by Will, dated July 15, 1721, ordered an estate to be purchased, out of which 26*l*. per annum, should be equally divided among six poor old women or men, in the parish of Linton. They each now receive upwards of twelve guineas per annum, besides the use of a large garden. The founder also left 20*l*. to the minister or ministers of the parish, provided they constantly reside in the parish, and read prayers twice in the week to the poor persons in the hospital. The building is after the style of Sir John Vanburgh, and is said to have cost 1,500*l*. The parish-church is at some distance from the village, upon the banks of the Wharfe.

LINTON, in the parish of Spofforth, upper-division of Claro; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Wetherby, 7 from Knaresbrough.—Pop. 167.

LINTON-SPRING, (*the seat of William Middleton, Esq.*) in the township of Linton, and parish of Spofforth; 2 miles from Wetherby. $6\frac{1}{2}$ from Knaresbrough.

LITTLE-COMMON, *ham.* in the township of Ecclesall-Bierlow, and parish of Sheffield; 4 miles from Sheffield.

LITTLE-FENTON.—*See Fenton, Little.*

LITTLETHORPE, or **THORPE**, in the township of Whitcliffe-with-Thorpe, and parish and liberty of Ripon, lower-division of Claro; (*the residence of Major Brooke*) $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Ripon, 6 from Boroughbridge.—Pop. included in Whitcliffe.

LITTLE-TOWN, *ham.* in the township of Liversedge, and parish of Birstall; 8 miles from Halifax, Wakefield, and Leeds.

LITTLE-TOWN, *ham.* in the township of Dent, and parish of Sedbergh; 3 miles from Dent, $6\frac{1}{2}$ from Sedbergh.

LITTLEWORTH, *ham.* in the township of Monkbretton, and parish of Royston; 2 miles from Barnsley.

LITTON, in the parish of Arnecliffe, west-division and liberty of Staincliffe; 8 miles from Kettlewell, 11 from Settle, 18 from Skipton.—Pop. 102.

This is a small village, that gives name to the dale, called *Littondale*, in which the Abbots of Fountains had several estates. These estates, as well as those in Longstrothdale, were sold by the Gresham family to the second Earl of Cumberland. The manorial and forest rights of Littondale and Longstrothdale are the property of his Grace the Duke of Devonshire, as representative of the last male line of the Cliffords.—*WHITAKER.*

LIVERSEEDGE, in the parish of Birstall, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; $7\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Halifax, $8\frac{1}{2}$ from Wakefield.—Pop. 4,259.

Here is a Church, which has lately been built by the Rev. Hammond Robertson, A. M. called *Christ's Church*, who endowed it with five acres of land; the patronage of which, by Act of Parliament, is vested in himself and his heirs for ever.

The Neviles, for many descents, had a Manor, Park, and principal Mansion here. Of the last, there are considerable remains, which prove it to have been an Hall-house, with a centre, and two wings, about the time of Henry VII. — *Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete.* It is now only a farm-house.

In this township, the chief stand was made against *Luddism*, by Mr William Cartwright, April 11, 1812, who gallantly and successfully defended his Mill at Rawfolds, by a small garrison, consisting only of himself, four of his workmen, and five soldiers, against a whole host of Luddites. On the 28th of the same month, Mr Horsfall was shot by a party of these misguided men; and before January following, sixty persons were apprehended and committed to the county

gaol, to take their trial on various charges connected with the disturbances created by General Ludd, and his associates: seventeen of them were executed; six transported; and the rest were either liberated on bail or acquitted.

LOBWOOD, *f. h.* in the township of Draughton, and parish of Skipton; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Skipton.

LOCKWOOD, in the parish of Almondbury, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, a part in the liberty of Wakefield; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Huddersfield.—Pop. 1,881.

William Lockwood, of Lockwood, Esq. was slain in his own house here, by Sir John Elland, of Elland, and his adherents, in the reign of Edward III.—*Watson's Halifax.*

LODGE, *ham.* in the township of Upper-Stonebeck, and parish of Kirkbymalzeard; 6 miles from Kettlewell.

LODGE, *2 f. h.* in the township of Settle, and parish of Giggleswick, liberty of Staincliffe; $1\frac{1}{4}$ mile from Settle.

LODGE, (*the residence of Matthew Thompson, Esq.*) in the township of Manningham, and parish of Bradford; $1\frac{1}{4}$ mile from Bradford.

LOFTHOUSE, in the parish of Rothwell, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; (*Lofthouse-Hall, the seat of Benjamin Dealtry, Esq.*) $3\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Wakefield, 6 from Leeds.—Pop. including Carlton, 1,396, which being united, form a township.

LOFTHOUSE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Harewood; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Harewood.

LOFTHOUSE-HILL, (*the seat of Charles Slingsby, Esq.*) in the township and parish of Staveley, lower-division of Claro; 3 miles from Knaresbrough, 4 from Boroughbridge.

LOFTHOUSES, or **LOFTUS**. (in Nidderdale) in the township of Fountains-Earth, and parish of Kirkbymalzeard, lower-division of Claro; 8 miles from Pateleybridge, 9 from Masham.

LONG-DRAX.—*See Drax, Long.*

LONGILL, *2 f. h.* in the township of Wigglesworth, and parish of Long-Preston, liberty of Staincliffe; 5 miles from Settle.

LONGLEY, in the township of Brightside-Bierlow, and parish of Sheffield; (*the seat of Adamson Parker, Esq.*) 3 miles from Sheffield.

LONGLEY-HALL, *s. h.* in the township and parish of Almondbury; 1 mile from Huddersfield. An ancient seat of the ancestors of Sir John Ramsden, Bart.

LONG-MARSTON, (Ainsty) a parish-town; $6\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Wetherby, 7 from York, 8 from Tadcaster.—Pop. 388. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to All-Saints, value, 24*l.* 3*s.* 9*d.* Patron, Paul Bielby Thompson, Esq.

Near this village is the field, called *Marston-Moor*: where, on the second of July, 1644, Prince Rupert, a third time, by his excess of valour and defect of conduct, lost the royal army, and had a victory wrested out of his hands, after he had all the advantage he could desire.

LONG-PRESTON, a parish-town, in the [west-division and liberty of Staincliffe; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Settle, 7 from Gisburn, $11\frac{1}{2}$ from Skipton, 15 from Colne, (*Lanc.*) 53 from York.—*No Market.*—

Fairs, March 1, and September 4, for horned cattle, &c.—*Principal Inn*, Boar's Head.—Pop. 733. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Craven, value, 10*l.* 18*s.* 11½*d.* Patrons, the Dean and Canons of Christ Church, Oxford.

The Prior and Canons of Bolton appear to have presented to this Church, ever since the endowment of the vicarage, in 1303, to the dissolution of their house; when the rectory and advowson were granted by Henry VIII. to Christ-church, Oxford. In this Church was a chantry, dedicated to our Lady and St. Anne, founded by Richard Hammerton, Knight, according to the return of chantries made by Archbishop Holgate, and valued at 5*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* per annum.—*Hist. Craven.*

Here are ten Almshouses, with a Chapel for reading prayers, founded by James Knowles, by Will, dated 1613–14, for ten poor men or women, and endowed by him with land, worth, in 1786, 49*l.* 15*s.* per annum.

LONGROYD-BRIDGE, in the township and parish of Huddersfield, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; 1 mile from Huddersfield, 8 from Halifax.

LONGROYD-BRIDGE HOUSE, (*the seat of John Fisher, Esq.*) in the township of Lockwood, and parish of Almondbury; 1 mile from Huddersfield.

LONGSIDE, *ham.* in the township of Fountains-Earth, and parish of Kirkbymalzeard; 6 miles from Pateleybridge.

LONGWOOD, in the parish of Huddersfield, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley; 2½ miles from Huddersfield, 8 from Halifax.—Pop. 1,942. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Mark, value, p. r. +116*l.* 8*s.* Patron, the Vicar of Huddersfield.

LONGWOOD-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Huddersfield: 2 miles from Huddersfield.

LORDLAND, NORTH and SOUTH, 2 *ham.* in the township of Dent, and parish of Sedbergh, wapentake of Eweross; 1 mile from Dent, 1 from Sedbergh.

LOSCOE-GRANGE, 2 *h.* (*the seat of the Rev. ——— Brown*) in the township of Aikton, and parish of Featherstone; 3 miles from Pontefract.

LOTHERSDEN, or LOTHERSDALE, in the parish of Carlton, east-division and liberty of Staincliffe; 4 miles from Skipton, 6 from Colne, (*Lanc.*) 8 from Keighley.

It is, “says Dr. Whitaker, a dreary valley, running up into Pinhow, as far as the confines of the parish of Whalley. (*Lanc.*) It is a distinct Manor, the property of Lord George Cavendish.”

LOTHERTON, in the parish of Sherburn, wapentake of Barkston-Ash; (*Lotherton-Hall, the seat of John Raper, Esq.*) 1 mile from Abberford, 5 from Tadcaster, 8 from Wetherby.—Pop. including a part of Abberford, 427, which being united, form a township.

LOVERSALL, in the parish and soke of Doncaster, lower-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; (*the residence of the Rev. Alexander Cook*) 3 miles from Doncaster, 4 from Tickhill, 10 from Rotherham.—Pop. 131. The Church is a perpetual curacy, value, p. r. +37*l.* 4*s.* Patron, the Vicar of Doncaster.

The Church of Loversall was repaired in 1783, by Mr Henry Overton, who, in pulling down the porch, destroyed a curious piece of antiquity over the doorway, bearing an Arabic inscription, (in English, obey the Lord.)

In the church-yard is an ancient and singular tomb, probably belonging to one of the Knights of St. John, of Jerusalem.

About one mile northward of Loversall, near Alverley, is St. Helen's Well, a place of considerable resort for the benefit of bathing. A circular Stone Bath was built by the late William Dixon Loversall, Esq. and a small house adjoining, for the convenience of bathers. The Bath is supplied with water in a few minutes, by a strong spring on the spot. A person attends, from Loversall, daily, during the summer season, as an assistant to the bathers, who are accommodated with dresses gratis.—*Hist. Doncaster.*

LOW-LAITHES, (*the seat of Mrs Smithson*) in the township of Ossett-with-Gawthorpe, and parish of Dewsbury; 2 miles from Dewsbury.

LUCAN-HOUSE, *s. h.* in the township of Sharow, and parish of Ripon; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Ripon.

LUDDENDEN, in the townships of Warley and Midgeley, and parish of Halifax, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; 5 miles from Halifax, 11 from Keighley. The Church, which stands in Midgeley, built about 1469, and re-built in 1816, is a perpetual curacy, value, p. r. †78*l.* 15*s.* 4*d.* Patron, the Vicar of Halifax.

LUDDENDEN-FOOT, *ham.* in the townships of Warley and Midgeley, and parish of Halifax, liberty of Wakefield; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Halifax, $7\frac{1}{2}$ from Todmorden.

LUMBY, in the township of Huddleston-with-Lumby, and parish of Sherburn, wapentake of Barkston-Ash; 7 miles from Pontefract, 8 from Tadcaster, 12 from Selby.—Pop. included in Huddleston.

LUND, *ham.* in the township of Gateforth, and parish of Brayton; 4 miles from Selby.

LUNDS-GREEN, *scat. h.* in the township and parish of Pannal; $5\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Knaresbrough.

LUPSETT-HALL, *s. h.* in the township of Alverthorpe, and parish and liberty of Wakefield; (*the seat of Daniel Gaskill, Esq.*) 1 mile from Wakefield, 4 from Dewsbury.

M

MACHON-BANK, *ham.* in the township of Ecclesall-Bierlow, and parish of Sheffield; 2 miles from Sheffield.

This place was once the residence of a family, who bore the name of Machon, whom we find in the visitations of the seventeenth century. John Machon died here in 1602.—*Hunter's Hallam.*

MAKIN-PLACE, *f. h.* in the township of Soyland, and parish of Halifax; 5 miles from Halifax.

MALHAM, in the parish of Kirkby-Malhamdale, west-division and liberty of Staincliffe; 6 miles from Settle, 9 from Kettlewell, 12 from Skipton.—*Fairs*, July 1 and Oct. 15, for sheep.—Pop. 262.

Malham, situated in a deep and verdant vale, and is chiefly remarkable, on account of an immense crag of limestone, called *Malham Cove*. It is 286 feet high, stretching in the shape of the segment of a large circle across the whole valley, and forming a termination at once so august and tremendous, that the imagination can scarcely figure any form or scale of rock within the bounds of probability that shall go beyond it: at the bottom of the Cove is an outlet for the waters of the Lake above. In rainy seasons, however, the overflowings of the

Lake spread themselves over the shelving surface of the rocks below, and, precipitating from the centre of the Cove, form a tremendous cataract of nearly 300 feet. Malham Tarn, or Lake, the former word signifying in the dialect of the north of England, a small Lake, is of a circular form, and not less than a mile in diameter. Its situation is high and bleak: but is inestimable for its fishery of Trout and Perch, which grow to an unusual size.

This Lake may be considered as the source of the Aire; which bursting out in an abundant torrent from among the noblest rocks in Britain, instantly declines into a silent and insignificant stream, but in its course towards the sea, becomes, in a mercantile point of view, one of the principal rivers in the county.

Not far from this village is *Jennett's Cave*, so called from a supposed Queen or Governess of a numerous tribe of Fairies, which tradition assures us, anciently resorted here: it is a spacious and gloomy cavern, surrounded with evergreens; no place could be more calculated to produce those fanciful ideas, than this ivy-circled Mansion, when visited by moonlight, where imagination might see

“Aerial forms athwart the solemn gloom,

“Tremendous sweep, or seem to sweep along.”

Mr Hurtley, the author of “*A Tour to the Caves*,” is a native of Malham. **MALHAM-WATER HOUSE**, (*a seat of Lord Ribblesdale*) in the township of Malham-Moor, and parish of Kirkby-Malhamdale; 2 miles from Malham.

MALHAM-MOOR, a township, in the parish of Kirkby-Malhamdale, west-division and liberty of Staincliffe; $5\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Settle, $8\frac{1}{2}$ from Kettlewell, $13\frac{1}{2}$ from Skipton.—Pop. 88.

MALON, or **MALIN-BRIDGE**, in the township of Wadsley, and parish of Ecclesfield, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; 3 miles from Sheffield.

MALTBY, a parish-town, in the upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberty of Tickhill; (*the seat of John Cook, Esq.*) $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Tickhill, $7\frac{1}{2}$ from Rotherham, 13 from Sheffield. 47 from York.—Pop. 679. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Bartholomew, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, $\pounds 4l. 13s. 4d.$ p. r. 30 $l.$ Patron, the Earl of Scarborough.

Here is a School founded by one of the Earls of Castleton, and repaired by his heirs. Within the communion rails of this Church, lies an infant son of George Viscount Castleton, who died in 1655.

MALSIS-HALL, *s. h.* in the township of Glusburn, and parish of Kildwick; $5\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Skipton and Keighley.

This was formerly the seat of a family of the name of Copley, and, according to Dr. Whitaker, was considered as the Manor-house of Sutton, “for, by inquisition taken 34 Henry VIII. it was found that Alvary Copley was seized of the Manor of Sutton, or Malseyes, held of William Vavasour, Esq. as of his Manor of Addingham.” It is now the residence of Mr William Spencer.

MANINGHAM, in the parish of Bradford, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; (*Maningham-House, the seat of E. L. Lister, Esq.*) $1\frac{1}{2}$ from Bradford, $8\frac{1}{2}$ from Halifax and Keighley.—Pop. 2,471.

Here, in the reign of Edward III. John Northorp held, of John of Gaunt, Duke of Lancaster, three messuages, and six oxgangs of land, by the service of his attending upon the said Duke, or his bailiff, with a lance and a hunting-dog, for the space of thirty days, when they should pass by Bradford in their way to Pontefract-Castle, having yeoman's board, one penny per day for himself, and a half-penny for his dog.

MANKINHOLES, *ham.* in the township of Langfield, and parish of Halifax, liberty of Wakefield; $5\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Rochdale, (*Lanc.*)

MANSTON, *f. h.* in the township of Austhorpe, and parish of Whitkirk; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Leeds.

MANTLE-YATE, or **GATE**, *ham.* in the township of Quick, and parish of Rochdale, (*Lanc.*) 6 miles from Rochdale, (*Lanc.*)

MANIWELL-HEIGHTS, *ham.* in the township of Wilsden, and parish of Bradford; 4 miles from Keighley and Bingley.

MANN-VILLA, (*the seat of Mrs Mann*) in the township of Horton, and parish of Bradford, to which it adjoins.

MAPPLEWELL, in the township and parish of Darton, wapentake of Staincross, liberty of Pontefract; 3 miles from Barnsley.

MARLEY, 2 or 3 *f. h.* in the township and parish of Bingley; 2 miles from Bingley.

MARKENFIELD-HALL, *f. h.* (extraparochial) in the township of Markenfield-with-Wallerthwaite, lower-division of Claro, liberty of Ripon; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Ripon.

This was once the seat of a family of that name, of whom, Sir Ninian was present at the battle of Flodden-Field, in the year 1513; it is now in the hands of his successor.

“ Next went Sir Ninian Markenville,
In armour-coat, of cunning work;
The next went Sir John Normanville,
With him the citizens of York.”

Sir Thomas Markenfield joining in the rebellion against Queen Elizabeth, in the year 1569, his estate was forfeited; and he, with many others, was obliged to take refuge in a foreign country. The estate was granted to Chancellor Egerton, and remained in that family till it was purchased of the Duke of Bridgewater, by the first Lord Grantley.

It was moated round, and three-fourths of the moat is still filled with water. It is now occupied as a farm-house, the turrets of which are seen from the Leeds road, on the left hand, as you pass from Harrogate to Ripon.

MARKINGTON, in the parish and liberty of Ripon, lower-division of Claro; 4 miles from Ripley, $4\frac{1}{2}$ from Ripon.—Pop. including Wallerthwaite, 457, which being united, form a township.

Here is a School founded by Mary Reynard, in 1795, who directed that the master should read a sermon, liturgy, &c. to the inhabitants of the village every Sunday afternoon. She endowed it with 50*l.* by subscriptions and other means. The master's salary amounts to 6 or 7*l.* Mrs Lawrence, of Studley-Hall, gives 4*l.* per annum, for educating twelve children. The master receives six free-scholars from Markington and Ingerthorpe.—*Commis. Report.*

MARR, a parish-town, in the lower-division of Strathforth and Tickhill, liberty of Tickhill; 4 miles from Doncaster, 11 from Barnsley, 40 from York.—Pop. 162. The Chapel is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Helen, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, 4*l.* 8*s.* 4*d.* p. r. 100*l.* Patron, Lord Rendlesham.

In the Church is a monument, with a latin inscription, to the family of Lewys, ancestors to Lady Elizabeth Hastings, of charitable memory.

In this village was born, John Marre, a Carmelite Friar. Hence he went to Oxford, where the University bestowed much honour upon him. He wrote against the opinions of John Wickliffe. He died March 1407, and was buried in the convent of Carmelites at Doncaster.—*FULLER.*

MARR-GRANGE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Marr, liberty of Tickhill; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Doncaster.

MARSDEN, in the parishes of Almondbury and Huddersfield, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; 7

miles from Huddersfield, 18 from Manchester.—Pop. in Almondbury, 1,708,—in Huddersfield, 622,—total, 2,330. The Church is a perpetual curacy under Almondbury, value, p. r. 80*l*.

MARSH, *ham.* in the township and parish of Huddersfield; 2 miles from Huddersfield. 8 from Halifax.

MARSHAW-BRIDGE, in the township of Erringden, and parish of Halifax, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; 9 miles from Halifax.

The Chapel, which was built here in 1814, and consecrated by the present Archbishop of York, Oct. 1815, is entitled the Chapel of St. John, in the Wilderness, and to which the Vicar of Halifax presents. It is situated in a remote and obscure valley, not devoid of romantic beauty, called *Turvin*.

The native propensity of the inhabitants, and the almost inaccessible nature of the place, about half a century ago, rendered this valley, and the adjoining wilds, unhappily notorious, and at length attracted the notice of government: for here the current gold coin of England and Portugal, was clipped and defaced, while the clippings and filings, during several years, were melted down and re-struck in dies. They had no screw-presses for the purpose, but fixed their dies in heavy blocks. The impression was produced by the stroke of sledge hammers, which were nightly heard on every side, no one daring, for some time, to interrupt so powerful and desperate a gang. At length, the atrocious murder of a poor exciseman, who had boldly done his duty, in attempting to bring some of the parties to justice, produced a general alarm; two of the murderers, and afterwards a third, were convicted, and executed.—*WHITAKER*.

MARSH-FIELD, (*the seat of the Rev. Richard Dawson*) in the township of Settle, and parish of Giggleswick; adjoins Settle on the south-west.

MARSHALL-HALL, *s. h.* in the township of Elland-with-Greetland, and parish of Halifax; 3 miles from Halifax.

MARSTON, LONG.—*See Long-Marston.*

MARTHWAITE, *ham.* in the township and parish of Sedbergh; $\frac{1}{2}$ a mile from Sedbergh, 6 from Dent.

MARTON, a parish-town, in the upper-division of Claro, liberty of St. Peter; 3 miles from Boroughbridge, 6 from Knaresbrough, 15 from York.—Pop. including Grafton, 464, which being united, form a township. The Church is a vicarage, in the deanry of Boroughbridge, diocese of Chester, value, $\pounds 21$. 19*s.* 4*d.* Patron, St. John's College, Cambridge.

MARTON, EAST, or **CHURCH**, a parish-town, in the east-division and liberty of Staincliffe; 5 miles from Skipton, $7\frac{3}{4}$ from Colne, (*Lanc.*) 11 from Settle.—Pop. including West-Martons, 382, which being united, form the township, usually denominated Martons, *both*. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Peter, in the deanry of Craven, value, 14*l.* 4*s.* 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ *d.* p. r. 150*l.* Patroness, Mrs Heber.

MARTON-SCAR, *f. h.* in the township of Martons, *both*, and parish of East-Martons, liberty of Staincliffe; $7\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Skipton, 8 from Colne, (*Lanc.*)

MARTON-TOP, *f. h.* in the township of Rimington, and parish of Gisburn; 3 miles from Gisburn.

MARTON, WEST, in the township of Martons, *both*, and parish of East-Martons, liberty of Staincliffe; (*Marton-Hall*, *the seat of*

Mrs Heber) $6\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Skipton, $7\frac{1}{4}$ from Colne, (*Lanc.*) 11 from Settle.—Pop. included in East-Martton.

Martton-Hall stands low and warm, and is embosomed in wood. It is a respectable old family Mansion, and has been the residence of the Hebers for many generations.

Here, in 1728, Reginald Heber, an amiable and learned clergyman, was born. He published, without his name, "an Elegy, written among the tombs in Westminster-Abbey." The lines are moral, plaintive, and religious. He died in 1804.

MASONGILL, *ham.* in the township and parish of Thornton-in-Lonsdale; 3 miles from Ingleton, 5 from Kirby-Lonsdale.

MASBROUGH, in the township of Kimberworth, and parish of Rotherham, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; $\frac{1}{2}$ a mile from Rotherham, $6\frac{1}{2}$ from Sheffield.

This village is separated from Rotherham only by a bridge; the inhabitants of which are chiefly employed in and about the Iron Works, which were begun in this neighbourhood in the year 1746, by Mr Samuel Walker, and his brothers Aaron and Jonathan, and have been ever since that period, progressively increasing.—At these works are manufactured, cannon of the largest calibre, and almost all other cast-iron articles; bar, sheet, slit or rod iron, tinned plates, steel of every sort, and many articles of wrought iron. The Iron Bridges of Sunderland and Yarm; also recently, one across the Thames in London, were cast at the foundaries of Masbrough. The coal and iron-stone for the blast furnaces and foundries are principally supplied from the estates of the Earl of Effingham, and some from those of Earl Fitzwilliam.—*Miller's Hist. Doncaster.*

The following account of that worthy and enlightened character, Mr Samuel Walker, is extracted from Dr. Miller's History of Doncaster:—He was born in 1716, at Hill-Top, in the parish of Ecclesfield: his parents dying when he was about twelve years old, he was left without ample means for subsistence, and none for education; but by diligence and due application, without any assistance than from a few books, he qualified himself for keeping a School at Gunpowside, where, previous to the year 1746, he taught reading, writing, and arithmetic, and was occasionally employed in surveying, making sun-dials, and other things, which shewed genius and a rising character. In the meeting-house for dissenters of the independant denomination, built chiefly at his own expense, is a monument to his memory, with an inscription composed by the celebrated poet, the Rev. William Mason, his intimate friend.

Near the Meeting-house, is an Academical Institution for education of Protestant Dissenters, called the *Rotherham Independent Academy*. The institution was opened in 1795, under the superintendence of the Rev. Dr. Williams, who presides as Divinity Tutor. It is calculated to accommodate sixteen students, containing twenty-two rooms, with lodging-rooms and studies, and a library, which contains about a thousand volumes.

MAY, or BAY-HALL, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Huddersfield; $\frac{1}{2}$ a mile from Huddersfield.

MAY-ROYD, *s. h.* in the township of Wadesworth, and parish of Halifax, liberty of Wakefield; 7 miles from Halifax.

May-Royd formerly belonged to the family of Cockerolt, whose arms were sable, an elephant passant, argent, in a chief, azure, three mullets, or. Henry Cockerolt paid 15*l.* composition money for not receiving the order of Knighthood, at the Coronation of Charles I. 1630.—*Watson's Halifax.*

MAY-THORPE, *ham.* in the township and parish of Kirkburton; 6 miles from Penistone.

MEAN-WOOD, in the township of Chapel-Allerton, and parish of Leeds, lower-division of Skyrack; 3 miles from Leeds, 8 from Otley. 9 from Bradford.

MEER-BECK, or MEER-SYKES, *4 f. h.* in the township of Settle,

one being in the parish of Long-Preston, the other three in that of Giggleswick; 2 miles from Settle, 14 from Skipton.

MELTHAM, in the parish of Almondbury, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; 5 miles from Huddersfield, 20 from Manchester, (*Lanc.*)—Pop. 2,000. Here is a Chapel of Ease to Almondbury, dedicated to St. Bartholomew.

Abraham Woodhead, whom Dr. Whitby pronounces the most ingenious and solid writer of the Roman Catholic party, was a native of this place, and born in 1608, and is supposed by many to be the author of "the Whole Duty of Man." He died in 1678.

MELTON-ON-THE-HILL, a parish-town, in the lower-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberty of Tickhill; (*a seat of Richard Fountayne Wilson, Esq.*) $4\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Doncaster, $10\frac{1}{2}$ from Barnsley, 41 from York.—Pop. 137. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. James, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, p. r. $\text{†}80\text{£}$. Patron, Richard Fountayne Wilson, Esq.

In this Church is a chantry of our Lady, founded by John Melton; and in a Chapel enclosed, there are several monuments of the Fountayne family.—*Hist. Doncaster.*

MELTON, WEST, in the township of Brampton-Bierlow, and parish of Wath-upon-Dearn, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberty of Tickhill; 5 miles from Rotherham, 6 from Barnsley, 11 from Doncaster.

MENSTHORPE, *ham.* in the township of North-Elmsall, and parish of South-Kirkby, liberty of Pontefract; 5 miles from Pontefract.

MENSTON, in the parish of Otley, upper-division of Skyrack, liberty of Cawood, Westow, and Otley; 3 miles from Otley, 9 from Keighley, 10 from Leeds.—Pop. 257.

MENWITH, in the parish of Hampswaite, lower-division of Claro, liberty of Knaresbrough; 5 miles from Pateleybridge, $6\frac{1}{2}$ from Ripley, $11\frac{1}{2}$ from Knaresbrough.—Pop. including Darley, 648, which being united, form a township.

At Menwith-Hill is a School, called *Hookstone's School*, founded in 1748, by Francis Day, Esq. and endowed by him with lands at Hampsthwaite, (18*l.*) Threshfield, and Skirethornes, (22*l.*) and Starbottom, 7*l.* per annum. The School premises consist of a school-room and turf-house, erected upon the waste, with about half an acre of land adjoining. The Master's salary, out of rents, is 36*l.* per annum, for which he teaches the poor of Menwith-Hill, Thornethwaite-with-Padside, and Darley, likewise the tenants, holding land under the relations of the founder.—*Commissioners' Report.*

METHLEY, a parish-town, in Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; 6 miles from Wakefield, $6\frac{1}{2}$ from Leeds and Pontefract.—Pop. 1,499. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Oswald, in the deanry of Pontefract, value, 25*l.* Ss. $6\frac{1}{2}d$. Patron, the King, as Duke of Lancaster.

Methley is situated on the banks of the Calder, not far distant from Castleford; and in the reign of Henry IV. was the seat of Robert Waterton, master of horse to that King; and afterwards of the famous Sir John Saville.—*CAMDEN.*

From Doomsday, it appears that Osulph and Cnut, the two Saxon proprietors, before the conquest, had been expelled from it, to make way for the great Norman Lord, Ilbert de Lacy. Subsequently the Manor was granted to the Hospital of St. Nicholas, of Pontefract, in the reign of Henry IV. by the master or warden of which house, it was exchanged with Sir John Waterton for certain advowsons. By this exchange, the Watertons became seized of Methley, and

probably built the Manor-house, which was afterwards completely and uniformly re-built by Baron Saville.

The Church of Methley was in existence at the time of Doomsday, but has been wholly re-built, and in the present fabric is nothing peculiar, except the chantry on the south-side of the choir, founded and endowed by Robert Waterton, in 1424, and which contains many monuments of exquisite workmanship. The greatest piece of antiquity about the Church, is a statue of King Oswald, the Patron Saint, over the south door, far more ancient than any part of the present edifice, and probably contemporary with the foundation of the church and parish. The figure is that of an aged man in robes, with crown and sceptre, somewhat decayed, but yet expressive and majestic in decay. A more detailed and interesting account of the monuments, &c. in this Church, is to be found in "Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete." The parish and township of Methley are co-extensive.

In the same township and parish is

METHLEY-PARK, (*the seat of the Earl of Mexborough*) 6½ miles from Wakefield.

This ancient Mansion is situated between Wakefield and Leeds, in a beautiful and verdant Park, well stocked with deer. It was originally built in the reign of James I. but many alterations have subsequently been made, giving the house, in appearance, a modern character. The Savilles are a very ancient family in this county, where they have constantly resided, even prior to the year 1300. John Saville, Esq. in 1753, was created Lord Pollington, of Longford, and in 1765, was advanced in the Peerage as Viscount Pollington, and Earl of Mexborough, of Lifford, in the county of Donegal. He died 12th Feb. 1778, and was succeeded by his eldest son, John, second and present Earl of Mexborough.—*Neale's Views*.

MEWITH, in the township and parish of Low-Bentham, wapentake of Ewercross; 11 miles from Kirby-Lonsdale, (*Westm.*) 13 from Settle, 14 from Lancaster. This is a district, and a quarter of the township of Low-Bentham.

MERRYBENT-HILL, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Slaidburn; 3 miles from Settle.

MEXBROUGH, a parish-town, in the lower-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberties of St. Peter and Tickhill; 5½ miles from Rotherham, 8 from Doncaster, 44 from York.—Pop. 865. The Church, peculiar, is a vicarage. in the deanry of Doncaster, value, p. r. †60*l.*—*Bacon* styles it a curacy, certified value, 20*l.*

The Church of Mexbrough is only a perpetual curacy, so far as respects the incumbents; but is described as a vicarage in the roll of livings, subject to the Dean and Chapter of York, and is required to pay procurations and synodals as a Vicar. In the Church are several ancient monuments to the Savilles, a branch of which family, has furnished the title of Earl.

The tenants of the lands of Roger Bacon did fealty and acknowledge, that they held in Mekesburgh (Mexbrough) 4 oxgangs of land, and paid every two years for keeping the Castle, (Tickhill) in each year, 2*s.* 4*d.* and the third year, nothing. May not this have been the famous Fryer Roger Bacon? for there is a tradition that he was a native of this part of Yorkshire, and that his brazen head was set up in a field at Rothwell, near Leeds.—*Blount's Fragmenta Antiq.*

MICKLEHOW-HILL, or **MICHAEL-HOW-HILL**, in the township of Markington-with-Wallerthwaite, and parish of Ripon, lower-division of Claro; 5 miles from Ripon, 9 from Knaresbrough.

This is a lofty eminence, partly covered with wood, which formerly belonged to the monastery of Fountains. Upon the summit of this hill was a Chapel, called *St. Michael's de Monte*, erected by the Abbot and Convent of Fountains, probably about the year 1200, and dedicated to St. Michael. The Chapel, after the dissolution of the monastery, was taken down, and a gothic tower erected on the site, from which is a fine prospect of the surrounding country.

MICKLE-BRING, in the township and parish of Braithwell, upper-

division of Strafforth and Tickhill; $5\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Rotherham, 9 from Doncaster.

MICKLEFIELD, in the parish of Sherburn, wapentake of Barkston-Ash; $2\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Abberford, $6\frac{1}{2}$ from Ferrybridge, $14\frac{1}{2}$ from Selby.—Pop. 196. Here is a Chapel of Ease to Sherburn.

MICKLETHWAITE, in the township and parish of Bingley, upper-division of Skyrack; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Keighley, 9 from Otley.

MICKLETHWAITE, in the parish of Collingham, wapentake of Barkston-Ash; $\frac{1}{4}$ of a mile from Wetherby.—Pop. 83.

MICKLETHWAITE-GRANGE, (extraparochial) a seat of *Paul Beilby Thompson, Esq.* in the township of Mickletonwaite; 1 mile from Wetherby.

MICKLEY, in the township of Azerley, and parish of Kirkbymalzeard, lower-division of Claro; 5 miles from Masham, 6 from Ripon.

MIDDLES Moor, in the township of Upper-Stonebeck, and parish of Kirkbymalzeard, lower-division of Claro; 9 miles from Pateley-bridge and Kettlewell, 10 from Masham, 16 from Ripon.

Here is a Chapel under Kirkbymalzeard, of which the Vicar is Patron, the present annual value, about 140*l.* In 1743, John Lazenby founded a School, for ten poor boys of the townships of Stonebecks-upper, and down, and Fountains-Earth. He endowed it with land, which now lets for 18*l.* per annum, which is paid to the Master as his salary. Simon Horner, by indenture, dated 1809, granted 20*l.* per annum, out of an estate at Stonebeck, to be paid to a School-Master at Middlesmoor, for teaching the poor children of Stonebeck, he afterwards built a School-House, of which they have the use.—*Commissioners' Report.*

MIDDLETHORPE, (Ainsty) in the parish of St. Mary, Bishop-Hill, the Elder, York, (the seat of *Andrew Barlow, Esq.*) $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from York, 8 from Tadcaster.—Pop. 44.

MIDDLETON, in the parish of Ilkley, upper-division of Claro; *Middleton-Lodge*, the seat of *William Middleton, Esq.* $6\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Otley, 9 from Skipton.—Pop. 205.

MIDDLETON, in the parish of Rothwell, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; (the seat of *William Walker, Esq.*) $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Leeds, 5 from Wakefield.—Pop. 1096.

MIDDLETON-GREEN, ham. in the township and parish of Ecclesfield; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Sheffield, 8 from Rotherham.

MIDDLEWOOD-HALL, (the seat of the *Hon. H. Saville*), in the township and parish of Darfield, lower-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; $5\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Barnsley, 10 from Doncaster.

MIDGLEY, in the parish of Halifax, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; 5 miles from Halifax, 12 from Keighley.—Pop. 2,207.

MIDGLEY. NETHER, ham. in the township of Shitlington, and parish of Thornhill; 6 miles from Wakefield.

MIDGLEY. OVER, ham. in the township of Shitlington, and parish of Thornhill; $6\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Wakefield.

MIDHOPE, a township, in the parish of Gisburn, west-division and liberty of Staincliffe; 3 miles from Gisburn, 9 from Colne, (*Lanc.*) 11 from Burnley, (*Lanc.*) 12 from Skipton.—Pop. 100.

MIDHOPE, in the township of Bradfield, and parish of Ecclesfield, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Penistone, 12 from Sheffield. The Chapel, dedicated to St. James, is a perpetual curacy, value, p. r. 40l. Patron, William Bosville, Esq. as Lord of the Manor,

This place gave name to a family, called De Midhope, several of which were knighted. They were Lords of the Manor, and had their residence within the village. From De Midhopes, the manor passed to the De Barnbys, of which family Edmund was lord in temp. Edward III. One Henry Hall sold the same in 1690, to Godfrey Bosville of Gunthwaite, Esq. in which family it appears to have remained ever since,—*Hunter's Hallamshire*.

MIDHOPE, LITTLE, *f. h.* in the township of Midhope, and parish of Gisburn, liberty of Staincliffe; 2 miles from Gisburn, $8\frac{1}{2}$ from Colne, (*Lanc.*)

MIDHOPE, OVER, in the township of Bradfield, and parish of Ecclesfield, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; 5 miles from Penistone, 13 from Sheffield.

MILFORTH, NORTH, *ham.* in the township and parish of Kirkby-Wharfe, liberty of Pontefract; 3 miles from Tadcaster.

MILFORTH, SOUTH, in the parish of Sherburn, wapentake of Barkston-Ash, liberties of St. Peter and Pontefract; 6 miles from Pontefract, 8 from Selby, $8\frac{1}{4}$ from Tadcaster.—Pop. 631.

MILLBANK, in the township of Sowerby, and parish of Halifax, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; 5 miles from Halifax, 8 from Huddersfield.

MILLSHAW, *ham.* in the township of Beeston, and parish of Leeds; 3 miles from Leeds.

MILLWOOD, *ham.* in the township Stansfield, and parish of Halifax, liberty of Wakefield; 10 miles from Halifax, 12 from Rochdale.

MILN-HOUSES, *ham.* in the township of Ecclesall-Bierlow, and parish of Sheffield; 3 miles from Sheffield.

MILNSBRIDGE-HOUSE, (*the seat of Joseph Armitage, Esq.*) in the township of Longwood, and parish of Huddersfield, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley; 2 miles from Huddersfield, 7 from Halifax.

MILNTHORPE, in the township and parish of Sandal-Magna, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Wakefield, $7\frac{1}{2}$ from Barnsley.

MILTHORPE, in the township and parish of Sedbergh, wapentake of Eweross; 1 mile from Sedbergh, 4 from Dent.

MILTON-FURNACE, in the township of Brampton-Bierlow, and parish of Wath-upon-Dearn, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; $6\frac{3}{4}$ miles from Barnsley, $8\frac{1}{4}$ from Sheffield.—A newly erected set of buildings for the purpose of converting iron-stone into Iron.

MINSKIP, in the parish of Aldborough, lower-division of Claro, liberty of St. Peter; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Boroughbridge, $5\frac{1}{2}$ from Knaresbrough, 7 from Ripon.—Pop. 243.

MIRFIELD, a parish-town, in Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; 3 miles from Dewsbury, $4\frac{1}{2}$ from

from Huddersfield, 8 from Wakefield, 35 from York.—Pop. 5,041. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Pontefract, value, $\pm 6l.$ 1s. $0\frac{1}{2}d.$ p. r. 150/. Patron, Sir George Armitage, Bart. The rectory of Mirfield, nearly fifty years ago, was let for 210/. per annum,—though estimated in 1540, at no more than 6l. 6s. 8d.

Mirfield appears to have formed part of the great Saxon parish of Dewsbury, till the year 1261, when the following curious and well authenticated account caused its separation: It happened, says this ancient document, that as the Lady of Sir John Heton, of Mirfield, was going to mass, very early in the morning of Christmas-day, to the parish-church of Dewsbury, that she was robbed, and her principal attendants murdered, at a place called Ravensbrook-Lane. On the same day, while she was at dinner, at nine o'clock in the morning, (at that time the usual hour) two Mendicant Ecclesiastics came to solicit charity, at the same time informing her that they were going to Rome, where her husband, Sir John, then resided. On this intelligence, she wrote a letter to her husband, and told him of the horrid scene she had just witnessed, and requested of him to make interest with the Pope to erect the Chapel of Mirfield into a parochial Church, that the inhabitants might no longer be exposed to the dangers she had experienced, on the way to their parish-church. This letter the priests delivered to Sir John, who prevailed on his holiness to elevate Mirfield into a rectory, and bestowed the patronage on Sir John and his posterity, who immediately conferred the living on his younger brother, who built the rectory-house about the year 1300. The original is given in Latin by Hopkinson, amongst his MSS. a copy of which is inserted in *Loidis et Elmete*.

The Church of Mirfield was appropriated to the Nunnery of Kirksteeles, and constituted the best part of the endowment of that house, on the dissolution of which, it was granted to Thomas Savile of Clifton. Sir George Armitage, Bart. is now impropriator and patron. At the west-end of the Church is a conical mount, intended as a place of defence to the manor-house of its Saxon Lords. Immediately adjoining to this, was the Mansion successively of the Mirfields, Hetons, and Beaumonts, still called *Castle-Hall*; an antique, and very picturesque Timber-house, built by Thomas Beaumont, in the reign of Henry VIII. though a mistake in the reading of some obscure numerals, has carried it up to a much higher antiquity. They have now wholly disappeared; but enough remained forty years ago, to enable Mr Beaumont to read them 1522; but not long before that time, some smatterer having read them 1022, the circumstance was seized with avidity by the neighbourhood, and the house was exhibited to strangers as an entire and genuine relic of Canute's time.—WHITAKER.

The parish and township are co-extensive, and stretch about two miles on both sides of the Calder.

Here is a School, founded in 1667, by Richard Thorpe, of Hepton, gentleman, for the education of fifteen poor children—present endowment, upwards of 60/. per annum.

MIRYSHAW, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Bradford, to which it nearly adjoins.

This house was for many generations, the paternal residence of the Smyths, now divided into two branches, and represented by John Henry Smyth, Esq. M. P. for Cambridge, and John Smyth, Esq. of Bramham, (1816.) It is now occupied as a farm-house, a view of which, as a vignette, is given in *Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete*.

MITTON, a parish-town, in the west-division of Staincliffe, liberty of Bolland: 3 miles from Clitheroe, (*Lanc.*) 10 from Blackburn, (*Lanc.*) 12 from Gisburn.—Pop. 324. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Michael, in the deanry of Craven, value, $\pm 14l.$ 7s. $8\frac{1}{2}d.$ p. r. $\pm 140l.$

MOAT-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Wickersley; 5 miles from Rotherham.

MOAT-HOUSE, (*Ainsty*) *f. h.* in the township of Walton, and parish of Wighill; 3 miles from Tadcaster.

MONKTON, BISHOP.—*See Bishop-Monkton.*

MONK-BRETTON, in the parish of Royston, wapentake of Staincross, liberty of Pontefract; 2 miles from Barnsley, $8\frac{1}{2}$ from Wakefield, 10 from Rotherham.—Pop. 916. Here is a private Chapel, but no Chapelry attached.

An Hospital was founded at this place in 1654, in pursuance of the Will of Dame Mary Talbot, for six poor widows, who have each an allowance of 40*s.* and a gown of 10*s.* value, per annum.

Adam Fitz-Swain founded a Monastery here, early in the reign of Henry II. of the Cluniac order, to the honour of St. Mary Magdalen. It was at first subordinate to the Priory of St. John, at Pontefract. It was situated on the north side of the river Dearne; the Church was gone long previous to Burton's time, but the gate remained with some part of the ruins. It was dissolved in 1537. William Brown, the last Prior, had a pension of 40*l.* per annum, assigned him, which he enjoyed in 1553.—*BURTON*.—*DODSWORTH*.

MONK-BRETTON-GRANGE, *ham.* in the township of Monk-Bretton, and parish of Royston, liberty of Pontefract; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Barnsley, 9 from Wakefield.

MONK-FRYSTON, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Barkston-Ash, a part in the liberty of St. Peter; 4 miles from Ferrybridge. $6\frac{1}{2}$ from Pontefract, $7\frac{1}{2}$ from Selby, $13\frac{3}{4}$ from Leeds, 19 from York, Pop. 409. It is a parochial Chapelry, in the deanry of the Ainsty, value, p. r. +60*l.* Patron, the Prebendary of Wistow.

MONK-HILL, (extraparochial) in the wapentake of Osgoldcross, liberty of Pontefract, which it adjoins.—Pop. 40.

Here stood the Priory of St. John, founded by Robert de Lacy, in the year 1090, for Monks of the order of St. Benedict. The rule of this order was principally founded on silence, solitude, prayer, humility, and obedience: the Monks were enjoined a total abstinence from all animal food, and wine was wholly prohibited: the priory was surrendered, by James Twæytes, the last Prior, Nov. 24th, 1539.

MONKTON, NUN.—*See Nun-Monkton.*

MONYBENT, *f. h.* in the township of Gisburn-Forest, and parish of Gisburn, liberty of Staincliffe; 6 miles from Gisburn, 9 from Settle.

MOOR-ALLERTON, *ham.* in the township of Chapel-Allerton, and parish of Leeds, lower-division of Skyrack, liberty of Pontefract; $3\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Leeds. The north part of the borough of Leeds terminates here.

MOOR-ENDS, *seat. f. h.* in the township and parish of Thorne; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Thorne, 13 from Howden.

MOOR-GATE, *s. h.* in the township and parish of Rotherham; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Rotherham.

MOOR-GRANGE, *s. h.* in the township of Huddingley, and parish of Leeds; 3 miles from Leeds.

MOOR-HALLOWS, 2 or 3 *seat. h.* in the township of Thurlston, and parish of Penistone; 1 mile from Penistone.

MOORHOUSE, *ham.* in the township and parish of Hooton-Pagnel; 6 miles from Doncaster, 9 from Barnsley.

MOORHOUSE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Badsworth, liberty of Pontefract; $4\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Pontefract.

MOOR-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Tickhill; 1 mile from Tickhill.

MOOR-HOUSE, (*the seat of John Maude, Esq.*) in the township of Stanley-with-Wrenthorpe, and parish of Wakefield; 4 miles from Wakefield.

MOOR-HOUSES, in the township of Middleton, and parish of Ilkley; 7 miles from Otley. Four or five houses.

MOOR-MONKTON, (*Ainsty*) a parish-town; 8 miles from York, 9 from Knaresborough, 10 from Wetherby.—Pop. 269. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to All-Saints, value, 16*l.* 19*s.* 7*d.* Patron, the King.

MORE-HALL, *f. h.* in the township of Bradfield, and parish of Ecclesfield; 7 miles from Sheffield.

This was anciently the seat of a family of the name of More, who appear to have resided here from the reign of Henry VII. till the first of Edward VI. More, of More-Hall, cuts a conspicuous figure in the famous ballad of the Dragon of Wantley. There are no remains of the old house.—*Hunter's Hallamshire.*

MOREWOOD, *ham.* in the township of Bradfield, and parish of Sheffield; 6 miles from Sheffield.

This place, like More-Hall, also gave name to a family of the name of Morewood, several of whom appear at different times, to have been High Sheriffs for the county of Derby.—*Hunter's Hallamshire.*

MORLEY, in the parish of Batley, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; 4 miles from Dewsbury, 4½ from Leeds, 7 from Wakefield.—Pop. 3,031. It is a perpetual curacy, without Church or Chapel.

In the time of Doomsday, Morley had a parish-church; but it seems to have been reduced to the dependant state of a Chapel to Batley, by Robert de Lacy, the founder of the latter Church, and so to have continued till the great rebellion, when it was leased out, by Saville, Earl of Sussex, to certain presbyterian trustees, for the term of 500 years, and ever since that time it has been used as a place of worship for Dissenters; and is said to be the only instance throughout England and Wales, of an ancient established place of worship, which was not restored to the established Church, at the restoration. It retains much of the form of a Church, and has a choir and two side aisles, supported upon wooden pasterns instead of columns, but marking the hands into which it has fallen, by sectarian frugality and inelegance.—*Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete.* It was some time back used by the Unitarians, now by the Calvinists.

Morley, although situated in Agbrigg-division, appears to give name to that portion of the wapentake of Agbrigg and Morley, called *Morley-division*.—*See Agbrigg, p. 214.*

MORTHEN, *ham.* in the township of Whiston, and parishes of Whiston and Rotherham, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; (*Morthen-Hall, the seat of Nicholas Timm, Esq.*) 4 miles from Rotherham, 9 from Sheffield, 11 from Tickhill.

MORTHORPE, *ham.* in the township and parish of South-Kirkby; 8 miles from Pontefract, 12 from Wakefield.

MORTOMLEY, in the township and parish of Ecclesfield, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; 6 miles from Rotherham, 6½ from Sheffield, 8 from Barnsley.

MORTON-BANKS, in the township of East-Morton, and parish of Bingley, upper-division of Skyrack; 2 miles from Keighley, 3 from Bingley.

About thirty years ago was discovered near Morton, one of the most valuable deposits of Roman Coins, ever turned up in Britain. It consisted of a very large quantity of Denarii in excellent preservation; for the most part of Septimius Severus, Julia Domna, Caracalla, and Geta, contained in the remains of a brass chest, which had probably been the military chest of a Roman legion, and deposited, upon some sudden alarm, in a situation which it had quietly occupied during a period of almost sixteen centuries.—*Hist. Craven.*

MORTON, EAST, in the parish of Bingley, upper-division of Skyrack, liberty of Clifford's-Fea; 3 miles from Keighley, 3½ from Bingley, 10 from Skipton.—Pop. 1,199.

MORTON, WEST, in the township and parish of Bingley, upper-division of Skyrack; 3 miles from Keighley, 4 from Bingley.

MORWICK, f. h. in the township and parish of Barwick in Elmet, liberty of Pontefract; 6 miles from Leeds.

MOSELEY-WOOD, in the township of Addle-with-Eccup, and parish of Addle, upper-division of Skyrack; 4 miles from Otley, 6½ from Leeds.

MOSS, in the parish of Campsall, wapentake of Osgoldcross, liberty of Pontefract; 6 miles from Thorne, 9 from Doncaster, 13 from Pontefract.—Pop. 242.

MOSSON-GREEN, f. h. in the township of Sykehouse, and parish of Fishlake; 4 miles from Thorne.

MOSS-WOOD HOUSES, 2 f. h. in the township of Fountains-Earth, and parish of Kirkbymalzeard; 3 miles from Pateleybridge.

MOULD-GREEN, ham. in the township of Dalton, and parish of Kirkheaton. Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley; (*the seats of William Walker Battye, and Abraham Dixon, Esqrs.*) 1 mile from Huddersfield, 9 from Halifax.

MOUNT-PLEASANT, (the seat of Samuel Broomhead Ward, Esq.) in the township of Ecclesall-Bierlow, and parish of Sheffield; 1 mile from Sheffield.

MULWITH, f. h. in the township of Newby-with-Mulwith, and parish and liberty of Ripon, lower-division of Claro; 3 miles from Boroughbridge, 4 from Ripon.—Pop. included in Newby.

MYTHOLM, a few h. in the township of Stansfield, and parish of Halifax; 8 miles from Halifax.

MYTHOLM-ROYD BRIDGE, ham. at the junction of the townships of Wadesworth, Erringden, Sowerby, and Midgley, and parish of Halifax; 6 miles from Halifax.

MYRTLE-GROVE, (the seat of Lieut. General Twiss) in the township and parish of Bingley; ½ a mile from Bingley.

N

NAB-HILL, ham. in the township of Dalton, and parish of Kirkheaton; 2 miles from Huddersfield.

NAPPA, in the parish of Gisburn, west-division and liberty of Staincliffe; 3½ miles from Gisburn, 8 from Settle, 11 from Skipton.—Pop. 44.

NAPPA-FLATTS, f. h. in the township of Paythorne, and parish of Gisburn, liberty of Staincliffe; 3½ miles from Gisburn.

NEEPSSEND, *ham.* in the township of Brightside-Bierlow, and parish of Sheffield; 1 mile from Sheffield.

NESFIELD, in the township of Nesfield-with-Langber, and parish of Ilkley, upper-division of Claro; 4 miles from Otley, 8 from Skipton.—Pop. including Langber, 210.

At Nesfield, Robert, the son of Nigel Plumpton, who died 55 Henry III. obtained a license to have a Chapel in his Manor-House of Nesfield, on condition of offering annually a pound of Frankincense on the high altar of the parish-church of Ilkley.

NETHER-BANK, *scat. h.* in the township and parish of Ecclesfield; 4 miles from Sheffield, 5 from Rotherham.

NETHERBY, in the township of Kereby-with-Netherby, and parish of Kirkby-Overblow, upper-division of Claro; $4\frac{3}{4}$ miles from Wetherby, 8 from Knaresbrough.—Pop. included in Kereby.

NETHER-GREEN, *ham.* in the township of Upper-Hallam, and parish of Sheffield; 3 miles from Sheffield.

NETHER-HALL, (*the seat of Mrs Copley*) in the township and parish of Doncaster; $\frac{1}{4}$ of a mile from Doncaster.

NETHERSIDE, (*the seat of Alexander Nowell, Esq.*) in the township of Threshfield, and parish of Linton; $5\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Kettlewell, $10\frac{1}{2}$ from Skipton.

NETHERTHORPE, *ham.* in the township of Aston-with-Aughton, and parish of Aston; 6 miles from Rotherham.

NETHER-LODGE, *s. h.* in the township and parish of Horton; 10 miles from Settle.

NETHER-SHIRE, *ham.* in the township and parish of Ecclesfield; (*Shire-House, the seat of Hugh Meller, Esq.*) 4 miles from Sheffield, 5 from Rotherham.

NETHERTON, in the parish of Sandal-Magna, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley; 5 miles from Wakefield, $9\frac{1}{2}$ from Huddersfield.

NETHERTON, or **NETHER-SHITLINGTON**.—*See Shitlington, Nether.*

NETHERTON, *ham.* in the township of South-Crosland, and parish of Almondbury, liberty of Pontefract; 3 miles from Huddersfield, 11 from Halifax.

NETHER-THONG.—*See Thong, Nether.*

NEW-BRIDGE, *ham.* in the township of Fountains-Earth, and parish of Kirkbymalzeard; 2 miles from Pateleybridge.

NEW-BRIDGE, *an Inn*, in the township of Cowick, and parish of Snaith, wapentake of Osgoldcross, liberty of Pontefract; 3 miles from Snaith, 5 from Thorne.

NEWBY, *ham.* in the township of Rimington, and parish of Gisburn, liberty of Staincliffe; 2 miles from Gisburn.

NEWBY, *2 h.* in the township of Weeton, and parish of Harewood; $4\frac{3}{4}$ miles from Otley.

NEWBY, in the township of Clapham-with-Newby, and parish of Clapham, wapentake of Eweross; 7 miles from Settle, 10 from Kirby-Lonsdale, (*Westm.*)—Pop. included in Clapham.

NEWBY-COTE, *ham.* in the township of Ingleton, and parish of Clapham; 8 miles from Settle.

NEWBY-HALL, (*the seat of the Right Hon. Lord Grantham*) in the township of Mulwith-with-Newby, and parish and liberty of Ripon, lower-division of Claro; 3 miles from Ripon and Borough bridge, 10 from Knaresbrough.—Pop. including Mulwith, 52, which being united, form a township.

It is situated on the north bank of the river Ure; and usually said, but on what authority we cannot learn, to have been built after a design of Sir Christopher Wren, in 1705. The late Mr Weddell built the wings, one of which contains the statue gallery. The dining-room was built by his present Lordship. The two dogs, in Portland-stone, on either side of the portico, were copied from Alcibiades' dog at Duncombe-Park. The house contains several good rooms, a valuable library, and many excellent paintings: but it is most admired for its statuary, the gallery of which contains the best private collection of ancient sculpture in the kingdom, collected by the late Mr Weddell. The statue most esteemed, is that of Venus, 5 feet 1½ inch high, purchased at Rome, and formerly well known by the name of the *Barberini Venus*, as it was originally in the possession of that family. The garden and pleasure-grounds are laid out with much taste; and in the former are excellent hot-houses.

Thomas Phillip Weddell Robinson, the present Right Hon. Lord Grantham, is the third Lord, having succeeded his father, Thomas, the late Lord, in July, 1786, he married, 1805, Henrietta-Frances Cole, youngest daughter of William Willoughby, first Earl of Enniskillen, and has issue, Frederick William William, born April, 1810, heir-apparent, and several daughters.

Sir Metcalf Robinson, of Newby, near Topcliffe, ancestor of the present family, was created Baronet in 1660, and died 1689, when the title became extinct, which was revived in the person of his nephew, Sir William Robinson, who married Mary, the daughter of George Aislaby, Esq. of Studley-Royal, and had issue: Thomas, his fourth son, was created Baron Grantham, of Grantham, April 7, 1761; Thomas, the second Lord, was appointed Secretary to the Embassy to the Congress of Augsburg, 1761; Ambassador to the Court of Madrid, 1771; and 1779, appointed first Lord of Trade; July, 1782, Secretary of State for the Foreign Department; and January, 1783, his Lordship concluded the preliminaries of peace: he married 1780, Mary Jemima, daughter of Phillip, the second Earl of Hardwick, sister and heiress-presumptive to Amabel, Countess de Grey, by whom he had three sons, Thomas Phillip, the present Lord, &c.—
DEBRET.

In the time of Edward I. Alexander de Nubie, held this territory; who was succeeded therein, by Roger, his son and heir. In the reign of Charles II. Sir John Crosland, Knight, was seated here; he died in 1670, and was buried at Ripon, at the south end of the transept, where a brass plate commemorates his memory. He was succeeded by Sir Walter Blackett, Bart. who also lies buried at Ripon; the Blacketts sold it to Richard Weddell, Esq. and was succeeded by his son William, by whose death, in April, 1792, this, with other estates, devolved to the present noble proprietor.

NEW-CHAPEL, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Penistone; ½ a mile from Penistone.

NEWFIELD-GREEN, *ham.* in the township of Nether-Hallam, and parish of Sheffield; 2½ miles from Sheffield.

NEW-GRANGE, (*the seat of Thomas Benyon, Esq.*) in the township of Huddingley, and parish of Leeds; 3 miles from Leeds, 7 from Harewood.

This place belonged to Kirkstall-Abbey. At the dissolution of the house 1540, it was granted by King Henry VIII. with the site of the Monastery, &c. to Robert Pakeham, gent. of the King's Household. It is now the seat of Benjamin Wade, Esq. The house was built by a predecessor of both his names, in 1626, who placed this inscription upon the front; "*Except the Lord build the house, thy labour is vain that builds it, it is the Lord that keeps thee going out and in.*" B. IV. 1626." Over the north door, where the poor received their alms, is engraved, "*If thou shalt find a house to thy mind, without thy cost, serve thou*

the more, God and the Poor, my labour is not lost." This family of the Wades derive their pedigree from the famous Saxon Duke Wada, who died in 798.—**THORESBY.** The house was re-built in 1752, by Walter Wade, Esq.—**WHITTAKER.** **NEWHALL**, in the township of Newhall-with-Clifton, and parish of Otley, upper-division of Claro, liberty of Cawood, Wistow, and Otley; 1 mile from Otley, 11 from Leeds.—Pop. including Clifton, 208, which being united, form a township.

Newhall, now in a decayed state, was formerly the seat of Edward Fairfax, Esq. a celebrated Poet, who flourished in the reigns of Elizabeth and James I. He had a liberal education, but led a retired life at his favourite seat here, where he devoted himself to the muses, and died at Newhall, about the year 1632. He published a work on Dæmonology, entitled "A discourse of Witchcraft, as it was acted in the family of Mr Edward Fairfax, of Friestone, in the county of York, in the year 1621," but his great work is a translation of Tasso's Poem of "Godfrey of Boulogne," which was once very popular.—*Biog. Dict.* **NEW-HALL**, *s. h.* in the township and parish of Pontefract; 1 mile from Pontefract.

The style of this building is decidedly that which prevailed in the reign of Henry VIII. or near to that time.—The date on the arms is 1591, but it must have been erected prior to that period. It is supposed to have been erected by a branch of the Talbot family, though it does not appear that any of the family resided in it: it afterwards came into the Harewood family, the present possessor. It was occupied as a farm-house till within a late period.—*Hist. Pontefract.* It is now little more than a ruin.

NEW-HALL, (*the residence of W. W. Walker, Esq.*) in the township of Middleton, and parish of Rothwell, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley; 3½ miles from Leeds, 6 from Wakefield.

NEW-HALL, *f. h.* in the township of Shitlington, and parish of Thornhill; 4 miles from Dewsbury.

NEW-HALL, (*the seat of Richard Swallow, Esq.*) in the township of Brightside-Bierlow, and parish of Sheffield; 1½ mile from Sheffield.

NEW-HALL, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Darfield; 3 miles from Barnsley.

NEWHAY, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Drax; 5 miles from Selby, 7 from Howden and Snaith.

NEW-HOUSE, *s. h.* in the township of Bashalleaves, and parish of Mitton; 4 miles from Clitheroe, (*Lanc.*)

NEW-HOUSES, *ham.* in the township and parish of Horton; 6½ miles from Settle.

NEW-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township of Easington, and parish of Slaidburn; 8 miles from Settle. This farm belongs to the school at Benthau.

NEW-HOUSES, 3 *f. h.* in the township of Upper-Stonebeck, and parish of Kirkbymalzeard; 10 miles from Pateleybridge.

NEWHILL, in the township of Brampton-Bierlow, and parish of Wath-upon-Dearn, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberty of Tickhill; (*the seat of John Naylor, Esq.*) 5 miles from Rotherham.

NEW-INN, *ham.* in the township and parish of Horton; 6½ miles from Settle, on the road to Hawes.

NEWLAND, *f. h.* in the township of Warley, and parish of Halifax; 2½ miles from Halifax.

NEWLAND, in the parish of Drax, wapentake of Barkston-Ash; 5 miles from Snaith, 9 from Selby, 16 from Pontefract.—Pop. 269.

NEWLAND-PARK, (*the seat of Sir Edward Smith Dodsworth, Bart.*) in the township and parish of Normanton, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Wakefield, $6\frac{1}{2}$ from Pontefract.

Sir Edward Smith, the second and present Baronet, was born in 1768, and in 1789, succeeded his father, Sir John Silvester, to the Baronetage, who married a daughter of the late John Dodsworth, Esq. of Watlass, in this county. He took the name of Dodsworth in 1821.

NEW-LAITHS, *s. h.* in the township of Horsforth, and parish of Guiseley; 5 miles from Leeds.

NEW-LAITHES, *s. h.* in the township of Carlton, and parish of Royston; 2 miles from Barnsley.

NEWMARKET, in the parish of Whitkirk, lower-division of Skyrack; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Leeds.

NEW MILLER DAM, in the townships of Sandal-Magna and Craggstone, and parish of Sandal-Magna, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Wakefield, $6\frac{1}{2}$ from Barnsley.

NEWSAME, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Spofforth; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Wetherby, 5 from Knaresborough.

NEWSHOLME, in the township and parish of Keighley, east-division and liberty of Staincliffe; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Keighley, 8 from Skipton, 10 from Colne, (*Lanc.*)

NEWSHOLME, in the parish of Gisburn, west-division and liberty of Staincliffe; 2 miles from Gisburn, 9 from Settle, 10 from Skipton.—Pop. 75.

NEWSOME, *ham.* in the township and parish of Almondbury, liberty of Pontefract; 2 miles from Huddersfield.

NEWSOME-GREEN.—*See Temple-Newsome.*

NEWSTEAD-HALL, (*a seat of John Naylor, Esq.*) in the township and parish of Hemsworth, wapentake of Staincross; 5 miles from Pontefract, 6 from Wakefield, 9 from Barnsley.

NEWTORPE, in the parish of Sherburn, wapentake of Barkston-Ash, liberty of St. Peter; 3 miles from Abberford, 7 from Ferrybridge, 11 from Selby.—Pop. 83.

NEWTON, in the parish of Slaidburn, west-division of Staincliffe, liberty of Bolland: (*Newton-Hall, the seat of Thomas Parker, Esq.*) 7 miles from Clitheroe, (*Lanc.*) 13 from Settle, 18 from Lancaster, 22 from Skipton.—*No Market.*—*Fairs*, March 14, April 14, and September 16, for horned cattle.—Pop. 581.

Here is a School, founded by John Brabbin, of Newton in Bolland, by Will, dated 23d March, 1768, and endowed it with twenty guineas, for the purpose of instructing all the people called *Quakers*, male and female, and six children of the poor inhabitants of the township of Newton; and a house and school-room, which he erected, and a garden adjoining. By a lapse of several years, the salary has accumulated to forty guineas per annum. It is managed by trustees, elected, according to the tenure of his Will, on the recommendation of the *Quakers*, who assemble at their monthly-meetings, held at Settle. The present master, James Noddle, was elected in 1813, and the number of scholars average about thirty. Other children, not *Quakers*, can be admitted, provided there is not above a certain number of that sect.

NEWTON, in the township and parish of Sprotbrough, lower-divi-

sion of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberty of Tickhill; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Doncaster, 11 from Rotherham.

NEWTON, ham. in the township of Alverthorpe-with-Thorns, and parish of Wakefield, liberty of Wakefield; 1 mile from Wakefield.

NEWTON, BANK.—*See Bank-Newton.*

The Mansion of the Cattertons, who had lands here in the 31st of Edward III. remains nearly entire; and immediately adjoining to it, on the north-east, is a little Chantry, now an out-house in the garden, adjoining to which, many bones are said to have been dug up. From the shape of one of the windows, yet remaining, one would conjecture this humble foundation to be as old as the Cattertons.

Bank-Newton, has its name from the family of Banks, who held the manor more than three centuries, but more anciently Cold Newton, from its exposed situation. —*Hilaker's Craven.*

NEWTON-HALL, f. h. in the township and parish of Ripley; 1 mile from Ripley.

This was formerly a seat of the ancient family of the Vavasours, a branch of which resided here, before the year 1570, and after the year 1610, as appears by the parish register. The situation is on a small eminence, commanding a fine view of the surrounding country. Over the front door, is a shield of arms, containing those of Vavasour, Ingilby, and several others. The estate, consisting of upwards of 404 acres of land, was lately purchased by Matthew Thackwray of Harrogate, Esq. and is now, by purchase of the late Sir John Ingilby, the property of the present Sir William Amcotts Ingilby, Bart.

NEWTON-KYME, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Barkston-Ash; (*Newton-Hall, the seat of Thomas Lodderton Fairfax, Esq.*) $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Tadcaster, 5 from Wetherby, $11\frac{1}{2}$ from York, 13 from Ferrybridge.—Pop. including Towlston, 184. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Andrew, in the deanry of the Ainsty, value, 14*l.* Patron, Thomas Lodderton Fairfax, Esq.

This place takes its name from being formerly in the possession of the *Barons de Kine*; though it has since long been in the ancient family of Fairfax. —**DRAKE.**

Here some antiquaries place the Roman *Culcaria*, in the fields near St. Helen's-Ford, there being no argument to fix it at Tadcaster, but what will equally agree to this place. Many Roman coins have been ploughed up here, particularly some of Constantins, Helena, and Constantine; also, an alabaster urn, containing ashes, melted lead, rings, &c.—**CAMDEN.**

Dr. Owen Oglethorpe, Bishop of Carlisle, who crowned Queen Elizabeth, was a native of this place.—**CAMDEN.**

Here is a School, founded in 1787, by the late Thomas Fairfax, Esq.

NEWTON, LITTLE, s. h. in the township of Hellifield, and parish of Long-Preston, liberty of Staincliffe; 5 miles from Settle;

NEWTON, POTTER.—*See Potter-Newton.*

NEWTON-WILLOWS, f. h. in the township of Ledston, and parish of Ledsame, liberty of Pontefract; 5 miles from Pontefract.

NIDD, a parish-town, in the lower-division of Claro, liberty of Ripon; (*Nidd-Hall, the seat of Francis Trapps, Esq.*) 2 miles from Ripley, $3\frac{1}{2}$ from Knaresbrough, $21\frac{1}{2}$ from York.—Pop. 86. The Church is a vicarage, in the deanry of Boroughbridge, diocese of Chester, value, $\pounds 3*l.* 6*s.* 10\frac{1}{2}$ *d.* p. r. $\pounds 110*l.*$ Patron, the King, as Duke of Lancaster.

NOBLETHORPE, s. h. in the township and parish of Silkston; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Penistone.

NORLAND, in the parish of Halifax, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Halifax, 7 from Huddersfield.—Pop. 1,665.

On the edge of Norland-Moor, amongst a large ridge of rocks, is a very ponderous stone, which projects over the side of the hill, and has a very uncommon appearance; it is called the *Lad-stone*, but, for what reason, no inhabitant of the place can tell. Mr Watson observes, that if the name is British, it may come from *Llad*, to kill or slay, and might be the place for the execution of criminals, in the time of the Druids, who were extremely lavish of human blood—not only criminals, captives, and strangers, were slain at their sacrifices, but their very disciples were put to death, without mercy, if they were wilfully tardy in coming to their assemblies.—*Watson's Halifax*.

NORMANTON, a parish-town, in Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Wakefield, 5 from Pontefract, 25 from York.—Pop. 250. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Andrew, in the deanry of Pontefract, value, $\pounds 71$. p. r. 150*l*. Patron, Trinity College, Cambridge.

In this Church is buried the celebrated James Torre, Esq. whose Manuscript collections of the Ecclesiastical Antiquities of this county stand unrivalled. He died at Snyderall, in this parish, July 31, 1699.—*Drake's Ebor. Preface*.

Here is a Grammar School, founded and endowed with 10*l*. per annum, by John Fraston, Esq. in the year 1591, for all scholars of his sir-name, and thirty others, out of the parishes of Normanton and Warmfield.—The money is paid out of the University of Oxford.

NORTH-BIERLEY, in the parish of Bradford, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Bradford, 8 from Halifax, $12\frac{1}{2}$ from Wakefield.—Pop. 6,070. Here is a Chapel, but not consecrated.

NORTH-COTE, *f. h.* in the township of Coniston-with-Kilnsey, and parish of Burnsall, liberty of Staincliffe; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Kettlewell, 13 from Skipton.

NORTH-CROFTS, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Silkston; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Penistone.

NORTH-CROSLAND, in the township of South-Crosland, and parish of Almondbury; 2 miles from Huddersfield.

NORTH-LANE HOUSE, *s. h.* in the township of Long-Drax, and parish of Drax; 5 miles from Snaith.

NORTH-DEIGHTON, (*the seat of John Brewin, Esq.*)—See *Deighton, North*.

NORTH-LEYS, *ham.* in the township of North-Stainley-with-Slenningford, and parish and liberty of Ripon; 2 miles from Ripon.

NORTHORPE, *ham.* in the township and parish of Mirfield; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Dewsbury, 5 from Wakefield.

NORTHORPE, *f. h.* in the township of Wortley, and parish of Tankersley; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Penistone.

NORTHOWRAM, in the parish of Halifax, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; (*Northowram-Hall, the seat of J. F. Dyson, Esq.*) $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Halifax, $5\frac{1}{2}$ from Bradford.—Pop. 6,841.

NORTH-PASTURE, 4 *f. h.* in the township of Sawley, and parish of Ripon; 3 miles from Pateleybridge, 9 from Ripon.

NORTH-SIDE HEAD, *f. h.* in the township of Upper-Stonebeck, and parish of Kirkbymalzeard; 9 miles from Pateleybridge.

NORTON, in the parish of Campsall, wapentake of Osgoldcross, liberty of Pontefract; $7\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Pontefract, $8\frac{1}{2}$ from Doncaster and Ferrybridge.—Pop. 668.

NORTON-PRIORY, *ham.* situated as above.

NORWOOD, in the township of Clifton-with-Norwood, and parish of Fewston, lower-division of Claro; 6 miles from Otley, 11 from Knaresbrough.—Pop. included in Clifton.

NORWOOD-HALL, (*the seat of James Wheat, Esq.*) in the township of Brightside-Bierlow, and parish of Sheffield; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Sheffield.

NOSTAL-PRIORY, (*the seat of Charles Winn, Esq.*) in the township of Purston-Jaglin, and parish of Wragby, wapentake of Osgoldcross; 5 miles from Pontefract, 7 from Ferrybridge.

In the reign of Henry I. Ralph Adlave, that King's Chaplain, founded a Priory here, for Canons regular of the order of St. Austin, in the year 1121; the situation was very woody, and had previously been chosen by a few Hermits, where they had built themselves a little Hall, and an Oratory or Church, dedicated to St. James. The Priory founded by Adlave, was dedicated to St. Oswald, the King and Martyr, to which were granted many privileges. Robert de Laci granted the Monks the wood in which it was built, with two oxgangs of Land, in Hardwic; for which reason, the Lacies family looked upon themselves, and were always deemed, as founders. At the suppression its revenues were valued at 606*l.* 9*s.* 3*d.* *Speed*,—492*l.* 18*s.* 2*d.* *Dugdale*. The site was given in the 31st Henry VIII. to Thomas Leigh, Doctor of Laws, one of the visitors of religious houses; it afterwards became the property of Sir Richard Gargrave, Knight, who sold it to — Ireland, Esq. by him it was sold to George Winn, Esq. who was afterwards created a Baronet by King Charles II.—BURTON—LELAND.

The present house was built by Sir Rowland Winn, Bart. in the beginning of the last century, near the site of the old Priory. It stands on an eminence in the midst of a fertile and well cultivated tract of country. The family of Winn is descended from the House of Gwydir, who left Wales in the sixteenth century and settled in London. The immediate ancestor of this branch was George Winn, Draper to Queen Elizabeth; whose grand-son George was created a Bart. by King Charles II., 1660, at which time he resided at Nostall. On the death of Sir Rowland Winn, in 1805, the title devolved upon his cousin Edmund Mark Wynn, Esq. of Ackton, and the family estates to his nephew, John Williamson, Esq. who, on coming of age, obtained his Majesty's license to bear the name and arms of Winn. He died in 1817, and was succeeded by his only brother, Charles, the present possessor.—BETHAM'S BAR.—NEAL'S VIEWS.

NOTTON, in the parish of Royston, wapentake of Staincross, liberty of Pontefract; 4 miles from Barnsley, $6\frac{1}{2}$ from Wakefield, 10 from Pontefract.—Pop. 339.

NUN-APPLETON.—*See Appleton, Nun.*

NUNBROOK, *ham.* in the township and parish of Mirfield; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Huddersfield, $8\frac{1}{2}$ from Wakefield, 11 from Leeds.

NUN-MONKTON, a parish-town in the upper-division of Claro; 8 miles from York, 11 from Knaresbrough and Boroughbridge.—Pop. 344. The Church is a perpetual curacy, in the deanry of Boroughbridge, diocese of Chester, value, p. r. †45*l.* but by the addition of lands since, it is 81*l.*

In the time of King Stephen, William de Arches and Ivetta, his wife, founded here a Nunnery, and dedicated it to the Blessed Virgin, for Benedictines, and endowed it with divers lands, afterwards confirmed to the Nun-

nery by Henry Murdac, Archbishop of York.—Valued at the dissolution at 75*l.* 12*s.* 4*d.*—**DUGDALE.**—**BURTON.**

The site was granted 29th Henry VIII. to John Nevil, Lord Latimer; the present owner is Payler Tufnal Jolliff, Esq.

NUNWICK, 4 *f. h.* in the parish and liberty of Ripon, lower-division of Claro; 2½ miles from Ripon, 7½ from Boroughbridge, 10½ from Bedale.—Pop. 28. One house and farm at Howgrave, in the parish of Kirklington, belong to this township.

O

OAKENSHAW, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Crofton; 1½ mile from Wakefield, 7 from Pontefract.

OAKS, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Darton; 3 miles from Barnsley, 7½ from Penistone.

OAKS-GREEN, *s. h.* in the township of Rastrick, and parish of Halifax, liberty of Wakefield; 5 miles from Huddersfield.

OAKWELL-HALL, *s. h.* in the township of Gomersall, and parish of Birstall; 6 miles from Bradford, 8 from Halifax.

OAKWORTH, *ham.* in the township and parish of Keighley, liberty of Staincliffe; 3 miles from Keighley, 10 from Skipton.

OCKENEY, *f. h.* in the township of Walkingham-with-Ockeney, and parish of Knaresbrough, lower-division of Claro; 3½ miles from Knaresbrough, 5 from Ripley.—Pop. included in Walkingham.

OGLETHORPE, in the township of Bramham-with-Oglethorpe, and parish of Bramham, wapentake of Barkston-Ash; 4 miles from Tadcaster.

This place was formerly the residence of the ancient family of Oglethorpe, one of whom was Reve of the county at the time of the Norman Conquest: they continued seated here till the civil wars, when their estates here were lost for their loyalty. Of this family was James Edward Oglethorpe, born in 1698, founder of the Colony of Georgia, General of the Forces of South Carolina, &c.—He died June 30, 1785. A monument is erected in the church of Cranham, to the memory of the General and his Wife, written by Mr Capel Loft. He was author of "An account of the Colony in Georgia," and "An Essay on Plantations, or tracts relating to the Colonies, 1732." *Nichols' Anecdotes*, Vol. 2. where a detailed account of this respectable family is given.

OKENSHAW, in the township of Cleck-Heaton, and parish of Birstall, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley; 6 miles from Bradford and Halifax.

OLD-BOOTH, *ham.* in the township of Bradfield, and parish of Ecclesfield; 6 miles from Penistone, 12 from Sheffield.

OLDCOTES, *f. h.* in the township of Hawkeswick, and parish of Arnecliffe; 5 miles from Kettlewell, 11½ from Settle.

OLD-HALL, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Emley; 7½ miles from Huddersfield and Wakefield.

OLDHAM-MILL, *a Mill*, in the township of Wombwell, and parish of Darfield; 3 miles from Barnsley, 7½ from Rotherham.

OLD-TOWN, *ham.* in the township of Wadsworth, and parish of Halifax; 9 miles from Halifax, 12 from Rochdale, (*Lanc.*)

OLERS, and **OLERS, NETHER.** *ham.* in the township of Slaithwaite, and parish of Huddersfield; 8 miles from Huddersfield.

ONE'S-ACRE, *ham.* in the township of Bradfield, and parish of Ecclesfield; 5 miles from Sheffield, 9 from Penistone.

ORGRAVE, in the parish of Rotherham, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberty of Tickhill; 4 miles from Rotherham, 5 from Sheffield.—Pop. 47.

OSGOLDCROSS, a wapentake, bounded on the east by part of the county of Lincoln; on the south, by the wapentake of Strafforth and Tickhill; on the west, by the wapentakes of Staincross, and Agbrigg and Morley; and on the north, by that of Barkston-Ash. In this wapentake are the market-towns of Pontefract and Snaith. It contains 63 townships, 19 of which are parish-towns, 5,927 inhabited houses, and 30,199 inhabitants.

OSSENDIKE, in the township of Ryther-with-Ossendike, and parish of Ryther. wapentake of Barkston-Ash, liberty of Pontefract; 4½ miles from Tadcaster, 7 from Selby.—Pop. included in Ryther.

OSSETT, in the parish of Dewsbury, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; 2½ miles from Wakefield, 3 from Dewsbury.—Pop. 4,775. The Church is a perpetual curacy, value, p. r. 115*l.* 5*s.* Patron, the Vicar of Dewsbury.

OSWINTHORPE, or **OSMONDTHORPE**, in the township of Halton, parish and borough of Leeds; 2 miles from Leeds.

Oswinthorpe, or Ossinthorpe, the *villa regia* of Bede, is said to have been the residence of Oswyn, King of Northumberland. Certain remains of old works, which the late Alderman Skelton levelled, filling up several trenches, &c. which had continued to the time of Charles I. when the present fabric was built. In one of the windows, is a piece of stained glass, which was preserved when the old hall was demolished.—It represents a King, with a very antique Crown, a Sword, and a Shield, bearing the arms of the *East-Angles*, for here Edwin was relieved when an Exile. Here have been also pavements and causeways, found under ground, when ploughing. The third King from this Edwin, was Oswin, a virtuous prince, but more devout than brave, and who was murdered in 651, from whom, most probably, the place received its name. His remains were interred in Whithy-Abbey, by order of his daughter, *Edelfelda*. Several hundred years after this, a family of the *Osmunds* resided here, and shewed a strong inclination to have it called Osmundthorp.—**THORESBY.**

OTLEY, a market and parish-towp, in the upper-division of Sky-rack, liberty of Cawood, Wistow, and Otley; (*Manor-House, the residence of Matthew Wilson, Esq.*) 8 miles from Harewood, 10 from Leeds, Bingley and Bradford, 12 from Keighley, and Ripley, 13 from Knaresbrough, 15 from Skipton, 16 from Wetherby, 28 from York, 205 from London.—*Market*, Friday.—*Fairs*, first Monday after August 2, for horses and horned cattle; Friday between new and old Martinmas-day for hiring servants; Fortnight Fairs on Fridays, for horned cattle and sheep.—*Principal Inns*, White Horse, Black Horse, and New Inn.—Pop. 3,065. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of the Ainsty, value, ±13*l.* 1*s.* 8*d.* p. r. +128*l.*

Otley is a well-built town, delightfully situated on the banks of the Wharf. It is, according to Dr. Whitaker, the *Othelui* of Domesday, the field of *Othe*, or *Otho*, a personal appellation, not uncommon in England before, or after the conquest. It is one of the great Saxon Parishes, the parent of several others, which were separated in the universal spirit of church building, after the con-

quest. At this time it was of great extent, and contained 81 square miles, comprehending the present parish of Otley, part of Wistow, Guiseley, and a part of Ilkley, including Middleton and Stubbam.—It now contains, besides the parish-church, six chapels. The manor of Otley was given to the See of York, by King Athelstan; and in Kirkby's Inquest, 1287, it was returned, that the Archbishop of York held in Otley, half a fee.—In the *Nomina Villarum*, 1316, the Archbishop is also returned as lord, as his successors have been to the present day; and who have a civil, as well as spiritual jurisdiction within the place, where justice is administered by Magistrates, holding their commission under the metropolitan, for the liberty of "Cawood, Wistow, and Otley." The site of the ancient Mansion of the Archbishop of York, at the north-end of the town, is still denominated the *Manor-House*; and when the present house, which occupies the site, was erected, some ancient and strong foundations were taken up. This, with "the Gallows," in the vicinity of the town, and the peculiar jurisdiction within it, are all the relics now remaining of this ancient place, once inhabited by the metropolitans. The Kitchens of the manor-house here, were built, Drake informs us, by the munificent Archbishop Bowet, who, in consequence consumed at Otley, some portion of the four-score tuns of claret, with a proportionate quantity of other elements of hospitality, which he is said to have annually expended. But whether it was ever honoured by the residence of any of his successors, is uncertain.

Here is a Grammar School, founded in 1611, by Thomas Cave, who made the Feoffees a body corporate. Their seal is a Rod, on one side, with a Palm Branch on the other; motto,—*Deum Pave, timo cave*—Fear God, and mind thy book; being a pun upon the founder's name. In the Church, which is a spacious building, are several ancient monuments, especially of the families of Fairfax, Fawkes, Vavasour, Palmes, and Pulleyn. Nothing of the original Saxon church remains, excepting, perhaps, the north door, which has a circular arch. The fortnight fairs in Otley, have long been famous for fat cattle; and large quantities of corn are sold in this market weekly, and sent into the manufacturing districts, south-west of Otley.

At the south-east of the town, on a craggy cliffe, is the hill, called "*Otley Chevin*," which rises high over the road to Leeds, and together with Ronaldsmoor and Pool Bank, forms a mountainous range, extending to the River Wharf. OTTERBURN, in the parish of Kirkby-Malhamdale; 8 miles from Settle, 9 from Skipton.

OUGHTERSNAW, *ham.* in the township of Buckden, and parish of Arnecliffe; 8½ miles from Kettlewell, 14 from Settle.

OUGHTY-BRIDGE, in the township of Bradfield, and parish of Ecclesfield; 5 miles from Sheffield, 9 from Penistone.

OULTON, in the township of Woodlesford-with-Oulton, and parish of Rothwell, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; (*Oulton-House, the seat of John Blaydes, Esq.*) 5 miles from Wakefield and Leeds.—Pop. included in Woodlesford.

Here was born, 1661, the celebrated Critic, Mr Richard Bentley, who was Chaplain to Bishop Stillingfleet. He was the first who preached the lecture, founded by Mr Boyle. He is advantageously known as a Critic, by his editions of Horace, Terence, Phædrus, &c. He died in 1742.—*Biog. Brit.*

OUSEBURN, GREAT, a parish-town, in the lower-division of Claro, liberty of the Forest of Knaresbrough; 4 miles from Boroughbridge, 7 from Knaresbrough, 14 from York.—Pop. 437. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Boroughbridge, diocese of Chester, value, £31. 10s. Patron, the King.

OUSEBURN, LITTLE, a parish-town, in the upper-division of Claro, liberty of St. Peter; 5 miles from Boroughbridge, 8 from Knaresbrough, 13 from York.—Pop. 293. The Church, peculiar,

is a vicarage, dedicated to the Holy Trinity, in the deanry of Boroughbridge, value, 3*l.* 8*s.* 4*d.* p. r. 96*l.* Patron, the Precentor of York.

OUSEFLEET, in the parish of Whitgift, wapentake of Osgoldcross; 7 miles from Howden and Crowle, (*Linc.*) 14 from Snaith.—Pop. 253.

OUSEFLEET-GRANGE, *f. h.* in the township of Ousefleet, and parish of Whitgift; 7 miles from Howden and Crowle, (*Linc.*)

OUSE-HEAD, (*Obelisk*) in the parish of Great-Ouseburn; 3 $\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Boroughbridge, 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ from Knaresbrough.

Here stands a neat little pillar, which marks the head of the River Ouse. This celebrated head, whose waters would scarcely wet your shoe-soles, is a burlesque upon two noble rivers, the Ure and the Swale, by depriving them of their names, and usurping a dignity in favour of a dirty puddle.—HUTTON.

OUSLETHWAITE, (*the seat of William Elmhirst, Esq.*) in the township of Worsbrough, and parish of Darfield; 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Barnsley.

OVENDEN, in the parish of Halifax, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley. liberty of Wakefield; 1 $\frac{1}{4}$ mile from Halifax, 10 $\frac{1}{4}$ from Keighley.—Pop. 6,360.

One Anthony Bentley of Ovenden, Gent. paid in 1630, ten pounds composition money, for not receiving the order of Knighthood at the coronation of Charles I.—WATSON.

OWLCOATS, *ham.* in the township of Pudsey, and parish of Calverley; 3 miles from Bradford, 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ from Leeds.

OWLERTON, in the township of Nether-Hallam, and parish of Sheffield; 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Sheffield

OWLSHAW, *s. h.* in the township of Gisburn-Forest; 4 miles from Settle, 16 from Skipton.

OWRAM, NORTH.—*See Northowram.*

OWRAM, SOUTH.—*See Southowram.*

OWSTON, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Osgoldcross, liberty of Pontefract, (*Owston-Hall, the seat of Phillip Davis Cook, Esq.*) 6 miles from Doncaster, 10 from Pontefract, 31 from York.—Pop. 306. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, 47*l.* 0*s.* 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ *d.* p. r. 100*l.* Patron, Phillip Davis Cook, Esq.

OXNOP-FAR, and NEAR. 2 *h.* in the township of Thornton, and parish of Bradford; 5 miles from Keighley, 8 from Halifax.

OXSPRING, in the parish of Penistone, wapentake of Staincross, liberty of Pontefract; 2 miles from Penistone, 6 from Barnsley, 12 from Sheffield.—Pop. 247.

OXTON, (*Ainsty*) in the parish of Tadcaster; (*the seat of John William Clough, Esq.*) 1 mile from Tadcaster, 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ from York.—Pop. 66.

P

PACEGATE, *f. h.* in the township of Beamsley, and parish of Skipton; 9 miles from Skipton.

PADDOCK, and ? in the township and parish of Huddersfield,

PADDOCK-FOOT, § Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley; 1

mile from Huddersfield, $8\frac{1}{2}$ from Halifax.

PADSIDE, in the township of Hampsthwaite-with-Padside, and parish of Hampsthwaite, lower-division of Claro; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Pateleybridge, $6\frac{1}{2}$ from Ripley.—Pop. included in Hampsthwaite.

PAGE-FOLD, *s. h.* in the township of Bashalleaves, and parish of Mitton; 4 miles from Clitheroe, (*Lanc.*)

PAGE-HALL, (*the seat of George Bustard Greaves, Esq.*) in the township and parish of Ecclesfield, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; 3 miles from Sheffield, $4\frac{1}{2}$ from Rotherham.

PAINSLEY, *f. h.* in the township of Horton, and parish of Gisburn, liberty of Staincliffe; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Gisburn.

PAINTHORPE, in the parish of Sandal-Magna, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; (*Painthorpe-House, the seat of William Brown, Esq.*) 4 miles from Wakefield.

PANNALL, a parish-town, in the lower-division of Claro; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Harrogate, $5\frac{1}{2}$ from Knaresbrough, 6 from Ripley, 8 from Otley, $23\frac{1}{2}$ from York.—Pop. 1,314. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Robert, Knaresbrough, in the deanry of the Ainsty, value, $\pounds 5l. 5s.$ Patron, the Rev. R. B. Hunter.

The first Minister that occurs, is John Brown, one of the brethren of the house of St. Robert, Knaresbrough, 1348: and in the following year, the church was given, by the Earl of Cornwall, to the brethren of the said Priory.

Pannall was anciently called *Rosehurst*, by contraction, *Rossett*.—*History of Knaresbrough.*

PARADISE, *f. h.* in the township of Horton, and parish of Gisburn; 9 miles from Settle, 11 from Skipton.

PARK-GATE, *ham.* in the township and parish of Almondbury; 2 miles from Huddersfield.

PARK-GATE, *s. h.* in the township of Kimberworth, and parish of Rotherham; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Rotherham.

PARK-GATE HALL, *s. h.* in the township and parish of Guiseley; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Otley, 10 from Leeds.

PARK-GATE, and **PARK-HOUSE**, 2 or 3 *h.* in the township and parish of Emley; 8 miles from Huddersfield and Wakefield.

PARK-GRANGE, (*the seat of Samuel Roberts, Esq.*) in the township and parish of Sheffield; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Sheffield.

PARK-HILL, (*the seat of A. B. St. Ledger, Esq.*) in the township and parish of Firbeck, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; 4 miles from Tickhill, 6 from Worksop, (*Notts.*)

PARK-LANE, *ham.* in the township and parish of Hatfield; (*the seat of William Pilkington, Esq.*) $5\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Doncaster.

PARK-LODGE, (*the seat of William Hepworth, Esq.*) in the township of Idle, and parish of Calverley; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Bradford.

PARLINGTON, a township, in the parish of Abberford, lower-division of Skyrack, liberty of Pontefract; (*the seat of Richard Oliver Gascoigne, Esq.*) 1 mile from Abberford.—Pop. 226.

This has long been a seat of a branch of the ancient family of Gascoignes of Gawthorpe, the baronetage of which became extinct, on the death of the late Sir Thomas Gascoigne, when Richard Oliver Esq. of Parlington, succeeded him in his estates, and in compliance with his will, assumed the name of Gascoigne. A pedigree of the Gascoignes is given in *Thoresby's Leodiensis*.

PATELEYBRIDGE, in the township of High and Low-Bishopside, and parish of Ripon, lower-division of Claro, liberty of Ripon; 9 miles from Ripley, 10 from Grassington, 11 from Ripon, 14 from Knaresbrough and Harrogate, 15 from Skipton, Masham, and Otley, 16 from Kettlewell, 32 from York, 224 from London.—*Market*, Saturday.—*Fairs*, Easter and Whitsun-Eve; May 11; September 17, (if on a Saturday,) if not, on the first Saturday after; Monday after October 10; and Christmas-Eve; for cattle, wool-len cloth, pedlary-ware, &c.—*Principal Inns*, the Crown, and George.—Pop. included in High and Low Bishopside. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Ripon, value. p. r. †87*l.* 11*s.* 4*d.* Patrons, the Dean and Chapter of Ripon.

This is a small market-town, situated upon the banks of the river Nidd, and may be considered as the capital of Nidderdale. It derives considerable wealth from the lead-mines on the opposite side of the river, at Greenhow-Hill, &c. A little above the town, there is a lead-mill, where the manufacture of sheet-lead, and lead-pipes is carried on to a great extent. The market was granted to the Archbishop of York, in the 18th Edward II. when the King was at York. The town, consisting of one street, is tolerably well-built.

PAW-HILL, or **WELL**, *f. h.* in the township of Langsett, and parish of Penistone, liberty of Pontefract; 3 miles from Penistone.

PALEY-GREEN, **HIGH** and **LOW**, *2 f. h.* in the township and parish of Giggleswick, liberty of Staincliffe; 2 miles from Settle.

PAYTHORNE, in the parish of Gisburn, west-division and liberty of Staincliffe, 9 miles from Settle, 11 from Skipton and Colne, (*Lanc.*)—Pop. 242.

PECKFIELD-HOUSE, *s. h.* in the township and parish of Garforth; 4 miles from Abberford, 7 from Pontefract. It is on the edge of the Roman Road, from Castleford to Abberford.

PENISTONE, a market and parish-town, in the wapentake of Staincross, liberty of Pontefract; 8 miles from Barnsley, 12 $\frac{3}{4}$ from Huddersfield, 13 $\frac{1}{4}$ from Sheffield, 14 from Wakefield, 15 from Rotherham, 26 from Stockport, (*Chesh.*) 45 from York, 176 from London.—*Market*, Thursday.—*Fairs*, last Thursday in February; last Thursday in March; first Thursday in May; and Thursday after old Michaelmas-day, for horses and horned cattle.—*Principal Inn*, Rose and Crown.—Pop. 645. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. John the Baptist, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, †16*l.* 14*s.* 2*d.* p. r. †46*l.* 18*s.* 4*d.* Patron, the Right Hon. Major General Godfrey Bosville.

This is a small market-town, little superior to a village, as the population will evince. It is chiefly noted for the number of moor sheep sold at its markets and fairs.

Here, is a Free Grammar-School, endowed with 100*l.* per annum,—and also the interest of 200*l.* for the education of *eight* poor girls.

PENNIGENT-HILL, in the parish of Horton, wapentake of Eweross; 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Settle.

This is a towering mountain, whose height Mr Jeffries found to be 3,220 feet above the level of the sea. On the base of this mountain are two awl-

orifices, called *Hulpit* and *Huntpit-Holes*: the former looks like the ruins of an enormous Castle, with the walls standing and the roof fallen in; the latter resembles a deep tunnel, dangerous to approach. Horton-Beck runs through one of these pits, and Bransil-Beck through the other; each of these brooks passes under-ground for about a mile: Horton-Beck emerging again at Dowgill-Scar, and Bransil-Beck at Bransil-Head; but, what is more extraordinary, these subterraneous brooks cross each other in the bowels of the earth, without mixing their waters; the bed of the one being one stratum above the other, which circumstance was discovered by the muddy water, after a sheep washing, going down the one passage, and the husks of oats down the other. On the west side of the base of this mountain, are the remains of many ancient places of interment, called *Giants' Graves*; some of which have been opened, and found to contain skeletons, bedded in peat earth, none of which appeared to be larger than the ordinary size.—*Tour to the Caves.*

PHILADELPHIA, in the township of Nether-Hallam, and parish of Sheffield; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Sheffield. Near this place are the Horse Barracks, built in 1794.

PIGBURN, in the township and parish of Brodsworth, lower-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberty of Tickhill; 4 miles from Doncaster, 11 from Barnsley.

PILLEY, in the township and parish of Tankersley, wapentake of Staincross, liberty of Pontefract; 4 miles from Barnsley, 7 from Penistone and Rotherham.

PISSMIRE-HILL, *ham.* in the township and parish of Dewsbury; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Dewsbury.

PITTS-MOOR, in the township of Brightside-Bierlow, and parish of Sheffield, which it adjoins on the north.

PLEDWICK, *s. h.* in the township and parish of Sandal-Magna, liberty of Wakefield; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Wakefield.

PLUMPTON, in the parish of Spofforth, upper-division of Claro; 3 miles from Knaresbrough. 4 from Wetherby.—Pop. 208.

This was formerly the seat of the ancient family of Plumpton, who held it of the Percies as "*Mesne Lords*;" and which lands they have held ever since the 20th of William the Conqueror, in one regular and uninterrupted course of descent, in the male-line, till it at last ended in Robert Plumpton, Esq. who died in France, about the year 1749, from whom the estate went to his aunt, Anne, who sold it to the late Daniel Lascelles, Esq.

The pleasure grounds comprise about twenty-three acres, are laid out with much taste, and diversified with large rocks, flowers, shrubs, and evergreens, and at the foot of the rocks is a beautiful Lake, covering about seven acres of ground. There is one rock, surrounded with water of immense magnitude, and of the same grit as the Devil's Arrows at Boroughbridge; it is about fifty feet in length, and near the water's edge, without a joint. The singularity and beauty of the situation of these grounds, cause numbers of people to resort here during the summer months, which are always open for public inspection on Tuesdays, and occasionally on Fridays.

POG-MOOR, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Silkston; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Barnsley, $6\frac{1}{2}$ from Penistone.

POLLINGTON, in the parish of Snaith, wapentake of Osgoldcross, liberty of Cowick and Snaith; 2 miles from Snaith, 7 from Thorne, $8\frac{1}{2}$ from Ferrybridge.—Pop. 483.

The Manor of this place is copyhold, and the custom is there, that if a copyholder dies seized of lands, having no issue male; but daughters, and does not surrender to them in his life-time, the same shall escheat to the Lord of the said Manor, and the daughters shall not inherit. Sir Henry Saville, of Methley,

Bart. purchased this Manor of Sir Thomas Metham, Knight; and John Saville, Esq. of Methley aforesaid, now enjoys the same, 1574.—*Blount's Ancient Tenures*
POND, *f. h.* in the township of Hunshell, and parish of Penistone; 2 miles from Penistone.

PONTEFRACT, a market and parish-town, in the wapentake of Osgoldcross, liberty of Pontefract: 2 miles from Ferrybridge, 11 from Abberford, 9 from Wakefield, 13 from Leeds, 11 from Snaith, Barnsley, and Selby. 15 from Doncaster and Tadcaster, 17 from Wetherby, 20 from Rotherham and Thorne, 24 from York, 177 from London.—*Market*, Saturday.—*Fairs*, first Saturday after January 13; first Saturday before February 2; first Saturday after February 13; Saturday before Palm-Sunday, Low-Sunday, and Trinity-Sunday; Saturday after September 12; and the first Saturday in December, for horses, horned cattle, and sheep: the Fortnight Fairs are on Saturday next after the York Fortnight Fairs.—*Bankers*, Messrs. Leathams, Tew, Trueman, and Co. draw on Messrs. Dennison and Co. 106, Fenchurch-Street; Messrs. Perfect, Hardcastle, and Co. draw on Sir J. W. Lubbock, Bart. and Co. 11, Mansion-House Street.—*Principal Inns*, Star, Red Lion, and New Elephant.—*Pop.* 4,447. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Pontefract, value, $\pm 13l. 6s. 8d.$ Patron, the King.

The situation of this place is extremely pleasant, as the town, crowning a fine eminence, is approached on all sides by a considerable ascent. The houses are handsome, the streets open, spacious, and clean, and the country about it adorned with many elegant Mansions.

According to Leland and Drake, this place rose out of the ruins of Legeoleum, which, in Saxon times, was called *Kirkby*, but changed by the Normans to Pontefract, from a broken bridge that was here.

Here Ilbert de Lacy, in the time of the Conqueror, built a very strong Castle: which devolved, by marriage, to Thomas, Earl of Lancaster, one of the chief opponents of Gaveston, who, being taken in arms against Edward II. was condemned in his own Castle, and beheaded near this place. Here, Richard II. was confined a close prisoner by order of Henry IV. who, "by indirect and crooked paths, had met the crown," and therefore wished for the death of Richard; and one of those assassins, to be found in every corrupt court, ready to commit the most horrid crimes for reward, came to the place of this unfortunate monarch's confinement, and with eight of his followers, rushed into his apartment. The King, concluding their design was to take away his life, resolved not to fall unrevenge'd, but to sell it as dear as he could; wherefore, wresting a pole-axe from one of the murderers, he soon laid four of their number dead at his feet. But he was at length over-powered, and struck dead with a blow of a pole-axe. Froissard, who had been secretary to his grandfather, says that he died in the tower, and that his body was placed on a litter, his head on a black cushion, and his face uncovered and carried through Cheapside, where the procession halted two hours. In the year 1417, the Duke of Orleans was a prisoner in this Castle, by order of Henry V; and, in the year 1461, the innocent Anthony, Earl of Rivers, Richard Lord Grey, Sir Thomas Vaughan, and Sir Richard Hawse, were all murdered here, by the tyrannic order of Richard III. In the civil wars of Charles I. this Castle several times changed its masters; but, the last and most remarkable siege was in the year 1647, when it surrendered to General Lambert; and, in 1649, was, by a resolution of Parliament, ordered to be dismantled: all the ammunition being first removed, conveyed to York, and lodged in Clifford's-Tower, a great number of people were employed, with pick-axes, iron-crows, spades, and shovels, to demolish this noble

fortress, which they fully accomplished in about ten weeks: the charge for which amounted to the sum of 777*l.* 4*s.* 6*d.* an enormous sum in those days.

O Pomfret, Pomfret, O thou bloody prison!

Fatal and ominous to noble Peers!

Within the guilty closure of thy walls,

Richard the second here was hack'd to death.

Shakspeare's Richard III.

Some fragments of mouldering ruins mark the place where this strong Castle stood, which serve to shew the infelicity of former times, when domestic broils convulsed and desolated the land.

The Church of All-Saints was formerly the parish-church, but at what time built, or by whom, is not known. There appears to have been a Church here at the time of the survey, but Mr Boothroyd, the historian of Pontefract, observes, this Church cannot be referred to a period so remote: the erection of this structure, from the style of its architecture, may, with greater probability, be referred to the time of Henry III. It was so much damaged during the siege of the Castle, that the inhabitants have ever since assembled for the celebration of divine service in the Chapel of St Giles, now the parish-church.

Here was a Benedictine Priory, founded by Robert de Lacy, in 1090, dedicated to St. John; a house of Dominicans, or preaching Friars; a house of Carmelites, or white Friars, built by Edmund de Lacy; a house of Austin Friars, and several Hospitals.

This borough was incorporated by Richard III.; and sends two Members to Parliament; the right of Election is in the inhabitant house-holders, of which there are about 700.

The town is governed by a Mayor, Recorder, twelve Aldermen, with a Common Council, consisting of twenty-four Burgesses.

Pontefract has been long celebrated for its gardens and nurseries, and the finest liquorice in the kingdom, for which it is thus noticed by Drunken Barnaby

Veni Pomfret, ubi miram
Arcem, Anglis regibus diram;
Laseris ortu celebrandam,
Variis gestis memorandam:
Nec in Pomfret repens certior,
Quam pauperculus inertior.

Lun, the author of the Newcastle Rider, and some other poems, was a native of this place. Though bred to the humble profession of a barber, and without the advantage of a literary education, some of his pieces, for keenness of satire, and justness of sentiment, would not disgrace the pen of Churchill.

John Bramhall, Archbishop of Armagh, in 17th century, was born at Pontefract. He had the living of (rectory) St. Martin's, Micklegate, York. In 1623, he had two public disputations at Northallerton, with a secular priest and a Jesuit, which gained him great reputation.—*Magna Brit.*

PONTEFRACT-PARK, a township. (extraparochial) in the wapentake of Osgoldcross, liberty of Pontefract; 1½ mile from Pontefract.—Pop. 47.

POOL, in the parish of Otley, upper-division of Skyrack, liberty of Cawood, Wistow, and Otley; 3 miles from Otley, 5 from Harewood, 10 from Leeds and Bradford, 11 from Ripley.—Pop. 291. The Church is a perpetual curacy, value, p. r. †71*l.* 17*s.* Patron, the Vicar of Otley.

POOLE, in the township of Byram-with-Poole, and parish of Brotherton, wapentake of Barkston-Ash, liberties of St. Peter and Pontefract; 3 miles from Ferrybridge, 5 from Pontefract.—Pop. included in Byram.

POPPLETON, UPPER, or LAND, (Ainsty) in the parish of

Bishop-Hill, Jun. York, liberty of St. Peter; 4 miles from York, 12 from Wetherby and Easingwold.—Pop. 346. The Church is a curacy, of which the Archbishop of York is Patron.

The lands here formerly belonged to the Abbot of St. Mary's, York; given by Osbern de Archis to this Abbey, almost at its first institution. At South or Land Poppleton, the Church or Prebend of York, had seven carucates of land; and the Abbot of St. Mary's two carucates and a half.

Sir Thomas Widdrington writes that there was a Mayor of York, killed at Poppleton in the reign of King Richard II. as he conjectured, in some controversy betwixt the Abbot and citizens,—DRAKE.

POPPLETON, NETHER, or WATER, (Ainsty) a parish-town; 4 miles from York, 11 from Easingwold, 13 from Wetherby, 14 from Boroughbridge.—Pop. 254. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of the Ainsty, value, p. r. 74*l*. Patron, the Dean and Chapter of York.

PORTO BELLO, in the township and parish of Sheffield, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; $\frac{1}{2}$ a mile from Sheffield, 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ from Rotherham.

POTTER-NEWTON, in the parish of Leeds, lower-division of Skyrack, liberty of Pontefract; 2 miles from Leeds, 6 from Harewood, 9 from Otley.

Potter-Newton, which, Dr. Whitaker says, with Chapel Allerton and Gledhow, constitutes the most beautiful portion of the parish of Leeds, was anciently a seat of the Mauleverers, who came over with the Conqueror, and which family was seated here at least eight generations.—THORESBY.

POTTERTON, *ham.* in the township and parish of Barwick-in-Elmet, liberty of Pontefract; (*Potterton-Lodge, the seat of Edward Wilkinson, Esq.*) 6 miles from Wetherby, 7 from Tadcaster.

POTGATE-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township of North-Stainley-with-Slemmingford, and parish of Ripon; 4 miles from Ripon.

PRESTON, GREAT, in the parish of Kippax, lower-division of Skyrack, liberty of Pontefract; 7 miles from Pontefract, 8 from Wakefield and Leeds.—Pop. 478.

PRESTON, LITTLE, in the township of Great-Preston, and parish of Kippax, lower-division of Skyrack, liberty of Pontefract; 7 miles from Leeds, 8 from Pontefract and Wakefield.

PRESTON, LONG.—*See Long-Preston.*

PRIESTHORPE, *ham.* in the township of Calverley-with-Farsley, and parish of Calverley; 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Bradford.

PRIESTHORPE, *ham.* in the township and parish of Bingley; 6 miles from Keighley and Bradford.

PROVIDENCE-GREEN, *s. h.* in the township of Green-Hammer-ton, and parish of Whixley; 7 miles from Knaresbrough.

PUDDING-HOLE, *f. h.* in the township of Fountains-Earth, and parish of Kirkbymalzeard; 9 miles from Pateleybridge.

PUDSEY, in the parish of Calverley, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; 4 miles from Bradford, 6 from Leeds.—Pop. 6,229. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Lawrence, value, *109*l*. 15*s*. Patron, the Vicar of Calverley.

This is a populous village, inhabited by persons connected with the woollen-manufactory, which may in fact be considered as three villages, under the names

of High, Low, and Chapel-Pudsey, being nearly a quarter of a mile distant from each other.

PURSTON-JACKLING, in the parish of Featherstone, wapentake of Osgoldcross, liberty of Pontefract; $2\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Pontefract, 7 from Wakefield, 11 from Barnsley.—Pop. 241.

PURLWELL-HALL, (*the seat of Mrs Taylor*) in the township and parish of Batley; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Dewsbury, 6 from Wakefield.

PYE-NEST, (*the seat of Henry Lees Edwards, Esq.*) in the township of Skircoat, and parish of Halifax, liberty of Wakefield; 2 miles from Halifax.

Q

QUARMBY, in the parish of Huddersfield, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; 2 miles from Huddersfield, 8 from Halifax.—Pop. including Lindley, 2,040, which being united, form a township.

Quarmby, anciently the seat of a family of that name. In the reign of King Edward III. 1341, Sir John Elland, being High-Sheriff of Yorkshire, a quarrel took place between him and three neighbouring gentlemen—John de Lockwood, Sir Robert Beaumont, and Sir Hugh Quarmby; what occasioned the dispute does not appear, but it arose to such a dreadful height, as to cause the death of all the three, who were murdered in one night, by the Sheriff and his men: a circumstance that strongly marks the ferocious manners of the times.—WATSON.

The fate of Sir Hugh Quarmby is thus related by a poet of those days :—

“ He rais’d the country round about,
His friends and tenants all,
And for his purpose picked out
Stout sturdy men, and tall :
To Quarmby-Hall they came by night,
And there the Lord they slew ;
At that time Hugh of Quarmby hight,
Before the country knew.”

QUARRY-HILL, *ham.* in the township and parish of Mirfield; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Dewsbury, $5\frac{1}{2}$ from Huddersfield.

QUARRY-HILL, *ham.* in the township and parish of Almondbury; 2 miles from Huddersfield.

QUARRY-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township of Northowram, and parish of Halifax; 2 miles from Halifax.

QUEEN’S HEAD, *ham.* in the township of Northowram, and parish of Halifax; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Halifax, $5\frac{1}{2}$ from Bradford.

QUICK, in the parish of Rochdale, (*Lanc.*) Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; 9 miles from Rochdale, (*Lanc.*) 11 from Manchester, (*ditto*) 15 from Huddersfield.—Pop. 13,902.

Quick is a township, comprehending the whole district of Saddlesworth,—for particulars, *see Saddlesworth.*

R

RAISGILL, *2 f. h.* in the township of Buckden, and parish of Arnecliffe, liberty of Staincliffe; 6 miles from Kettlewell.

RAINBROW-PARK, *f. h.* in the township of Brampton-Bierlow,

and parish of Wath-upon-Dearn ; 5 miles from Rotherham, 7 from Barnsley. This old Mansion was formerly a seat of the Fitzwilliams. **RAKES**, or **WREAKS**, *ham.* in the township of Birstwith, and parish of Hampsthwaite ; 3½ miles from Ripley. 8½ from Knaresbrough.

Mrs. Alice Shepherd, by Will, dated June 14, 1806, directed that 1000*l.* stock, navy five per cent. be transferred, after her death, to Trustees therein named, the interest of which to be paid to the minister and churchwardens of Pateleybridge, for the purpose of educating and clothing twenty poor children of the chapelry of Pateleybridge, by the master of *Raken School*. Dr. William Craven, by Indenture, dated August 24, 1812, gave 800*l.* navy five per cent. stock to the same, for the like purpose, and repairing the school.—A new School-House was built in 1816, for which purpose, the Archbishop of York granted a piece of ground upon the waste. The master's salary, who also teaches a Sunday-School, is twenty-eight guineas, and about thirty guineas is expended in clothing.—*Commis. Report.*

RAMSGILL, in the township of Lower-Stonebeck, and parish of Kirkbymalzeard, lower-division of Claro ; 5 miles from Pateleybridge, 10 from Masham, 12 from Ripon.

Here was born, in 1704, Eugene Aram, who was tried and convicted at York, in 1759, for the murder of Daniel Clarke. On his trial he delivered a written defence, so admirable for its ingenuity, and so replete with erudition and antiquarian knowledge, that it astonished the whole court. Though he derived but little advantage from education, yet from the acuteness of his understanding, and his intensely studious disposition, he had acquired considerable knowledge of the Latin, Greek, Hebrew, Celtic and other languages, and had, besides, made great progress in the higher branches of Mathematics, Heraldry, Antiquities, &c.

RAMSGILL, 2 *f. h.* in the township and parish of Ilkley, upper-division of Skyrack ; 5 miles from Otley, 7 from Bingley.

RAND-MOOR, or **STOCKWELL-GREEN**, *ham.* in the township of Upper-Hallam, and parish of Sheffield ; 3 miles from Sheffield.

RASTRICK, in the parish of Halifax, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield ; 4 miles from Halifax, 5 from Huddersfield.—Pop. 2,796. The Church is a perpetual curacy, value, *118*l.* 7*s.* Patron, the Vicar.

Here was a Chapel, as early as 1411, which was taken down and handsomely re-built, about six and thirty years ago.—**WHITAKER.**

By an inquest, taken in 1284, it appears that the village of Rastrick was rated at *thirteen shillings*, and contained only six freemen ; the rest were, according to that inquest, "*Nativi tenentes villains, or bondsmen*;" such as were at the arbitrary pleasure of the Lord, both in their persons, children, and goods.—**WATSON.**

RATHMELL, in the parish of Giggleswick, west-division and liberty of Staincliffe ; 3½ miles from Settle, 15 from Skipton, 16 from Colne. (*Lanc.*)—Pop. 328.

RAWSTONSTALL, in the township of Stansfield, and parish of Halifax, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield ; 9 miles from Halifax and Rochdale, (*Lanc.*)

RAVENFIELD, a parish-town, in the upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill ; (*the Hall, the seat of the Rev. William Hedges*) 4 miles from Rotherham, 8 from Tickhill, 9 from Doncaster, 45 from York.—Pop. 187. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. James, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, †117*l.* Patron, the Archdeacon of York.—It was formerly a Chapel to Mexbrough.

RAVENTOFTS-HALL, *f. h.* in the township of Bishop-Thornton, and parish of Ripon; 4 miles from Ripley, 6 from Ripon.

RAVENS' KNOWLES, *f. h.* in the township of Dalton, and parish of Kirkheaton; 1 mile from Huddersfield.

RAW, in the parish of Horton, wapentake of Ewcross; 6½ miles from Settle, 15½ from Kirby-Lonsdale, (*Westm.*)

RAWCLIFFE, in the parish of Snaith, wapentake of Osgoldcross, liberty and bailiwick of Cowick and Snaith; (*the seat of Ralph Creyke, Esq.*) 3 miles from Snaith, 7 from Howden and Thorne.—Pop. 1,496. Here is a Chapel of Ease to Snaith, dedicated to St. James.

RAWCLIFFE-BRIDGE, *ham.* in the township of Rawcliffe, and parish of Snaith, liberty of Pontefract; 4½ miles from Snaith.

RAWDEN, in the parish of Guiseley, upper-division of Skyrack; 5 miles from Otley and Bradford, 7 from Leeds.—Pop. 1,759. The Church is a perpetual curacy, value, p. r. *109*l.*

This was the ancient seat of the noble family of Rawden, Earls of Moira. Paulinus de Rawden commanded a body of archers, under William the Conqueror, and had this estate, amongst others, granted to him for his services. In Rawden-Hall, are several vestiges, that have a peculiar air of antiquity, which bespeak the dignity and wealth of its ancient owners. Of this family, was Sir George Rawden, who, with 200 Englishmen, repulsed Sir Philem O'Neal, and 2,000 Irish, in 1641, at Lisburne, in Ireland, where they had massacred 40,000 Protestants.—CAMDEN.—THORESBY.

RAWMARSH, a parish-town, in the upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; 2 miles from Rotherham, 8 from Sheffield, 10 from Barnsley, 46 from York.—Pop. 1,259. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Lawrence, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, 8*l.* 7*s.* 3½*d.* Patron, the Lord Chancellor.

Here is a small Charity School, founded early in 1600, by one Thomas Wilson, and Edward Goodwin.

RAWTHORPE-HALL, in the township of Dalton, and parish of Kirkheaton; 1½ mile from Huddersfield. An old Mansion, divided into dwellings.

RED-HALL, *f. h.* in the township of Shadwell, and parishes of Thorner and Barwick-in-Elmet; 5 miles from Leeds.

RED-HOUSE, *s. h.* (Ainsty) in the township and parish of Moor-Monkton; 8 miles from York, 11 from Boroughbridge.

Red-House, situated upon the river Ouse, is an ancient seat of the honourable family of Slingsby. The house was built by Sir Henry Slingsby, in the reign of Charles I. except the Chapel, built by his father. About the year 1562, Francis Slingsby, Esq. purchased Red-House, and Scagglethorpe of Robert Oughtre, Esq. whose ancestors had resided here from the time of Edward III. the site of whose Mansion is at a small distance from the west front of the present edifice. Upon the south front of Red-House, is inscribed:

PRO TERMINO VITÆ,
SIC NOS NON NOBIS.

On the west front:

PAULISPER ET RELUCEBIS:
ET IPSE, M. R. 29, 1652.

This old Mansion is going to decay, yet there are apartments in this house, such as the Star Chamber, Chapel, the Servants' Hall, and the Staircase, still retaining some of its grandeur, which cannot but be interesting to the curious.

The Staircase is thus described by Sir Henry Slingsby himself in his memoirs : " The staircase is above five feet, within the rails, in width : the posts, eight inches square ; upon every post a crest is set, of some one of my especial friends ; and my brothers-in-law ; and, upon that post that bears up the half-pace, that leads into the painted chamber, there sits a blackamoor, (cast in lead, by *Andrew Karne*,) with a candlestick in each hand to set a candle in, to give light to the staircase." These crests and other interesting particulars will be found fully described in the History of Knaresbrough.

From the terrace is a fine view of York, its Cathedral, and neighbourhood ; and through the avenues of the Park ; Beningbrough and Allerton Parks.

RED-HOUSE, *p. h.* in the township and parish of Adwicke-in-the-Street ; 5 miles from Doncaster, 10 from Pontefract.

RED-MIRES, *2 f. h.* in the township of Grantley, and parish of Kirkbymalzeard ; 5 miles from Ripon.

REEDHOLME, *s. h.* in the township of Thorpe-in-Balne, and parish of Barnby-Don ; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Doncaster.

REEDNESS, in the parish of Whitgift, wapentake of Osgoldcross ; liberty of Pontefract ; $6\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Howden, $7\frac{1}{2}$ from Crowle ; (*Linc.*)—Pop. 683.

REGILL-HOUSES, *2 f. h.* in the township of Lower-Stonebeck, and parish of Kirkbymalzeard ; 5 miles from Pateleybridge.

RENHOLE, *s. h.* in the township of Long-Drax, and parish of Drax ; 4 miles from Snaith.

RAYNAH, or **RANAH**, *f. h.* in the township of Thurlston, and parish of Penistone ; 3 miles from Penistone.

RIBSTONE, GREAT, in the parish of Hunsingore, upper-division of Claro : (*Ribstone-Hall, the seat of Sir Henry Goodricke, Bart.*) 3 miles from Knaresbrough, 4 from Wetherby.—Pop. including Walshford, 155, which being united, form a township :

After the conquest the manor of Ribstone was in the possession of William de Percy, and Ralph Pagnel. Robert Lord Ross became possessed of it in the reign of Henry III. and in 1224, he settled this estate upon the Knights Templars, where they had a preceptory, and which they enjoyed till the dissolution of their order ; when it was granted to the renowned Charles Brandon, Duke of Suffolk ; of whom it was purchased by Henry Goodricke, Esq. in 1542 : and here this ancient family, which previously flourished for several generations at Nortingley, in Somersetshire, have been settled ever since.—The present Baronet is the seventh : Sir Henry Goodricke, Knight, who took arms in the cause of Charles I. being the first Baronet, created August 14, 1641.

Ribstone-Hall is situated upon an eminence, almost encompassed by the River Nidd, and commanding an extensive and beautiful prospect. The house is well finished, convenient, and elegant. In the Drawing Room are several good family Portraits ; and in the Saloon is a number of excellent Pictures, copied by eminent artists, from the best originals in the churches, chapels, and palaces of Rome. In the Chapel are some monuments in memory of the Goodricke family ; and in the chapel-yard is that sepulchral monument of the standard bearer to the ninth Roman Legion, which was dug up in Trinity-Gardens, near Micklegate, in York, in the year 1688 ; and is described by Drake in his *Eboracum*.

Ribstone is remarkable for being the place where that delicious apple, called the "*Ribstone Pippin*," was first cultivated in this kingdom.—The original tree was raised from a pippin, brought from France ; from which tree, such numbers have been propagated, that they are now to be met with in almost every orchard in this, and many other counties.—*Hist. Knaresbrough.*

RIBSTONE, LITTLE, in the parish of Spofforth, upper-division

of Claro; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Knaresbrough, $3\frac{3}{4}$ from Wetherby.—Pop. 195.

RICHMOND, *ham.* in the township and parish of Handsworth; 4 miles from Sheffield, 5 from Rotherham.

RIDDLESDEN, **EAST** and **WEST**, 2 *h.* in the township of East-Morton, and parish of Bingley, upper-division of Skyrack, liberty of Clifford's-fee; (*Riddlesden-Hall, the seat of Thomas Leach, Esq.*) 2 miles from Keighley, 12 from Otley.

RIDGE-CROSS, *f. h.* in the township of Wadsworth, and parish of Halifax, liberty of Wakefield; 9 miles from Colne, (*Lanc.*)

RIGGE, and **RIGGE-COTE**, 2 *ham.* in the township of Armley, and parish of Leeds; 3 miles from Leeds, 9 from Bradford.

RIGTON, in the parish of Kirkby-Overblow, upper-division of Claro; $6\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Otley, 8 from Knaresbrough.—Pop. 429.

Near to Rigton, on a high hill, is that group of rocks, called "*Alnias Cliff*," i. e. *Altar Cliff*. At a distance they appear like a stupendous fabric, tumbled into ruins. On the summit of this enormous pile, are several basins, hollowed in the stone; one of which is fourteen inches deep, and two feet four inches in diameter.—*Hist. Knaresbrough.*

RIGTON, in the township of Rigton-with-Bardsey, and parish of Bardsey, lower-division of Skyrack; 4 miles from Wetherby, 5 from Harewood, 8 from Leeds.—Pop. included in Bardsey.

RILSTON, in the parish of Burnsall, east-division of Staincliffe, liberty of Clifford's-fee; (*the seat of Richard Waddilove, Esq.*) 4 miles from Gargrave, 5 from Skipton, 10 from Kettlewell, 14 from Settle.—Pop. 145. Here is a Chapel of Ease to Burnsall, dedicated to Saint Peter.

Rilston, or Rilliston, gave name and habitation to a family, perhaps of the first antiquity of Craven; as there is reason to suppose that William de Risletona, who occurs in the first charters of Cecelia de Romille, was the William, son of Clarenbald, mentioned in the black book of the exchequer, and undoubtedly a Saxon. The manor continued in the hands of the Rilstones, till Isabella, daughter and heiress of John Rillestone, married Miles, son of Walkin Radcliffe of Todmorden, a descendant of whom married John Norton, father of Richard Norton, who was attainted for high treason. Among the old tenants on this estate, mention is made of one "Richard Kitchen, butler to Mr Norton, who rose in rebellion with his master, and was executed at Ripon."

Mr Wordsworth lately published a poem, entitled "*The White Doe of Rilston*." It relates to a white Doe, which tradition says, for a long time "made a weekly pilgrimage from hence, over the fells of Bolton, and was constantly found in the Abbey church-yard, during divine service; after which she returned home as regularly as the rest of the congregation."

RIMINGTON, in the parish of Gisburn, west-division and liberty of Staincliffe; 3 miles from Gisburn, 5 from Clitheroe, (*Lanc.*) 10 from Colne, (*ditto*) 12 from Skipton.—Pop. 693.

This Mansion has long been remarkable for a rich vein of Lead-Ore, which yielded a considerable proportion of Silver; and it is not more than fifty years since a person was convicted and executed at York, for counterfeiting the silver-coin, in metal supposed to be procured from the Lead of Rimington. William Pudsey, Esq. who held the estate from 1577 to 1629, is reported in the traditions of the neighbourhood, nearly to have forfeited his life for coining shillings from Silver-Ore, obtained here. They were marked with an escalop, which the country people called Pudsey shillings.—*WRIGHTMAN.*

RING-BECK, *ham.* in the township and parish of Kirkbymalzeard; 6 miles from Masham, 8 from Ripon.

RINGSTON-HILL, *f. h.* in the township of Brierley, and parish of Felkirk; $5\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Barnsley.

RIPLEY, a market and parish-town, in the upper-division of Claro; (*Ripley-Castle, the seat of Sir William Amcotts Ingilby, Bart.*) $3\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Harrogate, 5 from Knaresbrough, $7\frac{1}{4}$ from Ripon, 9 from Pateleybridge, 12 from Otley, 23 from York, 205 from London.—*Market, Monday.*—*Fairs, Easter-Monday*, for horned cattle and sheep; August 25, for sheep, and 26 for horses and horned cattle.—*Principal Inn, Star.*—Pop. 251. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Boroughbridge, diocese of Chester, value, 23*l.* 8*s.* 9*d.* Patron, Sir William Amcotts Ingilby, Bart.

This is a small market-town, situated about half a mile south of the river Nidd, on an advantageous bank, and well wooded.—The market has fallen into disuse.

In the Church, are several monuments of the Ingilby family; and in the church-yard is a very uncommon pedestal of an ancient Cross, with eight niches, intended, probably, for kneeling in.

Here is a Free-School, built and endowed by Catherine and Mary Ingilby, in 1702; of which Sir William Amcotts Ingilby, Bart. is Trustee. It is endowed with an estate at Sproatley, (E. R.) containing messuages or tenements, and about 153 A. 1 R. 24 P. subject to a payment of 12*l.* 8*s.* 6*d.* for tithes. It was let under lease dated Sept. 1800, for thirty years, at the yearly rent of 40*l.* to Thomas Hewitt and his wife, which sum he pays to the schoolmaster—Mr Hewitt has under-let it for 120*l.* per ann. The School-premises consist of a spacious School-room, with a house and yard for the master, and a garden in front. The School is free for the whole parish.—*Commis. Report.*

Adjoining the town, on the west, is Ripley Castle, the seat of the ancient family of the Ingilbys; which from an inscription carved on the frieze of the wainscot, in one of the chambers of the tower, was built by Sir William Ingilby, Bart. in 1555. In the civil wars of Charles I. it was a garrison for the King, which surrendered to Cromwell a few days after the battle of Marston. It has been much enlarged of late years; and appears now a spacious and commodious Mansion, embattled only for ornament, except the lodge, and the great tower, which still retain their original traces of caution, strength, and security. In the Library is a valuable collection of books: and in the great Staircase, is an elegant venetian window; in the divisions of which on stained glass, are a series of escutcheons, displaying the principal quarterings, and internarrriages of the Ingilby family, since their settling at Ripley, during a course of 430 years.

Here, are preserved, one of the two pigs of lead, found in 1731, on Hayshaw-Moor; on these are inscribed, *Imperatore Cæsare Domitiano Augusto Consule Septimum*; and on one side is the word *Brig*, signifying it had been cast in the country of the *Brigantes*.

The owners of Ripley have been in possession ever since the time of Richard II.; when Sir Thomas de Ingilby had it in right of his Lady, daughter of — Ripley, of this place. From one of his children, was descended, Sir William Ingilby, Knight and Baronet, so created, May 17, 1642. The present Sir William is the sixth Baronet, and was High Sheriff of the county in 1820; and who has been very recently authorised by his Majesty, to use the name and arms of Amcotts, in addition to those of Ingilby. His father, the late Sir John, having married Elizabeth, the daughter of Sir Wharton Amcotts, Bart.—*Hist. Knaresbrough.—Pennant.*

The gardens, which are extensive, and ornamented with greenhouses and hothouses, excelled by none in the north of England, are, by the liberality of the present Baronet, open for the public inspection every Friday.

RIPON, a market and parish-town, in the lower-division of Claro, liberty of Ripon; 6 miles from Boroughbridge, 7 from Ripley, 10 from Masham and Oak-Tree Inn, Leeming Lane, 11 from

Harrogate and Thirsk, 12 from Knaresbrough, 13 from Bedale, 17 from Northallerton, 17½ from Hopper-Lane Inn, 20 from Leyburn and Otley, 23 from York, 212 from London.—*Market*, Thursday.—*Fairs*, Thursday after January 13; May 13 and 14; and first Thursday and Friday in June, for horned cattle, sheep, woollen cloth, &c. first Thursday after August 2; first Thursday in November; and November 23. for horned cattle, &c.—*Bankers*, Old Bank, Messrs. Harrisons and Terrys, draw on Messrs. Willis, Percival, and Co. 76, Lombard Street; Ripon and Nidderdale Bank, Messrs. Coates and Co. draw on Messrs. Sir James Esdaile and Co. 21, Lombard Street; Ripon Bank, Messrs. Britains and Thackwray, draw on Sir Richard Carr Glynn, Bart. and Co. 12, Birchin-Lane.—*Principal Inns*, Unicorn, and Black Bull.—Pop, 4,563. The Church is both parochial and collegiate, dedicated to St. Peter and St. Wilfrid, and is built in the form of a cross, Patron, the King.

Ripon is situated between the river Ure and the Skell, and stands on an eminence with declivities on every side. It derives its name from the latin word *Ripa*, which refers to the situation of the town.

Here was a Monastery, founded by Eata, Abbot of Melross; but before the building was completed, the Scottish Monks retired from the Monastery, and St. Wilfred was appointed Abbot in 663. By him it was built new from the ground, and when completed, was consecrated with great solemnity by himself, to the honour of St. Peter. He died at this Monastery of Oundle, in 711, aged 76, and was interred here; but in 940 his remains were removed to Canterbury, by Odo, Archbishop of that See. The town continues to this day to honour the memory of its benefactor, by an Annual Feast on Saturday following *Lammas-Day*, when the effigy of St. Wilfred is brought into the town with great ceremony, preceded by a band of music.

King Athelstan, in the year 924, granted to the Church of Ripon the privilege of sanctuary, which extended a mile on either side the Church. The boundaries yet remain in the names of *Kangel-Cross*; *Sharow-Cross*; and *Athelstan-Cross*.

In the year 950, this town and Monastery were burnt by the Danes. The Monastery was afterwards rebuilt by Odo, Archbishop of Canterbury. The town was soon after rebuilt, and began to flourish; but, in the year 1069, it shared in the misery inflicted on the Northumbrians, by the Norman Conqueror, and remained in a state of devastation for sixteen years; after which it again revived, and remained undisturbed till the year 1319; when the Scots entering England, laid waste the country with fire and sword, and the town and Monastery of Ripon were again reduced to ashes; but, by the liberal donations of the Archbishop of York, and the neighbouring gentry, it was again restored to its former flourishing condition.

The Church was preserved from the general ruin of religious houses; and the revenues re-granted, by James I. for the support of a Dean and six prebendaries, besides petit canons and singing-men. It is a large, handsome, and venerable gothic pile.

In 1604, King James gave a new Charter to the town, constituting it to be governed by a mayor, recorder, and twelve aldermen, with twenty-four common-councilmen, and a town-clerk.

Here is an Hospital, dedicated to St. Mary Magdalen, founded by Thurston, Archbishop of York, who died in 1144,—another to St. John Baptist, founded in the 9th year of King John, by one of the Archbishops of York,—a third to St. Anne, founded by one of the Nevils, in the reign of Edward IV.—and a fourth, called *Jepson's Hospital*, founded and endowed by Zacharias Jepson, of York, a native of Ripon. In the Minster-yard is this modest inscription to the memory of its benefactor,—*Hic Jacet Zacharius Jepson, cujus ætas fecit 49. Per paucos tantum Annos Vivit.*

The town was first incorporated in the time of King Alfred, and its government originally vested in a chief magistrate, called *Vigilarius*, which duty, it was to cause a horn to be blown every night at nine o'clock, and if any inhabitant after that, sustained any loss by his house or shop being robbed, the community was compelled to render him an adequate consideration for the injury, by an annual tax on every inhabitant.

In 1767, an Act of Parliament was obtained, for making navigable the river Ure, from its junction with the Swale, to Bondgate-Green; on which a number of vessels are employed, to the great convenience and benefit of the town and neighbourhood. These vessels generally bring coals, groceries, and other merchandise; and take back lead, butter, &c. &c.

Henry I. granted a Charter for a Fair of four days; another by King Stephen; and a third by Henry V. At one of these fairs we find Drunken Barnaby:—

Ad forensem Rippon tendo,
Equi si sint cari, vendo,
Si minore pretio dempti,
Equi a me erunt empti;
Ut alacrior fiat ille,
Illa mordicant anguillæ.

A very elegant Town-Hall was erected, in 1798, being a present to this Corporation, from Mrs Allanson, of Studley. It comprises Assembly-rooms, a Committee-room for public meetings, and business of Magistrates.

Here is a Free Grammar-School, situated in Agnesgate, founded in 1546, by Edward V. with an allowance for head master and usher; and finished in 1553, by King Philip and Queen Mary. Its revenues are under the management of Trustees.

The Market-place is very spacious, and nearly square, measuring 104 yards by 68, and has a fine Obelisk in the centre, 90 feet high, on the top of which are fixed the Arms of Ripon, i. e. a *Bagle-horn* and a *Spur-Rowel*, erected by William Aislaby, Esq.

Not far from the Minster, is a large tumulus composed of gravel and human bones, called *Ellshaw* or *Ailcey Hill*, which, in Camden's time, appears to have been called *Hillshaw*. "There apperith by est north est, at the toune end of Ripon," says Leland, "a great hill of yerth, cast up in a playn close bering now the name of Illshow Hille, where be al likelihod hath been sum great Fortress in the Britons tyme."

Ripon sends two Members to Parliament: the right of election is in the burgage-holders, 146 in number. The borough is chiefly the property of Mrs Laurence, of Studley-Royal, who possesses by far the major-part of the burgage-tenures. The situation of Ripon is pleasant, and the surrounding country rich and fertile, and in a high state of cultivation.—For more particular account, see *Tourist's Companion*, published at Ripon.

RIPPONDEN, in the township of Barkisland, and parish of Halifax, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; 5 miles from Halifax, 9 from Huddersfield, 11 from Rochdale, (*Lanc.*) The Chapel is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Bartholomew, value, p. r. †141l. 10s. Patron, the Vicar of Halifax.

The Chapel of Ripponden is of great antiquity, and was rebuilt in 1610, and afterwards renewed in 1737. The Minister's manse, a very good square house, is the work of the industrious and faithful antiquary, Mr Watson, the historian of this parish, then Minister of the place, and afterwards Rector of Stockport. Ripponden is situated upon the Riburn, and is memorable on account of the immense flood that took place, on the sudden swelling of the River, on the 18th of May, 1722, called the *Ripponden Flood*, which commenced between the hours of three and five in the afternoon; the water rose seven yards perpendicular, and bore down, in its course, several bridges, mills, and a number of houses; many persons also lost their lives on this melancholy occasion. The Church, at Ripponden, was very much damaged, part of the church-yard washed away,

the graves laid open, and a coffin was lodged in a tree, at a considerable distance.—WATSON.—WHITAKER.

RISHFORTH-HALL, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Bingley; 4 miles from Keighley.

RISHWORTH, in the parish of Halifax, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; 4 miles from Halifax, 5 from Huddersfield, 12 from Bradford.—Pop. 1,588.

At this place, is a group of stones, laid, seemingly, one above another, to the height of several yards, and called the *Rocking Stone*. Tradition says, that it once would rock, but that quality is lost. The form of it is not very unlike the Wring-Cheese in Cornwall, described by Borlase, and perhaps might serve for the same purposes as that.—WATSON.

RISPLITH, *ham.* in the township of Sawley, and parish and liberty of Ripon; 5 miles from Pateleybridge, 6 from Ripon.

RYTHER, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Barkston-Ash, liberty of Pontefract; 5 miles from Tadcaster, 7 from Selby, 12 from York, 13 from Pontefract.—Pop. including Ossendike, 335, which being united, form a township. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of the Ainsty, value, 6*l.* 11*s.* 10½*d.* Patron, the King.

ROACH-GRANGE, *s. h.* in the township and parish of Kippax; 5 miles from Abberford.

ROADS-MOOR HOUSE, *s. h.* in the township of Whiston, and parish of Rotherham; 3 miles from Rotherham.

ROBERT TOWN, in the township of Liversedge, and parish of Birstall, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley; 5½ miles from Huddersfield, 8 from Halifax, 10½ from Leeds.

ROBIN HOOD'S WELL, *ham.* east-side in the township of Burghwallis, and parish of Owton, west-side in the township and parish of Skellbrook; 6¾ miles from Doncaster.

Robin Hood's Well is a square building, nine feet high, and joins the turn-pike road. A mile and a half from this place, Robin Hood is said to have robbed the Bishop of Hereford; and about a quarter of a mile from the Well, is Bishop-Tree-Root. On this spot stood the Tree, round which Robin made the Bishop dance in his boots, after he had robbed him.

Nescit sitis artem modi,
Potum Roberti Hoodi
Veni, et liquente vena
Vincto catino catena,
Tollens sitim, parum odi,
Solvens obolum custodi.

ROCARR, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Selby; 2 miles from Selby, 9 from Snaith.

ROCHE-ABBEY, in the township and parish of Maltby, upper-division of Strathforth and Tickhill; 4 miles from Tickhill, 6 from Bawtry, 9 from Rotherham.

Richard de Builli and Richard Fitzturgis, founded an Abbey here, in 1147, and dedicated it to the blessed Virgin. The revenues were rated at 224*l.* 2*s.* 5*d.* according to *Dugdale*—and 271*l.* 19*s.* 4*d.* *Speed*. The site was granted 35th Henry VIII. to William Ramsden and Thomas Vavasour. It is now the property of the Earl of Scarborough. One side of the nave of the church, under the middle tower, and some odd arches, are all that remain of this venerable structure, except a few small fragments which are scattered to a considerable distance around.

This spot certainly presents a most luxuriant and fascinating landscape; yet we cannot suffer our enthusiasm so far to run away with our senses, as to say with Mr Dayes, that here "every thing a traveller can wish, to render a place delightful, will be found concentrated in this most enchanting spot; majestic woods, expansive water, romantic rocks, an agreeable ruin, and withal, most commodious walks, for the convenience of viewing its various beauties.

ROCKING-STONE HALL, (*a Shooting-Box of Mr Nicholson*) in the township of Thurscross, and parish of Fewston; 7 miles from Pateleybridge, 11 from Skipton, 12 from Otley.

ROCKLEY-ABBAY, *f. h.* in the township of Worsbrough, and parish of Darfield, liberty of Pontefract; 3 miles from Barnsley. Anciently a seat of the Rockleys; now belongs to the Wentworths.

RODLEY, *ham.* in the township of Calverley-with-Bramley, and parish of Calverley; 5 miles from Bradford, 6½ from Leeds.

ROECLIFFE, in the parish of Alborough, lower-division of Claro; 1¼ miles from Boroughbridge, 8 from Knaresbrough.—Pop. 248.

ROGERTHORPE-HALL, *f. h.* in the township of Thorpe-Audlin, and parish of Badsworth; 4 miles from Pontefract.

ROME, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Giggleswick; 2 miles from Settle.

ROOKES, *ham.* in the township of Hipperholme, and parish of Halifax; 4 miles from Halifax.

ROSE-HILL, (*the seat of Robert Leighton, Esq.*) in the township and parish of Rawmarsh; 3 miles from Rotherham.

ROSSINGTON, a parish-town, in the lower-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, soke of Doncaster; (*the seat of the Rev. James Stovin, D. D.*) 5 miles from Doncaster, 5½ from Bawtry, 42 from York.—Pop. 383. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Michael, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, 11*l.* 1*s.* 5½*d.* Patrons, the Mayor and Burgesses of Doncaster.

The Manor of Doncaster, with an estate of 2,000 acres of land, belongs to the Corporation, who, some time back, built twelve Alms-houses for the aged of both sexes.

In the church-yard, was a stone, the two ends of which are now remaining, where was interred the body of *James Boswell, the King of the Gypsies*, who died January 30, 1708. For a number of years, it was a custom of Gypsies from the south, to visit his tomb annually, and there perform some of their accustomed rites; one of which was to pour a flaggon of ale upon the grave.—*Miller's Don.*

Here is a Free-School, founded as early as 1652.

ROSSINGTON-BRIDGE, *an Inn*, in the township and parish of Rossington; 4½ miles from Doncaster and Bawtry.

ROTHERHAM, a market and parish-town, in the upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; 6 miles from Sheffield, 11 from Tickhill, 12 from Doncaster and Barnsley, 15 from Penistone, 16 from Worksop, (*Notts.*) 49 from York, 160 from London.—*Market*, Monday.—*Fairs*, Whit-Monday; December 1, for horses, horned cattle, sheep, &c. and Fortnight Fairs on Monday, for horned cattle, &c.—*Bankers*, Messrs. Walkers, Eyer, and Stanley, draw on Messrs. Everett, Walker, and Co. 9, Mansion-House Street.—*Principal Inns*, Crown, and Red Lion.—Pop. 3,548. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Ann, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, ±16*l.* 8*s.* 6*d.* Patron, Lord Howard.

Rotherham is situated near the conflux of the rivers Rother and Don; the latter of which being navigable to Sheffield, and communicating with canals and rivers, opens a water communication with all the principal towns in the county; as well as Lincolnshire and Lancashire. The town is far from elegant; the streets are narrow, and irregular; and the houses have, in general, a dull and dingy appearance. However, a considerable trade is here carried on in coals, and in other articles, by means of the river Don.

This place is rendered famous by the birth of Thomas Scott, Archbishop of York, usually called *Thomas of Rotherham*, who founded in this place *Jesus College*, for a provost, five priests, six choristers, and three schoolmasters, which was valued at the dissolution, at the yearly rent of 58*l.* 5*s.* 9½*d.* He died of the plague at Cawood, in 1500.—DRAKE.

Here is a Free Grammar-School, founded in 1584, by Laurence Woodnett, and Anthony Collins, Esqrs. formerly of London. The School is open to the boys of the town indefinitely free of expense, for *classics only*. This School has a claim in its turn to the Fellowship and two scholarships at Emanuel College, Cambridge, founded by Mr Frieston, in case the same are not occupied from the Free-School at Normanton. There is a fellowship also at Lincoln College, Oxford. To this School there is a crown payment of 10*l.* 15*s.* 4*d.* per annum; to the master. The master's salary, including house rent, &c. 30*l.* a year; besides which, he has a gratuity from the Feoffees or Trustees. The present master is the Rev. Benjamin Birkitt.—For an account of the Iron Works, see *Marlsbrugh*.

ROTHWELL, a parish-town, in Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; 4½ miles from Leeds, 5½ from Wakefield, 28 from York.—Pop. including Rothwell-Haigh, and Roydes-Green. 2,155. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to the Holy-Trinity, in the deanry of Pontefract, value, ±19*l.* 12*s.* 11*d.* Patron, Charles John Brandling, Esq.

"This place," says Dr. Whitaker, "appears to have been named when first planted by the Saxons, from a rapid and copious Well near the Church." It was distinguished among the numerous Manors of the Lacies, dependent on the Castle of Pontefract, by having a Castlet or Manor-house near the Church, of which a mass of strong grout work yet remains.

The Church of Rothwell was appropriated to the Priory of Nostel, to which it was given, according to *Burton*, by Robert de Lacy. Here is a Charity-School, founded by the late John Bromley, gentleman, of Wakefield, in 1722.

ROTHWELL-HAIGH, in the township and parish of Rothwell, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; 4 miles from Leeds, 5½ from Wakefield.—Pop. included in Rothwell.

This place adjoins to Rothwell, and had been an ancient Park of the Lacies; and given by Henry VIII. to Thomas Lord Darcy. It afterwards relapsed into a state of nature, and became a mere common. It contains about 543 acres, and is now become a fertile and productive tract.

ROUGH-BIRCHWORTH, *ham.* in the township of Oxspring, and parish of Penistone, liberty of Pontefract; 2 miles from Penistone.

ROUNDHAY, *ham.* in the parish of Barwick-in-Elmet, lower-division of Skyrack, liberty of Pontefract; 3 miles from Leeds, 10 from Wetherby.—Pop. 186.

Here the ancient family of the Lacies, from the earliest period, after they became possessed of Pontefract with its dependencies, had a Park; hence the name Roundhay, or the circular Pale. It was granted by Robert de Lacy to the Monks of Kirkstall.—WHITAKER.

ROUNDHAY-GRANGE, *f. h.* in the township of Shadwell, and parish of Thorner, liberty of Pontefract; 3 miles from Leeds.

ROUND-GREEN, *f. h.* in the township of Worsbrough, and parish of Darfield; 2½ miles from Barnsley.

- ROUND-WOOD**, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Rawmarsh; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Rotherham.
- ROWLE-HALL**, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Kellington, liberty of Pontefract; 6 miles from Snaith.
- ROWLEY**, in the township of Lepton, and parish of Kirkheaton, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; 3 miles from Huddersfield, 10 from Wakefield.
- ROYD**, (*the seat of Mrs Hoyle*) in the township of Soyland, and parish of Halifax; 6 miles from Halifax.
- ROYD-HOUSE**, *s. h.* in the township of Farnley-Tyas, and parish of Almondbury; 4 miles from Huddersfield.
- ROYD-BRIDGE**, *f. h.* and *Tan Yard*, in the township of Stansfield, and parish of Halifax; 9 miles from Halifax.
- ROYD-FIELDS**, *s. h.* in the township and parish of Penistone; 1 mile from Penistone.
- ROYD-HOUSE**, *ham.* in the township of Shelley, and parish of Kirkburton, liberty of Wakefield; 7 miles from Huddersfield.
- ROYD-MOOR**, *f. h.* in the township of Thurston, and parish of Penistone; 2 miles from Penistone.
- ROYD-MOOR**, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Hemsworth; 6 miles from Pontefract, 7 from Wakefield.
- ROYDES-GREEN**, in the township and parish of Rothwell, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Wakefield, $5\frac{1}{2}$ from Leeds.—Pop. included in Rothwell.
- ROYDS**, *s. h.* in the township of Bradfield, and parish of Ecclesfield; 5 miles from Sheffield.

This house, with eleven others, formerly belonged to the dissolved Priory or Hospital of St. John, of Jerusalem; and was distinguished by an iron or wooden cross, fixed in some conspicuous part of the building.—*Hunter's Hallam*;

ROYDS, *a few f. h.* in the township of Brampton-Bierlow, and parish of Wath-upon-Dearn; 6 miles from Rotherham.

ROYDS, *ham.* in the township of Beeston, and parish of Leeds; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Leeds.

ROYDS-HALL, (*the seat of C. Dawson, Esq.*) in the township of North-Bierley, and parish of Bradford; 4 miles from Bradford.

ROYSTON, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Staincross, liberty of Pontefract; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Barnsley, 6 from Wakefield, $9\frac{1}{2}$ from Pontefract, 34 from York.—Pop. 549. The Church, a spacious and well-built structure, is a vicarage, dedicated to St. John the Baptist, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, $\pm 17l. 3s. 4d.$ p. r. $\pm 107l.$ Patron, the Archbishop of York.

Here is a Free Grammar-School, founded by letters patent, in the 5th of James I. The endowment consists of a house, garden, and twenty-four acres of land, amounting to about 70*l.* per ann. and the interest of 13*l.* is paid to the master, who also receives 4*l.* 6*s.* 11*d.* from the Dutchy Court of Lancaster. The School is open to the boys of the parish indefinitely, free of expence.—*CARTLISLE*;

Here is also a Charity of the Lady Bolles, for the apprenticing of children.

RUDDING-HALL, (*the seat of the Hon. William Gordon*) in the township of Follyfoot, and parish of Spofforth, upper-division of Claro; 3 miles from Knaresbrough, 5 from Wetherby.

This place formerly belonged to Mr James Collins, who added much to the building, laid out the pleasure grounds, and built a very curious rustic gate-way, consisting of three arches, large and lofty, which unfortunately was blown down in 1790. The present proprietor took down the old house, and began the present elegant Mansion in 1807.

RUFF-HOLME, *f. h.* in the township of Newland, and parish of Drax; 3 miles from Howden, 6 from Snaith.

RUFFORTH, (Ainsty) a parish-town; $5\frac{1}{2}$ miles from York, $9\frac{1}{2}$ from Wetherby.—Pop. 295. The Church is a vicarage, value, $\pm 4l.$ 13s. 4d. p. r. $\pm 80l.$ Patron, Mrs Grace Thompson.

RUSH-PARK, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Sherburn; 7 miles from Tadcaster and Ferrybridge.

RYE-CROFT, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Rawmarsh; 3 miles from Rotherham.

RYHILL, in the parish of Wragby, wapentake of Staincross, liberty of Pontefract; 6 miles from Wakefield, $6\frac{1}{2}$ from Barnsley, 9 from Pontefract.—Pop. 147.

S

SADDLETHORPE, (Ainsty) *ham.* in the township and parish of Moor-Monkton; 7 miles from York, 11 from Boroughbridge.

SADDLEWORTH, in the township of Quick, and parish of Rochdale, (*Lanc.*) Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; 2 miles from Dobercross, 9 from Rochdale, (*Lanc.*) 12 from Huddersfield and Manchester, (*Lanc.*) The Church is a perpetual curacy, in the deanry of Pontefract, value, p. r. $\pm 108l.$ Patron, the Vicar of Rochdale.

This place gives name to a large valley, about seven miles long, and five broad, in the broadest part, situated in an angle of the county, between Lancashire and the north-eastern projection of Cheshire. It is a wild bleak region, of which a part only is under cultivation; but industry has accumulated in it a large number of inhabitants, who gain a comfortable subsistence by the manufacture of woollen cloth, for which the place is peculiarly famous; indeed, many of the superfine broads made here, vie with those of the west of England. The cutting of several turnpike roads within the last fifty years, through this vale, and the Huddersfield canal, which passes through the heart of Saddleworth, have tended very materially towards reclaiming large tracts of land for the purpose of cultivation, and giving facility to trade. This place is divided into four hamlets or quarters, called *Meres*, viz. *Quick-mere*, *Lord's-mere*, *Shaw-mere*, and *Friar-mere*. The latter was once an estate belonging to the Black Friars, who had a house or grange near Delph. Saddleworth, though in this county, is in the parish of Rochdale, (*Lanc.*) on account of Hugo de Stapleton, Lord of the Manor of Saddleworth, having applied to Hugh, Earl of Chester, for leave to erect a Chapel for the use of his tenants; to his permission, the Earl made it a condition that the Chapel should be annexed to the Abbey of Whalley. On the dissolution of Monasteries, this was annexed to Rochdale.

The Roman road from Mancunium, passed through a part of this vale; and at Castleshaw is the remains of an ancient fortification, supposed, by Mr Whitaker, to have been a fortress of the Primeval Britons, which he thinks is pretty plainly evinced by the few relics which have been accidentally discovered at it.

In this neighbourhood are the much frequented and celebrated Rocks of Greenfield, as well as several Druidical remains, a Rocking-stone, &c. of which, would our limits allow it, a particular description should be given. Mr Bottomley has written a poem descriptive of the romantic and almost uninhabited part of this country.

SAIL-HILL, *f. h.* in the township of Cumblesforth, and parish of Drax; 4 miles from Selby and Snaith.

SAINT ANN'S CHAPEL-IN-THE-GROVE, *see Chapel-le-Grove.*

SAINT HELEN'S WELL, *f. h.* in the township of Carlton, and parish of Royston; 2 miles from Barnsley.

Helen's Ford, or St. Helen's Ford, a Ford over the river Wharfe, on the great Roman road near to Tadcaster. It take its name from a Chapel dedicated to St. Helen, the mother of Constantine the great; which stood, in Leland's time, on the east banks of the river. Here is still St. Helen's Well.—DUKE.

SAINT-IVES, (*the seat of Edward Ferrard, Esq.*) in the township and parish of Bingley, upper-division of Skyrack; 1 mile from Bingley, 2 from Keighley, 8 from Skipton.

"In point of extensive view, richness of scenery, and wild rocky distances," says Dr. Whitaker, "every situation in Airdale, northward, must yield the palm to St. Ives."

SAINT JOHN'S, a parish-town, in the township of Throapham, upper-division of Strathforth and Tickhill, liberty of Tickhill; 6 miles from Tickhill, 8 from Rotherham, 50 from York.—Pop. included in Throapham. The Church, peculiar, is a perpetual curacy, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, p. r. 33*l.* 8*s.* 6*d.* Patron, the Lord Chancellor.

SAINT JOHN'S, IN-THE-WILDERNESS, in the parish of Halifax.—*See Marshaw Bridge.*

SALLAY-ABBEY, or **SAWLEY**, (extraparochial) west-division and liberty of Staincliffe; 3 miles from Clitheroe, (*Lanc.*) 12 from Colne, (*ditto*) 15½ from Skipton.—Pop. including Tosside, 561, which being united, form a township.

Here was an Abbey of the Cistercian Order, founded by William de Percy, in 1147, at which time, Abbot Benedict, with twelve Monks and ten Conversi, removed to Sallay from Fountains. It was valued at the dissolution, at 147*l.* per ann. The site, with all its appendages, was granted by King Henry VIII. to Sir Arthur Darcy, to be held in capite, by Knight's service. Great part of the nave and transept are standing: the choir and chapter-house are yet traceable by their foundations: the gateway is converted into a cottage: in the walls of the adjoining houses, are several well-cut shields, exhibiting the arms of Percy, Lacy, Tempest, Hammerton, &c. The Manor and Demesnes belong at present to the Right Hon. Lord Grantham.—GROSE.

SALTERFORTH, in the parish of Barnoldswick, east-division and liberty of Staincliffe; 4 miles from Colne, (*Lanc.*) 10 from Skipton and Burnley, (*Lanc.*)—Pop. 686.

SALTERHEBBLE, *ham.* in the township of Skircoat, and parish of Halifax, liberty of Wakefield; 1¾ mile from Halifax.

SALTERSBROOK, *p. h.* in the township of Thurlstone, and parish of Penistone; 7½ miles from Penistone, 14 from Barnsley.

SALTONSTALL, NETHER, and OVER, 2 *h.* in the township of Warley, and parish of Halifax, liberty of Wakefield; 4 miles from Halifax.

Here was born in 1572, Dr. Edmund Deane, brother to the Bishop of Ossory, author of "Spadacrene Anglica, or the English Spaw-Fountain," being a brief treatise on the Mineral Waters in the Forest of Knareborough; also, "Admiranda Chymica." Some of these tracts, Wood says, were written by Samuel Norton. Dr. Deane was of Morton-College, Oxford, and died about the beginning of the civil wars, having practised in York, as a physician, till that period.—*Watson's Halifax.*

SANDAL-MAGNA, a parish-town, in Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; 2 miles from Wakefield, 8 from Barnsley, 9 from Pontefract, 30 from York.—Pop. 888. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Helen, in the deanry of Pontefract, value, $\pm 13l. 7s. 8d.$ p. r. 122l. 17s. 2d. Patron, the King.

The Castle here, was built by John, Earl of Warren, about the year 1320. In the reign of Edward III. Edward Baliol resided here, while an army was raising to establish him on the throne of Scotland. This Castle afterwards became the property of Richard Plantagenet, Duke of York, who was slain in a great battle, fought near this place, in the year 1460. The last siege it sustained was in the civil wars of Charles I.; Col. Bonivant held it for the King, and surrendered to the arms of Parliament, in the month of October, 1645. In the following year it was dismantled, by the order of Parliament.

Thomas Zouch, D. D. a man of considerable erudition, was born here in 1737. A collection of his works, with a memoir by the Rev. Thomas Wrangham, was published in 1820.

Here is a Free-School for eight Boys, founded by the late Rev. Doctor Zouch, who endowed it with 10*l.* per annum, and a House and Garden.

SANDAL, KIRK, a parish-town, in the lower-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; (*the seat of George Martin, Esq.*) $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Doncaster, $6\frac{1}{2}$ from Thorne, 37 from York.—Pop. 192. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Oswald, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, $\pm 9l. 0s. 3\frac{1}{2}d.$ Patron, the King.

Here was anciently a seat of the family of Rokeby: of which John was rector of this parish; he was afterwards Archbishop of Dublin, where dying, he ordered his bowels to be buried at Dublin, his heart at Halifax, and his body at this place; and over each of his remains, a Chapel to be built, which was accordingly done. In the chancel of the Church, is a marble monument to the Archbishop; and another to Sir Thomas Rokeby, Knight, who died Nov. 1689.

In 1626, the Rev. Robert Wood, rector of Kirk-Sandal, by his Will, devised all his freehold estate at Kirk-Sandal, Fishlake, and Barnby-upon-Don, in trust for ever, to the use of a Schoolmaster, who shall teach a Grammar-School in Kirk-Sandal.

SANDAL-PARVA, or **LONG-SANDAL**, in the township of Wheatley-with-Sandal, and parishes of Kirk-Sandal and Doncaster, lower-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, soke of Doncaster; 3 miles from Doncaster, $8\frac{1}{2}$ from Thorne.

SANDAL-THREE-HOUSES, in the township and parish of Sandal-Magna, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Wakefield, $7\frac{1}{2}$ from Barnsley.

William Nevison, the renowned Highwayman, was apprehended in the ale-house here, by Capt. Harcastle, in the year 1684.

SANDBECK, *s. h.* in the township of Wetherby, and parish of Spofforth; 1 mile from Wetherby.

SANDBECK, (*the seat of the Earl of Scarborough*) in the township and parish of Maltby, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberty of Tickhill; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Tickhill, 6 from Bawtry, 10 from Rotherham.

This elegant Mansion, which was built by Richard, the fourth Earl of Scarborough, is a magnificent and commodious residence. The south front is in the pure style of Grecian architecture; and the interior corresponds with the exterior in elegance. Amongst a fine collection of pictures in this house, a description of which may be seen in Young's Northern Tour, is one, in the drawing-room, by Wilson, of "that true, incorruptible, and never to be forgotten

patriot, Sir George Savile, in a sitting posture, with a map of the river Calder before him."—*Hist. Doncaster.*

This ancient family of the Lumleys, says Camden and Dugdale, is descended from Lulph, a person of great nobility in the time of Edward the Confessor, who married Alghitha, daughter to Aldred, Earl of Northumberland; and that they took the name from their lordship of Lumley, on the banks of the river Wear, near Chester-le-Street.

The first Earl of Scarborough, was Richard, Viscount Lumley, created an English Peer, by the title of Baron Lumley, 1681. He had a principal command of the troops that gained the victory at Sedgemoor, over the Duke of Monmouth; but concurring in the revolution, was, in 1689, created Viscount Lumley, and in 1690, Earl of Scarborough: he died in 1721. The present is the sixth Earl.—*Biog. Peerage.*

SAND-GATE, *ham.* in the township of Nether-Hallam, and parish of Sheffield, liberty of Hallamshire; 3 miles from Sheffield.

SAND-HALL, *f. h.* in the township of Eggbrough, and parish of Kellington; 4 miles from Snaith.

SANTINLEY, *f. h.* in the township of Winterset, and parish of Wragby, liberty of Pontefract; 5 miles from Wakefield.

SAVILLE-HOUSE, *s. h.* in the township and parish of Penistone; 4 miles from Penistone.

SAWLEY, in the parish and liberty of Ripon, lower-division of Claro: (*Sawley-Hall, the seat of Mrs Norton*) 6 miles from Ripon and Pateleybridge.—Pop. 490. The Church is a perpetual curacy, in the deanry of Ripon, value, p. r. †711. Patrons, the Dean and Chapter of Ripon.

In the time of Henry III. this estate was the property of Thomas de Sawley, whose heiress married Robert de Brereton: it afterwards passed into the ancient and honourable family of Norton.

SAW-WOOD, *ham.* in the township of Stainland, and parish of Halifax, liberty of Wakefield; 5 miles from Huddersfield.

SAXTON, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Barkston-Ash, liberty of Pontefract; 4 miles from Tadcaster, 9 from Ferrybridge, 11 from Pontefract, 14 from York.—Pop. including Scarthingwell, 378, which being united, form a township. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of the Ainsty, value, p. r. †721. 10s. Patron, Richard O. Gascoigne, Esq.

In the church-yard of this village were interred, the bodies of many of those unfortunate people, slain in the memorable battle of Towton, March 29, 1461; the Earl of Northumberland, it is said, reached York to die. Leland says, Westmorland was interred in the Church of Saxton, where, however, he has no distinguishable memorials. Clifford, according to the tradition of his family, was tumbled into a pit with a promiscuous heap of dead bodies. Lord Dacre, it appears, had a more honourable burial, as Leland says, he lay in a "meane tumb." This tomb is on the north side of the church-yard, now much broken and defaced, and the inscription illegible. When Glöver made his visitation in 1585, 124 years after the battle, he was told that "Lord Dacres was slayne by a boy at Towton Field, which boy shot him out of a burtree, when he had unclapsed his helmet to drink a cup of wyne, in revenge of his father, whom the said Lord had slayne before, which tree hath beene remarkable ever since by the inhabitants, and decayed within this few years. The place where he was slayne is called the *North Acres*, whereupon they have this rhyme:—

The Lord of Dacres
Was slayne in the North Acres."

On a part of the field, most remote from Saxton, Richard III. began a Chapel, in order to pray for the slain, but the completion was prevented by his death.

At a very small distance from the field of battle, and on the bank of the Cock, stands the antique and diminutive Chapel of Leod or Lede. This was one of the seats of the ancient family De Tyas, styling themselves in Latin, *Teutonici*, five of whose tombs still remain in the Chapel, engravings of which are given in *Whitaker's Loidis et Elmet*.—DRAKE.

SCALES, *f. h.* in the township of Askwith, and parish of Weston; 5 miles from Otley, 12 from Knaresbrough.

SCALES, *s. h.* in the township of West-Halton, and parish of Long-Preston, liberty of Staincliffe; 4 miles from Settle.

SCAMMONDEN, or **DEAN-HEAD**, in the parish of Huddersfield, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; 6 miles from Huddersfield, 9 from Halifax.—Pop. 855. The Church is a perpetual curacy under Huddersfield.

SCARCROFT, in the parish of Thorner, lower-division of Skyrack, liberty of Pontefract; 7 miles from Wetherby, 8½ from Leeds.—Pop. 105.

SCAR-HILL, (*the seat of William Pollard, Esq.*) in the township and parish of Bradford; 1 mile from Bradford.

SCARO, 2 or 3 *cotts.* in the township and parish of Ripley; ½ a mile from Ripley, 6½ from Ripon.

SCARTHINGWELL, (*the seat of the Hon. Lord Hawke*) in the township and parish of Saxton, wapentake of Barkston-Ash, liberty of Pontefract; 5 miles from Tadcaster, 8 from Ferrybridge, 10 from Pontefract.—Pop. included in Saxton.

SCAUSBY-HALL, *s. h.* in the township and parish of Brodsworth; 3 miles from Doncaster, 12 from Barnsley.

Scausby Lees are noted for being the place, according to the records of the corporation of Doncaster, where the famous Aske was encamped with 40,000 men, during his rebellion in the reign of Henry VIII.—*Hist. Doncaster.*

SCHOLES, *ham.* in the township and parish of Barwick-in-Elmet, liberty of Pontefract; 6 miles from Leeds, 9 from Wetherby.

SCHOLES, in the township of Cleck-Heaton, and parish of Birstall, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; 5 miles from Halifax, 11 from Leeds and Wakefield.

SCHOLES, *ham.* in the township of Stainland, and parish of Halifax; 4½ miles from Halifax, 5½ from Bradford.

SCHOLES, in the township of Kimberworth, and parish of Rotherham, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberty of Tickhill; 3½ miles from Rotherham, 9½ from Barnsley.

SCHOLES, *ham.* in the township of Wooldale, and parish of Kirkburton, liberty of Wakefield; 6 miles from Huddersfield.

SCHOLE'S PLAIN, *s. h.* in the township and parish of Barwick-in-Elmet; 5 miles from Leeds.

SCHOLE'S MOOR, *ham.* in the township of Horton, and parish of Bradford; 2 miles from Bradford, 6 from Halifax.

SCHOLE-HILL, 2 or 3 *cotts.* in the township and parish of Penistone; ½ a mile from Penistone.

SCOSTHROP, in the parish of Kirkby-Malhamdale, west-division of Staincliffe, liberty of Clifford's-Fee; 6 miles from Settle, 8½ from Skipton, 11½ from Kettlewell.—Pop. 102.

SCOTLAND, *ham.* in the township of Horsforth, and parish of Guiseley; 4 miles from Otley, 6 from Leeds.

SCOTTON, in the parish of Farnham, lower-division of Claro, liberty of Knaresbrough; 2 miles from Knaresbrough, 3 from Ripley, 10 from Ripon.—Pop. 297.

This was anciently the residence of the Percies and Pulleyns, whose Mansions, still remaining, are converted into farm-houses. Percys' is now the property of the Rev. William Roundell, and retains many marks of antiquity. The house where the Pulleyns resided, is now the property of Sir Thomas Turner Slingsby, Bart. it is a very large building, but hath undergone so thorough a repair, that scarcely any marks of antiquity remain about it.—HARGROVE.

SCOUT-HALL, *s. h.* in the township of Northowram, and parish of Halifax; 2 miles from Halifax.

SCRAITH, *f. h.* and *Wood*, in the township of Brightside-Bierlow, and parish of Sheffield, 3 miles from Sheffield.

SCRIVEN, in the parish of Knaresbrough, lower-division of Claro, liberty of Knaresbrough; (*Scriven-Park, the seat of Sir Thomas Turner Slingsby, Bart.*) 1 mile from Knaresbrough, 6 from Boroughbridge, 11 from Ripon.—Pop. including Tentergate, 1,373, which being united, form a township.

This was anciently a seat of a family of that name, who were Foresters of the forest and parks of Knaresbrough, from the conquest, to the reign of King Edward III. when William de Slingsby married the heiress; from which time, it hath continued in the possession of that ancient and honourable family.—Sir Thomas Slingsby, Bart. being the present owner.—HARGROVE.

SCURF-HALL, *s. h.* in the township of Newland, and parish of Drax; 5 miles from Snaith, 8 from Selby.

SEACROFT, in the parish of Whitkirk, lower-division of Skyrack, liberty of Pontefract; 4½ miles from Leeds, 10 from Wetherby, 11 from Tadcaster.—Pop. 886.

A famous battle was fought near this place, in the year 655, betwixt Penda, King of the Mercians, and Oswy, King of Northumberland: the Mercians, though far superior in number, were defeated, and a great part of their army cut in pieces, amongst which was Penda, and near thirty of his principal officers. In the year 1643, here happened an engagement between a detachment of the parliament's army, commanded by Sir Thomas Fairfax, and a large body of the king's horse, commanded by Lord Goring, in which the latter gained a complete victory.—HARGROVE.

SEDBERGH, a market and parish-town, in the wapentake of Ew-cross; 5 miles from Dent, 11 from Kendal and Kirby-Lonsdale, (*Westm.*) 13 from Kirby-Stephen, (*ditto*) 14½ from Hawes, 22 from Askrigg, 25 from Lancaster, (*Lanc.*) 77 from York, 265 from London.—*Market*, Wednesday.—*Fairs*, March 20; October 29, for horned cattle, &c.—*Principal Inns*, King's Arms, and Old Black Bull.—Pop. 2,022. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Andrew, in the deanry of Kirby-Lonsdale, diocese of Chester, value. £12l. 8s. Patron, Trinity-College, Cambridge.

Sedbergh is pleasantly situated in a secluded vale, among rugged mountains, at the N. W. extremity of the county, upon the small river Rother. The township of Sedbergh is divided into four parts, called hamlets, viz. *Frostow and Soolbank, Marthwaite, Cautley and Doughbiggin, and Howgill and Bland.*

The town of Sedbergh does not contain any thing of particular interest, except the Grammar-School, founded by Edward III. of which the Masters and

Fellows of St. John's College, Cambridge, are Patrons, value, about 600*l.* per annum; the present Master is the Rev. Henry Wilkinson. There are three Fellowships and eight Scholarships, at St. John's-College, Cambridge, for students from this School. This is also one of the Schools which is entitled to send a candidate for Lady Elizabeth Hastings' Exhibitions. Among the many eminent men educated at this School, was Robert William, a physician of very considerable eminence, and born at The Hill, near the town, in 1757. He was educated in the principles of the Quakers, and received his scholastic tuition in the Grammar-School, of the place of his nativity, under the care of the Rev. Dr. Bateman, and the celebrated Mr Dawson. By his death in 1812, the profession was deprived of one of its brightest ornaments! the sick of a humane and discerning physician; and the world of an estimable and upright man.

The humane Dr. Anthony Fothergill, was born at Sedbergh, in 1732-3; and his medical studies were diligently pursued, first at Edinburgh, afterwards at Leyden, and finally at the Sarboune at Paris. He obtained the degree of M. D. at Edinburgh, in 1763, on his Thesis, "*De Febre intermittente*," and soon after he commenced practice at Northampton. In 1778, he was elected F. R. S. and in 1781, he removed to London; and in 1784, to Bath. In 1803, having acquired a fortune sufficient to enable him to relinquish the duties of his profession, he sailed for Philadelphia, where he resided till the political disputes between Great Britain and America assumed a warlike appearance, in 1812, when he returned to London. He died May 11, 1813.—See Nichols' vol. IX. p. 211, wherein is a detailed account of the various works he published, and of the humane acts he performed.

SEGSWORTH, 2 or 3 *h.* in the township of Fountain's-Earth, and parish of Kirkbymalzeard; 2½ miles from Pateleybridge.

SELBY, a market and parish-town, in the wapentake of Barkston-Ash, a part in the liberty of St. Peter; 8 miles from Snaith, 10 from Howden, 11 from Ferrybridge, 12½ from Tadcaster, 14 from Pontefract, 15 from York, 18 from Market-Weighton, 20 from Leeds, 183 from London.—*Market*, Monday.—*Fairs*, Easter-Tuesday; the Monday after Boroughbridge Barnabas-Fair, and old Michaelmas-day, for horses, horned cattle, sheep, &c.—the horse show commences September 20, and ends on the 26th; *Line-Fairs* are on every Thursday six weeks, from Michaelmas to Saint Peter's-day, old style.—*Bankers*, Messrs. Scholfield, Clarkson, and Co. draw on Messrs. Spooner, and Co. 27, Gracechurch-Street.—*Principal Inns*, George, and King's Head.—*Pop.* 1,097. The Church, peculiar, is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Mary and St. Germain, in the deanry of the Ainsty, value, p. r. †101*l.* Patron, the Archbishop of York.

This place is situated on the west bank of the Ouse, over which is a fine Draw Bridge, which facilitates the communication with the East Riding. This Bridge, though near seventy tons weight, can be opened and shut in the short space of one minute. Selby, is in all probability, the ancient Salebeia, a name which denotes a Roman origin. History, however, has not marked the era of its foundation, nor preserved any authentic documents of its state in the times preceeding the Norman conquest; but as it appears to have been a place of some note at that period, it was probably built by the Saxons, on a Roman foundation. The ancient and famous Abbey, which was once the chief ornament and glory of Selby, was founded by William the Conqueror, in 1069, for Benedictines, and dedicated to St. Mary, and St. Germain. In the following year, that Monarch coming to Selby, to settle the endowment, his Queen, by whom he was accompanied, was here delivered of a son, who was afterwards King of England, by the name of Henry I. And it was probably on that account, that the Abbey of Selby was favoured by the succeeding Kings, his descendants, with great privileges, as well as adorned with magnificent buildings. The Abbots of Selby,

and of St. Mary's at York, were the only two mitred Abbots, north of the Trent. This Monastery flourished in great splendour till the time of the dissolution, when its revenues amounted to 729*l.* 12*s.* 10*d.* according to *Dugdale*; or 819*l.* 2*s.* 6*d.* *Speed*. It was surrendered by Robert de Selby, the last Abbot, 30th of Henry VIII, in 1539, and was granted about two years afterwards to Sir Ralph Sadler, in consideration of 736*l.* paid down, and a rent of 3*l.* 10*s.* 8*d.* per ann.

The remains of the Abbey-church shew it to have been a most noble Gothic building, erected at different times, and in different styles of architecture. The nave appears to be the most ancient part: the choir is a newer erection. In 1690, the steeple fell down, and did great injury to the south end of the transept, and the roof of the western part of the south aisle. At what time the present steeple was erected, it is difficult to ascertain, but it appears to have been in the early part of the last century. From the appearance of the west-end of the church, which, with the porch, is deserving of particular notice, Mr Barton seems to think, that "it was intended to have three towers, a large one in the middle of the church, and two smaller ones at the west-end."

The conventual church of Selby, was made parochial by letters patent, dated 20th March, 1618, the 16th James I. and a minister was thereunto nominated and appointed by the Archbishop of York.

Selby is a tolerably well-built town, where there is a manufactory for Sail-cloth, an Iron-foundry, and a good Ship-yard, where are built a great number of vessels from 50 to 800 tons burthen. The trade of Selby has considerably increased of late years, by means of a canal from the Ouse to the Aire and Calder. A navigation is opened between Leeds and Selby, by which this place becomes the loading and unloading port of the West-Riding, and to which it may be said to be the key from the German Ocean. A Branch Custom-house has been lately established here, by the lords of the Treasury, from which vessels can clear out direct to any part of the kingdom: upwards of 800 vessels with cargoes, clear coastwise from hence every year; and the Steam Packets that ply between Hull and Selby occasion an influx of company hitherto unprecedented in this place.

Here is an Hospital for 6 or 7 poor Widows, and a School with residence for the Master, who teaches the poor children, both founded by Mr Leonard Chamberlain, time unknown; Rent charges for their support about 21*l.* 12*s.* per ann.

Here was born Thomas Johnson, a botanist, who published the first local catalogue of Plants in England. In the rebellion he took up arms for the King: and when at Oxford, was created Doctor of Physic. In the army he held the rank of Colonel and was killed in a Skirmish in 1644.

SELSIDE, *ham.* in the township and parish of Horton; 9 miles from Settle, 13 from Kirby-Lonsdale, (*Westm.*)

SETTLE, a market-town, in the parish of Giggleswick, west-division and liberty of Staincliffe; 10 miles from Ingleton, 11 from Gisburn, 15 from Kettlewell, 16 from Skipton, 17 from Kirby-Lonsdale, (*Westm.*) 21 from Dent, 22 from Hawes, 26 from Askrigg, 57 from York, 235 from London.—*Market*, Tuesday.—*Fairs*, Tuesday before Palm-Sunday, Thursday before Good-Friday, and every other Friday till Whitsuntide, for cattle; April 26, for sheep, lambs, and horses; Whit-Tuesday, for pedlary; August 13, for cattle and leather, 20 for sheep and lambs, 21, for pedlary; Tuesday after October 27; and every other Monday throughout the year, for fat cattle.—*Bankers*, Messrs. Birbecks, Alcock, and Co. draw on Messrs. Barnard, Dimsdale, and Co. 50, Cornhill.—*Principal Inn*, Golden Lion—Pop. 1,508.

Settle, the capital of Ribblesdale, is an irregular built town, but very picturesque, has a large and spacious market-place, and some good houses in it, incongruously mixed with others of a very inferior complexion.—Under the cross is the Gaol, entered by a trap-door down a flight of steps, and only lighted by a small grate above the door. The situation of Settle is on the east-bank of the Ribble, and under that well known conical rock, called *Castleberg*, backed by

a cluster of rugged crags, and anciently crowned with a fortification. The summit of Castleberg once formed the gnomon of a rude but magnificent Sun-Dial, the shadow of which passing over some grey stones upon its side, marked the progress of time to the inhabitants of the town beneath; an instrument more ancient than the dial of Ahaz. But the hour marks have long been removed, and few remember the history of their old benefactor, whose shadow now takes its daily tour unobserved.—WHITAKER.—*Northern Star*.

At Settle is a National-School, on the plan of Dr. Bell, which is supported by subscription.

Settle forms part of the Percy-Fee, and is included in a charter of free warren, obtained by Henry Percy, in the 4th Edward II. along with "Gygleswyke and Routhonel."

"On the Fells east of Settle, and near Wardale-Knots, are two Rocking Stones, the larger of which is of an altar shape, about the height of a table, and of immense weight, yet moveable with one finger; and when in motion, making a noise like distant thunder."—WHITAKER.

In this town was born, Thomas Proctor, whose merit as a sculptor, justly places him among the first of the british artists. His works, though few, are uncommonly fine. Whoever has his model of *Leion*, is in possession of a treasure, which ought to be guarded with the greatest vigilance, it being, without dispute, one of the first productions of the british school; and would have done honour to the best times of Greece or Rome. He was an exemplary and mighty genius, and his merits have been celebrated by Mr West, in one of his discourses. His fine group of *Diomedes devoured by his Horses*, would have become a point of national taste; but, alas! he dashed it to pieces in a fit of despair, because he could not procure fifty pounds for that sublime labour. He died, like Raphael, in the meridian of his days, and full of honour.—He sunk, unaccountably, under the public neglect, when a small sum would have preserved a valuable life.—*Dayes' Tour*.

SETTLEBECK, *ham.* in the township and parish of Sedbergh; $\frac{1}{4}$ of a mile from Sedbergh.

SHACKLETON, *ham.* in the township of Wadsworth, and parish of Halifax, liberty of Wakefield; 9 miles from Halifax.

SHADWELL, in the parish of Thorner, lower-division of Skyrack, liberty of Pontefract; $5\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Leeds, 8 from Wetherby.—Pop. 197.

SHAFTHOLME, *ham.* in the township of Bentley-with-Arksey, and parish of Arksey, lower-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberty of Tickhill; 5 miles from Doncaster, 8 from Thorne.

SHAFTON, in the parish of Felkirk, wapentake of Staincross, liberty of Pontefract; 5 miles from Barnsley, 7 from Wakefield, 9 from Pontefract.—Pop. 235.

SHARLSTONE, in the parish of Warmfield, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; (*the seat of Richard Atkins, Esq.*) $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Wakefield, $5\frac{1}{2}$ from Pontefract.—Pop. 330.

SHAROW, in the parish and liberty of Ripon, lower-division of Claro; (*Sharow Lodge, the seat of Mrs. Cayley*), 1 mile from Ripon, 6 from Boroughbridge.—Pop. 103.

SHARROWHEAD, *ham.* in the township of Ecclesall-Bierlow, and parish of Sheffield, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, $1\frac{1}{4}$ mile from Sheffield.

SHAW CROSS, 2 or 3 *h.* in the township of Soothill, and parish of Dewsbury, liberty of Wakefield; 2 miles from Dewsbury.

SHAW HALL, *ham*, in the township of Quick, and parish of Rochdale, (*Lanc.*) 9 miles from Rochdale, (*Lanc.*)

SHAW MILL, in the township of Bishop-Thornton, lower division of Claro; 7 miles from Ripon and Knaresborough.

This is a new village on the banks of a small beck, called, *Shaw Beck*, and the principal place within the township. Here the Bishop of York calls his courts for Thornton.

SHEEP HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township of Langsett, and parish of Penistone; 2 miles from Penistone.

SHEEP WASH, *f. h.* in the township of Rathmell, and parish of Giggleswick; 3 miles from Settle.

SHEFFIELD, a market and parish-town, in the upper-division of Stralforth and Tickhill, liberty of Hallamshire; 6 miles Rotherham, 12 from Chesterfield, (*Derbys.*) $13\frac{1}{4}$ from Penistone, 14 from Barnsley, 16 from Bakewell, 18 from Doncaster and Worksop, (*Notts.*) 20 from Bawtry, 24 from Mansfield, (*Notts.*) 24 from Buxton, (*Derbys.*) by *Middleton*, and 28 by *Bakewell*, 55 from York, 162 from London.—*Markets*, Tuesday and Saturday.—*Fairs*, Tuesday in Trinity-Week, and November 28, for horses, horned cattle, &c.—*Bankers*, Messrs. Parker, Shaws, and Blake-lock, draw on Messrs. Morland and Co. 50, Pall-Mall; Sheffield and Rotherham Bank, Messrs. Walkers, Eyre, and Stanley, draw on Messrs. Everett, and Co. 9, Mansion-House Street; Messrs. Rimington, and Youngs, draw on Messrs. Masterman, Peters, and Co. 2, White-Hart Court, Lombard-Street.—*Principal Inns*, Tontine, Angel, Commercial, and King's-Head Hotel.—Pop. 42,157. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Peter, or the Holy-Trinity, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, 12*l.* 15*s.* 2½*d.* Patron, the Rev. Thomas Sutton. Here are also three Churches, viz. St. Paul's Church built in 1740, in Norfolk Street; St. James' Church, erected in 1788, in the Vicar's-Croft, to both these Churches the Vicar of Sheffield is Patron. Here is also a Chapel at the Duke of Norfolk's Hospital, opened in 1777, in which service is celebrated daily: the Rev. Wm. Downs is curate and governor, and the Rev. Thomas Robinson, officiating curate.

Sheffield, from *Sheaf-field*, the most populous town in the county, except Leeds, is situated upon an eminence at the confluence of the rivers *Sheaf* and *Don*, over each of which is a stone bridge. The *parish* of Sheffield is above ten miles in length, and its average breadth about three miles. In works of antiquity, the town of Sheffield is not rich, but principally known as a commercial town. "It was once the seat and favourite residence of a race of ancient nobility, by whose history it becomes connected with the general history of this kingdom,—men who were called to the councils of Princes, or displayed their prowess in the tented field, while they exercised an almost unlimited authority among a tenantry, whose habitations surrounded their Castle walls. The traces of those times are now few, and fast obliterating. Buildings for commercial purpose, occupy the site of the baronial Hall; the Park and Chases are inclosed; and the summer Mansion is become a mouldering ruin."

The Castle stood at the north-east part of the town, which, with the Lordship of Sheffield was granted to Thomas, Lord Furnival, 39 Edward III. whose ancestor, Thomas de Furnival, in the reign of Henry III. obtained a charter from the King, for the erection of a Castle at Sheffield. The Manor, &c. had previously been in the hands of the Lovetots, the first of whom, there is reason to think,

built the original Castle. From the Furnivals, the Manor and Castle passed to the Nevils, afterwards to the Talbots, Earls of Shrewsbury, and lastly, to the illustrious family of the Howards. It was, during the time of George, the 6th Earl of Shrewsbury, who resided here, that this Castle was made the prison of the beautiful Mary, Queen of Scots. In this place, Cardinal Wolsey, on his way to London, is said to have drank the fatal draught, which soon afterwards terminated his existence. This Castle was demolished in the civil wars, and scarcely any vestiges of it now remains, except that the names of Castle-Hill, Castle-Ditch, &c. are still retained by several places in the vicinity.

The town of Sheffield was incorporated, so far as regards the manufactory in 1624, and is styled "the company of Cutlers of Hallamshire." It is governed by a master, two wardens, six searchers, and twenty-four assistants, and the rest communally. By this act of incorporation, it is enacted, that it shall be lawful for the master, &c. to make laws for the good order, rule, and government of all the members of the said company, &c. and to levy reasonable penalties on those who neglect to observe them. This corporation consists of about 600 members, who have a Hall for the transaction of their business, called *Cutler's-Hall*, built in 1638, and in 1726 was re-built in its present form. Sheffield has long been celebrated for its cutlery ware; Dr. Gibson, who published his edition of Camden in 1695, says, that Sheffield had been for 300 years, the staple for knives. The cutlery trade in the town and neighbourhood, was afterwards prosecuted in the various articles of sheath-knives, scissars, sickles, scythes, &c. and in 1758, the silver-plate manufacture was begun by Mr Joseph Hancock, on a very extensive scale, comprehending an almost innumerable variety of articles. The importance of Mr Hancock's discovery soon began to be fully understood: various companies were formed; workmen were easily procured from among the ingenious mechanics of Sheffield; while the streams in the neighbourhood furnished opportunities for erecting mills for the rolling out the metals. Birmingham early obtained a share in this lucrative manufacture; but the honour of the invention belongs to Sheffield, as it is supposed to stand unrivalled in the extent to which the manufacture is carried, and the elegance and durability of its productions. The introduction of this new branch of trade, gave to Sheffield a share in the manufacture of silver-plate; and for the encouragement of this manufacture, an essay office was established, and opened in the town in 1731. In 1751, the Don was made navigable to Tinsley, within three miles of the town which greatly facilitates the export of goods. Upon the Don, above the town, a great number of works are erected for forging, slitting, and preparing the iron and steel for the manufactures; and for grinding knives, scissars, &c. The parish of Sheffield is rich in its mineral productions, and especially in iron, coal, and stone. This place, although large, cannot boast much of its public buildings, which are in general calculated more for utility than shew; we shall therefore briefly point out such as may claim the attention of strangers.

The places for divine worship, according to the established Church, are four, viz. St. Peter, or the Holy Trinity, which is the parish-church; it stands in the centre of the town, was built in the reign of Henry I. about 1100, it is a rectangular building, having neither porch nor chapel protruding beyond the buttresses. A tower and spire is near the centre of the building. The numerous changes and re-edifications have left nothing remaining of the original fabric, except the massy pillars that support the tower. On the south side of the altar is the Shrewsbury Chapel, founded by George, the fourth Earl, in the time of Henry VIII. in which are monuments of four Earls of Shrewsbury, the Talbots.

In the year 1700, was interred here, William Walker, who, from strong circumstances, there is reason to believe, was the executioner of Charles I.—*Gents. Magaz. vol. XXXI. II.*

St. Paul's is an elegant modern structure, in the Grecian style; it was begun in 1720, but not consecrated till 1740, and finished till 1771, being erected through the benefaction of 1000*l.* from Mr Robert Downs, an opulent silversmith, together with the subscriptions of the gentlemen of the town and neighbourhood. St. James' Church, situated in the Vicarage Croft, erected in 1788. And the Chapel at the Duke of Norfolk's Hospital, opened in 1777, which is calculated to contain a large congregation. Divine Service is daily celebrated in this Chapel, by a minister of the Church of England, and a sermon is preached every Sunday.

For Dissenters, Sheffield, like other large towns, has places of worship for almost every sect, there being not less than fifteen edifices used by them for that purpose.

Here is an Hospital, situated near the bridge, called "*the Hospital of Gilbert, Earl of Shrewsbury.*" It was founded and endowed by Will, dated in 1616, by Henry, Earl of Norwich, great grandson of Gilbert, Earl of Shrewsbury. In 1770, Edward, Duke of Norfolk, gave to this Hospital 1000*l.* which sum was applied to the building of the present Chapel. The Hospital consists of two quadrangles, each containing eighteen dwellings, for the accommodation of eighteen men, and the same number of women, being aged and decayed house-keepers, each of whom is provided with a house and garden, and a pension of 5*s.* per week, with clothing and coals.

On the north side of the town is an Hospital and School, erected by Thomas Hollis, a merchant of London, but a native of Sheffield, for sixteen poor cutlers' widows, who have each a separate habitation, and an allowance of one guinea every three weeks; and the orator, who is also schoolmaster, fifteen guineas quarterly, having also a good house in the Hospital-yard. The children in the School of this establishment, amount to about forty, who are taught to read.

About half a mile from the town, is that valuable institution, the Infirmary, built by subscription; the first stone of which, was laid in 1793. It is a handsome stone building; and is supported by voluntary subscriptions; and patients are admitted on the recommendation of subscribers.

Here is a Free Grammar-School, founded in 1603—4, by Thomas Smith, of Crowland, (*Lin.*) who left to it 30*l.* a year. In 1605, it became incorporated by letters patent, of 2nd James I. The present School was erected by subscription in 1648, in Townhead-street. It is open indefinitely for boys of Sheffield and the neighbourhood. The head master's salary is fixed at 60*l.* per annum. Here are also National Schools, on the plans of Bell and Lancaster, and several Sunday and Charity Schools, as well as many minor charitable institutions.

The Town-Hall, is at the south-east corner of Trinity-church, and was erected in 1700.

In Norfolk-street, in the south part of the town, is an elegant building, comprising the Assembly-Room and Theatre, first erected in 1762; but since taken down, and constructed on a larger scale.

Sheffield is the capital of a district, known by the name of *Hallamshire*.

Here was born, the learned divine, John Balguy.—He was prebendary of Salisbury, and in 1729, he was presented to the vicarage of Northallerton. He wrote religious Tracts and Sermons, on several occasions, were published in 2 vols. 8vo. which are in much estimation. He died in 1748.

John Roebuck, an eminent physician, and great benefactor to Scotland, was a native of Sheffield, and born in 1718. In his prosecution of chemical experiments, he had been led to bestow great attention to the process of smelting iron stone. He died in 1794.

SHEFFIELD, LITTLE, now incorporated with Sheffield.

SHEFFIELD-MANOR, in the township and parish of Sheffield; 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Sheffield.

This was formerly a seat of the Earl of Shrewsbury; now in ruins, one large turret only remaining.

SHELFE, in the parish of Halifax, morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Halifax, 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ from Bradford.—Pop. 1,998.

SHELLEY, in the parish of Kirkburton, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; 6 miles from Huddersfield, 7 $\frac{1}{2}$ from Penistone.—Pop. 1,329.

SHEPLEY, NETHER, in the township of Shepley, and parish of Kirkburton, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Penistone and Huddersfield.

SHEPLEY, in the parish of Kirkburton, Agbrigg-division of Ag-

brigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; 5 miles from Penistone, 7½ from Huddersfield.—Pop. 1000.

SHERBURN, a market and parish-town, in the wapentake of Barkston-Ash, a part in the liberty of St. Peter; 3½ miles from Abberford, 6 from Ferrybridge, 7 from Tadcaster and Pontefract, 8 from Selby, 12½ from Leeds, 15 from York, 183 from London.—*Market*, Friday.—*Fair*, September 25, for horses, line, &c.—*Principal Inn*, Red Bear.—Pop. 1,144. The Church, peculiar, is a vicarage, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of the Ainsty, value, 10*l.* 17*s.* 1*d.* p. r. 130*l.* Patron, the Prebendary of Fenton.

The nave of this church is purely saxon, and the work of some one of the first Archbishops, who became possessed of the place.—**WHITAKER**. Near the south-east corner of the church yard, appears to have been a detached Chapel, among the rubbish of which, was dug up the head of a very rich and elegant cross.—**IBID.**

At this place formerly the Archbishops of York had a palace, and which once belonged to King Athelstan; not a vestige remains, except such parts as may appear in the walls of the church, which was built out of its ruins.

Here is a Grammar-School and Hospital, founded in 1619, by Robert Hungate, Esq. who endowed them with 120*l.* per annum, for the clothing and maintenance of the boys, twenty-four, in the hospital; and 12*l.* per annum, to the master, payable out of lands in this parish, of Robert Oliver Gascoigne, of Parlington, Esq. A subsequent endowment of 12*l.* per annum, was awarded to the master, on a late enclosure. There are eight boys upon the foundation, who are admitted at the will of Mr Gascoigne. There are four exhibitions of 7*l.* 10*s.* each, to St. John's College, Oxford; and this is one of the schools entitled to send a candidate for Lady Elizabeth Hastings' exhibitions.—Master's salary, 34*l.* and assistant, 13*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* per annum.—**CARLISLE**.

On the 15th of October, 1645, here happened a sharp skirmish between the King's and the Parliament's forces, in which Sir Richard Hutton, Sir Francis Carnaby, and several other officers on the king's side, were slain.—**HARGROVE**.

Sherburn and the neighbourhood are remarkable for a particular species of Plum, called the *Winesour*.

SHERWOOD-HALL, (*the residence of William Morritt, Esq.*) in the township of Egborough, and parish of Kellington, liberty of Pontefract; 6 miles from Snaith, 7 from Pontefract.

SHEEPSCAR, in the township and parish of Leeds, ½ a mile from Leeds.

SHIBDEN-HALL, (*the seat of James Lister, Esq.*) in the township of Southowram, and parish of Halifax; 2½ miles from Halifax.

SHIPLEY, in the parish of Bradford, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; (*the seat of Mrs Wainman*) 3 miles from Bradford and Bingley.—Pop. 1,606.

SHIRECLIFFE-HALL, (*the seat of John Watson, Esq.*) in the township of Brightside-Bierlow, and parish of Sheffield.

The old Hall, of which no part now remains, a good modern house having been built on its site, was anciently the seat of the family of Mounteney, descended of Sir Robert de Mounteney, grand-son of Maud de Lovetot, in the time of Henry III.—**HUNTER**.

SHIRE-GREEN, in the township and parish of Ecclesfield, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; 3 miles from Sheffield, 4 from Rotherham, 11 from Barnsley.

SHIRTCLIFFE-HALL, (*the seat of William Bingley, Esq.*) in the township and parish of Ecclesfield; 2 miles from Sheffield.

SHITLINGTON, MIDDLE, in the parish of Thornhill, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberties of Pontefract and Wakefield; 3 miles from Dewsbury, 4 from Wakefield.—Pop. 1,635.

SHITLINGTON, NETHER, or **NETHERTON**, in the township of Middle-Shitlington, and parish of Thornhill, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; 4 miles from Dewsbury and Wakefield.

SHITLINGTON, OVER, in the township of Middle-Shitlington, and parish of Thornhill, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; 4 miles from Dewsbury, $4\frac{1}{2}$ from Wakefield.

SHOOTER'S HILL, (*the seat of J. C. Hilton, Esq.*) in the township and parish of Rossington; $3\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Bawtry; $6\frac{1}{4}$ from Doncaster.

SHORE, *f. h.* in the township of Stansfield, and parish of Halifax; 13 miles from Halifax.

SICKLINGHALL, in the parish of Kirkby-overblow, upper-division of Claro; 3 miles from Wetherby, 5 from Harewood, 6 from Knaresbrough.—Pop. 257.

SIGSWORTH, *f. h.* in the township of Bradfield, and parish of Ecclesfield; 3 miles from Sheffield, 5 from Rotherham.

SILCOATES, *ham.* in the township of Alverthorpe-with-Thorns, and parish of Wakefield; 1 mile from Wakefield.

Here is a Grammar-School for the Yorkshire Dissenters.

SILKSTON, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Staincross, liberty of Pontefract; 4 miles from Barnsley and Penistone, $10\frac{1}{2}$ from Wakefield, 39 from York.—Pop. 807. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, 17*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* Patron, the Archbishop of York.

SILSDEN, in the parish of Kildwick, east-division and liberty of Staincliffe; 4 miles from Keighley, 7 from Skipton, 12 from Colne, (*Lanc.*)—Pop. 1,904. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. James, in the deanry of Craven, value, p. r. †86*l.* Patron, the Earl of Thanet.

SILSDEN-MOOR, *ham.* in the township of Silsden, and parish of Kildwick, liberty of Staincliffe; 4 miles from Skipton.

SKELBROOK, in the parish of South-Kirkby, wapentake of Os-goldcross, liberty of Pontefract; (*the residence of the Rev. Charles Cater*) 7 miles from Ferrybridge, $7\frac{3}{4}$ from Pontefract, 8 from Doncaster, 12 from Barnsley.—Pop. 115. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Michael, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, p. r. 60*l.* Patron, the Perrin family.

SKELDA, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Marton, liberty of Staincliffe; 8 miles from Skipton.

SKELDEN, in the parish of Ripon, lower-division of Claro; 5 miles from Ripon, 6 from Pateleybridge, 8 from Masham.—Pop. 56.

SKELDERSLOW, *ham.* in the township of Quick, and parish of Rochdale, (*Lanc.*) 3 miles from Oldham, (*ditto*)

SKELLANDS, *f. h.* in the township of Scostrop, and parish of Kirkby-Malhamdale; 7 miles from Settle, 9 from Skipton.

SKELLOW, in the parish of Owston, wapentake of Osgoldcross, liberty of Pontefract; 5 miles from Doncaster, 10 from Pontefract.—Pop. 146.

SKELLOW-GRANGE, *ham.* (*the seat of Godfrey Higgins, Esq.*) in the township of Skellow, and parish of Owston, liberty of Pontefract; 6 miles from Doncaster, 9 from Pontefract.

SKELMANTHORPE, in the townships of Cumberworth, and Cumberworth-half, and parishes of High-Hoyland and Emley, liberty of Pontefract; 8 miles from Huddersfield and Wakefield.

SKELTON, in the parish and liberty of Ripon, lower division of Claro; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Boroughbridge, $3\frac{1}{2}$ from Ripon.—Pop. 314. The Church is a perpetual curacy, in the deanry of Ripon, value, p. r. $\pm 78l.$ 8s. 2d. Patrons, the Dean and Chapter of Ripon.

SKELTON, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Leeds; 1 mile from Leeds.

SKERETH, *ham.* in the township of Ingleton, and parish of Low-Bentham; 1 mile from Ingleton.

SKEWKIRK, (*Ainsty*) *f. h.* in the township of Tockwith, and parish of Kirk-Hammerton; 7 miles from Wetherby, 9 from York.

SKIBEDEN, **EAST**, and **WEST**, 2 *f. h.* in the township and parish of Skipton, liberty of Staincliffe; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Skipton.

SKIEKS-HALL, *cotts.* in the township of Wentworth, and parish of Wath-upon-Dearn; 6 miles from Rotherham and Barnsley.

SKIP-BRIDGE, *an Inn*, in the township of Wilstrop, and parish of Kirk-Hammerton; $8\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Boroughbridge and York.

SKIPTON, a market and parish-town, in the east-division of Staincliffe, liberty of Clifford's Fee, (*Skipton-Castle, the seat of the Earl of Thanet*), 10 miles from Keighley, 11 from Guisburn, $12\frac{3}{4}$ from Colne, (*Lanc.*) 13 from Hopper-Lane Inn, 15 from Otley and Pateleybridge, 16 from Settle and Kettlewell, 19 from Clitheroe, (*Lanc.*) 41 from York, 220 from London.—*Market*, Saturday.—*Fairs*, first Saturday after the old twelfth day, called *Black Saturday*, March 13, Saturday before Palm Sunday, Tuesday in Easter-Week, and every other Tuesday until Whitsuntide, for lean cattle; Saturday before Whitsun-eve, Saturday before Trinity-Sunday, Old Saint James' Day, and Martinmas Day, viz. November 21, and 23, and every other Tuesday, throughout the year, for fat cattle, &c.—*Bankers*, Messrs. Chippendale, Netherwood, and Carr, draw on Messrs. Masterman, Peters, and Co. 2, White Hart Court, Lombard-Street.—*Principal Inns*, Black Horse, Hotel, and Devonshire-Hotel.—Pop. 3,411. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to the Holy-Trinity, in the deanry of Craven, value, $\pm 10l.$ 12s. 6d. Patrons, the Dean and Chapter of Christ-Church, Oxford.

Skipton, a respectable built town, consisting chiefly of one street, is the capital and mart of Craven, which, by having the benefit of the Leeds and Liverpool Canal passing close to the town, the greatest facility is afforded to its trade.

At the north-end of the town is the Castle, the erection of which elevated this place at once from a poor dependant village to a respectable town; for its times of turbulence and disorder, the inhabitants of the adjoining country would naturally crowd for protection under its walls.—And although Skipton never

had a municipal government, except that of a Reve, and was never represented in Parliament, the town is generally styled in Charters, a Burgh, and its inhabitants, Burgesses.

The Castle, which usually attracts the attention of strangers, was the work of Robert de Romille, about the end of the Conqueror's, or the beginning of his son's reign. Of the original building, little, besides the western door-way of the inner Castle, now remains. It consists of a treble semicircular arch, supported upon square piers. The oldest part of the Castle now remaining, consists of seven round towers, connected by rectilinear apartments, which form an irregular quadrangular court within. The walls are from twelve to nine feet thick.

In the civil wars of Charles I. this Town and Castle had a considerable share, being a garrison for the King, commanded by Sir John Mallory, of Studley. On the 20th Dec. 1645, it was surrendered to the forces of the Parliament; having held out longer than any other Castle in the north of England. The northern wall of the Castle stands on the brink of a perpendicular rock, washed by a torrent, to the bed of which, from the battlements, is a depth of 200 feet.

At the west-end of the Bailey stands the Castle Chapel, a well proportioned oblong building, of which the original shell is entire: it appears to have retained its original till after the death of Thomas, the good Earl of Thanet; but is now a stable.

Robert de Romille, the founder of this baronial Castle, leaving only an heiress, Alice, married to William Fitz-Dnncean, Earl of Murray, carried along with her the honour of Skipton; by whose daughter, Cicely, it passed to William le Gross, Earl of Albemarle; here it remained till the reign of Richard I. when Aveline de Fortibus, daughter and heiress, the Countess of Albemarle, married Edmund, Earl of Lancaster; whose son Thomas, succeeded him, but he, joining in a rebellion against King Edward II. and being taken in arms at Boroughbridge, was beheaded at Pontefract, when all his estates were escheated to the Crown; and were by that King granted to Robert, Lord Clifford, which family, with the exception of a single attainer, have held this barony 500 years, during the longer part of which they have resided at Skipton Castle, in great wealth and honour. John Lord Tufton, the second Earl of Thanet, having married Margaret, daughter of the Earl of Dorset, by Lady Anne Clifford, in 1629, brought this Castle and Lordship into that family, where it still remains.

The Church of Skipton, which was also founded by Robert de Romille, is a spacious and respectable building. Perhaps no part of the original structure remains, except four stone seats with pointed arches and cylindrical columns, now in the south wall of the nave. In this Church are several ancient monuments to the Clifford family: and beneath the altar, unusually elevated on that account, is the vault of the Cliffords, the place of their interment, from the dissolution of Bolton Priory to the death of the last Earl of Cumberland; which, after being closed many years, the late Dr. Whitaker, obtained permission to examine in 1803; wherein he found the bodies deposited in chronological order; particulars of which may be seen in his History of Craven.

The town of Skipton has long enjoyed the benefit of a well endowed Grammar-School, which was founded in the second year of King Edward VI. 1548, by William Ermysted, clerk, Canon Residentiary in the Cathedral Church of St. Paul, London, for instructing boys in grammar; and who ordained certain statutes for the government of the same. The whole rental of the lands, tenements, &c. with which it was then endowed, amounted to 9*l.* 15*s.* 4*d.* is now about 600*l.* per annum. There is also an annual payment of 4*l.* 4*s.* 10*d.* out of the land revenues of the Crown.

William Petyt, Esq. in 1707, gave 200*l.* for the support of two poor scholars at Christ College, Cambridge. And his brother, Sylvester Petyt, Esq. by his Will, left 24,048*l.* old South Sea Annuities, and a Library at Skipton,—the gross annual income, in 1815, being 721*l.* 9*s.* 2*d.* The objects of which donation are, persons, *wherever resident*, standing in need of immediate relief, according to the discretion of the Trustees,—and amongst whom, the remainder of this sum is annually distributed, after paying 20*l.* a year to Christ College, Cambridge, small salaries to a schoolmaster and librarian at Skipton, and for putting out annually about fourteen poor children apprentices in the county of York, and for buying

books for the use of the school. Boys are admitted free of expense, indefinitely throughout the parish.—*Carlisle's Gram. School.*

At this place was born, George Holmes, a learned antiquary, in 1662. He re-published the first 17 vols. of *Rymer's Foedera*, and formed a curious collection of books, prints, and coins. He died in 1749.

SKIERAM, or **SKIERHOLME**, *ham.* in the township of Applethrewick, and parish of Burnsall, liberty of Staincliffe; 7 miles from Pateleybridge, 8 from Skipton.

SKIRETHORNES, *ham.* in the township of Threshfield, and parish of Linton, liberty of Staincliffe; 6 miles from Kettlewell.

SKIRCOTE, in the parish of Halifax, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; 1½ mile from Halifax, 7½ from Huddersfield, 9½ from Bradford.—Pop. 3,323.

Here is a Free Grammar-School, usually called the *Halifax School*, founded by a charter of Queen Elizabeth, dated the 15th of February, 1585. This charter is said to have been procured by Henry Farrer, Esq. of Ewood, at his own expense, and who was one of the first governors. The management of this School is vested in governors. The original endowment being in land, the amount of salary is uncertain. The School is open indefinitely to the children of the parish free of expense, for learning the *Classics only*. The present master is the Rev. Robert Wilkinson.—*CARLISLE.*

SKIRDEN-HALL, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Bolton-by-Bolland, liberty of Staincliffe; 4½ miles from Gisburn.

SKYRACK, a wapentake, situated between the rivers Wharfe and Aire; having Barkston-Ash for its eastern, and part of Staincliffe for its western boundary. In this wapentake are the market-towns of Leeds, Bingley, Otley, and Harewood, the market of the latter has fallen into disuse. It contains 44 townships, 15 of which are parish-towns, 7,102 inhabited houses, and 30,606 inhabitants; independent of the liberty of Leeds, which is situated within this wapentake;—and in which there are 17,418 inhabited houses, and 83,746 inhabitants.

SLADES-BARN, *ham.* in the township of Quick, and parish of Rochdale, (*Lanc.*) 1½ mile from Dobcross, 12 from Huddersfield.

SLAIDBURN, a parish-town, in the west division of Staincliffe, liberty of Bolland; 9 miles from Clitheroe, (*Lanc.*) 10 from Gisburn, and Long-Preston, 12 from Settle, 20 from Lancaster and Blackburne, (*Lanc.*) 21 from Skipton, 62 from York.—*No Market.*—*Fairs*, Wednesday before Easter, and November 4.—*Principal Inn*, Hark-to-Bounty.—Pop. 914. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to Saint Andrew, in the deanry of Craven, value 28*l.* Patron the Rev. Henry Wigglesworth.

The Church is a large handsome structure, of red Fell stone, built about the time of Henry VIII. and appears to have been repaired in 1726. Within the altar is a stone, inscribed to the memory of Nicholas Townley, dated 1693.

This place is situated near the western extremity of the Forest of Bolland, on the borders of Lancashire.

Here is a Free Grammar-School, but when, or by whom founded, we could not learn. The Master's salary 50*l.* and the Usher or second Master, about 20*l.* per annum. The Courts Leet for the higher division of the Forest of Bolland are held here.

"Henry de Laey, Earl of Lincoln, procured a charter for a Fair at Slaydburn, on the eve and festival of St. Peter ad Vinc. and two days after."—*WHITAKER.*

SLAITHWAITE, in the parish of Huddersfield, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; 4 miles from Huddersfield, 12 from Halifax, 20 from Manchester, (*Lanc.*)—Pop. 2,871. The Church is a perpetual curacy under Huddersfield, the Vicar of which is Patron, value, p. r. *129*l.* 8*s.* 6*d.*

The new Road recently cut from Huddersfield to Manchester, passes through this place; also the Canal to and from the same place, which greatly facilitates its trade.

SLATENBERG, 3 *f. h.* in the township of Ingleton, and parish of Low-Bentham; 8½ miles from Kirby-Lonsdale, (*Westm.*)

SLEAD-HALL, (*the seat of Abraham Firth Macauley, Esq.*) in the township of Hipperholme, and parish of Halifax; 2 miles from Halifax.

SLENINGFORD, in township of North Stainley-with-Sleningford, and parish and liberty of Ripon; (*Sleningford-Hall, the seat of Col. Dalton; the Grange, the seat of John Dalton, Jun. Esq.*) 4½ miles from Ripon, 5¾ from Masham.—Pop. included in North-Stainley.

In the same township and parish is

SLENINGFORD, OLD, (*the seat of Thomas Kitchingman Staveley, Esq.*)

SMALL-FIELD, a few *f. h.* in the township of Bradfield, and parish of Ecclesfield; 7 miles from Sheffield, 9 from Penistone.

SMALL-HEDGE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Fishlake; 4 miles from Thorne, 9 from Snaith.

SMALL-SHAW, *f. h.* in the township of Thurlstone, and parish of Penistone: 3 miles from Penistone.

SMAW'S-HALL, in the parish of Tadcaster; 1 mile from Tadcaster, 7 from Wetherby.

SMEATON, KIRK, *See Kirk-Smeaton.*

SMEATON, LITTLE, in the Parish of Womersley, liberty of Pontefract; 6 miles from Ferrybridge, 6½ from Pontefract, 10 from Doncaster. Pop. 176.

SMIDLEY, *ham.* in the township of Wombwell, and parish of Darfield: 3 miles from Barnsley, 9 from Rotherham.

SMITHY-BROOK, 3 or 4 *h.* in the township and parish of Thornhill; 3 miles from Dewsbury, 5 from Wakefield.

SMITHIES-MILL, *ham* in the township of Monk-Bretton, and parish of Royston, 2 miles from Barnsley, 8 from Wakefield.

SMITHALLS, *s. h.* in the township and parish of Birkin; 1¾ mile from Ferrybridge.

SMITHIES, in the parish of of Kirkheaton; 3 miles from Huddersfield, 10½ from Wakefield.

SNAITH, a market and parish-town, in the wapentake of Osgoldcross, liberty and baliwick of Cowick and Snaith; 7 miles from Thorne, 8 from Selby, 10 from Howden, 11 from Ferrybridge, 14 from Pontefract, 23 from York, 175 from London.—*Market*, Thursday. —*Fairs*, last Thursday in April, for horned cattle, sheep, and woollen cloth, Aug. 10, for horned cattle, woollen cloth, line, cheese, and quills; and the last Thursday in Sept. which is chartered but

not now attended.—*Principal Inns.* Blue Bell, Black Lion, Bell and Crown, and Green-Dragon.—Pop. 834. The Church, peculiar, is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Pontefract. Patron, Henry Yarburgh, Esq.

The town of Snailth is situated on a gently rising ground, about half a mile south of the river Aire, and within five miles of the junction of the Ouse with the rivers Derwent and Aire.

In the Church, which is a neat Gothic structure, is the family vault of Lord Viscount Downe, in which his ancestors lay interred.

At the west end of the town stands an old Hall, formerly the residence of the Yarburghs. The country round is extremely flat and uninteresting, but abundantly fertile. Flax is much cultivated in the neighbourhood.

SNAYGILL, 2 *f. h.* in the township and parish of Skipton, liberty of Staincliffe; 1 mile from Skipton, 9 from Keighley.

SNYDALL, in the parish of Normanton, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract, (*the seat of Thomas Hodgson, Esq.*) 3½ miles from Pontefract, 6 from Wakefield. Pop 119.

SNOWDON-HILL, or **SNODNELL**, *ham.* in the township of Hunshelf, and parish of Penistone, liberty of Pontefract; 2 miles from Penistone, 7 from Barnsley.

SNOWDON, **UPPER**, and **LOWER**, 2 *ham.* in the township and parish of Wistow, 5½ miles from Otley, 12 from Knaresbrough.

SOFTLEY, *f. h.* in the township of Thurlstone, and parish of Penistone; 4 miles from Penistone.

A Farm at Softley, pays yearly to Godfrey Bosville, of Gunthwaite, Esq. a *Whittle*.—**BLOUNT.**

SOOLBANK, *ham.* in the township and parish of Sedbergh; 5 miles from Dent, 11 from Kirby-Lonsdale, (*Westm.*)

SOOTHILL, **UPPER** and **NETHER**, in the parish of Dewsbury, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; 2 miles from Dewsbury, 4 from Wakefield, 12 from Halifax.—Pop. 3,099. These are two villages, but one township.

SOUTH-CROSLAND, in the parish of Almondbury, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; 2 miles from Huddersfield, 12 from Halifax, 13 from Penistone.—Pop. 1,583.

SOUTHEY-GREEN, *ham.* in the township and parish of Ecclesfield; 3 miles from Sheffield, 5 from Rotherham.

This is a district or part of the parish, that has churchwardens and other officers appointed; but all collections and payments are made jointly—as the township of Ecclesfield.

SOUTHOWRAM, in the parish of Halifax, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; 2½ miles from Halifax, 7 from Huddersfield.—Pop. 4,256.

Here is a Chapel to Halifax, built and consecrated, in 1819.

SOUTH-WANG, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Tickhill; 1½ mile from Tickhill.

SOWERBY, in the parish of Halifax, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; 3 miles from Halifax, 9 from Huddersfield.—Pop. 6,890. The Chapel, built in 1763, is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Peter, value, p. r. 78*l.* Patron, the Vicar of Halifax.

In this Chapel, is a statue of Archbishop Tillotson, erected in compliance with the Will of his surviving grand-niece, upwards of thirty years ago. The Archbishop was born at Haugh-End, in this township.—*See p. 307.*

At Sowerby, was once a Castle, the foundation of which may yet be seen in a field near the top of the town, adjoining to which is a piece of ground, called the *Hell Croft*, where, no doubt, the dead were buried. It is not known at what time it was built, but it is clear, however, that during the possessions of the Earls of Warren, there was a Castle here, and that they frequently resorted hither for the diversions of hunting, hawking, &c. This was conveyed by John, the last Earl, to King Edward II.; but when the fort was suffered to decline, does not appear.—*Watson.*

SOWERBY-BRIDGE, at the junction of the townships of Warley, Skircote, Sowerby, and Norland, in the parish of Halifax, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley; $2\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Halifax, 8 from Huddersfield, $13\frac{3}{4}$ from Rochdale, (*Lanc.*) The Church is a perpetual curacy, value, p. r. *141*l.* 17*s.* Patron, the Vicar of Halifax.

SOWERBY-CROFT, *f. h.* in the township of Norland, and parish of Halifax, liberty of Wakefield; 3 miles from Halifax.

SOYLAND, in the parish of Halifax, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; 5 miles from Halifax, 10 from Huddersfield, 11 from Rochdale, (*Lanc.*)—Pop. 3,242.

SOYLAND-MILL, *a Mill*, in the township of Soyland, and parish of Halifax, liberty of Wakefield; 5 miles from Halifax.

SPACEY-HOUSES, 2 *hms*, the one on the east-side of the road, is in the township and parish of Kirkby-Overblow; the other on the west, in the township of Follyfoot, and parish of Spofforth, lower-division of Claro; 5 miles from Harewood, 6 from Knaresbrough, $6\frac{3}{4}$ from Ripley, $12\frac{1}{2}$ from Leeds.

SPARK-HAGG, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Selby; $1\frac{3}{4}$ mile from Selby.

SPEN, *ham.* in the township of Gomersall, and parish of Birstall; $7\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Halifax, $8\frac{1}{2}$ from Leeds.

SPICER-HILL HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township of Thurlstone, and parish of Penistone; 3 miles from Penistone.

SPINKSBURN, *ham.* in the township and parish of Fewston; $9\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Knaresbrough, $14\frac{1}{2}$ from Skipton.

SPINK-WELL, *ham.* in the township and parish of Dewsbury, liberty of Wakefield; $\frac{1}{2}$ a mile from Dewsbury, $6\frac{1}{2}$ from Wakefield.

SPITAL, *s. h.* in the parish of Wath-upon-Dearn; $5\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Rotherham, $7\frac{1}{2}$ from Barnsley.

SPITAL-CROFT, *f. h.* in the township of Litton, and parish of Arnecliffe, liberty of Staincliffe; $8\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Kettlewell.

SPITAL-HILL, 2 *f. h.* in the township and parish of Tickhill; 1 mile from Tickhill.

This place has its name from an Hospital or Free-Chapel founded here, in 1326, having several priests and brethren in it. It was afterwards annexed to the Priory of Humberston.—*TANNER.*

SPOFFORTH, a parish-town, in the upper-division of Claro; 3 miles from Wetherby, 4 from Knaresbrough, 5 from Harrogate, 18 from York.—Pop. 895. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to

All-Saints, in the deanry of the Ainsty, value, 73*l.* 6*s.* 8*d.* Patron, the Earl of Egremont.

Spofforth Castle is remarkable for having been, for several ages, the principal seat of the noble family of Percy; and still continues in the possession of one of its descendants, the Earl of Egremont. This Castle is supposed to have been built in the time of Edward III. and is at present in a dilapidated state, but yet displays strong marks of a rude and grand Mansion. After the battle of Towton, so fatal to Henry VI. in which were slain the Earl of Northumberland and Sir Richard Percy, his brother, their estates were laid waste by the enraged conquerors; and this Mansion was dismantled, and reduced from a princely palace to a heap of ruins.—*ARCHÆOL.—HARGROVE.*

Here was born, Lawrence Eusden, a poet, and educated at Trinity-College, Cambridge. In 1718, he obtained the Laureatship, which raised him several enemies, particularly Pope, who placed him in the Dunciad. His poems are in Nichols' Collection. He died in 1730.—*Gen. Biog. Dict.*

SPOFFORTH-HAGGS, or **HAGSIDE**, *ham.* in the township and parish of Spofforth; 4 miles from Knaresborough.

SPRINGFIELD-HOUSE, (*the seat of John Mann, Esq.*) in the township and parish of Bradfield, to which it nearly adjoins.

SPRING-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township of Hartwith-with-Winsley, and parish of Kirkbymalzeard; 3½ miles from Ripley.

SPRING-WOOD, (*the seat of Joseph Haigh, Esq.*) in the township and parish of Huddersfield.

SPROTBROUGH, a parish-town, in the lower-division of Strathforth and Tickhill, liberty of Tickhill; (*the seat of Sir Joseph Copley, Bart.*) 3½ miles from Doncaster, 12 from Barnsley, 39 from York.—Pop. 318. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, 44*l.* 18*s.* 9*d.* Patron, Sir Joseph Copley, Bart.

This place is chiefly noted for having been the residence of the ancient family of Fitzwilliam. Sir John Fitzwilliam, who lived here in the reign of Henry V. caused a Cross to be erected not far from the Church, with these lines engraved on brass:—

“Whoso is hungry, and liste to eate,
Let him come to Sprotbrough to his meate;
And for a night, and for a day,
His horse shall have both corn and hay;
And no man shall ask him when he goeth away.”

In the Church, are several monuments of the Fitzwilliams and Copleys, who have been Lords of Sprotbrough for centuries.

Sprotbrough-Hall was built by Sir Godfrey Copley, who was created a Baronet by King Charles II. in the 13th year of his reign. It presents a handsome elevation of stone, in the style of that period, exhibiting a degree of magnificence, not seen in modern houses. It contains a fine collection of pictures, procured by Sir Godfrey Copley. Sir Godfrey left a sum of money to the Royal Society, the interest of which was to be disposed of to any person, who should make any new discovery in art or nature, or perform any other work, which should be thought worthy of that reward. It is now changed into a medal.—*Hist. of Doncaster.*

Here was formerly the Hospital of St. Edmund, called *St. Edmund's Chapel*, about one mile and a half from the Church, founded by ——— Fitzwilliam. It has now been demolished some time, and the materials used to repair farm-houses and barns.—*Ibid.*

STACK-HOUSE, *ham.* in the township and parish of Giggleswick, liberty of Staincliffe; (*the seats of Mrs Clapham, and Misses Lands*) 1 mile from Settle, 17 from Kirby-Lonsdale, (*Westm.*)

STAINBROUGH, in the parish of Silkston, wapentake of Staincross, liberty of Pontefract; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Barnsley, $5\frac{1}{2}$ from Penistone.—Pop. 191. Here is a Chapel of Ease to Silkston.

STAINBURN, in the parish of Kirkby-Overblow, upper-division of Claro; $4\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Otley, 9 from Knaresbrough.—Pop. 364. The Church is a perpetual curacy under Kirkby-Overblow.

STAINBURN-MOOR-SIDE, *straggled h.* in the township of Stainburn, and parish of Kirkby-Overblow; $4\frac{3}{4}$ miles from Otley.

STAINCROSS, (which gives name to the wapentake) in the township and parish of Darton, wapentake of Staincross; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Barnsley, 7 from Penistone and Wakefield.

STAINCROSS, a wapentake, which is bounded on the north and north-west by Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley; on the east by Osgoldcross; on the south and south-east by Strafforth and Tickhill; and on the west by Cheshire.—The west part of this wapentake is extremely mountainous and bleak. In it are the market-towns of Barnsley and Penistone. It contains 40 townships, 8 of which are parish-towns; 6,012 inhabited houses, and 32,942 inhabitants.

STAINFORTH, in the parish of Hatfield, lower-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, a part in the liberty of St. Peter; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Thorne, $7\frac{1}{2}$ from Doncaster.—Pop. 694.

STAINFORTH, GREAT, in the parish of Giggleswick, west-division and liberty of Staincliffe; $2\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Settle, 14 from Kettlewell, $21\frac{3}{4}$ from Askrigg.—Pop. 235.

At this place, is a very beautiful Waterfall in the Ribble, called *Stainforth Fors*. Though on a smaller scale, it may be compared with the celebrated Fors at Aysgarth: there are two or three other waterfalls upon Mr Forster's estate, one in particular, called *Cataract Fors*.

STAINFORTH, LITTLE, or **KNIGHT-STAINFORTH**, in the township of Great-Stainforth, and parish of Giggleswick, west-division and liberty of Staincliffe; 2 miles from Settle, $14\frac{1}{2}$ from Kettlewell.

From a petition to the Earl of Cumberland, among the Bolton MSS. it appears that some remains of personal slavery subsisted among the poor people here, as late as the reign of Elizabeth.—WHITAKER.

STAINLAND, in the parish of Halifax, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; 5 miles from Halifax and Huddersfield.—Pop. 2,814.

At no great distance from Stainland, at a place called *Slack*, but within the township of Longwood, in the parish of Huddersfield, is the *Cambodunum* of Antoninus, as discovered by Mr Watson, the antiquary of Halifax. Particulars of which may be found in his history, and in *Loidis et Elmete*.

STAINLEY, NORTH, in the parish and liberty of Ripon, lower-division of Claro; 3 miles from Ripon, 7 from Masham, 10 from Bedale.—Pop. including Sleningford, 285, which being united form a township.

STAINLEY, SOUTH, a parish town, in the lower-division of Claro, liberty of Knaresbrough; $2\frac{3}{4}$ miles from Ripley, 5 from Ripon, 7 from Knaresbrough, 25 from York.—Pop. including Cayton, 232, which being united form a township. The Church is a perpetual

curacy, in the deanry of Boroughbridge, diocese of Chester, value, p. r. †61*l*. Patrons, Horner Reynard, Esq. and the Heirs of the late Mrs Gibson.

STAINCLIFFE-HALL, (*the seat of Miss Taylor*), in the township and parish of Batley; 2 miles from Dewsbury, 8 from Wakefield.

STAINCLIFFE, a wapentake, and the largest in this Riding, but not so populous, by reason of its mountainousness in the north-west parts. It is bounded on the east, by the wapentake of Claro; the south and west, by Lancashire; and by the wapentake of Eweross on the north. It has three market-towns,—Skipton, Settle, and Gisburn.—The east-division contains 45, and the west, 42 townships; 21 of which are parishes; 10,000 inhabited houses, and 51,416 inhabitants. Staincliffe comprehends the whole of that district called *Craven*;—but the deanry of Craven extends beyond the wapentake.

STAINTON, a parish-town, in the upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; 2½ miles from Tickhill, 6½ from Bawtry, 9 from Rotham, 45 from York.—Pop. including Hellaby, 218, which being united form a township. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated, to St. Winifred, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, †5*l*. 15*s*. 0*d*. p. r. †80*l*. Patron, the Earl of Scarborough.

STAINTON-COTES, *f. h.* in the township of Bank-Newton, and parish of Gargrave, liberty of Staincliffe; 7 miles from Skipton.

STAIRFOOT, *ham.* in the township of Ardsley, and parish of Darfield; 2 miles from Barnsley, 8 from Penistone.

STANBURY, in the township of Haworth, and parish of Bradford; 7 miles from Keighley, 8½ from Bradford.

STAND-BRIDGE, 3 or 4 *h.* in the township and parish of Sandal-Magna; 3 miles from Wakefield, 7 from Barnsley.

STANSFIELD, a township, in the parish of Halifax, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; 8 miles from Rochdale, (*Lanc.*) 12 from Halifax.—Pop. 7,275.

In the same township and parish is

STANSFIELD-HALL, (*the seat of John Sutcliffe, Esq.*)

Stansfield-Hall is situated in a very beautiful part of the valley of Todmorden. Here lived a family of considerable repute, who took their name from their situation. The original of them was one Wyan Marmions, probably of Norman extraction, and a follower of Earl Warren.

In Stansfield, are many Druidical places of worship, such as Hawkstones, Bride-Stones, &c. the last consists of one upright stone or pillar, called *the Bride*, whose perpendicular height is about five yards, its diameter in the thickest part about three, and the pedestal about half a yard; near this stood another large stone, called the *Groom*, which is now thrown down by the country people; and at small distances several others, of different magnitudes, and a vast variety of rocks and stones, so scattered about the common, that at first view, the whole looks something like a temple of the serpentine kind, described by the late Dr. Stukeley.—WATSON.

STANK-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township of Bolton-Abbey, and parish of Skipton; 6 miles from Skipton.

STANK-HOUSE, *s. h.* in the township and parish of Barwick-in-Elmet; 3 miles from Abberford, 7 from Leeds.

STANKS, *ham.* in the township and parish of Barwick-in-Elmet; $5\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Leeds.

STANLEY, in the parish of Wakefield, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Wakefield, 8 from Leeds, 14 from Huddersfield.—Pop. including Wrenthorpe, 4,620, which being united form a township. Here is a Chapel of Ease to Wakefield, building.

Here is the Field, famed in ancient story, where, "all on the Green," Robin Hood, Little John, and Scarlet, fought the Pinder of Wakefield; the place is yet called *Pinder's Field*. Here was a Roman station, where several Roman coins have, at different times been found.

STANLEY-HALL, (*the seat of Benjamin Heywood, Esq.*) in the township of Stanley-with-Wrenthorpe, and parish of Wakefield, liberty of Wakefield; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Wakefield, $6\frac{1}{2}$ from Leeds.

STANNINGLEY, in the townships of Calverley-with-Farsley, Pudsey, and Bramley, and parishes of Calverley and Leeds, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley; 4 miles from Bradford, 6 from Leeds.

STANNINGTON, in the township of Bradfield, and parish of Ecclesfield, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; 4 miles from Sheffield, 12 from Penistone.

This is only the name of an extensive tract of high ground declining on the north to the river Loxley, and on the south to the Rivelin; there being, properly speaking, no village of Stannington, the principal collection of houses being known as *Upper-Gate* and *Nether-Gate*. Here is a School, endowed in 1723, with 40*l.* for which five children were to be taught, to be chosen by Francis Rouksley, of Rivelin-side.—*Hunter's Hullamshire*.

STANSILL, 2 *f. h.* in the parish of Tickhill, lower-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberty of Tickhill; 2 miles from Tickhill, 7 from Doncaster, 10 from Rotherham.—Pop. including Wellingley and Wilsick, 54, which being united, form a township.

STAPLETON, a township, in the parish of Darrington, wapentake of Osgoldcross, liberty of Pontefract; (*Stapleton-Park, the seat of the Hon. Edward Robert Petre*) 4 miles from Ferrybridge, $4\frac{1}{2}$ from Pontefract, 12 from Doncaster.—Pop. 109.

This Mansion stands in a large and beautiful Park, watered by a stream that falls into the river Went, in the midst of the most fertile part of the county, bounded by an expanded range of distant hills; it was built by Edward Lascelles Esq. afterwards Earl of Harewood, and in which the present Earl of Harewood was born. The centre of the principal front is ornamented with four Ionic columns supporting a pediment. The whole building is of stone, and is now entered by a handsome doric portico, lately added. In the Chapel, which is particularly neat, is an admirable Painting of the Crucifixion; and in the Library, is a Portrait of the great Lord Petre, by Romney; also one of Lady Petre, by Gainsborough; the father and mother of the present proprietor, the Hon. Lord Petre.—*Neale's Views*.

STARBECK, *ham.* in the township of Bilton-with-High-Harrogate, and parish of Knaresbrough; 2 miles from Knaresbrough.

STARBOTTOM, in the parish of Kettlewell, liberty of Staincliffe; 2 miles from Kettlewell, 15 from Leyburn, 17 from Settle.—Pop. included in Kettlewell.

STAVELEY, a parish-town, in the lower-division of Claro, liberty of Knaresbrough; 3 miles from Boroughbridge, 4 from Knares-

brough, 7 from Ripon, 20 from York.—Pop. 331. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Borough-bridge, diocese of Chester, value, 8*l.* 17*s.* 7*d.* Patron, the Rev. James Hartley, the present Rector.

STEAD, *f. h.* in the township of Upper-Hoyland, and parish of Wath-upon-Dearn; 5½ miles from Barnsley.

STEAN, *ham.* in the township of Lower-Stonebeck, and parish of Kirkbymalzeard: 9 miles from Pateleybridge, 10 from Kettlewell.

STEEL-BANK, *ham.* in the township of Nether-Hallam, and parish of Sheffield; 1½ mile from Sheffield.

STEETON, (*Ainsty*) in the parish of Bolton-Percy; 3 miles from Tadcaster, 7 from York.—Pop. 83.

Steeton hath for some ages been the seat of the ancient and honorable family of Fairfax. It was, by the Conqueror's survey, in the possession of Osbern de Arches. Sir John Chamont, knight, was owner of the greatest part of the lands here, in the reign of Edward III. and had issue two daughters—Joan, who was a nun, and Margaret, married to William, Lord Mowbray. In this manor was anciently five carucates and a half of land; whereof, Richard de Steeton, held four and a half of Walter de Falconbridge; who held the same of the heirs of Brus, and they of the Barons Mowbray; who held them of the King, in capite, at the annual rent of seven-pence halfpenny. Another carucate was of the fee of Percy, as of his barony of Spofford; whereof, the Abbot of St. Mary's at York, held the one half, and the Prioress of Appleton the other. It became, afterwards, the seat of Sir Guy Fairfax, knight; one of the judges of the King's-Bench, in the times of Edward IV. and Henry VII.—**DRAKE**. It hath ever since continued in a younger branch of his family.

STEETON, in the parish of Kildwick, east-division and liberty of Staincliffe; (*Steeton-Hall, the seat of William Sugden, Esq.*) 2 miles from Keighley, 7 from Skipton, 11 from Colne, (*Lanc.*)—Pop. including Eastburn, 753, which being united, form a township.

STEETON-HALL, *f. h.* in the township of South-Milforth, and parish of Sherburn; 8 miles from Pontefract and Tadcaster. It was formerly the seat of the Rygate family.

STEPHEN-PARK, *f. h.* in the township of Easington, and parish of Slaidburn; 10 miles from Settle, 18 from Skipton.

STIRK-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Gisburn, west-division and liberty of Staincliffe; 1½ mile from Gisburn.

STIRTON, in the parish of Skipton, east-division and liberty of Staincliffe; 1½ mile from Skipton, 12 from Colne, (*Lanc.*)—Pop. including Thorlby, 168, which being united, form a township.

STOCKDALE, *ham.* in the township of Settle, and parish of Giggleswick, liberty of Staincliffe; 2 miles from Settle. It pays poor rates to Settle, and church rates to Stainforth.

STOCK, in the township and parish of Bracewell, east-division of Staincliffe, liberty of Clifford's-fee; 5½ miles from Colne, (*Lanc.*) 9½ from Skipton.

STOCKBRIDGE, *ham.* in the township of Bentley-with-Arksey, and parish of Arksey, liberty of Tickhill; 2½ miles from Doncaster.

STOCKELD, in the township and parish of Spofforth, upper-division of Claro; (*Stockeld-Hall, the seat of Peter Middleton, Esq.*) 2 miles from Wetherby, 6 from Knaresbrough.—Pop. of the Constabulary of Stockeld, 69.

The ancient family of Middleton is descended from Hippolitus de Bràme, Lord of Middleton, who was living in the reign of Henry II. Robert de Brame had issue, Sir Peter, who was the first of the family that took the name of Middleton; he had issue, Sir Adam, who was living in the year 1324.—A statue of this knight, in armour, is in the Church at Ilkley. Sir Peter Middleton was High-Sheriff of the County of York, in 1334. —Sir William Middleton of Stoc-keld, was High-Sheriff, in 1526.—*Hist. Knaresbrough.*

STOCKS, *ham.* in the township of Easington, and parish of Slaidburn, liberty of Staincliffe; 9 miles from Settle.

STOCKWELL-GREEN.—*See Rand-Moor.*

STONE, *ham.* in the township and parish of Maltby; 3 miles from Tickhill, 6 from Bawtry, 8 from Rotherham.

STONEBECK, **UPPER and DOWN**, two townships, in the parish of Kirkbymalzeard, lower-division of Claro; the former is on the north-side of the river Nidd, containing 568 inhabitants; the latter on the south-side, containing 361; commences about 5 miles from Pateleybridge.

STONE-BREAKS, *ham.* in the township of Quick, and parish of Rochdale, (*Lanc.*) 8 miles from Rochdale.

STONE-GAP, *s. h.* in the township of Glusburn, and parish of Kildwick, liberty of Staincliffe; 4½ miles from Skipton.

STONER-HALL, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Selby; 1¼ mile from Selby, 7¼ from Snaith.

STONE-ROYD, *ham.* in the township and parish of Kirkheaton; 5 miles from Huddersfield, 9 from Wakefield.

STONE-STYLE, *ham.* in the township of Calverley-with-Farsley, and parish of Calverley; 2½ miles from Bradford.

STONESHAW-GATE, (*the seat of Gamalial Sutcliffe, Esq.*) in the township of Heptonstall, and parish of Halifax, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley; 9 miles from Halifax.

STONE-TROUGH, *ham.* in the township of Kellbrook, and parish of Thornton, liberty of Staincliffe; 2½ miles from Colne, (*Lanc.*)

STONEY-BANK, 2 *f. h.* in the township of Easington, and parish of Slaidburn, liberty of Staincliffe; 9 miles from Settle.

STONEY-ROYD, (*the seat of Mrs Rawson*) in the township of Southowram, and parish of Halifax; 1 mile from Halifax.

STOODLEY, *s. h.* in the township of Langfield and parish of Halifax; 11 miles from Halifax.

STORITHES, in the township of Hazelwood-with-Storithes, and parish of Skipton, lower-division of Claro; 7 miles from Skipton, 13 from Pateleybridge, 17½ from Knaresbrough.—Pop. included in Hazelwood.

STORRS, *ham.* in the township of Bradfield, and parish of Ecclesfield; 7 miles from Sheffield, 11 from Penistone.

STORRS, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Silkston; 3 miles from Penistone, 5½ from Barnsley.

STORTHES-HALL, (*the seat of Charles Horsfall Bill, Esq.*) in the township of Thurstonland, and parish of Kirkburton, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley; 5½ miles from Huddersfield.

STORTH, *f. h.* in the township of Newton, and parish of Slaidburn;

6½ miles from Clitheroe, (*Lanc.*) 10 from Gisburn.

STOTFOLD, in the parish of Hooton-Pagnall, lower-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; 7 miles from Doncaster, 8½ from Barnsley.

Pop. 9. The township consists only of one house.

STOTT-HILL, *ham.* in the township of Cowling, and parish of Kildwick, liberty of Staincliffe; 5 miles from Colne, (*Lanc.*)

STRAINDS, *f. h.* in the township of Denby, and parish of Penistone; 3½ miles from Penistone.

STRAFFORTH and TICKHILL, the southernmost, as well as the most extensive wapentake in this County; being bounded by the counties of Derby, Nottingham, and Lincoln, on the south-west and east; and by the wapentakes of Osgoldeross and Staincross, on the north. It contains four market-towns,—Doncaster, Rotherham, Bawtry, and Sheffield, also Tickhill, the market of which is almost disused; 100 townships, 49 of which are parish-towns; 27,369 houses, occupied by 132,640 inhabitants, which includes the liberty or soke of Doncaster.

STRAW-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township of Sutton, and parish of Ripon; 1½ mile from Ripon.

STREET-HOUSES, 2 *f. h.* in the township of Snydall, and parish of Normanton; 4 miles from Pontefract, 5 from Wakefield.

STREET-HOUSES, (*Ainsty*) *ham.* in the townships of Steeton and Bilbrough, and parishes of Bolton-Percy and Bilbrough; 4 miles from Tadcaster, 6 from York.

The situation of this hamlet near the Roman road, leading from York to Tadcaster, occasioned its name. All the Roman roads, being firmly paved with stone, were called streets, as Watling-Street, &c. *Stratum*, is the word made use of by venerable Bede, quite through his work, to denote a Roman road.—*DRAKE.*

STREET-FARM, or **LODGE**, *f. h.* in the parish of Wath-upon-Dearn; 6 miles from Rotherham and Barnsley.

STREETSIDE, *ham.* in the townships of Ossett and Soothill, and parish of Dewsbury, liberty of Wakefield; 1½ mile from Dewsbury.

STREET-THORPE, *ham.* in the township and parish of Kirk-Sandal; (*Street-Thorpe Hall, the seat of George Parker, Esq.*) 4 miles from Doncaster, 8½ from Thorne.

George Cooke Yarborough Esq. built here, about fifty years ago, a handsome Mansion, in which he used to reside. This place was formerly in the possession of the Swift family, whose old mansion is still remaining.—*Hist. Doncaster.*

STRIDE-COTTAGE, *f. h.* in the township of Bolton, and parish of Skipton; 6½ miles from Skipton.

STRINDS, *s. h.* in the township of Bradfield, and parish of Ecclesfield; 6 miles from Sheffield, 11 from Penistone.

STUBBING, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Rawmarsh; 3½ miles from Rotherham.

STUBBS-HALL, *f. h.* in the township of Hampole, and parish of South-Kirkby; 7 miles from Doncaster, 9½ from Pontefract.—Pop. included in Hampole.

STUBBS-WALDEN, in the parish of Womersley, wapentake of Osgoldeross, liberty of Pontefract; 7 miles from Pontefract and Ferrybridge.—Pop. 158.

STUBHAM-LODGE, *f. h.* in the township of Middleton, and parish of Ilkley; 7 miles from Otley, 9 from Skipton.

STUDFIELD, *ham.* in the township and parish of Horton; 5 miles from Settle, 17 from Hawes.

STUDFOLD, *ham.* in the township of Lower-Stonebeck, and parish of Kirkbymalzeard; 8 miles from Pateleybridge.

STUDLEY-ROGER, in the parish and liberty of Ripon, lower-division of Claro; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Ripon, $7\frac{1}{2}$ from Boroughbridge, 8 from Ripley.—Pop. 144.

STUDLEY-ROYAL, extraparochial: (*the seat of Mrs Lawrence*)

The celebrated Park and Pleasure Grounds here, have long been admired as the first in the north of England, and which are visited by many hundreds every season. They consist of about 650 acres, diversified by various inequalities, clothed with large and beautiful timber, and well stocked with deer. The views are many and grand. Ripon and its Minster are seen to great advantage. It is full of lofty hedges, which are neatly trimmed, and the waters, which are numerous, are kept within borders, "shaven with the scythe, and bed with the roller," and lined with statues, and refreshed with cascades. These grounds were begun to be laid out about the year 1720.

The Mansion-House, which is large and spacious, is highly finished and well protected by stately woods, and ornamented with numerous paintings by the first masters.

No fanciful description can do justice to the exuberant distribution of nature and art, which surrounds one on every side, on entering these beautiful and enchanting grounds; the mind can never cease to wonder, in contemplating, nor the eye tire in beholding them.

The first of the name of Aislable who possessed this enchanting place, was George Aislable, Esq. principal Registrar in the Ecclesiastical Court at York, who died in 1674. He married Mary, the eldest daughter of Sir John Mallorie; Sir John's son dying under age, he became master of his fortune. His son John was Mayor of Ripon, in 1702, and Chancellor of the Exchequer, in 1718; he died in 1742, and his son William, in 1781. Being no male issue, the estates descended to his two daughters; the eldest was widow of Charles Allanson, Esq. On her death in 1803, it descended to the wife of William Lawrence, Esq. whose daughter is the present possessor.

In these grounds stand the Ruins of Fountain's-Abbey, the grandest, and most beautiful, perhaps, the kingdom can produce, and which give an additional interest to the unequalled grounds of Studley.—*See article, Fountain's-Abbey.*

STUMP-CROSS, *ham.* in the township of Morley, and parish of Batley, liberty of Wakefield; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Dewsbury.

STUMPER LOW-HALL, *s. h.* in the township of Nether-Hallam, and parish of Sheffield; 3 miles from Sheffield.

STURTON-GRANGE, a township, in the parish of Abberford, lower-division of Skyrack; 3 miles from Abberford, 8 from Leeds, 11 from Tadcaster.—Pop. 92.

STUTTON, in the parish of Tadcaster, wapentake of Barkston-Ash; 1 mile from Tadcaster, 11 from Ferrybridge, 13 from Pontefract.—Pop. including Hazelwood, 256, which being united, form a township.

SUMMER-SCALES, *ham.* in the township of Beamsley, and parish of Skipton; 7 miles from Skipton, 16 from Knaresbrough.

SUMMER-CROFT, *s. h.* in the township of Long-Drax, and parish of Drax; 5 miles from Selby.

SUNLEY-RAINS, *f. h.* in the township of Studley-Roger, and

- parish of Ripon; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Ripon.
- SUTTON**, in the parish and liberty of Ripon, lower-division of Claro; 2 miles from Ripon, 8 from Masham.—Pop. 86.
- SUTTON**, in the parish of Brotherton, wapentake of Barkston-Ash, liberties of St. Peter and Pontefract; 1 mile from Ferrybridge, 3 from Pontefract, 12 from Tadcaster.—Pop. 74.
- SUTTON**, in the parish of Kildwick, east-division of Staincliffe, liberty of Clifford's-Fee; 5 miles from Keighley and Skipton, 9 from Colne, (*Lanc.*)—Pop. 1,092.
- SUTTON**, in the parishes of Campsall and Burghwallis, wapentake of Osgoldcross, liberty of Pontefract; 7 miles from Doncaster, 11 from Ferrybridge.—Pop. 145.
- SUTTON-GRANGE**, *f. h.* in the township of Sutton, and parish of Ripon; 2 miles from Ripon.
- SWALLOW-HILL**, *ham.* in the township and parish of Darton; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Barnsley, $5\frac{1}{2}$ from Penistone.
- SWAITHE-HALL**, *f. h.* in the township of Worsbrough, and parish of Darfield; 2 miles from Barnsley.
- SWARCLIFFE**, a district, in the township of Birstwith, and parish of Hampsthwaite, lower-division of Claro, liberty of Knaresbrough; (*Swarcliffe-Hall, the seat of——Greenwood, Esq.*) $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Ripley, $8\frac{1}{2}$ from Knaresbrough.
- SWARTHEY**, *ham.* in the township of Silsden, and parish of Kildwick, liberty of Staincliffe; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Keighley.
- SWETTON**, 4 *f. h.* in the township of Laverton, and parish of Kirkbymalzeard; 5 miles from Masham, $9\frac{1}{2}$ from Ripon.
- SWIFT-PLACE**, *f. h.* in the township of Soyland, and parish of Halifax, liberty of Wakefield; $6\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Halifax.
- SWILLINGTON**, a parish-town, in the lower-division of Skyrack, liberty of Pontefract; (*Swillington-Hall, the seat of John Lowther, Esq.*) 6 miles from Leeds, 8 from Pontefract and Wakefield, 20 from York.—Pop. 510. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to Saint Mary, in the deanry of the Ainsty, value, 16*l.* 1*s.* 8*d.* Patron, John Lowther, Esq.
- In this Church, which is an uniform and decent structure, of rather late Gothic architecture, are a number of monumental inscriptions to the Lowthers, a family that has long been its Patron.
- Here are four Alms-Houses, founded by Sir William Lowther in 1728.
- SWINDEN**, in the parish of Gisburn, west-division and liberty of Staincliffe; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Gisburn, 7 from Settle, 8 from Skipton, 17 from Colne, (*Lanc.*)—Pop. 37.
- SWINDON**, and } 2 *f. h.* in the township of Langsett, and
- SWINDON-WALLS**, { parish of Penistone, liberty of Pontefract; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Penistone.
- SWINDON**, *scatt. f. h.* in the township of Kirkby-Overblow-with-Swindon, and parish of Kirkby-Overblow, liberty of Knaresbrough, upper-division of Claro; 7 miles from Wetherby and Knaresbrough, 9 from Otley.—Pop. included in Kirkby-Overblow.
- SWINDON-HALL**, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Kirkby-Overblow-with-Swindon; 7 miles from Wetherby.

SWINE-LANE-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township of Purston-Jackling, and parish of Featherstone; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Pontefract.

SWINE-FLEET, in the parish Whitgift, wapentake of Osgoldcross, liberty of Pontefract; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Howden, 10 from Snaith and Crowle, (*Linc.*) The Church is a perpetual curacy, value, p. r. $\uparrow 93l.$ 18s. 8d.

SWINNOW-PARK, (*a seat of Richard Fountayne Wilson, Esq.*) in the township of Wetherby, and parish of Spofforth, upper-division of Claro, $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Wetherby, 7 from Tadcaster.

SWINSBY-HALL, *f. h.* in the township of Little-Timble, and parish of Otley; 6 miles from Otley.

SWINTON, in the parish of Wath-upon-Dearn, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberty of Tickhill; 4 miles from Rotherham, 8 from Doncaster.—Pop. 1,050. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, p. r. $\uparrow 132l.$ 10s. Patron, the Vicar of Wath.

The Chapel of Swinton is small, and has, besides the highly enriched door, a fine Saxon Arch, separating the nave of the Chapel from the chancel end. The south entrance to this Chapel, like many other Saxon remains, is ornamented with a variety of zigzag mouldings, and one of nondescript heads, which has among them two radiant roses, remarkable for being so placed. The capitals of the pillars, of which there are three on each side of the door, leading into the Church, are variously ornamented.—*Antiquarian Itinerary.*

Two farms, lying in this township, which belong to Earl Fitzwilliam, every year change their parish, for one year from Easter-day at twelve at noon, till next Easter-day at the same hour, they lie in the parish of Mexbrough; and then till Easter-day following, at the same hour, they are in the parish of Wath-upon-Dearn, and so alternately.—*Blount's Tenures.* These farms consist of about 302 acres.—*En.*

SWITHIN, *f. h.* in the township of Kexbrough, and parish of Darton; 5 miles from Barnsley, $6\frac{1}{2}$ from Penistone.

SYKE-HOUSE, a township, in the parish of Fishlake, lower-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; 3 miles from Thorne, 7 from Snaith, 11 from Doncaster.—Pop. 551. Here is a Chapel of Ease to Fishlake.

SYKES, *f. h.* in the township of Bowland-Forest, higher, and parish of Slaidburn; 10 miles from Clitheroe, (*Lanc.*)

SYKES, $2 f. h.$ in the township of Fountains-Earth, and parish of Kirkbymalzeard; 7 miles from Pateleybridge, 9 from Masham.

SYM-HILL, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Silkston; 3 miles from Penistone.

SYNINGTHWAITE, (*Ainsty*) *f. h.* in the township and parish of Bilton; 4 miles from Wetherby, 5 from Tadcaster.

A Nunnery of the Cistercian Order, dedicated to St. Mary, the Virgin, was founded here about the year 1160, by Bertram de Haget, who gave the place where the Monastery stood. Catherine Forster, the fourteenth and last Prioress, surrendered this convent; at which time, their annual revenue amounted, according to *Dugdale*, to 60*l.* 3s. 2d.; *Speed*, 62*l.* 6s. The site, in the 30th Henry VIII. was granted to Sir Thomas Tempest, Knight.—*Burton.*

T

TADCASTER, a market and parish-town, in the wapentake of

Barkston-Ash and Ainsty, a part in the liberty of St. Peter; 6 miles from Abberford, 7 from Wetherby, 10 from York, 12 from Ferrybridge, 12½ from Selby, 14 from Pontefract and Leeds, 190 from London.—*Market*, Wednesday.—*Fairs*, last Wednesday in April, May, September, and October, for horned cattle, sheep, pigs, &c.—*Principal Inns*, White Horse, Rose and Crown, and the Angel.—Pop. 1,651,—the Ainsty, 775. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of the Ainsty, value, $\pm 8l. 4s. 9\frac{1}{2}d.$ Patron, the Earl of Egremont.

Tadcaster, a clean, well-built town, stands on both sides of the river Wharfe, upon the high-road to London; and although it is not a place of much trade, the thoroughfare gives it an appearance of liveliness and bustle.

This town is supposed to have been the *Calcaria* of the Romans; as the distance from York, exactly corresponds with that given by Antoninus in his Itinerary. Many coins of the Roman Emperors have been found here; and the place is still famous for its limestone. Here was formerly a castle; from the ruins of which the present noble bridge was erected, near 100 years ago.—The middle of this bridge, is the out-bounds of the Ainsty; and may be said to be the very out-post or gate of the city of York on that side.

The trench, which surrounded the town, and of which there are still some remains, was probably thrown up during the civil wars of Charles I. by the troops under the Earl of Newcastle.

Sir Thomas Fairfax relates, that, on his hearing the Earl, with 4,600 men, was advancing to attack him in Tadcaster, where he lay with only 900 men, the town being quite untenable, he marched out; and a sharp conflict took place, which lasted from 11 o'clock in the forenoon, till it was quite dark, when both parties drew off. Sir Thomas retreated to Selby, during the night; and the Earl of Newcastle took possession of Tadcaster, where the royalists remained, till near the commencement of the siege of York. There were slain, on both sides, about 300, but none of note, except Capt. Lister, who was shot in the head by a musket-ball. In Thoresby's *Ducatus Leod.* there is a remarkable instance of filial affection, relating to that gentleman.—His son passing through Tadcaster, many years after, had the curiosity to enquire where his father was buried; and, finding the sexton digging in the choir, he shewed him a skull, just dug up, which he averred to be his father's; the skull, upon handling, was found to have a bullet in it; which testimony of the truth of the sexton's words, so struck the son, that he sickened at the sight, and died soon after.

The neighbourhood of this town, is particularly remarkable for the bloody field of Towton, the *Pharsalia* of England.—See *Towton*.

TAME, NEW, *ham.* in the township of Quick, and parish of Rochdale, (*Lanc.*) 7 miles from Rochdale.

TAME, OLD, *ham.* in the township of Quick, and parish of Rochdale, (*Lanc.*) 6 miles from Rochdale.

TAME, WATER, *ham.* in the township of Quick, and parish of Rochdale, (*Lanc.*) a $\frac{1}{4}$ of a mile from Dobcross.

TANKERSLEY, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Staincross, liberty of Pontefract; 5 miles from Barnsley, 6½ from Rotherham, 7 from Penistone, 43 from York.—Pop. 625. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Peter, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, 26l. 0s. 2½d. Patron, Earl Fitzwilliam.

TANSHELF, in the parish of Pontefract, wapentake of Osgoldcross, liberty of Pontefract.—Pop. 356. Adjoins Pontefract on the west.

TAPTON-GROVE, (*the seat of William Shore, Esq.*) in the township of Upper-Hallam, and parish of Sheffield; 1½ mile from Sheffield.

TEMPLE-HIRST, in the parish of Birkin, wapentake of Barkston-Ash; 4 miles from Snaith, 5 from Selby, 7 from Ferrybridge.—Pop. 141.

TEMPLE-NEWSAM, in the parish of Whitkirk, lower-division of Skyrack; 4½ miles from Leeds, 8 from Wakefield, 9 from Pontefract.—Pop. 1,166.

Here formerly stood a Preceptory for Knights Templars, whence it derives its name of Temple-Newsam, being called in Domesday only *Newhusam*. After the suppression of the Knights Templars, it was granted by Edward III. together with Temple-Hirst, to Sir John Darcy, and his heirs male; in whose descendants it remained until the time of Thomas, Lord Darcy, on whose attainder, for the active part which he took in the Pilgrimage of Grace, became forfeited to the Crown. Henry VIII. granted it to Matthew, Earl of Lenox, who resided here at the birth of his celebrated, but unhappy son, Henry, Lord Darnley, husband of Mary Queen of Scots, and father of James I. On the death of the Duke of Lenox, it came into the possession of James I. who conferred the same upon his kinsman, Esme Stuart, Duke of Richmond. The Duke sold it to Sir Arthur Ingram, son of a wealthy citizen of London, and founder of the Irvine Peerage, who pulled down the old house, and built the present magnificent structure on its site. The old house, was not however completely demolished, for Thoresby asserts that the identical apartment, in which Lord Darnley was born, remained in his time, and was distinguished by the name of the *King's Chamber*. It is now the property of the Marquis of Hertford, in consequence of his marriage with Isabella Ann Ingram Shepherd, the eldest daughter of Charles, the 10th Viscount Irvine. The last Viscount Irvin died here in 1807.

“In the window of the Kitchen,” says Dr. Whitaker, “is a long and curious series of armorial bearings, from the Lucies, the first lords of this place, down to the Ingrams.” This house boasts a fine collection of Pictures, by the most eminent masters, the Gallery for which is 119 feet long, and above 20 wide. THORESBY.—NEALE.

TENTERGATE, in the township of Scriven-with-Tentergate, and adjoins Knaresborough.

THACKLEY, *ham.* in the township of Idle, and parish of Calverley; 3¼ miles from Bradford, 6½ from Otley.

THEABER, *s. h.* in the township of Burton-in-Lonsdale, and parish of Thornton-in-Lonsdale; 2½ miles from Ingletton.

THICK-HOLLINS, (*the seat of Joseph Green Armitage, Esq.*) in the township of Meltham, and parish of Aldmondbury; 5 miles from Huddersfield.

THONG-NETHER, or **NETHER-THONG**, in the parish of Aldmondbury, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; 5 miles from Huddersfield, 10 from Penistone.—Pop. 927.

THONG, UPPER, in the parish of Aldmondbury, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; 6 miles from Huddersfield, 10 from Penistone.—Pop. 1,437.

THORNING-HIRST, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Fishlake; 4 miles from Thorne, 7½ from Snaith.

THORLBY, in the township of Stirton-with-Thorlby, and parish of Skipton, east-division of Staincliffe; 2 miles from Skipton, 11 from Colne, (*Lanc.*) 14 from Settle.—Pop. included in Stirton.

THORNBUR-HOUSE, *s. h.* in the township of West-Halton, and parish of Long-Preston, liberty of Staincliffe; 7½ miles from Settle.

THORNBOROUGH-HILL, *s. h.* in the township and parish of Maltby; 3 miles from Tickhill.

THORNBOROUGH, NORTH, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Allerton-Mauleverer; 5 miles from Knaresbrough.

THORNCLIFFE, *ham.* in the township and parish of Kirkburton; 6 miles from Huddersfield, $8\frac{1}{2}$ from Wakefield.

THORNE, a market and parish-town, in the lower-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, (*the seats of Henry Ellison, and R. Pemberton Milnes, Esqrs.*) 6 miles from Crowle (*Linc.*) 7 from Sraith, 11 from Doncaster, $13\frac{1}{4}$ from Howden, 14 from Bawtry, 30 from York, 170 from London.—*Market*, Wednesday.—*Fairs*, Monday and Tuesday after June 11, and Monday and Tuesday after October 11, for horned cattle, woollen cloth, &c.—*Principal Inns*, White Hart, Red Lion, Granby's Head, and Royal Oak.—Pop. 3,463. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Nicholas, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, p. r. †72*l.* Patron, Lord Deerpurth, in right of his wife.

This place is pleasantly situated in a fruitful country, about a quarter of a mile from the south bank of the Don. Since the cutting of the Stainforth Canal, near the side of the town, the trade has considerably increased, and vessels now trade regularly from this town to London.

The Castle, named by Leland, vol. I. page 38, is no more, and no traces remain, except the foundation on the hill on which it stood. The place now bears the name of "*Pile-Hill*:" and is the property of John Benson, Esq. who lately bared the foundations; the top of them was found to be from four to five feet thick of cement, &c.; the diameter of the summit about twenty-six yards, and the base about twice that number.

In the marshes, near Thorne, great numbers of oak trees have been found, which appear to have been cut down and sunk in the marsh; wedges and broken axe-heads, fir cones, acorns, and nuts, with some Roman coins of Vespasian and other Emperors. From the position of the trees, and other circumstances, it is evident they grew where they were found, and were probably cut down by the Romans, who took that method to prevent the continued depredations the Britons made upon them, from their thick woods and impenetrable marshes—intercepting their provisions, and killing their convoys.—Peck.

Of this Church, which is a good Gothic building, the Rev. Abraham de la Pryme, F.R.S. was minister, he died here, and was buried at Hatfield in 1704, aged 34: amongst his MSS. is a history of Ripon, (now in Lord Shelburne's Library) with Selby, Doncaster, and the West-Riding, 1 vol.—Peck.

Here is a Free-School, founded by Henry Travis in 1706, value in 1786, 34*l.* 16*s.* 4*d.* which arises out of two farms, situated in the Levels.

THORNE-QUAY, or WHARFE, in the township and parish of Thorne; $\frac{3}{4}$ of a mile from Thorne.

Vessels of a sufficiently large size for the coasting trade, are built here, on the banks of the river, the landing place for merchandize; and where a considerable trade is carried on in coals, timber, iron, &c.

THORNER, a parish-town, in the lower-division of Skyrack, liberty of Pontefract; 7 miles from Tadcaster and Wetherby, 8 from Leeds, 16 from York.—Pop. 708. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Peter, in the deanry of the Ainsty, value, †8*l.* 3*s.* 4*d.* p. r. 147*l.* 10*s.* Patron, the King.

THORNHILL, a parish-town, in Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; 2 miles from Dewsbury, 6 from Wakefield, $9\frac{1}{2}$ from Huddersfield, 35 from York.—Pop. 1,932.

The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Michael, in the deanry of Pontefract, value, 40*l*. Patron, the Hon. and Rev. J. Lumley Saville.

Thornhill stands on an eminence, on the south side of the Calder, commanding extensive views up and down the vale of that name. It is memorable for the long residence of a family distinguished in the public concerns of the County of York. In the time of Henry III. it was the seat of the knightly family of Thornhills, who intermarried with the De Fixbys and Babthorpes in the reigns of Edward I. and II. And in that of Edward III. became united with the Savilles of Dodworth, near Barnsley. The Savilles remained here till the civil wars of Charles I. when the house was besieged, (having been previously fortified by Sir William Saville, the third baronet of this family) taken, and demolished by the forces of Parliament. Of the small fragment that remains, which appears to be about the time of Henry VII. an engraving is given in *Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete*. On the north side of the choir in the Church is the chapel of the Savilles, which boasts of a noble collection of monuments to that ancient family; amongst them is a rare one of *Oak*, upon the table of which are three statues of the same material, commemorating Sir John Savile and his two wives.—On the fillet is this rude inscription,

Bonys emong Stonys, lyes here ful styl,
Quilt the Sawle wanders wher God wyl,
Anno Dni. MCCCCXXIX.

Sir George Saville, Bart. many years representative in Parliament for this county, was the last surviving male descendant of this ancient family. He died Jan. 3, 1784, and was buried among his ancestors, at Thornhill, having devised his estates to the second son of his sister Barbara, who married Richard Lumley Sanderson, afterwards Earl of Scarborough.

The windows in this Church were once highly ornamented with stained glass, of which there are some remains: a particular and interesting account of which, and other information respecting this place, may be seen in *Whitaker's Loidis et Elmete*.

Here is a free Grammar School, founded by the Rev. Charles Greenwood, M. A. Rector, in the reign of Charles I. and a free School, founded in 1812, by Mr. Richard Walker.

THORNHILL-LEES, *ham.* in the township and parish of Thornhill, liberty of Pontefract; $1\frac{3}{4}$ mile from Dewsbury.

THORNHILLS, in the township of Harthead-with-Clifton, and parish of Dewsbury, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Halifax, 6 from Dewsbury.

THORNS-HALL, *s. h.* in the township and parish of Sedbergh; $\frac{1}{4}$ mile from Sedbergh.

THORNS, *s. h.* in the township and parish of Horton; 12 miles from Settle and Askrigg.

THORNS, *f. h.* in the township of Temple-Newsam, and parish of Whitkirk; $2\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Leeds.

THORNS, in the township of Alverthorpe-with-Thorns, and parish of Wakefield, Agbrigg division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; 1 mile from Wakefield, $9\frac{1}{2}$ from Barnsley.—Pop. included in Alverthorpe.

THORN-SEAT, *ham.* in the township of Bradfield, and parish of Ecclesfield; 7 miles from Penistone, $8\frac{1}{2}$ from Hope, (*Derbys.*)

THORNS-HOUSE, (*the seat of Benjamin Gaskill, Esq.*) in the township of Alverthorpe-with-Thorns, and parish and liberty of Wakefield; $\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Wakefield, 6 from Dewsbury.

THORNTHWAITE, in the parish of Hampsthwaite, lower-division of Claro; 5 miles from Pateleybridge, 6 from Ripley, 10 from Otley.—Pop. including Padside 309, which being united form a township. The Church is a perpetual curacy under Hampsthwaite, value p. r. 68*l.* 5*s.* 0*d.*

THORNTON, in the parish of Bradford, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; 1 miles from Bradford, 5 from Halifax.—Pop. 4,110. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. James, value, p. r. †140*l.* 0*s.* 0*d.*. Patron, the Vicar of Bradford.

THORNTON, (in Craven) a parish town, in the east-division and liberty of Staincliffe; 6 miles from Skipton, Gargrave, Gisburn, and Colne, (*Lanc.*) 12 from Burnley, (*ditto*) 13 from Keighley and Settle, 47 from York. Pop. 1,829. The Church, which is at some distance from the village, is a rectory, dedicated to St. Mary, (*Dr. Whitaker* says to St. Oswald, or All Saints,) in the deanry of Craven, value, 19*l.* 5*s.* 2½*d.* Patron, Sir John Lister Kaye, Bart. Fortnight *Fairs*, are on the Mondays before Skipton.

In this parish are the manors of Thornton, Eureby, and Kellbrook, which have never been separated from the earliest times, but have passed together, and in succession, through the families of Percy, Kyme, Muncey, Roos, Pilkington, Manners, Lister, and Kaye. In 28th Edward I. Walter de Muncey, obtained a charter of free-warren in Thornton, Eureby, and Kellbrook, together with a fair and market at Thornton, *viz.* a market every Thursday, and a fair there for five days, *viz.* on the eve, day, and morrow of St. Thomas the Martyr, and two following days. In 1556, 3 and 4 Philip and Mary, the manor and advowson were alienated by Henry, second Earl of Northumberland, to William Lister; through which family they have descended to the pre-ent proprietor.

Thornton appears to have had some share of the troubles in the time of Charles I. for we find, that the Manor-house of Sir William Lister was taken by a party of Royalists, in July, 1643, sent by Sir John Mallory, from Skipton, which was some time afterwards burnt, and never re-built. Several years since, on digging into the rubbish, an apartment was discovered on the ground-floor, with the old furniture undisturbed.—*Whitaker's Craven*.

Here are Alms-Houses for five poor widows, founded by the late Joseph Smith, Esq. Banker, London, and endowed by him with 3*s.* 6*d.* each, per week, and coals.

THORNTON, BISHOP, in the parish and liberty of Ripon, lower division of Claro; 6 miles from Ripon, 7 from Knaresbrough.—Pop. 647. The Church is a perpetual curacy, in the deanry of Ripon, value, p. r. †65*l.* Patrons, the Dean and Chapter of Ripon.

THORNTON in LONSDALE, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Eweross; 1 mile from Ingleton, 6 from Kirby-Lonsdale, (*Westm.*) 11 from Settle, 68 from York.—Pop. 535. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Oswald, in the deanry of Kirby-Lonsdale, value, 28*l.* 13*s.* 1*d.* p. r. †79*l.* Patrons, the Dean and Chapter of Worcester.

Near this village is a tremendous cliff, called Thornton-Sear, partly clothed with wood, and partly exhibiting the bare rock. This sear is about 100 yards high, and runs up a considerable way, varying its elevation, into the mountains, along with one, not quite so perpendicular, on the other side: these unite so closely at the bottom, that the frightful chasm scarcely leaves room for the hurrying brook to escape, by a precipitate flight over a succession of small cascades. At a short distance hence, is Thornton-Fors, a fine cascade, which rushes from

an aperture in a high rock, and falls at one leap nearly thirty yards, partly from the top of a rocky ledge, over half of which it falls in one unbroken sheet of four yards wide, and then tumbles over a bulging rock into a deep black pool below. The tops and sides of the rocks are heartily fringed with ivy and other shrubs; they are a few yards higher than the cascade; and the whole, viewed from the basin below, forms an exceedingly fine picture.

THORNTON-LODGE, (*the seat of John Horsfall, Esq.*) in the township of Lockwood, and parish of Aldmonbury; 1 mile from Huddersfield.

THORNVILLE, a township, in the parish of Whixley, lower-division of Claro: 5 miles from Wetherby, 9 from Knaresbrough, 10 from York.—Pop. 13.

THORNVILLE-ROYAL.—*See Allerton-Mauleverer.*

THORPE, in the township and parish of Burnsall, east-division of Staincliffe, liberty of Clifford's-Tree; (*a seat of the Rev. Henry Wigglesworth*), 9 miles from Skipton and Kettlewell, 10 from Pateleybridge.

Thorpe, sometimes called *Thorp subtus Montem*, is in a most retired situation, within a cavity so encircled by high grounds, that it is difficult to conceive, at first sight, how the waters escape, and why it is not a lake. In a pasture above this village, is a cave, called *Knave Knoll Hole*, very difficult of access, and, from the narrowness of the entrance, equally difficult to be discovered. For these reasons, it seems to have been a retreat of some ancient banditti. Several years ago, Dr. Whitaker discovered in it, besides many bones of sheep, &c. the remains of an human skeleton.

THORPE, (*the seat of John Priestley, Esq.*) in the township of Sowerby, and parish of Halifax, liberty of Wakefield; 4½ miles from Halifax, 6½ from Huddersfield.

THORPE, or **FINTHORPE**.—*See Finthorpe.*

THORPE, **UPPER** and **LOWER**, 2 *hams.* in the parish of Aldmondbury; 2 miles from Huddersfield.

THORP-ARCH, (*Ainsty*) a parish-town, (*the seat of Wilmer Gossip, Esq.*) 3 miles from Wetherby, 4 from Tadcaster, 13 from York.—Pop. 313. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to All-Saints, value, £3l. 15s. 5d. Patron, Mr Wheeler.—*For an account of the Spaw, see Boston.*

THORPE-AUDLIN, in the parish of Badsworth, wapentake of Osgoldersoss, liberty of Pontefract; 4½ miles from Pontefract, 5½ from Ferrybridge, 10 from Wakefield.—Pop. 344.

THORPE-GREEN, *ham.* in the township of Thorpe-Underwood, and parish of Little-Ouseburn, (*the seat of Mrs Robinson*), 6 miles from Boroughbridge, 12 from York.

THORPE-HALL, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Selby; 2 miles from Selby, 9 from Ferrybridge.

THORPE-HALL, *s. h.* in the township of Thorpe-Stapleton, and parish of Whitkirk; 3 miles from Leeds.

In the reign of Edward I. the Stapletons had two carucates of land here; and the knights templars, one carucate. It afterwards became the estate of the Skargills, who resided here; one of that family erected a chantry at Whitechurch. The Roman Via Vicinialis, leading from the great military road upon Bramham Moor, is visible here for 400 paces together.—*Thorpebury.*

THORPE-HESLEY, in the township of Kimberworth, and parishes of Wath-upon-Dearn and Rotherham, upper-division of Strafforth

and Tickhill; $4\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Rotherham, 8 from Barnsley and Sheffield.

THORPE-IN-BALNE, in the parish of Barmby-upon-Dunn, lower-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberty of Tickhill; 6 miles from Thorne, $6\frac{1}{2}$ from Doncaster.—Pop. 122.

THORPE or **LITTLE-THORPE**.—See *Littlethorpe*.

THORPE-LODGE, (*the residence of the Rev. William J. Waddilove*), in the township of Whitcliffe-with-Thorpe, and parish of Ripon; $1\frac{3}{4}$ mile from Ripon.

THORPE-ON-THE-HILL, in the parish of Rothwell, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract, (*the seat of William Fenton, Esq.*) $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Leeds and Wakefield.—Pop. 80.

THORPE-SALVIN, a parish-town, in the upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberty of Tickhill; 5 miles from Worksop, (*Notts.*) 9 from Rotherham, 13 from Bawtry, 55 from York.—Pop. 199. The Church, peculiar, is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Peter, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, $\pounds 53$ l. Patron, the Duke of Leeds.

The Church of Thorpe-Salvin is remarkable for its handsome Saxon Doorway. In the interior is a very curious stone Font, upon which are cut in alto relievo, in compartments, the following figures, representing the seasons of the year. Winter is figured by an old man warming himself before a fire in a chimney; Spring, by one riding out a hawking; Summer by a man reaping corn and bundling it up into sheaves; and Autumn, by a husbandman sowing seed. The other compartments exhibit the ceremony of Baptism with the parents and sponsors.—See a particular account of this Font, with plate, in *Archæologia*, vol. xii. p. 207 and 309.

THORPE-STAPLETON, in the parish of Whitkirk, lower-division of Skyrack; 3 miles from Leeds, 10 from Wakefield, 13 from Tadcaster.—Pop. 25. It contains three houses.

THORPE, WEST.—See *West-Thorpe*.

THORPE-UNDERWOOD, a township, in the parish of Little-ouseburn, upper-division of Claro; 7 miles from Boroughbridge, 10 from Knaresbrough.—Pop. 179.

THORPE-VILLE, 2 h. in the township and parish of Almondbury; 2 miles from Huddersfield.

THORPE-WILLOUGHBY, in the parish of Brayton, wapentake of Barkston-Ash, liberty of Pontefract; $2\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Selby, 9 from Ferrybridge, 11 from Pontefract.—Pop. 144.

THREAPLAND, ham. in the township of Cracow, and parish of Burnsall, liberty of Staincliffe; 6 miles from Skipton.

THRESHFIELD, in the parish of Linton, east-division and liberty of Staincliffe; 6 miles from Kettlewell, 9 from Skipton, 11 from Pateleybridge. 20 from Settle.—Pop. 237.

Here is a Grammar School, founded in 1674, by the Rev. Matthew Hewitt, Rector of Linton, who endowed it with 20*l.* per ann. for the master, and 10*l.* for the usher, and 50*l.* for four exhibitions to four scholars, from this School, to St. John's College, in Cambridge. Although this School cannot boast of late, either of "able masters or hopeful scholars," Dr. Whitaker informs us "that the late Bishop Elphin, Dr. Dodgson, as well as the present learned and venerable master of St. John's College, (Dr. William Craven,) were among the number of

Hewitt's exhibitors." And the Rev. Wm. Sheepshanks, of St. John's College, Cambridge, a native of Linton, received his education in this School.

THRIBERGH, a parish-town, in the upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; (*Thribergh-Park, the seat of John Fullerton, Esq.*) 3 miles from Rotherham, 9 from Doncaster, 46 from York.—Pop. 315. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Leonard, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, 12*l.* 11*s.* 5½*d.* Patron, John Fullerton, Esq.

THROAPHAM, a township, in the parish of St. John's, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; 6½ miles from Tickhill, 7½ from Worksop, (*Notts.*) 8 from Rotherham, 10 from Bawtry.—Pop. including St. John's, 50, which being united, form a township.

THRUSCROSS, in the parish of Fewston, lower-division of Claro, liberty of Knaresbrough; 5 miles from Pateleybridge, 8½ from Ripley, 13 from Knaresbrough.—Pop. 600. Here is a Chapel of Ease to Fewston.

THUNDERCLIFFE-GRANGE, (*the seat of Lord Howard of Effingham*) in the township of Kimberworth, and parish of Rotherham, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; 4 miles from Rotherham, 6 from Sheffield, 9 from Barnsley.

This house was a Grange of the cistercian Abbey of Kirkstead, in Lincolnshire, which had forges and other considerable property in this part of the parish of Ecclefield, and the adjoining parish of Rotherham, of the gift of De Busli and De Luyetot. Previous to the erection of a Grange by the monks of Kirkstead, there appears to have been a small hermitage here, dedicated to St. John the Baptist. After the dissolution the Grange was bought by one of the family of Rokeby, and passing through the hands of several families, the Wombwells, Shiercliffes, and Greens, in quick succession, became the property of the Right Hon. Thomas, the third Earl of Effingham, who took down the old Grange; and near its site, about the year 1777, laid the foundation of the present handsome edifice. On his decease, without issue, it passed to his brother Richard, the fourth Earl of Effingham, who made it for many years his usual summer residence. He died in 1816.—*Howter's Hallam.*

It is now the property of the present occupier, Kenneth Alexander Howard, Baron Howard, of Effingham, K. C. B.

THURCROFT, (*the seat of Captain Butler*) in the township and parish of Loughton-en-le-Morthen, and parish of Maltby, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberty of Tickhill; 6 miles from Tickhill, 6½ from Rotherham, 9 from Bawtry.

THURGOLAND, in the parish of Silkston, wapentake of Staincross, liberty of Pontefract; 4 miles from Penistone, 4½ from Barnsley, 9½ from Sheffield.—Pop. 813.

THURLSTONE, in the parish of Penistone, wapentake of Staincross, liberty of Pontefract; 1 mile from Penistone, 8½ from Barnsley, 13 from Huddersfield.—Pop. 1,524.

Here was born in 1682, the celebrated Nicholas Saunderson, Professor of Mathematics in the University of Cambridge, and Fellow of the Royal Society. When only a year old he was, by the small-pox, deprived of his sight; so that he retained no more ideas of light and colour than if he had been born blind. He was sent early in life to the Grammar-School at Penistone, where he laid the foundation of that knowledge of the Greek and Roman languages, which he afterwards improved so far, by his own application to the classical authors, as to have the works of Euclid, Archimedes, and Diophantus read to him in their original Greek. He died in April, 1739. After his death, appeared his "Elements

of Algebra," 2 vols. 4to.; which was followed, in 1756, by his "Treatise on Fluxions," 8vo.—*Chalmers's Biog. Dict.*

THURNSCOE, a parish-town, in the lower-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberty of Tickhill; (*the seat of Charles Palmer, Esq.*) 8 miles from Doncaster, Rotherham, and Barnsley, 36 from York.—Pop. 205. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Helen, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, 11*l.* 7*s.* 8½*d.* Patron, Earl Fitzwilliam.

THURSTONLAND, in the parish of Kirkburton, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; 5 miles from Huddersfield.—Pop. 989.

THURSTONE, and } 2 *hams.* in the township of Quick, and
THURSTONE-CLOUGH, } parish of Rochdale. (*Lanc.*); 2 miles from Dobcross, 11 from Rochdale, 13 from Huddersfield.

THUSKIN-HOLES, *s. h.* in the township of Hepworth, and parish of Kirkburton; 6 miles from Huddersfield, 8 from Penistone.

THWAITE-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township of Fountains-Earth, and parish of Kirkbymalzeard; 11 miles from Pateleybridge.

THWAITE-MILLS, *ham.* in the township and parish of Rothwell; 2½ miles from Leeds, 7 from Wakefield.

THWAITES, *f. h.* in the township of Garsdale, and parish of Sedbergh; 4 miles from Sedbergh, 8 from Kendal, (*Westm.*)

THWAITES, *ham.* in the township and parish of Keighley, liberty of Staincliffe; 1 mile from Keighley, 9 from Bradford.

TICKHILL, a parish-town, in the lower-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberty of Tickhill; (*Tickhill-Castle, the seat of Frederick Lumley, Esq.*) 4 miles from Bawtry and Blythe, (*Notts.*) 7 from Doncaster, 9 from Worksop, (*Notts.*) 11 from Rotherham, 43 from York, 156 from London.—*Market*, Friday.—*Fair*, August 21, for horned cattle, horses, and sheep.—*Principal Inn*, Red Lion.—Pop. 1,830. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, 47*l.* 2*s.* 6*d.* Patron, George Foljambe, Esq.

This ancient town is situated in a vale, and the streets of which are nearly in the form of a T, by the roads passing through from Doncaster to Worksop, and Bawtry to Rotherham. The market on Fridays, has nearly fallen into disuse, being now only for butter and poultry. In the market-place, is a small neat stone building, erected with a dome over it, for the accommodation of the country people.

The Church of Tickhill, is a spacious and handsome structure, with a lofty and beautiful tower; and from its architecture, and the arms of England and France on the west front of the tower, seems to have been built in the reign of Edward III.

The Castle here was a very strong fortress, situated on a large Mount, and encompassed by an high and strong wall. It was probably built of brick, the word in Dutch signifying a brick. It seems to have been a ruin in Leland's time, who observes "The dungeon is the fairest part of the Castle, all the buildings within the area be down, saving the old Haulle." The Conqueror gave it to Roger de Busli, with 49 manors in this county. It was of such dignity, in former times, that all the manors round, belonging to it, were styled the honour of Tickhill. King Henry I. seized on this honour, and other succeeding Kings did the like. King Edward III. gave it to John of Gant, Duke of Lancaster, from whom it passed to Henry IV. and has remained in the Dutchy of Lancaster ever

Since. In the reign of Charles I. it was regarded as a strong fortress, and garrisoned by the King's troops. After the battle of Marston-Moor, and the surrender of York to the Parliament's forces, the Earl of Manchester sent Col. Lilburn to reduce this Castle, being induced to it by the complaints of the inhabitants of the surrounding country, to whom it was exceedingly oppressive. After two days siege, the garrison capitulated; and Major Monkton, the Governor, Col. and Major Redhead, with other officers, some of their wives, eighty musketeers, and sixty horse, surrendered themselves prisoners of war. There was only one piece of cannon mounted, one hundred muskets, some powder and match, and above a hundred quarters of grain, many barrels of salt, butter, store of cheese, powdered beef, besides beasts and sheep. In 1646—7, the Parliament ordered that this Castle, with several others, should be dismantled, and rendered untenable. The circular tower was, in consequence, demolished. Since its union with the Crown, in the time of Henry IV. the honour of Tickhill, appurtenant to the Castle, has been held either by the Monarch, or leased out to courtiers. In the 17th of James I. 1620, the King demised it to Sir John Walker, and other trustees, for ninety-nine years, in trust for Prince Henry, then alive, and afterwards for Prince Charles, and to grant, assign, and surrender it upon request, according to their discretions: after this, it was granted to the Sandersons, Earls of Castleton, whose seat was at Sandbeck, and has descended in lease, with the possessions of that family in 1723, to the Earls of Scarborough.—CAMDEN.—*Hist. Doncaster.—Northern Star.*

In the Market-Place is an "Hospital, dedicated to St. Leonard, the sad condition of the brethren whereof Archbishop Grey recommended to the charity of all good people, A. D. 1225." Over the doorway is an inscription, which seems hitherto to have puzzled all antiquaries to decypher. A little to the west of the town are seen the ruins of an ancient Priory, of Augustine Friars, founded in the reign of Henry III. Tanner states it to have been granted in the first year of Queen Mary, to Thomas Reeve and George Cotton. This house, in a low situation, is now occupied by a farmer, and some remains appear of its ancient state.

Clarell-Hall, the seat of that ancient and respectable family, the Clarells, is now only to be found in a heap of stones, at no great distance from the Church. In the olden time there appears to have been three Churches or Chapels in this parish, viz. St. Mary's, the present Church; St. Nicholas' Chapel, in the Castle, and Allhallows, the situation of which is ascertained to have been on a hill half a mile north-west of the town.

At this place was born Ezreel Tonge, D. D. a schoolmaster at Churchill, and at Islington, where he taught both boys and girls. He first discovered to his Majesty, King Charles II. the popish plot, being told it by Dr. Oates. He wrote several books against the Papists, as "the Royal Martyr, the Jesuits unmasked; Jesuits' Assassins, &c." He died in 1680.—*Magna Brit.*

TILTS, 2 *h.* in the township of Langthwaite-with-Tilts, and parish of Doncaster, lower-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberty of Tickhill; 4 miles from Doncaster, 9 from Thorne.—**Pop.** included in Langthwaite.

TIMBLE, GREAT, in the parish of Fewston, lower-division of Claro, liberty of Knaresbrough; 5 miles from Otley, 12 from Knaresbrough, 14 from Skipton.—**Pop.** 233.

TIMBLE, LITTLE, in the parish of Otley, upper-division of Claro, liberty of Cawood, Wistow, and Otley; 4½ miles from Otley, 13½ from Knaresbrough, 14 from Skipton.—**Pop.** 62.

TIMBLE-INGS, *f. h.* in the township of Great-Timble, and parish of Fewston; 6 miles from Otley, 13 from Skipton.

TINGLE-BRIDGE, *s. h.* and *Bridge*, in the township of Brampton-Bierlow, and parish of Wath-upon-Dearn; 6 miles from Rotherham.

TINGLEY, *ham.* in the township of West-Ardsley, and parish of Woodkirk; (*Tingley-House, the residence of the Rev. W. Wood*) 4½ miles from Wakefield, 5 from Leeds.

TINKER-BROOK, *s. h.* in the township of Bradfield, and parish of Ecclesfield; 7 miles from Sheffield, 8 from Penistone.

TINSLEY, in the parish of Rotherham, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberty of Tickhill; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Rotherham, $3\frac{1}{2}$ from Sheffield.—Pop. 327. The Church is a vicarage, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, p. r. $\text{†}111\text{£}$. In *Bacon* it is stated to be a Chapel to Rotherham, certified value, 29*l.* 18*s.*

TYTHE-DALE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Fishlake; 4 miles from Thorne, $7\frac{1}{2}$ from Snaith.

TOAD-HILL, and $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 2 \text{ f. h. in the township of Thurgoland, and parish} \\ \text{TOAD-HOLE, } \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{of Silkston; 3 miles from Penistone.} \end{array} \right. \end{array} \right.$

TOCKWITH, (*Ainsty*) in the parish of Bilton, $7\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Tadcaster, $8\frac{1}{2}$ from York.—Pop. 436.

At the commencement of the memorable battle of Marston-Moor, in the year 1644, the front of the parliament's army extended from the north end of Marston-moor, to this village—a distance of nearly three miles.—*DRAKE*.

TODBER, *f. h.* in the township of Rimington, and parish of Gisburn, liberty of Staincliffe; 2 miles from Gisburn.

TODMORDEN, a market-town, in the parishes of Halifax and Rochdale, (*Lanc.*) Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, and hundred of Salford, (*Lanc.*) 9 miles from Rochdale, (*Lanc.*) $9\frac{1}{2}$ from Burnley, (*ditto*) 12 from Halifax, 48 from York, 207 from London.—*Market*, Thursday.—*Fairs*, Thursday and Friday before Easter; September 27 and 28, for horned cattle, pedlary ware, &c.

TODWICK, a parish-town, in the upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; 7 miles from Rotherham, $7\frac{3}{4}$ from Worksop, (*Notts.*) $10\frac{1}{2}$ from Sheffield, 49 from York.—Pop. 240. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Peter and St. Paul, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, 6*l.* 14*s.* 7*d.* p. r. 148*l.* 17*l.* 7*d.* Patron, the Duke of Leeds.—In the same township and parish is

TODWICK-GRANGE, (*the seat of George Fox, Esq.*)

TONG, in the parish of Birstall, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; (*Tong-Hall, the seat of John Plumbe, Esq.*) 4 miles from Bradford, 6 from Leeds and Wakefield.—Pop. 1,893. The Church is a perpetual curacy, in the deanry of Pontefract. Patron, John Plumbe, Esq.

Tong, usually styled a Lordship, although within the parish of Birstall, is not subject to the vicarage of that Church, excepting the annual payment of two shillings to the vicar for synodals; to the repairs of a part of the church-yard wall; and an annual payment of five shillings to the Churchwardens, under the denomination of rogues money.

Tong, the Tuinc of Domesday, and the lordship of a family of that name, from which family it has been successively transmitted to the Mirfields and Tempests; Sir George Tempest having built the stately mansion here, in 1702.—*THORESBY—WHITAKER*. It is now enjoyed by John Plumbe, Esq.

TONG-LANE-END, *ham.* in the township of Tong, and parish of Birstall; 4 miles from Bradford.

TOOTHILL, *s. h.* in the township of Rastrick, and parish of Halifax, liberty of Wakefield; 5 miles from Halifax.

TOPCLIFFE, 2 *f. h.* in the township of West-Ardsley, and parish of Woodkirk, liberty of Wakefield; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Leeds.

TOPPIT, *ham.* in the township of Clayton, and parish of High-Hoyland; 6 miles from Penistone.

TOSSIDE, in the township of Sawley-with-Tosside, and parish of Gisburn, west-division and liberty of Staincliffe; $7\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Settle, 15 from Clitheroe, (*Lanc.*) 16 from Skipton.—Pop. included in Sawley.

This township consists of a large tract of pasture and moor lands, not having any particular cluster of houses or village, called Tosside.

TOSSIDE-ROW, (extraparochial) in the township of Sawley-with-Tosside; 8 miles from Settle, $14\frac{1}{2}$ from Clitheroe, (*Lanc.*)

TOTTIS, *ham.* in the township of Wooldale, and parish of Kirkburton; 7 miles from Huddersfield, $8\frac{1}{2}$ from Penistone.

TOWLSTON, in the township and parish of Newton-Kyme, wapentake of Barkston-Ash; (*Towlston-Lodge, the seat of William Prest, Esq.*) 3 miles from Tadcaster, 5 from Wetherby.

TOWN-END, in the township of Wooldale, and parish of Kirkburton, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley; 6 miles from Huddersfield, 9 from Penistone.

TOWN-GATE, *ham.* in the township and parish of Mirfield; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Dewsbury, 6 from Wakefield.

TOWN-HEAD, (*the seat of the Rev. James Wigglesworth,*) in the township and parish of Slaidburn, which it adjoins.

TOWN-HILL, (*the seat of F. Duffield, Esq.*) in the township and parish of Bradford.

TOWTON, in the parish of Saxton, wapentake of Barkston-Ash, liberty of Pontefract; (*Towton-Hall, the seat of the Hon. Martin Bladen Hawke,*) $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Tadcaster, 10 from Ferrybridge, 12 from Pontefract.—Pop. 94.

This place must ever remain famous in our history for the greatest engagement of nobility and gentry, and the strongest army that was ever seen in England, under daring and furious leaders, and which Camden calls the English Pharsalia. This battle was fought on Palm Sunday, 1461, between the York party and the Lancastrians. The right wing of Edward's army, was commanded by the Earl of Warwick, the left by Lord Fauconberg, the main body by Edward himself; the Lancastrians by the Duke of Somerset, the Earl of Northumberland and the Lord Clifford; but the latter was shot in the throat before the action commenced, a fate too good for such a monster, who in cool blood, sometime before, murdered an innocent child 12 years old, the Earl of Rutland, Edward's youngest brother, whose moving intercession for mercy might have softened the most obdurate heart.

The number of the Yorkists was 46,660 men, the other full 60,000. Before the action commenced, Edward issued a proclamation that no quarter should be given. The conflict lasted ten hours, and victory fluctuated from side to side, till at length it settled in the house of York. The Lancastrians gave way and fled to York, but seeking to gain the bridge at Tadcaster, so many fell into the small river Cock, which runs into the Wharf, as quite filled it up, and the Yorkists went over their backs to pursue their brethren. The number of the slain was estimated at 36,776, among them the Earls of Northumberland and Westmorland, and a great many others of the nobility; and the wounds they died of being made by battle-axes, arrows and swords, caused an immense effusion of blood, which lay caked with the snow, which at that time covered the ground, and afterwards dissolving with it, ran down, in the most horrible manner, the furrows and ditches of the fields for two or three miles.

The Dukes of Somerset and Exeter fled the field, and carried the fatal news to Henry and his Queen and the Prince of Wales, at York, who soon fled into

Scotland. After the battle, the Duke of Exeter and the Earl of Devonshire were beheaded; and the heads of the Duke of York, and the Earl of Salisbury, which had been set upon the Gates at York, were taken down, and theirs set up in their place. Most of the bodies of the slain were thrown into five large pits, one of which Drake says he saw opened in 1734. The quarrel between the two *Roses*, extinguished most of the ancient families in the kingdom: more than 100,000 men lost their lives, either by the sword or the executioner.

At Towton, King Richard III. began a Chapel, as Leland says, over the bodies of the Yorkists slain in this battle, who were buried here, but did not live to see it finished.—RAPIN—SROW—CAMDEN—DRAKE.

TRANMORE, *f. h.* in the township of Egbrough, and parish of Kellington; 6 miles from Snaith, 7 from Pontefract.

TREETON, a parish-town, in the upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberty of Hallamshire; 4 miles from Rotherham, 7 from Sheffield, 52 from York.—Pop. 364. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Helen, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, 12*l.* Patron, the Duke of Norfolk.

Dr. Samuel Drake, brother of the author of the *Eboracum*, was rector of this Church in 1728, where he was buried in 1753. Like all the Drakes, he was a man of learning, and like many of them, an author.—*Hunter's Hallamshire.*

Treeton, the lordship of Morcar, Earl of Northumberland, before the conquest; afterwards it became the estate of the Furnivals: Thomas de Nevil, marrying the heiress, brought this estate into his family, with the title of Lord Furnival. It afterwards, by marriage, came into the possession of John, Lord Talbot, the famous general; who, for his eminent services, was created Earl of Shrewsbury, by King Henry VI. To this family succeeded that of Pierpoint; of whom, Robert de Pierpoint was, by King Charles I., created Lord Pierpoint, of Holm-Pierpoint, Viscount Newark, and Earl of Kingston; who, in gratitude and loyalty to his royal benefactor, raised a regiment for his service, and was taken prisoner at the surrender of Gainsbrough; and, being sent, with others, in a boat, towards Hull, a party of cavaliers, as they passed by, called to the boat to stop; and, because they did not, the cavaliers fired upon them, and the Earl, with his man, was slain by their friends, 1643.—*Magna Brit.* The Duke of Norfolk is now the sole Lord.

TROOP, *f. h.* in the township of Fountains-Earth, and parish of Kirkbymalzeard; 9 miles from Pateleybridge and Masham.

TRUMFLEET, in the township and parish of Kirk-Sandal, lower-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; 6 miles from Thorne, 7 from Doncaster.

TUDWORTH, 2 or 3 *f. h.* in the township and parish of Hatfield; 1½ mile from Thorne.

TUNNERCLIFFE-GATE, *f. h.* in the township of Dalton, and parish of Kirkheaton; 4 miles from Huddersfield.

TUNSTED, *ham.* in the township of Quick, and parish of Rochdale; (*Lanc.*) 1½ mile from Dobcross.

TURNBRIDGE, *scatt. hs.* in the township of Cowick, and parish of Snaith, liberty of Pontefract; 2 miles from Snaith.

TURVIN-VALF, in the chapelry of Sowerby, and parish of Halifax.

TWIGENBURY, *s. h.* in the township and parish of Tankersley; 5 miles from Baintley.

TWISLETON, *ham.* in the township of Ingleton, and parish of Low-Bentham; 7 miles from Kirby-Lonsdale, (*Westm.*)

TYRESALL, in the township of Pudsey, and parish of Calverley, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; 2½ miles from Bradford, 8 from Leeds.

TYERS-HILL, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Darfield; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Barnsley.

U

UDEN, 2 or 3 *f. h.* in the township of Bradfield, and parish of Ecclesfield; 6 miles from Hope, (*Derbys.*)

UGHILL, *ham.* in the township of Bradfield, and parish of Ecclesfield; 8 miles from Sheffield, 9 from Penistone.

ULLEY, or **BRAMPTON-ULLEY**, in the parishes of Treeton and Aston, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; 4 miles from Rotherham, 9 from Sheffield.—Pop. 203,

ULLESKELF, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Barkston-Ash, liberty of St. Peter; (*the seat of John Shilleto, Esq.*) 2 miles from Tadeaster, 9 from Selby, 14 from Pontefract.—Pop. 426. The Church is a vicarage, in the deanry of the Ainsty, value, 3*l.* 11*s.* 9*d.* Patron, the Prebendary thereof.

UNDER-BANK, in the township of Hunshelf, and parish of Penistone; (*the seat of John Fenton, Esq.*) 3 miles from Penistone, 8 from Barnsley, 10 from Sheffield.

UNDER-BANK, (*the seat of James Rawden, Esq.*) in the township of Stansfield, and parish of Halifax, liberty of Wakefield; 9 miles from Halifax, 12 from Rochdale, (*Lanc.*)

UNDERCLIFFE, *ham.* in the township and parish of Bradford; (*Undercliffe-Hall, the seat of J. Hustler, Esq.*) 1 mile from Bradford.

UNSHRIVEN-BRIDGE, *s. h.* in the township of Hunshelf, and parish of Penistone; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Penistone.

"This Farm," says Blount, "pays yearly to Godfrey Bosville, Esq. of Gunthwaite, two broad-head and two feathered Arrows."

UPPER and **NETHER-GATE**.—*See Stannington.*

UPPER-MILL, in the township of Quick, and parish of Rochdale, (*Lanc.*); 9 miles from Rochdale, 13 from Huddersfield.—A Fair for horned cattle is held on the 13th of June.

UPPER-THONG.—*See Thong, Upper.*

UPPER-THORPE, *ham.* in the township of Nether-Hallam; 1 mile from Sheffield.

UPTON, in the parish of Badsworth, wapentake of Osgoldcross, liberty of Pontefract; 6 miles from Pontefract, 10 from Doncaster and Wakefield.—Pop. 184.

UTLEY, *ham.* in the township and parish of Keighley, liberty of Staincliffe; 1 mile from Keighley, 9 from Skipton.

VIEWS, *f. h.* in the township of Worsbrough, and parish of Darfield; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Barnsley.

VISIT, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Hemsworth; 6 miles from Pontefract, 7 from Wakefield.

W

WADDINGTON, in the parish of Mitton, west divison of Staincliffe, liberty of Bolland; $8\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Gisburn, 14 from Black-

burn, (*Lanc.*) 16 from Burnley, (*ditto*) 20 from Skipton.—Pop. 687. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Helen. Patron, T. L. Parker, Esq.

This place, at the time of Domesday, was a parcel of the *Terra Rogeri Pictaviensis*. In the time of Edward I. it appears to have been in the possession of the Tempests, in which family it continued till the reign of Charles I. Waddington-Hall, though constructed of strong old masonry, has nearly lost all appearances of antiquity.—WHITAKER.

Here is an Hospital, founded in 1701, by Robert Parker, for ten widows; attached to which, is an oratory for divine worship, for which the founder ordered prayers to be read daily, morning and evening. In 1709, the rental of the estate belonging to this Hospital, was 66*l.* 8*s.* In 1799, it amounted to 254*l.* instead of ten; there were then fifteen widows. The pious founder died early in life, and was buried in the church-yard of Waddington.

An Alms-House was founded here in 1690, for twenty poor people of the townships of Aighton, Bailey, Chidsley, Mitton, Wismell, and Ribchester; and endowed with 6*l.* 13*s.* 4*d.* per month, and a suit of clothes to each, every year.

WADDOW-HALL, (*the seat of R. N. R. Battye, Esq.*) in the township of Waddington, and parish of Mitton, liberty of Staincliffe; 2 miles from Clitheroe, (*Lanc.*) 12 from Blackburn and Gisburn.

WADLANDS, *f. h.* in the township of Calverley-with-Farsley, and parish of Calverley; 3 miles from Bradford.

WADSLEY, in the township and parish of Ecclesfield, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; 3 miles from Sheffield, on the left of the Manchester road.

This was formerly the seat of the knightly family of Wadsley, who held their estate here, by the name of a manor of the great Baron at Sheffield Castle; and they had at Wadsley, a Hall, a Park, and a domestic Chapel, which were not wholly destroyed in the reign of Elizabeth, but of which, now only the names remain.—HUNTER.

WADSLEY-BRIDGE, *ham.* in the township and parish of Ecclesfield; 3 miles from Sheffield.

WADSWORTH, a township, in the parish of Halifax, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; 8 miles from Halifax, 12 from Rochdale, (*Lanc.*)—Pop. 4,509

WADSWORTH-LANES, *ham.* in the township of Wadsworth, and parish of Halifax, liberty of Wakefield; 7 miles from Halifax.

WADWORTH, a parish-town, in the lower-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberty of Tickhill; (*the seat of Sir George Scovell, Bart.*) 3 miles from Tickhill, 4 from Doncaster, 8½ from Rotherham.—Pop. 614. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, 4*l.* 2*s.* 6*d.* Patrons, Mrs Verelst, and Sir Charles Kent, Bart. as heirs of the late Mrs Wordsworth.

WAKEFIELD, a market and parish-town, in Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; 5 miles from Dewsbury, 9 from Leeds and Pontefract, 10 from Barnsley, 13 from Huddersfield and Abberford, 15 from Bradford, 20 from Doncaster, 28 from York, 182 from London.—*Market*, Friday.—*Fairs*, July 4 and 5, for pedlary ware; November 11 and 12, for horses, horned cattle, &c. and every other Wednesday, for horned cattle.—*Bankers*, Messrs. Leathams, Tew, Trueman, and Co. draw on Messrs. Deunison and Co, 106, Fenchurch-Street; Messrs. Went

worth, Chaloner, and Rishworth, draw on Messrs. Wentworth, and Co. 25, Threadneedle-Street.—*Principal Inns*, White Hart, Stratford Arms, George, Black Bull, and Woodman Inn.—Pop. 10,764. There are two Churches, the parish-church is a vicarage, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Pontefract, value, 20*l.* 19*s.* 2*d.* Patron, the King. The other is called St. John's Church, value, p. r. 100*l.* Patron, the Vicar of All-Saints.

Wakefield is delightfully situated on the side of a hill, gently sloping to the Calder. The town is well built, most of the streets regular, and many of the houses are handsome, large, and lofty. The Market Cross is an elegant structure, being an open colonade of the Doric order, supporting a dome, with an ascent of stairs leading to a large room, in which the business of the town is transacted. The Markets are very good, and the fortnight Fairs have long been noted for their large supplies of fat cattle, sheep, &c. The improvement of the woollen cloth Manufacture, &c. have greatly increased the wealth of this town and neighbourhood, and thrown an inexhaustible wealth into Yorkshire, clothed its hills with fatness, and filled its broad vales with houses and population. The Stuffs are exposed for sale in a hall, resembling the cloth-hall of Leeds.

The Church is a spacious lofty, light, and uniform Gothic structure, and the spire, the highest in Yorkshire; when it was erected is uncertain, but in Domesday Book we find that "In Wachfield cum Novem Berewicis, Sandala, Sorebi, &c. sunt duo Ecclesiæ;" and it is clear, as Mr Watson observes, that Wakefield and Sandal were at that time subsisting. However, no part of the present building can be referred to a period more remote than the reign of Henry III.; and it has since undergone many repairs and improvements. About half a mile further to the north, is the new Church, erected towards the close of the 18th century. The ground on which it stands was bequeathed for that purpose, by Mrs. Newstead, together with 1000*l.* for the support of the minister; and the first stone was laid by The Rev. Dr. Zouch.

Here is a free Grammar-School, founded and endowed by Queen Elizabeth, and improved by private benefactions. The School-house is a spacious building, erected by the Savilles, ancestors of the Earl of Mexborough. There are two Masters—the head Master's salary is 180*l.* per ann. and it has a good Library belonging to it. There are two Exhibitions from this School, one of them for the natives only; and two scholarships at Clare-Hall, Cambridge.

To this Seminary the world is indebted for the scholastic erudition of Dr. Bentley; Archbishop Potter; Dr. Ratcliffe; Dr. Zouch; Mr. Joseph Bingham, M. A. author of *Origines Ecclesiasticæ*; Rev. Thomas Robinson; and Mr. Charles Hoole, author of several school books.

Here is also a Charity-School, for the education and clothing 106 children of Wakefield; with other charitable donations, amounting to more than 1000*l.* per annum.

At the bottom of Westgate is the House of Correction for the whole Riding. This prison is a large and noble building, surrounded by an outer wall, and contains more than 150 cells. Mr. James Shepherd is the present Governor.

Here is the Register Office for the West-Riding; the Clerk of the Peace's Office; the Paupers' Lunatic Asylum; and other public buildings.

The river Calder was made navigable in 1698. and in 1760, was extended to Elland, near Halifax, which has much increased the trade of this place and neighbourhood. A few miles from the town are numerous Coal Mines, and great quantities of coals are carried by water to York, Hull, and other places.

The Manor of Wakefield, of which his Grace the Duke of Leeds is Lord, is one of the most extensive manors in the county.

In 1460, a bloody battle was fought at this place between Richard, Duke of York, and Margaret, the Queen of Henry VI. The Duke had not been in his Castle of Sandal with his men, more than two days before the Queen approached, at the head of 18,000 men, and much sooner than the Duke expected. She appeared before the Castle with a small party of her army, and tauntingly upbraided him with being afraid to face a woman. Her insults repeated, the Duke could refrain no longer, but four days after his arrival, drew up his men upon

the Green facing Wakefield, and after marching a little way down the hill, the battle began. It should seem that two detachments were sent to lie in ambush to attack the Duke in his rear. It is, however, certain that the Duke was deceived in the number of the Queen's troops.

The ambush parties were commanded by the Earl of Wiltshire, and Lord Clifford. These two parties attacking the Duke on the right and left at the same moment, quickly surrounded him. The battle lasted half an hour, and tis probable that the Duke was killed, about 400 yards from the Castle, by Clifford, who had sworn destruction to every member of the House of York. He, however, cut off the Duke's head when slain, placed on it a paper crown, and carried it on a pole to the Queen, who, rejoicing as much as himself, caused it to be placed on the walls of York. In this fatal conflict fell Sir John and Sir Hugh Mortimer, the Duke's uncles, Sir David Hall, Sir Hugh Hastings, Sir Thomas Neville, and about 2800 men. The Earl of Salisbury, Sir Richard Limbrie, and others, were taken prisoners and beheaded, and their heads placed on Micklegate Bar, York. —HALL—HOLINGSHEAD—RAPIN.

The Earl of Rutland, a child of 12 years old, probably remained in the Castle with his tutor, Mr Aspell; but when the battle was lost, he fled for safety, without knowing whither to fly. The savage Clifford had intelligence; in a fright the child ran into the house of an old woman, near the bridge, begging protection, which the woman durst not grant. He then hastened down a footpath, by the river side; the furious Clifford overtook him and his tutor. The child fell on his knees, wrung his hands, but could not speak. The tutor begged for mercy to the child, but the monster, with more than savage ferocity, stabbed him to the heart. The place where he fell is called *The Fullings*.

Edward IV. in commemoration of this battle, erected a beautiful little Chapel upon the bridge, in which, two priests sung requiems for the souls of the slain. The Chapel is ten yards long, and six yards wide. One end of the building constitutes part of the bridge. It is three stories high, and has nine rooms, three on each floor. On the outside is curious Gothic work, but some of it is gone to decay. The front is divided into compartments, with arches in relief; their spandrels are richly flowered, and over each compartment, are five shorter ones, with historical relics. In one is a woman reclined, lamenting a youth, who, at her feet, sits wringing his hands: this is probably the Earl of Rutland, begging protection of the old woman at the foot of the bridge. The buttresses are beautifully carved, the windows have a rich tracery, and the whole has a charming effect. Since the priests left it, the place has often changed its use.—HUTTON.

It is now converted into a News-Room, having been previously occupied by an old clothesman, who was in the habit of hanging on the precious traceries, his filthy ware, and afterwards by a den of flax-dressers. A writer in the *Gentleman's Magazine*, 1808, observes, that "it has been repaired:—repaired! yes, and in a truly gothic style:—the beautiful tracery of the windows, rarely to be equalled, is totally demolished—not a wreck is left behind;—and its place is now supplied by plain cross-headed mullions, filled up with spruce sash squares. The front, that inimitable specimen of rich tracery and chaste ornament, presented itself to the despoiler; and in order to give a finish, probably, as he thought, to the delapidated buttresses, he propped them up with short round pillars,—four little short round laughable things all in a row."

The following eminent men were born at Wakefield:—Dr. John Potter, the son of a linen-draper in Wakefield, and afterwards Archbishop of Canterbury, a celebrated antiquary, critic, historian, and theological writer, was born here in 1674. His best works are "*Variantes Lectiones et Notæ ad Plutarchi librum de Audiendis Poetis*;" an edition of *Lycophron*;" "*Antiquities of Greece*;" "*a discourse on Church Government*;" and "*Divinity Lectures*." He died in 1747.

Joseph Bingham, born in 1668. He wrote a learned and laborious work, "*Origines Ecclesiasticæ*;" the first volume of which was published in 1708. in 8vo. and was completed afterwards in 9 vols. more. He died, Aug. 17, 1723,

The celebrated John Burton, M. D. author of the *Monasticon Eboracense*, a work of infinite labour and research, published in 1758. After he had finished his studies at Edinburgh, he settled at York, where he practised as a physician.

Dr. John Radcliffe, a very eccentric character, and most popular physician of his age, was born here in 1650. He was physician to King William, but when the King returned from Holland in 1699, being indisposed, he sent for Radcliffe, and having shewn him his swollen ankles, while the rest of his body was emaciated, and skeleton-like, said, "what think you of these?" "why truly," replied the physician, "I would not have your Majesty's two legs for your three Kingdoms," by which freedom, he lost the King's favour. His practice was very considerable among the first persons in the Kingdom. He died in 1714.

WAKEFIELD-LODGE, in the township of Stanley-with-Wrenthorpe, and parish of Wakefield; 1 mile from Wakefield.

WALDERSHELF, a part of the township of Bradfield, in the parish of Ecclesfield, which with Westnall, form the constabulary of Bradfield, Westnall, and Waldershef; 7 miles from Sheffield.

WALDING-WELL, (*the seat of Sir Thomas White, Bart.*) in the township of Woodsett-with-Giddingwells; 5 miles from Tickhill.

This House is somewhat remarkable for standing on the line of contact between Yorkshire and Nottinghamshire, a small brook or rivulet, which runs under a part of the out-buildings, forming the boundary between the two counties.

In the Park was a Priory of Nuns, called St. Mary in the Park, dedicated to the Virgin Mary, founded by Ralph de Ceneuolcourt.—BURTON.

WALES, a parish-town, in the upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberty of St. Peter; 7 miles from Worksop, (*Notts.*) $7\frac{1}{2}$ from Rotherham, 9 from Sheffield, 55 from York.—Pop. 277. The Church, peculiar, is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. John, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, p. r. 75*l.* 1*s.* 2*d.* Patron, the Duke of Leeds.

WALES-WOOD, *ham.* in the township of Wales, and parishes of Wales and Treeton; $5\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Rotherham, 9 from Sheffield.

WALKINGHAM-HILL, *f. h.* (extraparochial) lower-division of Claro; 4 miles from Knaresbrough and Boroughbridge, 5 from Ripley.—Pop. including Ockeney, 24, which being united form a township.

WALKLEY, in the township of Nether-Hallam, and parish of Sheffield, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; 2 miles from Sheffield.

WALLERTHWAITE, 2 or 3 *f. h.* in the township of Markington-with-Wallerthwaite, and parish and liberty of Ripon, lower-division of Claro; 4 miles from Ripley, $4\frac{1}{2}$ from Ripon.—Pop. included in Markington.

WALL-HILL, *ham.* in the township of Quick, and parish of Rochdale, (*Lanc.*) 9 miles from Rochdale.

WALSHFORD, in the township of Ribston-with-Walshford, and parish of Hunsingore, upper-division of Claro; 3 miles from Wetherby, 5 from Knaresbrough, 9 from Boroughbridge.—Pop. included in Great-Ribston.

WALTON, in the parish of Sandal-Magna, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; 3 miles from Wakefield, 8 from Barnsley.—Pop. 385.

WALTON, (*Ainsty*) a parish-town; 2 miles from Wetherby, 5 from Tadcaster, 13 from York.—Pop. 247. The Church is a perpetual curacy, value, p. r. +50*l.* Patrons, Mrs Agnes Goodall, and William Brian Farra, Esq.

This village hath been long in the possession of the family of Fairfax; and anciently contained three carucates of land, held by the heirs of Roger de Brus, and divers others, who held the same of the Barons Mowbray, but paid no certain rent. Peter de Brus granted to William Fairfax and his heirs, nine oxgangs, one acre, and three perches of land, with tofts and crofts in Walton, of the fee of Mowbray, by a deed without date.

WALTON-HALL, (*the seat of Charles Waterton, Esq.*) in the township of Walton, and parish of Sandal-Magna, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; 4 miles from Wakefield, 8 from Barnsley.

WALTON-HEAD, *ham.* in the township of Follyfoot, and parish of Kirkby-Overblow; 6 miles from Knaresbrough.

WALTON, UPPER, *2 f. h.* in the township of Walton, and parish of Sandal-Magna; 3 miles from Wakefield, 8 from Barnsley.

WALTON-WOOD, *f. h.* in the township of Upton, and parish of Badsworth; $4\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Pontefract, 8 from Wakefield.

WARSEND, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Ecclesfield; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Sheffield.

This ancient place has been held under the Duke of Norfolk's family, a part of whose estate it is, by several generations of the family of Rawson, in which family it still remains—a pedigree from the 16th Edward IV. may be seen in *Hunter's Hallamshire*.

WARLEY, a township, in the parish of Halifax, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Halifax, 8 from Huddersfield.—Pop. 4,982.

This place is mentioned in Domesday-Book, as one of the nine berewics belonging to the lordship of Wakefield, by the name of *Werla*. Earl Warren was found to be Lord of it, at the time of Kirby's inquest. In this family it remained, till the last Earl gave it, with the manor of Wakefield, to the Crown.

WARMSFIELD, a parish-town, in Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; 4 miles from Wakefield, 5 from Pontefract, 25 from York.—Pop. including Heath, 741, which being united, form a township. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Peter, in the deanry of Pontefract, value, *5l. 4s. 2d.* Patrons, Nine Trustees of the Rev. Barnabas Oley.

Here is a School, founded and endowed by Dame Mary Bowles, of Heath-Hall, in 1660, for educating and apprenticing children. And an Hospital for seven men and a matron, to be chosen from the parishes of Warmfield and Normanton, alternately, founded and endowed by John Freston, in 1591: and another Hospital for four old widows, founded by Mr. Oles Sagar, about 1558.

WARMSWORTH, a parish-town, in the lower-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; (*Warmsworth-Hall, the residence of Francis Offley Edmunds, Esq.*) 3 miles from Doncaster, 5 from Tickhill, 9 from Rotherham, 40 from York.—Pop. 335. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Peter, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, $\pm 6l. 10s. 10d.$ Patron, William Wrightson of Cusworth, Esq. A small part of this village is in the parish of Doncaster.

Here, the celebrated George Fox, and his friends, held their meetings at the first rising of the Quakers, "till they were persecuted by the parish priest." Being thus driven away, they removed to Balby, where they assembled occasionally, for some years, and till a convenient building for that purpose, together with a burial-place, was provided.—*Hist. Doncaster*.

WARREN-LANE, *ham.* in the township of Azerley, and parish of Kirkbymalzeard; 5 miles from Masham, 7 from Ripon.

WARSELL, HIGH and LOW, (extraparochial) lower-division of Claro, liberty of Ripon; $6\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Ripon and Ripley.—Pop. 86. These two villages with Sawley, form the constabulary of Sawley-with-Warsell.

WASS-LANE HEAD, *f. h.* in the township of Wombwell, and parish of Darfield; 2 miles from Barnsley.

WATER-HALL, *Manor-House*, in the township and parish of Penistone; a $\frac{1}{4}$ of a mile from Penistone.

WATH-UPON-DEARN, a parish-town, in the upper-division of Strathforth and Tickhill, liberty of Tickhill; 6 miles from Rotherham, 9 from Doncaster, 11 from Sheffield, 45 from York.—Pop. 1,001. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, $\pm 15l.$ 10s. $2\frac{1}{2}d.$ Patrons, the Dean and Canons of Christ Church, Oxford.

Here is a National School, founded by the Trustees of Mrs Ellis's charity, in 1819.

WEARDLEY, in the parish of Harewood, upper-division of Sky-rack; 1 mile from Harewood, $6\frac{1}{2}$ from Otley.—Pop. 191.

WEATHERCOAT-CAVE or **COAVE**, in the wapentake of Ew-cross; 10 miles from Hawes.

This is a stupendous subterranean Cataract, in a huge Cave, the top of which is on a level with the adjoining lands. On approaching its brink, the stranger is equally astonished with the sublime and terrible. The margin is surrounded with trees and shrubs, which have an excellent effect, both in guarding and ornamenting the steep and rugged precipices, on every side. The Cave is divided in two, by a rugged and grotesque arch of limestone rock. The whole length, from north to south, is about sixty yards; and the breadth, about thirty. At the south end, is the entrance down into the little Cave; on the right of which, is a subterranean passage, under the rocks, into the great Cave; where the astonished stranger sees, with amazement, an immense cataract, issuing from a large cavity in the rock, sufficient to turn several mills, falling twenty-five yards, in an unbroken sheet, on the rock at the bottom, with a noise that amazes the most intrepid ear. The water disappears as it falls, amongst the rocks and pebbles; running, by a subterranean passage, about a mile. The Cave is filled with the spray that arises from the water dashing against the bottom; and, from ten to twelve o'clock in the forenoon, when the sun shines bright, a small vivid rainbow appears, which, for colour, size, and situation, is perhaps no where else to be equalled.—*Tour to the Caves.*

WEELAND, *s. h.* in the township of Hensall, and parish of Snaith, liberty of Pontefract; 2 miles from Snaith, $7\frac{1}{2}$ from Selby.

WEETON, in the parish of Harewood, upper-division of Claro; 6 miles from Otley, 8 from Wetherby, $9\frac{1}{2}$ from Leeds.—Pop. 310.

WEETWOOD-HALL, *s. h.* in the township of Huddingley, and parish of Leeds; 3 miles from Leeds, 8 from Bradford.

WELDON-HALL, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Ferry-Fryston; 2 miles from Pontefract, $2\frac{1}{2}$ from Ferrybridge.

WELLIHOLE, *ham.* in the township of Quick, and parish of Rochdale. (*Lanc.*); 9 miles from Rochdale, 12 from Manchester.

WELLINGLEY, *2 f. h.* in the township of Stansill-with-Wellingley and Wilsick, and parish of Tickhill; 2 miles from Tickhill, 7 from Doncaster, 10 from Rotherham.—Pop. included in Stansill.

WENTBRIDGE, in the townships of Kirk-Smeaton, Darrington and Thorpe-Audlin, and parishes of Kirk-Smeaton, Badsworth, and

Darrington, wapentake of Osgoldcross, liberty of Pontefract; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Pontefract and Ferrybridge, $10\frac{1}{2}$ from Doncaster.

WENTWORTH, in the parish of Wath-upon-Dearn, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberty of Tickhill, (*the seat of the Rev. John Lowe*); 5 miles from Rotherham, 9 from Barnsley, $13\frac{1}{2}$ from Doncaster.—Pop. 1,269. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to the Holy Trinity, in the deanry of Doncaster, value p. r. †120*l.* Patron, Earl Fitzwilliam.

In the same township and parish is

WENTWORTH-HOUSE, *the seats of Earl Fitzwilliam, and Right Hon. Lord Viscount Milton.*

Wentworth-House, anciently called *Woodhouse*. Ralph de Woodhouse, according to Drake, gave one moiety of Woodhouse to St. Leonard's Hospital, York. It was afterwards by intermarriages with the Wentworth family, called Wentworth Woodhouse. Wm. Wentworth, Earl of Strafforth, on his monument in York Minster, is styled Baron of Wentworth Woodhouse. This nobleman devised the ancient estate of the Wentworth family, to his nephew, the Hon. Thomas Watson Wentworth, third son of Edward, Lord Rockingham, grandfather of the late Marquis of Rockingham, from whom these estates descended to the present noble possessor, Earl Fitzwilliam.

The superb and much admired mansion of Earl Fitzwilliam, was rebuilt by Thomas, the first Marquis of Rockingham, who was made Knight of the Bath, by George I., and advanced to the Peerage in the succeeding reign. He died in 1750. It consists of an irregular quadrangle, inclosing three courts, with two grand fronts. A noble portico in front, is supported by six magnificent corinthian columns. The arms of the Marquis of Rockingham ornament the tympanum, and the following motto, so appropriate to the inflexible integrity and uncorruptible virtue of the late Marquis, runs along the entablature, "MEA GLORIA FIDES."

Many of the apartments are extremely elegant, especially the Hall and the Gallery; the former of which is 60 feet square, and 40 feet high, with a gallery which runs round the whole. It is supported by 18 fluted pillars of the Ionic order, the shafts of Sienna, with the bases and capitals of white marble, the intervening niches are ornamented with some precious marble statues, and over them are medallions from the designs of Athenian Stuart. The grandeur of its dimensions, the justness of its proportions, the taste of its decorations, and the beauty of its contents, give this room an advantage over every room of the kind. The Gallery is 130 feet long, by 18 feet wide. The Library is 60 feet by 20, in which is a good collection of books; "but," says Mr Dibdin, in his *Bibliographical Decameron*, "it is difficult to know what it contains, from the unbibliographical manner in which the titles of the books are described in the ancient Catalogue." He appears, however, to have met with *three Caxtons*, viz. *First edit. of Chaucer—Mirror of the World—Doctrynal of Sapience*, 1489, besides other early editions. This mansion contains many other splendid apartments, which are adorned with a collection of excellent pictures from the pencils of Guido, Carracci, Titian, Vandyck, Luca Giordano, Poussin, West, &c. A detailed account of the rooms, pictures, statuary, and other ornaments, may be seen in *Warren's Tour*. In the Chapel, which is square, and simple in its decorations, are some good pictures. The Museum contains several valuable antiques. Every thing *without* the mansion is consistent with the magnificence and expence which reign within. The Park comprises upwards of 1500 acres, richly clothed with wood, and adorned with spreading waters; many ornamented temples also break in upon the eye at every angle. From out of the bosom of those majestic woods, a graceful Ionic column rears its head; erected by the late Marquis of Rockingham, to commemorate the acquittal of his friend Admiral Keppel. But its chief artificial decoration, is the Mausoleum, of fine free stone, about a mile from the principal front, built by the present Earl Fitzwilliam, in 1788, in honour of his glorious predecessor, the late Marquis of Rockingham, which forms a noble object: it is 90 feet high, and consists of three divisions.

The noble family of Fitzwilliam is of great antiquity, and may be traced to Sir William Fitz Godric, cousin to King Edward the Confessor. His Son, Sir William, distinguished himself at the battle of Hastings, in 1066. And the illustrious family of Wentworth is also of Saxon origin; and in the Church are many monuments of the family during the 15th, 16th, and 17th centuries, but in the last century their remains were deposited in York Minster,

WENTWORTH-CASTLE, (*the seat of Frederick Vernon Wentworth, Esq.*) in the township of Stainbrough, and parish of Silkstone, wapentake of Staincross; 3 miles from Barnsley, $5\frac{1}{2}$ from Penistone, 11 from Sheffield.

This Castle, which occupies the site of an eminent fortress, was built about the year 1730, by Thomas, Earl of Strafford, of whom there is a good marble statue, by Rysbreeck, standing in the centre of its area, much injured by time and neglect. It is a large quadrangular building, and over the centre window of the north front are the arms of the founders. The east front of this noble mansion is of a modern character, and was erected by William, Earl of Strafford, about 1770. Its architecture is at once both elegant and rich. In the interior are a great many spacious and elegant rooms, but its greatest beauty is to be found in the gallery, one hundred and eighty feet long, by twenty-four broad, and thirty high, divided into three divisions, by magnificent pillars of marble, with gilt capitals. This room, as well as others in the house, is ornamented with statues, and several pictures by Vandyck, Sir P. Lely, Vanderhelst, &c.—NEALE. The Rev. R. Warner, in his tour, calls this house a heavy tasteless building.

WESKETT-HILL, *ham.* in the township of Tong, and parish of Birstall: 3 miles from Bradford, 8 from Halifax.

WESTBROOK-HOUSE, (*the seat of Richard Fawcett, Esq.*) in the township of Great Horton, and parish of Bradford; 2 miles from Bradford.

WESTBY, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Gisburn; 1 mile from Gisburn.

WEST-END, in the township of Thurscross. and parish of Fewston, lower-division of Claro; $10\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Otley, $11\frac{1}{2}$ from Skipton.

WEST-END, *straggling houses.* in the township of Stainburne, and parish of Kirkby-Overblow; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Otley, 8 from Ripley.

WESTERTON, *See Ardsley, West.*

WESTERTON-HALL, *cotts.* in the township of West-Ardsley and parish of Woodkirk; 4 miles from Wakefield.

WEST-FIELD, *f. h.* in the township of Azerley, and parish of Kirkbymalzeard, 6 miles from from Ripon and Masham.

WEST-FIELD-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Fishlake: 4 miles from Thorne, $7\frac{1}{2}$ from Snaith.

WEST-GILL, *ham.* in the township of Garsdale, and parish of Sedbergh; 5 miles from Sedbergh, $14\frac{1}{2}$ from Askrigg.

WEST-HADDLESEY.—*See Haddlesey, West.*

WEST-HOUSE, or **WEST-HOUSE FACTORY**, in the township and parish of Fewston, lower-division of Claro; 8 miles from Otley, $12\frac{1}{2}$ from Knaresbrough and Skipton.—There are usually 500 boys and girls employed here.

WEST-HOUSES, in the township of Upper-Stonebeck, and parish of Kirkbymalzeard, lower-division of Claro; $5\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Kettlewell, 10 from Middleham, 13 from Pateleybridge.

WEST-HOUSES, *ham.* in the township and parish of Thornton-in-Lonsdale, wapentake of Eweross; 1 mile from Ingleton.

WEST-KEY HILL, in the township of Weeton, and parish of Harewood; 5 miles from Otley and Harewood.

WESTNALL, a district or division of Bradfield township, in the parish of Ecclesfield; which, with Waldershelf, form the constabulary and township of Bradfield, Westnall, and Waldershelf.

WESTON, a parish-town, in the upper-division of Claro; (*Weston-Hall, the seat of William Pavaour, Esq.*) 2 miles from Otley, 12 from Leeds, 15 from Knaresbrough, 30 from York.—Pop. 108. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of the Ainsty, value, $\pm 6l.$ 11s. 5½d. p. r. 57l. 6s. 8d. Patron, the King.

WEST-SCHOLES, *ham.* in the township of Clayton, and parish of Bradford; 3¼ miles from Bradford, 5¼ from Halifax.

WEST-SYKE GREEN, 2 or 3 *h.* in the township of Felliscliffe, and parish of Hampsthwaite; 4 miles from Ripley.

Here is a Free-School, founded in 1711, by John Richmond, by Will, dated Sept. 11. 1711. It is endowed with nineteen and a half acres of land, at West-Syke Green, for the education of boys, whose parents reside in Felliscliffe and Birstwith, in English, Latin, Writing, and Arithmetic.—Master's Salary, 14l. per annum.—*Commis. Report.*

WEST-THORPE, *f. h.* in the township of Hoyland-Swaine, and parish of Silkston; 1½ mile from Penistone.

WESTWICK, 3 *f. h.* in the parish and liberty of Ripon, lower-division of Claro; 2 miles from Boroughbridge, 4 from Ripon, 7 from Knaresbrough.—Pop. 27

WEST-WOOD, *ham.* in the township of Golcar, and parish of Huddersfield; 3 miles from Huddersfield, 8 from Halifax.

WETHERBY, a market and post-town, in the parish of Spofforth, upper-division of Claro; 6 miles from Harewood, 7 from Knaresbrough and Tadcaster, 8 from Abberford, 12 from Boroughbridge, 15¼ from York, 16 from Otley and Leeds, 194 from London.—*Market*, Thursday.—*Fairs*. Holy-Thursday, and August 5, for sheep and pigs.—*Principal Inns*, Angel, and Dog and Swan.—Pop. 1,217. The Church is a perpetual curacy, of which the Rector of Spofforth is Patron.

This place is situated upon the river Wharf, over which there is a handsome bridge. It consists principally of one street, which has of late years been considerably improved by the Duke of Devonshire, the chief proprietor, by whose directions a number of ruinous houses have been pulled down, and new ones, upon a smaller scale, erected of stone.

The Manor of Wetherby, in the 20th William I. was in the hands of two Norman Lords, viz. William de Percy, and Erneis de Burun. It was afterwards in the possession of the Knights Templars, and, together with all their estates in England, was forfeited on the abolition of their order, in 1312; when it was given with other possessions by the Pope, to the Knights Hospitallers of St. John, and confirmed by parliament, in 1324.

In the civil wars of Charles I., this town had a small Garrison, commanded by Sir Thomas Fairfax, who in the year 1642, repulsed Sir Thomas Glenham in two different attacks.—See the particulars in History of Knaresbrough, extracted from the Memoirs of that illustrious Commander. Before the erection of a bridge at Wetherby, which is on the great north road, the Roman military way crossed the river at Helen's-Ford, between this town and Tadcaster.

WETHERBY-GRANGE, *s. h.* in the township of Mickethwaite, and parish of Collingham; 1 mile from Wetherby.

This place is the property of Paul Beilby Thompson, Esq. the house is in an unfinished state, and is only occupied by a farmer, to take care of the deer and horses in the Park. It is sometimes called Mickieithwaite-Grange, and under which name, it appears, at page 357, *incorrect*, with respect to its being *extraparochial*.

WHAITBER, *s. h.* in the township of Burton-in-Lonsdale, and parish of Thornton-in-Lonsdale; 3 miles from Ingleton.

WHARFE, *ham.* in the township of Austwick, and parish of Clapham; 5 miles from Settle.

WHARNCLIFFE-LODGE, (*the residence of Lady Viscountess Erne*) in the township of Wortley, and parish of Tankersley, wapentake of Staincross; 6 miles from Sheffield, 8½ from Penistone, 9 from Rotherham.

This house, which is situated on one of the highest peaks of Wharncliffe Chase, was built in the time of Henry VIII. by Sir Thomas Wortley. In this house, Lady Mary Wortley Montague, spent much of the first two or three years of her married life, the earliest and the happiest. Here was born, that singular and romantic character, her son.

Wharncliffe is partly a Forest, and partly a deer Park. It is still a member of the great estate of the Wortley family, and is now the property of James Archibald Stuart Wortley, Esq. and occupied by the mother of this knight of the shire. It is famous, also, for being the scene of the old ballad of "The Dragon of Wantley," and a cleft in the rocks is now called the Dragon's Den.—In *Hunter's Hallamshire*, the reader will find an interesting account of this place.

WHEAT-CROFT, *f. h.* in the township of Aldwarke-with-Wheat-Croft, and parish of Ecclesfield, upper division of Strafforth and Tickhill; 2 miles from Rotherham.—Pop. included in Aldwarke.

WHEAT-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township of Throapham, and parish of St. John's; 5 miles from Tickhill and Worksop. (*Notts.*)

WHEATLEY, (*the seat of Sir George Cooke, Bart.*) in the parish and soke of Doncaster, lower-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; 2½ miles from Doncaster, 9 from Thorne.—Pop. including Sandall Parva, 169, which being united, form a township.

Bryan Cooke, Esq. of Sandall, in this county, ancestor of the present Baronet, had a son, Bryan, of the same place, who, for his loyalty to Charles I., was fined, by the sequestrators, 1460*l.* His son, George Cooke, Esq. was advanced to the dignity of a Baronet, May 10, 1661; which dignity has continued in the family, by a lineal succession, to the present time.—*Magna Brit.*

WHEATLEY, in the township of Ovenden, and parish of Halifax, liberty of Wakefield; 1½ mile from Halifax.

WHEATLEY, *ham.* in the township and parish of Ilkley; 5 miles from Otley, 10½ from Skipton.

WHERNSIDE, in the wapentake of Staincross.

The situation of this Mountain, is about 4 miles from Ingleborough, in the midst of a vast amphitheatre of hills. There are several tarns or small lakes near the top; two of them, nearly 200 yards in length, and almost of an equal extent in breadth. It is obvious to the eye, that this Mountain is higher than Ingleborough.

WHIRLOW, *ham.* in the township of Ecclesall-Bierlow, and parish of Sheffield; 4 miles from Sheffield.

WHISTON, a parish-town, in the upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberty of Hallamshire; 2 miles from Rotherham, 7½ from Sheffield, 11 from Tickhill, 50 from York.—Pop. 859. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. James, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, 10*l.* Patron, Lord Howard, of Effingham.

The Church is an ancient rectory, having belonged to the Lovelots, and descended from them to the Furnivals, Talbots, and Howards, Lords of Sheffield. In the 9th Edward II. Thomas de Furnival was Lord of this Manor, which still belongs to his representative, the Duke of Norfolk. Here is a small endowed School, by Frances Mansel, in 1728, value about 30*l.* per ann.—HUNTER.

WHISTON, UPPER, *ham.* in the township and parish of Whiston; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Rotherham, 8 from Sheffield.

WHITCLIFFE, 2 *f. h.* in the parish and liberty of Ripon, lower-division of Claro; $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Ripon, $7\frac{1}{2}$ from Boroughbridge.—Pop. including Littlethorpe, 157, which being united, form a township.

WHITCROSS, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Emley, liberty of Wakefield; 7 miles from Huddersfield and Wakefield.

WHITE-HILL, *s. h.* in the township of Greasbrough, and parish of Rotherham; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Rotherham, 5 from Sheffield.

WHITE-HOUSES, *ham.* in the township of High and Low-Bishopside, and parish and liberty of Ripon; 1 mile from Pateleybridge.

WHITE-LEE, *ham.* in the township of Quick, and parish of Rochdale, (*Lanc.*) 10 miles from Rochdale.

WHITE-LEES, *ham.* in the township of Scammonden, and parish of Huddersfield; $6\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Huddersfield.

WHITELEY-WOOD-HALL, (*the seat of William Silcock, Esq.*) in the township of Ecclesall-Bierlow, and parish of Sheffield; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Sheffield.

WHITE-WELL, in the township of the Forest of Bowland, lower, and parish of Whalley, (*Lanc.*) west-division and liberty of Staincliffe; 8 miles from Clitheroe, (*Lanc.*) $13\frac{1}{2}$ from Gisburn, 17 from Lancaster. Here is a Chapel of Ease under Whalley, built in 1817, value, p. r. 82*l.* 9*s.*

WHITE-WINDOWS, (*the seat of George Priestley, Esq.*) in the township of Sowerby, and parish of Halifax, liberty of Wakefield; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Halifax, 8 from Huddersfield.

WHITGIFT, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Osgoldcross, liberty of Pontefract; 6 miles from Howden, 8 from Crowle, (*Linc.*) 13 from Snaith, 26 from York.—Pop. 310. The Church, peculiar, is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Mary Magdalen, in the deanry of Pontefract. Patron, Lord Yarborough.

This place is one of those many villages which encompass the river Island, wherein are Ditchmarsh and Marsh-Land. It was anciently the estate of the Lacys, Earls of Lincoln, and afterwards descended to Henry, Lord Scroop, of Bolton, Chief Justice of the King's Bench.—*Magna Brit.*

In December, 1614, the Hon. Sir John Sheffield, with his brothers, Sir Edmund and Mr Philip Sheffield, sons to the Lord Sheffield, Lord President of the North, in passing Whitgift-Ferry over the Ouse, were drowned, with all their servants, and their bodies never found.—DRAKE.

During the siege of Hull, 1643, the royalists erected a Fort here, to prevent Hull from receiving supplies by water.—*Tickell's Hist. of Hull.*

WHITKIRK, a parish, in the township of Temple-Newsam, lower-division of Skyrack; $4\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Leeds, 8 from Wakefield, $10\frac{1}{4}$ from Ferrybridge, 21 from York. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of the Ainsty, value, $\pounds 13*l.* 5*s.* 7\frac{1}{2}$ *d.* p. r. 120*l.* Patron, Trinity-College, Cambridge.

In the Church of Whitkirk, was a chantry for two priests on the south side of the choir, and valued, 37 Henry VIII. at 12*l.* 3*s.* 4*d.* founded by William Scargill, Esq. of Thorpe-Stapleton. And on the north wall of the choir is a mural inscription to the memory of John Sineaton, F. R. S. the builder of the Edystone Light-house.—**WHITAKER.**

WHITLEY, in the parishes of Kellington and Snaith, wapentake of Osgoldcross, liberty and bailiwick of Cowick and Snaith; 6½ miles from Snaith, 6¾ from Pontefract.—Pop. 284.

WHITLEY, in the township and parish of Ecclesfield, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; (*Whitley-Hall, the seat of William Bingley, Esq.*) 5 miles from Sheffield, 9 from Burnsley.

WHITLEY-HALL, (*the residence of Mr W. Rayner,*) in the township of Whitley, and parish of Kirkheaton, liberty of Pontefract; 5½ miles from Huddersfield, 7½ from Wakefield.

This is the seat of the ancient family of the Beaumonts, the heir to which is a minor and a ward in Chancery; the Hall is, in consequence, at present occupied by Mr Rayner, their agent.

This Hall, built by Sir Richard Beaumont, about the end of Elizabeth's reign, and enlarged in 1704, stands advantageously on an elevated plain declining to the west. On the western side of the principal entrance is the family Chapel, fitted up with excellently carved oak, and in the taste formed by Gibbons, if not executed by him. The house abounds with an unusual number of portraits. It has been the seat of the Beaumont's family since the reign of Henry III.—

WHITAKER.

WHITLEY-HOUSE, (*the seat of Mrs Hollings*) in the township of Manningham, and parish of Bradford; 1 mile from Bradford.

WHITLEY, UPPER, in the parish of Kirkheaton, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; 5½ miles from Huddersfield, 7½ from Wakefield.—Pop. 764.

WHITLEY, LOWER, in the parish of Thornhill, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; 6½ miles from Huddersfield, 8½ from Wakefield.—Pop. 903.

WHITLEY-THORPE, *f. h.* in the township of Whitley, and parish of Kellington, liberty and bailiwick of Cowick and Snaith; 7 miles from Pontefract and Snaith.

WHITWELL, *f. h.* in the township of Bradfield, and parish of Ecclesfield; 8 miles from Penistone.

WHITWELL-PLACE, *s. h.* in the township of Elland-with-Greetland, and parish of Halifax; 5½ miles from Halifax.

WHITWOOD, in the parish of Featherstone, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; 4 miles from Pontefract, 6 from Wakefield.—Pop. 292.

WHITWOOD-MERE, *ham.* in the township of Whitwood, and parish of Featherstone; 3½ miles from Pontefract.

WHIXLEY, a parish-town, in the upper-division of Claro; 6 miles from Boroughbridge, 7½ from Wetherby, 8 from Knaresbrough, 11 from York.—Pop. 467. The Church is a perpetual curacy, in the deanry of Boroughbridge, diocese of Chester, value, 7*l.* 17*s.* 1*d.* p. r. †41*l.* Patron, the Heirs of the Tancreds.

This was formerly a seat of the ancient family of Tancred, the last of whom, Christopher Tancred, Esq. died in August, 1754, and by his will, left his house and estate here, for the maintenance of 12 decayed Gentlemen, four in each of the three learned professions; who must be 50 years of age or upwards, and

unmarried, each of whom received, in 1814, about 50*l.* per ann. and 1*s.* 6*d.* per day for providing victuals, &c. besides the use of two large gardens; a separate apartment is assigned to each, but, if in health, are required to dine together in the dining-room every day. The Hall is 27 feet square. The Chapel is 27 feet by 21, in it a pulpit and reading desk; the former of which appears as if it had never been used; having no entrance. In a vault underneath this Chapel, it is said, the noble founder lays. 20*l.* per ann. is allowed to a Clergyman for officiating here at stated times. The Inmates of this Hospital are not allowed to be absent a night without leave, and the longest time of absence allowed, is five days. In the Staircase is a Pedigree of the Tancred's, commencing with Richard Tancred, Esq. who married Adelira, daughter of Jordan de Bussey, and ending with the founders of this Hospital. At the end is an account of the several places where the family had estates. Annual value in 1786, was about 1,300*l.*—The trust of this Hospital is vested in seven Governors, viz. The Governors of Greenwich and Chelsea Hospitals; the Master of the Charter-House; the President of the College of Physicians; the Treasurer of Lincoln's-Inn, London; the Masters of Caius College; and Christ's College, Cambridge.

The Church formerly belonged to the Priory of Knaresbrough. Mr Drake supposes that it was built with stones, brought from the ruins of Aldburgh; as the marks of fire are very apparent in some parts of the building; it is, nevertheless, very probable, that it was burnt, with many other Churches in this neighbourhood, by the Scots, in the year 1319. The Park-wall, and most of the houses, in this village, are built with pebbles, said to have been taken from the remains of the Roman road.

WIBSEY, in the township of North-Bierley, and parish of Bradford. Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; 3 miles from Bradford, 5 from Halifax. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to the Holy-Trinity, in the deanry of Pontefract, value, 104*l.* Patron, the Vicar of Bradford.

WIBSEY-LOW-MOOR, in the township of North-Bierley, and parish of Bradford. Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; 3 miles from Bradford, 5 from Halifax.

WICKERSLEY, a parish-town, in the upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberty of Tickhill; 4 miles from Rotherham, 8 from Tickhill, 9 from Sheffield, 47 from York.—Pop. 432. The Church is a rectory, dedicated to St. Alban, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, 8*l.* 0*s.* 2½*d.* Patron, Henry Kater, Esq.

This place is famous for a fine bed of Stone, peculiarly adapted for the making of Grindstones, 5000 of which, are annually sent by land carriage to Sheffield. —*Miller's Hist. Doncaster.*

WIDDINGTON, a township, in the parish of Little-Ouseburn, upper-division of Claro; 8 miles from Boroughbridge, 11 from Knaresbrough.—Pop. 31.

WIGHILL, (Ainsty) a parish-town; 2½ miles from Tadcaster, 6 from Wetherby, 8½ from York.—Pop. 250. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to All-Saints, value, 45*l.* 3*s.* 6½*d.* p. r. 130*l.* Patron, Richard Fountayne Wilson, Esq.

WIGHILL-PARK, (Ainsty) in the township and parish of Wighill; (the residence of Richard Yorke, Esq.) 4 miles from Tadcaster and Wetherby, 9 from York.

The family of Stapleton, of which there have been a succession of many worthy Knights, hath long been in possession of this estate. Sir Robert Stapleton, who was Sheriff of this county 23 Elizabeth, met the Judges with seven-score men in suitable liveries. He was descended of Sir Miles Stapleton, one of first founders of the Garter, and Sheriff for five years together, from 29 Edward III.—Sir John Harrington, in his book, addressed to Prince Henry, gives

him this great character: "Sir Robert Stapleton, a Knight of Yorkshire, whom your Highness hath often seen, was a man well spoken off; had scarce an equal, and no superior, in England, except Sir Philip Sidney." The Church of Wigbill, was given to the Priory of Helagh-Park, in the year 1291.—**DRAKE**. The estate is now the property of Richard Fountayne Wilson, Esq.

WIGGLESWORTH, in the parish of Long-Preston, west-division and liberty of Staincliffe; 5 miles from Settle, 13 from Skipton and Colne, (*Lanc.*)—Pop. 479.

Here is a School, free for all the Children in the township, founded by Lawrence Clark, about the year 1800.

WIGTON, a township, in the parish of Harewood, upper-division of Skyrack; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Harewood, 5 from Leeds, 8 from Wetherby.—Pop. 164.

WIGTWIZLE, *f. h.* in the township of Bradfield. and parish of Ecclesfield; 6 miles from Penistone, 12 from Sheffield.

WIKE, in the parishes of Harewood and Bardsey, upper-division of Skyrack; 2 miles from Harewood, $6\frac{1}{2}$ from Leeds, 8 from Wetherby.—Pop. 139.

WIKE, in the parish of Birstall, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Bradford, 5 from Halifax, 8 from Huddersfield.—Pop. 1,509. About $\frac{1}{2}$ mile south is

WIKE, LOWER, in the same township and parish.

WILBY, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Cantley; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Doncaster, 7 from Bawtry.

WILCROSS-BROW, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Gisburn; 1 mile from Gisburn.

WILLOW-EDGE, (*the seat of Thomas Dyson, Esq.*) in the township of Skircoat, and parish of Halifax, liberty of Wakefield; 2 miles from Halifax.—In the same township is

WILLOW-FIELD, *the seat of Mrs John Dyson*, and

WILLOW-HALL, *the seat of the Miss Dysons*.

WILSDEN, in the parish of Bradford, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; 5 miles from Bradford and Keighley, 8 from Halifax.—Pop. 1,711.

WILSALL, in the township of High and Low-Bishopside, and parish and liberty of Ripon, lower-division of Claro; 2 miles from Pateleybridge, 7 from Ripley, $9\frac{1}{2}$ from Ripon.

WILSICK, in the township of Stansill-with-Wellingley and Wilsick, and parish of Tickhill, lower-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberty of Tickhill; (*the seat of George Parker, Esq.*) 2 miles from Tickhill, 5 from Doncaster, 6 from Bawtry.—Pop. included in Stansill.

WILSTROP, or **WILSTHORP**, (*Ainsty*) in the parish of Kirk-Hammerton; $8\frac{1}{2}$ miles from York, 10 from Knaresbrough.—Pop. 95.

WINCO-BANK, *ham.* in the township and parish of Ecclesfield; (*Winco-Bank Hall, the seat of Joseph Reads, Esq.*) 4 miles from Sheffield and Rotherham, 10 from Barnsley.

WINDFIELD, *s. h.* in the township of Greasbrough, and parish of Rotherham; 2 miles from Rotherham, 10 from Barnsley.

WINDHILL, *ham.* in the township of Idle, and parish of Calverley, liberty of Pontefract; 3 miles from Pontefract, 7½ from Otley.

WINDHILL-GATE, *f. h.* in the township of Woolley, and parish of Royston; 5 miles from Barnsley and Wakefield.

WINDLEDEN, *s. h.* in the township of Thurlstone, and parish of Penistone; 6 miles from Penistone.

WIND-MILL-HOUSE, *p. h.* in the township and parish of Crofton; 4 miles from Wakefield, 5 from Pontefract.

WINKSLEY, in the parish of Ripon, lower-division of Claro; 5 miles from Ripon, 6 from Masham.—Pop. 176. The Church is a perpetual curacy, in the deanry of Ripon, value, *p. r.* 70*l.* Patrons, the Dean and Chapter of Ripon.

WINMORE, in the parish of Thorner, wapentake of Skeyrack; 6½ miles from Leeds.

This place is famous for a great battle fought here, on the 15th of November, 655. Penda, King of the Mercians, bore a constant enmity to the Northumbrians, and very often made ravages in their dominions, without any regard to treaties. Oswy, the Northumbrian Monarch, did all he could to stop these ravages; but, being unable by force of arms, he had recourse to bribes, and offered great sums of money, and all the royal ornaments; but the haughty Penda, grown grey with age, old as he was, would not hearken to any offers; being obstinately resolved to ruin all his territories, and extirpate the whole nation. His army appeared more than sufficient to execute his cruel resolution, being thirty times the number of that of Oswy. In this dreadful dilemma, the devoted Northumbrians, seeing no alternative but that of conquest or death, received the charge of the Mercians with an heroic firmness, scarcely to be equalled in the annals of war. Oswy, and his son Alkfryd, at the head of their troops, charged like men in despair.—the Mercians gave way, and the greatest part of their army was cut to pieces; amongst which, was the haughty Penda, and nearly thirty of his principal officers.—THORESBY.

WINSLEY, in the township of Hartwith-with-Winsley, and parish of Kirkbymalzeard, lower-division of Claro; 3 miles from Ripley, 6 from Pateleybridge, 7 from Ripon.—Pop. included in Hartwith.

WINSKILL, *f. h.* in the township of Langeliffe, and parish of Giggleswick; 1 mile from Settle.

WINTERBURNE, in the township of Flasby-with-Winterburne, and parish of Gargrave, east-division and liberty of Staincliffe; 7 miles from Skipton, 9 from Settle, 11 from Kettlewell.—Pop. included in Flasby.

WINTEREDGE, *s. h.* in the township of Hipperholme, and parish of Halifax; 3 miles from Halifax.

This House appears, at some remote period to have been of some consequence, although in Watson's time it was "not the residence of any Gentleman." Under the Garden House is the following inscription:—

*"Garrulus insano crucietur mundus amore,
Dum mea placide vita serena placet."*

Over the door of the Garden House, "*Meliora spero.*" "Still higher over the window, "*Contra vim mortis, non est medicamen in hortis.*" And in the said Garden-house in an Out-building, called the Workhouse, and in the Kitchen, are a variety of figures in stained glass, with appropriate mottos.—*Watson's Hist. Halifax.*

Winteredge was held, 42 Elizabeth, of the Crown in fee, by Samuel Saltonstall, of Huntwike, and has lately been, says Mr. Watson, in the possession of the Priestleys.—*Ibid.*

WINTERSCALE, *f. h.* in the township of Garsdale, and parish of Sedbergh; 4 miles from Sedbergh, $15\frac{1}{2}$ from Askrigg.

WINTERSETT, in the parish of Wragby, wapentake of Staincross, liberty of Pontefract; 6 miles from Wakefield, $6\frac{1}{2}$ from Barnsley, $9\frac{1}{2}$ from Pontefract.—Pop. 135.

WISTOW, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Barkston-Ash, liberties of St. Peter, and of Cawood, Wistow, and Otley; 2 miles from Cawood, 3 from Selby, 12 from York.—Pop. 633. The Church, peculiar, is a vicarage, dedicated to All-Saints, in the deanry of the Ainsty, value, $\pm 8\text{£}$. Patron, the Prebendary thereof.

The Archbishop of York usually holds a Court of *Pypowder* at the Lammas Fair, at York, the jury of which is impannelled out of this place.—**DRAKE**.

WITIENS, *a few h.* in the township of Erringden, and parish of Halifax, liberty of Wakefield; $10\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Huddersfield.

WITHER, *s. h.* in the township of Armley, and parish of Leeds; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Leeds, $6\frac{1}{2}$ from Bradford.

WOLFIT, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Tickhill; 2 miles from Tickhill.

WOMBWELL, in the parish of Darfield, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill, liberty of Tickhill; $4\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Barnsley, $7\frac{1}{4}$ from Rotherham, 10 from Sheffield.—Pop. 811. Here is a Chapel of Ease to Darfield.

WOMBWELL-WOOD HEAD, *2 f. h.* in the township of Wombwell, and parish of Darfield, liberty of Tickhill; 4 miles from Barnsley, 8 from Rotherham.

WOMERSLEY, a parish-town, in the wapentake of Osgoldcross, liberty of Pontefract; (*the seat of the Right Hon. Lord Hawke*) 5 miles from Pontefract and Ferrybridge, 8 from Snaith, 26 from York.—Pop. 316. The Church is a vicarage, dedicated to St. Martin, in the deanry of Pontefract, value, $\pm 6\text{£}$. 11s. $5\frac{1}{2}\text{d}$. Patron, The Right Hon. Lord Hawke.

WOODALE, **HIGH** and **LOW**, *2 f. h.* in the township of Upper-Stonebeck, and parish of Kirkbymalzeard; 7 miles from Kettlewell.

WOODALL, in the township and parish of Harthill, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; 5 miles from Worksop, (*Notts.*) 9 from Rotherham, 11 from Sheffield.

WOODKIRK, a parish, in Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; 6 miles from Wakefield and Dewsbury. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Pontefract, value, p. r. 150*£*. Patron, the Earl of Cardigan.

WOOD-FOOT, *s. h.* in the township of Greasbrough, and parish of Rotherham; 2 miles from Rotherham.

WOOD-HALL HILLS, *ham.* in the township of Calverley-with-Farsley, and parish of Calverley, liberty of Pontefract; 3 miles from Bradford, 7 from Leeds.

WOOD-HALL, (*the seat of William Lister Fenton Scott, Esq.*) in the township of Sicklinghall, and parish of Kirkby-Overblow; $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Wetherby, 8 from Knaresbrough.

WOOD-HALL, 2 *h.* in the township and parish of Womersley ; 5 miles from Pontefract and Ferrybridge.

WOOD-HALL, NETHER, (*the seat of John Garland, Esq.*) in the township and parish of Darfield, lower-division of Strafforth and Tickhill ; 4 miles from Barnsley.

WOOD-HALL, OVER, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Darfield ; 4 miles from Barnsley.

WOOD-HOUSE, (*the seat of John Armitage, Esq.*) in the township of Rastrick, and parish of Halifax, liberty of Wakefield ; 5 miles from Halifax, 6 from Dewsbury.

Wood-House, a very ancient Mansion, which, about the year 1330, gave name to a family of some account, as already mentioned under the pedigree of Rastrick. It had its name from the materials of which it was built, to distinguish it from those of stone.—WATSON.

WOOD-HOUSE, *ham.* in the township and parish of Normanton, liberty of Wakefield ; 4 miles from Pontefract, 5½ from Wakefield.

WOOD-HOUSE, (*the seat of John Whitacre, Esq.*) in the township and parish of Huddersfield ; 1 mile from Huddersfield, 8 from Halifax.

WOOD-HOUSE, GREAT, in the township and parish of Leeds, lower-division of Skyrack, liberty of Pontefract ; 1¼ mile from Leeds.

WOOD-HOUSE-CARR, in the township and parish of Leeds, lower-division of Skyrack ; 1 mile from Leeds.

WOOD-HOUSE, LITTLE, in the township and parish of Leeds, lower-division of Skyrack, liberty of Pontefract ; 1 mile from Leeds.

WOOD-HOUSE, UPPER, (*the seat of John White, Esq.*) in the township of Rawden, and parish of Guiseley ; 4 miles from Bradford.

WOOD-HOUSE, YATE, *f. h.* in the township and parish of Slaidburn ; 1 mile from Slaidburn.

WOODLANDS, (*the seat of Mrs Waterton*) in the township and parish of Adwick-in-the-Street, lower-division of Strafforth and Tickhill ; 3½ miles from Doncaster, 11½ from Pontefract.

WOOD-HOUSE-HALL, *s. h.* in the township of Skircoat, and parish of Halifax ; 4 miles from Halifax, 10 from Huddersfield.

Wood-House is a very ancient situation, as appears from its name. The present building has the date 1580. It was purchased for 1800*l.* by Simon Sterne, third son of Dr. Richard Sterne, Archbishop of York. Sterne, author of *Tristram Shandy*, was of this family.—WATSON.

WOODLAND-COTTAGE, (*the residence of John Jaques, M. D.*) in the township of Bilton-with-Harrogate, and parish of Knaresborough ; ½ a mile from Harrogate.

It was originally built by Daniel Lascelles, Esq. about the year 1771. Alexander, Lord Loughborough, having purchased the estate some years after, made considerable additions to this house, raised a very extensive plantation ; and also built the house, now the residence of John Jaques, M. D. ; who purchased the estate of his Lordship's successor, the present Earl of Rosslyn.

WOODLEE-MILL, *a Mill*, in the township and parish of Maltby ; 5½ miles from Tickhill and Bawtry.

WOODLESFORD, in the parish of Rothwell, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract ; 4½ miles from Leeds,

6 from Wakefield. Pop. including Oulton, 1,526, which being united, form a township.

WOOD-NOOK, 3 or 4 *cotts.* in the township of Honley, and parish of Almondbury; $4\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Huddersfield.

WOOD-ROW, *s. h.* in the township of Shelley, and parish of Kirkburton; 6 miles from Huddersfield.

WOOD-SEAT, NORTH, $2\frac{1}{2}$ *f. h.* in the township and parish of WOOD-SEAT, SOUTH, $\frac{1}{2}$ Ecclesfield; $6\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Sheffield, 7 from Penistone.

WOODSETS, in the parish of South-Anston, upper-division of Strathforth and Tickhill, liberty of St. Peter; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Worksop, (*Notts.*) $6\frac{1}{2}$ from Tickhill, $9\frac{1}{2}$ from Rotherham.—Pop. including Gildingwells, 218, which being united, form a township.

WOODSOME-HALL, (*the residence of Richard Gill, Esq.*) in the township of Farnley-Tyas, and parish of Almondbury, liberty of Pontefract; 3 miles from Huddersfield, 10 from Penistone.

Woodsome, so called from its situation, almost imbosomed in flourishing oak woods, and anciently a seat of the Kayes, but lately of the Earl of Dartmouth, whose great-grandfather married the heiress of the Kayes. The house is quadrangular and spacious. The Hall is of the latter end of the reign of Henry VIII. or that of his son, Edward VI. This apartment is preserved entire, the rest of the front has been rebuilt, and bears the date of 1600. In this Hall, are two very singular paintings, on board, dated 1573. One contains a flat full-faced figure of John Kaye, son of Arthur Kaye, and Dorothy Mauleverer, his wife. Around the father, are the figures of his sons, and around the mother, her daughters. At the feet of the lady is a cumbent figure of an aged man, marked 76, in black. On the margin of each is a long catalogue of the noble and generous kin of the parties, and on the backs, (for they are painted on both sides) the respective arms of the same. To all these are added, several singular and rude inscriptions, particulars of which are given by Dr. Whitaker, in his *Leodiensis*.

WOODSIDE, *scatt. hs.* in the township and parish of Kildwick, liberty of Staincliffe; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Keighley, 6 from Skipton.

WOODTHORPE, (*the seat of the Rev. William Wood,*) in the township and parish of Sandal-Magna, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; 3 miles from Wakefield.

WOODTHORPE, (*the seat of Hugh Parker, Esq.*) in the township and parish of Handsworth; 3 miles from Sheffield.

WOOLDALE, or WOLFSDALE, in the parish of Kirkburton, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; $6\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Huddersfield, 8 from Penistone.

This place, like many others, very probably took its name from its abounding with wolves; which were once so numerous in this part of the kingdom, that they attacked and destroyed great numbers of the tame beasts of the villages. The inhabitants, finding all their efforts to destroy them in vain, petitioned King Athelstan, beseeching him to grant them relief, by taking some effectual method to destroy those ferocious animals; for which service, they bound themselves, and their successors for ever, to give every year one thrave of corn, out of every carucate of land in the Bishopric of York. Their petition was granted, and buildings erected in many places, particularly in the woods and forests, for the reception of dogs and huntsmen; by whose means, those ravenous creatures were, in a little time, entirely extirpated. It is curious to remark, that the thrave of corn, given out of every carucate of land, was afterwards given by government, to the Cathedral of York; and is, to this day, called *Peter-Corn*.

WOOLLEY, in the parish of Royston, wapentake of Staincross,

- liberty of Pontefract; 5 miles from Barnsley and Wakefield, 10 from Penistone.—Pop. 482. The Chapel is a perpetual curacy. Patron, G. W. Wentworth, Esq.—Similarly situated, is
- WOOLLEY-PARK**, (*the seat of Godfrey Wentworth Wentworth, Esq.*)
- WOOLLEY-EDGE**, *scatt. hs.* in the township of Woolley, and parish of Royston; 6 miles from Barnsley and Wakefield.
- WORLD'S-END**, *ham.* in the township of Bilton with High-Harrogate, and parish of Knaresbrough; $\frac{3}{4}$ of a mile from High-Harrogate.
- WORMLEY-HILL**, 2 or 3 *f. h.* in the township of Sykehouse, and parish of Fishlake; 4 miles from Thorne, $7\frac{1}{2}$ from Snaith.
- WORRALL**, in the township of Bradfield, and parish of Ecclesfield, upper-division of Strafforth and Tickhill; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Sheffield.
- WORSBROUGH**, in the parish of Darfield, wapentake of Staincross, liberty of Pontefract; (*Worsbrough-Hall, the seat of Francis Edmunds, Esq.; and Darlay-Hall, the seat of William Newman, Esq.*); $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Barnsley, 7 from Penistone, 11 from Sheffield.—Pop. 1,392. The Church is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Mary, in the deanry of Doncaster, value, p. r. *63*l.* 0*s.* 6*d.* Patron, the Rector of Darfield.

This village was anciently styled Washingburgh; which in the reign of King Edward IV., was the estate of George, Duke of Clarence, that King's brother; who, according to History, was attainted, condemned, and suffocated in a butt of malmsey wine. Here is a beautiful parochial Chapel, and a Free School.

—*Magna Brit.*

Here is a School for six poor Girls, founded in 1714, by William Skiers.

Obadiah Walker, a divine of considerable abilities and learning, was born here, in 1616. Among his published Works, the best is "The Greek and Roman History, illustrated by Coins and Medals, 1692, 8vo.

- WORTLEY, UPPER and LOWER**, in the parish and borough of Leeds, Morley-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Pontefract; 3 miles from Leeds, 8 from Bradford.—Pop. 3,126. Here is a Chapel of Ease to Leeds, under the Patronage of five Trustees.

- WORTLEY**, in the parish of Tankersley, wapentake of Staincross, liberty of Pontefract; (*Wortley-Hall, the seat of James Archibald Stuart Wortley, Esq.*) 5 miles from Barnsley, $5\frac{3}{4}$ from Penistone, 8 from Sheffield, 10 from Rotherham.—Pop. 904. The Chapel is a perpetual curacy, value, p. r. †98*l.* Patron, James Archibald Stuart Wortley, Esq.

The ancient seat of the Wortleys, of which Sir Thomas Wortley was High Sheriff of the County, in the 6th and 17th years of Henry VII. and a man of great power and consequence in the neighbourhood. In the pedigrees of this great family, he is said to have allied himself in marriage with two of the principal houses in the north of England, the Fitzwilliams and the Pilkingtons. He built the Lodge, upon Wharnccliffe Chase, now called Wharnccliffe Lodge.—HUNTER.

There is an amusing account of Taylor, the Water-Poet's visit to this place, given in Hunter's Hallamshire, transcribed from one of his rare Tracts, entitled "Part of this Summer's Travels, or News from Hell, Hull, and Halifax; from York, Linnæ, Leicester, Chester, &c. with many pleasant passages, worthy your observation and reading, by John Taylor. Imprinted by J. O. 12mo." It appears that he returned from his Tour on the 20th of September, 1639.

- WOTHERSOME**, 2 *h.* in the parish of Bardsey, lower-division of Skyrack; 5 miles from Wetherby, $5\frac{1}{2}$ from Tadcaster.—Pop. 16.

WRAGBY, a parish, in the townships of Purston-Jacklin, Winter-set, and Hesle, wapentake of Osgoldcross; $5\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Pontefract, 6 from Wakefield, 14 from Doncaster, 29 from York.—The Church, donative, is a perpetual curacy, dedicated to St. Michael, in the deanry of Pontefract. Patron, Charles Wion, Esq.

WRANGBROOK, $3\frac{1}{2}$ f. h. in the township of North-Emsall, and parish of South-Kirkby, liberty of Pontefract; 6 miles from Pontefract, 9 from Doncaster.

WREAKS, or RAKES.—*See Rakes.*

WRENTHORPE, in the township of Stanley-with-Wrenthorpe, and parish of Wakefield, Agbrigg-division of Agbrigg and Morley, liberty of Wakefield; 1 mile from Wakefield, 8 from Leeds.—Pop. included in Stanley; but at which there are no houses to constitute a town, the principal of the inhabitants being at Wrenthorpe. This place is now commonly called *Potovens*.

WRETH-HOUSE, *f. h.* in the township of Oxspring, and parish of Penistone; 2 miles from Penistone, $5\frac{1}{2}$ from Barnsley.

WROSE, or WROSE-HILL, *ham.* in the township of Idle, and parish of Calverley, liberty of Pontefract; 3 miles from Bradford.

Y

YARLSBER, *ham.* in the township of Ingleton, and parish of Low-Bentham; 8 miles from Kirby-Lonsdale, (*Westm.*)

YEADON, UPPER, in the parish of Guiseley, upper-division of Skyrack; $3\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Otley, $6\frac{1}{4}$ from Bradford, 8 from Leeds.—Pop. 2,455.

YEADON, NETHER, in the township of Upper-Yeadon, and parish of Guiseley, upper-division of Skyrack; $4\frac{1}{4}$ miles from Otley, $5\frac{1}{2}$ from Bradford; 9 from Leeds.

YEWS, f. h. and Paper Mill, in the township and parish of Maltby; 4 miles from Tickhill.

YEWS, ham. in the township of Bradfield, and parish of Ecclesfield; $4\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Sheffield, $10\frac{1}{2}$ from Rotherham.

YOKENTHWAITTE, ham. in the township of Buckden, and parish of Arnecliffe, liberty of Staincliffe; 5 miles from Kettlewell.

YORDAS-CAVE, in the township and parish of Thornton-in-Lonsdale, wapentake of Ewcross; 10 miles from Kirby-Lonsdale.

The entrance to this Cave is through a rude arched opening, four yards by seven, like the gateway of some ancient castle; which soon opens into an apartment, so spacious and extensive, that, with all the blaze of candles, neither the roof nor the walls can be clearly discerned. No cave, in romance; no den of lions, giants, or serpents; nor any supposed haunts of ghosts, or fairies, were ever described more dreary or terrific than is this gloomy and dismal cavern. After crossing a little brook, and proceeding thirty or forty yards further, the high roof and walls are seen distinctly, as well as the curious petrifications hanging therefrom. On the right are several other curiously incrustated figures; a projecting one is called The Bishop's-Throne, from its great resemblance to that appendage of a cathedral; another confused mass of incrustated matter, bears some resemblance to a large organ. After entering a narrow passage, of five or six yards, where the roof is supported by seven pillars, there is only room for one person in breadth; but, the height is very considerable. At a small distance hence, a cascade issues from an opening in the rock, and falls four or five yards

into a circular apartment, roofed with a fine dome: this apartment, some visitors have named The Chapter-House. The whole length of this singular cavern, is between fifty and sixty yards; its breadth, thirteen yards; and height, forty-seven feet. The principal part, here described, lies to the right; but, it extends also on the other hand, and unfolds some wonderful closets, called Yordas-Bedchamber, Yordas-Oven, &c. On the upper side of Yordas-Cave, is a quarry of black marble; from which, elegant monuments, chimney-pieces, slabs, and other ornaments are dug.

YORK, a city, borough, and town-corporate, is divided into the following parishes, viz.—

All-Saints, in Pavement, with *St. Peter the Little*, a rectory, value $\pounds 5l. 16s. 10\frac{1}{2}d.$ p. r. 67*l.* 2*s.* Patron the King.—Pop. 554.

All-Saints, North-Street, a rectory, value $\pounds 4l. 17s. 11d.$ p. r. 66*l.* Patron the King.—Pop. 910.

St. Andrew☐.—Pop. 185.

St. Cuthbert, in Peaseholme-Green, a rectory, value $\pounds 5l. 10s. 10d.$ Patron, the King.—Pop. 209, including Helen-Street-on the-Walls, 398, and All-Saints, Peaseholme, 223: total, 830.

St. Crux, in the Shambles, a rectory, value $\pounds 6l. 16s. 8d.$ p. r. $\pounds 104l.$ Patron, the King.—Pop. 827.

St. Dennis, in Walmgate, a rectory, value $\pounds 4l. 0s. 10d.$ Patron, the University of Cambridge, held with *St. George*, Naburn, value p. r. 80*l.*—Pop. 1,093.

St. Giles☐, in the Suburbs.—Pop. 881.

St. Helen, in the Square, a rectory, value $\pounds 4l. 5s. 5d.$ p. r. 46*l.* 12*s.* 6*d.* Patron, the King.—Pop. 678.

St. John Delpike☐, in Goodramgate and Ugglesforth.—Pop. 367.

St. John, in Micklegate, otherwise Ousebridge-End.—Pop. 938.

St. Lawrence, without Walmgate, a vicarage peculiar, value $\pounds 5l. 10s.$ with *St. John*, a perpetual curacy, value, together, p. r. 70*l.* Patrons, the Dean and Chapter of York.—Pop. including *St. Nicholas*, 799.

St. Margaret, in Walmgate, a rectory, value $\pounds 4l. 9s. 9\frac{1}{2}d.$ p. r. 60*l.* Patron, the King.—Pop. 808.

St. Martin-le-Grand, in Coneystreet, a vicarage, value $\pounds 4l.$ p. r. $\pounds 110l.$ Patrons, the Dean and Chapter of York.—Pop. 610.

St. Martin-cum-Gregory, in Micklegate, a rectory, value $\pounds 5l. 16s. 2d.$ —Pop. 562.

St. Mary, in Castlegate, a rectory, value $\pounds 2l. 8s. 6\frac{1}{2}d.$ p. r. $\pounds 80l.$ Patron, the King.—Pop. 989.

St. Mary, in Bishopshill-the-Elder, a rectory, value $\pounds 5l. 0s. 10d.$ p. r. $\pounds 95l. 6s. 2d.$ Patrons, the Dean and Chapter of York.—Pop. 681.

St. Mary, in Bishopshill-the-Younger, is a vicarage, peculiar, value $\pounds 10l.$ p. r. $\pounds 146l. 4s. 5d.$ Patrons, the Dean and Chapter of York.—Pop. 767.

St. Michael-le-Belfrey, in Petergate and Minster-Yard, peculiar, is a perpetual curacy, value $\pounds 2l. 0s. 10d.$ p. r. $\pounds 35l.$ Patrons, the Dean and Chapter of York.—Pop. 1,343.

St. Michael, in Spurriergate, a rectory, value $\pm 8l. 12s. 1d.$ p. r. 50*l.* Patron, the King.—Pop. 593.

St. Maurice, without Monk-Bar, peculiar, is a perpetual curacy, held along with *St. Trinity*, Goodramgate, a rectory, and *St. John Delpike*, a perpetual curacy, value, together, p. r. $\pm 97l. 14s. 6d.$ Patron, the Archbishop of York.—Pop. 798.

Mini Fard¶, a liberty, in the parish of *St. Wilfred*.—Pop. 132.

St. Olave, in Marygate.—*See North-Riding.*

St. Peter the Little¶.—Pop. 660.

St. Peter-le-Willows¶.—Pop. 418.

St. Sampson, Patrick's-Pool, peculiar, is a perpetual curacy, value, p. r. $\pm 100l.$ Patrons, the Subchanter and Vicars Choral.—Pop. 1,041.

St. Saviour, in Saviourgate, a rectory, value $\pm 5l. 6s. 8d.$ p. r. 127*l.* Patron, the King.—Pop. 987.

Holy Trinity, in Goodramgate, a rectory, value $\pm 12l. 4s. 9\frac{1}{2}d.$ held with *St. Maurice*.—Pop. 527.

Holy Trinity, otherwise Christ-Church, in King's Court, a vicarage, value $\pm 8l.$ p. r. 11*l.* 8*s.* Patron, the Master of Well Hospital.—Pop. 737.

Holy Trinity, in Micklegate, a perpetual curacy, value, p. r. $\pm 80l.$ held with *St. Cuthbert*.—Pop. 845.

St. Wilfred¶, in Blake-street.—Pop. 227.

The Churches marked thus ¶ are not now standing.

Is 10 miles from Tadeaster and Greenhammerton, 12 from Garraby-Inn, 13 from Easingwold and Pocklington, 14 from Wetherby, 15 from Selby, 17 from Boroughbridge, 18 from Malton and Knaresbrough, 19 from Market-Weighton, 20 from Howden, 21 from Harrogate, 23 from Helmsley, 29 from Driffield, 40 from Scarborough and Bridlington, 198 from London, 201 from Edinburgh.—*Markets*, Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday.—*Fairs*, Candlemas-Fair is held on Thursday and Friday before old Candlemas-day; Palmsun-Fair, on Thursday before Palm-Sunday; All-Souls'-Fair, on November 13, and Martinmas-Fair on November 22, for horned cattle, sheep, horses, &c. in the streets of Walmgate, Fossgate, Colliergate, and Pavement; the Statutes for hiring servants, are held also in Pavement, on November 22. *St. Luke's-Fair*, commonly called Dish-Fair, is held in Micklegate, on old *St. Luke's-day*, for all sorts of dishes, small wares, &c. The Horse-Shows are held without Micklegate-Bar, on Monday in the August Race-week; the last week in September, called Michaelmas-show; and the first whole week before Christmas. There are likewise Fairs held in Walmgate, every other Thursday, for horned cattle and sheep. Three Fairs are held on the north-side of the city, called the horse-fair, for all sorts of cattle, viz. on Whit-Monday, old *St. Peter's-day*, and old Lammas-day. At the latter Fair, from three o'clock on the 11th of August, to the same hour on the 13th, the

Sheriff's authority of arresting any person within the city and suburbs is suspended, the Archbishop's bailiff or substitute having the only power of executing any judicial process at that time. *Line Fairs*, Saturday before old Candlemas-day, Saturday before old Lady-day, Whit-Monday, old St. Peter's-day, old Lammas-day, Saturday before old Michaelmas, Saturday before old Martinmas, and Saturday before Christmas-day.—*Leather Fairs*, on Peasholme-Green, first Wednesdays in March, June, Sept. and December.—*Bankers*, Messrs. Raper, Swann, Clough, Swann, Bland, and Raper, Coney-street, draw on Messrs. Sir R. C. Glyn, Bart. and Co. 12, Birchin-Lane; Messrs. Wilson, Tweedy, and Wilson, High-Ousegate, draw on Messrs. Robarts, Curtis, and Co. 15, Lombard-street; Messrs. Wentworth, Chaloner, Rishworth, and Co. Low-Ousegate, draw on Messrs. Wentworth and Co. 25, Threadneedle-street.

Total Population—City Parishes, 20,787—St. Peter's Liberty, 924—York Castle, 152—St. Olave, Marygate, 966—Together, 22,829.

York, the capital of the North, and second City in the Kingdom, appears to have been founded by Agricola, about the year 80, after he had finished his conquest of the Brigantes. It soon became the head-quarters of the Roman army, and was the residence of the Roman Emperors. After the departure of that warlike people, this City, and the surrounding country, were exposed to the fury of the Northern Nations, received the barbarous shocks of the Danes, and groaned, under repeated devastations, for more than 600 years; notwithstanding which, we find that this City frequently arose out of its ashes, and again recovered its former splendor; for, in less than a century after it had been razed to the ground, by the Norman Conqueror, it was rebuilt, and a Parliament called here, by Henry II.; after which, it was honoured with the presence of most of our Kings, from Henry III. to Charles I.; during which time, Parliaments, Conventions, Coronations, Royal Marriages and Interviews, at different periods, took place here. The last visit, paid by Charles I., was in the year 1640; soon after which, this City was garrisoned for the King, and surrendered to the arms of the Parliament, July 16, 1644.

Every inquisitive traveller, in the search of antiquities, or curiosities, will be tempted to make some stay at York;—among the former, is the arch at Micklegate Bar, and the multangular tower, near the Mint-Yard, both built in the time of the Romans. The sepulchral monument of the standard-bearer of the ninth legion of the Roman army, was dug up near Micklegate; and, in many other parts of the City, have been found Roman altars, stone coffins, tessellated pavements, inscriptions, urns, coins, &c.

The situation of York is on a plain, on both sides of the river Ouse; and so exactly resembles Rome in its form, that whoever compares the two plans together, will find them exceedingly similar;—a strong proof of the Roman origin of this City. In the wall, which is in circumference nearly three miles, are four gates, and five posterns. The *Cathedral* of St. Peter, generally called the *Minster*, the glory of this city, may with justice be pronounced, the most magnificent Gothic structure in the Kingdom; besides which, there are 23 Churches.

St. Mary's Abbey, now in ruins, was begun by William Rufus, in 1088, but in the general conflagration at York, in the reign of King Stephen, was totally destroyed; but the rebuilding of it in 1270, was undertaken by Simon de Warwick, then Abbot. At the dissolution, Henry VIII. ordered a Palace to be built out of its ruins, called the *King's Manor*. It continued in that state till the reign of James I. who converted it into a regal Palace, for his residence at his going and returning from Scotland. After the Revolution, a lease was granted for vesting it in private hands, in which it now remains.

The *Old Bridge* over the river Ouse, supposed to have been built about the year 1235, is now demolished, and a new one erected in its place. The founda-

tion stone was laid by the Lord Mayor, on the 10th of December, 1810. It consists of three elliptical arches, with battlements on each side. The span of the centre arch is seventy-five feet, the span of each side arch sixty-five feet. The flagged footways are five feet six inches broad, leaving a carriage-way of twenty-nine feet.

The *Old Bridge* over the Foss, built about the year 1406, was lately taken down, and an handsome structure erected in its place.

Vetus Ballium or *old Baile*, which Leland and Camden suppose to have been the Platform of a Castle, is situated at the south-east corner of the City.

The *City Walls*, by the corroding hand of time, falling fast to decay, are supposed to have been built by Edward I. upon Roman foundations, who added to them a number of strong towers, which, in Leland's time, were in a complete state of defence.

The first production of the York Press, was the *Pica* of the Cathedral, by Hugh Goes, in 1509. — *Home on Bibliography*.

The *Castle*, built by William the Conqueror, is now a *County Prison*, for debtors and felons: the area of this prison is larger than either that of the Fleet or King's Bench, in London, the situation high, pleasant, and airy.

In the right wing is a prison for Debtors, which reflects honour on the County.—In the left wing is an handsome convenient Chapel, ascend d to by a flight of steps uniform with the right wing, and ornamented with suitable Furniture.—The Women Felons are confined in the New Buildings, opposite the County Hall.—Mr. Staveley is the present Governor.

On the west side of the area, is the new *County-Hall*, opened at the Summer Assizes, in 1777. It is a superb building, of the Ionic order, 150 feet in length, and 45 in breadth. In the south end thereof, is the Court for trial of prisoners; and in the north end, the Court of *Nisi Prius*. Each of them is thirty feet in diameter, covered with a Dome forty feet high, which is supported by thirteen Corinthian pillars.

The extent of the City's Liberties is within seventy-seven feet of the Castle Gate, distinguished by the City Arms of the five Lions, placed in the wall on each side. Here the Sheriffs of the City wait to receive the Judges of Assize, and conduct them to the Guild-hall.

Adjoining the Castle is a very high Mount, on which stands a Tower, consisting of four segments of circles, joined together, called *Clifford's Tower*. It was built by the Conqueror, and derived its name from one of the Clifford family, who was made the first Governor of it; and though now a ruin, it is a considerable ornament to the City. It was formerly defended by a deep moat, draw-bridge and palisades.

The *Mansion-House*, erected for the Lord Mayor, in the year 1725, is a very handsome building—the basement is a rustic arcade, which supports an Ionic order, with a pediment. The State-room, where the Lord Mayor entertains the Corporation, is forty-nine feet six inches by twenty-seven feet nine inches.

The *Guild-Hall* is situated behind the Mansion-House, and is supposed to be one of the finest Gothic Halls in the Kingdom. The City is governed by a Lord Mayor, a Recorder, two City Council, twelve Aldermen, two Sheriffs, seventy-two Common Councilmen, and six Chamberlains.

The *Assembly-Rooms*, in Blake-street, were erected in 1730, from a design of the celebrated Lord Burlington. From the ceiling are suspended thirteen large Lustres of crown glass, each holding eighteen wax candles; but the principal one, given by Lord Burlington, is so brilliantly cut, as to deserve particular notice.

The *Theatre-Royal* is at the upper end of Blake-street, and was erected in 1769, by Mr Baker, and a patent procured for it by his successor, the late Tate Wilkinson, Esq. It is fitted up in a very neat uniform style, capable of containing a numerous audience: several judicious alterations have lately taken place in the interior.

The *Lunatic-Asylum*, first established in 1777, is a handsome structure; extending in length 132 feet; in depth 52; and in height three stories. The patients in this place are treated with all the tenderness and indulgence, compatible with steady and effectual government. The strictest economy is observed in the management of the family, and the utmost attention is paid to decency and cleanliness.

There is another institution in the vicinity of York, belonging to the Quakers, for the same class of patients, called the *Retreat*.

County Hospital, or *Public Infirmary*, is a spacious building, situated out of Monk-Bar, north-east of the city. It was first instituted in 1740, by a legacy of 500*l.* bequeathed by Lady Hastings, for the relief of the diseased poor in the county of York, and since raised and supported by the benefactions, or annual contributions of the humane. It was for many years the only institution of that nature north of the Trent, and in its infancy had many difficulties to struggle with; but through the care and economy of its first patrons, those difficulties were soon overcome, and the extensive utility of the institution becoming obvious, quickly procured it many liberal donations. The front extends seventy-five feet in length, ninety feet in depth, and encloses a court of twenty-six feet four inches by thirty-five feet. There is a public Medical Library, (established in January 1810) for the improvement and diffusion of medical and surgical knowledge. This excellent charity is entirely dependent upon the benevolence of the public for its support.

Here is likewise a *City Dispensary*, for administering relief to the diseased poor, instituted in 1788.

The *York Subscription Library* was first instituted in 1794. The foundation-stone of a new building, opposite the Post-Office, in St Helen's Square, was laid in 1811. It now contains about 7000 volumes. The ground-floor, underneath the Library, is occupied as a Subscription News-Room.

The *City Gaol*, adjoining the Old Baile, was begun in 1802, under the direction of Mr Peter Atkinson, architect, and completed in 1807. In the front is a large Court-yard, where debtors have the privilege of walking.

In 1814, a new *House of Correction* was erected on Toft Green, near Micklegate-Bar.

At a short distance on the Fulford Road, are the *Cavalry Barracks*, erected at the expence of about 27,000*l.* These handsome buildings stand in an area of an oblong square occupying twelve acres of ground; they are constructed on a plan for containing about 260 officers and privates, with stabling for 266 horses.

The *Race-Ground* is about a mile south of the city. It is a plain flat, called *Knavesmire*. In 1754, the Grand Stand was built by subscription, and tickets of admission issued at five guineas each: their present value is now nearly 14*l.*

Here are Chapels for Roman Catholics, Methodists, Presbyterians, Independents, and a Meeting-house for Quakers.

York is an Archbishop's See; sends two Members to Parliament, being first summoned 23rd Edward I.

For a particular account of the antiquities of York, see *Drake's Eboracum*, and *Hargrove's Hist of York*.

Lord Lieutenant and Custos Rotulorum,

THE RIGHT HON. HENRY, EARL OF HAREWOOD.

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lund Park
Sir Henry Carr Ibbetson, Bart. Den-
ton Park
Sir William Amcotts Ingilby, Bart.
Ripley
Sir John Lister Kaye, Bart. Denby
Grange
Sir Charles Kent, Bart.
Sir William Mordaunt Milner, Bart.
Nun Appleton
Sir Thomas Turner Slingsby, Bart.
Scriven
Sir Francis L. Wood, Bart. Hemsworth
The Rev. Dr. Milner, Thribergh
The Rev. Dr. Waddilove, Ripon
Aspinall, John, esq. Standen Hall, Clithero
Armitage, George, esq. Park Riding
Huddersfield
Armitage, John, esq. Kirklees
Allen, Benj. Haigh, esq. Green Head
Armitage, Joseph, esq. Milus-Bridge
House
Bischoff, Thomas, esq. Leeds
Benyon, Thomas, esq. Leeds
Brown, William Williams, esq. Cha-
pel-Allerton
Brown, James, esq. Hare Hills Grove
Bland, Thomas Davison, esq. Kippax-
Park
Beckett, Joseph, esq. Barnsley
Brooksbank, Benjamin, esq. Healaugh
Blayds, John, esq. Leeds
Busfield, William, esq. Upwood

Beaumont, Thomas Richard, esq.
Bretton Hall
Brandling, Charles J. esq. Middleton
Brandling, Ralph, clerk, Middleton
Briggs, Rawdon, esq. Halifax
Beckett, John Staniforth, esq. Barnsley
Beaumont, Thomas Wentworth, esq.
Bretton
Banks, George, esq. Leeds
Beckett, Christopher, esq. Leeds
Blayds, John, jun. esq. Oulton
Coulthurst, John N. esq. Gargrave
Curre, Danson Richardson, clerk,
Whitwell
Cooke, William Bryan, esq. Wheatley
Creyke, Ralph, esq. Marton
Chippendale, Robinson, esq. Skipton
Cooke, John, esq. Maltby
Carr, William, esq. York
Cunliffe, William, esq. Addingham
Cooke, Philip Davies, esq. Owston
Chamberlain, Thomas, esq. Skipton
Chyton, William, esq. Langcliffe-place
Chalouer, Robert, esq. York
Collins, William esq. Knaresbrough
Duncombe, Thomas, esq. Copgrove

Dixon, Jeremiah, clerk, Woolley
Dixon, John, esq. Suffolk
Dealtry, Benjamin, esq. Lofthouse
Dearden, John, esq. Halifax
Denison, Edmund, esq. Doncaster
Edmunds, Francis, esq. Worsbro'
Edmunds, Francis Olney, esq. Worsbro'
Ellis, Lister, esq. Castlefield
Field, John Wilmer, esq. Henton
Ferrand, Edward, esq. St. Ives
Ferrand, Walker, esq. Harden Grange
Fenton, William, esq. Thorpe Hall
Fullerton, John, esq. Thribergh
Farrer, James William, esq. Clapham
Lodge
Farrer, Oliver, esq. Clapham
Fitzgerald, Thomas George, esq. Bold-
shay
Fairfax, Thomas Lodington esq. New-
ton Kyme
Gascoigne, Richard Oliver esq. Par-
lington
Gott, Benjamin, esq. Leeds
Gossip, William, esq. Hatfield
Gally-Knight, Henry, esq. Langold
Garforth, James Braithwaite esq.
Conistone
Gossip, Randall, esq. Thorpe Arch
Hesleden, Bryan esq. Skipton
Horton, Thomas, esq. Howroyd
Hird, Lamplugh, clerk, Low Moor
Hay, William Robert, clerk, Rochdale
Heywood, John Pemberton, esq.
Wakelield
Hardy, John, esq. Leeds
Higgins, Godfrey, esq. Skellow-grange
Haigh, Joseph, esq. Spring wood
Horsfall, John, esq. Thornton Lodge
Hammerton, James, esq. Hellifield
Peel
Jaques, Thomas George, esq. Leeds
Ingleby, Charles, esq. Austwick
Jaques, Thomas, esq. Leeds
Lister, Ellis Cunliffe, esq. Calverley
House
Lee, John, esq. Abbey, Knaresbro'
Lowther, John, esq. Swillington
Lee, James, esq. Leeds
Lee, Richard esq. Leeds
Lister, Anthony, clerk, Gargrave
Lee, William, esq. Grove Hall
Lowe, John, clerk, Wentworth
Lloyd, Thomas, esq. York
Manby, William, esq. Knaresbro'
Maude, Daniel Salisbury, esq. Wake-
field
Maude, Francis, esq. Wakefield
Markham, Robert, clerk, Bolton Percy
Markland, Edward, esq. London
Micklethwait, Richard, esq. New
Laiths

Moore, James, esq. Brockwell
 Morritt, William, esq. Sherwood Hall
 Markham, William, esq. Becca Lodge
 Naylor, John, esq. Wakefield
 Oates, Josiah, esq. Burley
 Parker, Hugh, esq. Woodthorpe
 Parker, Thomas Lister, esq. Browsholme
 Paley, George, esq.
 Priestley, Jos. esq. White Windows
 Palmes, George, esq. Naburn
 Priestley, William, esq. Lightcliffe
 Paley, John Green, esq. Bowling Hall
 Plunbe, John, esq. Tong Hall
 Prest, William, esq. Towlston Lodge
 Plunbe, Thomas Richard, esq. Tong Hall
 Ronndell, Richard Henry, esq. Gledstoue House
 Rawson, William esq. Halifax
 Rawson, Christopher, esq. Halifax
 Rhodes, John, esq. Halifax
 Rawdon, Christopher, esq. Underbank in Stansfield
 Slingsby, Charles, esq. Lofthouse-hill
 Scott, Joseph, esq. Badsworth
 Shilleto, John, esq. Ulleskelf
 Sotheron, Frank, esq. Hooke
 Smyth, John Henry, esq. Heath
 Smart, James A. esq.
 Smithson, William, esq. Heath
 Sinclair, Robert, esq. York
 Sturges, John, esq. Bowling Hall
 Scott, William Lister Feuton, esq. Woodhall Park
 Thompson, Richard John, esq. Kirkby Hall
 Trebeck, Thomas, clerk, Wath
 Torre, James, esq. Sydal
 Taylor, Michael Angelo, esq. Cautley

Torre, Christopher, esq. Pontefract
 Tempest, Stephen, esq. Broughton hall
 Vavasour, William, esq. Weston Hall
 Vincent, John Tunnadine, esq. Hems-worth
 Watson, Shepley, esq. Hindley
 Walker, Thomas, esq. Killingbeck
 Wainman, Richard Bradley, esq. Shipley Hall
 Wrightson, William, esq. Cusworth
 Wortley, J. A. S. esq. Wortley hall
 Wentworth, Godfrey W. esq. Woolley Park
 Wilson, Christopher, esq. Ledston hall
 Wood, William, clerk, Woodthorpe
 Wilkinson, Edward, esq. Potterton
 Wilson, Richard Fouutayne, esq. Ingmanthorpe
 Wood, Henry Rich. esq. Hollin hall
 Wilson, Thomas, esq. York
 Waude, Samuel Wilks, esq. Chester Cotes
 Walker, Jonathan, esq. Oran
 Walker, Henry, esq. Masborough
 Wybergh, Thomas esq. Middleton
 Wrightson, William B. esq. Cusworth
 Wilson, Matthew esq. Eshton
 Walker, Samuel, esq. Aldwark
 Walker, Thomas, esq.
 Walker, Joshua, esq. Clifton
 Walker, Wm. esq. Middleton, Leeds
 Waterhouse, John, esq. Halifax
 Wilson, Daniel, esq. Dallam Tower
 Walker, Joseph, esq. Lascelles hall
 Whitacre, John, esq. Thornton Lodge
 Winn, Charles, esq. Nostall Priory
 Yarbrough, George Cooke, esq.
 York, John, esq. Halton Place and Beverley
 York, Richard, esq. Wighill Park

Lords and Chief Bailiffs of Liberties.

His Grace the Duke of Buccleugh; for Bolland
 His Grace the Duke of Devonshire; for Clifford's Fee
 His Grace the Archbishop of York; for Cawood, Wistow, and Otley
 The Right Hon. Lord Viscount Downe; for Cowick and Snaith
 His Grace the Duke of Norfolk; for Hallamshire
 His Grace the Duke of Devonshire; for Knaresbrough
 John Hardy, Esq.; for the Honour of Pontefract
 His Grace the Archbishop of York; for Ripon
 His Grace the Duke of Devonshire; for Staincliffe
 The Right Hon. the Earl of Scarborough; for Tickhill
 His Grace the Duke of Leeds; for the Manor of Wakefield

OFFICERS OF THE RIDING.

Clerk of the Peace, Thomas Wybergh, Esq. Isell-Hall, Cockeruouth, Cumberland.
Deputy Clerk of the Peace, and Deputy Sheriff, Thos. Foljambe, gent. Wakefield.

Treasurer, William Lee, Esq. Grove-Hall, near Pontefract.
Clerk of General Meetings of Lieutenancy, Christopher Bolland, Esq. Leeds.
Clerk of Indictments and Solicitor, Robert Rodgers, gent. Sheffield.
Governor of the House of Correction, Wakefield, Mr James Shepherd.
Surveyors of Bridges, Mr Bern. Hartley, and Mr Bern. Hartley, jun. Pontefract.

REGISTER-OFFICE, WAKEFIELD.

Register, Francis Hawksworth, Esq. Wakefield.
Deputy, Mr James Stephenson.

CORONERS.

Mr William Tindall, Skipton.	Mr Thomas Shepley, Selby.
Mr	Mr Edward Brook, Wakefield.
Mr Thos. Robinson Mandall, Doncaster.	Mr Christopher Jewison, Rothwell, Leeds,
Mr James Wigglesworth, Halifax.	for the Honor of Pontefract.

CHIEF CONSTABLES:

Agbrigg and Morley, Mr Wm. Selby, Blackwall, Halifax, for Morley; Mr Thos. Pitt, Wakefield, for Upper-Agbrigg; Mr John Wiseman, Sandal-Magna, for Lower-Agbrigg.
Barkston-Ash, Mr Edward Trueman, Pontefract; Mr John Hornsby, Camblesforth, Claro, Mr John Gilbertson, Roecliffe; Mr Humphrey Fletcher, Boroughbridge.
Osgoldcross, Mr Thomas Wilkinson, Ackworth; Mr Wm. R. Earnshaw, Rowall.
Staincliffe and Eweross, Mr Wm. Carr, Stackhouse; Mr Robt. Wildman, Gargrave.
Staincross, Mr James Sykes, Worsbrough; Mr Charles Stringer, High-Hoyland,
Strafforth and Tickhill, Mr Wm. Workman, Adwick-le-Street; Mr ———
Skyrack, Mr Robert Parr, Oulton; Mr Richard Lumb, Swillington.

SUBDIVISION CLERKS.

Agbrigg-Division, Mr John Campey Laycock, Huddersfield, upper-division; and
 and Mr John Berry, Wakefield, lower-division.
Barkston-Ash, Mr Edward Trueman, Pontefract.
Claro, Mr Samuel Powell, Knaresbrough.
Morley, Mr Currer Fothergill Busfield, Cottingley.
Osgoldcross, Mr Thomas Wilkinson, Ackworth.
Staincliffe and Eweross, Mr John Hartley, Settle.
Staincross, Mr George Keir, Barnsley.
Strafforth and Tickhill, Mr John Fisher, Rotherham, upper-division; and Mr
 Richard Danser, Doncaster, lower-division.
Skyrack, and Borough of Leeds, Mr Christopher Bolland, Leeds.
City and Ainsty of York, Mr Richard Townend, York.

Places and Times of holding Petty Sessions, with the Clerks' Names.

<i>Agbrigg, Upper,</i>	..	Huddersfield, Tuesdays, Mr M. Bradley.
<i>Ditto, Lower,</i>	.....	Wakefield, Fridays, Messrs. Wiseman, Dawson, Hargreave, and Hall.
<i>Barkston-Ash,</i>	.....	Selby, Mondays, and Sherburn, Tuesdays, Mr Hornsby.
<i>Claro,</i>	.....	Knaresbrough, Wednesdays, Mr Powell.
<i>Morley,</i>	.....	Halifax, Saturdays, Messrs. Briggs and Moore; Bradford, Thursdays, Messrs. Crosley and Booth.
<i>Osgoldcross,</i>	.....	Snaith, ———, Mr Hornsby; Wentbridge, Tuesdays, Mr Wilkinson.

<i>Skirack,</i>	Bingley, Tuesdays, Mr Tolson ; Leeds, Tuesdays, Messrs. Smith and Moore.
<i>Staincross,</i>	Wortley, ———, Mr Baker ; Barnsley, Wednesdays, and Woolley, Thursdays, Mr Wiseman.
<i>Staincliffe and Ewcross,</i>	Settle, Tuesdays, Skipton, Saturdays, Mr Wildman and Mr Hall ; Kildwick, ———, and Gargrave, ———.
<i>Strafforth and Tickhill,</i>	Sheffield, Tuesdays, Mr Albert Smith ; Rotherham, Mondays, Mr Fisher ; Doncaster, Saturdays, Mr Workman ; Bawtry, Wednesdays, Mr Baines.
<i>Borough of Leeds, ..</i>	Leeds, Tuesdays and Fridays, Mr Nicholson.

The General Quarter Sessions.

The Christmas Quarter Sessions are held at Wetherby, on Tuesday in the first whole week after the Epiphany ; Wakefield on Thursday after ; and Doncaster on the Wednesday following.

Easter Quarter Sessions at Pontefract, on Monday in the first whole week after Easter.

Midsummer Quarter Sessions at Skipton, on Tuesday in the first whole week after the 7th of July ; Bradford on Thursday after ; and Rotherham on the Wednesday following.

Michaelmas Quarter Sessions at Knaresbrough, on Tuesday in the first whole week after the 11th of October ; Leeds on Thursday after ; and Sheffield on the Wednesday following.

All the Quarter Sessions for the Boroughs and Liberties are held in the same week as the Riding Sessions, viz:—The City of York on Friday ;—the Liberty of St. Peter, at York, on Saturday ;—the Liberty of Ripon on Friday ; the Archbishops for Cawood, Wistow, and Otley, at Otley and Cawood on Wednesday.

THE ASSIZES

For the County and City of York, are held on Saturday three weeks after Hilary-Term ends ; and on Saturday before the seventh Sunday after Trinity.

OFFICERS OF THE NORTHERN CIRCUIT.

Clerk of Assize, Fletcher Rigge, Esq. Northallerton.

Deputy Clerk of Assize, Christopher Newstead, Esq. York.

Clerk of Indictments, Christopher John Newstead, Gent. York.

Clerk of Arraigns, Henry Newstead, Gent. York.

CITY AND AINSTY.

MAGISTRATES.

THE RIGHT HON. THE LORD MAYOR.

RECORDER.

Robert Sinclair, Esq. York.

CITY COUNSEL.

John Pemberton Heywood, Esq. Wakefield.

Samuel William Nicoll, Esq. Fulford.

ALDERMEN.

Thomas Wilson, Esq. Fulford.

William Hotham, Esq. York.

William Ellis, Esq. Fulford-Field,

John Kilby, Esq. York.

George Peacock, Esq. York.

The Right Hon. Lawrence, Lord Dundas, .. Marske-Hall,

Isaac Spencer, Esq. (*Lord Mayor, 1822*) .. Poppleton.

Thomas Smith, Esq. Huntingdon.

William Dunsley, Esq. York.

William Hutchinson Hearon, Esq. York.

John Dales, Esq. York.

Robert Chaloner, Esq. York.

James Saunders, Esq. York.

OFFICERS OF THE CITY AND AINSTY.

Clerk of the Peace. Richard Townend, Esq. York.

Treasurer. William Ellis, Esq. Fulford.

Coroners. Samuel Cowling and Robert Ellison.

Chief Constables. Wm. Baynes, John Steward, and Thomas Beal.

LIBERTY OF ST. PETER.

Magistrates.

Agar, Benjamin, Esq. Brockfield-House,

Brooksbank, Benjamin, Esq. Healaugh-Hall.

Blow, the Rev. William. York.

Croft, the Rev. Robert, Rowley.

Dickens, Henry John, Esq. York.

Dealtry, the Rev. William, Wigginton.

Elliot, the Rev. Robert, Wheldrake.

Ellis, the Rev. John, Strensall.

Eyre, the Rev. John, West-Heslerton.

Foulis, John Robinson, Esq. West-Heslerton.

Kelly, the Rev. George, Bolton-Percy.

Markham, the Rev. Robert, Sandhutton.

Read, the Rev. Thomas Cutler Rudston, .. Sandhutton.

Rice, the Hon. and Rev. Edward,	....
Sykes, Sir Mark Masterman, Bart.	.....	Sledmere.
Shilleto, John, Esq.	.....	Ulleskelf.
Sympson, Robert, Esq.	.....	York.
Thompson, George Lowther, Esq.	.....	Sheriffhutton-Park.
Waddilove, the Rev. Dr.	.....	Ripon.

OFFICERS OF THE LIBERTY.

Chief Bailiff, John Brook, Esq. York.

Clerk of the Peace, Christopher Newstead, Esq. York.

Steward of the Court of Pleas, &c. Henry John Dickens, Esq. York.

Under Steward, Christopher Newstead, Esq. York.

Coroners, James Richardson, Gent. York; John Plowman, Gent. Haxby; and Richard Bell, Surgeon, Pocklington.

Chief Constables, T. Acaster, Brotherton; W. Cooke, Pocklington; Thos. Hessay, Bishop-Wilton; Wm. Taylor, Husthwaite; and Wm. Fisher, York.

LIBERTY OF RIPON.

MAGISTRATES.

The Mayor of Ripon.	.....
The Right Hon. Lord Grantham,	.....	Newby-Hall, Ripon.
Rev. Robert Darley Waddilove, D. D.	..	Ripon.
Rev. Thomas Newton,	.....	Coxwold, Thirsk.
Rev. George Allanson,	.....	Ripon.
Charles Harrison Batley, Esq.	.....	Masham.
John Williamson, Esq.	.....	Ripon.
John Dalton, Esq.	.....	Slenningford, Ripon.
Charles Oxley, Esq.	.....	Ripon.
Marmaduke Lawson, Esq.	.....	Boroughbridge.
Rev. William Dent.	.....	Crosby-Hall.
Henry Richard Wood, Esq.	.....	Hollin-Hall.
Gregory Elsley, Esq.	.....	Burneston.

OFFICERS OF THE LIBERTY.

Clerk of the Peace, Chief Bailiff, and Under Steward of the Court Military, Charles Harrison, Esq.

Deputy ditto, and Coroner, John Cartman, Ripon.

Chief Constable and Treasurer, J. Gilbertson, Westwick.

DEPUTY LIEUTENANTS,

For the East-Riding, and the Town and County of the Town of Kingston-upon-Hull.

VICE-LIEUTENANT, RICHARD BETHELL, Esq. RISE.

The Right Hon. Beaumont, Lord Hotham ..	South Dalton.
The Right Hon. Lord Viscount Morpeth,	Castle-Howard.
Sir Mark Masterman Sykes, Bart.	Sledmere.
Sir Henry Maile Mervin Vavasour, Bart. ..	Melbourne.
Bell, the Rev. Dr. John,	Bainton.
Bower, Robert, Esq.	Welham.
Bethell, Richard. Esq.	Rise.
Beverley, William, Esq.	Beverley.
Blaydes, Benjamin, Esq.	Beverley.
Bowes, the Rev. Timothy Fysh Foord,	Cowlam.
Creyke, Ralph, Esq.	Marlon.
Croft, the Rev. Robert,	Rowley.
Clubley, Thomas, Esq.	Beverley.
Constable, the Rev. Charles,	Beverley.
Creyke, Ralph, Jun. Esq.	Marlon.
Courtney, the Rev. John,	Beverley.
Coltman, the Rev. Joseph.	Beverley.
Denison, Robert, Esq.	Kilnwick-Percy.
Ewbank, the Rev. Andrew,	Londesbrough.
Ellison, Henry. Esq.	Beverley.
Egginton, Joseph, Esq.	Sculcoates.
Foulis, John Robinson, Esq.	West Heslerton.
Gilby, the Rev. John,	Barmston.
Grimston, John, Esq.	Neswick.
Grimston, Charles, Esq.	Grimston-Garth.
Gilby, the Rev. Wm. Robinson,	Barmston.
Holme, the Rev. Nicholas,	Rise.
Hudson, Harrington, Esq.	Bessingby.
Hildyard, the Rev. Wm.	Winestead.
Jarratt, William, Esq.	Kingston-upon-Hull.
Machell, Christ. Esq.	Beverley.
Maister, Arthur, Esq.	Kingston-upon-Hull.
Mansfield, the Rev. John,	Patrington.
Osbaldeston, Humphrey Brooks, Esq.	Hunmanby.
Osbourne, Robert, Esq.	Sculcoates.
Osbourne, Wm. Esq.	Sculcoates.
Pool, Charles, Esq.	Kingston-upon-Hull.
Popple, the Rev. Miles,	Welton.
Palmes, George, Esq.	Naburn.
Sykes, the Rev. Richard,	Foxholes.
Schonswar, George,	Ferriby.
Walker, James, Esq.	Beverley.
Yarburgh, Henry, Esq.	Heslington.

The above List came too late to be inserted in its proper place.

RIVERS AND CANALS.

RIVERS.

THE AIR, or **ARE** has its source from above Malham, about $5\frac{1}{2}$ miles north-east of Settle; it takes the name of Air $\frac{1}{4}$ of a mile below Malham, at the junction of Malham Tarn-water and Gordale-Beck, and runs south by Kirby-Malham, Airton, Calton, Conistone, Gargrave, and passes by Skipton, where it runs by the side of the Leeds and Liverpool Canal, by Keighley and Bingley to Leeds, passing through which place, and running to Castleford, about 3 miles north-west of Ferrybridge, it receives the Calder, then passes by Brotherton, Ferrybridge, Snaith, Rawcliffe, and collecting, during its course, many tributary streams, joins the Ouse below Airmyn, 3 miles south-west of Howden. It is navigable as far as Leeds.

The **CALDER** flows on the borders of this county and Lancashire, and enters the former at Todmorden, 12 miles west of Haliuax, passes by Elland, Kirklees, Dewsbury, Sandal, Wakefield, and runs into the Air at Castleford.

The **DEARN** rises north-west of Barnsley, a little above Bretton-Dikes, and passes by Darton, Barnsley, Darfield, Bolton, Adwicke, and joins the Don, near Conisbrough.

The **DERWENT** takes its rise in the North-Riding, a little north of Harwood-Dale, about 4 miles distant from the east-coast, and takes a southerly direction parallel to the coast, until it comes near Ganton, when it takes a west and afterwards a south-west direction, and passes by the town of Malton, to which it is navigable from the Humber, for vessels of 45 tons burthen.—It is the boundary between the North and East-Ridings, from its junction with the little river Hertford, until it arrives near Stamford-Bridge, where it enters the East-Riding, and, passing by Elvington, Bubwith, Wressle, joins the Ouse at Barnby.

The **DON** takes its rise west of Penistone, on the borders of Cheshire, and passes by Wortley, Sheffield, Rotherham, Conisbrough, Doncaster, Barnby and Fishlake, leaving Thorne about 1 mile on the east; after which it runs north towards Cowick, near to which place it divides into two streams, both of which are soon lost; one in the Air, near Rawcliffe, and the other in the Ouse, near Goole.—It is navigable nearly to Sheffield.—Over this river, between Snaith and Thorne, there is a wooden bridge which turns upon a pivot, and affords a passage for the numerous shipping employed in the inland trade.

The **FOSS**, a small stream which rises near the western end of the Howardian-Hills, in the North-Riding, passes by Stillington, Haxby, and joins the Ouse at York.—It was made navigable, by a subscription of £25,000, in 1793.

The **HULL** takes its rise in the Wolds, not far from Driffield, (East-Riding) pursues a southern course, and passing the town of Beverley, to which it is united by a canal, falls into the Humber at Hull, contributing to form the port.—A canal from Great-Driffield communicates with this river.

The **HUMBER** is formed by the junction of the Ouse and Trent; the former having first received the Nidd, Wharfe, Derwent, and Air. It divides Yorkshire from Lincolnshire, and falls into the German Ocean at Spurn-Head.—It has a canal communication with the Mersey, Dee, Ribble, Severn, Thames, and Avon.

The **NIDD** has its rise at the upper-end of Nidderdale, about 3 miles north-east of Kettlewell; after running a considerable distance from its fountain, enters the earth, by a wide and rocky cavern, called Goydon-Pot-Hole: then taking a subterraneous course of some miles, again emerges to the light by two issues, whose waters are soon united, a little below Middlesmoor, and passing by Ramsgill, Pateleybridge, Hampsthwaite, Killinghall, Ripley, Knaresbrough, Ribston, Walshford, Cowthorpe, and Nun-Monkton, where it empties itself into the Ouse.

The **OUSE**, a name given to the river Ure, after its junction with the river Swale, about 3 miles below Boroughbridge, whence it proceeds by Nun-Monkton, to York; and passing by Naburn, Nun-Appleton, Cawood, Selby, Barnby, Airmyn, Hooke, Goole, and Whitgift, receives the Trent, where it forms the Humber, hav-

ing, during its course, received the rivers Nidd, Foss, Wharfe, Derwent, Air, and many other tributary streams.

The **RIBBLE** rises in the wapentake of Eweross, about 11 miles north of Settle; it runs south by Horton, Settle, Gisburn-Park, Clitheroe, Mitton, crosses Lancashire, and falls into the Irish Sea, below Preston.

The **RYE** rises in Snilesworth, (North-Riding) passes through Bilsdale, by Rivaux-Abbey, Helmsley, Butterwick, Wyeomb, below which place it runs into the Derwent, having previously received the Dove and Costa.—It gives name to the wapentake of Rydale. The Rye sinks above Helmsley, and rises at a small distance from its proper channel, about 1 mile below.

The **SKELL** rises a few miles north of Pateleybridge; it passes by Orantley, Fountain's-Abbey, through that part of Ripon called Skelgate, below which it empties itself into the Ure.—It is a small river, but of great utility to the inhabitants of Ripon, supplying them with excellent water, by means of an engine erected by W. Askwith, Esq. by which water is conveyed into every house, at a small annual rent.

The **TEES** rises between the counties of Westmoreland and Durham, beyond the north-west extremity of the North-Riding, and taking an easterly direction near Crenkley, divides it from the county of Durham through its whole extent, and falls into the German Ocean below Stockton; it is navigable for vessels of large burthen from the Ocean to Yarm, where the spring tide rises 7 feet.

The **SWALE** rises near Wild-Boar Fell, on the borders of Westmoreland, after which it passes through a vale from thence, called Swale-Dale, by Richmond, Catterick, Ellerton, Langton, Morton, Maunby, at which place there is a Ferry, Skipton-Bridge, Topcliffe, Helperby, and runs into the Ure at Myton. The Swale, the Esk, and the Rye, though considerable streams, are scarcely capable of navigation, for having their sources in very mountainous countries, they are shallow, rapid, and, as well as other streams in this Riding, except the Wiske alone, subject to sudden, violent, and frequent floods.—An Act was some years since obtained, for rendering the Swale navigable to Morton, with a branch up Codbeck* to Thirsk, and an other up Bedale-Beck to Bedale; but the navigation was never completed.—The benefits arising from, and the necessity of such a Canal, or one up the Wiske, which was surveyed some very few years ago, must be evident to the most careless observer.

The **URE** rises on the borders of Westmoreland; passes by Askrigg, Middleham, Masham, Tanfield, Ripon, and Boroughbridge; where after being joined by the Swale at Myton, passes by Ouseburn, where it changes its name from Ure to Ouse, and proceeds to York.—It is navigable with the aid of a short canal, for Vessels of 30 tons, as far as Ripon, (West-Riding) where, on account of the rapidity of the stream, all prospect of navigation ceases.

The **WHARFE** rises above Oughtershaw, and runs by Beekurmonds, Deepdale, Yokenthwaite, Hubberholme, Buckden, Starbottom, Kettlewell, Conistone, Burnsall, Appletreewick, Barden-Tower, Bolton-Abbey, Ilkley, Otley, Arthington, Harewood, crosses the great north-road at Wetherby, passes by Thorp-Arch, Tadcaster, and joins the Ouse from York at Nun-Appleton.

The **WISKE** rises on the breast of the hills near Osmotherley, taking a southerly, and afterwards a northerly direction, as far as Staddlebridge, leaving the Monastery of Mount-Grace on the right, where it changes its course westerly, passes by West-Rounton, Appleton, and Smeaton, then veering to the south, passes by Danby, Yafforth, Otterington, and Kirby-Wiske, a mile below which, it empties itself into the Swale.

CANALS.

The **RIVER FOSS NAVIGATION** proceeds from the junction of the River Foss, with the Ouse at York. Its course is the river Foss, as far as Farlington-Common; thence, by a new cut, to Marton-Lordship, and the river Foss to Stillington-Mill; the total length is about 13 miles.

* This Brook is generally called Codbeck, and even so long since as 1612, by Drayton, in his Polyolbion; but it evidently derives its name from the British word, *Cottæ*, signifying *Woody*: so *Cottæ Alpes*, to distinguish them from *Græor Craggy Alpes*.

The **LEEDS AND LIVERPOOL CANAL** begins out of the river Mersey, at low water, just at the lower extremity of the town of Liverpool, by Bank-Hall, and goes over the river Alt to Mill-House, it then takes a large half circle round the town of Ormskirk, and crosses Toadbrook, near Newborough, whence it proceeds by the Douglas-Navigation to Wigan and Blackburn; it then proceeds in a circular course to Barnley and Colne to Foulridge, near Pendle-hill, where a basin is cut to supply the Canal, of which it is the head. The Canal here, begins to fall to Leeds, and goes from Foulridge, by Salterford, East-Marton, and crosses the river Air, near Gargrave, by Thoraby, Stirton, and the town of Skipton, by Bradley, Kildwick, near the town of Keighley, and by Bingley; a little below which it crosses the river Air again, passes Shepley, and takes a semi-circular course round the Idle, near Apperleybridge, Kirkstall-Abbey, by Burley and Holbeck, to the town of Leeds, making in the whole, a course of 127 miles, with 838 feet fall. There is also a collateral cut from near Shepley to Bradford. The fall on the Yorkshire side, is 446 feet; and on the Lancashire side, 529 feet.

The **HUDDERSFIELD CANAL** joins Sir John Ramsden's Canal on the south-side of Huddersfield, and taking a westerly course, runs parallel with the river Colne, which it passes twice, passing Longwood, Slaithwaite, and Marsden; from Marsden, under Pule-moss and Brunn-Top, there is a tunnel of nearly three miles and a half long, which brings the Canal to Rasp-Mill, on the Digglewater, and within about two miles of Dobcross; passing which, it takes the rout of the river Tame, the windings of which it frequently intersects, and passes within one mile of Lidgate, by Mossley, Steeleybridge, and there joins the Ashton and Oldham Canal on the south-side of Ashton, being a course of nineteen miles and five furlongs, with 770 feet lockage.

The **BARNESLEY CANAL** joins the River Calder, below the town of Wakefield, and passes Crofton, Felkirk, Royston, and Barnsley, whence it takes a circular course to Barnbybridge, near the town of Cawthorne, where it joins the Dearn and Dove Canal, the length about 14 miles. There are several rail-ways to the Canal from Barnsley, and others from Barnbybridge. The fall from the junction with the Dearn and Dove Canal, is 120 feet to the river Calder.

The **DEARN and DOVE CANAL** commences from the cut which has been made for the accommodation of the river Don navigation, between Swinton and Mexbrough, and proceeds by Wath, Wombwell, and Ardsley, to near Barnsley Canal, which joins the river Calder. There are two small branches, one parallel with Knollbeck-brook, at the Iron-Work at Cobcar-Ing; the other along the head stream of the river Don, to Worsbrough-bridge; with a proposed extension of this branch, near one mile and a half, to Rockcliffe-bridge, adjoining the grounds of Earl Strafford, at Wentworth-Castle.

The branch to Cobcar-Ing is one mile and three quarters, and is level, by means of some deep cutting at the extremity. The branch to Worsbrough-bridge, is one mile five furlongs in length.

The **STAINFORTH and KEADBY CANAL** commences at the river Don, about a mile to the west of Fishlake, and runs parallel with the river opposite to Thorne; whence in a line due east, it passes Crowle, and Keadby, where it joins the river Trent. There is a branch about a mile across Thorne's Common, to a place called Haugman-hill, which joins the river Don. The total length of this Canal is between 14 and 15 miles, and running through a part of the fenney country has little elevation, and no lockage, except out of the rivers at the extremities.

The **CALDER NAVIGATION** commences at the junction of the Air and Calder at Castleford, passes by Wakefield, to Horbury-bridge, Dewsbury, Cooper-bridge, Brighouse, Elland, and Salterhebble, where goods are left for Halifax, Sowerby-bridge, and then joins the Rochdale and Manchester Canal, and passes by Hebden-bridge, to Rochdale and Manchester.—There is a branch from Cooper-bridge, to Huddersfield, of 3 miles, called Sir John Ramsden's Canal, which joins the Huddersfield and Ashton Canal.

The **AIR and CALDER NAVIGATION** commences at Selby from the river Ouse, and proceeds by Haddesey, Knottingley, Ferrybridge, Brotherton, and joins the Air at Castleford, and whence it proceeds up the Air to Leeds, where it joins the Leeds and Liverpool Canal.

A LIST

OF THE

VISCOUNTS OR HIGH-SHERIFFS

Of the County of York,

FROM THE REIGN OF WILLIAM I. TO THE PRESENT TIME.

WILLIAM I.

A. D.

- 1069 Gulielmus Mallet.
Robert Fitz Richard,
Radulph. Paganel.
Hugo *vicecomes*.
Galf. de Estoteville.

HENRY I.

- 1115 Guliel. Punctell.
Osbertus *vel* Osbertus de Archis.
Robert de Oketon.

STEPHEN.

- 1140 Bertram de Bulmer.

HENRY II.

- 1154 Bertram de Bulmer, *pro novem annis*.
64 Radulph. de Glanville.
70 *Idem* et Robert de Stuteville.
71 Robert de Stuteville, *pro quinque an*
77 Radulph. de Glanville, *ad term. regni Hen. II.*

RICHARD I.

- 1189 Radulphus de Glanville.
90 Johan. Marescallus.
Osbertus de Longocampo.
91 Osb. de Longocampo.
92 Hugo Bardulf.
Hugo de Boebi.
93 *Idem*.
94 *Idem*.
95 Galfrid, *archiep.* Ebor. et Rog. de Batuent. *pro quin an.*

JOHN.

- 1199 Galfrid *filius* Petri, et Jacob. de Paterne
1201 *Idem*.
2 Will. de Stuteville, et Will. Breto.
3 *Idem*.

A. D.

- 1204 Galfrid. *filius* Petri, Will. de Percy
et Radolph. de Normauville.
5 Galfrid. *fil.* Peter, et Rad. de Normauville.
6 Rob. de Lacy Const. Cestrien, et Rob. Wallensis, *pro quinque an.*
11 Galfrid. *fil.* Renfredi, et Henricus Rademan *sive* Radenor, *pro quatuor an.*
15 Rob. de Percy, et Hen. de Middleton
16 Petrus *filius* Herberti, et Ric. de Huseburn.

HENRY III.

- 1117 Galfrid de Nevile. et Simon de Hale.
18 *Idem*.
19 *Idem*.
20 Galfrid de Nevile.
21 *Idem* et Simon de Hales.
22 *Idem*.
23 *Idem*.
24 Simon de Hales.
25 Eustachius de Ludham.
26 *Idem* et Rob. de Cokefeld.
27 Rob. de Cokefeld.
28 *Idem*.
29 *Idem*.
30 Will. de Stuteville, et Phil. de Ascelles.
31 *Idem*.
32 *Idem*.
33 Petrus de Rivall.
34 Briannus de Insula.
35 Johan. *filius* Galfridi.
36 *Idem*.
37 Briannus *filius* Alani, et Roger de Stapleton.
38 *Idem*.
39 Briannus *fil* Alani. Nich. de Molis, et Will. de Middleton.
40 Nicholas de Molis.
41 *Idem* et Will. de Middleton.
42 Nich. de Molis, Hen. de Bath, et Rencry de Cerve.

a.

A. D.

- 1243 Hen. de Bada, *pro quat. ann.*
 47 Hen. de Bathon, *pro duo an.*
 49 Will. Dacre
 50 *Idem et* Rob. de Creppings,
 51 Rob. de Creppings.
 52 Will. Dacre.
 53 Rob. de Creppings.
 54 Will. de Horsenden.
 55 Will. le Latimer.
 56 *Idem et* Joh. de Oketon, *pro quin-*
que an.
 61 Petrus de Percy,
 62 *Idem.*
 63 *Idem.*
 64 *Idem et* Rob. de Nevile.
 65 Will. de Basale.
 66 *Idem et* Joh. de Oketon,
 67 *Idem.*
 68 Will. le Latimer.
 69 *Idem.*
 70 *Idem.*
 71 Roger Extraneus *et* Hen. de Kiraby
 72 *Idem.*

EDWARD I.

- 1273 Roger de Estraneus.
 74 *Idem.*
 75 Alex. de Kyrketon, *pro quat. an.*
 79 Ranul de Dacre.
 80 *Idem et* Joh. de Lythgrenes.
 81 Joh. de Lythgrenes, *pro quin. an.*
 86 Gervasius de Clifton, *pro sex an.*
 92 Joh. de Meaux.
 93 *Idem.*
 94 Joh. de Byrnn, *pro sex an.*
 1300 Rob. Oughtred.
 1 Simon de Kyme, *pro quat an.*
 5 Will. de Houkes, *pro tres an.*

EDWARD II.

- 1307 Joh. de Cripling.
 8 *Idem.*
 9 Johan. de Guas, *et* Johan de Eure.
 10 Gerard. de Salwayne, *et* Joh. de
 Eure,
 11 *Idem.*
 12 Gerard de Salwynne.
 13 *Idem.*
 14 John Malebys, *et* Nich Meynel.
 15 Symon Warde.
 16 Nich. de Gray, *et* Symon Warde.
 17 Nich. de Gray, *et* Symon Warde.
 18 *Idem.*
 19 Symon Warde.
 20 *Idem.*
 21 *Idem.*
 22 Roger de Somervile, *pro quin. an.*

EDWARD III.

A. D.

- 1327 Rog. de Somervile.
 28 Joh. Darcy.
 29 Hen. Falconberg.
 30 *Idem.*
 31 Rad. Bulmer.
 32 Petrus de Salso Marisco, *Saltmarsh*
 33 *Idem.*
 34 Petrus de Middleton.
 35 *Idem.*
 36 Petrus de Salso Marisco.
 37 Rad. de Hastings, *et* Tho. de
 Rokeby.
 38 Rad. de Hastings.
 39 *Idem.*
 40 *Idem.*
 41 Joh. de Eland.
 42 Joh. Falconberg.
 43 Tho. de Rokeby, *pro septem an.*
 49 Gerard. Salvayne.
 51 Will. de Plompton.
 52 Pet. de Nuttelle.
 53 Milo Stapleton.
 54 Petrus de Nuttelle.
 55 Milo Stapleton, *mil. pro quin. an.*
 60 Tho. de Musgrave.
 61 Marm. de Constable.
 62 *Idem.*
 63 Tho. le Musgrave.
 64 *Idem.*
 65 *Idem.*
 66 Marm. Constable.
 67 *Idem.*
 68 Joh. Chamont, *vel de caltro monte*
et Will. Acton.
 69 *Idem.*
 70 *Idem.*
 71 Joh. Bygod.
 72 Rob. de Roos,
 73 Will. Acton,
 74 Joh. Bygod de Setterington.
 75 Will. Perciehay.
 76 Will. de Melton.
 77 Rad. de Hastings.

RICHARD II.

- 1378 Joh. Constable de Halesham.
 79 R. Nevill de Hornby
 80 Joh. Savyle.
 81 Rad. Hastings, *niles.*
 82 Will. de Ergham.
 83 Joh. Savyle.
 84 Gerard. Usfleet.
 85 Rob. Constable.
 86 *Idem.*
 87 Rob. de Hylton.
 88 Joh. Savile.
 89 Joh. Godard.

A. D.

- 1390 Jac. Pykeryng.
 91 Will. de Melton.
 92 Rad. de Eare.
 93 Joh. Upeeden, *miles*.
 94 Jac. Pykeryng, *miles*.
 95 Rad. Constable.
 96 Rad. de Enre.
 97 Rob. de Nevile.
 98 Jac. Pykeryng.
 99 Joh. Upeeden, 1st Hen.
 IV.

HENRY IV.

- 1400 Joh. Constable, *miles*.
 1 Tho. Bromflete, *miles*
et Wil. Dronsfield, *m*.
 2 Joh. Savile.
 3 Ric. Redman.
 4 *Idem*.
 5 Will. Dronsfield, *miles*.
 6 Joh. de Etton, *miles*.
 7 Tho. Rokeby, *miles*.
 8 Will. Harrington, *miles*.
 9 Edw. Hastings, *miles*.
 10 Edw. Sandford, *miles*.
 11 Tho. Rokeby, *miles*.

HENRY V.

- 1413 Will. Harrington, *miles*.
 14 Tho. Bromflete, *miles*.
 15 Ric. Redman, *miles*.
 16 Edw. Hastings, *miles*.
 17 Rob. Hylton, *miles*.
 18 Joh. Bygod, *miles*.
 19 Tho. Bromflete, *miles*.
 20 Halmathens Maleverer,
miles, de Allerton.
 21 Will. Harrington, *miles*.
 22 Halm. Maleverer, *miles*.

HENRY VI.

- 1423 Will. Harrington, *miles*.
 24 Rob. Hylton, *miles*.
 25 Joh. Langton, *miles*.
 26 Ric. Hastings, *miles*.
 27 Will. Ryther, *miles*.
 28 Rob. Hylton, *miles*.
 29 Will. Harrington, *miles*.
 30 John Clarevaux.
 31 Will. Ryther, *miles*.
 32 Ric. Pykeryng, *miles*.
 33 Hen. Bromflete, *miles*.
 34 Ric. Hastings, *miles*.
 35 Will. Ryther, *miles*.
 36 Will. Tyrwhit, *miles*.
 37 Joh. Constable de Hal-
 sham, *miles*.

A. D.

- 1438 Rob. Constable, *miles*.
 39 Will. Ryther, *miles*.
 40 Joh. Tempest, *miles*.
 41 Rob. Waterton, *miles*.
 42 Will. Gascoign de
 Gauthorp, *miles*.
 43 Tho. Metham, *miles*.
 44 Edmund Talbot de
 Bashall, *miles*.
 45 Will. Enre, *miles*.
 46 Jac. Strangeways de
 Ormsby, *miles*.
 47 Rob. Oughtrede, *miles*.
 48 Will. Plumpton de
 Plumpton, *miles*.
 49 Joh. Conyers, *miles*.
 50 Jac. Pykeryng, *miles*.
 51 Rob. Oughtrede, *miles*.
 52 Rad. Bygod, *miles*.
 53 Jac. Strangeways, *m*.
 54 Joh. Melton, jun. *miles*.
 55 Joh. Savile, *miles*.
 56 Tho. Harrington, *miles*.
 57 Joh. Hotham, *miles*.
 58 Rad. Bygod, *miles*.
 59 Joh. Tempest, *miles*.
 60 Tho. Metham, *miles*.

EDWARD IV.

- 1461 Joh. Savile, *miles*.
 62 Rob. Constable, *miles*.
 63 *Idem*.
 64 Joh. Constable, *miles*.
 65 Ed. Hastings, *miles*.
 66 Ric. Fitzwilliams, *m*.
 67 Jac. Harrington, *miles*.
 68 Joh. Conyers, *miles*.
 69 Jac. Strangeways, *m*.
 70 Hen. Vavasor, *miles*.
 71 Ed. Hastings, *miles*.
 72 Rad. Ashton, *miles*.
 73 *Idem*.
 74 Walt. Griffith, *miles*.
 75 Joh. Conyers, *miles*.
 76 Joh. Harrington, *miles*.
 77 Ed. Hastings, *miles*.
 78 Will. Ryther, *miles*.
 79 Rob. Constable, *miles*.
 80 Hugo Hastings, *miles*.
 81 Marm. Constable, *miles*.
 82 Rad. Bygod, *miles*.

RICHARD III.

- 1483 Will. Enre, *miles*.
 84 Ed. Hastings, *miles*.
 85 Tho. Markenfield, *miles*.

A. D.

HENRY VII.

- 1486 Joh. Savile, *miles*.
 87 Robert Ryther, *miles*.
 88 Joh. Nevile, *miles*.
 89 Marm. Constable.
 90 Hen. Wentworth de
 Woodhouse, *miles*.
 91 Tho. Wortley, *miles*.
 92 Henry Wentworth, *m*.
 93 Jac. Strangeways, *m*.
 94 Marm. Constable, *miles*.
 95 Joh. Nevile, *miles*.
 96 Will. Gascoign, *miles*.
 97 Joh. Melton, *miles*.
 98 Joh. Conyers, *miles*.
 99 Joh. Hotham, *miles*.
 1500 *Idem*.

- 1 Walterus Griffith. *m*.
 2 Tho. Wortley, *miles*.
 3 Will. Conyers, *miles*.
 4 Rad. Ryther, *miles*.
 5 Joh. Cutts, *miles*.
 6 Rad. Enre, *miles*.
 7 Joh. Norton, *miles*.
 8 *Idem*.

HENRY VIII.

- 1509 Marm. Constable de
 Flamborough, *miles*.
 10 Rad. Enre, *miles*.
 11 Joh. Constable, *miles*.
 12 Joh. Everingham, *miles*.
 de Wadstey.
 13 Will. Percy, *miles*.
 14 Joh. Norton, *miles*.
 15 Joh. Carre, *miles*.
 16 Rad. Tempest, *miles*.
 17 Will. Bulmer, *miles*.
 18 Joh. Nevile, *miles*.
 19 Pet. Vavasor, *miles*.
 20 Tho. Strangeways, *m*.
 21 Will. Maleverer, *miles*.
 22 Hen. Clifford, *miles*.
 23 Joh. Nevile, *miles*.
 24 Joh. Constable de Con-
 stable-Burton, *miles*.
 25 Jac. Metcalf, *arm*.
 26 Will. Middleton, *miles*.
 27 Joh. Nevile, *miles*.
 28 Joh. Constable, *miles*.
 29 Rad. Ellerker, sen. *m*.
 de Ellerker.
 30 Joh. Strangeways, *m*.
 31 Nic. Fairfax, *miles*.
 32 Marm. Constable, *m*.
 33 Joh. Constable, *miles*.
 34 Will. Fairfax, *miles*.
 35 George Darcy, *miles*.

A. D.

- 1536 Bryan Hastings, miles
 37 Hen. Savile, miles.
 38 Jac. Strangeways, m.
 39 Will. Fairfax, miles.
 40 Rob. Nevill, miles.
 41 Hen. Savile, miles,
 42 Tho. Tempest, miles
 43 Tho. Dawney de Cowicke, miles.
 44 Nich. Fairfax, miles.
 45 Christ. Danby, miles,
 46 Joh. Tempest, miles.

EDWARD VI.

- 1547 Ric. Cholmley de Whithy, miles.
 48 Will. Vavasour, miles.
 49 Walt. Calverley, de Calverley, miles.
 50 Leon. Beckwith, de Aketon, miles.
 51 Tho. Gresham, miles.
 52 Tho. Maleverer, miles.

PHILIP AND MARY.

- 1553 Tho. Waterton, miles.
 54 Ingram Clifford, miles.
 55 Christ. Metcalfe, miles
 56 Rich. Cholmley, miles.
 57 Rob. Constable, miles.
 58 Rad. Ellerker, miles.

ELIZABETH.

- 1559 Joh. Vaughan, de Sutton, arm.
 60 John Nevill, miles.
 61 Nich. Fairfax, miles.
 62 Geo. Bowes, de Stratham, miles.
 63 Will. Vavasour, miles.
 64 Will. Ingleby, de Ripley, miles.
 65 Tho. Gargrave, de Nosthall, miles.
 66 Joh. Constable, miles.
 67 Hen. Savile, miles.
 68 Ric. Norton, arm.
 69 Tho. Gargrave, miles.
 70 Christ. Hildyard, miles
 71 Tho. Fairfax, miles
 72 Joh. Dawney, de Cowick, arm.
 73 Marm. Constable, m.
 74 Joh. Bellasis, de Newborough, miles.
 75 Tho. Danby, miles.

A. D.

- 1576 Tho. Boynton, de Barmston, arm.
 77 Will. Fairfax, arm.
 78 Christ. Wandsford, de Kirklington, miles.
 79 Ric. Goodrick, de Ribston, arm.
 80 Rad. Bouchier, arm.
 81 Roh. Stapleton, miles.
 82 Tho. Wentworth, arm
 83 Colton Gargrave, miles
 84 Joh. Hotham, de Scarborough, arm.
 85 Brian Stapleton, miles
 86 Hen. Constable, de Constable-Burton, arm.
 87 Rob. Aske, arm.
 88 Ric. Maleverer, arm.
 89 Joh. Dawney, miles.
 90 Phil. Constable, arm.
 91 Ric. Goodrick, arm.
 92 Will. Mallery, miles.
 93 Rad. Enre primogen. D. Enre.
 94 Fran. Vaughan, arm.
 95 Christ. Hildyard, arm.
 96 Fran. Boynton, miles.
 97 Tho. Lascells, arm.
 98 Marm. Griauston, de Grimston-Garth, arm
 99 Rob. Swylte, de Doncaster, arm.
 1600 Fran. Clifford, de Londresbro' arm.
 1 Will. Wentworth, arm.
 2 Tho. Strickland, arm.
 3 Hen. Bellasis, miles.

JAMES I.

- 1604 Hen. Bellasis, miles.
 4 Ric. Gargrave, miles
 5 Will. Bamburgh, de Honsam, miles.
 6 Hen. Griffith, de Agnes-Burton, miles,
 7 Timothy Hutton, de Mask, miles
 8 Hugh Bethell, de Alne, miles.
 9 Fran. Hildesley, miles
 10 Tho. Dawney, miles
 11 Hen. Slingsby, de Scriven, miles.
 12 Christ. Hildyard, miles
 13 Geo. Savile, mil. et bar
 14 Joh. Armitage, de Kirklees, arm.
 15 Ed. Stanhope, miles

A. D.

- 1616 Mic. Warton, de Beverley, miles.
 17 Rob. Swylte, de Doncaster, miles.
 18 Wil. Alford, de Bilton, miles.
 19 Arth. Ingram, de civit. Ebor, miles.
 20 Tho. Gower, de Stitenham, m. et bar.
 21 Ric. Tempest, miles
 22 Gndo Palmes, de Lindley, miles
 23 Hen. Jenkins, de Grimston, juxta Ebor. m.
 24 Ric. Cholmley, miles.

CHARLES I.

- 1625 Tho. Wentworth miles et bar.
 26 Tho. Norcliffe de Manthorpe, miles.
 27 Tho. Fairfax, miles.
 28 Matthew Boynton, mil. et bar.
 29 Arthur Ingram, jun.
 30 Joh. Gibson, miles.
 31 Tho. Layton, de Layton, miles.
 32 Arthur Robinson, de Newby, miles.
 33 Marm. Wyville, de Constable-Burton, miles et bar.
 34 Joh. Hotham, miles et bar.
 35 Will. Pennyman, de Maske, bar.
 36 Joh. Ramsden, miles.
 37 Tho. Danby, miles.
 38 Will. Robinson, miles.
 39 Marm. Langdale, de Dalton, miles.
 40 Joh. Buck, de Filey, m
 41 Tho. Gower, jun. de Stitum, miles.
 42 Ric. Hutton de Goldsbro' miles
 43 Matthew Boynton de Barmston, m. et bar
 44 Idem
 45 Joh. Bouchier, miles
 46 Rob. Darley de Buttercramb, miles
 47 Joh. Savile de Medley, miles
 48 Will. S. Quintin, de Harpham, bar.

A. D.

- 1576 Tho. Boynton de
Barnston, *arm.*
77 Will. Fairfax, *arm.*
78 Christ Waudsford de
Kirklington, *miles.*
79 Ric. Goodrick de Rib-
ston, *arm.*
80 Rad. Bourchier, *arm.*
81 Rob. Stapleton, *miles.*
82 Tho. Wentworth, *arm*
83 Cotton Gargrave, *m.*
84 Joh. Hotham de Scar-
bro', *arm.*
85 Brian Stapleton, *miles.*
86 Hen. Constable de Con-
stable-Burton, *arm.*
87 Rob. Aske, *arm.*
88 Ric. Maleverer, *arm.*
89 Joh. Dawney, *miles.*
90 Phil. Constable, *arm.*
91 Ric. Goodrick, *arm.*
92 Will. Mallery, *miles.*
93 Rad. Eure primogen.
D. Eure.
94 Fran. Vaughan, *arm.*
95 Christ. Hildyard, *arm.*
96 Fran. Boynton, *miles.*
97 Tho. Lascells, *arm.*
98 Marm. Grimston de
Grimston-garth, *arm*
99 Rob. Swyft de Doncas-
ter, *arm.*
1600 Fran. Clifford de Lon-
desbro', *arm.*
1 Will. Wentworth, *ar.*
2 Tho. Strickland, *arm.*
3 Hen. Bellasis, *miles.*

JAMES I.

- 1603 Hen. Bellasis, *miles.*
4 Ric. Gargrave, *miles.*
5 Will. Banburgh de
Howsam, *miles.*
6 Hen. Griffith de Agnes
Burton, *miles.*
7 Tim. Hutton, de Mask,
miles.
8 Hugh Bethell de Alue, *m*
9 Fran. Hildesley, *miles.*
10 Tho. Dawney, *miles.*
11 Hen. Slingsby de Scri-
ven, *miles.*
12 Christ. Hildyard, *miles*
13 Georg. Savile, *m. et bar*
14 Joh. Armitage de Kirk-
lees, *arm.*

A. D.

- 1615 Ed. Stanhope *miles.*
16 Mich. Warton, de Be-
verley, *miles.*
17 Rob. Swyft de Don-
caster, *miles.*
18 Will. Alford de Bilton, *m*
19 Arth. Ingram, de *civit.*
Ebor. *miles.*
20 Tho. Gower de Stiten-
ham, *miles et bar.*
21 Ric. Tempest, *miles.*
22 Guido Palmes de Lind-
ley, *miles.*
23 Hen. Jenkins de Grim-
ston *justa Ebor. mil.*
24 Ric. Cholmley, *miles.*

CHARLES I.

- 1625 Tho. Wentworth, *mil.*
et bar.
26 Tho. Norcliffe de Ma-
nythorpe, *miles.*
27 Tho. Fairfax, *miles.*
28 Matthew Boynton, *mil*
et bar.
29 Arthur Ingram, *jun.*
30 Joh. Gibson, *miles.*
31 Tho. Layton de Lay-
ton, *miles.*
32 Arthur Robinson de
Newby, *miles.*
33 Marm. Wyvil de Con-
stable-Burton, *m. et b.*
34 Joh. Hotham, *m. et b.*
35 Will. Pennyman de
Maske, *bar.*
36 Joh. Ramsden, *miles.*
37 Tho. Danby, *miles.*
38 Will. Robinson, *miles.*
39 Marm. Langdale de
Dalton, *miles.*
40 Joh. Buck de Filey, *m.*
41 Tho. Gower, *jun. de*
Stitnam, *miles.*
42 Ric. Hutton de Golds-
bro', *miles.*
43 Matthew Bointon de
Barnston, *m. et bar.*
44 *Idem.*
45 Joh. Bourchier, *miles.*
46 Rob. Darley de But-
tercumb, *miles.*
47 Joh. Savile de Medley,
miles.
48 Will. S. Quintin de
Harpham, *bar.*

CHARLES II.

A. D.

- 1649 Joh. Savile of Lupsil, *m*
50 Ed. Roads, *miles.*
51 Geo. Marwood, *arm.*
52 Hugh Bethell, *jun. de*
Rise.
53 Will. Constable de
Flambro', *m. et bar.*
54 Col. Joh. Bright of
Badsworth.
55 John Bright.
56 Thomas Harrison, *esq.*
57 *The same.*
58 Barrington Bourchier
esq.
59 Robert Waters, *esq.*
60 Sir Tho. Slingsby, *bart.*
61 Sir Tho. Osborne, *bt.*
62 Sir Tho. Gower of Stit-
nam, *knt. and bt.*
63 Sir Roger Langley of
Sheriff-Hotton, *bart.*
64 Sir Francis Cobb, *knt.*
65 *The same.*
66 Sir John Reresby, *bart.*
67 Sir Richard Manlever-
er, *knt. and bt.*
68 Sir John Armitage, *bt.*
69 Sir Phil. Monckton, *knt*
70 Sir Solomon Swale, *bt.*
71 Sir Will. Wentworth, *kt.*
72 John Ramsden, *esq.*
73 Sir Tho. Yarborough,
knight.
74 Henry Marwood, *esq.*
75 Sir Ed. Jennings, *knt.*
76 Sir Godfrey Copley, *bt.*
77 *The same.*
78 Rich. Shutfleworth,
esq.
79 Sir Tho. Daniel, *knt.*
80 Sir Rich. Grahme of
Norton-Coniers, *bt.*
81 Will. Lowther, *esq.*
82 Ambrose Pudsey, *esq.*
83 Sir Brian Slapylton, *bt.*
84 Christ. Tancered, *esq.*

JAMES II.

- 1685 Christ. Tancered, *esq.*
86 Thomas Rookeby, *esq.*
87 *The same.*
88 Sir Rich. Grahme, dis-
placed, and in April
1689.

WILLIAM III. & MARY.

A. D.

- 1689 William Robinson, *esq.*
 90 Sir Jon. Jennings, *knt.*
 91 Henry Fairfax, *esq.*
 92 John Gill, *esq.*
 93 Ambrose Pndsey, *esq.*
 94 Charles Tancred, *esq.*
 95 Ingleby Daniel, *esq.*
 96 John Bradshaw, *esq.*
 97 Thomas Pulleine, *esq.*
 98 Will. Lowther, *esq.*
 99 John Lambert, *esq.*
 1700 Fairfax Norcliff, *esq.*
 1 Robert Constable, *esq.*

ANNE.

- 1702 Robert Mitford, *esq.*
 3 Sir Tho. Pennyman, *bt.*
 4 Tho Pulleine, *esq.*
 5 Godfrey Bosville, *esq.*
 6 Sir Matth. Pierson, *knt.*
 7 Sir Rog. Beckwith, *bt.*
 8 Hen. Iveson, *esq.*
 9 Will. Ellis, *esq.*
 10 Will. Turbutt, *esq.*
 11 Will. Neville, *esq.*
 12 Will. Vavasour, *esq.*
 13 Rich. Beaumont, *esq.*
 14 Tho. Wrightson, *esq.*

GEORGE I.

- 1715 Fairfax Norcliffe, *esq.*
 16 Char. Wilkinson, *esq.*
 17 Sir Will. Hustler, *knt.*
 18 Sir Hen. Goodrich, *bt.*
 19 Daniel Lascelles, *esq.*
 20 John Bonrchier, *esq.*
 21 Sir Walter Hawkesworth, *bart.*
 22 Sir Ralph Milbank, *bt.*
 23 Sir Will. Wentworth, *bt.*
 24 Hugh Cholmley, *esq.*
 25 Cholmley Turner, *esq.*
 26 Tho. Ramsden, *esq.*
 27 Charles Bathurst, *esq.*

GEORGE II.

- 1728 Thomas Duncombe of Duncombe park, *esq.*
 29 William Harvey, *esq.*
 30 Sir Will. S. Quintin, *bt.*

A. D.

- 1731 Bielby Thompson, *esq.*
 32 Sir Rowland Wynne, *bt.*
 33 Tho. Condon, *esq.*
 34 Hugh Bethell, *esq.*
 35 Francis Barlow, *esq.*
 36 James Hustler, *esq.*
 37 Mark Kirby, *esq.*
 38 Sir Hugh Smithson, *bt.*
 39 Sir Geo. Cooke, *bart.*
 40 Sir S. Armytage, *bart.*
 41 Sir Lionel Pilkington, *bart.*
 42 Henry Darcy, *esq.*
 43 Ralph Bell, *esq.*
 44 Godfrey Copley, *esq.*
 45 Tho. Thornhill, *esq.*
 46 Henry Ibbetson, *esq.*
 47 Sir Will. Milner, *bart.*
 48 Will Thompson, *esq.*
 49 John Bonrchier, *esq.*
 50 Sir Will. Pennyman, *bt.*
 51 Sir Griffith Boynton, *bt.*
 52 Richard Sykes, *esq.*
 53 Sir Ralph Milbanke, *bt.*
 54 Nathan. Cholmley, *esq.*
 55 Tho. Foljambe, *esq.*
 56 Sir G. M. Metham, *kt.*
 57 Henry Willoughby, *esq.*
 58 Jeremiah Dixon, *esq.*
 59 Charles Turner, *esq.*
 60 James Shuttleworth, *esq.*

GEORGE III.

- 1761 Sir John Lister Kaye, *bart.*
 62 Hugh Bethell, *esq.*
 63 Boynton Langley, *esq.*
 64 Sir Will. Foulis, *bart.*
 65 Sir Thomas Wentworth *bart.*
 66 Tho. Thornhill, *esq.*
 67 Tho. Arthington, *esq.*
 68 Sir Geo. Strickland, *bt.*
 69 Sir James Ibbetson, *bt.*
 70 Sir Bellingham Graham *bart.*
 71 Sir Griffith Boynton, *bt.*
 72 Sir W. St. Quintin, *bt.*
 73 Sir M. Asty Wyville, *bt.*
 74 Mann Horsfield, *esq.*
 75 Sir Geo. Armytage,

A. D.

- 1776 Giles Earle, *esq.*
 77 Bacon Frank, *esq.*
 78 John Sawrey Morritt, *esq.*
 79 Tho. Duncombe, *esq.*
 80 Will. Bethell, *esq.*
 81 Humph. Osbaldeston, *esq.*
 82 Sir John Ingilby, *bart.*
 83 Sir R. D. Hildyard, *bt.*
 84 William Danby, *esq.*
 85 Sir T. T. Slingsby, *bt.*
 86 Richard Langley, *esq.*
 87 F. F. Foljambe, *esq.*
 88 John Yorke, *esq.*
 89 Walter Fawkes, *esq.*
 90 C. Duncombe, *jun. esq.*
 91 Sir G. Armitage, *bt.*
 92 Sir T. Frankland, *bt.*
 93 R. H. Beaumont, *esq.*
 94 Thomas Lister, *esq.*
 95 Mark Sykes, *esq.*
 96 Godfrey Wentworth *Wentworth, esq.*
 97 Sir J. Ramsden, *bart.*
 98 Sir T. Pilkington, *bt.*
 99 Sir Rowland Wynn, *bt.*
 1800 James Milnes, *esq.*
 1 Rich. Thompson, *esq.*
 2 Sir William Foulis, *bt.*
 3 Sir H. C. Ibbetson, *bt.*
 4 James Fox, *esq.*
 5 Henry Cholmley, *esq.*
 6 J. B. S. Morritt, *esq.*
 7 R. F. Wilson, *esq.*
 8 Robert Denison, *esq.*
 9 Sir G. Wombwell, *bt.*
 10 T. E. W. Bellasyse, *esq.*
 11 Richard Watt, *esq.*
 12 Sir T. Slingsby, *bt.*
 13 Robert Crowe, *esq.*
 14 Sir F. L. Wood, *bt.*
 15 William Garforth, *esq.*
 16 R. O. Gascoigne, *esq.*
 17 Sir W. M. Milner, *bt.*
 18 John Yorke, *esq.*
 19 Wm. Wrightsou, *esq.*

GEORGE IV.

- 1820 Henry Vansittart, *esq.*
 21 Sir W. A. Ingilby, *bt.*
 22 Richard Bethell, *esq.*

A List of Eminent Men,

NOTICED IN THIS WORK.



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NAMES OF NOBLEMEN AND GENTLEMEN,

Who have Seats in the County,

AND

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tax, &c. in the County of York.

W.	Amount of the estimates of the Annual value of the real Property as Assessed, April, 1815.	Money ex- pended for the Mainte- nance of the Poor, in the year ending 1814.	No. of Persons that Polled and for whom, at the General Election, in 1807.			
	£.	£.	No. of Persons.	W.	L.	M.
Allert	61,677	4,064	171	57	132	38
Birdfo	86,444	4,288	353	183	201	134
Bulme	151,246	5,387	729	398	407	308
Gilling	73,608	3,398	201	105	127	70
Gilling	121,808	8,987	493	274	257	221
Hallik	54,016	2,132	192	113	126	59
Hang	68,761	4,291	173	101	114	55
Hang	90,805	7,446	606	424	406	110
Langt	201,479	16,701	943	433	474	444
Picke	111,675	5,971	1,035	698	546	443
Ryeda	108,230	4,739	401	288	219	154
Whitl	39,105	5,120	324	171	109	173
	1,168,854	72,524	5,621	3,245	3,118	2,239

ERRATA ET ADDENDA.

NORTH RIDING.

- Askwith*—for 49, read 55 from York.
- Beure-Park*—Note, for had, read has. *Bolton, or Castle-Bolton*—Note, for Vigilance, read Vigilance. *Bolton-Hall*—Note, last line, read centre of Wensleydale.
- Breckenbrough*—for Lineage, read Leathley Armitage, Esq.
- Brignall*—for of, read of, and for value, read value.
- Burton-Constable*—Note, for absenee, read absence.
- Caldbergh*—read Hang-West, instead of Gilling-West. *Carr-End*—Note, last line, for Letson's, read Letson's. *Clifton, near York*—read a part in the liberty of St. Peter. *Cousby*—for Tennants, read Tenants.
- East-Thorpe*—for Rev. — Gatchiffe, read E. Taylor, Esq.
- Gilling-West*—for 17,785 inhabitants, read 21,331. *Giles-Alley*, read Giles-Alloy.
- Hang-West*—for 18,317 inhabitants, read 14,771.
- Hawes*—for 17, read 14 from Kettlewell.
- Hovingham*—Note, for Sarifice, read Sacrifice.
- Huelsike*—for Glandale, read Glazedale.
- Hutton, High and Low*—for St. Magaret, read St. Margaret.
- Jerveaux*—Note, for knoledge, read knowledge.
- Lartington*—for Fitzhughes, read Fitzbushs. *Leyburn*—for 44 from York, read 43.
- Middleham*—Note, for choristers, read choristers. *Middleton*—for Clayley, read Cayley. *Mortham-Tower*—Note, last line, for Tower, read Tour. *Myton*—Note, for Highill, read Wigbill; and for Heming, read Flemming.
- Marrick*—Note, line 3, for to, read of King Stephen.
- Malton*—Note, page 71, for monuments, read muniments.
- Manfield*—for origine, read origin.
- Mulgrave*—Note, last line but three, for who was created, read was created, &c.
- Newbiggin*—Note, for Mauleys, read Mauleys. *Nicholas, St.*—Note, for Ayscough, read Ayscough.
- Northallerton*—add, It returns two Members to Parliament, a privilege first granted in the 26th Edward I. The Bishop of Durham's Bailiff is the returning officer.—There are 204 burgage houses, 92 of which are the property of the Earl of Harewood, and Henry Peirse, Esq.
- Ormsby*—for Mask, read Marsk. *Oswaldkirk-Hall*—delete the Rev. P. Simpson.
- Reeth*—Note, for 1877, read 1778. *Rokeby*—for Kokeby, read Rokeby; for Knig, read King. *Rookwith*—for Thorton, read Thornton.
- Romaldkirk*—Note, for Ronald, read Romald.
- Silton*—for Leasee, read Lessee. *Stearsby*—for Bransdby, read Brandsby. *Swinby*—Note, for Premoustatentian, read Premoustratentian. *Stettenham*, read Stüttenham. *Sessions*—page 135, instead of the first Tuesday after the 11th of October, read the first Tuesday in the first whole week after the 11th of October.
- Thornton*—Note, for upards, read upwards.
- Thirkleby, High*—for Sir William Smelt, read William Smelt, Esq.
- Topcliffe*—Note, line 2, after river, read Swale.
- Tanfield, West*—for Maud Marion, read Maud Marmion. *Ibid.*—Note, page 115, line 23, after village, add from the parish-church.
- Whitby*—Note, for inhabitant, read inhabitants. *Wycliffe*—for Francis, read Sir Thomas Constable, Bart.
- Yarm*—for consuls, read consols.

EAST RIDING.

- Bainton*—The authority of Blount should be read *after* the word *weeks*, line 6. in note, and not at the end of the note.
- Booth*—for across the Humber, read across the Ouse.
- Boynston*—Note, line 8, for Dellaway, read Dallaway.
- Brigham*—for Foster, read Foston.
- Bubwith*—Note, for Jerome Rague, read Jerome of Prague.
- Burton Agnes*—dele the letter *t* at the end of temp. Henry VIII.
- Cave, North*—for Patron, Robert Christie Burton, read Mrs Peters.
- Castleholmes*—for Lawthorpe, read Lowthorpe.
- Cottingham*—for Estoteville, read Estoteville.
- Ella, West*—Note, for views of the and port of Hull, read views of the town and port of Hull.
- Ergham*—for Thomas, read Charles Grimston, Esq.
- Heslerton*—dele the comma after Robinson.
- Heslington*—for Ampleworth, read Ampleforth.
- Ibid*—Note, line 3, p. 169, for engermarriages, read intermarriages.
- Hornsea*—for 33, read 43 from York.
- Lutton, East and West*—for Wavethorpe, read Weaverthorpe.
- Market Weighton*—Note, for 27½, read 2½ miles north of Market-Weighton.
- Moor-Houses*—for Burton Agness, read Burton Agnes.
- Melbourne*—Note, for was created a Baronet in 1801, read succeeded his father, Sir Henry, March 15, 1813—creation,—March 20, 1801.
- Routh*—Note, for Brasser, read Brasses.
- Rowlston*—for Amiman, read Arneman.
- Rudston*—Note, line 5, for extracts, read extract.
- Sculcoates*—for dedicated to Mary, read dedicated to St. Mary.
- Sutton, Full*—Note, for Idle Monk, read Idle Monks.
- Thorganby*—for to St. Elen, read to St. Helen.
- Tunstall*—for discharged, read discharged.
- Walkington*—for wapentake, read wapentakes of Howdenshire, &c.
- Wharum-Percy*—dele Esq. after Sir Charles Buck.
- Winestead*—Note, for Englahd, read England; and at line 24, p. 205, for form, read from the month, &c.
- Wold-Newton*—Note, for continues a small annual sum, read continues to pay a small, &c. *Wressle*—Note, for eight squires, read eight squares.
- Sessions*—p. 210, for Tuesday after the eleventh of October, read Tuesday in the first whole week after the eleventh of October.
- Yapham*—Note, for and served by the, read and has been served, &c.

POPULATIONS OMITTED.

Anlaby,	307	Newbald, South,	179
Beverley,	6,728	Sandholme and Stockhill,	48
Camerton, included in Ryhill, . .		Swanland,	418
Ferriby, North,	347	Tickton and Hull-bridge,	110
Hedon,	902	Thearne,	90
Hessle,	1,021	Wecl,	101
Kirk-Ella,	246	Woodmansea and Beverley-Park,	276
Molescroft,	111	West-Ella,	122
Newbald, North,	543	Willerby,	200

WEST RIDING.

- Addingham*—Note, line 1, dele *is*, after Church.
- Almholme*—for Spofford, read Stralforth and Tickhill.

- Appleton, Nun*—Note, line 7, for alineated~~d~~, read alienated.
Armistad, read Armistead.
Arnercliffe-Cote—Note, line 1, after Here, insert lived.
Arthington—Note, line 1, for centuary, read century.
Barden—Note, line 10, for be drooms, read bed rooms.
Bentham, Low—Note, line 5, for pulic, read public.
Bilham-Grange—for Hogland, read Hoytand.
Bingley—Note, line 1, dele *of*, after Lordship.
Birkby—for Thorues, read Thorner.
Brandrith-Craggs—Note, for Brandwith, read Brandrith.
Broughton—Note, line 9, p. 248, for hermit, read helmet.
Browsholme-Hall—Note, line 17, for Weddington-Hall, read Waddington-Hall.
Busker—for Hogland, read Hoyland.
Castleford—Note, line 3, for Legolium, read Legeolium.
Cattal—for Aunsingore, read Hunsingore.
Cowthorpe—Note, line 4, for ts, read is, and dele *e* in appeearing.
Cawood—Note, line 15, for medidations, read meditations.
Crofton—Note, line 2, for on, read of.
Dalla, High—line 3, for to Narrow-Gill, read to a Narrow-Gill, &c.
Darley—for Hempsthwaite, read Hampsthwaite.
Dean Head—for Hunshef, read Hunshelf.
Deighton, North—line 4, for Sir John, read Sir William Ingilby.
Dent—instead of a market and parish-town of Sedbergh, read a market-town, in the parish of Sedbergh.
Dick-Roy-House, read Dick-Royd-Honse.
Dungworth—for Bradford, read Bradfield.
Elphlebrough-Hall, read Elphabrough-Hall.
Farfield-Hall—for Addringham, read Addingham.
Furnham—for Collings, read Collins.
Fountains-Hall—Note, line 5, after ruins, add, "In 1627, it was in the possession of Richard Ewens, Esq. of South Cowton, whose daughter and sole heiress married John Messenger, Esq. of Newsham. It remained in the Messenger family till the year 1767, when John Michael Messenger, Esq. sold it to William Aislabie, Esq. of Studley, for £18,000." dele the last lines, commencing, it was formerly, &c.
Giggleswick—for St. Alkadd, read St. Alkald. *Gilthwaite*—for Galthwaite-Hall, read Gilthwaite-Hall. *Graytonegill*, read Graystonegill.
Halifax—Note, line 5 from bottom, p. 299, for Brazon, read Brazen. *Harthead*, read Hartshend—the same in Note. *Harwood-Well*—for Skirtcoat, read Skircoat.
Hellden—for Larton, read Linton. *Height*—for Aldmondbury, read Almondbury, this will occur in several instances, but as there is not a place in the county called Aldmondbury, it must in every instance be read without the *d* after l.
Hopper-Lane-Inn—for 8, read 9 miles from Harrogate.
Inglebrough-Hill, read Ingleborough-Hill.
Kirkburton—Note, line 1, for lead, read led. *Kirkheaton*—Note, last line, for memorials of, read memorials in. *Knaresbrough*—Note, line 35, for Pierce, read Piers. *Killinghall*—Note, and line 5, for Tankred, read Tancred; and at end of Note, insert *Hist. Knaresbrough*.
Ledston—Note, for Mora, read Moira. *Leeds*—for 24, read 25 from York.
Leeds—Note, line 39, for Burlay-Bar, read Burley-Bar.
Levels, High and Low—for This township, read This place is named, &c.
Matham—Note, line 1, dele *and*, after vale. *Masbrough*—Note, line 9, for fonndaries, read foundries. *Menston*—for Westow, read Wistow. *Menwith*—for Hampswaite, read Hampsthwaite. *Micklethwaite-Grange*—for extraparochial, read in the parish of Collingham, vide Wetherby-Geange, which is one and the same place—the information for correcting it at Micklethwaite, came too late.
Millwood—insert of, after township.
Newton-Hall—for Ripley, read Nid; the house being within the township and parish of Nid; but nearly the whole of the land is in Ripley.
Newton-Willows—for Ledsame, read Ledsam.
Ouseburn, Little—alter Boroughbridge, insert diocese of Chester.
Red-House—Note, for Robert Oughtre, read Robert Oughtred. *Rimington*—Note, line 1, for Mansion, read Manor. *Roecliffe*—for Alborough, read Aldborough.

Sheffield—p. 402, line 34, for essay, read assay office. *Swinton*—The chapel has been recently re-built, but whether the Saxon doorway has been destroyed or not, we have not heard. *Sedbergh*—Note, p. 398, for Sarbonne, read Sorbonne. *Tadcaster*—for 14, read 15 from Leeds. *Thorne*—Note, line 7, for Pile, read Pill-Hill. *Thornhills*—for Harthead, read Hartshead. *Waldingwell*—Note, for Burton, read Dugdale. *Wentworth-House*—Note, line 36, for Warren's, read Warner's. *Ibid.*—p. 443, line 2, for Fitz Godric, read Fitz Godric. *Wentworth-Castle*—Note, line 5, for founders, read founder. *Whixley*—Note, page 448, line 11, for Adelira, read Adeliza--and in next line, for founders, read founder. Page 469, John Williamson, Esq. for Ripon, read Hollings, Harrogate.



IN this EDITION, containing nearly Five Hundred closely printed octavo pages, neither trouble nor expense has been spared to render it the most complete Topographical work of this County, ever offered to the public. One principal and additional feature to what appeared in the former Edition, will be found in giving not only the name of the place, but also whether such place is a Village, Hamlet, Single or Farm House, &c., and the township in which it is situated. The state of the Churches, whether rectories, vicarages, &c. with the Patrons of livings, will be found corrected up to the present time, and with more accuracy than any other work extant. The Founders, with the dates of the foundations, of all the Grammar Schools, Hospitals, and other Charitable Institutions are given; stating the purposes for which the same were founded, &c. The mass of historical and biographical matter, with authorities, will be found interesting to every lover of antiquities, &c.; and in the absence of a general History of this extensive County, (few individuals purchasing all the local Histories published,) this Work will have its use.

To the acting Magistrates, Clergy, Professional Men, Public Officers, and Overseers of the Poor, this work will prove an invaluable Book of Reference; to the Tourist, a most useful companion, there scarcely being a single place, remarkable for curiosities in natural Scenery, Grounds and Houses open for Public inspection, or antiquities, (the latter of which this County has to boast of some of the finest remains in the Kingdom,) but what is noticed; in fact, it would be difficult to say to what class of People this work will not be useful.

Topographical works of Counties are generally said to be local, but this work being founded upon a plan not only novel in this County, but in the Kingdom, that of furnishing the Name of the Township in which each Hamlet or Place, (not being a township of itself) is situated, as well as other useful and interesting matter, divests it of a great part of its locality; for as long as the present laws of settlement remain as they are, this work will be found eminently useful to acting Magistrates in every part of the Kingdom, more particularly in the neighbouring Counties and Populous Places, in the removal of Paupers, &c. to their right townships in this extensive County.

In short, this work is not, nor never was, intended by the Editor for the fleeting moment of the day or a year, but compiled for public Utility, for centuries to come—for he can safely say if the number of copies printed were doubled and all sold, it would not repay him for his expenses and trouble in endeavouring to obtain accurate information.

Ripon, November 12th, 1822.

"We are happy to see a new Edition of this useful Work, which has been re-written and carefully examined by its Compiler, who has personally visited the greatest part of the County.

"When the amazing extent of this County is considered, containing about 3,698,380 Acres of Land, with a Population of 1,173,187 Persons; and the immense mass of minute particulars here collected, which are well condensed within a moderate-sized volume, at an easy price, we think the Editor entitled to much commendation: and we hope his countrymen will properly reward his industry.—*Gent. Mag. Feb. 1823.*